Stock Code:3380

ALPHA NETWORKS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Statements

With Independent Auditors' Report For the Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

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Representation Letter

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of Alpha Networks Inc. and Subsidiaries as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 under the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports, and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards No. 10 as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, "Consolidated Financial Statements." In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, Alpha Networks Inc. and Subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

Hereby declare

Company name: Alpha Networks Inc.

Chairman: Wen-Feng Huang

Date: March 4, 2022

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Alpha Networks Inc.:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Alpha Networks Inc. and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, and notes to the consolidated financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audit results and other CPA's audit report (Please refer to the Other Matter Paragraph), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Alpha Networks Inc, and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), International Accounting Standards ("IASs"), Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") or the former Standing Interpretations Committee ("SIC") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Certification of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants" and the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Alpha Networks Inc. and its subsidiaries in accordance with the Certified Public Accountants Code of Professional Ethics in Republic of China ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. Based on our audit results and other CPA's audit report We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

1. Revenue recognition from contracts with customers

Please refer to note 4(14) and note 6(23) for accounting policy and detailed disclosure of revenue, respectively.

In explanation of key audit matters:

The Group's major revenue is derived from the sales of goods to its customers. Revenue is recognized when the control over a product has been transferred to the customer as specified in each individual contract with customers. The Group recognizes revenue depending on the various sales terms in each individual contract with customers to ensure its performance obligation has been satisfied by transferring its control over a product to its customer. Consequently, revenue recognition is one of our key audit matters.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

In relation to the key audit matter above, our principal audit procedures included understanding and testing the Group's internal controls surrounding the revenue process and cash collection transaction process; understanding the terms and types of the major sales transactions and assessing whether they were recorded in the proper period; selecting samples and inspecting customers' orders, bills of lading, raw data on ecommerce transactions, and outsourced transportation delivery orders, to assess the adequacy of the Group's timing on revenue recognition; understanding the rationale for any identified significant sales fluctuations which incurred within a certain period before or after the balance sheet date; inspecting customers' orders, bill of lading, and outsourcing transportation delivery orders, to determine whether they have been recorded in a proper period.

2. Valuation of inventories

Please refer to the note 4(8) for the accounting policy, note 5 for significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty, and note 6(4) for summary of inventory.

In explanation of key audit matters:

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value at the reporting date. The net realizable value of the inventory is determined by the Group based on the assumptions of the estimated selling price of the products. Due to the rapid development of technology and introduction of new products, the old models produced by the Group may be replaced by new ones, which may result to product obsolescence and the cost of inventory to be higher than the net realizable value. Therefore, the valuation of inventory is one of our key audit matters.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

In relation to the key audit matter above, our principal audit procedures included evaluating the reasonableness of the management's assessment and judgment on the method used in calculating the net realizable value, including data used, assumption, and formula; inspecting the appropriate supporting documentation to determine whether the estimation of provision for inventory obsolescence is accurate; testing the accuracy of the ageing of inventory and net realizable value through sampling and testing the report generated from system, evaluating the accuracy and reasonableness of the Group in providing inventory loss allowances based on the run rate and disposal of slow-moving inventory.

Other Matter

Among the subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial report, the financial statements of the Hitron Technologies Inc. (Europe) have been audited by other CPA firm. Therefore, the opinion on consolidated financial statements regarding the amount of Hitron Technology Inc (Europe)'s financial statements and the relevant information disclosed in Note 13 are based on the audit reports of other firm. Hitron Technology Inc (Europe)'s total assets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$211,934 thousand and \$362,527 thousand dollars, which were 0.86% and 1.34% of the total consolidated assets, and its operating income from January 1 to December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$825,908 thousand and \$582,353 thousand, which were 2.96% and 1.81% of the consolidated net operating income.

The Group has prepared individual financial reports for 2021 and 2020, and the CPA has issued unqualified opinion with other matter paragraph.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs, IASs, IFRC, SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (inclusive of the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Hai-Ning Huang and Cheng-Chien Chen.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) March 4, 2022

Notes to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		December 31		December 31, 2				December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
	Assets	Amount		Amount	<u>%</u>		Liabilities and Equity	Amount %	Amount %
	Current assets:						Current liabilities:		
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(1))	\$ 4,498,0		5,710,004	21	2100	Short-term borrowings (note 6(13))	\$ 4,044,952 16	2,842,762 11
1110	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 6(2))	67,5		82,311	-	2120	Current financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (note 6(2))	2,927 -	10,517 -
1136	Current financial assets at amortized cost (notes 6(1), (5) and 8)	375,0		226,577	1	2170	Accounts payable (including related parties) (note 7)	4,193,913 17	6,828,103 25
1170	Notes and accounts receivable, net (notes 6(3) and (23))	4,053,1		6,801,078	25	2209	Accrued expenses	501,745 2	749,008 3
130x	Inventories (note 6(4))	9,238,82	22 37	7,029,370		2230	Current tax liabilities	233,597 1	267,687 1
1470	Other current assets (notes 6(12) and 7)	467,6		856,997	3	2250	Current provisions (note 6(14))	286,255 1	358,850 1
		18,700,22	<u>76</u>	20,706,337	_76	2321	Bonds payable, current portion (note 6(16))	461,471 2	526,507 2
	Non-current assets:					2399	Other current liabilities (notes 6(15), (17), (23) and 7)	1,858,655	2,131,767 8
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive							11,583,515 47	13,715,201 51
	income (note 6(6))	19,3		21,245	-		Non-Current liabilities:		
1535	Non-current financial assets at amortized cost (notes 6(3), (5) and 8)	136,7	77 -	156,475	1	2580	Non-current lease liabilities (note 6(17))	224,220 1	201,065 1
1600	Property, plant and equipment (notes 6(9) and 7)	3,654,4	14 15	3,936,709	15	2640	Net defined benefit liability (note 6(18))	204,784 1	220,367 1
1755	Right-of use asset (note 6(10))	422,20	08 2	427,337	2	2670	Other non-current liabilities (notes 6(14) and (19))	159,161 -	130,619 -
1780	Intangible assets (note 6(11))	1,344,84	15 5	1,435,575	5			588,165 2	552,051 2
1840	Deferred tax assets (note 6(19))	228,9	33 1	250,836	1		Total liabilities	12,171,680 49	14,267,252 53
1990	Other non-current assets (note 6(12), (18) and 7)	224,0	<u> </u>	71,069			Equity (notes 6(20) and (21)):		
		6,030,5	<u>52</u> <u>24</u>	6,299,246	24	3110	Ordinary share capital	5,417,185 22	5,417,185 20
						3200	Capital surplus	<u>2,583,772</u> <u>10</u>	3,004,591 11
							Retained earnings:		
						3310	Legal reserve	1,127,420 5	1,127,420 4
						3320	Special reserve	448,804 2	731,766 3
						3350	Unappropriated retained earnings	472,330 2	(127,976)
								2,048,554 9	1,731,210 7
						3400	Other equity interest	(447,092) (2	(448,804) (2)
							Total equity attributable to owners of parent:	9,602,419 39	9,704,182 36
						36XX	Non-controlling interests (note 6(8))	2,956,685 12	3,034,149 11
							Total equity	12,559,104 51	12,738,331 47
	Total assets	\$ 24,730,78	<u>100</u>	27,005,583	<u>100</u>		Total liabilities and equity	\$ <u>24,730,784</u> <u>100</u>	<u>27,005,583</u> <u>100</u>

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Share)

		For the years ended De		ed December 3	December 31,	
		2021		2020		
		Amount	%	Amount	%	
4000	Operating revenue (notes 6(23) and 7)	\$ 27,862,336	100	32,170,649	100	
5000	Operating costs (notes 6(4) and 7)	23,276,437	84	27,164,356	84	
	Gross profit	4,585,899	16	5,006,293	16	
	Operating expenses (notes 6(3) and 7):					
6100	Selling expenses	1,142,902	4	1,276,014	4	
6200	Administrative expenses	1,253,497	4	1,254,842	4	
6300	Research and development expenses	1,473,517	5	1,604,780	5	
6450	Expected credit loss (gain) (note 6(3))	6,310		(26,950)		
	Total operating expenses	3,876,226	13	4,108,686	13	
	Net operating income (loss)	709,673	3	897,607	3	
	Non-operating income and expenses:					
7010	Other income (note $6(26)$)	83,962	-	118,256	-	
7020	Other gains and losses, net (note $6(27)$)	(27,329)	-	(85,636)	-	
7050	Finance costs (note 6(28))	(38,707)	-	(44,010)	-	
7100	Interest income (note 6(25))	27,263		33,289		
	Total non-operating income and expenses	45,189		21,899		
	Profit from continuing operations before tax	754,862	3	919,506	3	
7950	Less: Income tax expenses (note 6(19))	214,450	1	194,403	1	
	Profit	540,412	2	725,103	2	
8300	Other comprehensive income:					
8310	Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
8311	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (note 6(18))	(8,200)	-	55,193	-	
8316	Unrealized gains from investments in equity instruments measured					
	at fair value through other comprehensive income (note 6(20))	(1,910)		92,512		
	Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(10,110)		147,705		
8360	Components of other comprehensive loss that will be reclassified to profit or loss					
8361	Exchange differences on translation (note 6(20))	(2,509)	-	(25,497)	-	
8399	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income					
	that will be reclassified to profit or loss (note6(19))	(726)		2,295		
	Components of other comprehensive loss that will be reclassified to profit or loss	(3,235)		(23,202)		
8300	Other comprehensive loss	(13,345)		124,503		
8500	Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 527,067	2	849,606	2	
	Income (loss), attributable to:					
8610	Shareholder of Alpha Network Inc.	\$ 433,888	2	556,997	1	
8620	Non-controlling interests	106,524		168,106	1	
		\$ 540,412	2	725,103	2	
	Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:					
8710	Shareholder of Alpha Network Inc.	\$ 427,400	2	695,527	2	
8720	Non-controlling interests	99,667		154,079		
		\$ 527,067	2	849,606	2	
	Earnings per share (New Taiwan dollars) (note 6(22))					
	Basic earnings per share	\$	0.80		1.03	
	Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.80		1.03	
		•		•		

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity
For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Total other equity interest										
									Unrealized					
									gains (losses) on					
	Share ca	apital			Retained	earnings			financial					
-								Exchange differences on	assets measured at	Deferred compensation				
								translation of	fair value	cost arising		Total equity		
	0.1	Shares				Unappropriated	T.4.14.11	foreign	through other	from issuance	T. (.1. (b	attributable to	Non-	
	Ordinary shares	awaiting retirement	Canital surplus	Logal recorsio	Special reserve	retained earnings	Total retained earnings	financial statements	comprehensive income	of restricted stock awards	Total other equity interest	owners of parent	controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2020	5,427,273	(1,372)	3,001,756	1,107,188	627,926	566,846	2,301,960	(439,629)		(17,053)		9,980,798	4,066,496	14,047,294
Profit	-	- (1,5/2)	-	-	-	556,997	556,997	- (137,027)	- (2)2,137)	- (17,033)	- (7.10,015)	556,997	168,106	725,103
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_	-	55,193	55,193	(9,175)	92,512	-	83,337	138,530	(14,027)	124,503
Total comprehensive income			_	_		612,190	612,190	(9,175)		-	83,337	695,527	154,079	849,606
Appropriation and distribution of														
retained earnings:														
Legal reserve appropriated	-	-	-	20,232	-	(20,232)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	-	103,840	(103,840)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends of ordinary share	-	-	-	-	-	(238,692)	(238,692)	-	-	-	-	(238,692)	-	(238,692)
Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other	-	-	-	-	-	(199,625)	(199,625)	-	199,625	-	199,625	-	-	-
comprehensive income														
Due to donated assets received	-	-	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	-	60
Changes in non-controlling interests	-	-	(39)	-	-	(744,623)	(744,623)	-	-	-	-	(744,662)	(1,012,411)	(1,757,073)
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	-	10,208	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,208	3,907	14,115
Compensation cost of issued restricted stock			(16.110)							17.052	17.052	0.42		0.42
awards	-	-	(16,110)	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,053	17,053	943	-	943
Share retirement for expiration of restricted stock awards	(10,088)	1,372	8,716	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Distribution cash dividend by subsidiaries to	(10,000)	1,372	0,710			_	_					_	(218,069)	(218,069)
non-controlling shoats														
Changes in the investee's capital surplus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,408	32,408
Changes in non-controlling interests													7,739	7,739
Balance at December 31, 2020	5,417,185		3,004,591	1,127,420	731,766	(127,976)	1,731,210	(448,804)			(448,804)	9,704,182	3,034,149	12,738,331
Profit	-	-	-	-	-	433,888	433,888	-	-	-	-	433,888	106,524	540,412
Other comprehensive income						(8,200)	(8,200)	2,901	(1,189)		1,712	(6,488)	(6,857)	(13,345)
Total comprehensive income						425,688	425,688	2,901	(1,189)		1,712	427,400	99,667	527,067
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:														
Reversal of special reserve	_		_	_	(282,962)	282,962	_	_	_		_		_	_
Cash dividends of ordinary share	-	-	-	-	(202,902)	(108,344)	(108,344)	-	-	-	-	(108,344)	-	(108,344)
Cash dividends from capital surplus		_	(433,375)	· -		(100,544)	(100,544)					(433,375)	_	(433,375)
Due to donated assets received	_	_	(220)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(220)	_	(220)
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	_	_	12,776		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	12,776	(12,776)	
Distribution cash dividend by subsidiaries to			12,770									12,770	(12,770)	
non-controlling shoats	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(238,145)	(238,145)
Changes in non-controlling interests													(/ /	
	5,417,185											-	73,790	73,790

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	For the years ended Decem		December 31,
		2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Profit before tax	\$	754,862	919,506
Adjustments:			
Adjustments to reconcile profit:			
Depreciation expense		524,534	515,152
Amortization expense		221,904	193,604
Expected credit loss (gain)		6,310	(26,950)
Net gain on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(10,823)	(2,900)
Interest expense		38,707	44,010
Interest income		(27,263)	(33,289)
Dividend income		(3,679)	(4,259)
Share-based payments		-	943
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		9,049	3,327
Provisions for inventory obsolescence and devaluation loss		106,667	211,384
Other		<u> </u>	32,028
Total adjustments to reconcile profit		865,406	933,050
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Notes and accounts receivable		2,741,656	(2,481,288)
Financial assets mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss		16,645	11,612
Inventories		(2,316,119)	(2,151,573)
Other current assets		480,871	(444,163)
Financial liabilities held for trading		(10,920)	(1,937)
Accounts payable		(2,634,190)	2,517,358
Other payable to related parties		9,670	(1,103)
Other current liabilities		(582,840)	821,980
Net defined benefit liability		(23,783)	(13,439)
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities		(2,319,010)	(1,742,553)
Total adjustments		(1,453,604)	(809,503)

(Continued)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)
For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	For the years ended I	December 31,
	2021	2020
Cash flows generated from (used in) operations	(698,742)	110,003
Interest received	23,621	32,439
Dividends received	3,679	4,259
Interest paid	(39,207)	(32,406)
Income taxes paid	(189,333)	(127,824)
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(899,982)	(13,529)
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:		
Acquisition of financial assets at amortized cost	(1,927,119)	(606,737)
Proceeds from repayments of financial assets at amortized cost	1,690,791	3,533,836
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	(26,382)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	11,851	45,581
Consideration paid to non-controlling interests	(560)	(3,389,967)
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	232,881
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(156,780)	(1,234,953)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	9,467	67,787
Increase in refundable deposits	19,698	13,439
Acquisition of intangible assets	(133,332)	(99,969)
Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets	(211,659)	136,705
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(697,643)	(1,327,779)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:		
Increase in short-term loans	1,202,190	1,890,061
Repayments of long-term debt	-	(270,000)
Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received	446	(1,377)
Payment of lease liabilities	(41,142)	(64,269)
Cash dividends paid distributed to shareholders	(541,719)	(238,692)
Donation received	(220)	60
Subsidiary-issued preferred stock	873	-
Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interest	(238,145)	(218,069)
Net cash flows from financing activities	382,283	1,097,714
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	3,388	35,267
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(1,211,954)	(208,327)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	5,710,004	5,918,331
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	4,498,050	5,710,004

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Otherwise Specified)

1. Company history

ALPHA NETWORKS INC. ("Alpha") was established by a spin-off arrangement whereby on August 16, 2003, D-Link Corporation ("D-Link") separated its operation business unit of original design manufacturing and original equipment manufacturing ("ODM/OEM") and had transferred its related transferred related operating assets and liabilities to Alpha. Alpha was then incorporated on September 4, 2003, through obtained the registration approval from the Hsinchu Science Park Bureau (HSPB). The registered address of Alpha is No. 8, Li-shing 7th Road, Science-based Industrial Park, Hsinchu, Taiwan (R.O.C.). The consolidated financial statements comprise Alpha and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") and Alpha's interest in associates.

The Group's main activities include the research, development, design, production and sale of broadband products, computer network systems, wireless local area networks ("LANs"), related accessories.

On July 23, 2020, Qisda Corporation ("Qisda") acquired 19.02% of Alpha's ordinary shares, before the acquisition, Qisda and its subsidiaries held 23.84%, totaling 42.86% of the ordinary shares, Qisda became the parent company after the acquisition.

2. Approval date and procedures of the consolidated financial statements:

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on March 4, 2022.

3. New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted:

(1) The impact of the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. which have already been adopted.

The Group has initially adopted the following new amendments, which do not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements, from January 1, 2021:

- Amendments to IFRS 4 "Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying IFRS 9"
- Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS39, IFRS7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 "Interest Rate Benchmark Reform—Phase 2"

The Group has initially adopted the following new amendments, which do not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements, from April 1, 2021:

• Amendments to IFRS 16 "Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond June 30, 2021"

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(2) The impact of IFRS issued by the FSC but not yet effective

The Group assesses that the adoption of the following new amendments, effective for annual period beginning on January 1, 2022, would not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment Proceeds before Intended Use"
- Amendments to IAS 37 "Onerous Contracts—Cost of Fulfilling a Contract"
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020
- Amendments to IFRS 3 "Reference to the Conceptual Framework"

(3) The impact of IFRS issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

The following new and amended standards, which may be relevant to the Group, have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), but have yet to be endorsed by the FSC:

Standards or Interpretations	Content of amendment	Effective date per IASB
Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current"	The amendments aim to promote consistency in applying the requirements by helping companies determine whether, in the statement of balance sheet, debt and other liabilities with an uncertain settlement date should be classified as current (due or potentially due to be settled within one year) or non-current. The amendments include clarifying the classification requirements for debt a company might settle by converting it into equity.	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"	The amendments narrowed the scope of the recognition exemption so that it no longer applies to transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.	January 1, 2023

The Group is evaluating the impact of its initial adoption of the abovementioned standards or interpretations on its consolidated financial position and consolidated financial performance. The results thereof will be disclosed when the Group completes its evaluation.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Group does not expect the following other new and amended standards, which have yet to be endorsed by the FSC, to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture"
- IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts" and amendments to IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"
- Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"

4. Summary of significant accounting policies:

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are summarized as follows. Except for those described individually, the significant accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the consolidated financial statements.

(1) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" (hereinafter referred to as "the Regulations") and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC (hereinafter referred to as the IFRSs endorsed by FSC).

(2) Basis of preparation

A. Basis of measurement

Except for the following significant account, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis:

- (a) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value;
- (b) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value;
- (c) The net defined benefit liability is measured at the fair value of the plan assets less the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

B. Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Group is determined based on the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars (NTD), which is Group's functional currency. All financial information presented in NTD has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

(3) Basis of consolidation

A. Principles of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise Alpha and its subsidiaries. Alpha controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its control over the entity.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. All significant intercompany transactions, income and expenses are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. Total comprehensive income (loss) in a subsidiary is allocated to the shareholders of Alpha and the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. Subsidiaries' financial statements are adjusted to align the accounting policies with those of the Group.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

B. List of subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements

			Shareh	olding
Name of Investor	Name of Investee	Main Business Activities	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Alpha	Alpha Holdings Inc. (Alpha Holdings)	Investment holding	100.00%	100.00%
Alpha	Alpha Solutions Co., Ltd. (Alpha Solutions)	Sale of network equipment, components and technical services	100.00%	100.00%
Alpha	Alpha Networks Inc. (Alpha USA)	Sale, marketing and procurement service in USA	100.00%	100.00%
Alpha	Alpha Networks (Hong Kong) Limited (Alpha HK)	Investment holding	100.00%	100.00%
Alpha	Alpha Technical Services Inc. (ATS)	Post-sale service	100.00%	100.00%
Alpha	Enrich Investment Corporation (Enrich Investment)	Investment holding	100.00%	100.00%
Alpha	D-Link Asia Investment Pte. Ltd. (D-Link Asia)	Investment in manufacturing business	100.00%	100.00%
Alpha Holdings	D-Link Asia (note 3)	Investment in manufacturing business	- %	- %
D-Link Asia	Alpha Networks (Chengdu) Co., Ltd. (Alpha Chengdu))	Research and development of network products	100.00%	100.00%
D-Link Asia	Alpha Networks (Dongguan) Co., Ltd. (Alpha Dongguan)	Production and sale of network products	100.00%	100.00%

			Shareh	olding
Name of Investor	Name of Investee	Main Business Activities	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Alpha Dongguan	Mirac Networks (Dongguan) Co., Ltd. (Mirac)	Production and sale of network products	100.00%	100.00%
Alpha HK	Alpha Networks (Changshu) Co., Ltd. (Alpha Changshu)	Production and sale of network products	100.00%	100.00%
Enrich Investment	Transnet Corporation	Operating in network communication products, provide system support services, integrated supply and import and export of network equipment	100.00%	100.00%
Alpha	Hitron Technologies Inc. (Hitron Technologies)	Marketing on system integration of communication product and telecommunication products	62.24%	62.24%
Hitron Technologies	Hitron Technologies (samoa) Inc (Hitron Samoa)	International trade	100.00%	100.00%
Hitron Technologies	Interactive Digital Technologies Inc. (Interactive Digital) (note 1)	Telecommunication and broadband network system services	43.10%	44.28%
Hitron Technologies	Hitron Technologies Europe Holding B.V. (Hitron Europe)	International trade	100.00%	100.00%
Hitron Technologies	Hitron Technologies (Americas) Inc. (Hitron Americas)	International trade	100.00%	100.00%
Hitron Technologies	Innoauto Technologies Inc. (Innoauto Technologies)	Investment and automotive electronics products	100.00%	100.00%
Hitron Technologies	Hitron Technologies (Vietnam) Inc. (Hitron Vietnam)	Production and sale of broadband telecommunication products	100.00%	100.00%
Hitron Technologies	Hitron Technologies (SIP) Inc (Hitron Suzhou)	Production and sale of broadband telecommunications products	100.00%	100.00%
Hitron Samoa	Jietech Trading (Suzhou) Inc. (Jietech Suzhou)	Sale of broadband network products and related services	100.00%	100.00%
Hitron Samoa	Hwa Chi Technologies (Shanghai) Inc. (Hwa Chi Technologies)	Technical consultation on electronic communication, technology research and development, maintenance and after-sale service	100.00%	100.00%

			Shareh	olding
Name of Investor	Name of Investee	Main Business Activities	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Interactive Digital	Interactive Digital (Note 1)	Telecommunication and broadband network system services	6.64%	6.83%
Enrich Investment	Aespula Technology INC. (Aespula) (Note 2)	Sale of network equipment, components and technical services	98.92%	-

- Note 1: Interactive Digital issued the convertible bonds in November 2019, but Hitron Technologies did not subscribe for it. The common stock conversion was conducted in December 2020.
- Note 2: Aespula is a closed company established in 2021. Its main products are complete solutions of PHY architecture and platform, in order to improve the Group's performance and competitiveness of 5G related products.
- Note 3: In response to the organization restructure of Alpha Holdings, a resolution was approved during the board meeting held on December 31, 2020 for the capital reduction of Alpha Holdings, whose assets including other assets, other receivables and 100% shares of D Link Asia will be transferred to Alpha Networks Inc. to offset its share capital payable.
- C. Subsidiaries excluded from the consolidated financial statements: None.

(4) Foreign currencies

A. Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currencies at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each subsequent reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at that date.

Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at the date when fair value was determined. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured based on historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Exchange differences are generally recognized in profit or loss, except for those differences relating to the following, which are recognized in other comprehensive income:

- (a) an investment in equity securities designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income; or
- (b) a financial liability designated as a hedge of the net investment in a foreign operation to the extent that the hedge is effective.

B. Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into the presentation currency at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations, are translated into the presentation currency at the average exchange rate. Exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

When a foreign operation is disposed of such that control, joint control, or significant influence is lost, the cumulative amount in the translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. For a partial disposal of the Company's ownership interest in an associate or joint venture, the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences in equity is reclassified to profit or loss.

(5) Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

An asset is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other assets are classified as non-current:

- A. It is expected to be realized, or intended to be sold or consumed, in the normal operating cycle;
- B. It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- C. It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- D. The asset is cash or a cash equivalent unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

A liability is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other liabilities are classified as non-current:

- A. It is expected to be settled in its normal operating cycle;
- B. It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- C. It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- D. The Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by issuing equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(6) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term and highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits which meet the above definition and held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial instruments

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

A. Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis. On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost; Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) – debt investment; FVOCI – equity investment; or FVTPL. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

(a) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost, which is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition, plus/minus, the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method, adjusted for any loss allowance. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses, as well as impairment, are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Equity investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividend income derived from equity investment is recognized in profit or loss on the date on which the Group's right to receive payment is established (usually the ex dividend date).

(c) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

All financial assets not classified as amortized cost or FVOCI described as above are measured at FVTPL, including derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset, which meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI, as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

(d) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses ("ECL") on financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, amortized costs, notes and accounts receivable, other receivables, leases receivables, guarantee deposits paid and other financial assets) and contract assets.

The Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss (ECL), except for the following which are measured as 12-month ECL:

- · debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment, as well as forward-looking information. The Group considers a debt security to have low credit risk when its credit risk rating is equivalent to the globally understood definition of 'investment grade which is considered to be BBB- or higher per Standard & Poor's, Baa3 or higher per Moody's or twA or higher per Taiwan Ratings'.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset is breached of contract when the financial asset is more than 270 days past due, or the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full.

Lifetime ECL are the ECL that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

12-months ECL are the portion of ECL that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

The maximum period considered when estimating ECL is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

ECL are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive). ECL are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial assets is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as customer credit conditions default or overdue for more than the grace period for each category;
- the lender of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

• the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. For debt securities at FVOCI, the loss allowance is charged to profit or loss and is recognized in other comprehensive income instead of reducing the carrying amount of the asset.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. For corporate customers, the Group individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Group expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

(e) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Group enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized in its statement of balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

B. Financial liabilities and equity instruments

(a) Classification of debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as financial liabilities or equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

(b) Equity instrument

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued are recognized as the amount of consideration received, less the direct cost of issuing.

(c) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

(d) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Group also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

(e) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of balance sheet when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

C. Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The Group holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency and interest rate exposures. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the host contract is not a financial asset and certain criteria are met.

Derivatives are initially measured at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are generally recognized in profit or loss.

(8) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The cost of inventories is calculated using the weighted average method, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs, and other costs incurred in bringing them to their present location and condition. In the case of manufactured inventories and work in progress, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

(9) Property, plant and equipment

A. Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalized borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

B. Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

C. Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment.

Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

(a) Buildings and improvements: 3 to 56 years

Buildings and building improvements constitute mainly buildings, mechatronic engineering and hydropower engineering, etc.

- (b) Machinery and equipment: 1 to 10 years
- (c) Transportation facilities: 6 years
- (d) Office and other facilities: 1 to 10 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives, and residual values are reviewed at each annual reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(10) Lessee

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

A. As a lessee

The Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be reliably determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- (a) fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- (b) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- (c) amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- (d) payments for purchase or termination options that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when:

- (a) there is a change in future lease payments arising from the change in an index or rate; or
- (b) there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- (c) there is a change in the lease term resulting from a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise an option to purchase the underlying asset, or
- (d) there is a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise a extension or termination option; or
- (e) there is any lease modifications

When the lease liability is remeasured, other than lease modifications, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or in profit and loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

When the lease liability is remeasured to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Group accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment and lease liabilities as a separate line item respectively in the statement of financial position.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Group has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of office, warehouse, parking space, staff dormitory and printer that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

B. As a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease commencement whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Group makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers to the lessee substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then the lease is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Group considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

(11) Intangible assets

A. Recognition and measurement

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries is measured at cost, less accumulated impairment losses.

Expenditure on research activities is recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Development expenditure is capitalized only if the expenditure can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable and the Group intends to, and has sufficient resources to, complete development and to use or sell the asset. Otherwise, it is recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, development expenditure is measured at cost, less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses.

Other intangible assets, including core-technology, brand name and customers relationship, that are acquired by the Group and have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses.

B. Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

C. Amortization

Amortization is calculated over the cost of the asset, less its residual value, and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of 1 to 5 years of intangible assets, other than goodwill, from the date that they are available for use.

Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(12) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories, contract assets, deferred tax assets and investment properties and biological assets, measured at fair value, less costs) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. They are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

(13) Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognized as finance cost.

A provision for warranties is recognized when the underlying products or services are sold, based on historical warranty data and a weighting of all possible outcomes against their associated probabilities.

(14) Revenue for contracts with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The Group recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of a good or a service to a customer. The accounting policies for the Group's main types of revenue are explained below.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

A. Sale of goods

The Group involves in research, develop, design, manufacture and sale of broadband products, wireless networking products, and computer network system equipment and components. The Group recognizes the revenue when the control of the product is transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied. The Group's broadband products, wireless network products and computer network system equipment and its components are subject to standard warranty and are therefore subject to refund obligations.

The warranty liabilities have been recognized for this obligation, please refer to Note 6 (14).

B. Product development services

The Group provides enterprise product development and recognizes the relevant income during the financial reporting of the labor service. Fixed price contracts are based on the proportion of services actually provided as a percentage of total services as of the reporting date. Estimates of revenues, costs or extent of progress toward completion are revised if circumstances change. Any resulting increases or decreases in estimated revenues or costs are reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances that give rise to the revision become known by management. Under the fixed price contract, the customer pays a fixed amount in accordance with the agreed time schedule.

When the services provided exceed the payment, the contract assets are recognized; if the payment exceeds the services provided, the contract liabilities are recognized.

If the contract includes an hourly fee, revenue is recognized in the amount to which the Group has a right to invoice. Customers are invoiced on a monthly basis and consideration is payable when invoiced.

C. Financial component

The Group expects that all customer contracts will transfer goods or services to customers for a period of no more than one year from the customer's payment for the goods or services. Therefore, the Group does not adjust the currency time value of the transaction price.

(15) Government grants and government assistance

The Group recognizes an unconditional government grant related to the research in profit or loss as other income when the grant becomes receivable. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses or losses incurred are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the periods in which the expenses or losses are recognized.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(16) Employee benefits

A. Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed as the related service is provided.

B. Defined benefit plans

The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each the plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Group, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income, and accumulated in retained earnings within equity. The Group determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Group recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

C. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(17) Share-based payment arrangements

The grant-date fair value of equity-settled share-based payment arrangements granted to employees is generally recognized as an expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the vesting period of the awards. The amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service and non-market performance conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognized is based on the number of awards that meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For share-based payment awards with non-vesting conditions, the grant-date fair value of the share-based payment is measured to reflect such conditions and there is no true-up for differences between expected and actual outcomes.

For share based payment awards with non-vesting conditions, the grant date fair value of the share based payment is measured to reflect such conditions, and there is no true up for differences between expected and actual outcomes.

Grant date of share-based payment award is the date which the Board of Directors authorized the price and number of a new award.

(18) Income tax

Income taxes comprise current taxes and deferred taxes. Except for expenses related to business combinations or recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, all current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss.

Current taxes comprise the expected tax payables or receivables on the taxable profits (losses) for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payables or receivables are the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred taxes arise due to temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases. Deferred taxes are recognized except for the below:

- A. temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profits (losses) at the time of the transaction;
- B. temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- C. taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred taxes are measured at tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reserve, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and reflect uncertainty related to income taxes, if any.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset-if the following criteria are met:

A. The Group has a legal enforceable right to setoff current tax assets against current tax liabilities and

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

- B. The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - (a) the same taxable entity; or
 - (b) different taxable entity which intends to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the assets and liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for the carry forward of unused tax losses, unused tax credits, and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realized; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

(19) Earnings per share

The Group discloses basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to ordinary shareholders of Alpha. Basic earnings per share is calculated as the profit attributable to the ordinary shareholders of Alpha divided by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is calculated as the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of Alpha, divided by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all potentially dilutive ordinary shares, such as employee remuneration through the issuance of shares and unvested restricted stock awards.

(20) Operating segment

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the Group). Operating results of the operating segment are regularly reviewed by the Group's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance. Each operating segment consists of standalone financial information.

5. Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty:

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with the Regulations and the IFRS endorsed by the FSC requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The management continues to monitor the accounting estimates and assumptions. The management recognizes any changes in accounting estimates during the period and the impact of those changes in accounting estimates in the following period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment within the next financial year is as follow:

Valuation of inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, the Group uses judgments and estimates to determine the net realizable value of inventories for obsolescence and unmarketable items at the end of the reporting period. It also writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is mainly determined based on assumptions as to future demand within a specific time horizon. However, due to the rapid industrial transformation, there may be significant changes in the net realizable value of inventories. Refer to note 6(4) for further description of the valuation of inventories.

The Group's financial division conducts independent verification on fair value by using data sources that are independent, reliable, and representative of exercise prices. This financial division also periodically adjusts valuation models, conducts retrospective testing, renews input data for valuation models, and makes all other necessary fair value adjustments to assure the rationality of fair value.

The Group strives to use market observable inputs when measuring assets and liabilities. Different levels of the fair value hierarchy to be used in determining the fair value of financial instruments are as follows:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identified assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data.

Please refer to note 6(29) of the financial instruments.

6. Explanation of significant accounts:

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
Cash on hand	\$	934	4,545	
Checking and savings accounts		3,275,239	2,991,447	
Time deposits		721,877	2,714,012	
Cash equivalents		500,000		
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of cash flows	\$	4,498,050	5,710,004	

Please refer to note 6(29) for the interest rate risk and sensitivity analysis of the financial assets and liabilities of the Group.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, deposits with original maturities of more than three months were \$375,007 thousand and \$138,680 thousand, respectively, and were recorded in financial assets measured at amortized cost.

(2) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	ember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss – current		
Derivative instruments not used for hedging		
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 1,425	12,874
Foreign exchange swaps	2,364	-
Non-derivative financial assets		
Stocks listed on domestic markets	63,776	68,894
Derivatives instrument – Convertible Bonds	 	543
Total	\$ 67,565	82,311
	ember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Financial liabilities hold for trading—current		
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 2,927	10,517

The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge the certain currency risk arising from its operating activities. The derivative financial instrument at fair value through profit or loss and financial liabilities held for trading as the Group did not apply hedge accounting are as follows:

	December 31, 2021			
	Amo			
	(in thousands)		Currency	Maturity date
Forward exchange contracts	EUR	1,279	USD to EUR	January 2022
Forward exchange contracts	USD	1,248	USD to EUR	January 2022
Forward exchange contracts	USD	5,000	USD to NTD	February 2022
Forward exchange contracts	USD	30,000	CNY to USD	January 2022
Forward exchange contracts	EUR	3,479	EUR to NTD	January 2022 ~ March 2022
Forward exchange contracts	EUR	1,329	EUR to USD	January 2022
Forward exchange contracts	USD	1,000	NTD to USD	January 2022
Foreign exchange swaps	USD	21,000	USD to NTD	January 2022
			December 31	, 2020
	Amo	ount		
	(in tho	usands)	Currency	Maturity date
Forward exchange contracts	USD	42,000	USD to NTD	January 2021 ~ February 2021
Forward exchange contracts	USD	17,000	USD to CNY	January 2021
Forward exchange contracts	USD	3,590	USD to EUR	January 2021 ~ March 2021
Forward exchange contracts	EUR	7,130	EUR to NTD	February 2021 ~ March 2021

(3) Notes and accounts receivable, and other receivable, net

	De	December 31, 2020	
Notes and accounts receivable	\$	4,065,130	6,844,859
Less: loss allowances		(12,018)	(43,781)
	\$	4,053,112	6,801,078

The overdue accounts receivable was reclassified to overdue receivables under financial assets measured at amortized cost—non-current and loss allowances are fully provided as follows:

	De	cember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Financial assets measured at amortized cost–non-current	\$	68,103	68,113
Less: loss allowances		(68,103)	(68,113)
	\$		

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for its expected credit losses, i.e. the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due, as well as the incorporated forward-looking information, including macroeconomic and relevant industry information. The loss allowance provisions were determined as follows:

	December 31, 2021			
	Weighted-			
	Gre	oss carrying amount	average loss rate	Loss allowance provision
Current	\$	3,607,494	0.00%	-
90 days past due		457,633	2.63%	12,015
91 to 180 days past due		3	100%	3
More than 181 days past due		68,103	100%	68,103
	\$	4,133,233		80,121

	December 31, 2020			
		oss carrying amount	average loss rate	Loss allowance provision
Current	\$	6,504,010	0.002%	151
90 days past due		251,557	0.66%	1,649
More than 181 days past due		157,405	67.61%	110,094
	\$	6,912,972		111,894

The movement in the allowance for notes and trade receivables were as follows:

		For	the years endo	ed December 31,
			2021	2020
	Balance at January 1	\$	111,894	138,844
	Impairment losses recognized (reversal)		6,310	(26,950)
	Write-off		(38,055)	-
	Effect of changes in exchange rates		(28)	
	Balance at December 31	\$	80,121	111,894
I	Inventories			
		De	cember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
	Raw materials	\$	5,806,276	3,344,384
	Work in progress and semi-finished products		634,546	736,198
	Finished goods and merchandises		2,798,000	2,948,788
		\$	9,238,822	7,029,370
(Component of operating cost were as below:			
		For	the years endo	ed December 31,
			2021	2020

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group's inventories were not pledged.

(5) Financial assets measured at amortized cost current and non-current

Provision for inventory obsolescence and devaluation loss

Cost of goods sold

(4)

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020
Current:			
Time deposits	\$	375,007	138,680
Restricted deposits		-	14,227
Other receivables			73,670
	\$	375,007	226,577
Non-current:			
Restricted deposits	\$	20,900	20,900
Refundable deposits		115,877	135,575
Overdue receivables		68,103	68,113
Less: loss allowances		(68,103)	(68,113)
	\$	136,777	156,475

23,169,770

23,276,437

106,667

26,952,972

27,164,356

211,384

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Group has assessed that these financial assets are held-to-maturity to collect contractual cashflows, which consist solely of payments of principal and interest on principal amount outstanding. Therefore, these investments were classified as financial assets measured at amortized cost.

The Group held bank time deposits with variable interest rates, and the average interest rates ranged between 0.01%~0.815% and 0.12%~2.40% for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

For the restricted cash in banks please refer to note 8.

(6) Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	Dec	ember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Equity instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income:			
Non-publicly traded—CHAO LONG	\$	19,335	21,245

The Group designated the investments shown above as equity securities as at fair value through other comprehensive income because these equity securities represent those investments that the Group intends to hold for long-term strategic purposes. These investments were classified as fair value through other comprehensive income.

Based on the consideration of factors such as the recovery of original investment funds and the enrichment of working capital, the Group disposed all of the 10,554 shares of D-Link Technology Co., Ltd., which were financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive profits and losses from November 11th to 30th, 2020. The average price of disposition was \$22.07, the fair value at the time of disposition was \$232,881 thousand, and the cumulative disposition loss was \$199,625 thousand. The foregoing cumulative disposition gains and losses have been transferred from other equity to retained earnings.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group's financial assets above were not pledged.

(7) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary

On January 6, 2020, the Company acquired the additional equity in Hitron Technologies for \$1,567,106 thousand in cash, increasing its ownership from 47% to 62.24%.

The effects of the changes in shareholdings were as follows:

		ended ecember 31,
Carrying amount of non-controlling interest on acquisition	\$	905,331
Consideration paid to non-controlling interests	_	(1,567,106)
Retained earnings differences between consideration and carrying amounts subsidiaries acquired	\$ _	(661,775)

In 2020, the Company's subsidiary-Enrich Investment Corporation acquired the equity in Interactive Digital Technologies Inc. for \$189,967 thousand in cash, increasing its ownership to 6.83%.

The effects of the changes in shareholdings were as follows:

		or the year ended cember 31, 2021
Carrying amount of non-controlling interest on acquisition	\$	107,080
Consideration paid to non-controlling interests	_	(189,967)
Capital surplus/Retained earnings incurred from the differences between the consideration and the carrying amounts subsidiaries acquired	\$	(82,887)

(8) Material non-controlling interests of subsidiaries

The material non-controlling interests of subsidiaries were as follows:

		Percentag controlling	,
Subsidiaries	Main operation place	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Hitron Technologies Inc.	Taiwan	37.76%	37.76%

The following information of the aforementioned subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC. Included in these information are the fair value adjustment made during the acquisition and relevant difference in accounting principles between the Group as at the acquisition date. Intragroup transactions were not eliminated in this information.

Hitron Technologies Inc.'s collective financial information:

	De	December 31, 2020	
Current assets	\$	8,654,473	10,109,051
Non-current assets		3,895,286	4,120,950
Current liabilities		(5,468,171)	(6,910,808)
Non-current liabilities		(116,227)	(67,903)
Net assets	\$	6,965,361	7,251,290
Non-controlling interests	\$	(978,394)	(929,643)
Net assets of investees	\$	5,986,966	6,321,647
Book value of non-controlling interests	\$	2,093,017	2,219,393

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2021	2021		
Operating revenue	\$	9,681,546	10,278,461		
Profit	\$	113,047	300,838		
Other comprehensive income		(16,377)	(39,074)		
Total comprehensive income	\$	96,670	261,764		
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	\$	125,709	98,556		
Comprehensive income, attributable to non-controlling interests	\$ <u></u>	149,880	122,659		
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	(372,986)	(453,232)		
Net cash flows from investing activities		(531,496)	(976,520)		
Net cash flows from financing activities		(341,597)	765,564		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	_	5,866	(7,596)		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(1,240,213)	(671,784)		
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	\$	(121,317)	(97,064)		

(9) Property, plant and equipment

The cost, depreciation, and impairment loss of the property, plant and equipment of the Group, were as follows:

		Land	Building	Machinery and equipment	Office, transportation and other facilities	Construction in progress	Total
Cost:		Lung	Dunung	сцириси	<u> </u>	in progress	
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	645,919	4,066,782	2,436,098	475,095	-	7,623,894
Additions		-	35,819	131,952	54,334	-	222,105
Disposals		-	(7,650)	(64,071)	(28,046)	-	(99,767)
Effect of changes in exchange rates		(1,400)	209,686	24,906	(87,310)		145,882
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	644,519	4,304,637	2,528,885	414,073		7,892,114
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$	444,290	3,485,532	2,019,398	425,515	199,219	6,573,954
Additions		205,246	414,629	527,540	87,538	-	1,234,953
Disposals		-	(16,164)	(101,529)	(37,865)	-	(155,558)
Effect of changes in exchange rates		-	188,262	144	-	(188,262)	144
Reclassification		(3,617)	(5,477)	(9,455)	(93)	(10,957)	(29,599)
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	645,919	4,066,782	2,436,098	475,095		7,623,894

		Land	Building	Machinery and equipment	Office, transportation and other facilities	Construction in progress	Total
Depreciation and impairment loss:							
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	-	1,761,915	1,608,646	316,624	-	3,687,185
Depreciation		-	161,152	241,690	74,401	-	477,243
Disposals		-	(7,650)	(57,311)	(16,290)	-	(81,251)
Effect of changes in exchange rates	_		220,238	(6,659)	(59,056)		154,523
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$		2,135,655	1,786,366	315,679		4,237,700
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$	-	1,641,127	1,467,776	233,654	-	3,342,557
Depreciation		-	136,305	203,759	106,451	-	446,515
Disposals		-	(14,509)	(46,120)	(23,815)	-	(84,444)
Effect of changes in exchange rates	_	-	(1,008)	(16,769)	334		(17,443)
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	-	1,761,915	1,608,646	316,624		3,687,185
Carrying amounts:	_						
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	644,519	2,168,982	742,519	98,394		3,654,414
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	645,919	2,304,867	827,452	158,471		3,936,709
Balance at 1January 1, 2020	\$	444,290	1,844,405	551,622	191,861	199,219	3,231,397

The amount and interest rate range for the Group to capitalize the interest paid for the expenditure on the assets during the construction of PPE are as follows:

	For the years end	dea December 31,
	2021	2020
Amount of interest capitalization	\$ <u> </u>	2,868
Interest rate of interest capitalization		1.5146%

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group's property, plant and equipment were not pledged.

(10) Right-of-use assets

The Group leases many assets including land, buildings and transportation. Information about leases for which the Group as a lessee was presented below:

			Transport- ation and other			
	 Land	Buildings	equipment	Total		
Cost:						
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 401,404	93,592	7,325	502,321		
Additions	23,098	22,218	6,899	52,215		
Disposals	-	(70,408)	(941)	(71,349)		
Effect of changes in exchange rates	 13,578	4,559	1,468	19,605		
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 438,080	49,961	14,751	502,792		

				Transport- ation and other	
		Land	Buildings	equipment	Total
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$	408,399	70,388	4,879	483,666
Additions		-	31,971	4,810	36,781
Disposals		-	(7,891)	(1,195)	(9,086)
Effect of changes in exchange	_	(6,995)	(876)	(1,169)	(9,040)
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$_	401,404	93,592	7,325	502,321
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses:					
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	25,937	47,244	1,803	74,984
Depreciation		17,810	25,537	3,944	47,291
Disposals		-	(62,979)	(773)	(63,752)
Effect of changes in exchange rates	_	5,255	14,763	2,043	22,061
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ _	49,002	24,565	7,017	80,584
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$	7,426	2,573	-	9,999
Depreciation		18,815	46,371	3,451	68,637
Disposals		-	(1,907)	(1,163)	(3,070)
Effect of changes in exchange rates	_	(304)	207	(485)	(582)
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$_	25,937	47,244	1,803	74,984
Carrying amount:	_				
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$_	389,078	25,396	7,734	422,208
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	375,467	46,348	5,522	427,337
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$	400,973	67,815	4,879	473,667

(11) Intangible asset

	Te	Core chnology	Brand Name	Customer relationship	Goodwill	Software application and other	Total
Cost:							
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	220,281	229,877	396,949	578,900	318,977	1,744,984
Additions		-	-	-	-	133,332	133,332
Disposals		-	-	-	-	(74,021)	(74,021)
Effect of changes in exchange rates						63,791	63,791
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	220,281	229,877	396,949	578,900	442,079	1,868,086
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$	220,281	229,877	396,949	578,900	274,584	1,700,591
Additions		-	-	-	-	99,969	99,969
Disposals		-	-	-	-	(56,900)	(56,900)
Effect of changes in exchange rates	_					1,324	1,324
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	220,281	229,877	396,949	578,900	318,977	1,744,984

	Te	Core chnology	Brand Name	Customer relationship	Goodwill	Software application and other	Total
Amortization and impairment:							
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	31,469	22,988	44,105	-	210,847	309,409
Amortization		31,469	22,988	44,105	-	123,342	221,904
Disposals		-	-	-	-	(74,021)	(74,021)
Effect of changes in exchange rates		_				65,949	65,949
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	62,938	45,976	88,210		326,117	523,241
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$	-		-		171,547	171,547
Amortization		31,469	22,988	44,105	-	95,042	193,604
Derecognition		-	-	-	-	(55,942)	(55,942)
Effect of changes in exchange rates		_				200	200
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	31,469	22,988	44,105		210,847	309,409
Carrying amount	_						
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	157,343	183,901	308,739	578,900	115,962	1,344,845
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	188,812	206,889	352,844	578,900	108,130	1,435,575
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$	220,281	229,877	396,949	578,900	103,037	1,529,044

A. The amortization of intangible assets is included in the statement of comprehensive income:

	For the years ended December 31		
		2021	2020
Operating cost	\$	1,077	1,046
Operating expense		220,827	192,558
Total	\$	221,904	193,604

B. Impairment test for Goodwill

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the goodwill arising from business combination was allocated to the following cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) because this CGU is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

	Dec	ember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Interactive Digital	\$	354,656	354,656
Hitron Technologies		89,361	89,361
IP Camera		134,883	134,883
	\$	578,900	578,900

As of December 31,2021 and 2020, these cash-generating units determines the recoverable amount based on it's value in use, and the recoverable amount of these were greater than their carrying amount and no impairment loss were recognized.

The key assumptions used in the estimation of value in use were as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
IP Camera		
Discount rate	7.60 %	7.13 %
Terminal value growth rate	3.58 %	3.74 %
Interactive Digital Technologies		
Discount rate	7.22 %	7.57
Terminal value growth rate	3.58 %	3.74
Hitron Technologies Inc.		
Discount rate	7.07 %	8.88
Terminal value growth rate	3.58 %	3.74

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the following is the key assumption of the estimation of value in use:

The discount rate was a pre-tax measure based on the rate of 10-year government bonds issued by the government in the relevant market and in the same currency as the cash flows, adjusted for a risk premium to reflect both the increased risk of investing in equities generally and the systemic risk of the specific CGU.

Cash flow projection was based on a five-year financial projection which was approved by the management.

C. Collateral

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group's intangible assets were not pledged.

(12) Other current assets and other non-current assets

The other current assets and other non-current assets of the Group were as follows:

	December 31, 		December 31, 2020	
Advance payment	\$	69,445	415,706	
Prepayments for equipment		200,014	65,325	
Income tax receivable		83,126	84,256	
Business tax receivable		184,167	186,290	
Others		154,914	176,489	
	\$	691,666	928,066	

December 31.

ALPHA NETWORKS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	200	2021	2020
Other current assets	\$	467,666	856,997
Other non-current assets		224,000	71,069
	\$	691,666	928,066
(13) Short-term borrowings			
	Dec	eember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Unsecured bank loans	\$	4,044,952	2,842,762
Unused short-term and long-term credit lines	\$	10,349,478	13,046,183
Range of interest rates		0.55%~	0.60%~
		1.00%	1.35%

December 31.

The financial commitment of transfer of short-term loans with Taipei Fubon Bank of 2020 (after the first transfer, the following financial ratios must be maintained) as followed:

- A. The current ratio is not less than 100%
- B. The financial debt ratio is not higher than 70%
- C. The Times Interest Earned is not less than 5 times

The above financial commitment ratio is calculated based on the annual and semi-annual consolidated financial statements audited/reviewed by the CPA once every six months. If the financial ratio limit has not been improved after two consecutive periods, the credit lines will be examined again. The Group's short-term borrowings were not pledged.

(14) Provisions

W	/arranties
\$	404,549
	226,874
	(271,105)
	(210)
\$	360,108
\$	286,255
	73,853
\$	360,108
\$	434,744
	259,006
	(288,481)
	(720)
\$	404,549
	\$\$ \$\$

	Warranties
Current	358,850
Non-current	45,699
	\$404,549

The provision for warranties relates mainly to network product sold and professional services provide during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020. The provision is based on estimates made from historical warranty data associated with similar products and services. The Group expects to settle the majority of the liability over the next year.

(15) Other current liabilities

	De	cember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Contract liabilities (note6(23))	\$	832,407	964,609
Payroll and bonus payable		700,937	895,690
Lease payable (note6(17))		20,944	40,683
Other accounts payable-related parties (note7)		9,681	11
Others		294,686	230,774
	\$	1,858,655	2,131,767

(16) Bonds payable

A. The details of unsecured convertible corporate bonds assumed through Interactive Digital Technologies Inc., a subsidiary of the Group were as follows:

	Dec	cember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Total convertible corporate bonds issued	\$	600,000	600,000
Unamortized discounted payable		(7,229)	(17,393)
Cumulative converted amount		(131,300)	(56,100)
Subtotal		461,471	526,507
Less: Bonds payable due within one year		(461,471)	(526,507)
Total	\$		
Embedded derivative – call and put options, included in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$	<u>-</u>	543

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Interactive Digital Technologies Inc., a subsidiary of Alpha issued the above convertible corporate bonds, the conversion options were separated from the liabilities, and the equity and liabilities components were recognized separately as follows:

Subjects	A	Amount
Total amounts of convertible corporate bonds issued	\$	600,000
Fair value of embedded non-equity derivative issued		(2,040)
Cost of Issuing		(5,000)
Fair value of bonds payable issued		(569,041)
Equity component – conversion options	\$	23,919

After the separation of the above-mentioned embedded derivatives, the effective interest rate of Interactive Digital Technologies Inc.'s unsecured convertible corporate bonds was 1.7%.

B. In response to future operational needs, Interactive Digital Technologies Inc. intends to purchase office buildings and warehouses. The Financial Supervision and Administration Commission of the Executive Yuan approved the issuance (letter No. 1080334564 of the Financial Management Certificate) on November 6, 2019. The first unsecured convertible corporate bonds are issued under the following conditions:

Total amount issued	\$600 million
Date of issued	11.22.2019
coupon rate	0%

coupon rate

11.22.2019~11.22.2022 Period of issue

Repayment method Other than converting as Interactive Digital's ordinary share in

> accordance to the regulation no.10, or exercising put option in accordance to the regulation no.19, or early redeeming in accordance to the regulation no.18, or repurchasing the written-off stock from Securities Dealers, Interactive Digital will repay the convertible

bond one-off in cash at face value at maturity.

Redeem method

- 1. If the closing price for the Interactive Digital exceeds 30% of the conversion price for 30 consecutive days for the period 3 months after bond issuance until 40 days before maturity, Digital Interactive will redeem the outstanding bonds based on the face
- 2.If the balance of the outstanding bonds lower than \$6,000 thousand, Digital Interactive will redeem the outstanding bonds based on the face value.

Bond holder request for repurchase method

If the bond has issued for 2 years, the bond holder may request Interactive Digital to repurchase the bond at face value plus interest at 40 days before the maturity. Interest rate for the bond issued for 2 years is 0.5% at face value.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Conversion period Other than the transfer restriction period, bond holder may request

the shares agent of Interactive Digital to convert the bond to ordinary shares during the period 3 months after issuance until the maturity

date.

Conversion price The conversion price was set at \$78.5 at the time of issuance. As of

July 27, the conversion price had been adjusted from \$78.5 to \$72.5. As of August 30, 2021, the conversion price had been adjusted from

\$72.5 to \$67.0

As of December 31, 2021, the first convertible corporate bonds of the subsidiary Interactive Digital had accumulated, converted 1,811 thousand shares, and the capital surplus had accumulated, converted \$114,288 thousand.

Due to the first convertible corporate bond, the capital plus generated by the Group was \$12,756 thousand.

(17) Lease liabilities

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
Current (recorded in other current liabilities)	\$	20,944	40,683	
Non-current financial assets	\$	224,220	201,065	

For the maturity analysis, please refer to note 6(29).

The amounts recognized in profit or loss was as follows:

	For the years ended December 3:		
		2021	2020
Interest on lease liabilities	\$	3,687	4,600
Expenses relating to short-term leases and leases of low-	\$	49,355	37,162
value assets	_		

The amounts recognized in the statement of cash flows for the Group was as follows:

	For the years ended December		
	<u> </u>	2021	2020
Total cash outflow for leases	\$	94,184	106,031

A. Real estate leases

The Group leases land for factory and office buildings use. The leases of land typically run for a period of 19 and 39 years. For office building, the terms range between 1 to 5 years, some leases include an option to renew the lease for an additional period of the same duration after the end of the contract term.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The lease payment of the land contract depends on the land price announced by the Science Park, plus adjustments for public facilities construction costs, which are adjusted after amortization. These costs usually occur once a year.

B. Other leases

As of the December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group leases office, transportation equipment, and other with lease terms of 1 to 5 years. In some cases, the Group has options to purchase the assets at the end of the contract term; in other cases, it guarantees the residual value of the leased assets at the end of the contract term.

The Group has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of office, warehouse, parking space, staff dormitories and printer that have a lease term of 12 months or less or leases of low-value assets.

(18) Employee benefits

A. Defined benefit plans

The recognized liabilities of the defined benefit obligations were consisted of as follows:

	Dec	cember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Present value of the defined benefit obligations	\$	303,823	299,986	
Fair value of plan assets		(99,808)	(80,382)	
Net defined benefit liabilities	\$	204,015	219,604	

The Group's employee benefit assets and liabilities were as follows:

	De	December 31, December 2021 2020	
Other non-current liability	\$	769	763
Net defined benefit liability	\$	204,784	220,367

The Group makes defined benefit plan contributions to the pension fund account with Bank of Taiwan that provides pensions for employees upon retirement. The plans (covered by the Labor Standards Law) entitle a retired employee to receive retirement benefits based on years of service and average salary for the six months prior to retirement.

(a) Composition of plan assets

The Group allocates pension funds in accordance with the Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund, and such funds are managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor. With regard to the utilization of the funds, minimum earnings shall be no less than the earnings attainable from two-year time deposits with interest rates offered by the local banks.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Group's Bank of Taiwan labor pension reserve account balance amounted to \$99,808 thousand as of December 31, 2021. For information on the utilization of the labor pension fund assets, including the asset allocation and yield of the fund, please refer to the website of the Bureau of Labor Fund, Ministry of Labor.

(b) Movements in present value of the defined benefit obligations

The movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation of the Group were as follows:

	For the years ended December		
		2021	2020
Defined benefit obligations at January 1	\$	299,986	397,407
Benefits paid from the plan assets		(7,793)	(50,074)
Current service costs and interest cost		2,002	4,481
Re-measurements of net defined benefit liabilities (asset):			
 Actuarial gain arising from experience adjustment 		13,866	(68,659)
 Actuarial gain arising from demographic assumptions 		8,493	-
- Actuarial loss arising from financial assumptions	s	(12,731)	16,831
Defined benefit obligation as of December 31	\$	303,823	299,986

(c) Movements in the fair value of the defined benefit plan assets

The movements in the fair value of the defined benefit plan assets of the Group were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,		
		2021	2020
Fair value of plan assets as of January 1	\$	80,382	109,278
Interest Income		14	29
Benefits paid from the plan assets		(7,793)	(50,074)
Re-measurements of the net defined benefit liabilit (asset):	ies		
- Return on plan assets (excluding current Interes	t		
income)		1,428	3,365
Contribution made to plan assets		25,421	16,874
Expected return on plan assets		356	910
Fair value of plan assets as of December 31	\$	99,808	80,382

(d) Expenses recognized in profit or loss

The expenses recognized in profit or loss for the Group were as follows:

	For the years ended December		
		2021	2020
Current service costs	\$	804	1,300
Net interest of net liabilities for defined benefit obligation		1,198	3,181
Curtailment or settlement gains		(356)	(910)
	\$	1,646	3,571
Operating costs	\$	793	1,412
Selling expenses		98	299
Administration expenses		131	461
Research and development expenses		624	1,399
	\$	1,646	3,571
Actual return on plan assets	\$	1,785	4,725

(e) Actuarial assumptions

The principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date were as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Discount rate	0.70%~0.90%	0.40%	
Future salary increase rate	2.00%~3.00%	1.00%~3.00%	

The expected contribution to be made by the Group to the defined benefit plans for the one-year period after the reporting date is \$11,600 thousand.

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plans is from 13.5 years to 20.8 years, respectively.

(f) Sensitivity analysis

If the actuarial assumptions had changed, the impact on the present value of the defined benefit obligation shall be as follows:

		Influences of defined benefit obligations			
December 31, 2021	Increase 0.25%	Decrease 0.25%			
Discount rate	\$ (10,244)	10,673			
Future salary increasing rate	\$ 9,646	(9,330)			
December 31, 2020					
Discount rate	\$ (10,751)	11,226			
Future salary increasing rate	\$ 10,166	(9,812)			

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown above. The method used in the sensitivity analysis is consistent with the calculation of pension liabilities in the balance sheets.

There is no change in the method and assumptions used in the preparation of sensitivity analysis for 2021 and 2020.

B. Defined contribution plans

The domestic entities of Group contribute 6% of each employee's monthly wages to the labor pension personal account at the Bureau of Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act. Under these defined contribution plans, the Group allocates a fixed amount to the Bureau of Labor Insurance without additional legal or constructive obligation. The Group's overseas subsidiaries establish their respective defined contribution plan and their contributions are made in accordance with their local regulations.

The pension costs under contribution plans amounted to \$150,201 thousand and \$111,156 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

(19) Income taxes

A. Income tax expenses

The components of income tax for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,			
		2021	2020	
Current tax expense			_	
Current period	\$	184,478	236,425	
Adjustment for prior periods		14,250	(5,531)	
Additional 5% surtax on unappropriated retained earnings		2,332	-	
		201,060	230,894	
Deferred tax benefit				
Origination and reversal of temporary differences and operating loss carry forward		13,390	(36,491)	
Income tax expense	\$	214,450	194,403	

The amount of income tax expense / (benefit) recognized in other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, was as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,		
	20	21	2020
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial	'		_
statements	\$	726	(2,295)

Reconciliation of income tax and profit before tax for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	For the years ended December 3		
		2021	2020
Profit before income tax	\$	754,862	919,506
Income tax at Alpha's domestic tax rate		150,972	183,901
Effect of tax rates variances in foreign jurisdictions		81,710	156,819
Tax effect of permanent difference		1,563	(48,111)
Tax incentives		(14,234)	(38,111)
Change in unrecognized temporary differences		(8,247)	17,010
Additional 5% surtax on unappropriated retained earnings		2,332	-
Others		354	(77,105)
	\$	214,450	194,403

B. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

(a) Unrecognized deferred tax asset

Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of the following items:

	Dec	eember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Tax effect of deductible temporary differences	\$	342,946	354,093
The carry forwards of unused tax losses		5,716	2,816
	\$	348,662	356,909

The R.O.C. Income Tax Act allows net losses, as assessed by the tax authorities, to offset taxable income over a period of ten years for local tax reporting purposes.

Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilize the benefits therefrom.

As of 31 December 2021, the information of Transnet Corporation's unused tax losses for which no deferred tax assets were recognized are as follows:

Year of loss	Expiry date	nutilized siness loss
2018	2028	\$ 654
2019	2029	2,808
2020 (filing)	2030	10,617
2021 (estimated)	2031	 11,278
		\$ 25,357

As of 31 December 2021, the information of Aespula Corporation's unused tax losses for which no deferred tax assets were recognized are as follows:

		Unutilized
Year of loss	Expiry date	business loss
2021 (estimated)	2031	\$ 3,225

(b) Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities

Changes in the amount of deferred tax assets and liabilities for 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

Deferred tax assets:

	Ja	nuary 1, 2020	Recognized in profit and loss	Recognized in other comprehensive income	Effect of change in exchange rate	December 31, 2020	Recognized in profit and loss	Recognized in other comprehensive income	Effect of change in exchange rate	December 31, 2021
Provision for inventory devaluation	\$	8,989	(5,142)	-	-	3,847	689	-	-	4,536
Provision for warranties		68,432	(11,050)	-	-	57,382	(15,139)	-	-	42,243
Exchange different on transaction of foreign financial statement		63,832	-	2,295	-	66,127	-	(726)	-	65,401
Tax credit of investment		15,857	(840)	-	-	15,017	(9,376)	-	-	5,641
Others	_	52,014	55,079		1,370	108,463	9,070		(6,371)	111,162
	\$	209,124	38,047	2,295	1,370	250,836	(14,756)	(726)	(6,371)	228,983

Deferred tax liabilities

	_	January 1, 2020	Recognized in profit and loss	Recognized in other comprehensive income	Effect of change in exchange rate	December 31, 2020	Recognized in profit and loss	Recognized in other comprehensive income	Effect of change in exchange rate	December 31, 2021
Investment accounted for using equity method	\$	(41,862)	(2,860)	-	-	(44,722)	(779)	-	-	(45,501)
Goodwill		(26,976)	-	-	-	(26,976)	-	-	-	(26,976)
Others	_	(13,155)	1,304			(11,851)	2,145			(9,706)
	\$_	(81,993)	(1,556)			(83,549)	1,366			(82,183)

As of December 31, 2021, Alpha's tax returns for the years through 2019 were assessed by the Tax Administration.

(20) Capital and other equity

Reconciliation of shares outstanding for 2021 and 2020 was as follows (in thousands of shares):

	Ordinary share capital		
	2021	2020	
Balance on January 1	541,638	539,349	
Vested of restricted stock awards	80	2,289	
Balance on December 31	541,718	541,638	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

A. Ordinary share capital

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the authorized capital of Alpha amounted to \$6,600,000 thousand, of which included the amount of \$500,000 thousand reserved for employee share options; the issued capital amounted to \$5,417,185 thousand.

A resolution was approved during the Board of Directors' meeting held on March 17, May 20, August 10 and November 9, 2020, to cancel 245 thousand shares, 235 thousand shares, 430 thousand shares and 99 thousand shares, respectively, of employee restricted stocks. The aforementioned capital reductions were completed on March 18, May 21, August 11 and November 10, 2020, respectively, through the statutory registration procedures.

B. Capital surplus

The balances of capital surplus were as follows:

	De	2021	December 31, 2020
Capital surplus – premium	\$	2,545,833	2,979,208
Capital surplus – investments under equity method		22,974	10,198
Other		14,965	15,185
	\$	2,583,772	3,004,591

According to the ROC Company Act, capital surplus can only be used to offset a deficit, and only the realized capital surplus can be used to increase the common stock or be distributed cash dividends. The aforementioned realized capital surplus includes capital surplus resulting from premium on issuance of capital stock and earnings from donated assets received. According to the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers, capital increases by transferring paid-in capital in excess of par value should not exceed 10% of the total common stock outstanding.

Based on resolutions approved during the Board of Directors on May 7, 2021, the cash dividends of \$433,375 thousand, represents \$0.8 payout per share, will be distributed out of capital surplus. The actual distribution was consistent with the resolution approved by the Board of Directors. Related information is available at the Market Observation Post System website.

Based on resolutions approved during the Board of Directors on March 4, 2022, the cash dividends of \$54,172 thousand, represents \$0.1 payout per share, will be distributed out of capital surplus. The above-mentioned distribution is pending for the resolution of the shareholders' meeting. Related information will be available at the Market Observation Post System website, after the resolution of the Alpha's relevant meeting.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

C. Retained earnings

The Alpha's articles of incorporation stipulated that Alpha's earnings before tax, if any, shall be distributed in the following order:

- (a) payment of all taxes;
- (b) offset prior years' operating losses;
- (c) of the remaining balance, 10% to be appropriated as legal reserve;
- (d) set aside special reserve in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act or reverse special reserve previously provided; and
- (e) after the above appropriations, current and prior-period earnings that remain undistributed will be proposed for distribution by the Board of Directors, and a meeting of shareholders will be held to decide on this matter.

According to the R.O.C. Company Act, the Company shall distribute the legal reserve and capital reserve as cash dividends fully or partially, if the resolution is passed in majority with two third of attendance in Board of Directors' meeting and is submitted to the stockholders' meeting.

According to the Alpha's dividend policy, the Alpha shall first take into consideration its investing environment, capital management and industry developments, as well as its programs to maintain operating efficiency and meet its capital expenditure budget and financial goals in determining the stock or cash dividends to be paid. The cash dividends shall not be less than 10% of total dividends.

(a) Legal reserve

When a company incurs no loss, it may, pursuant to a resolution by a shareholders' meeting, distribute its legal reserve by issuing new shares or by distributing cash, and only the portion of legal reserve which exceeds 25% of capital may be distributed.

(b) Special reserve

In accordance with Ruling issued by the FSC a portion of current-period earnings and undistributed prior—period earnings shall be reclassified as special earnings reserve during earnings distribution. The amount to be reclassified should equal the current-period total net reduction of other shareholders' equity. Similarly, a portion of undistributed priorperiod earnings shall be reclassified as special earnings reserve (and does not qualify for earnings distribution) to account for cumulative changes to other shareholders' equity pertaining to prior period. Amounts of subsequent reversals pertaining to the net reduction of other shareholders' equity shall qualify for additional distributions.

D. Earnings distribution

Earnings distribution for the years 2020 and 2019 was approved by the shareholders during their meeting on May 7, 2021 and March 17, 2020 as follows:

	 2020	2019
Dividends distributed to ordinary shareholders		
Cash (dividends per share were \$0.2 and \$0.44,	\$ 108,344	238,692
respectively)	 	

The above-mentioned earnings distribution was consistent with the resolutions approved by the Board of Directors. Related information would be available at the Market Observation Post System website.

The appropriation of earnings in 2021 was proposed in the annual Board of Directors on March 4, 2022. The cash dividends of \$379,203 thousand, represents \$0.7 payout per share. The above-mentioned was consistent with the resolutions approved by the shareholders' meeting. Related information would be available at the Market Observation Post System website.

Unrealized

E. Other equity and non-controlling interest

Balance at 1 January 2021	Differences on translation of foreign operation financial statements \$ (448,804)	gains (losses) on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Deferred compensation cost arising from issuance of restricted stock awards	NCI 3,034,149	Total 2,585,345
Differences on translation of foreign operation financial statements	3,627	-	_	(6,857)	(3,230)
Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income tha will be reclassified to profit or loss	t (726)	-	-	-	(726)
Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	(1,189)	-	-	(1,189)
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	-	-	(12,776)	(12,776)
Distribution cash dividend by subsidiaries to non-controlling interest	-	-	-	(238,145)	(238,145)
Increase (decrease) in non- controlling interests				180,314	180,314
Balance at 31 December 2021	\$ <u>(445,903)</u>	(1,189)		2,956,685	2,509,593

	Differences on translation of foreign operation financial statements	Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Deferred compensation cost arising from issuance of restricted stock awards	Non- controlling interests	Total
Balance at 1 January 2021	\$ (439,629)	(292,137)	(17,053)	4,066,496	3,317,677
Differences on translation of foreign operation financial statements	(11,470)	-	-	(14,027)	(25,497)
Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	t 2,295	-	-	-	2,295
Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	_	92,512		_	92,512
Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	_	199,625	_	_	199,625
Compensation cost of		,			,
restricted stock awards	-	-	17,053	-	17,053
Non controlling interests generated from acquisition	-	-	-	(1,012,411)	(1,012,411)
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	-	-	3,907	3,907
Distribution cash dividend by subsidiaries to non-controlling interest	-	-	-	(218,069)	(218,069)
Changes in the investee's capital surplus	-	-	-	32,408	32,408
Increase in non-controlling interests		-	-	175,845	175,845
Balance at 31 December 2021	\$ (448,804)	-	-	3,034,149	2,585,345

(21) Share-based payment

A. As of December 31, 2021, Alpha's equity settled share-based payment transactions were as follows:

	Restricted stock awardsIssued in 2018
Grant date	September 27, 2017
Granted units (thousands)	10,000
Contractual life	1∼3 years
Vesting condition	Note
Price per share (NTD)	0
Adjusted exercise price (NTD)	0

Note: Employees are entitled to receive restricted stock in the first, second and third year (from the grant date) of their service. The proportion of the shares granted are 30%, 30% and 40%, respectively.

B. The closing price of Alpha's ordinary share on the grant date is the fair value of the share-based payment.

C. Restricted stock awards

On June 16, 2017, pursuant to the resolutions of its shareholders' meeting, Alpha issued 10,000 shares of restricted stock awards to those full time employees who meet Alpha's requirements. These restricted stock awards have been registered and approved by the Securities and Futures Bureau of the FSC. On September 21, 2017, the Board of Directors approved a resolution to issue all of restricted stock awards to its employees. The effective date of the capital increase was October 2, 2017, and the registrations of the increase of share capital have been completed. The restricted stock is kept by a trust, which is appointed by Alpha, before the vesting condition is met. These shares shall not be sold, pledged, transferred, gifted, hypothecated or disposed of by any other means to third parties during the custody period. The shareholders of these restricted stock are entitled to the same rights as Alpha's existing ordinary shareholders except for the fact that the restricted stocks are held with trust and have vesting conditions. If the employees failed to comply the vesting conditions, Alpha will take back all the unvested shares without compensation and cancel the shares thereafter.

Details of the restricted stock of Alpha are as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,				
	2021	2020			
Number at 1 January	80	3,241			
Vested during the year (unit in thousand)	(80)	(2,289)			
Forfeited during the year (unit in thousand)	<u> </u>	(872)			
		80			

The compensation costs recognized for the years ended December 31, 2020 was \$943 thousand.

(22) Earnings per share

A. Basic earnings per share

	For t	the years ended	December 31,
		2021	2020
Net income attributable to Alpha's ordinary shareholders	\$	433,888	556,997
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding (in thousands of shares)		541,665	540,017
Basic earnings per share (NTD)	\$	0.80	1.03
B. Diluted earnings per share			
	For t	he years ended	December 31,
		2021	2020
Net income attributable to ordinary shareholders	\$	433,888	556,997
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (in thousands of shares) (basic)	\$	541,665	540,017
Effect of employee remuneration in shares		1,654	398
Effect of restricted stock awards unvested		53	2,689
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (in thousands of shares) (diluted)	\$	543,372	543,104
Diluted earnings per share (NTD)	\$	0.80	1.03

(23) Revenues

A. The details of Revenues were as follows:

For the years ended December 31,				
2021		2020		
	_	_		
\$	16,567,565	21,170,158		
	3,447,697	3,653,720		
	1,555,555	1,583,698		
	1,038,852	1,222,879		
	5,252,667	4,540,194		
\$ <u></u>	27,862,336	32,170,649		
	\$	\$ 16,567,565 3,447,697 1,555,555 1,038,852 5,252,667		

For the years ended December 31,

2020

ALPHA NETWORKS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	Major products/services lines:					
	LAN/MAN			\$	8,859,528	8,728,792
	Wireless Broadband				12,735,204	13,760,423
	Digital Multimedia				4,382,179	7,832,242
	Others				1,885,425	1,849,192
				\$	27,862,336	32,170,649
В.	Contract balances					
		Dec	cember 31, 2021	Do	ecember 31, 2020	January 1, 2020
	Trade receivables (including related parties)	\$	4,053,112		6,801,078	4,292,840
	Contract liabilities - product (other current liabilities)	\$	832,407		964,609	493,920

The amount of revenue recognized for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period were \$628,187 thousand and \$258,637 thousand, respectively.

The contract liabilities primarily related due to the advance receipts from the Group's product sales contracts, and the Group will recognize the revenue when the product is transferred to the customer.

(24) Remuneration to employees and directors

In accordance with the Articles of incorporation, Alpha should contribute 10% to 22.5% of the profit as employee compensation and less than 1% as directors' remuneration when there is profit for the year. However, if the Company has accumulated deficits, the profit should be reserved to offset the deficit. The recipients of shares and cash may include the employees of the Alpha's affiliated companies who meet certain conditions.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Alpha accrued and recognized its remuneration to employees and directors amounting to \$55,501 thousand and \$4,163 thousand, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Alpha's net profit of current period is not sufficient to compensate the cumulative loss, therefore, no remuneration to employees and directors was estimated. The estimated amounts mentioned above are calculated based on the net profit before tax, excluding the remuneration to employees and directors of the period, multiplied by the percentage of remuneration to employees and directors as specified in the Alpha's articles. These remunerations were expensed under operating costs or operating expenses. If there is any change on the actual amount incurred and estimated amount, this shall be accounted for change in accounting estimates and recognize as profit or loss in the following year. However, if the Board of Directors resolved that the employee remuneration to be distributed through stock dividends, the closing price of the ordinary share on the day before the Board of Directors' meeting is used in the calculation for stock remuneration. Related information would be available at the Market Observation Post System website. The abovementioned remuneration for employees and directors resolved through Board of Directors' meeting is consistent with the estimated amount as stated in the consolidated financial statements for the years 2021 and 2020.

(25) Interest income

The details of the Group's interest income of 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31			
		2021	2020	
Interest income from bank deposits and others	\$	27,263	33,289	

(26) Other income

The details of the Group's other income of 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	For t	For the years ended December 31,			
		2021	2020		
Dividend income	\$	3,679	4,259		
Government grants income		39,911	79,294		
Others		40,372	34,703		
	\$	83,962	118,256		

(27) Other gains and losses

The details of the Group's other gains and losses of 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,			
	2021		2020	
Gain on financial asset (liabilities) at fair value through profit or loss, net	\$	29,221	48,588	
Foreign exchange gain (loss), net		(23,893)	(76,510)	
Others		(32,657)	(57,714)	
	\$	(27,329)	(85,636)	

(28) Finance costs

The details of the Group's finance costs of 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,			
		2021	2020	
Interest expense of borrowings, etc.	\$	35,020	39,410	
Interest expense of lease liability		3,687	4,600	
	\$	38,707	44,010	

(29) Financial instruments

A. Credit risk

(a) Credit risk exposure

The carrying amounts of financial assets represents the maximum amount exposed to credit risk.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Concentration of credit risk

The major customers of the Group are centralized in the networking related industries. The Group generally sets credit limits to its customers according to their credit evaluations. Therefore, the credit risk of the Group is mainly influenced by the networking industry. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, 50% and 64%, respectively, of the Group's accounts receivable (including related parties) were from the top 7 customers. Although there is a potential in concentration of credit risk, the Group routinely assesses the collectability of its accounts receivable and makes a corresponding allowance for doubtful accounts.

(c) Credit risk of receivable

Risk exposure information for notes receivable and accounts receivable, please refer to note 6(3).

Other financial assets measured at amortized cost include time deposits with maturities of more than three months and restricted bank deposits, please refer to note 6(5) for details of relevant investments.

All of these financial assets are considered to have low credit risk, and thus, the impairment provision recognized during the period was limited to 12 months expected losses. Regarding how the financial instruments are considered to have low credit risk, please refer to note 4(7).

B. Liquidity risk

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including the estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements.

		Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Within 1 years	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years
December 31, 2021						
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Short-term borrowings	\$	4,044,952	(4,046,341)	(4,046,341)	-	-
Accounts payable (Included related-parties)		4,193,913	(4,193,913)	(4,193,913)	-	-
Other payables to related parties (other current liabilities)		9,681	(9,681)	(9,681)	-	-
Accrued expenses		501,745	(501,745)	(501,745)	-	-
Bond payables due within one year		461,471	(468,700)	(468,700)	-	-
Lease liabilities		245,164	(287,932)	(25,676)	(59,657)	(202,599)
Derivative financial liabilities						
Forward exchange contracts:						
Outflows		2,927	(1,223,843)	(1,223,843)	-	-
Inflows		(1,425)	1,222,341	1,222,341	-	-
Currency option contracts:						
Outflows		-	(581,343)	(581,343)	-	-
Inflows	_	(2,364)	583,707	583,707		
	\$	9,456,064	(9,507,450)	(9,245,194)	(59,657)	(202,599)

		Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Within 1 years	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years
December 31, 2020						
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Short-term borrowings	\$	2,842,762	(2,849,071)	(2,849,071)	-	-
Accounts payable (Included related-parties)		6,828,103	(6,828,103)	(6,828,103)	-	-
Other payables to related parties (other current liabilities)		11	(11)	(11)	-	-
Accrued expenses		749,008	(749,008)	(749,008)	-	-
Bond payables due within one year		526,507	(600,000)	(600,000)	-	-
Lease liabilities		241,748	(282,398)	(44,051)	(45,084)	(193,263)
Derivative financial liabilities						
Forward exchange contracts:						
Outflows		10,517	(2,025,890)	(2,025,890)	-	-
Inflows	_	(12,874)	2,028,247	2,028,247		
	\$	11,185,782	(11,306,234)	(11,067,887)	(45,084)	(193,263)

C. Currency risk

(a) Exposure to currency risk

The Group's significant exposure to foreign currency risk was as follows:

	Dec	ember 31, 202	21	December 31, 2020			
	Foreign urrency	Exchange rate	NTD	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	NTD	
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD	\$ 111,869	27.680	3,096,534	328,081	28.35	9,301,096	
CNY	518	4.3454	2,251	2,044	4.3216	8,833	
Non-Monetary items							
USD	22,000	27.680	Note	38,590	28.35	Note	
EUR	4,808	31.440	Note	7,130	34.956	Note	
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD	203,214	27.680	5,624,964	296,917	28.35	8,417,597	
Non-Monetary items							
USD	36,248	27.680	Note	24,000	28.35	Note	
EUR	1,279	31.444	Note	-	-	-	

Note: Please refer to note 6(2) for the information on forward exchange contracts and rate exchange contracts at fair value.

(b) Sensitivity analysis

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk arises from the foreign currency exchange gains and losses resulted from the translation of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other receivables, trade payables and other payables which are denominated in foreign currencies. A strengthening (weakening) of 1% of the NTD against the USD and the CNY at December 31, 2021 and 2020, would have increased or decreased the profit before tax by \$25,262 thousand and \$13,899 thousand, respectively. The analysis assumed that all other variables remain constant, and is performed on the same basis for both periods.

(c) Exchange gains and losses on monetary items

Since the Group has different functional currencies, the information on foreign exchange gain (loss) on monetary items is disclosed in aggregate amount. For the years 2021 and 2020, foreign exchange gain (loss) (including realized and unrealized portions) amounted to \$23,893 thousand and \$76,510 thousand, respectively.

D. Interest rate analysis

Please refer to the notes on liquidity risk management for interest rate exposure of the Group's financial assets and liabilities. The following sensitivity analysis is based on the exposure to the interest rate risk. Regarding assets with variable interest rates, the analysis is based on the assumption that the amount of assets outstanding at the reporting date was outstanding throughout the year.

If the interest rate had increased or decreased by 0.25%, the Group's net income before tax would have increased or decreased by \$3,026 thousand and \$7,524 thousand, respectively for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 with all other variable factors remaining constant. The change is mainly due to the Group's cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortized cost (non-current) and borrowings with variable rates.

E. Other market price risk

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the sensitivity analyses for the changes in securities price at the reporting date were performed using the same basis for the profit and loss as illustrated below:

	For the years ended December 31,				
Prices of securities at the reporting date	2	021	2020		
Increasing 5%	<u>\$</u>	967	1,062		
Decreasing 5%	\$	(967)	(1,062)		

F. Fair value of financial instruments

(a) Fair value hierarchy

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is measured on a recurring basis. The carrying amount and fair value of the Group's financial assets and liabilities, including the information on fair value hierarchy were as follows; however, except as described in the following paragraphs, for financial instruments not measured at fair value whose carrying amount is reasonably close to the fair value, and for lease liabilities, disclosure of fair value information is not required:

	December 31, 2021				
		Fair Value			
	Carrying amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value under repetitive basis					
Financial assets mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss	\$ <u>67,565</u>	63,776	3,789		67,565
Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$ 19,335	_	_	19,335	19,335
Financial assets measured at amortized cost					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,498,050	-	-	-	-
Notes and accounts receivable (including related parties)	4,053,112	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at amortized cost – current and non-current	511,784	-	-	-	_
Total	\$ 9,062,946		_	_	_
Financial liability measured at fair value under repetitive basis					
Financial liability at fair value through profit or loss-derivative	\$ <u>2,927</u>		2,927		2,927
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost					
Accounts payable (including related parties)	\$ 4,193,913	-	-	-	-
Payable to related parties	9,682	-	-	-	-
Short-term borrowings	4,044,952	-	-	-	-
Bond payables (due within one year)	461,471	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities – current and non-					
current	245,164				
Total	\$ <u>8,955,182</u>				

	December 31, 2020				
		Fair Value			
	Carrying amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value under repetitive basis					
Financial assets mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss	\$ <u>82,311</u>	68,894	13,417	<u> </u>	82,311
Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$ 21,245			21,245	21,245
comprehensive income	<u> </u>	===	===		21,243
Financial assets measured at amortized cost					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,710,004	-	-	-	-
Notes and accounts receivable (including related parties)	6,801,268	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at amortized cost –current and non-	_				
current	383,052	<u>-</u>			
Total	\$ <u>12,894,324</u>				
Financial liability measured at fair value under repetitive basis					
Financial liability at fair value					
through profit or loss — derivatives	\$ <u>10,517</u>		10,517		10,517
Financial liabilities measured at					
amortized cost					
Accounts payable (including related parties)	6,828,103	-	-	-	-
Payable to related parties	11	-	-	-	-
Short-term borrowings	2,842,762	-	-	-	-
Bonds Payable (due within one year)	526,507	_	-	-	-
Lease Liabilities – current and non	.				
current	241,748				
Total	\$ <u>10,439,131</u>				

Fair value measured on non-recurring basis refers to occurrences in specific condition. The Company does not have any financial assets and liabilities measured on non-recurring basis.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Valuation techniques for financial instruments measured at fair value

i. Non-derivative financial instruments

A financial instrument is regarded as being quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's-length basis. Whether transactions are taking place 'regularly' is a matter of judgment and depends on the facts and circumstances of the market for the instrument.

Quoted market prices may not be indicative of the fair value of an instrument if the activity in the market is infrequent, the market is not well-established, only small volumes are traded, or bid-ask spreads are very wide. Determining whether a market is active involves judgment.

The categories and nature of the fair value for the Group's financial instruments which have active market are as below:

Publicly traded stock, bank draft and bond with standard terms, conditions and traded in active market. The fair value is based on quoted market prices.

Except for the above-mentioned financial instruments traded in active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is based on the valuation techniques or refer to quoted price from counterparties. The fair value using valuation techniques refers to the current fair value of other financial instruments with similar conditions and characteristics, or using a discounted cash flow method, or other valuation techniques which include model calculating with observable market data at the reporting date (such as yield curve from Taipei Exchange, average interest rate from Reuters' commercial paper).

The categories and nature of the fair value for the Group's financial instruments which without an active market are as below:

The fair value for equity instruments which do not have public quoted price is measured based on net asset value of comparable companies. The main assumption is based on the market multiples derived from the net value per share of investees and quoted price of EV/EBIT's comparable listed companies. The estimated amount has adjusted the discounted effect due to the lack of liquidity in market for equity security.

ii. Derivative financial instruments

Measurement on fair value of derivative instruments is based on the valuation techniques generally accepted by market participants such as the discounted cash flow or option pricing models. Foreign currency forward contract is measured based on the current forward exchange rate. Structured interest rate derivative products are measured based on appropriate option pricing model.

- (c) There was no transfer between the different levels of fair value hierarchy for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.
- (d) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair values

	At fair value through profit or loss		
Opening Balance, January 1, 2021	\$	21,245	
Unrealized gains from investments in equity instruments measure a fair value through other comprehensive income	at	(1,910)	
Ending balance, December 31, 2021	\$	19,335	
Opening Balance, January 1, 2020 (same as December 31, 2020)	\$	21,245	

(e) Quantified information on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) used in fair value measurement

The Group's financial instruments that use Level 3 inputs to measure fair value include "financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income – equity investments".

Quantified information of significant unobservable inputs was as follows:

Item	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-equity investments without an active market	Net Asset Value Method	As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, net asset value of comparable companies at 1.88 times.	Not applicable
		As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, discount for lack of marketability of 21.14%.	The fair value would decrease if lack of marketability and higher discount rate.

(30) Financial risk management

A. Overview

The Group have exposures to the following risks from its financial instruments:

- (a) credit risk
- (b) liquidity risk

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(c) market risk

The following likewise discusses the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing the above-mentioned risks. For more disclosures about the quantitative effects of these risk exposures, please refer to the respective notes in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

B. Structure of risk management

The Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. The Board has established the Audit Committee, which is responsible for monitoring the compliance of the Group's risk management policies and procedures. Risk management policies and systems are also reviewed regularly by the Audit Committee to reflect the changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. Internal auditors are assisting Audit Committee in performing the monitoring role through periodic and ad hoc review procedures to risk management relerant control and process. The committee reports regularly to the Board of Directors on its activities.

C. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers and investments in debt securities.

(a) Accounts receivable and other receivables

The Group has established a credit policy, under which, each new customer is analyzed individually for creditworthiness before the Group's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Purchase limits are established for each customer and represent the maximum open amount; these limits are reviewed periodically. Customers that fail to meet the Group's benchmark creditworthiness may transact with the Group only on a prepayment basis.

The Group did not have any collateral on accounts receivable and other receivable.

(b) Investment

The credit risk of bank deposits, fixed income investments, and other financial instruments, is measured and monitored by the financial department of the Group. There is no significant credit risk because the Group used to transact with or deal with counterparty with good credit ratings financial institutions, corporate organizations and government agencies.

(c) Guarantee

The Group's policy provides only financial security to fully owned subsidiaries. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group did not provide any endorsement guarantee.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

D. Liquidity risk

The Group manages sufficient cash and cash equivalents so as to cope with its operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The Group's management supervises the banking facilities and ensures compliance with the terms of loan agreements.

Bank borrowing is an essential liquidity source for the Group. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group did not utilize any credit line for both long-term and short-term bank borrowing. Please refer to note 6(13) for details.

E. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and equity prices that will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings on financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control the market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

The Group buys and sells derivatives instruments, and also incurs financial liabilities, in order to manage market risks. All such transactions are executed in accordance with the Group's procedures for conducting derivative transactions which were approved by the Board of Directors.

(a) Foreign currency risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of fluctuation in foreign currency exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's sales, purchases, and borrowings transactions, and those are denominated in a currency different from the functional currencies of the Group. These transactions are denominated in New Taiwan dollar (NTD), US dollar (USD) and Chinese Yuan (CNY).

The derivate financial products traded by the Group adopts economic hedging to avoid the exchange rate risk of foreign currency assets or liabilities held by the Group. The gains and losses arising from exchanges rate changes will offsets the hedged items, therefore, the market risk is usually low.

(b) Other market price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk due to its investments in equity securities. This is a strategic investment and is not held for trading. The Group does not actively trade in these investments. Therefore, the Group will be exposed to the risk of market price changes in its equity securities.

(31) Capital management

The Group's objective for managing its capital is to safeguard the capacity to continue as a going concern, to provide a return on shareholders, to maintain the interest of other related parties, and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

In order to maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to its shareholders, reduce the capital for redistribution to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell its assets to settle any liabilities.

The Group and other entities in the same industry use the debt-to-equity ratio to manage their capital. This ratio is the total net debt divided by the total capital.

The net debt from the balance sheet is derived from the total liabilities, less, cash and cash equivalents. The total capital and equity include share capital, capital surplus, retained earnings, and other equity.

The Group's debt-to-equity ratio at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
Total liabilities	\$	12,171,680	14,267,252	
Less: Cash and cash equivalents		(4,498,050)	(5,710,004)	
Net debt	\$	7,673,630	8,557,248	
Total equity	\$	12,559,104	12,738,331	
Debt-to-equity ratio		61.10%	67.18%	

The debt-to-equity ratio was increased on December 31, 2021, because of the shortage in material this year, accounts payable (including related parties) decreased, In addition the short-term borrowings increased for enriching working capital. As result, the debt-to-equity ratio decreased.

As of December 31, 2020, the Group had not changed its capital management method.

(32) Non-cash investing and financing activities

The Group's investing and financing activities which did not affect the current cash flow were as follows:

- A. For right of use assets obtained due to lease, please refer to note 6(10).
- B. Reconciliations of liabilities arising from financing activities were as follows:

	J	anuary 1, 2021	Cash flows	Foreign exchange movement and other	December 31, 2021
Short-term borrowings	\$	2,842,762	1,202,190	-	4,044,952
Bonds payable (including maturity within 1 year)		526,507	-	(65,036)	461,471
Lease liabilities	_	241,748	(41,142)	44,558	245,164
Total liabilities from financing activities	\$ _	3,611,017	1,161,048	(20,478)	4,751,587

	J	anuary 1, 2020	Cash flows	Foreign exchange movement and other	December 31, 2021
Short-term borrowings	\$	952,701	1,890,061	-	2,842,762
Long-term borrowings (including maturity within 1 year)		270,000	(270,000)	-	-
Bonds payable		571,047	-	(44,540)	526,507
Lease liabilities	_	275,199	(64,269)	30,818	241,748
Total liabilities from financing activities	\$ <u>_</u>	2,068,947	1,555,792	(13,722)	3,611,017

7. Related-party transactions:

(1) Parent company and ultimate controlling company

On July 23, 2020, Qisda Corporation acquired the Alpha's 19.02% percent of common shares, increasing its ownership from 23.84% to 42.86%. Qisda Corporation is the ultimate controlling party of the Company, and has issued the Consolidated Financial Statements Available for Public Use.

(2) Names and relationship with related parties. The followings are entities that have had transactions with related party during the periods covered in the consolidated financial statement:

Name of related party	Relationship with the Group
Qisda Corporation(Qisda)	Parent Company
AEWIN Technologies Co., Ltd. (AEWIN Technologies)	Qisda's subsidiary
Sysage Technology Co., Ltd. (Sysata)	Qisda's subsidiary
Unictron Technologies Corporation (Unictron Technologies)	The Group's associates
BenQ Asia Pacific Corp (BQP)	Qisda's subsidiary
BenQ Healthcare Corporation (BHC)	Qisda's subsidiary
Qisda Optronics Corp (QTOS)	Qisda's subsidiary
Qisda Corporation (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. (QCSZ)	Qisda's subsidiary
Qisda Precision Industry (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. (QCPS)	Qisda's subsidiary
Global Intelligence Network Co., Ltd. (Ginnet)	Qisda's subsidiary
Qisda Vietnam Co., Ltd. (QVH)	Qisda's subsidiary
DFI Inc. (DFI)	Qisda's subsidiary
Dawning Technology Inc. (Dawningtech) (Note 2)	Qisda's subsidiary

ALPHA NETWORKS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Name of related party	Relationship with the Group
Golden Spirit Co., Ltd. (GSC)	Qisda's subsidiary
D-Link Corporation (D-Link) (Note 1)	The entity with significant influence over the Group
D-Link International Pte. Ltd. (D-Link International) (Note 1)	D-Link Corporation and its subsidiary co-holding subsidiaries
D-Link (Shanghai) Ltd. (D-Link Shanghai) (Note 1)	D-Link Corporation and its subsidiary co-holding subsidiaries
BenQ Foundation	Substantive related party
Alpha Networks Inc. Foundation	Substantive related party

Note 1: The board of directors of Alpha, D-Link, transferred more than one-half of the shares held at the time of the election, and its representative is dismissed. Therefore, D-Link has not been the related-party of the Group since December 1, 2020.

Note 2: Dawningtech had been punished in January 2021.

(3) Significant related-party transactions

A. Sales

The amounts of sales to from related parties were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31			
		2021	2020	
Entities with significant influence over the Group	\$	-	117,074	
Other related parties - D-Link International		-	1,154,429	
Other related parties – other		812	813	
	\$	812	1,272,316	

The price for sales to the above related parties was determined by general market conditions and adjusted by considering the geographic sales area and sales volumes.

The collection terms for third parties and related parties were 30 to 90 days.

B. Purchases

The amounts of purchases by the Group from related parties were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,			
		2021	2020	
Parent Company	\$	6,163	484	
Other related parties		95,475	80,827	
	\$	101,638	81,311	

The payment terms for purchase from related parties were 30 to 90 days after purchase. The payment terms with related parties were not materially different from those with third parties.

C. Payable from Related Parties

The receivables from related parties were as follows:

Account	Relationship	Dece	ember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Accounts payable from related parties	Parent Company	\$	749	-
Account receivable from related parties	Other related parties—Others		30,194	51,112
		\$	30,943	51,112

D. Rendering of services and other expenses

The Group obtained service from related parties, including product warranty and maintenance service, research and other service expense, as follows:

	For the years ended December 31			
		2021	2020	
Parent Company	\$	960	660	
Entities with significant influence over the Group		-	378	
Other related parties — Others		13,337	3,937	
	\$	14,297	4,975	

The payables to related parties were as follows:

Account	Related Party Category	ember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Other payable to related parties	Parent Company	\$ 919	11
Other payable to related parties	Other related parties — others	 1,285	
		\$ 2,204	11

E. Transactions of property, plant and equipment

The amounts of sales to related parties were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,			
	2021		2020	
Other related parties—others	\$	1,705		

The amounts of purchases by the Group from related parties were as follows:

Account	Related Party Category	Dec	ember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Equipment	Parent Company	\$	500	-
Prepaid equipment	Other related parties - others		21,294	
		\$	21,794	

The payables to related parties were as follows:

Account	Related Party Category	mber 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Other payable to related parties	Parent Company	\$ 525	-
Other payable to related parties	Other related parties — others	 5,472	
		\$ 5,997	

F. Rental income

The Group rented out an office to D-Link (shanghai) and the rental income for the years ended December 31, 2020 was \$135 thousand the amounts had been collected.

G. Various advances

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the receivable and payable from related parties due to the payment on behalf of the Group, which were recognized as other current assets and other current liabilities, were as follows:

Account	Related Party Category		ember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Other payable	Other related parties—others	\$	(1,480)	
Advance payment	Other related parties – others	\$	24	44

(33) Key management personnel compensation

	For the years ended December 31			
	2021		2020	
Short-term employee benefits	\$	121,052	104,780	
Share-based payment			3,584	
	\$	121,052	108,364	

8. Pledged assets:

Pledged assets	Object	De	cember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Time deposit (recorded in financial assets measured at amortized cost–non-current)	Import guarantee for Customs	\$	7,550	7,550
Time deposit (recorded in financial assets measured at amortized cost—non-current)	Guarantee for land lease		8,000	8,000
Time deposit (recorded in financial assets measured at amortized cost–non-current)	Guarantee for construction project		2,968	2,968
Time deposit (recorded in financial assets measured at amortized cost–non-current)	Guarantee for forward exchange contracts		-	14,227
Time deposit (recorded in financial assets measured at amortized cost–non-current)	Guarantee to land lease		2,382	2,382
Refundable deposit (recorded in financial assets measured at amortized cost–non-current)	Guarantee to local authority for sales to abroad customers		11,228	11,547
Refundable deposit (recorded in other non-current assets)	Guarantee for construction project		80,868	80,144
Refundable deposit (recorded in other non-current assets)	Guarantee to lawsuits		-	24,000
,		\$	112,996	150,818

9. Significant commitments and contingencies:

- (1) As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group deposited notes in the bank amounting to \$4,652,662 thousand and \$4,439,397 thousand, respectively in order to obtain the credits limit of bank financing and foreign exchange facilities.
- (2) The Group had entered into technology license agreement with suppliers. According to the agreement, the Group is obligated to make payments for technology license fee and royalty based on the total sales of products by using such technology.

ALPHA NETWORKS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(3) Hitron Technologies, Inc (Hitron) had entered a contract on "Development of Wireless sharing platform at Kaohsiung" with eASPNet Taiwan Inc. (eASPNet). The contract has been terminated due to the failure of check and accept by Kaohsiung City Government. eASPNet has thus terminated the contract with Hitron. However, Hitron disagreed with the termination without reason by eASPNet, thus filed a lawsuit against eASPNet for a claim amounting to \$86,619 thousand. On February 27, 2011, Taipei Shilin District Court rendered judgment against eASPNet and imposed a claim to eASPNet amounting to \$72,916 thousand with interest of 5% per annum from April 12, 2008, until the claim is fully settled. eASPNet disagreed with the judgment and lodged an appeal as well as paid a guarantee fee amounting to \$72,916 thousand for preliminary injunction. On May 31, 2013, Taiwan High Court Civil Appeal rendered judgment against eASPNet, and the defendant lodged an appeal to the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court revoked the original decision and reversed the case to Taiwan High Court for rehearing. Hitron won the lawsuit at the first hearing at Taiwan High Court on March 29, 2016, and eASPNet should pay Hitron a claim amounting to \$71,115 thousand. Both parties have lodged an appeal for the first hearing. Taiwan High Court overturned the initial preliminary injunction, and the lawsuit had proceeded to the Supreme Court for second hearing on January 5, 2017. On October 20, 2020, the Taiwan High Court revoked the decision of second hearing and annul the decision of the first hearing. According to the opinions of experts, despite the situation above, the entire case still has the right of appeal. The appeal was filed on November 17, 2020, and the High Court transferred the entire case to the Supreme Court on January 25, 2021. The two parties settled in the mediation court of the Supreme Court on September 27, 2021, and agreed to remit US\$1,433 thousand to Hitron Technologies at the time of the settlement on September 27, 2021, by IMS, the shareholder of Digital Express. The amounts had been collected.

(4) Others

	Dec	ember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Guarantee Notes Payable	\$	4,585	8,938
Guarantee for construction projects		97,488	189,874
The balance of the issued letter of credit for purchasing goods abroad, etc. has not been used		-	7,825

10. Losses Due to Major Disasters: None

11. Subsequent Events:

On January 6, 2022, the subsidiary Interactive Digital obtained operating property from a non-related party, GEE HOO FITEC CORP., through a resolution of the Board of Directors. The operating property lands and buildings were located at No. 212, Section 2, Gong 2, Linkou District, New Taipei City and No. 1 (No. 19 Jian), No. 2, Gongjiu Road, Linkou District, New Taipei City, the purchase amount was \$238,750 thousand.

12. Other:

A summary of employee benefits, depreciation, and amortization, by function, is as follows:

By function		2021			2020	
By item	Cost of sales	Operation expenses	Total	Cost of sales	Operation expenses	Total
Employee benefits						
Salaries	793,993	2,138,222	2,932,215	960,224	2,280,311	3,240,535
Labor and health insurance	62,815	175,790	238,605	53,293	146,329	199,622
Pension	39,811	112,036	151,847	31,661	83,066	114,727
Remuneration of directors	-	31,478	31,478	-	45,266	45,266
Others	59,871	62,059	121,930	63,544	100,625	164,169
Depreciation	262,786	261,748	524,534	228,549	286,603	515,152
Amortization	1,077	220,827	221,904	1,615	191,989	193,604

13. Other disclosures:

(1) Information on significant transactions:

The following is the information on significant transactions required by the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" for the Group:

- A. Loans to other parties: Please refer to Table 1.
- B. Guarantees and endorsements for other parties: Please refer to Table 2.
- C. Securities held as of December 31, 2021 (excluding investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to Table 3.
- D. Individual securities acquired or disposed of with accumulated amount exceeding the lower of \$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: Please refer to Table 4.
- E. Acquisition of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of \$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- F. Disposal of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of \$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None.
- G. Related-party transactions for purchases and sales with amounts exceeding the lower of \$100 million or 20% of the capital stock: Please refer to Table 5.
- H. Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of \$100 million or 20% of the capital stock: Please refer to Table 6.

- I. Trading in derivative instruments: Please refer to note 6(2).
- J. Business relationships and significant intercompany transactions: Please refer to Table 7.
- (2) Information on investees (excluding information on investees in Mainland China): Please refer to Table 8.
- (3) Information on investment in mainland China:
 - A. The names of investees in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, and other information: Please refer to Table 9.
 - B. Limitation on investment in Mainland China: Please refer to Table 9.
 - C. Significant transactions:

The significant inter-company transactions with the subsidiaries in Mainland China, which were eliminated in the preparation of consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in "Information on significant transactions".

(4) Major shareholders:

Shareholding Shareholder's Name	Shares	Percentage
Qisda Corporation	295,797,126	54.60 %

- 1. The main shareholder information in this table is calculated on the last business day at the end of each quarter by the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation, based on those who held more than 5% of the company's ordinary shares and preferred shares and have completed unregistered non-physical securities delivered (including treasury shares). As for the share capital recorded in the company's financial report and the company's actual number of shares delivered without physical registration, there may be differences due to different basis of calculation.
- 2. In the case of the above information, if the shareholder delivers the shares to the trust, it is disclosed in the individual accounts of the trustee who opened the trust account by the trustee. As for the shareholder's declaration of insider's equity holding more than 10% of the shares in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act, his shareholding includes his own shareholding plus the shares delivered to the trust and the right to use the trust property, etc. For information on insider's equity declaration, please refer to Market Observation Post System website.

ALPHA NETWORKS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

14. Segment information:

(1) Operating segment information

The Group has two reportable segments based on the Group's operating units. Every operating unit provides different types of products and services which require different type of technologies and marketing strategies as well as management. The Group's management decision maker will review the internal management report for each operating unit quarterly. The operation descriptions of each operating unit are as below:

- A. Network related products: Involved in design, research, production and sales of LAN/MAN, wireless related products, computer network system and related components.
- B. Others: Involved in research, production and sales of telecommunication system and multimedia related products.
- (2) Information about reportable segments and their measurement and reconciliations

		For	the year ended l	December 31, 2021	
		Network related products	Others	Reconciliation and elimination	Total
Revenue:					
Revenue from external customers	\$	26,029,315	1,833,021	-	27,862,336
Intersegment revenues			32,313	(32,313)	-
Total revenue	\$_	26,029,315	1,865,334	(32,313)	27,862,336
Interest expenses	\$	30,403	8,305	(1)	38,707
Depreciation and amortization	\$	686,108	60,577	(247)	746,438
Reportable segment profit or loss	\$	331,050	216,417	(20,400)	527,067
			December	31, 2021	
		Network related		Reconciliation and	
		products	Others	elimination	Total
Assets	\$	21,018,147	3,719,842	(7,205)	24,730,784
Liabilities	\$	10,548,585	1,625,168	(2,073)	12,171,680

ALPHA NETWORKS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

		For	the year ended	December 31, 2021	[
		Network related products	Others	Reconciliation and elimination	Total
Revenue:					
Revenue from external customers	\$	30,412,295	1,758,354	-	32,170,649
Intersegment revenues	_	-	101,069	(101,069)	-
Total revenue	\$_	30,412,295	1,859,423	(101,069)	32,170,649
Interest expenses	\$	33,975	10,040	(5)	44,010
Depreciation and amortization	\$	648,425	60,578	(247)	708,756
Reportable segment profit or loss	\$	760,727	190,268	(101,389)	849,606
			Decemb	oer 31,	
		Network		Reconciliation	
		related		and	
		products	Others	elimination	<u>Total</u>
Assets	\$ _	23,338,652	3,673,979	(7,048)	27,005,583
Liabilities	\$ _	12,457,580	1,810,759	(1,087)	14,267,252

(3) Products and services information

Details of customers contract revenue for 2021 and 2020, please refer to note 6 (23).

(4) Geographic information

In presenting information on the basis of geography, revenue is based on the geographical location of customers, and assets are based on the geographical location of the assets.

Non-current assets include property, plant, and equipment, intangible asset, long-term prepaid rents and other assets, not including financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

	De	cember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Non-current assets:			
China	\$	935,501	1,206,084
Taiwan		1,875,657	3,432,992
Others		2,834,309	1,231,614
	\$	5,645,467	5,870,690

Non-current assets include property, plant, and equipment, intangible asset and other assets, not including financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

(5) Major customer information

Sales to individual customers representing greater than 10% of consolidated revenue were as follows:

	For	the years ended	d December 31,
		2021	2020
L Company	\$	4,034,846	3,795,202
V Company		3,308,127	4,573,644
Z Company		2,694,099	3,452,918
U Company		1,156,371	3,263,804
	\$	11,193,443	15,085,568

Alpha Networks Inc. and Subsidiaries Loans to other parties For the year ended December 31, 2021

Table 1

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

					Highest balance of financing		Actual usage amount	Range of interest	Purposes of fund	Transaction amount for	Reasons for		Colla	iteral	Individual	Maximum
No.	Name of lender	Name of borrower	Account	Related party	0	Ending balance	during the period	1	financing for the borrower	business between two parties	short-term financing	Allowance for bad debt	Item	Value	funding loan limits	limit of fund financing
1	Alpha HK	Alpha Changshu	Other receivable from related parties	Yes	1,425,960 (USD51,000 thousand)	966,032 (USD34,900 thousand)	966,032 (USD34,900 thousand)	-	2	-	Operating capital	-		-	2,263,055 (note 4)	2,263,055 (note 4)
2		Alpha Changshu	Same as above	Yes	129,231 (RMB30,000 thousand)	-	-	2.5%	2	-	Operating capital	-		-	303,307 (note 4)	303,307 (note 4)
		Alpha Changshu	Same as above	Yes	174,296 (RMB40,000 thousand)	173,816 (RMB40,000 thousand)	173,816 (RMB40,000 thousand)	2%~2.5 %	2	-	Operating capital	-		-	574,686 (note 4)	574,686 (note 4)
5	D-Link Asia	Alpha Changshu	Same as above	Yes	139,000 (USD5,000 thousand)	138,400 (USD5,000 thousand)	138,400 (USD5,000 thousand)	-	2	-	Operating capital	-		-	1,745,594 (note 4)	1,745,594 (note 4)
		Hitron Suzhou	Same as above	Yes	427,950	-	-	1%	2	-	Operating capital	-		-	939,324 (note 5)	1,878,649 (note 5)
1	Hitron Technologies	Hitron Vietnam	Same as above	Yes	922,680	830,400	608,960	1%	2	-	Operating capital	-		-	939,324 (note 5)	1,878,649 (note 5)
5	Jietech Suzhou	Hitron Suzhou	Same as above	Yes	21,680	-	-	2%	2	-	Operating capital	-		-	3,716 (note 5)	3,716 (note 5)
		Alpha Changshu	Same as above	Yes	306,761 (RMB70,400 thousand)	305,916 (RMB70,400 thousand)	305,916 (RMB70,400 thousand)	2%	2	-	Operating capital	-		-	1,034,891 (note 4)	1,034,891 (note 4)

Note 1: The method of filling out the capital loan and nature is as follows:

- (1) relate business relationship, please fill in 1.
- (2) relate short-term financing, please fill in 2.

Note 2: The total amount for lending to a company for funding for a short-term period shall not exceed 10% of the net worth of Alpha.

Note 3: The total amount lendable to any such subsidiary of Alpha shall not exceed 40% of the net worth of Alpha.

- Note 4: Alpha HK, Mirac, Alpha Chengdu, D-Link Asia and Alpha Dongguan, the subsidiaries whose voting shares are 100% owned, directly or indirectly, by Alpha, which are not located in Taiwan, for the purpose of landing operating capital, the amount of financing offered to a single company owned by the Company shall not exceed 100% of the lender's net worth.
- Note 5: The total amount of lending to a company by Hitron Technologies and its subsidiaries shall not exceed 40% of the net worth of the audited or reviewed financial statement for both parties. The lending reason and limit for each type of party is stated as below:
 - a. For entities who have business transactions with Hitron Technologies, the lending amount shall not exceed the total transaction amount in the nearest 12 months or the estimated amount within the next 12 months. Furthermore, the lending amount shall not exceed 20% of the net worth of Hitron Technologies' latest audited or reviewed financial statements. The transaction referring to the higher of sales or purchase amount.
 - b. For entities who have a need in short-term financing, the lending amount shall not exceed 20% of the net worth of Hitron Technologies' latest audited or reviewed financial statements.
 - c. Lending among foreign subsidiaries which Hitron Technologies has 100% of direct or indirect voting rights, or foreign subsidiaries which Hitron Technologies has 100% of direct or indirect voting rights lending to Hitron Technologies, there is no limit to the amount and period of lending, but should state the limit and term of lending.
 - d. For Jietech Suzhou and foreign subsidiaries which Hitron Technologies has 100% of direct or indirect voting rights, the financing total amount and the limit shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of Hitron Technologies.

Alpha Networks Inc. and Subsidiaries Guarantees and endorsements for other parties

For the year ended December 31, 2021

Table 2

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		Counter-pa guarantee endorsen	and	Limitation on amount of guarantees	Highest balance for guarantees	Balance of guarantees	Actual usage		Ratio of accumulated amounts of guarantees and	Maximum amount for	Parent company endorsements/	endorsements/ guarantees to	third parties
No.	Name of guarantor	Name	Relationship with the Company	and endorsements for a specific enterprise (note 1)	during	and endorsements as of reporting date	amount during the period	guarantees and endorsements (Amount)	endorsements to net worth of the latest financial statements	guarantees and endorsements (note 2)	guarantees to third parties on behalf of subsidiary	third parties on behalf of parent company	on behalf of companies in Mainland China
0	Alpha	Alpha Dongguan	note 3	4,801,210	57,060	55,360	14,138	-	0.58 %	9,602,419	Y	N	Y
0	Alpha	Alpha Changshu	note 3	4,801,210	199,710	193,760	13,812	-	2.06 %	9,602,419	Y	N	Y
1 *		Innoauto Technologies	note 3	4,696,622	75,000	-	-	-	- %	7,044,933	Y	N	N
	Hitron Technologies	Hitron Europe	note 3	4,696,622	645,036	601,096	77,352	-	12.80 %	7,044,933	Y	N	N
1 *	Hitron Technologies	Hitron Americas	note 3	4,696,622	836,100	553,600	-	-	11.79 %	7,044,933	Y	N	N
1 *	Hitron Technologies	Hitron Vietnam	note 3	4,696,622	2,168,280	1,771,520	-	-	37.72 %	7,044,933	Y	N	N
	Hitron Technologies	Hitron Suzhou	note 3	4,696,622	514,446	-	-	-	- %	7,044,933	Y	N	Y

- Note 1: The total amount of guarantee provided by Alpha to any individual entity shall not exceed 50% of Alpha's equity.
- Note 2: The total amount of guarantee provided by Alpha shall not exceed 100% of Alpha's equity.
- Note 3: The Company directly and indirectly holds more than 50% of the shares with voting rights.
- Note 4: The total amount of Hitron Technologies' endorsement in security shall not exceed 150% of the net value of Hitron Technologies' latest financial statements; the amount of endorsement in security for a single enterprise shall not exceed 20% of the net value of Hitron Technologies' latest financial statements. However, there is no restriction for those directly or indirectly held subsidiaries with more than 50% of the voting shares and for those directly and indirectly hold 100% of the voting shares are indirectly endorsed and guaranteed, but it shall not exceed Hitron 100% of the net value of the latest financial statements. Other than the two regulations above, the total amount of Hitron Technologies' endorsement in security for each type of party shall not exceed the total transaction amount in the nearest 12 months or the estimated transaction amount within the next 12 months and 20% of the net worth of Hitron Technologies' latest audited or reviewed financial statements (the transaction referring to the higher of sales or purchase amount).

Securities held as of December 31, 2021 (excluding investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures) December 31, 2021

Table 3

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

					Ending	balance		Highest	
Name of holder	Category and name of security	Relationship with company	Account	Snares/ Carrying of		ownership	Fair value	Percentage of ownership during the year (%)	Note
The Company	TGC, Inc.	-	Non-current financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss	500	-	1.83	-	1.83	
Hitron Technologies	TRANSCEND	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	441	32,237	-	32,237	-	
Hitron Technologies	SENAO	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	152	5,077	-	5,077	-	
Interactive Digital	TRANSCEND	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	362	26,462	-	26,462	-	
Hitron Technologies	CHAO LONG MOTOR PARTS CORP	-	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	668	19,335	1.79	19,335	2.10	
Hitron Technologies	IMAGETECH CO., LTD.	-	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	120	-	1.20	-	1.20	
Hitron Technologies	TSUNAMI VISUAL TECHNOLGIES, INC.	-	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,220	-	9.34	-	9.34	
Hitron Technologies	PIVOT TECHNOLOGY CORP.	-	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	198	-	10.94	-	10.94	
Hitron Technologies	CARDTEK TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD		Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,000	-	6.45	-	6.45	
	YESMOBILE HOLDINGS COMPANY LTD.		Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	294	-	0.75	-	0.75	
	CODENT NETWORKS (CAYMAN) LTD. (SPCIAL SHARES)	-	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,570	-	-	-	-	

Individual securities acquired or disposed of with accumulated amounts exceeding the lower of than \$300 million or 20% of the capital stock For the year ended December 31, 2021

Table 4

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of	Category and	Account	Name of	Relationship	Beginning	g Balance	Purc	hases		Sal	les		Ending Bal	ance (note)
company	name of security		counter- party	with the company	Shares (thousands)	Amount	Shares (thousands)	Amount	Shares	Price	Cost	Gain (loss) on disposal	Shares (thousands)	Amount
Hitron Technologies		Equity method	Cash capital increase	Parent and subsidiary	-	434,914	-	1,036,992	-	-	-	-	-	1,471,906

Note: The ending balance was the include the amount of investment gains and losses of long-term equity investment recognized in the current period, cumulative translation adjustments, cash dividends and other adjustments.

Related-party transactions for purchases and sales with amounts exceeding the lower of \$100 million or 20% of the capital stock For the year ended December 31, 2021

Table 5

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Transacti	on details		Transaction different fi	s with terms rom others		nts receivable vable)	
Name of company	Related party	Nature of relationship	Purchase/ Sale	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/ sales	Payment terms	Unit price	Payment terms	Ending balance	Percentage of total notes/ accounts receivable (payable)	Note
Alpha	Alpha USA	Subsidiary of Alpha	(Sales)	(4,760,796)	(28)%	90 days	-		852,899	29%	Note 2
Alpha	D-Link Asia	Subsidiary of Alpha	Purchase	5,541,952	35%	90 days	-		(349,133)	(21)%	Note 2
Alpha	Alpha Changshu	Subsidiary of Alpha	Purchase	6,329,794	40%	90 days	-		(372,631)	(23)%	Note 2
Alpha Changshu	Mirac	Subsidiary company to subsidiary	(Sales)	(606,216)	(9)%	90 days	-		127,369	24%	Note 2
Alpha HK	Alpha Changshu	Subsidiary company to subsidiary	(Sales)	(7,407,351)	(100)%	90 days	-		1,307,227	100%	Note 2
D-Link Asia	Alpha Dongguan	Subsidiary company to subsidiary	Purchase	5,541,952	56%	90 days	-		(377,082)	(41)%	Note 2
	Hitron Technologies	Subsidiary company to subsidiary	(Sales)	(812,542)	(8)%	90 days	-		55,541	3%	Note 2
Hitron Technologies	Hitron Americas	Subsidiary company to subsidiary	(Sales)	(4,523,454)	(47)%	90 days	-		1,360,832	75%	Note 2
Hitron Technologies	Hitron Europe	Subsidiary company to subsidiary	(Sales)	(651,702)	(7)%	90 days	-		111,182	6%	Note 2
Hitran Vietnam	Hitron Technology	Subsidiary company to subsidiary	(Sales)	(5,956,885)	(61)%	90 days	-		634,323	35%	Note 2
Hitron Suzhou	Hitron Vietnam	Subsidiary company to subsidiary	(Sales)	(153,206)	(2)%	90 days			-		Note 2

Note 1: please refer Note 7 for the detail of Significant related-party transactions.

Note 2: The relevant transactions and ending balance were eliminated in the comprehensive financial reports.

Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of \$100 million or 20% of the capital stock December 31, 2021

Table 6 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of		Nature of	Ending	Turnover	Ove	rdue	Amounts received in	Loss	Note
company	Counter-party	relationship	balance	rate	Amount	Action taken	subsequent period(note 1)	Allowance	
Alpha	Alpha USA	Subsidiary of Alpha	852,899	4.79	-	-	603,794	-	note 2
Alpha	Alpha HK	Subsidiary of Alpha	305,125	=	87,427	-	-	-	note 2
D-Link Asia	Alpha	Subsidiary company to parent	349,133	3.59	-	-	349,133	-	note 2
Alpha Changshu	Alpha	Subsidiary company to parent	372,631	8.96	3	-	372,631	-	note 2
Alpha Dongguan	D-Link Asia	Subsidiary company to subsidiary	377,082	3.54	593	-	353,585	-	note 2
Alpha Changshu	Mirac	Subsidiary company to subsidiary	127,369	4.26	-	-	113,860	-	note 2
Alpha HK	Alpha Changshu	Subsidiary company to subsidiary	1,307,227	6.51	171,243	-	608,075	-	note 2
D-Link Asia	Alpha Dongguan	Subsidiary company to subsidiary	548,197	3.01	12,540	-	458,311	-	note 2
Hitron Technologies	Hitron Americas	Subsidiary company to subsidiary	1,360,832	2.79	-		523,845	-	note 2
Hitron Technologies	Hitron Europe	Subsidiary company to subsidiary	111,182	3.60	-		27,839	-	note 2
Hitron Technologies	Hitron Vietnam	Subsidiary company to subsidiary	1,270,467	-	-		485,180	-	note 2
Hitron Vietnam	Hitron Technologies	Subsidiary company to subsidiary	634,323	7.06	-		634,323	-	note 2

Note 1: The collection situation as of February 18, 2022.

Note 2: The relevant transactions and ending balance were eliminated in the comprehensive financial reports.

Alpha Networks Inc. and Subsidiaries Business relationships and significant intercompany transactions For the year ended December 31, 2021

Table 7

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Intercompany transactions							
No.	Name of company	Name of counter-party	Nature of relationship Account Amount		Payment terms	Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total assets					
0	Alpha	Alpha USA	Parent company to Subsidiary	Sales	4,760,796	-	17.09%				
0	Alpha	Alpha USA	Parent company to Subsidiary	Accounts receivable from related parties	852,899	90 days	3.45%				
0	Alpha	Alpha Changshu	Parent company to Subsidiary	Purchase	6,329,794	-	22.72%				
0	Alpha	Alpha Changshu	Parent company to Subsidiary	Accounts payable to related parties	372,631	90 days	1.51%				
0	Alpha	D-Link Asia	Parent company to Subsidiary	Purchase	5,541,952	-	19.89%				
0	Alpha	D-Link Asia	Parent company to Subsidiary	Accounts payable to related parties	349,133	90 days	1.41%				
1	Alpha HK	Alpha Changshu	Subsidiary company to Subsidiary	Sales	7,407,351	-	26.60%				
3	Alpha HK	Alpha Changshu	Subsidiary company to Subsidiary	Accounts receivable from related parties	1,307,227	90 days	5.29%				
2	D-Link Asia	Alpha Dongguan	Subsidiary company to Subsidiary	Purchase	5,541,952	-	19.89%				
3	D-Link Asia	Alpha Dongguan	Subsidiary company to Subsidiary	Account payable to related parties	377,082	90 days	1.52%				
4	Alpha Changshu	Mirac	Subsidiary company to Subsidiary	Sales	606,216	-	2.18%				
4	Hitron Technologies	Hitron Europe	Subsidiary company to Subsidiary	Sales	651,702	60 days	2.34%				
4	Hitron Technologies	Hitron Americas	Subsidiary company to Subsidiary	Sales	4,523,454	-	16.24%				
8	Hitron Technologies	Hitron Americas	Subsidiary company to Subsidiary	Accounts receivable from related parties	1,360,832	90 days	5.50%				
4	Hitron Technologies	Hitron Vietnam	Subsidiary company to Subsidiary	Other receivables	1,270,467	60 days	5.14%				
5	Hitron Suzhou	Hitron Technologies	Subsidiary company to Subsidiary	Sales	812,542	-	2.92%				
6	Hitron Vietnam	Hitron Technologies	Subsidiary company to Subsidiary	Sales	5,956,885		21.38%				
6	Hitron Vietnam	Hitron Technologies	Subsidiary company to Subsidiary	Accounts receivable from related parties	634,323	60 days	2.56%				

Note: The significant intercompany transactions in this table reach 1% of Group revenue or total assets.

Information on investees (excluding information on investees in Mainland China)

For the year ended December 31, 2021

Table 8

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Original inves	tment amount	Balance as	of Decembe	r 31, 2021	Highest	Net	Share of	
Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	Main businesses and products	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	Shares (thousands)	Percentage of ownership	Carrying value	Percentage of ownership	income (losses) of investee	profits/ losses of investee	Note
Alpha	Alpha Holdings	Cayman Islands	Investment holding	203,372	203,372	6,464	100.00 %	(21,344)	100 %	2,447	2,447	
Alpha	Alpha Solutions	Japan	Sale of network equipment, components and technical services	5,543	5,543	1	100.00 %	19,408	100 %	244	244	
Alpha	Alpha USA	CA USA	Sale, marketing and procurement service in USA	51,092	51,092	1,500	100.00 %	138,491	100 %	2,436	2,436	
Alpha	Alpha HK	Hong Kong	Investment holding	3,143,628	3,143,628	780,911	100.00 %	2,257,173	100 %	63,150	68,412	1 1
Alpha	ATS	CA USA	Post-cale service	260,497 (USD8,100 thousand)	260,497 (USD8,100 thousand)	8,100	100.00 %	167,336	100 %	1,544	1,544	
Alpha	Enrich Investment	Taiwan	Investment holding	320,000	240,000	32,000	100.00 %	232,522	100 %	(113)	(113)	
Alpha	Hitron Technologies	Taiwan	Marketing on system integration of communication product and telecommunication products	4,811,000	4,811,000	200	62.24 %	3,893,949	62.24 %	71,582	(7,880)	
Alpha	D-Link Asia	Singapore	Investment in manufacturing business	1,692,805 (note 2)	1,692,805 (note 2)	86,946	100.00 %	1,765,629	100 %	763	619	
Enrich Investment	Interactive Digital	Taiwan	Telecommunication and broadband network system services	189,523	189,523	2,575	6.64 %	115,599	6.83 %	260,654	note 1	
Enrich Investment	Transnet Corporation	Taiwan	Operating network communication products, provide support system services, integrated supply and import and export of network equipment	50,000	50,000	5,000	100.00 %	24,244	100 %	(11,278)	note 1	
Enrich Investment	Aespula	Taiwan	Sale of network equipment components and technical services	80,000	-	8,000	98.92 %	76,775	98.92 %	(3,225)	note 1 and 3	

				Original inves	tment amount	Balance as	of Decembe	r 31, 2021	Highest	Net	Share of	
Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	Main businesses and products	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	Shares (thousands)	Percentage of ownership	Carrying value	Percentage of ownership	(losses)	profits/ losses of investee	Note
Hitron Technologies	Hitron Samoa	Samoa	International trade	642,697	669,031	21,350	100.00 %	578,035	100 %	(136,704)	note 1	
Hitron Technologies	Interactive Digital	Taiwan	Telecommunication and broadband network system services	126,091	126,091	16,703	43.10 %	542,285	44.28 %	260,654	note 1	
Hitron Technologies	Hitron Europe	Netherlands	International trade	59,604	59,604	15	100.00 %	19,110	100 %	38,383	note 1	
Hitron Technologies	Hitron Americas	USA	International trade	90,082	90,082	300	100.00 %	201,533	100 %	54,936	note 1	
Hitron Technologies	Innoauto Technologies	Taiwan	Investments and automotive electronics products	20,000	50,000	2,000	100.00 %	3,631	100 %	(13,451)	note 1	
Hitron Technologies	Hitron Vietnam		Production and sale of broadband telecommunication products	1,511,735	550,355	-	100.00 %	1,471,906	100 %	118,353	note 1	

Note 1: Recognized by subsidiary.

Note 2: This includes the previous that D-link corporation investment in D-Link Asia by \$218,631 thousand.

Note 3: The percentage of ownership had included 87 thousand shares of preferred stock held by the original shareholders.

The names of investees in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, and other information For the year ended December 31, 2021

Table 9

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

(1) The names of investees in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, and other information

Name of investee	Main businesses and products	Total amount of paid-in capital	Method of investment	Accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2021	Investme	ent flows Inflow	Accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2021	Net income (losses) of the investee	Percentage of ownership	Highest percentage of ownership	Investment income (losses) (note 2)	Book value	Accumulated remittance of earnings in current period
	Research and development of network products	420,426	note 1	420,426	-	-	420,426	12,581	100.00%	100.00%	12,581	574,686	-
	Production and sale of network products	787,496	note 1	741,084	-	-	741,084 (note 6)	(15,378)	100.00%	100.00%	(15,378)	1,034,891	-
	Production and sale of network products	307,326	note 1	307,326	-	-	307,326	5,173	100.00%	100.00%	5,173	303,307	-
1	Production and sale of network products	1,925,920	note 1	1,925,920	-	-	1,925,920	111,028	100.00%	100.00%	111,028	1,347,371	-
	Production and sale of broadhand network products	641,763	note 1	641,763	-	-	641,763	(136,281)	100.00% (note 9)	100.00%	(136,281)	587,235	-
	Sale of broadband network products and related services	31,139	note 1	57,473	-	26,334	31,139	(422)	100.00% (note 9)	100.00%	(422)	3,713	-
Technologies	Technical consultation on electronic communication, technology research and development, maintenance and after-sale service	5,814 (USD200 thousands)	note 1	12,048	1	-	12,048	1,771	43.10% (notes 8 and 9)	44.28%	763	6,532	21,314

(2) Limitation on investment in Mainland China

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China	Investment Amounts Authorized by	
as of December 31, 2021	Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on Investment
3,261,784 note 3,4,7	4,123,685	note 5
684,950	684,950	2,817,973

- Note 1: Investment in companies in Mainland China through the existing companies in the third regions.
- Note 2: Amount was recognized based on the audited financial statements.
- Note 3: Accumulated investments in Alpha Dongguan did not include the previously invested by D-Link Corporation HKD69,387 thousand (equivalent to approximately \$303,055 thousand).
- Note 4: Alpha indirectly investment the subsidiary Tongying Trading (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd., has liquidated all rights and obligations in March 2008 and cancelled the registration. Accumulated investments \$9,828 thousand in Tongying Trading (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd., deducted the remittance amount of \$4,367 thousand equals \$5,461 thousand. It is still necessary to calculate the amount by the principle of Investment Commission, MOEA.
- Note 5: As the Company has obtained the certificate of being qualified for operating headquarters issued by Industrial Development Bureau, MOEA on March 2008, the upper limit on investment in mainland China pursuant to "Principle of investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China" is not applicable.
- Note 6: The investment of \$46,412 thousand by D-Link Asia's own funds, so it does not count the accumulated investment amount from Taiwan at the end of the period.
- Note 7: The investment of \$164,622 thousand by Alpha HK's own funds, so it does not count the accumulated investment amount from Taiwan at the end of the period. Maintrend shareholders' meeting approved the dissolution and liquidation on January 12, 2016. The dissolution and liquidation procedures were completed on July 23, 2018.
- Note 8: Hwa Chi is a China based investment company which invested Hitron (Samoa) through Alpha, however, it has switched to invest through Interactive Digital due to the Group's restructuring decision resolved in year 2012.
- Note 9: This refers to the direct or indirect shares holding by Hitron technologies.