



George Yeh President



Safe Harbor Statement



This presentation contains forward-looking statements regarding future events and the future performance of Taiwan Liposome Company that involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially. These statements are based on management's current beliefs and expectations. These statements include but are not limited to statements that relate to our business and its future, our strategy, the success of our drug candidates, the safety and efficacy of our drug products, product approvals, market potential, product sales, revenue, development, regulatory and approval timelines, product launches, product acquisitions, capital resources and any statements that relate to the intent, belief, plans or expectations of Spectrum or its management, or that are not a statement of historical fact.

Risks that could cause actual results to differ include the possibility that our existing and new drug candidates may not prove safe or effective, the possibility that our existing and new drug candidates may not receive approval from regulatory agencies in a timely manner or at all, the possibility that our existing and new drug candidates, if approved, may not be more effective, safer or more cost efficient than competing drugs, the possibility that price and other competitive pressures may make the marketing and sale of our drugs not commercially feasible, the possibility that our efforts to acquire or in-license and develop additional drug candidates may fail, our lack of sustained revenue history, our limited experience in establishing strategic alliances, our limited marketing experience, our customer concentration, the possibility for fluctuations in customer orders, evolving market dynamics, our dependence on third parties for clinical trials, manufacturing, distribution, information and quality control and other risks that are described in further detail in the Company's reports filed with Taipei Exchange. We do not plan to update any such forward-looking statements and expressly disclaim any duty to update the information contained in this presentation except as required by law.

TLC at a Glance



Technology

- World's first multilamellar and multivesicular lipid formulation (BioSeizer™) in OA and ophthalmology that...
 - can be easy applied to both small/large molecules
 - has both fast onset and sustained release capabilities up to 6 months
 - is capable of reproducible and scalable production (>400L)
 - bypasses aseptic manufacturing process » lower COGS
 - has strong intellectual property position over 100 patents worldwide

Product Pipeline

- 4 clinical assets targeted for pivotal stages by 2019
- Library of 50+ compounds with systemized development process [1 US IND/18mo]

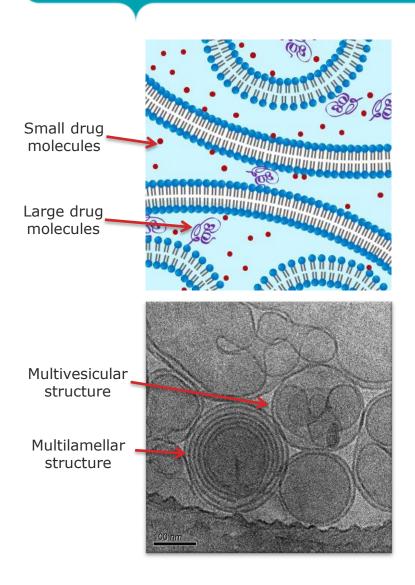
People

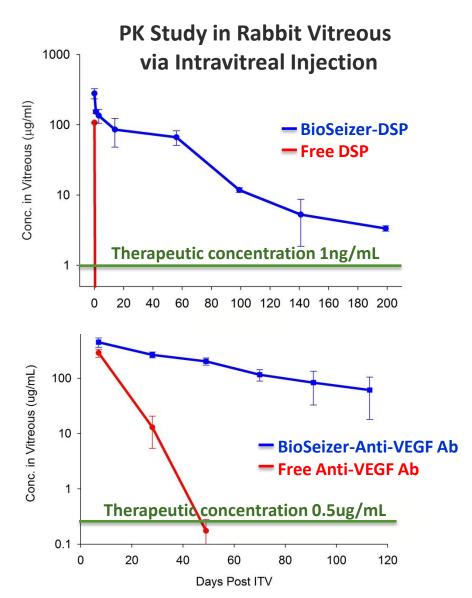
- Over 30 PhDs/MDs on staff; 150+ years of combined experience in in research, development, and manufacturing of lipid formulations
- Led by Dr. Keelung Hong, 35+ years of experience in lipids
 - UC Berkley, Stanford, UCSF Liposome Research Lab
 - Founder / Chairman of TLC (4152:TWO)
 - Founder of Hermes Bio [acquired by Merrimack(NASDAQ: MACK) Onivyde®]
 - Scientific Advisor to Sequus [acquired by ALZA(NYSE: AZA » JNJ) Doxil®]

Listed on Taipei Exchange since Dec 2012 (4152:TWO)

Awarded "Top 5% in Corporate Governance Evaluation" initiated by TWSE and TPEx

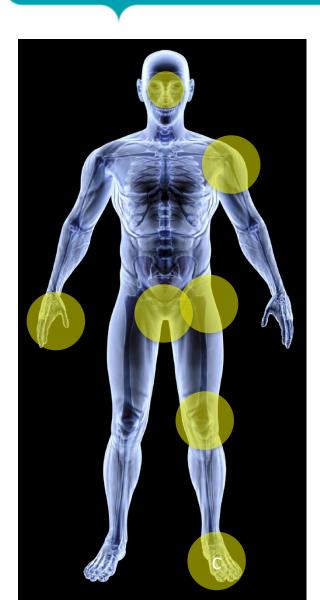
BioSiezerTM Sustained Release Delivery **tlc**⁶⁷





BioSiezerTM Applications





Intravitreal (eye) injection

- Age-related macular degeneration, diabetic macular edema, retinal vein occlusion
- Targeting 1 injection/6 months
- Phase II in progress

Intra-articular (joint) injection

- Osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, musculoskeletal injuries
- Targeting 1 injection/6 months
- Phase II in progress

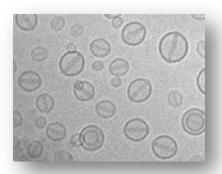
Local infiltration (nerve endings)

- Bunionectomy, hemorrhoidectomy, hernia, nerve block
- Targeting 1 injection/3 days instead of hours
- US IND in Q1 2018

Our proprietary BioSiezer[™] technology can also be expanded to other tissues in the human body.

NanoXTM Targeted Delivery





NanoXTM

- -80-120nm + >90% encapsulated
- -Applied both small & large molecules
- -No organic solvents (denture targeting moiety
- -Robust, scalable, reproducible manufacturing





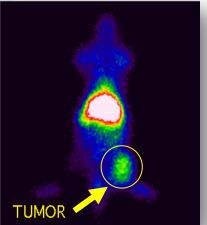


Tissue + Cellular **Targeting**



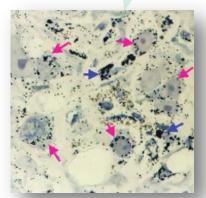


Cytotoxic/Molecular **Targeting**



In-111-loaded NanoXTM

Nanoparticles deliver drug to tumor to reduce peripheral tox

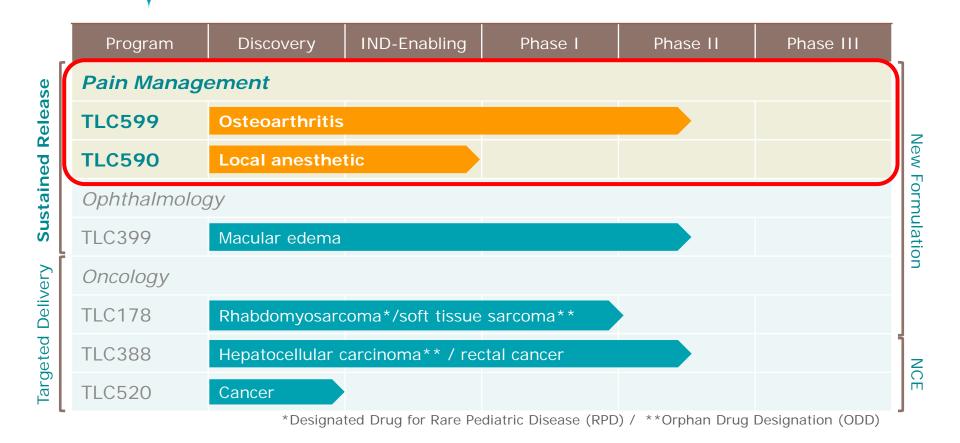


Antibody conjugated NanoXTM

Her 2+ overexpressing cancer cells internalization with variable payload with > 50 molecules/antibody

TLC Pipeline





Approved products in Taiwan:

Ampholipad	ProFlow™	Lipo-Dox™	
Systemic fungal	PAD, Diabetic neuropathy &	Breast & ovarian	
infection	ulcer	cancer	



Osteoarthritis Pain Program

TLC599: BioSeizer™ Sustained Release

Dexamethasone for Knee OA

Challenges in IA Treatments for OA



Current IA treatments have short retention and rapid

clearance in joint: Drug delivery systems should address shortcomings of rapid clearance by increasing the drug residence time in the synovial cavity and ensuring sustained release and slow absorption of the active substance in the joint. (Expert Opin. Drug Deliv. 2014; 11(2):269-282)

Crystal induced synovitis: Microcrystalline aggregates, which are larger in size, induce a stronger inflammatory response. (CCJM. 2006; 73:897-911; AJO. 2016. Mar/Apr: 108-111).

Cartilage Cell Death: An human chondrocyte viability in vitro study was evaluated the effect of dexamethasone sodium phosphate, methylprednisolone acetate, betamethasone sodium phosphate and betamethasone acetate, and triamcinolone acetonide. (Knee Surg Sports Traumatol Arthrosc. 2012; 20:1809–1814)

Immediate onset is important in OA treatments: Many

of the interventions we prescribe-particularly weight loss and exercise-take some time to take effect and with that patients can become discouraged. Having a product with immediate effects provides some much-needed relief from long-standing symptoms for many patients. (*Professor. David Hunter*)

Professor David Hunter

MBBS (Hons), MSc (Clin Epi), M SpMed, PhD, FRACP (Rheum)
Florance and Cope Chair of Rheumatology
Chair of Institute of Bone and Joint Research
Professor of Medicine, University of Sydney



TLC599 Target Product Profile



Product Candidate Information

- World's 1st multilamellar and multivesicular lipid formulation of dexamethasone sodium phosphate (DSP) for osteoarthritis (OA)
- Provides fast onset and sustained release of up to 6 months

Current IA Therapies for Moderate OA

- Corticosteroid injection every 1-3mo: usually only 2-3 weeks efficacy; adverse effects include chondrotoxicity
- Hyaluronic acid injection every 1-4mo : inconclusive efficacy

Regulatory Pathway

•NDA - 505(b)(2)

Developent Stage

Phase II

TLC599 Competitive Advantages

- Better efficacy fast, immediate onset + sustained pain relief
- High drug potency no synovial fluid aspiration prior to injection
- <u>Less local & systemic toxicity</u> minimal cartilage damage & chondrotoxicity + safe cortisol levels
- <u>Better convenience</u> injection made with small 30G needle and a simple single-vial product with 2-year stability
- Repeat dosing possible
- Streamlined processes to <u>reduce manufacturing cost</u> lower risk of foreign particulate and bypassed aseptic process
- Worldwide patents well into 2033

TLC599 Design Rationale

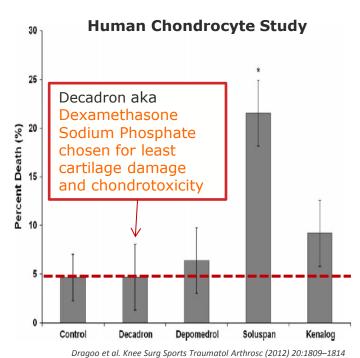


Desired Effect	Rationale	TLC599 Design
Fast-acting	Immediate pain relief	Optimized % of free drug to provide immediate therapeutic effect
Long-lasting	Longer drug retention = lower dose frequency	MVV and MLV capable of trapping and controlling release of hydrophilic molecules for up to 6 months
Minimal cartilage damage	Precise choice of API	Soluble steroid with low chondrotoxicity – DSP
Avoid comorbidity	Avoid complications of systemic steroid level in diabetic patients	Retention of steroids in joint leading to low systemic penetration
Optimized particle size	Particles <0.25µm escape freely from joint cavity; particles 1-4µm are phagocytosed by synovial macrophage	Optimized particles (0.4-0.5µm) ensure no escape from joint or phagocytosis; filter filtration process » lower contamination risk » lower COGS
Broader usage for drug administration	To reduce complications such as synovitis, calcifications, or to treat smaller joints	Flexibility in needle sizes: from 21G to 30G

API Selection / Chondrotoxicity



1. In Vitro



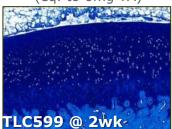
3. Human

In a recent study of patients with symptomatic knee osteoarthritis, TA resulted in significantly greater cartilage volume loss.

(JAMA. 2017; 317(19): 1967-1975)

TLC599 Repeated Doses

Rabbit: 1.2mg DSP (eq. to 6mg TA)







Toluidine Blue Stain

2. In Vivo

TLC599 Single Dose

Dog: 12mg DSP (eq. to 60mg TA)



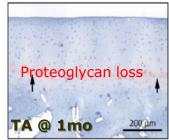


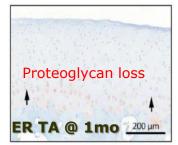


TA & ER TA Single Dose

Dog: 18.75mg TA







Safranin O Stain



TLC5991001

A Randomized, Open-label, Parallel, Phase I/II Single-Dose Administration Trial of TLC599 in Subjects with Osteoarthritis of the Knee

Study Objectives



Primary objective:

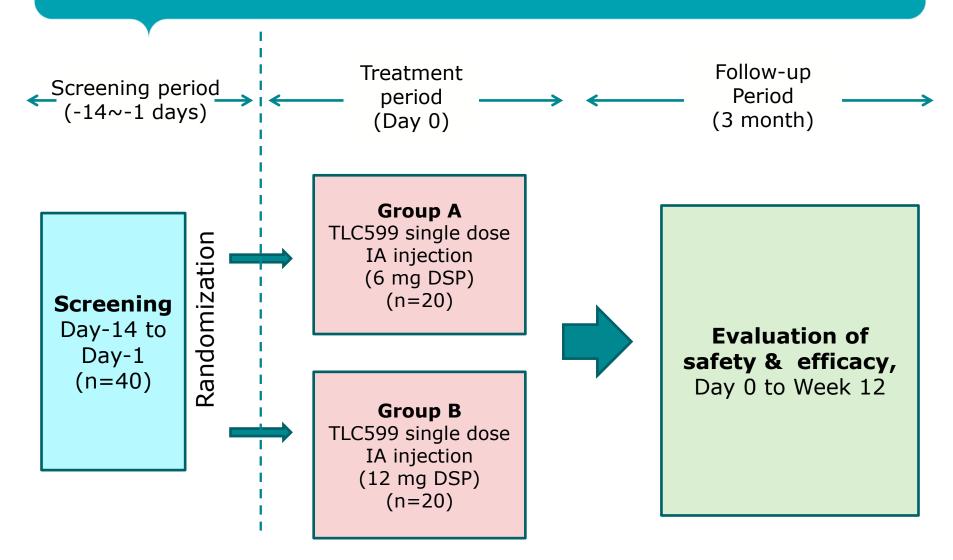
 To evaluate the safety and tolerability profile of TLC599 with two dose levels of DSP lipid formulation

Secondary objective:

- Efficacy evaluation using the following:
 - Pain score in VAS
 - WOMAC score
 - IGART questionnaire
- Change from baseline, ≥30% and 50% decrease in the VAS and WOMAC
- Plasma cortisol

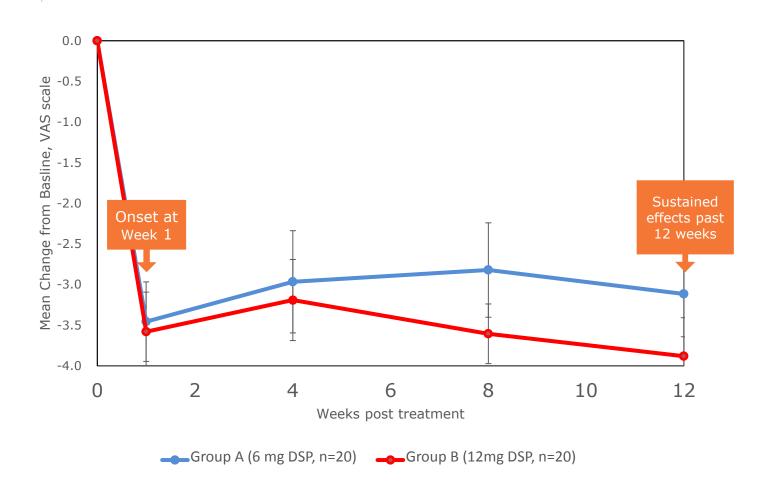
Study Design





VAS Pain Score

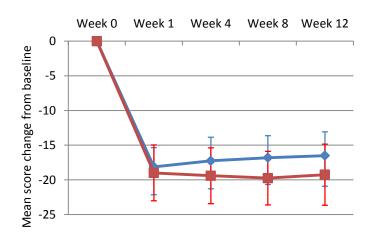




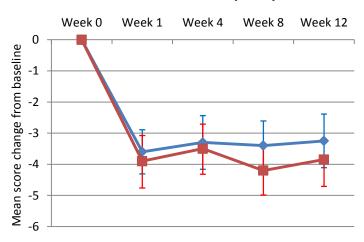
TLC599 shows faster onset and sustained release capabilities

Change in WOMAC Score from Baseline tlc

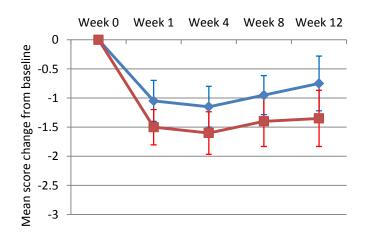
WOMAC (Total)



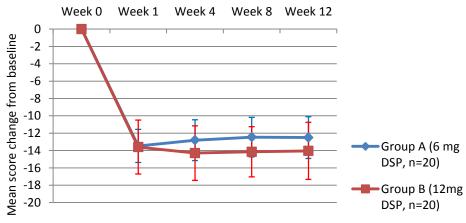
WOMAC (Pain)



WOMAC (Stiffness)



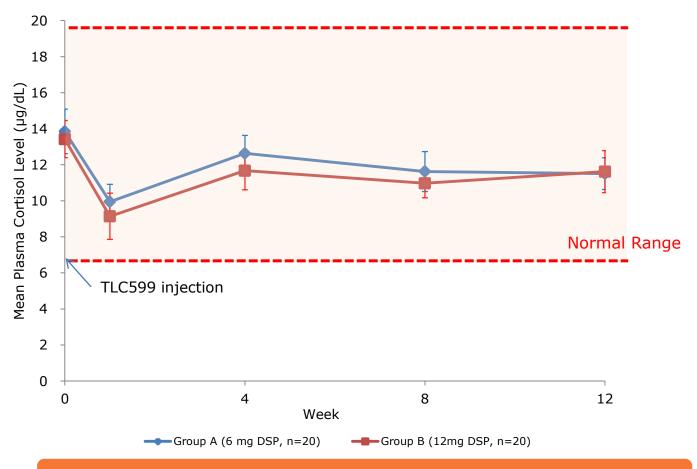
WOMAC (Physical Function)



Plasma Cortisol



Cortisol is monitored due to its role in blood sugar metabolism and in the body's response to stress.



Most cortisol levels within normal range

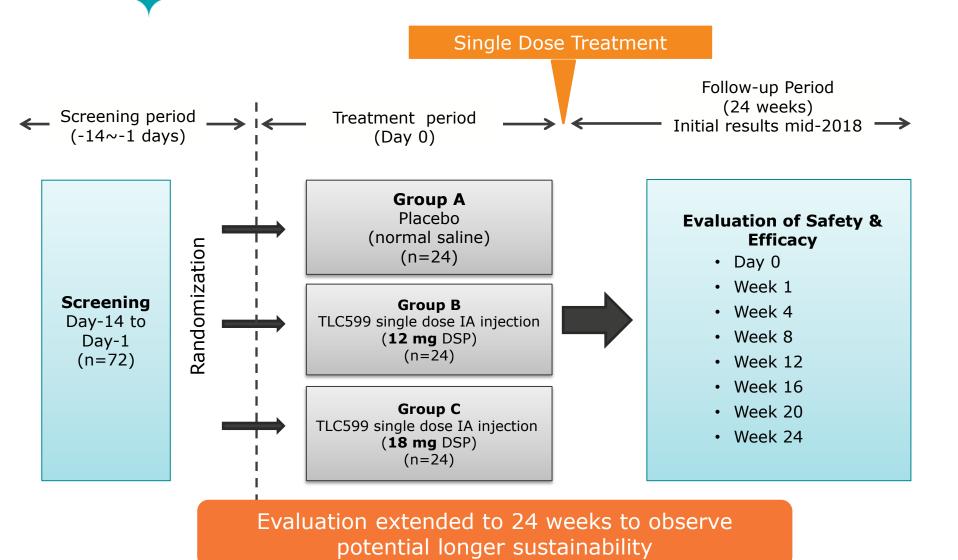
Comparison – TA & DSP



Drug	TA	ER TA	DSP	TLC599 (ER DSP)
Steroid Potency	Low	Low	High	High
Side Effect- Crystal Induced Synovitis	Yes	Yes	No	No
Chondrotoxicity	High	High	Low	Low
Onset	Slow	Slow	Fast	Fast
Sustained Release	Mid	Yes	No	Yes
Aseptic Manufacturing Process	Sterilization	Whole process, from raw material to final product	Sterilization	Sterile filtration
Risk of Foreign Particulate	Low	High	Low	Low

Ongoing TLC599 Phase II Study





TLC599 Summary





- World's 1st multilamellar and multivesicular lipid formulation of dexamethasone sodium phosphate for OA
- Better efficacy showed fast onset and sustained release capabilities in pain relief for at least 12 weeks in Phase I/II study
- High drug load with high potency drug; minimize injection volume to further reduce distension pain + no synovial fluid aspiration prior to injection
- Less local & systemic toxicity, no cartilage damage & chondrotoxicity in repeated-dose animal study over 3 mo. + safe cortisol levels in clinical trial
- Better convenience + broader usage flexibility in injectable needle sizes from 21G-30G » can treat smaller joints
- Optimized particle size between 0.4-0.5µm » does not escape from joint » is not phagocytosed » sterile filtration » lower contamination » reduced costs
- Ongoing phase II study with 24-week evaluation period;
 topline result is expected mid-2018
- Strong IP protection + Manufacture know-how



Post-Surgical Pain Program

TLC590: BioSeizer™ Sustained Release Ropivacaine in Multilamellar Liposome for Infiltration Injection

TLC590 Target Product Profile



Target Product Profile

- BioSeizer™ ropivacaine in multi-lamellar liposome for infiltration injection
- Just one shot provides quick and effective post-surgical pain management for <u>up to 3 days</u> after surgery

Current
Treatments
for PostSurgical Pain

- Opioids
- Local anesthetics lidocaine, bupivacaine multi-vesicular liposomes
- Non-opioid pain reliever
- Elastomeric pump & patient controlled analgesia

TLC590 Competitive Advantages

- Safer API: <u>less cardiovascular and central nervous system</u> <u>toxicity</u> compared to bupivacaine
- Fast, immediate onset with extended pain relief to reduce opioid usage post-surgery and avoid addiction
- Lower production costs

Regulatory Pathway

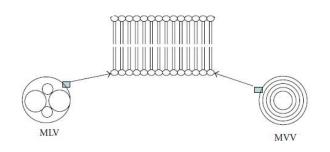
•NDA - 505(b)(2)

Development Stage

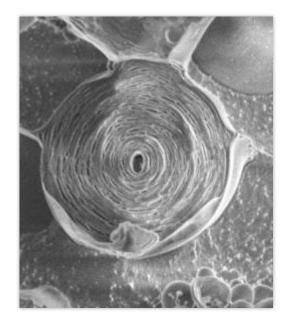
• U.S. IND submission in 1Q 2018

BioSeizer[™] for Post-Surgical Pain





 Vesicles enclosed by cell membranelike bilayer, not as rigid as polymeric particles



- MVV and dense layers capable of high concentration drug loading and controlling release of amphiphilic molecule
- Administered into local site, providing immediate onset and sustained therapeutic concentration

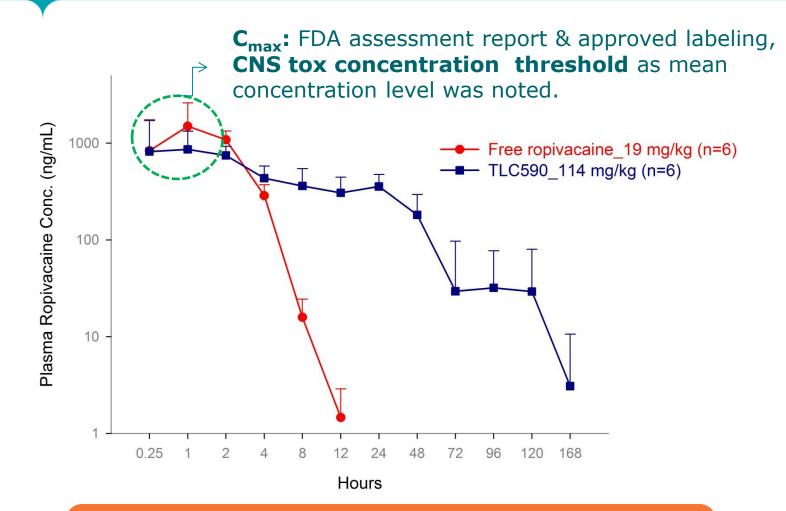
Bupivacaine vs. Ropivacaine



Drug	Bupivacaine	ER Bup.	Ropivacaine	TLC590 (ER Rop.)
API Potency- Sensory Block	Similar	Similar	Similar	Similar
LAST-CNS Toxicity	High	High	Low	Low
LAST- Cardiovascular Toxicity	High	High	Low	Low
Onset	Fast	Slow	Fast	Fast
Sustained Release	No	Yes	No	Yes
Aseptic Manufacturing Process	Sterilization	Whole process	Sterilization	Sterile filtration
Risk of Foreign Particulate	Low	High	Low	Low

TLC590 PK Profile in Rats via SC Injection tlc





TLC590_114mg compared to free ropivacaine_19mg: Similar Cmax but 30 times the half life, suggesting >72 hours clinical effectiveness

TLC590 Summary





- TLC590 is a multivesicular and dense layer lipid formulation for ropivacaine drug loading
- Less toxicity with ropivacaine as API compared with bupivacaine
- Scalable and reproducible manufacturing process bypass aseptic process, targeting lower COGS.
- TLC590 has shown extended release profile in rat PK study with over 72hrs.
- TLC to submit IND in 1Q 2018 based on FDA pre-IND meeting
- Strong IP protection + Manufacture knowhow

To Sum up TLC...



Focus

Lipid-based DDS platforms for targeted and sustained release delivery

Strategy

- Validated technology currently applied to carefully selected programs in pain management, ophthalmology and oncology
- Preclinical studies efficiently executed in Taiwan; IND-enabling and advancement of programs in U.S. and other high value markets
- 100+ patents worldwide

Pipeline

- 3 products approved/marketed in Asia & partnered globally (e.g. Sandoz)
- TLC599 in osteoarthritis in Phase II study; topline data mid-2018
- TLC590 in Post-Surgical Pain Phase I/II 2Q2018
- TLC399 in macular edema in Phase II study; topline data 4Q 2018
- TLC178 RMS Phase I/II initiation in 2Q 2018

Corporate

- Partnerships signed with Sandoz and Asian pharma companies
- ~US\$47 million cash as of June 30, 2017
- Listed on Taipei Exchange since 2013 (4152:TWO)
- Market cap: ~ US\$170 million

Thank You

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