

**D-LINK CORPORATION
AND SUBSIDIARIES**

Consolidated Financial Statements

**With Independent Auditors' Report
For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024**

The independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

Table of contents

Contents	Page
1. Cover Page	1
2. Table of Contents	2
3. Representation Letter	3
4. Independent Auditors' Report	4
5. Consolidated Balance Sheets	5
6. Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	6
7. Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity	7
8. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	8
9. Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	
(1) Company history	9
(2) Approval date and procedures of the consolidated financial statements	9
(3) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted	9~11
(4) Summary of material accounting policies	11~33
(5) Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty	33
(6) Explanation of significant accounts	34~78
(7) Related-party transactions	79~82
(8) Pledged assets	83
(9) Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized commitments	83
(10) Losses Due to Major Disasters	84
(11) Subsequent Events	84
(12) Other	84
(13) Other disclosures	
(a) Information on significant transactions	85~89
(b) Information on investees	90~93
(c) Information on investment in mainland China	93~94
(14) Segment information	94~96

Representation Letter

The entities that are required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of D-Link Corporation as of and for the year ended December 31, 2025 under the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports, and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards No. 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements." endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China. In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, D-Link Corporation and subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of consolidated financial statements.

Company name: D-Link Corporation

Chairman: Kuo, Chin-Ho

Date: March 10, 2026



安侯建業聯合會計師事務所
KPMG

台北市110615信義路5段7號68樓(台北101大樓)
68F., TAIPEI 101 TOWER, No. 7, Sec. 5,
Xinyi Road, Taipei City 110615, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

電話 Tel + 886 2 8101 6666
傳真 Fax + 886 2 8101 6667
網址 Web kpmg.com/tw

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of D-Link Corporation:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of D-Link Corporation and its subsidiaries which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of another auditor (please refer to Other Matter paragraph), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of D-Link Corporation and its subsidiaries as at December 31, 2025 and 2024, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRSs”), International Accounting Standards (“IASs”), Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (“IFRIC”) or the former Standing Interpretations Committee (“SIC”) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the D-Link Corporation and its subsidiaries in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Account of Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. Based on our audits and the report of another auditor, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Other Matters

We did not audit the financial statements of D-Link International Pte. Ltd., D-Link (Europe) Ltd. and D-Link Middle East FZE, subsidiaries of D-Link Corporation as of and for the year ended December 31, 2025 and 2024. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for above subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of other auditors. The financial statements of above subsidiaries reflect the total assets constituting 18% and 19% of the consolidated total assets at December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and the total revenues constituting 30% and 35% of the consolidated total revenues for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

D-Link Corporation has prepared its parent-company-only financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, on which we have issued an unmodified opinion with other matters paragraph.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

1. Valuation of inventories

Please refer to Note 4(i) for accounting policy of inventory, Note 5(b) for accounting estimations and assumption uncertainty of inventory valuation, and Note 6(e) for the write-down of inventories to net realizable value.

Key Audit Matter Explanation:

Most inventories of D-Link Corporation and its subsidiaries are internet solution products, which are measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value. As a result of competitive and rapidly changing environment where D-Link Corporation and its subsidiaries are located in, its internet solution products may become out-of-date and can no longer meet the market needs, resulting in a fluctuation in the market needs and the price of these products. The estimation of the net realizable value involves a subjective judgment of the Consolidated Company's management, which results in a risk that inventory cost may exceed its net realizable value.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

For valuation of inventories, we observed the physical count of inventories at year end to inspect the condition of inventories; reviewed the inventory aging reports; review the net realizable value basis adopted by the Consolidated Company's management to verify whether the allowance for obsolete inventory estimated by the Company is in accordance with the inventory provision policy. We also assessed the appropriateness of the Consolidated Company's relevant disclosure of inventories.

2. Revenue recognition

Please refer to Note 4(r) for accounting policy of revenue recognition and Note 6(w) for sales details of the consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matter Explanation:

D-Link Corporation and its subsidiaries sell internet related products and services, and aims to offer high-quality internet solution proposals to global consumers and enterprises. Revenue is the key performance indicator to evaluate the Consolidated Company's performance. Consequently, we have determined revenue recognition to be a key audit matter.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

We tested the effectiveness of the Consolidated Company's controls on revenue recognition; evaluated whether the terms of sale were consistent with the accounting standards and checked relevant sales documents; analyzed and compared the changes in sales to major customers to assess the reasonableness of revenue recognition.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the IFRSs, IASs, IFRIC, SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing D-Link Corporation and its subsidiaries' ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate D-Link Corporation and its subsidiaries or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing D-Link Corporation and its subsidiaries' financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of D-Link Corporation and its subsidiaries' internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on D-Link Corporation and its subsidiaries' ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause D-Link Corporation and its subsidiaries to cease to continue as a going concern.

5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Consolidated Company to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remained solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Mei, Yuan-Chen and Chang, Shu-Ying.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China)

March 10, 2026

Notes to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' audit report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' audit report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**Consolidated Balance Sheets****December 31, 2025 and 2024****(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)**

Assets		December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024		Liabilities and Equity		December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
		Amount	%	Amount	%			Amount	%	Amount	%
Current assets:						Current liabilities:					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (notes 6(a) and (aa))	\$ 3,171,235	20	4,416,806	27	2100	Short-term borrowings (notes 6(m) and (aa))	\$ 340,272	2	-	-
1110	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss — current (notes 6(b) and (aa))	778,864	5	767,446	5	2120	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss — current (notes 6(b) and (aa))	9,539	-	4,402	-
1150	Notes receivable, net (notes 6(c) and (aa))	1,113	-	11,748	-	2130	Current contract liabilities (note 6(w))	148,571	1	141,379	1
1170	Accounts receivable, net (notes 6(c) and (aa))	2,978,943	19	2,880,372	17	2150	Notes payable (note 6(aa))	40	-	575	-
1180	Accounts receivable due from related parties, net (notes 6(c), (aa) and 7)	15,037	-	431	-	2170	Accounts payable (note 6(aa))	1,704,992	11	1,833,852	11
1197	Finance lease payment receivable (notes 6(d) and (aa))	38,317	-	41,045	-	2180	Accounts payable to related parties (notes 6(aa) and 7)	163,800	1	183,654	1
1200	Other receivables (notes 6(c), (aa) and 7)	59,916	-	44,425	-	2200	Other payables (notes 6(n), (aa) and 7)	1,119,461	7	994,929	6
1220	Current tax assets	68,939	-	29,587	-	2230	Current tax liabilities	15,093	-	19,979	-
130X	Inventories (note 6(e))	2,936,686	19	2,543,978	16	2250	Current provisions (note 6(p))	167,714	1	134,803	1
1421	Prepayment for purchase (note 7)	24,336	-	57,813	-	2280	Current lease liabilities (notes 6(o) and (aa))	122,924	1	166,040	1
1470	Other current assets (notes 6(aa), 7 and 8)	348,496	3	761,732	5	2320	Current portion of long-term liabilities (notes 6(m) and (aa))	48,000	-	87,032	-
		<u>10,421,882</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>11,555,383</u>	<u>70</u>	2365	Current refund liability (note 6(q))	340,618	2	418,961	3
						2399	Other current liabilities	70,746	1	87,071	1
								<u>4,251,770</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>4,072,677</u>	<u>25</u>
Non-current assets:						Non-Current liabilities:					
1510	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss — non-current (notes 6(b) and (aa))	1,223,579	8	532,685	3	2540	Long-term borrowings (notes 6(m) and (aa))	393,849	3	441,849	3
1517	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income — non-current (notes 6(b) and (aa))	151,615	1	179,057	1	2570	Deferred tax liabilities (note 6(t))	71,227	-	92,656	1
1600	Property, plant and equipment (notes 6(h), 7 and 8)	2,307,381	14	2,310,350	14	2580	Non-current lease liabilities (notes 6(o) and (aa))	134,966	1	177,553	1
1755	Right-of-use assets (note 6(i))	210,500	1	254,382	2	2600	Other non-current liabilities (notes 6(f) and (aa))	218,407	1	205,675	1
1760	Investment property, net (notes 6(j) and (aa))	37,291	-	37,687	-			818,449	5	917,733	6
1780	Intangible assets (notes 6(k) and 7)	772,542	5	816,944	5			<u>5,070,219</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>4,990,410</u>	<u>31</u>
1840	Deferred tax assets (note 6(t))	438,533	3	487,252	3	Total liabilities					
1990	Other non-current assets (notes 6(aa) and 8)	260,186	2	276,849	2	Equity attributable to owners of parent: (note 6(u))					
194D	Long-term lease payment receivable, net (notes 6(d) and (aa))	-	-	39,976	-	3110	Ordinary shares	6,022,424	38	6,024,275	37
		<u>5,401,627</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>4,935,182</u>	<u>30</u>	3200	Capital surplus	1,349,634	9	1,364,834	8
							Retained earnings:				
						3310	Legal reserve	2,203,730	14	2,198,957	13
						3320	Special reserve	864,207	5	864,207	5
						3350	(Accumulated deficit) unappropriated retained earnings	(543,847)	(3)	47,728	1
								2,524,090	16	3,110,892	19
						3400	Other equity interest	(1,517,707)	(10)	(1,446,630)	(9)
						3500	Treasury shares	(82,823)	(1)	(82,823)	(1)
							Total equity attributable to owners of parent	8,295,618	52	8,970,548	54
						36XX	Non-controlling interests (notes 6(g) and (u))	2,457,672	16	2,529,607	15
							Total equity	10,753,290	68	11,500,155	69
Total assets		<u>\$ 15,823,509</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>16,490,565</u>	<u>100</u>	Total liabilities and equity		<u>\$ 15,823,509</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>16,490,565</u>	<u>100</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar, Except for Earnings Per Common Share)

	2025		2024	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	\$ 13,367,019	100	14,395,043	100
5000	10,079,104	75	10,690,753	74
	3,287,915	25	3,704,290	26
	Operating expenses: (notes 6(c), (o), (s), (x) and 7)			
6100	2,030,931	15	2,213,741	15
6200	985,479	8	919,049	7
6300	592,514	4	759,542	5
6450	16,673	-	12,117	-
	3,625,597	27	3,904,449	27
	(337,682)	(2)	(200,159)	(1)
	Net operating loss			
	Non-operating income and expenses:			
7100	105,406	1	129,676	1
7010	24,396	-	11,285	-
7020	59,385	-	471,878	3
7050	(26,130)	-	(33,439)	-
7060	(15,924)	-	(16,604)	-
	147,133	1	562,796	4
	(190,549)	(1)	362,637	3
7950	215,169	2	230,229	2
	(405,718)	(3)	132,408	1
	Other comprehensive (loss) income:			
8310	Components of other comprehensive (loss) income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (note 6(u))			
8311	6,751	-	14,019	-
8316	(8,718)	-	7,609	-
8349	-	-	-	-
	(1,967)	-	21,628	-
8360	Components of other comprehensive (loss) income that will be reclassified to profit or loss (notes 6(u) and (z))			
8361	(168,541)	(1)	272,001	2
8367	2,157	-	19	-
8370	(1,630)	-	321	-
8399	9,445	-	(56,703)	-
	(158,569)	(1)	215,638	2
8300	(160,536)	(1)	237,266	2
	\$ (566,254)	(4)	\$ 369,674	3
	Net (loss) profit attributable to:			
8610	\$ (539,535)	(4)	35,319	-
8620	133,817	1	97,089	1
	\$ (405,718)	(3)	\$ 132,408	1
	Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to:			
8710	\$ (623,913)	(4)	235,427	2
8720	57,659	-	134,247	1
	\$ (566,254)	(4)	\$ 369,674	3
	Basic (loss) earnings per share (New Taiwan dollars) (note 6(v))			
	\$ (0.90)		\$ 0.06	
	Diluted (loss) earnings per share (New Taiwan dollars) (note 6(v))			
	\$ (0.90)		\$ 0.06	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity****For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024****(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)**

	Equity attributable to owners of parent											
	Retained earnings					Total other equity interest						
	Ordinary shares	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Unearned Stock-Based Employee Compensation	Treasury shares	Total equity attributable to owners of parent	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 6,028,365	1,364,335	2,144,259	693,165	546,976	(1,557,495)	(17,004)	(40,110)	(82,823)	9,079,668	2,516,055	11,595,723
Net profit	-	-	-	-	35,319	-	-	-	-	35,319	97,089	132,408
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	12,409	180,082	7,617	-	-	200,108	37,158	237,266
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	47,728	180,082	7,617	-	-	235,427	134,247	369,674
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:												
Legal reserve appropriated	-	-	54,698	-	(54,698)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve appropriated	-	-	-	171,042	(171,042)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends of ordinary shares	-	-	-	-	(321,236)	-	-	-	-	(321,236)	-	(321,236)
Adjustments of capital surplus for the Company's cash dividends distribute to subsidiaries	-	1,210	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,210	-	1,210
Disposal of the subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	(48,373)	-	-	-	(48,373)	-	(48,373)
Changes in non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(120,695)	(120,695)
Retirement of expired employee restricted shares	(4,090)	4,090	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Compensation cost of employee restricted shares	-	(4,801)	-	-	-	-	-	28,653	-	23,852	-	23,852
Balance at December 31, 2024	6,024,275	1,364,834	2,198,957	864,207	47,728	(1,425,786)	(9,387)	(11,457)	(82,823)	8,970,548	2,529,607	11,500,155
Net (loss) profit	-	-	-	-	(539,535)	-	-	-	-	(539,535)	133,817	(405,718)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	5,606	(82,163)	(7,821)	-	-	(84,378)	(76,158)	(160,536)
Total comprehensive (loss) income	-	-	-	-	(533,929)	(82,163)	(7,821)	-	-	(623,913)	57,659	(566,254)
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:												
Legal reserve appropriated	-	-	4,773	-	(4,773)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends of ordinary shares	-	-	-	-	(42,955)	-	-	-	-	(42,955)	-	(42,955)
Cash distribution from capital surplus	-	(17,132)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(17,132)	-	(17,132)
Changes in equities of the Company's ownership interests in its subsidiaries	-	604	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	604	848	1,452
Adjustments of capital surplus for the Company's cash dividends distribute to subsidiaries	-	226	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	226	-	226
Changes in non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(130,442)	(130,442)
Retirement of expired employee restricted shares	(1,851)	1,851	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Compensation cost of employee restricted shares	-	(749)	-	-	-	-	-	8,989	-	8,240	-	8,240
Disposal of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	(9,918)	-	9,918	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2025	\$ 6,022,424	1,349,634	2,203,730	864,207	(543,847)	(1,507,949)	(7,290)	(2,468)	(82,823)	8,295,618	2,457,672	10,753,290

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows****For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024****(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)**

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
(Loss) profit before tax	\$ (190,549)	362,637
Adjustments:		
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):		
Depreciation expense	264,402	309,162
Amortization expense	58,628	45,504
Expected credit loss	16,673	12,117
Net gain on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(132,739)	(217,820)
Interest expense	26,130	33,439
Interest income	(105,406)	(129,676)
Dividend income	(17,340)	(1,885)
Compensation cost of share-based payment transaction	8,240	23,852
Share of loss of associates accounted for using equity method	15,924	16,604
Gain on disposal of investments	(52,745)	(92,987)
Impairment loss	38,000	-
Reversal of write-down loss of inventories to net realizable value	(59,716)	(396,086)
Other	230,236	35,032
Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)	<u>290,287</u>	<u>(362,744)</u>
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Increase in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	(275,880)
Decrease (increase) in notes receivable	10,635	(9,720)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(114,095)	201,850
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable due from related parties	(14,580)	2,255
Increase in other receivables	(15,306)	(14,927)
Decrease in lease payment receivable	39,064	37,700
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(385,983)	1,145,914
Decrease (increase) in prepayment for purchase	33,477	(12,760)
Decrease (increase) in other current assets	409,343	(59,995)
(Increase) decrease in other non-current assets	(23,814)	24,777
Total changes in operating assets	<u>(61,259)</u>	<u>1,039,214</u>
Increase (decrease) in current contract liabilities	7,192	(3,784)
(Decrease) increase in notes payable	(535)	499
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable	(128,860)	368,239
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable to related parties	(19,854)	63,295
Increase (decrease) in other payables	124,532	(80,921)
Decrease in current provisions	(51,416)	(31,565)
Decrease in current refund liabilities	(78,343)	(44,678)
Decrease in other current liabilities	(16,325)	(12,743)
Increase (decrease) in other non-current liabilities	22,258	(15,098)
Total changes in operating liabilities	<u>(141,351)</u>	<u>243,244</u>
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities	<u>(202,610)</u>	<u>1,282,458</u>
Total adjustments	<u>87,677</u>	<u>919,714</u>
Cash flows (used in) from operations	(102,872)	1,282,351
Interest received	105,406	129,676
Dividends received	17,155	1,885
Interest paid	(26,130)	(33,439)
Income taxes paid	(205,167)	(206,940)
Net cash flows (used in) from operating activities	<u>(211,608)</u>	<u>1,173,533</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	(149,700)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	20,755	-
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(2,994,426)	(96,892)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,419,325	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(121,556)	(61,221)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,582	1,849
Decrease in refundable deposits	40,297	2,369
Acquisition of intangible assets	(73,104)	(54,996)
Other investing activities	3,893	5,358
Net cash flows used in investing activities	<u>(703,234)</u>	<u>(353,233)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Increase in short-term borrowings	340,272	-
(Decrease) increase in guarantee deposits received	(20,329)	1,093
Payment of lease liabilities	(204,796)	(211,412)
Decrease in long-term borrowings	(87,032)	(122,151)
Cash dividends paid	(173,171)	(440,721)
Cash distribution from capital surplus	(17,132)	-
Net cash flows used in financing activities	<u>(162,188)</u>	<u>(773,191)</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	<u>(168,541)</u>	<u>272,001</u>
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	<u>(1,245,571)</u>	<u>319,110</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	<u>4,416,806</u>	<u>4,097,696</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	<u>\$ 3,171,235</u>	<u>4,416,806</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar, Unless Otherwise Specified)

(1) Company history

D-Link Corporation (the “Company”) was incorporated on June 20, 1987 under the approval of Ministry of Economic Affairs, Republic of China (“ROC”). The address of its registered office is No. 289, Xinhua 3rd Rd., Neihu Dist., Taipei City 114, Taiwan. The main operating activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as the “Consolidated Company”) include the research, development, and sale of computer network systems, wireless LAN products, and spare parts for integrated circuits.

(2) Approval date and procedures of the consolidated financial statements:

The accompanying consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for release by the Board of Directors on March 10, 2026.

(3) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted:

- (a) The impact of the International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) Accounting Standards endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (“FSC”), R.O.C. which have already been adopted.

The Consolidated Company has initially adopted the following new amendments, which do not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements, from January 1, 2025:

- Amendments to IAS21 “Lack of Exchangeability”
- Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 “Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments” regarding the application guidance requirements for Section 4.1 of IFRS 9 and the related disclosure requirements of IFRS 7

- (b) The impact of IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed by the FSC but not yet effective

The Consolidated Company assesses that the adoption of the following new amendments, effective for annual period beginning on January 1, 2026, would not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts” and amendments to IFRS 17
- Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 “Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments” regarding the application guidance requirements for Sections 3.1 and 3.3 of IFRS 9 and the related disclosure requirements of IFRS 7
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards—Volume 11
- Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 “Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity”

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

- (c) The impact of IFRS Accounting Standards issued IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

The following new and amended standards, which may be relevant to the Consolidated Company, have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), but have yet to be endorsed by the FSC:

Standards or Interpretations	Content of amendment	Effective date per IASB
IFRS 18 “Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements”	<p>The new standard introduces three categories of income and expenses, two income statement subtotals and one single note on management performance measures. The three amendments, combined with enhanced guidance on how to disaggregate information, set the stage for better and more consistent information for users, and will affect all the entities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● A more structured income statement: based on current standards, companies use different formats to present their results, making it difficult for investors to compare financial performance across different companies. The new standard adopts a more structured income statement, introducing a newly defined ‘operating profit’ subtotal and a requirement for all income and expenses to be classified into three new distinct categories based on a company’s main business activities. ● Management performance measures (MPMs): the new standard introduces a definition for management performance measures, and requires companies to explain in a single note to the financial statements why the measure provides useful information, how it is calculated and reconcile it to an amount determined under IFRS Accounting Standards. ● Greater disaggregation of information: the new standard includes enhanced guidance on how companies group information in the financial statements. This includes guidance on whether information is included in the primary financial statements or is further disaggregated in the notes. 	January 1, 2027 note: On September 25, 2025, the FSC issued a press release announcing that Taiwan will align with IFRS 18 in 2028. Entities that need to adopt the new standard earlier may do so with the endorsement of the FSC.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Consolidated Company is evaluating the impact on its consolidated financial position and consolidated financial performance upon the initial adoption of the abovementioned standards or interpretations. The results thereof will be disclosed when the Consolidated Company completes its evaluation.

The Consolidated Company does not expect the following other new and amended standards, which have yet to be endorsed by the FSC, to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 “Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture”
- IFRS 19 “Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures” and amendments to IFRS 19
- Amendments to IAS 21 “Translation to a Hyperinflationary Presentation Currency”

(4) Summary of material accounting policies:

The material accounting policies presented in the consolidated financial statements are summarized below. The following accounting policies were applied consistently throughout the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements.

(a) Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers (hereinafter referred to as “the Regulations”) and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC (hereinafter referred to IFRS endorsed by FSC).

(b) Basis of Preparation

(i) Basis of Measurement

Except for the significant accounts, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis:

- 1) Financial instruments (including derivative financial instruments) at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value;
- 2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value;
- 3) Equity-settled share-based payment is measured at fair value;
- 4) The defined benefit liabilities (assets) are measured at fair value of the plan assets less the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Consolidated Company is determined based on the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollar (TWD), which is the Consolidated Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in TWD has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

(c) Basis of consolidation

(i) Principle of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Company. The Company 'controls' an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases. Intragroup balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from Intragroup transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

The Consolidated Company prepares consolidated financial statements using uniform accounting policies for transactions and other events in similar circumstances.

Changes in the Consolidated Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received will be recognized directly in equity, and the Consolidated Company will attribute it to the owners of the parent.

(ii) List of subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Shareholding		Note
			December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	
The Company	D-Link Holding Company Ltd. (D-Link Holding)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company	D-Link International Pte. Ltd. (D-Link International)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	D-Link Holding transferred 0.64% of its shareholding in D-Link International to the Company in October 2024.
The Company	D-Link Japan K.K. (D-Link Japan)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company	D-Link Investment Pte. Ltd. (D-Link Investment)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Investment	OOO D-Link Trade (D-Link Trade)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company	D-Link (Europe) Ltd. (D-Link Europe)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company	Cameo Communications, Inc. (Cameo)	Manufacturing, sales, research and development	41.58 %	41.58 %	
The Company	D-Link Taiwan Investment Co., Ltd. (D-Link Taiwan Investment)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	Yeo-Tai Investment Inc. was renamed to D-Link Taiwan Investment Co., Ltd. on May 3, 2024.
The Company	D-Link Latin America Company Ltd. (D-Link L.A.)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Shareholding		Note
			December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	
The Company	D-Link Systems, Inc. (D-Link Systems)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Systems	D-Link Canada, Inc. (D-Link Canada)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company	D-Link Australia Pty Ltd. (D-Link Australia)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company	D-Link Middle East FZE (D-Link ME)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company	D-Link Mediterraneo SRL (D-Link MED)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	- %	D-Link MED, originally 100% owned by D-Link Europe, reduced capital to offset losses. After D-Link Europe waived its subscriptions rights, the Company acquired 100% equity interests via cash injection and completed the registration change on September 26, 2025.
The Company and D-Link Holding	D-Link Sudamerica SpA (D-Link Sudamerica)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company and D-Link Holding	D-Link Brazil LTDA (D-Link Brazil)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company and D-Link International	PT DLink System Indonesia (D-Link Indonesia)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	D-Link Indonesia was established with capital injection on April 17, 2024.
The Company and D-Link International	D-Link Peru S.A. (D-Link Peru)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	- %	The Company and D-Link International acquired 99.97% and 0.03% of equity interests in D-Link Peru from D-Link Sudamerica and D-Link L.A., respectively, in April 2025.
D-Link International	D-Link Korea Limited (D-Link Korea)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	In liquidation process.
D-Link International	D-Link Trade M S.R.L. (D-Link Moldova)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	In liquidation process.
D-Link International	D-Link Capital Investment Co., Ltd. (D-Link Capital Investment)	Investment Company	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link International	D-Link Malaysia SDN. BHD (D-Link Malaysia)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link International	D-Link Service Lithuania, UAB (D-Link Lithuania)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link International	D-Link Service (Kazakhstan) (D-Link Kazakhstan)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	D-Link International acquired 100% of equity interests in D-Link Kazakhstan from D-Link Lithuania in February 2024.
D-Link International	D-Link (Shanghai) Co., Ltd (D-Link Shanghai)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	D-Link International acquired 100% of equity interests in D-Link Shanghai from D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) in January 2024.
D-Link International	Netpro (Shanghai) Co., Ltd (Netpro)	Research, development and trading	100.00 %	100.00 %	D-Link International acquired 100% of equity interests in Netpro from D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) in January 2024.
D-Link Lithuania	D-Link Service (Ukraine) (D-Link Ukraine)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Holding	D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) Inc. (D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman))	Investment company	- %	100.00 %	Liquidation completed in March 2025.
D-Link Holding	D-Link Holding Mauritius Inc. (D-Link Mauritius)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Holding	OOO D-Link Russia (D-Link Russia)	After-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Holding	Success Stone Overseas Corp. (Success Stone)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Mauritius	D-Link India Ltd. (D-Link India)	Sales and after-sales service	51.02 %	51.02 %	
D-Link Mauritius and D-Link India	TeamF1 Networks Private Limited (TeamF1 India)	Research and development	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Europe	D-Link (Holdings) Ltd. and its subsidiary D-Link(UK) Ltd. (D-Link UK)	Investment company, sales and after-sales service	- %	100.00 %	D-Link UK completed its liquidation in October 2025. D-Link (Holdings) Ltd. completed its liquidation in November 2025.
D-Link Europe	D-Link France SARL (D-Link France)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Europe	D-Link AB	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Iberia SL (D-Link Iberia)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Shareholding		Note
			December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	
D-Link Europe	D-Link MED	Sales and after-sales service	- %	100.00 %	D-Link MED, originally 100% owned by D-Link Europe, reduced capital to offset losses. After D-Link Europe waived its subscriptions rights, the Company acquired 100% equity interests via cash injection and completed the registration change on September 26, 2025.
D-Link Europe	D-Link (Netherlands) BV (D-Link Netherlands)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company and D-Link Europe	D-Link (Deutschland) GmbH (D-Link Deutschland)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	The Company acquired 99.9957% of the equity interests in D-Link Deutschland from D-Link Europe in December 2025. Following a cash injection to the capital surplus, the Company now solely holds 100% of the equity interests in D-Link Deutschland.
D-Link Europe	D-Link Polska Sp. Z.o.o. (D-Link Polska)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Europe	D-Link (Magyarország) Kft (D-Link Magyarország)	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Europe	D-Link s.r.o	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link MED	D-Link Adria d.o.o	Sales and after-sales service	- %	- %	Liquidation completed in December 2024.
D-Link Sudamerica and D-Link L.A.	D-Link Peru	Sales and after-sales service	- %	100.00 %	The Company and D-Link International acquired 99.97% and 0.03% of equity interests in D-Link Peru from D-Link Sudamerica and D-Link L.A., respectively, in April 2025.
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link de Colombia S.A.S	Sales and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Guatemala S.A.	Sales and after-sales service	99.00 %	99.00 %	In liquidation process.
Cameo	Qianjin Investment C o., Ltd. (Qianjin Investment)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Cameo	Huge Castle Ltd (Huge Castle)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	
Huge Castle	Perfect Choice Co., Ltd. (PC)	Investment company and trading	- %	100.00 %	Liquidation completed in May 2025.
Huge Castle	Luis Jo'se Investment Inc. (Luis Jo'se)	Investment company	- %	100.00 %	Liquidation completed in August 2025.
Huge Castle	Suzhou Soarnex Technology Co., Ltd (Suzhou Soarnex)	Software development and software services on computer information systems	100.00 %	- %	Huge Castle acquired 100% of equity interests in Suzhou Soarnex from Luis Jo'se in April 2025.
Luis Jo'se	Suzhou Soarnex	Software development and software services on computer information systems	- %	100.00 %	Huge Castle acquired 100% of equity interests in Suzhou Soarnex from Luis Jo'se in April 2025.

(iii) Subsidiaries excluded from the consolidated financial statements: None.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(d) Business combination

The Consolidated Company accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method. The goodwill arising from an acquisition is measured as the excess of (i) the consideration transferred (which is generally measured at fair value) and (ii) the amount of non-controlling interest in the acquiree, both over the identifiable net assets acquired at the acquisition date. If the amount calculated above is a deficit balance, the Consolidated Company recognized that amount as a gain on a bargain purchase in profit or loss immediately after reassessing whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed.

All acquisition-related transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except for the issuance of debt or equity instruments.

In a business combination achieved in stages, the Consolidated Company remeasures its previously held equity interest in the acquiree at its acquisition-date fair value, and recognizes the resulting gain or loss, if any, in profit or loss. In prior reporting periods, the Consolidated Company may have recognized changes in the value of its equity interest in the acquired in other comprehensive income. If so, the amount that was recognized in other comprehensive income will be recognized on the same basis as would be required if the Consolidated Company had disposed directly of the previously held equity interest. If the disposal of the equity interest required a reclassification to profit or loss, such an amount will be reclassified to profit or loss.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete are reported in the Consolidated Company's financial statements. During the measurement period, the provisional amounts recognized at the acquisition date are retrospectively adjusted, or additional assets or liabilities are recognized to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date. The measurement period will not exceed one year from the acquisition date.

(e) Foreign currency

(i) Foreign currency transaction

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of the Consolidated Company entities at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each subsequent reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at that date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured based on historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences are generally recognized in profit or loss, except for those differences relating to the following, which are recognized in other comprehensive income:

- an investment in equity securities designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income;
- qualifying cash flow hedges to the extent that the hedges are effective.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into the Consolidated Company's functional currency at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into the Consolidated Company's functional currency at the average exchange rate. Exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(f) Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

The Consolidated Company classifies the asset as current under one of the following criteria, and all other assets are classified as non-current.

- (i) It expects to realize the asset, or intends to sell or consume it, in its normal operating cycle;
- (ii) It holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) It expects to realize the asset within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (iv) The asset is cash or a cash equivalent (as defined in IAS 7) unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Consolidated Company classifies the liability as current under one of the following criteria, and all other liabilities are classified as non-current.

- (i) It expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle;
- (ii) It holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) The liability is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (iv) It does not have the right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits which meet the above definition and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes should be recognized as cash equivalents.

(h) Financial Instruments

Accounting receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Consolidated Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset (unless it is an accounts receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), is initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. An accounts receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(i) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis or a settlement date basis.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost; Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)—equity investment; or FVTPL. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Consolidated Company changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the next reporting period following the change in the business model.

1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost, which is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition, plus/minus, the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method, adjusted for any loss provision. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses, as well as impairment, are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

2) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Some accounts receivables are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling by the Consolidated Company, therefore, those receivables are measured at FVOCI. However, they are included in the 'accounts receivable' line item.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Consolidated Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Debt investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss on the date, usually the ex-dividend date, on which the Consolidated Company's right to receive payment is established.

3) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

All financial assets not classified as amortized cost or FVOCI described as above are measured at FVTPL, including derivative financial assets and beneficiary certificate. On initial recognition, the Consolidated Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset, which meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI, as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

4) Business model assessment

The Consolidated Company makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Consolidated Company's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated — e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, and are consistent with the Consolidated Company's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

5) Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial assets on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs, as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Consolidated Company considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Consolidated Company considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable rate features;
- prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Consolidated Company's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse features)

6) Impairment of financial assets

The Consolidated Company recognizes loss provision for expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivables, other receivables, finance lease payment receivable, refundable deposits and other financial assets), debt instrument investments measured at FVOCI and contract assets.

The Consolidated Company measures loss provision at an amount equal to lifetime ECL, except for the following which are measured as 12-month ECL:

- debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss provision for accounts receivables and contract assets is always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Lifetime ECL are the ECL that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

12-month ECL are the portion of ECL that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

The maximum period considered when estimating ECL is the maximum contractual period over which the Consolidated Company is exposed to credit risk.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Consolidated Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Consolidated Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment as well as forward-looking information.

The Consolidated Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 90 days past due.

The Consolidated Company considers a financial asset to be in default when the financial asset is more than 360 days past due or the debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Consolidated Company in full.

ECL are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Consolidated Company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Consolidated Company expects to receive). ECL are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Consolidated Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as a default or being more than 365 days past due;
- the lender of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization;
or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Loss provision for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. For debt securities at FVOCI, the loss provision is charged to profit or loss and is recognized in other comprehensive income instead of reducing the carrying amount of the asset.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Consolidated Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Consolidated Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

7) Derecognition of financial assets

The Consolidated Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Consolidated Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Consolidated Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized in its statement of balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

(ii) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

1) Classification of debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Consolidated Company are classified as financial liabilities or equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

2) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3) Other financial liabilities

Financial liabilities that are not classified as held-for-trading or measured at fair value through profit or loss, which comprise loans, accounts payable, and other payables, are measured at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction cost at the time of initial recognition. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortized cost calculated using the effective interest method. Interest expense not capitalized as capital cost is recognized in non-operating income and expenses, and is included in other gains and losses.

4) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Consolidated Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Consolidated Company also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

5) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of balance sheet when, and only when, the Consolidated Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(iii) Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The Consolidated Company holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency exposures. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the host contract is not a financial asset and certain criteria are met.

Derivatives are initially measured at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are generally recognized in profit or loss.

Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the economic characteristics and risks of the non-financial asset's host contract are not closely related to the embedded derivatives and the host contract is not measured at FVTPL.

The Consolidated Company designates certain hedging instruments (derivate financial instruments) as cash flow hedges.

At inception of hedging relationships, the Consolidated Company documents the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The Consolidated Company also documents the economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument, including whether the changes in cash flows of the hedged item and hedging instrument are expected to offset each other.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Cash flow hedges

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives and other qualifying hedging instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated under ‘other equity—gains (losses) on hedging instruments’, limited to the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item from inception of the hedge. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are reclassified to profit or loss in the periods when the hedged item affects profit or loss, in the same line as the recognized hedged item. However, when the hedged forecast transaction results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or a non-financial liability, the gains and losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are removed from equity and included in the initial measurement of the cost of the non-financial asset or non-financial liability. Furthermore, if the Consolidated Company expects that some or all of the loss accumulated in other equity will not be recovered in the future, that amount is immediately reclassified to profit or loss.

If the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting or the hedging instrument is sold, expires, is terminated or is exercised, then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. When hedge accounting for cash flow hedges is discontinued, the amount that has been accumulated in other equity remains in equity until, for a hedge of a transaction resulting in the recognition of a non-financial item, it is included in the non-financial item’s cost on its initial recognition or, for other cash flow hedges, it is reclassified to profit or loss in the same period or periods as the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss. If the hedged future cash flows are no longer expected to occur, then the amounts that have been accumulated in other equity are immediately reclassified to profit or loss.

(i) Inventories

The original cost of inventories refers to the necessary expenditures incurred to bring the inventories to the state and location available for sale, or the acquisition, production or processing costs, and other costs, incurred to bring the inventory to the location and state available for use. The costs of finished goods and work-in-process inventories include an appropriate portion of fixed manufacturing overheads allocated based on normal production capacity. Subsequently, inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value, wherein the cost is calculated using the weighted-average method. Net realizable value is based on the estimated selling price of inventories less all further costs to completion and all relevant marketing and selling costs. Related expenses/losses and incomes of inventory are included in the cost of sales.

(j) Investment in associates

Associates are those entities in which the Consolidated Company has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies. Significant influence is presumed to exist when the Consolidated Company holds between 20% and 50% of the voting power of another entity.

Investments in associates are recognized initially at cost. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The carrying amount of the investment in associates includes goodwill arising from the acquisition less any accumulated impairment losses.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements include the Consolidated Company's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates, after adjustments to align the accounting policies with those of the Consolidated Company, from the date on which significant influence commences until the date on which significant influence ceases.

Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Consolidated Company and an associate are recognized only to the extent of unrelated Consolidated Company's interests in the associate.

When the Consolidated Company subscribes to additional shares in an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment will differ from the amount of the Consolidated Company's proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate. The Consolidated Company records such a difference as an adjustment to investments with the corresponding amount charged capital surplus. If the capital surplus resulting from changes in ownership interest is not sufficient, the remaining difference is debited to retained earnings. If it resulted in a decrease in the ownership interest, except for the adjustments mentioned above, the related amount previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate will be reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as if the Consolidated Company had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

(k) Investment property

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition, and subsequently at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation expense is calculated based on the depreciation method, useful life, and residual value which are the same as those adopted for property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount) is recognized in profit or loss.

Rental income from investment property is recognized as non-operating income on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognized as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

(l) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalized borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Consolidated Company.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment.

Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

- 1) Buildings and improvements: 4~60 years
- 2) Machinery equipment: 2~10 years
- 3) Transportation, office equipment and others: 1~9 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives, and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date. If expectations differ from the previous estimates, the change is accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate.

(iv) Reclassification to investment property

A property is reclassified to investment property at its carrying amount when the use of the property changes from owner-occupied to investment property.

(m) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Consolidated Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

(i) As a lessee

The Consolidated Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be reliably determined, the Consolidated Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Consolidated Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- 1) fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- 2) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- 3) amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- 4) payments for purchase or termination options that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when:

- 1) there is a change in future lease payments arising from the change in an index or rate; or
- 2) there is a change in the Consolidated Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- 3) there is a change in the Consolidated Company evaluation of purchase options; or
- 4) there is a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise an extension or termination option; or
- 5) there are any lease modifications to the asset, scope and other terms of the lease.

When the lease liability is remeasured, other than lease modifications, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or in profit and loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

When the lease liability is remeasured to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Consolidated Company accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize in profit or loss for any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease.

The Consolidated Company presents right-of-use assets and lease liabilities that do not meet the definition of investment property as a separate line item respectively in the statement of financial position.

The Consolidated Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term lease and leases of low-value assets, including office building and office equipment. The Consolidated Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) As a lessor

When the Consolidated Company acts as a lessor, it determines at lease commencement whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Consolidated Company makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers to the lessee substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then the lease is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Consolidated Company considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

When the Consolidated Company is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sub-lease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sub-lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. If a head lease is a short-term lease to which the Consolidated Company applies the exemption described above, then it classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Consolidated Company applies IFRS15 to allocate the consideration in the contract.

The Consolidated Company recognizes a finance lease payment receivable at an amount equal to its net investment in the lease. Initial direct costs, such as lessors to negotiate and arrange a lease, are included in the measurement of the net investment. The interest income is recognized over the lease term based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment in the lease. The Consolidated Company recognizes lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as part of rent income.

(n) Intangible assets

(i) Goodwill and trademark

1) Recognition

Goodwill and trademark arise from acquisition of subsidiaries are included in intangible assets.

2) Subsequent measurement

Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. As regards to the investments accounted for using equity method, the carrying value of goodwill consists of the carrying value of its investment. The impairment loss is attributed to parts of investments accounted for using equity method other than goodwill or other assets.

(ii) Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(iii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

(iv) Amortization

The amortized amount is the cost of an asset less its residual value.

Amortization is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, other than goodwill, from the date that they are available for use. The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

- 1) Computer software: 1~10 years
- 2) Patents: Amortization is recognized using the term of patent contract. The estimated life is 1~16 years
- 3) Other intangible asset: 1~10 years

The residual value, amortization period, and amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life shall be reviewed at least annually at each fiscal year-end. Any change shall be accounted for as changes in accounting estimates.

(o) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Consolidated Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories, contract assets, deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash-generating units (CGUs). Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(p) Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Consolidated Company has a present obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

(i) Warranties

A provision for warranties is recognized when the underlying products or services are sold, based on historical warranty data and a weighting of all possible outcomes against their associated probabilities.

(ii) Legal proceedings and royalties

Legal proceedings and royalties are estimated at the expected relevant cost based on historical experiences.

(q) Treasury shares

Repurchased of issued shares as treasury shares, the purchasing price will be stated at cost and shown as a reduction in shareholder's equity.

The parent company's shares held by the subsidiaries are reclassified as treasury shares from long-term investments, and are accounted for the book value of the subsidiary's investments in the parent company.

(r) Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Consolidated Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The Consolidated Company recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of a good or a service to a customer.

The main operating activities of the Consolidated Company are research, development, and sales of wireless LAN products and spare part for integrated circuits. The Consolidated Company recognizes revenue when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Consolidated Company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

The Consolidated Company grants its customers the right to return the product. Therefore, the Consolidated Company reduces revenue by the amount of expected returns and recognizes a refund liability. Accumulated experience is used to estimate such returns at the time of sale at a portfolio level (expected value method). Because the number of products returned has been steady for years, it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the cumulative revenue recognized will not occur. At each reporting date, the Consolidated Company reassesses the estimated amount of expected returns.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Consolidated Company often offers volume discounts to its customers. Revenue from these sales is recognized based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated volume discounts. Accumulated experience is used to estimate the discounts, using the expected value method, and revenue is only recognized to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. A refund liability is recognized for expected volume discounts payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period. As of the reporting date, all expected payment of the related sale discounts paid to the customers is recognized under return liabilities.

The Consolidated Company offers a standard warranty for the consumer electronics sold to provide assurance that the product complies with agreed-upon specifications and has recognized warranty provisions for this obligation; please refer to note 4(p).

A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the Consolidated Company has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

In case of fixed-price contracts, the customers pay the fixed amount based on a payment schedule. If the services rendered by the Consolidated Company exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognized.

A contract liability is a Consolidated Company's obligation to transfer goods to a customer for which the Consolidated Company has received consideration.

(s) Employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are employee benefit expense as the related service is provided.

(ii) Defined benefit plans

The Consolidated Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for Consolidated Company, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income, and accumulated in retained earnings. The Consolidated Company determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the net defined benefit liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in profit or loss.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Consolidated Company recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

(iii) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Consolidated Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(t) Share-based payment

The grant-date fair value of equity-settled share-based payment arrangements granted to employees is generally recognized as an expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the vesting period of the awards. The amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service and non-market performance conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognized is based on the number of awards that meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date.

For share-based payment awards with non-vesting conditions, the grant-date fair value of the share-based payment is measured to reflect such conditions and there is no true-up for differences between expected and actual outcomes.

The fair value of the amount payable to employees in respect of share appreciation rights, which are settled in cash, is recognized as an expense with a corresponding increase in liabilities, over the period during which the employees become unconditionally entitled to payment. The liability is remeasured at each reporting date and at settlement date based on the fair value of the share appreciation rights. Any changes in the liability are recognized in profit or loss.

(u) Income Taxes

Income taxes comprise current taxes and deferred taxes. Except for expenses related to business combinations or recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, all current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss.

The Consolidated Company has determined that interest and penalties related to income taxes, including uncertain tax treatment, do not meet the definition of income taxes, and therefore accounted for them under IAS37.

Current taxes comprise the expected tax payables or receivables on the taxable profits (losses) for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payables or receivables are the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Deferred taxes arise due to temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases. Deferred taxes are recognized except for the following:

- (i) temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profits (losses) at the time of the transaction;
- (ii) temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that Consolidated Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- (iii) taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred taxes are measured at tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and reflect uncertainty related to income taxes.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if the following criteria are met:

- (i) The Consolidated Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- (ii) The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - 1) the same taxable entity; or
 - 2) different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the assets and liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for the carry forward of unused tax losses, unused tax credits, and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realized; such reduction are reversed when it subsequently becomes probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available.

(v) Earnings per share

The Consolidated Company discloses the Company's basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company. The calculation of basic earnings (loss) per share is based on the profit or loss attributable to the ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding. The calculation of diluted earnings (loss) per share is based on the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company, divided by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, such as convertible bonds, employee stock options, and employee bonus settled using shares that have yet to be approved by the Board of Directors meeting. Increasing shares from the transfer of unappropriated earnings, capital surplus, and employee profit sharing is computed retroactively.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(w) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Consolidated Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the Consolidated Company). Operating results of the operating segments are regularly reviewed by the Consolidated Company's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance. Each operating segment consists of standalone financial information.

(5) Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty:

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements and estimates about the future, including climate-related risks and opportunities that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reporting amount of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The management continues to monitor the accounting estimates and assumptions. The management aligns with the risk management and climate-related commitments of the Consolidated Company. Changes in estimates are deferred and recognized over the periods in which the changes occur and the future periods affected.

Information about judgement made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements is as follows:

(a) Impairment of Accounts receivable

The Consolidated Company has estimated the loss provision of accounts receivable that is based on the risk of a default occurring and the rate of expected credit loss. The Consolidated Company has considered historical experience, current economic conditions and forward-looking information at the reporting date to determine the assumptions to be used in calculating the impairments and the selected inputs. Refer to Note 6(c) for further description of the impairment of accounts receivable.

(b) Valuation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, the Consolidated Company estimates the net realizable value of inventories for obsolescence and unmarketable items at the end of the reporting period and then writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is mainly determined based on the demand of products in the future. Due to the rapid industrial transformation, there may be significant changes in the net realizable value of inventories.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(6) Explanation of significant accounts:

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Cash on hand	\$ 2,990	2,632
Checking and saving accounts	2,352,306	2,976,578
Time deposit	815,939	1,348,432
Bills and bonds under reverse repurchase agreements	<u>-</u>	<u>89,164</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u><u>\$ 3,171,235</u></u>	<u><u>4,416,806</u></u>

Please refer to note 6(aa) for the disclosure of the exchange rate risk and sensitivity analysis of financial assets and liabilities of the Consolidated Company.

The Consolidated Company determines classification of time deposits based on the length of time between the original investment date and the maturity dates, as well as the purpose of short-term capital utilization. When it has a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition and it is held for the purpose of short-term cash commitments, a time deposit is qualified as a cash equivalent. Otherwise, it is classified as other current assets.

(b) Financial Assets and Liabilities

(i) Details were as follows

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss - current		
Beneficiary certificates - mutual funds	\$ 690,152	745,328
Domestic listed (OTC) stock	81,341	-
Cross currency swaps	4,258	15,868
Forward foreign exchange contracts	<u>3,113</u>	<u>6,250</u>
	<u><u>\$ 778,864</u></u>	<u><u>767,446</u></u>
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current		
Cross currency swaps	\$ 7,434	3,223
Forward foreign exchange contracts	<u>2,105</u>	<u>1,179</u>
	<u><u>\$ 9,539</u></u>	<u><u>4,402</u></u>
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss - non-current		
Domestic listed (OTC) stock	<u><u>\$ 1,223,579</u></u>	<u><u>532,685</u></u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current		
Equity instruments :		
Domestic listed (OTC) stock	\$ 42,035	72,558
Unlisted stock	7,404	6,481
Debt instruments :		
Fixed rate corporate bond	<u>102,176</u>	<u>100,018</u>
	<u>\$ 151,615</u>	<u>179,057</u>

- 1) On December 4, 2023, the Consolidated Company participated in 10,000 thousand shares of common stock of domestic listed (OTC) company - King House Co., Ltd. (King House) (formerly known as Ensure Global Corp. Ltd.) through a private placement, at an investment cost of \$72,000 thousand (\$7.2 per share). According to the Securities and Exchange Act, from the delivery date of January 19, 2024 to the maturity date of January 18, 2027, the common stock of this private placement shall not be sold within three years unless the circumstances of transferring in accordance with Article 43-8.
- 2) In 2025, the Consolidated Company purchased 36,417 thousand common stocks of IBF Financial Holdings Co., Ltd. (IBF), a domestic listed (OTC) company, at an investment cost of \$500,041 thousand.
- 3) In 2025 and 2024, the Consolidated Company purchased 787 thousand and 2,302 thousand common shares of S-Tech Corp. (S-Tech), a domestic listed (OTC) company, for \$19,411 thousand and \$72,477 thousand, respectively.
- 4) In 2025, the Consolidated Company purchased 5,109 thousand common shares of Gloria Material Technology Corp (GMTC), a domestic listed (OTC) company, for \$185,961 thousand.
- 5) The Consolidated Company did not participate in cash capital increase plan of an unlisted company - Xtramus Technology Corporation (Xtramus) in April 2024, which decreased its shareholding ratio from 41.18% to 12.66%, and reclassified from investments accounted for using equity method to financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, and recognized a loss on disposal of investment of \$314 thousand.
- 6) The Consolidated Company acquired fixed rate corporate bond - 10-year domestic bank green bonds, P13 Taipei Fubon Bank 3, at amount of \$100,000 thousand for a total of 10 bonds, with each bond having a denomination of \$10,000 thousand and a coupon rate of 2.02%, on September 16, 2024.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 7) On December 10, 2024, the Consolidated Company participated in 3,500 thousand shares of common stock of domestic listed (OTC) company - TSG Development Co., Ltd. (TSG Development) (formerly known as DataVan International Corp.) through a private placement, at an investment cost of \$49,700 thousand (\$14.2 per share). According to the Securities and Exchange Act, from the delivery date of February 10, 2025 to the maturity date of February 9, 2028, the common stock of this private placement shall not be sold within three years unless the circumstances of transferring in accordance with Article 43-8.
- 8) In 2025 and 2024, the Consolidated Company acquired the ordinary shares of its other related parties, with the investment costs amounting to \$25,044 thousand and \$24,415 thousand, respectively.
- 9) For disclosures on credit, exchange rate and interest rate risks in financial instruments, please refer to note 6(aa).
- 10) As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, no financial assets are pledged as collateral.
- (ii) Sensitivity analysis – equity market price risk:

If the security price changes, and if it is on the same basis for both years and assumes that all other variables remain the same, the impact on other comprehensive income will be as follows:

Security price at reporting date	2025		2024	
	Other comprehensive income (loss) after-tax	Profit (loss) after-tax	Other comprehensive income (loss) after-tax	Profit (loss) after-tax
Increase 3%	\$ <u>4,528</u>	<u>54,797</u>	<u>5,348</u>	<u>32,712</u>
Decrease 3%	\$ <u>(4,528)</u>	<u>(54,797)</u>	<u>(5,348)</u>	<u>(32,712)</u>

- (iii) Non-hedging-derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are used to hedge certain foreign exchange and interest rate risk arising from the Consolidated Company's operating, financing and investing activities. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, transactions that did not qualify for hedging accounting have been presented as mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss:

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

1) Derivative financial assets

	December 31, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Contract amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date	Contract amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date
Cross currency swaps:						
USD	\$ 10,500	USD	2026.01	18,500	USD	2025.01
JPY	2,575,200	JPY	2026.01	2,200,000	JPY	2025.01
CNY	14,003	CNY	2026.01	75,500	CNY	2025.02
EUR	2,700	EUR	2026.01 ~2026.02	4,700	EUR	2025.01
AUD	1,250	AUD	2026.01	-	-	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts:						
KRW (buy)	\$ 3,366,280	KRW	2026.01	-	-	-
CNY (buy)	-	-	-	35,000	CNY	2025.02
AUD (sell)	-	-	-	500	AUD	2025.02
BRL (sell)	17,666	BRL	2026.01	12,772	BRL	2025.01
KRW (sell)	-	-	-	3,303,950	KRW	2025.01
JPY (sell)	220,000	JPY	2026.01	150,000	JPY	2025.02
EUR (sell)	-	-	-	4,200	EUR	2025.01
INR (sell)	22,514	INR	2026.01	149,541	INR	2025.01

2) Derivative financial liabilities

	December 31, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Contract amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date	Contract amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date
Cross currency swaps:						
USD	\$ 3,000	USD	2026.01	-	-	-
CNY	103,006	CNY	2026.01	-	-	-
EUR	5,400	EUR	2026.01 ~2026.02	1,500	EUR	2025.02
JPY	2,840,000	JPY	2026.01 ~2026.02	1,800,000	JPY	2025.01
CAD	2,800	CAD	2026.01	847	CAD	2025.02
SGD	1,288	SGD	2026.01	-	-	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts:						
EUR (sell)	\$ 1,500	EUR	2026.02	-	-	-
USD (sell)	1,500	USD	2026.01	-	-	-
KRW (sell)	3,366,280	KRW	2026.01	-	-	-
INR (sell)	90,155	INR	2026.01	-	-	-
BRL (sell)	-	-	-	9,460	BRL	2025.01
CNY (buy)	6,972	CNY	2026.01	14,590	CNY	2025.02

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(c) Notes and accounts receivable and other receivables

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Notes receivable for operating activities	\$ 1,113	11,748
Accounts receivable - measured at amortized cost	3,080,638	2,972,768
Account receivable - related parties	15,040	443
Other receivables	<u>73,469</u>	<u>57,978</u>
	3,170,260	3,042,937
Less: Loss Provision	<u>(115,251)</u>	<u>(105,961)</u>
	<u>\$ 3,055,009</u>	<u>2,936,976</u>

The Consolidated Company applies with the simplified approach to provide for its expected credit losses, i.e. the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all notes and accounts receivable and other receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, notes and accounts receivable and other receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and ability to pay all due, as well as incorporated forward looking information. The loss provision was determined as follows:

	December 31, 2025		
	Gross carrying amount	Weighted- average loss rate	Loss provision
Current	\$ 2,425,349	0.30%	7,392
90 days or less past due	608,051	0.58%	3,519
91 to 180 days past due	25,045	12.49%	3,128
181 to 270 days past due	3,895	56.02%	2,182
271 to 360 days past due	6,708	68.27%	4,579
More than 360 days past due	<u>101,212</u>	93.32%	<u>94,451</u>
	<u>\$ 3,170,260</u>		<u>115,251</u>

	December 31, 2024		
	Gross carrying amount	Weighted- average loss rate	Loss provision
Current	\$ 2,353,454	0.29%	6,933
90 days or less past due	551,625	0.33%	1,798
91 to 180 days past due	20,310	11.17%	2,270
181 to 270 days past due	14,084	47.10%	6,634
271 to 360 days past due	4,638	78.89%	3,659
More than 360 days past due	<u>98,826</u>	85.67%	<u>84,667</u>
	<u>\$ 3,042,937</u>		<u>105,961</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The movements in the provision for notes and accounts receivable and other receivables were as follows:

	2025	2024
Balance at January 1, 2025 and 2024	\$ 105,961	95,735
Expected credit loss	16,673	12,117
Amounts written off	(6,208)	-
Others	(1,175)	(1,891)
Balance at December 31, 2025 and 2024	<u>\$ 115,251</u>	<u>105,961</u>

(d) Finance lease payment receivable

The Consolidated Company leased out its office building and warehouse. It classified the sub-lease as a finance lease because the sub-lease is for the whole of the remaining term of the head lease.

A maturity analysis of lease payments, which reflects the undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date, was as follows:

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Less than one year	\$ 42,286	42,900
One to two years	-	40,506
Total lease payments receivable	42,286	83,406
Unearned finance income	(3,969)	(2,385)
Total lease payments receivable (Present value of lease payments receivable)	<u>\$ 38,317</u>	<u>81,021</u>

(e) Inventories

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Raw materials	\$ 636,933	541,800
Work in process and semi-finished products	135,637	90,154
Merchandise and finished goods	2,164,116	1,912,024
	<u>\$ 2,936,686</u>	<u>2,543,978</u>

The operating cost comprises of cost of goods sold, write-down loss (reversal of write-down loss) of inventories to net realizable value, warranty costs and other (gain) loss. For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the cost of goods sold were \$9,909,383 thousand and \$10,871,812 thousand, respectively. The loss on product warranty, obsolescence and order cancellation amounted to \$229,437 thousand and \$215,027 thousand, respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, due to actively destocking inventories with higher aging resulted in reversal of write-down loss of inventories to net realizable value to reduce cost of goods sold by \$59,716 thousand and \$396,086 thousand, respectively.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, no inventories were pledged as collateral.

(f) Investments accounted for using equity methods

Investments accounted for using equity methods were as follows:

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Credit balance of investment under the equity method (recorded under other non-current liabilities)	\$ <u>19,318</u>	<u>1,764</u>

(i) Associates

1) The financial information of insignificant associates

The financial information of the Consolidated Company's equity-method associates, which were insignificant, was summarized as follows. The financial information was included in the Consolidated Company's consolidated financial statements.

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Carrying amounts of insignificant associates	\$ <u>(19,318)</u>	<u>(1,764)</u>
	2025	2024
Attributable to the Consolidated Company		
Net loss	\$ (15,924)	(16,604)
Other comprehensive (loss) income	<u>(1,630)</u>	<u>321</u>
Total comprehensive loss	\$ <u>(17,554)</u>	<u>(16,283)</u>

(ii) Pledges

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024 no investment accounted for using equity methods has been pledged as collateral.

(g) Subsidiaries have material non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests of subsidiaries that were material to the Consolidated Company were as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Main operating location/ Registered country of the company	Ownership interests/voting rights held by NCI	
		December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
D-Link India	India	48.98 %	48.98 %
Cameo	Taiwan	58.42 %	58.42 %

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The following summarizes the financial information of aforementioned subsidiaries. The financial information is prepared in accordance with the IFRS as adopted by the FSC, and reflects the fair value adjustment made by the Consolidated Company at the acquisition date, as well as the adjustments made for differences in accounting policies. The information incurred prior to the inter-company eliminations with other companies in the Consolidated Company.

The financial information of D-Link India was summarized as follows:

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Current assets	\$ 2,465,752	2,385,374
Non-current assets	620,518	624,981
Current liabilities	1,013,210	901,853
Non-current liabilities	<u>39,403</u>	<u>13,310</u>
Net assets	<u>\$ 2,033,657</u>	<u>2,095,192</u>
Net assets attributable to non-controlling interests	<u>\$ 815,708</u>	<u>838,035</u>
	2025	2024
Operating revenues	<u>\$ 5,321,709</u>	<u>5,147,094</u>
Net profit	\$ 373,944	394,497
Other comprehensive (loss) income	<u>(153,211)</u>	<u>54,734</u>
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$ 220,733</u>	<u>449,231</u>
Net profit attributable to non-controlling interests	<u>\$ 183,158</u>	<u>193,225</u>
Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	<u>\$ 108,115</u>	<u>220,034</u>
Cash flows from operating activities	\$ 207,117	537,691
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities	73,742	(321,624)
Cash flows used in financing activities	<u>(266,367)</u>	<u>(246,314)</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 14,492</u>	<u>(30,247)</u>
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	<u>\$ 130,442</u>	<u>120,695</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The financial information of Cameo was summarized as follows:

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Current assets	\$ 1,954,071	2,205,902
Non-current assets	2,177,938	1,946,787
Current liabilities	807,343	639,727
Non-current liabilities	<u>432,334</u>	<u>479,202</u>
Net assets	<u>\$ 2,892,332</u>	<u>3,033,760</u>
Net assets attributable to non-controlling interests	<u>\$ 1,641,964</u>	<u>1,691,572</u>
	2025	2024
Operating revenues	<u>\$ 1,803,869</u>	<u>1,184,288</u>
Net loss	\$ (84,457)	(164,556)
Other comprehensive (loss) income	<u>(58,424)</u>	<u>47,602</u>
Total comprehensive loss	<u>\$ (142,881)</u>	<u>(116,954)</u>
Net loss attributable to non-controlling interests	<u>\$ (49,341)</u>	<u>(96,136)</u>
Total comprehensive loss attributable to non-controlling interests	<u>\$ (50,456)</u>	<u>(85,787)</u>
Cash flows used in operating activities	\$ (110,504)	(132,856)
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities	57,555	(198,894)
Cash flows used in financing activities	(10,961)	(142,807)
Impact of the changes in exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	<u>(6,902)</u>	<u>14,054</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ (70,812)</u>	<u>(460,503)</u>

(h) Property, plant and equipment

For the year ended December 31, 2025						
	Balance at January 1, 2025	Increase	Decrease	Reclassification	Others	Balance at December 31, 2025
Cost:						
Land	\$ 930,844	-	-	-	2,698	933,542
Buildings	2,042,305	3,050	(4,900)	180	15,148	2,055,783
Machinery equipment	536,999	58,655	(12,322)	-	(380)	582,952
Others	<u>1,074,255</u>	<u>59,851</u>	<u>(97,550)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(9,830)</u>	<u>1,026,726</u>
	<u>4,584,403</u>	<u>121,556</u>	<u>(114,772)</u>	<u>180</u>	<u>7,636</u>	<u>4,599,003</u>
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings	\$ 816,765	49,723	(4,900)	-	3,083	864,671
Machinery equipment	487,604	28,342	(12,169)	-	(397)	503,380
Others	<u>969,684</u>	<u>56,625</u>	<u>(95,434)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(7,304)</u>	<u>923,571</u>
	<u>2,274,053</u>	<u>134,690</u>	<u>(112,503)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,618)</u>	<u>2,291,622</u>
	<u>\$ 2,310,350</u>	<u>(13,134)</u>	<u>(2,269)</u>	<u>180</u>	<u>12,254</u>	<u>2,307,381</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	For the year ended December 31, 2024					
	Balance at January 1, 2024	Increase	Decrease	Reclassification	Others	Balance at December 31, 2024
Cost:						
Land	\$ 931,535	-	-	-	(691)	930,844
Buildings	2,036,279	5,021	(3,941)	629	4,317	2,042,305
Machinery equipment	575,384	16,425	(57,051)	-	2,241	536,999
Others	1,167,371	39,775	(147,656)	2,257	12,508	1,074,255
	<u>4,710,569</u>	<u>61,221</u>	<u>(208,648)</u>	<u>2,886</u>	<u>18,375</u>	<u>4,584,403</u>
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings	\$ 765,239	50,692	(3,354)	-	4,188	816,765
Machinery equipment	509,319	33,124	(57,025)	-	2,186	487,604
Others	1,041,930	56,942	(146,187)	2,257	14,742	969,684
	<u>2,316,488</u>	<u>140,758</u>	<u>(206,566)</u>	<u>2,257</u>	<u>21,116</u>	<u>2,274,053</u>
	<u>\$ 2,394,081</u>	<u>(79,537)</u>	<u>(2,082)</u>	<u>629</u>	<u>(2,741)</u>	<u>2,310,350</u>

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, property, plant and equipment has been pledged as collateral for long-term borrowings, please refer to note 8.

The Consolidated Company leased out its offices under an operating lease for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, please refer to note 6(r).

(i) Right-of-use assets

The Consolidated Company leased buildings, office equipment and transportation equipment. Information about leases was presented below:

	Buildings	Office equipment	Transportation equipment	Total
Cost:				
Balance at January 1, 2025	\$ 507,580	9,087	45,352	562,019
Increase	106,150	3,678	9,265	119,093
Decrease	(188,882)	(7,631)	(18,067)	(214,580)
Others	(3,803)	101	1,909	(1,793)
Balance at December 31, 2025	<u>\$ 421,045</u>	<u>5,235</u>	<u>38,459</u>	<u>464,739</u>
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 567,136	9,625	51,081	627,842
Increase	103,623	82	12,402	116,107
Decrease	(166,374)	(820)	(15,836)	(183,030)
Others	3,195	200	(2,295)	1,100
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 507,580</u>	<u>9,087</u>	<u>45,352</u>	<u>562,019</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	Buildings	Office equipment	Transportation equipment	Total
Accumulated depreciation:				
Balance at January 1, 2025	\$ 280,277	7,234	20,126	307,637
Increase	112,119	2,342	14,855	129,316
Decrease	(156,726)	(7,631)	(16,087)	(180,444)
Others	(5,361)	116	2,975	(2,270)
Balance at December 31, 2025	<u>\$ 230,309</u>	<u>2,061</u>	<u>21,869</u>	<u>254,239</u>
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 271,850	5,097	16,847	293,794
Increase	147,867	2,761	17,380	168,008
Decrease	(139,409)	(718)	(11,680)	(151,807)
Others	(31)	94	(2,421)	(2,358)
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 280,277</u>	<u>7,234</u>	<u>20,126</u>	<u>307,637</u>
Carrying amount:				
Balance at December 31, 2025	<u>\$ 190,736</u>	<u>3,174</u>	<u>16,590</u>	<u>210,500</u>
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 227,303</u>	<u>1,853</u>	<u>25,226</u>	<u>254,382</u>

(j) Investment property

For the year ended December 31, 2025

	Balance at January 1, 2025	Increase	Decrease	Balance at December 31, 2025
Cost:				
Land	\$ 30,000	-	-	30,000
Buildings	<u>22,196</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>22,196</u>
	<u>52,196</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>52,196</u>
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	<u>13,509</u>	<u>396</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,905</u>
Accumulated impairment:				
Buildings	<u>1,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,000</u>
	<u>\$ 37,687</u>	<u>(396)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>37,291</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2024

	Balance at January 1, 2024	Increase	Decrease	Balance at December 31, 2024
Cost:				
Land	\$ 30,000	-	-	30,000
Buildings	<u>22,196</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>22,196</u>
	<u>52,196</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>52,196</u>
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	<u>13,113</u>	<u>396</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,509</u>
Accumulated impairment:				
Buildings	<u>1,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,000</u>
	<u>\$ 38,083</u>	<u>(396)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>37,687</u>
			December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Carrying amount			<u>\$ 37,291</u>	<u>37,687</u>
Fair value			<u>\$ 75,472</u>	<u>83,626</u>

Investment properties are commercial real estate that are leased to third parties. The lease contract includes an initial non-cancellable period of 3 years. Subsequent renewals are negotiated with the lessee and no contingent rents are charged. For further information of rental income, please refer to note 6(y). Besides, direct operating expenses related to investment property were \$280 thousand and \$284 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the fair value of investment property has been evaluated based on the comparable transactions of property similar in location and category.

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, no investment property has been pledged as collateral.

The Consolidated Company leased out its offices under an operating lease for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, please refer to note 6(r).

(k) Intangible assets

For the year ended December 31, 2025

	Balance at January 1, 2025	Increase	Decrease	Amortization	Impairment	Others	Balance at December 31, 2025
Goodwill	\$ 540,258	-	-	-	(38,000)	(13,084)	489,174
Trademark	157,114	-	-	(19)	-	(6,520)	150,575
Patents	36,885	315	-	(10,086)	-	-	27,114
Computer software costs	25,900	640	-	(6,488)	-	388	20,440
Other intangible assets	<u>56,787</u>	<u>72,149</u>	<u>(1,643)</u>	<u>(42,035)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(19)</u>	<u>85,239</u>
	<u>\$ 816,944</u>	<u>73,104</u>	<u>(1,643)</u>	<u>(58,628)</u>	<u>(38,000)</u>	<u>(19,235)</u>	<u>772,542</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2024

	Balance at January 1, 2024	Increase	Decrease	Amortization	Impairment	Others	Balance at December 31, 2024
Goodwill	\$ 526,327	-	-	-	-	13,931	540,258
Trademark	147,331	-	-	(19)	-	9,802	157,114
Patents	46,643	405	-	(10,163)	-	-	36,885
Computer software costs	13,069	18,389	-	(4,336)	-	(1,222)	25,900
Other intangible assets	51,245	36,202	-	(30,986)	-	326	56,787
	<u>\$ 784,615</u>	<u>54,996</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(45,504)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>22,837</u>	<u>816,944</u>

In 2025, the Consolidated Company assessed that the recoverable amount of the goodwill was lower than its carrying amount and accordingly recognized a goodwill impairment loss of \$38,000 thousand. The recoverable amount was determined based on the value in use, estimated using cash flow projections from the five-year financial forecasts prepared by the management of the Consolidated Company, and calculated with a discount rate of 7.77%.

(l) Share-based payment

(i) Restricted share plan for employees

On August 14, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to increase the capital by issuing 3,000 thousand employee restricted shares at no consideration based on the resolutions approved by the shareholders' meeting held on May 27, 2022, which was declared effective by Letter No. 1110365032 of the FSC on November 30, 2022. The resolutions approved by the Board of Directors were as follows:

(In Thousands of shares)

Grant Date	Granted Shares	Fair Value Per Share	Issued Date	Issued Shares
September 25, 2023	3,000	\$ 19.90	September 25, 2023	3,000

To qualify for the employee restricted shares, an employee should meet the following employment years and performance conditions over the vesting period:

- 1) 40% restricted shares will be vested to an employee who employed a year after the grant date and gets a rating "B+" (or higher) in the annual performance review.
- 2) 30% restricted shares will be vested to an employee who employed two years after the grant date and gets a rating "B+" (or higher) in the annual performance review.
- 3) 30% restricted shares will be vested to an employee who employed three years after the grant date and gets a rating "B+" (or higher) in the annual performance review.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

After employees are allocated new shares, their rights that are restricted prior to the vesting conditions should be met as follows:

- 1) Except for inheritance, those restricted shares should not be sold, pledged, transferred, donated, set or disposed in any other way before the vesting conditions are met.
- 2) Before the vesting conditions are met, the attendance, proposal rights, speech rights, voting rights and electing rights, etc. shall be the same as common shares and shall be handled in accordance with the trust custody contract.
- 3) Employees do not have earnings distribution rights before the vesting conditions are met. The distributing rights include but are not limited to: dividends, stock dividends, legal reserve and capital reserve, etc. All related operational matters shall be executed in accordance with the trust custody contract.
- 4) Beginning from the Company's book closure dates for gratuitous allotment, cash dividend, cash subscription for capital increase, shareholders' meeting specified in Article 165, Paragraph 3 of the Company Act, or other legal book closure period to the base date of distribution rights, the time and procedures for granting the unrestricted vested shares for employees who meet the vesting conditions shall be implemented in accordance with the trust custody agreement or relevant regulations.
- 5) During the vesting period, if the Company undergoes a cash capital reduction or other capital reduction that is not due to statutory capital reduction, the new shares with restricted employee rights shall be canceled in accordance with the capital reduction ratio. For cash capital reduction, the cash returned must first be kept in the trust, then, can only be delivered to employees who met all the vesting conditions within the vesting period. Otherwise, the cash shall be recalled by the Company.

Other agreed matters:

- 1) After the employee restricted shares are issued, it must be immediately delivered to the trust for safekeeping; and before the vested conditions are met, employees may not request the trustee to return the employee restricted shares under any circumstances.
- 2) During the period when the employee restricted shares are delivered to the trust for safekeeping, the Company or a person designated by the Company shall have full authority to act on behalf of the employee and trust custody to negotiate, sign, amend, extend, nullify and terminate the trust custody agreement. The authorized individual also has the right to use and dispose the property, as well as handover the shares to the employee, held in trust.

Information on restricted share plan for employees was as follows:

	(In Thousands of shares)	
	2025	2024
Balance at the beginning of the period	\$ 1,555	3,000
Vested in the current period	(699)	(1,036)
Forfeited in the current period (Note)	<u>(185)</u>	<u>(409)</u>
Balance at the end of the period	<u>\$ 671</u>	<u>1,555</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Note: For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the recovered restricted employee stock options were 185 thousand shares and 409 thousand shares, respectively, and the registration have been completed.

For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the compensation costs recognized amounted to \$8,240 thousand and \$23,852 thousand, respectively.

(m) Short-term and long-term borrowings

The details, conditions and terms of short-term and long-term borrowings of the Consolidated Company were as follows:

(i) Short-term borrowings

	Currency	Interest rate (%)	Maturity year	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Unsecured bank borrowings	TWD	1.975 ~2.05	2026	\$ 200,000	-
Secured bank borrowings	TWD	1.92	2026	90,000	-
Unsecured bank borrowings	USD	4.76	2026	<u>50,272</u>	<u>-</u>
Total				<u>\$ 340,272</u>	<u>-</u>
Unused credit line				<u>\$ 3,160,035</u>	<u>3,612,216</u>

(ii) Long-term borrowings

	Currency	Interest rate (%)	Maturity year	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Secured bank borrowings	TWD	1.475 ~2.235	2025~2033	\$ 441,849	528,881
Less : current portion				<u>(48,000)</u>	<u>(87,032)</u>
Total				<u>\$ 393,849</u>	<u>441,849</u>
Unused credit line				<u>\$ 349,728</u>	<u>497,000</u>

The real estate of the Consolidated Company pledged as a collateral for bank borrowings, please refer to note 8.

(n) Other Payables

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Salary payable	\$ 282,136	332,249
Dividend payable	1,392	1,005
Other payables-other	<u>835,933</u>	<u>661,675</u>
	<u>\$ 1,119,461</u>	<u>994,929</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(o) Lease liabilities

The amounts of lease liabilities for the Consolidated Company were as follows:

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Current	\$ <u>122,924</u>	<u>166,040</u>
Non-current	\$ <u>134,966</u>	<u>177,553</u>

The amounts recognized in profit or loss were as follows:

	2025	2024
Interests on lease liabilities	\$ <u>12,529</u>	<u>15,003</u>
Expenses relating to short-term leases	\$ <u>41,686</u>	<u>46,262</u>
Expenses relating to leases of low-value assets	\$ <u>630</u>	<u>347</u>

The amounts recognized in the statement of cash flows for the Consolidated Company were as follows:

	2025	2024
Total cash outflow for leases	\$ <u>259,640</u>	<u>273,024</u>

(i) Real estate leases

The Consolidated Company leased buildings for its office space. The leases of office space typically run for one to ten years. Some leases include an option to renew the lease for an additional period of the same duration after the end of the contract term.

(ii) Other leases

The Consolidated Company also leases office equipment with contract terms of one to three years. In some cases, the Consolidated Company has options to purchase the assets at the end of the contract term; in other cases, the Consolidated Company guarantees the residual value of the leased assets at the end of the contract term.

(p) Current provisions

For the year ended December 31, 2025

	Balance at January 1, 2025	Increased	Used	Reversed	Effect of exchange	Balance at December 31, 2025
Warranties	\$ 92,188	4,732	(15,909)	-	2,183	83,194
Legal proceedings and royalties	<u>42,615</u>	<u>111,649</u>	<u>(35,507)</u>	<u>(34,765)</u>	<u>528</u>	<u>84,520</u>
	<u>\$ 134,803</u>	<u>116,381</u>	<u>(51,416)</u>	<u>(34,765)</u>	<u>2,711</u>	<u>167,714</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2024

	Balance at January 1, 2024	Increased	Used	Reversed	Effect of exchange	Balance at December 31, 2024
Warranties	\$ 96,748	10,868	(13,935)	-	(1,493)	92,188
Legal proceedings and royalties	<u>30,735</u>	<u>44,815</u>	<u>(17,630)</u>	<u>(17,485)</u>	<u>2,180</u>	<u>42,615</u>
	<u>\$ 127,483</u>	<u>55,683</u>	<u>(31,565)</u>	<u>(17,485)</u>	<u>687</u>	<u>134,803</u>

(q) Refund liabilities

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Refund liabilities	<u>\$ 340,618</u>	<u>418,961</u>

Refund liabilities were predicted payments to the customers based on expected volume discounts and the right to the returned goods.

(r) Operating leases

The Consolidated Company leased out its fixed assets and investment property. The Consolidated Company has classified these leases as operating leases because it does not transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of the assets. Please refer to note 6(h) and (j).

A maturity analysis of lease payments, showing the undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date were as follows:

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Within one year	\$ 7,069	7,130
One to two years	4,139	4,139
Two to five years	<u>4,622</u>	<u>8,761</u>
Total undiscounted lease payments	<u>\$ 15,830</u>	<u>20,030</u>

(s) Employee benefits

(i) The reconciliation of the present value of the defined benefit obligations and fair value of plan assets for the Consolidated Company were as follows:

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Present value of the defined benefit obligations	\$ 59,703	64,076
Fair value of plan assets	<u>(126,542)</u>	<u>(120,336)</u>
Net defined benefit assets	<u>\$ (66,839)</u>	<u>(56,260)</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Based on the Company's pension plan, each employee earns two units for the first fifteen years of service, and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of forty-five units. Payments of retirement benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries for the last six months prior to retirement.

1) Composition of plan assets

The domestic company of the Consolidated Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of each employee's monthly wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan in accordance with the provisions of Labor Pension Act, whereby, the labor pension reserve account will make pension payment in advance.

The foreign company of the Consolidated Company made defined benefit plans contributions to the pension fund in accordance with local regulations.

The Consolidated Company's Bank of Taiwan labor pension reserve account balance amounted to \$126,542 thousand at the date of reporting date. For information on the utilization of the labor pension fund assets, including the asset allocation and yield of the fund, please refer to the website of the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor.

2) The movements in present value of the defined benefit obligations

The movement in present value of the defined benefit obligations in 2025 and 2024 for the Company were as follows:

	2025	2024
Defined benefit obligations at January 1	\$ 64,076	76,168
Current service costs and interests	1,415	1,455
Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liabilities		
— Actuarial losses and (gains) from changes in the financial assumptions	1,888	(2,790)
— Actuarial gains from changes in experience adjustments	(205)	(685)
Prior service costs	368	-
Effect of movements in exchange rates	(72)	22
Benefits paid by the plan	(7,767)	(10,094)
Defined benefit obligations at December 31	<u>\$ 59,703</u>	<u>64,076</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3) The movements in the fair value of the plan assets

The movements in the present value of the defined benefit plan assets in 2025 and 2024 for the Consolidated Company were as follows:

	2025	2024
Fair value of plan assets at January 1	\$ 120,336	117,275
Interest income	2,066	1,553
Remeasurement of the net defined benefit assets		
— Actuarial return on plan assets (excluding interests)	8,421	10,544
Benefits paid by the plan	(6,581)	(9,036)
Others	2,300	-
Fair value of plan assets at December 31	<u>\$ 126,542</u>	<u>120,336</u>

4) Expenses recognized in profit or loss

The expenses recognized in loss (profit) in 2025 and 2024 for the Consolidated Company were as follows:

	2025	2024
Current service costs	\$ 293	432
Net interest in the net defined benefit assets	(664)	(530)
Prior service costs	87	-
	<u>\$ (284)</u>	<u>(98)</u>
	2025	2024
Operating costs	\$ -	1
Selling expenses	428	220
Administrative (benefits) expenses	(41)	38
Research and development benefits	(671)	(357)
	<u>\$ (284)</u>	<u>(98)</u>

5) Remeasurements of the net defined benefit assets recognized in other comprehensive income

The Consolidated Company's remeasurements of the net defined benefit assets recognized in other comprehensive income as of December 31, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

	2025	2024
Balance on January 1	\$ 20,519	34,538
Recognized	(6,751)	(14,019)
Balance on December 31	<u>\$ 13,768</u>	<u>20,519</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

6) Actuarial assumptions

The Consolidated Company's principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date were as follows:

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Discount rate	1.400%~7.060%	1.700%~6.870%
Future salary increases	2.000%~9.000%	2.000%~9.000%

The Consolidated Company has a net defined benefit asset as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and no provision is expected to be made within one year.

The weighted average lifetime of the defined benefit plans was 7.48~13.65 years.

7) Sensitivity analysis

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the impacts on present value due to the changes in the actuarial assumptions were as follows:

	Effective of defined benefit obligations	
	Increase	Decrease
December 31, 2025		
Discount rate (0.25% change)	\$ (1,521)	1,578
Discount rate (1.00% change)	(109)	130
Future salary increases (0.25% change)	1,409	(1,370)
Future salary increases (1.00% change)	125	(107)
December 31, 2024		
Discount rate (0.25% change)	(1,749)	1,814
Discount rate (1.00% change)	(81)	98
Future salary increases (0.25% change)	1,635	(1,588)
Future salary increases (1.00% change)	94	(79)

The analysis of the impact of sensitivity was based on the situation that other assumptions remain constant. In actual situation, many changes in assumption might be linked. The method used in the sensitivity analysis was consistent with the calculation of pension liabilities in the balance sheets.

The assumptions used to prepare sensitive analysis in this period were the same as the previous financial statements.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Defined contribution plans

The domestic company of the Consolidated Company set aside 6% of the contribution rate of the employee's monthly wages to the labor pension personal account of the Bureau of the Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act. The Consolidated Company set aside a fixed amount to the Bureau of the Labor Insurance without the payment of additional legal or constructive obligations.

The foreign company of the Consolidated Company made contributions in accordance with local regulations.

The amount of the Consolidated Company's pension expenses under defined contribution pension plans was as follows:

	2025	2024
Operating costs	\$ <u>13,596</u>	<u>12,313</u>
Operating expenses	\$ <u>120,918</u>	<u>114,424</u>

(t) Income Taxes

Income tax expenses for the Consolidated Company were summarized as follows:

	2025	2024
Current income tax expense	\$ 178,434	211,601
Deferred tax expense		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	<u>36,735</u>	<u>18,628</u>
Income tax expenses	\$ <u>215,169</u>	<u>230,229</u>

The amount of income tax (benefit) expense recognized in other comprehensive income for the Consolidated Company was as follows:

	2025	2024
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	\$ <u>(9,445)</u>	<u>56,703</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Reconciliation of income tax expense and (loss) profit before tax for Consolidated Company was as follows:

	2025	2024
(Loss) profit before income tax	\$ <u>(190,549)</u>	<u>362,637</u>
Income tax using the Company's statutory tax rate	(38,110)	72,527
Effect of tax rate in foreign jurisdiction	(39,111)	(45,319)
Share of profit of associates accounted for using equity method	125,990	49,335
Change in unrecognized temporary differences	111,055	129,974
Income tax adjustments on prior years and others	<u>55,345</u>	<u>23,712</u>
	<u>\$ 215,169</u>	<u>230,229</u>

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

(i) Unrecognized deferred income tax assets

The unrecognized deferred income tax assets for Consolidated Company were as follows:

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Deductible temporary differences		
Unrealized expenses	\$ 107,818	93,142
Provisions for warranty	10,535	10,371
Unrealized impairment	200	200
Write-down of inventories to net realizable value	24,455	37,465
Others	<u>104,876</u>	<u>109,685</u>
	<u>247,884</u>	<u>250,863</u>
Operating loss carry forward	<u>1,555,248</u>	<u>1,441,214</u>
	<u>\$ 1,803,132</u>	<u>1,692,077</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities

The movements in the amount of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

	Intra-group transactions	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	Unrealized expenses	Write-down of inventory	Bad debts	Loss carry forward	Others	Total
Deferred income tax assets:								
Balance at January 1, 2025	\$ -	231,450	-	78,204	34	108,499	69,065	487,252
Recognized in profit or loss	-	-	5,157	3,911	32	(40,518)	(26,746)	(58,164)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	-	9,445	-	-	-	-	-	9,445
Balance at December 31, 2025	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>240,895</u>	<u>5,157</u>	<u>82,115</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>67,981</u>	<u>42,319</u>	<u>438,533</u>
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 9,165	288,153	13,902	84,901	161	146,284	86,398	628,964
Recognized in profit or loss	(9,165)	-	(13,902)	(6,697)	(127)	(37,785)	(17,333)	(85,009)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	-	(56,703)	-	-	-	-	-	(56,703)
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>231,450</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>78,204</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>108,499</u>	<u>69,065</u>	<u>487,252</u>

	Investments under equity method	Others	Total
Deferred income tax liabilities:			
Balance at January 1, 2025	\$ 2,482	90,174	92,656
Recognized in profit or loss	23,152	(44,581)	(21,429)
Balance at December 31, 2025	<u>\$ 25,634</u>	<u>45,593</u>	<u>71,227</u>
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 78,268	80,769	159,037
Recognized in profit or loss	(75,786)	9,405	(66,381)
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 2,482</u>	<u>90,174</u>	<u>92,656</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

In accordance with the laws of each registered country, the assessed losses can be used to offset current-year net income. In addition, pursuant to the ROC Income Tax Act, net loss of the Company, D-Link Taiwan Investment, Cameo and Qianjin Investment as assessed by the tax authorities can be carried forward for ten consecutive years to reduce future taxable income. As of December 31, 2025, Consolidated Company's unused loss carry forward available to offset future taxable income and the year of expiry were as follows:

Consolidated entity	Year of loss	Year of expiry	Unused amount
The Company	2017	2027	\$ 1,108,789
The Company	2019	2029	162,350
The Company	2020	2030	620,355
The Company	2021	2031	250,835
The Company	2024	2034	133,448
D-Link Taiwan Investment	2019	2029	5,774
D-Link Europe	2015, 2016, 2021 and 2025	Unlimited	162,823
D-Link Deutschland	2003	Unlimited	97,770
D-Link Brazil	2014~2019 and 2021~2025	Unlimited	980,789
D-Link Shianghai	2024	2029	16,879
D-Link Systems	2017, 2019~2021 and 2023~2025	2037, 2039~2041 and 2043~2045	1,036,562
D-Link International	2016~2019, 2021 and 2023~2024	Unlimited	1,801,260
Cameo	2019	2029	278,158
Cameo	2020	2030	283,079
Cameo	2021	2031	276,846
Cameo	2023	2033	87,725
Cameo	2024	2034	194,494
Cameo	2025	2035	169,347
Qianjing Investment	2018	2028	70
Qianjing Investment	2023	2033	20,500
			<u><u>\$ 7,687,853</u></u>

The income tax return of the Company has been examined by the tax authority through 2021. The income tax returns of Cameo, Qianjin Investment and D-Link Taiwan Investment have been examined by the tax authority through 2023.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(u) Capital and other equity

(i) Common stock

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the authorized capital amounted to \$8,800,000 thousand (including \$750,000 thousand authorized for the issuance of the employee shares options). As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, all the paid-in capital consisted 602,242 thousand shares and 602,428 thousand shares, respectively, with a par value of \$10 per share, amounting to \$6,022,424 thousand and \$6,024,275 thousand, respectively.

(ii) Capital surplus

The balances of capital surplus for the Consolidated Company were as follows:

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Common stock in excess of par value	\$ 1,037,134	1,047,340
Treasury shares transactions	41,253	41,027
Expiry of employee stock options	129,459	129,459
Expiry of redeemed options of convertible corporate bonds	81,454	81,454
Changes in equities of the Company's ownership interests in subsidiaries	55,924	55,320
Issue employee restricted shares	<u>4,410</u>	<u>10,234</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,349,634</u>	<u>1,364,834</u>

According to the R.O.C. Company Act, realized capital surplus can only be reclassified as share capital or be distributed as cash dividends after offsetting against losses. The aforementioned realized capital surplus includes share premium and donation gains. According to the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers, the amount of capital surplus to be reclassified under share capital should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year.

The Company's Board of Directors resolved to distribute cash of \$17,132 thousand from capital surplus, at \$0.0285 per share, on February 26, 2025.

(iii) Retained earnings

1) Legal reserve

According to the R.O.C. Company Act No. 237, the Company must retain 10% of its net profit as a legal reserve until such retention equals the total paid-in capital.

In accordance with Ruling No. 10802432410 issued by the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA) on January 9, 2020, the amount of retained earnings allotted to legal reserve shall be calculated based on "net income after income taxes, plus any other amount recognized in undistributed retained earnings" since the earnings distribution in 2019.

When the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid-in capital, the excess may be distributed as dividends in cash or stocks based on the resolution of the shareholders' meeting if there is no accumulated deficit.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2) Special reserve

In accordance with Ruling issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission, a special reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of other shareholders' equity shall be set aside from the current earnings and the prior unappropriated earnings. The Company shall not distribute the special reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of shareholders' equity from the prior fiscal years set aside from the prior unappropriated earnings. The amount of subsequent reversals pertaining to the net debit balance of other shareholders' equity shall qualify for distribution.

3) Earning distribution

In accordance with the Company's articles of incorporation, if there are earnings at year-end, 10 percent should be set aside as legal reserve until such retention equals the total paid-in capital after the payment of income tax and offsetting accumulated losses from prior years. Also set aside from or reverse special reserve in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act. The remaining portion will be combined with earnings from prior years, and the Board of Directors can propose appropriations of earnings to be approved by the shareholders' meeting.

The distributable dividends in whole or in part will be paid in cash by the Company after a resolution has been adopted by a majority vote at the Board of Directors attended by at least two-thirds of the total number of directors; and in addition thereto a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting.

The Company's Board of Directors resolved to distribute the cash dividends of \$0.0715 per share, amounting to \$42,955 thousand on February 26, 2025. The appropriation of legal reserve of \$4,773 thousand was approved by the shareholders' meeting on May 27, 2025.

The Company's Board of Directors resolved to distribute the cash dividends of \$0.5355 per share, amounting to \$321,236 thousand on February 27, 2024. The appropriation of legal reserve of \$54,698 thousand and special reserve of \$171,042 thousand was approved by the shareholders' meeting on May 29, 2024.

The related information is available on the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

4) Dividend policy

The Company has carried out its Residual Dividend Policy to align with the (i) whole market (ii) industrial growth characteristics (iii) long term financial plan (iv) talent acquisition, and (v) pursuing sustainable business development. After deducting the balance from the items mentioned above, the Board of Directors shall adopt a proposal for the residual balance and the previous year's earnings to be submitted for approval during the shareholders' meeting. The total amount of dividends to be distributed to the shareholders shall be no less than 30% of the distributable earnings for the current year. According to the budget plan for its capital, the Company shall distribute stock dividends to retain the required funds; and any remainder, which should not be less than 10% of the total dividends, can be distributed by cash.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(iv) Treasury shares

As of December 31, 2025, Qianjin Investment, a subsidiary of the Consolidated Company, held \$5,434 thousand shares of the Company with a total value of \$82,823 thousand attributed to the repurchase cost by the Company, was recognized under treasury shares.

(v) Other equity

1) Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements and unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income
Balance at January 1, 2025	\$ (1,425,786)	(9,387)
The Consolidated Company	(80,533)	(7,821)
Associates	(1,630)	-
Subsidiaries—disposal	-	9,918
Balance at December 31, 2025	<u>\$ (1,507,949)</u>	<u>(7,290)</u>
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ (1,557,495)	(17,004)
The Consolidated Company	179,761	7,617
Associates	321	-
Associates—disposal	(48,373)	-
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ (1,425,786)</u>	<u>(9,387)</u>

2) Unearned compensation

	2025	2024
Balance at January 1, 2025 and 2024	\$ (11,457)	(40,110)
Compensation cost of employee restricted shares	<u>8,989</u>	<u>28,653</u>
Balance at December 31, 2025 and 2024	<u>\$ (2,468)</u>	<u>(11,457)</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(vi) Non-controlling interests

	2025	2024
Balance at the beginning of the period	\$ 2,529,607	2,516,055
Attributable to non-controlling interests:		
Net profit	133,817	97,089
Remeasurements of defined benefits plans	1,145	1,610
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	(78,563)	35,537
Unrealized gains from investments in debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,260	11
Dividends that have been distributed were returned and reclassified as capital surplus	848	-
Cash dividends distributed	<u>(130,442)</u>	<u>(120,695)</u>
Balance at the end of the period	<u><u>\$ 2,457,672</u></u>	<u><u>2,529,607</u></u>

(v) Earnings (loss) per share

The calculation of (loss) earnings per share of the Consolidated Company was as follows:

(i) Basic (loss) earnings per share

	2025	2024
Net (loss) profit of the parent company for the year	\$ <u>(539,535)</u>	<u>35,319</u>
Outstanding ordinary shares	<u>598,847</u>	<u>597,923</u>
Basic (loss) earnings per share (in New Taiwan dollars)	<u><u>\$ (0.90)</u></u>	<u><u>0.06</u></u>

(ii) Diluted (loss) earnings per share

	2025	2024
Net (loss) profit of the parent company for the year	\$ <u>(539,535)</u>	<u>35,319</u>
Weighted average number of outstanding ordinary shares (basic)	598,847	597,923
Unvested employee restricted shares	-	1,721
Employees' compensation has not been resolved by the Board of Directors	<u>-</u>	<u>385</u>
Weighted average number of outstanding ordinary shares (diluted)	<u><u>598,847</u></u>	<u><u>600,029</u></u>
Diluted (loss) earnings per share (in New Taiwan dollars)	<u><u>\$ (0.90)</u></u>	<u><u>0.06</u></u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For calculation of the dilution effect of the stock option, the average market value was assessed based on the quoted market price where the Company's option was outstanding.

For the year ended December 31, 2025, the unvested employee restricted shares and employee stock options had anti-dilutive effect and were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share.

(w) Revenue from contracts with customers

(i) The Consolidated Company's revenue from contracts with customers

Major product / service lines	2025	2024
Switch and Security products	\$ 5,256,313	6,244,551
Wireless and IoT products	1,518,940	1,378,663
Mobile and Broadband products	1,530,240	1,814,068
Others	<u>5,061,526</u>	<u>4,957,761</u>
	<u>\$ 13,367,019</u>	<u>14,395,043</u>
Primary geographical markets		
	2025	2024
American	\$ 1,007,442	857,777
European	2,685,393	3,304,499
Asian and others	<u>9,674,184</u>	<u>10,232,767</u>
	<u>\$ 13,367,019</u>	<u>14,395,043</u>

(ii) Contract liabilities

1) The Consolidated Company recognized contract revenue related to contract liabilities:

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Current contract liabilities (sales)	<u>\$ 148,571</u>	<u>141,379</u>

2) The beginning contract liabilities were recognized as income, amounting to \$64,226 thousand and \$80,240 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

(x) Remunerations to employees and directors

On May 27, 2025, the Company resolved at the shareholders' meeting to amend its Articles of Association. According to the amended Articles, if the Company incurs profit for the year, the profit shall first be used to offset against any deficit. Thereafter, a minimum of 1% to a maximum of 15% of the remainder shall be appropriated as employee remuneration, and less than 1% as directors' remuneration, and a minimum of 0.5% shall be appropriated as remuneration for junior employees. Prior to the amendment, the Articles of Association stipulated that, if the Company incurs profit for the year, the profit shall first be used to offset against any deficit; then, a minimum of 1% to a maximum of 15% of the remainder shall be appropriated as employee remuneration, and less than 1% as directors' remuneration.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The profit shall be considered as the annual income before tax, excluding the remunerations to employees and directors, which shall be decided by at least two-third of the voting rights exercised by the majority of the directors present at the board meeting, and reported to shareholders' meeting thereafter. The recipients of shares and cash may include the employees of the Company's affiliated companies who meet certain specific conditions.

No remunerations to employees and directors were accrued for the year ended December 31, 2025, due to the loss before tax incurred by the Company.

In 2024, the Company's remuneration to its employees was \$3,081 thousand and remuneration to its directors was \$308 thousand, based on the resolution of the board meeting held on February 26, 2025, and had been reported at the shareholders' meeting thereafter. There is no difference between the actual distributed amounts and the amount recognized in the financial reports. Related information was available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(y) Other income and losses

(i) Interest income

	2025	2024
Interest income from bank deposits	\$ 103,641	126,633
Other interest income	<u>1,765</u>	<u>3,043</u>
Total	<u>\$ 105,406</u>	<u>129,676</u>

(ii) Other income

	2025	2024
Rent income	\$ 7,056	9,400
Dividend income	<u>17,340</u>	<u>1,885</u>
Total	<u>\$ 24,396</u>	<u>11,285</u>

(iii) Other gains and losses

	2025	2024
Gain on disposals of investments	\$ 52,745	92,987
Foreign exchange (losses) gains	(102,871)	126,399
Valuation gains from financial assets and liabilities	132,739	217,820
Impairment losses	(38,000)	-
Others	<u>14,772</u>	<u>34,672</u>
Total	<u>\$ 59,385</u>	<u>471,878</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(iv) Finance costs

	2025	2024
Interest expense	\$ (13,601)	(18,436)
Lease liability interests	<u>(12,529)</u>	<u>(15,003)</u>
Total	<u>\$ (26,130)</u>	<u>(33,439)</u>

(z) Reclassification adjustments of components of other comprehensive income

Details of the reclassification adjustments of components of other comprehensive (loss) income were summarized as follows:

	2025	2024
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements:		
Change in exchange from the Consolidated Company	\$ (89,978)	236,464
Change in exchange from non-controlling interests	<u>(78,563)</u>	<u>35,537</u>
Change in exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements recognized in other comprehensive (loss) income	<u>\$ (168,541)</u>	<u>272,001</u>
Unrealized gains from investments in debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:		
Change in fair value from the Consolidated Company	\$ 897	8
Change in fair value from non-controlling interests	<u>1,260</u>	<u>11</u>
Change in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income	<u>\$ 2,157</u>	<u>19</u>
Share of other comprehensive (loss) income of associates accounted for using equity method:		
Change in foreign currency exchange from associates	<u>\$ (1,630)</u>	<u>321</u>
Share of other comprehensive (loss) income from associates	<u>\$ (1,630)</u>	<u>321</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(aa) Financial instruments

(i) Category of financial instruments

1) Financial Assets

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,171,235	4,416,806
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (current and non-current)	2,002,443	1,300,131
Notes receivable, accounts receivable and other receivables (including related parties)	3,055,009	2,936,976
Finance lease payment receivable (current and non- current)	38,317	81,021
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	151,615	179,057
Refundable deposits and other current assets	<u>186,716</u>	<u>602,015</u>
	<u>\$ 8,605,335</u>	<u>9,516,006</u>

2) Financial liabilities

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Short-term borrowings	\$ 340,272	-
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current	9,539	4,402
Notes payable, accounts payable and other payables (including related parties)	2,988,293	3,013,010
Long-term borrowings (including borrowings due within one year)	441,849	528,881
Lease liability (current and non-current)	257,890	343,593
Guarantee deposits received	<u>49,101</u>	<u>69,430</u>
	<u>\$ 4,086,944</u>	<u>3,959,316</u>

(ii) Credit risk

Exposure to credit risk:

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum amount exposed to credit risk. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the maximum exposure to credit risk amounted to \$8,605,335 thousand and \$9,516,006 thousand, respectively.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(iii) Liquidity risk

The following table shows the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments but excluding the impact of netting agreements.

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Within six months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	Over five years
December 31, 2025							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Short-term borrowings	\$ 340,272	341,289	341,289	-	-	-	-
Notes payable	40	40	40	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable	1,704,992	1,704,992	1,704,992	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable to related parties	163,800	163,800	163,800	-	-	-	-
Other payables	1,119,461	1,119,461	1,119,461	-	-	-	-
Lease liability	257,890	278,179	72,016	60,852	70,309	60,622	14,380
Guarantee deposits received	49,101	49,101	49,101	-	-	-	-
Long-term borrowings (including borrowings due within one year)	441,849	481,880	28,826	28,558	56,311	199,164	169,021
Derivative financial liabilities							
Cross currency swaps							
Outflow	\$ 7,434	1,421,039	1,421,039	-	-	-	-
Inflow	-	1,415,769	1,415,769	-	-	-	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts							
Outflow	2,105	238,681	238,681	-	-	-	-
Inflow	-	236,600	236,600	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 4,086,944</u>	<u>7,450,831</u>	<u>6,791,614</u>	<u>89,410</u>	<u>126,620</u>	<u>259,786</u>	<u>183,401</u>
December 31, 2024							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Notes payable	\$ 575	575	575	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable	1,833,852	1,833,852	1,833,852	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable to related parties	183,654	183,654	183,654	-	-	-	-
Other payables	994,929	994,929	994,929	-	-	-	-
Lease liability	343,593	363,776	92,128	83,722	109,109	60,989	17,828
Guarantee deposits received	69,430	69,430	69,430	-	-	-	-
Long-term borrowings (including borrowings due within one year)	528,881	579,545	66,611	31,053	57,384	182,572	241,925
Derivative financial liabilities							
Cross currency swaps							
Outflow	\$ 3,223	451,284	451,284	-	-	-	-
Inflow	-	445,682	445,682	-	-	-	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts							
Outflow	1,179	115,644	115,644	-	-	-	-
Inflow	-	115,704	115,704	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 3,959,316</u>	<u>5,154,075</u>	<u>4,369,493</u>	<u>114,775</u>	<u>166,493</u>	<u>243,561</u>	<u>259,753</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Consolidated Company does not expect that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier or at significantly different amount.

(iv) Currency risk

- 1) The Consolidated Company's significant exposure to foreign currency risk was as follows:

	December 31, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD
Financial assets (note):						
Monetary items:						
CLP	\$ 51,555	0.03	1,778	150,579	0.03	4,975
JPY	1,376,053	0.02	275,949	947,810	0.21	197,534
EUR	25,197	36.91	929,981	32,310	33.95	1,097,053
USD	147,830	31.42	4,644,817	174,071	32.78	5,706,210
BRL	5,569	5.71	31,797	5,564	5.29	29,455
AUD	2,087	20.97	43,764	2,818	20.29	57,164
IDR	5,495,910	0.0019	10,332	752,323	0.0020	1,533
PEN	271	9.33	2,529	-	-	-
			<u>\$ 5,940,947</u>			<u>7,093,924</u>
Non-monetary items:						
USD	\$ 21,393	31.42	<u>672,156</u>	22,831	32.78	<u>748,429</u>
Derivative instruments:						
AUD	\$ 1	20.97	22	23	20.29	471
USD	34	31.42	1,071	68	32.78	2,243
BRL	461	5.71	2,631	214	5.29	1,131
JPY	12,821	0.20	2,571	48,745	0.21	10,159
CNY	38	4.47	170	550	4.56	2,509
KRW	15,725	0.03	423	67,732	0.03	1,822
EUR	13	36.91	481	104	33.95	3,538
INR	6	0.35	<u>2</u>	640	0.38	<u>245</u>
			<u>\$ 7,371</u>			<u>22,118</u>
Financial liabilities (note):						
Monetary items:						
JPY	\$ 3,885,482	0.20	779,180	3,130,208	0.21	652,370
EUR	10,197	36.91	376,375	11,998	33.95	407,388
BRL	20,648	5.71	117,904	20,663	5.29	109,387
USD	81,896	31.42	2,573,170	96,979	32.78	3,179,079
CLP	114,835	0.03	3,960	129,173	0.03	4,268
AUD	1,230	20.97	25,794	1,472	20.29	29,863
IDR	6,717,730	0.0019	12,628	66	0.0020	-
PEN	12	9.33	<u>113</u>	-	-	-
			<u>\$ 3,889,124</u>			<u>4,382,355</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	December 31, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD
Derivative instruments:						
EUR	\$ 58	36.91	2,151	2	33.95	73
CAD	5	22.89	116	14	22.80	313
JPY	4,328	0.20	868	13,613	0.21	2,837
INR	126	0.35	44	-	-	-
BRL	-	-	-	185	5.29	981
USD	18	31.42	562	-	-	-
CNY	982	4.47	4,388	43	4.56	198
KRW	46,506	0.03	1,251	-	-	-
SGD	7	24.44	159	-	-	-
			<u>\$ 9,539</u>			<u>4,402</u>

Note: Disclosure in the consolidated financial statements of the financial assets and liabilities in foreign currency is limited to information on subsidiaries directly held by the Consolidated Company.

Since the Consolidated Company has various functional currencies, the information on foreign currency exchange gains and losses on monetary items is presented on a consolidated basis. The total foreign currency gains and losses, including those realized and unrealized, were a loss of \$102,871 thousand and a gain of \$126,399 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The Consolidated Company's exposure to foreign currency risk arises from the translation of the foreign currency exchange gains and losses on cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, borrowings, accounts payable and other payables that are denominated in foreign currency. A 1.5% of appreciation (depreciation) of each consolidated components currency, other than the functional currency, against the functional currency for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, would have increased or decreased the net income after tax by \$32,629 thousand and \$41,695 thousand, respectively, and increased or decreased the equity by \$41 thousand and \$47 thousand, respectively, assuming all other variables were held constant.

(v) Interest rate analysis

For the interest rate exposure of the Consolidated Company's financial assets and liabilities, please refer to the notes on liquidity risk management.

The following sensitivity analysis is based on the exposure to the interest rate risk of derivative and non-derivative financial instruments on the reporting date. Regarding liabilities with variable interest rates, the analysis is based on the assumption that the amount of outstanding liabilities at the reporting date was outstanding throughout the year. The rate of change is expressed as the interest rate increases or decreases by 0.5% when the Consolidated Company reports to management internally, which also represents the Consolidated Company management's assessment of the reasonably possible interest rate change.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

If the interest rate had increased or decreased by 0.5%, the Consolidated Company's net income (loss) after tax would have increased or decreased by \$4,446 thousand and \$6,795 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, assuming all other variables were held constant.

(vi) Assets and liabilities measured at fair value

1) The information of levels in the fair value hierarchy

The Consolidated Company measures the financial instruments at fair value based on a recurring basis. The level of fair values was as follows:

Assets and liabilities	Total	December 31, 2025		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Measured at fair value on recurring basis				
Non-derivative instruments				
Assets:				
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss - current				
Beneficiary certificates	\$ 690,152	690,152	-	-
Domestic listed (OTC) stock	81,341	81,341	-	-
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss - non-current				
Domestic listed (OTC) stock	1,223,579	727,979	-	495,600
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current				
Equity instruments:				
Domestic listed (OTC) stock	42,036	36	-	42,000
Unlisted stock	7,404	587	-	6,817
Debt instruments:				
Fixed-rate corporate bonds	102,176	-	102,176	-
Derivative instruments				
Assets:				
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss - current				
	7,371	-	7,371	-
Liabilities:				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current				
	9,539	-	9,539	-

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Assets and liabilities	December 31, 2024			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Measured at fair value on recurring basis				
Non-derivative instruments				
Assets:				
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss - current				
Beneficiary certificates	\$ 745,328	745,328	-	-
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss - non-current				
Domestic listed (OTC) stock	532,685	90,885	-	441,800
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current				
Equity instruments:				
Domestic listed (OTC) stock	72,558	15,963	-	56,595
Unlisted stock	6,481	803	-	5,678
Debt instruments:				
Fixed-rate corporate bonds	100,018	-	100,018	-
Derivative instruments				
Assets:				
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss - current	22,118	-	22,118	-
Liabilities:				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current	4,402	-	4,402	-

2) Valuation techniques for financial instruments measured at fair value

The Consolidated Company measures the fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets by a quoted price. Market prices quoted on major exchanges and over-the-counter trading centers for central government bonds judged to be popular, are based on the fair value of listed (OTC) equity instruments and debt instruments with quoted prices in an active market.

A financial instrument is regarded as being quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's-length basis. If the above conditions are not met, the market is considered inactive. In general, wide bid-ask spreads, significant increase in bid-ask spreads or low trading volume are all indicators of an inactive market.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Except for the financial instruments with active markets mentioned above, for other financial instruments like private placement of stocks of listed (OTC) companies and domestic bank securities, the fair value is determined by the market quotations and valuation techniques, and also considers the value after liquidity discounts or other valuation techniques which include model calculating with observable market data at the reporting date (such as yield curve from Taipei Exchange).

The Consolidated Company measures the fair value of financial instruments that are traded in inactive markets by category and attribution as follows:

· Unquoted equity instruments : The fair value is estimated using the liquidity discount model (Finnerty model), with the main assumption being based on the market price of the investees. The estimate has been adjusted for the discount impact of the lack of market liquidity in the equity securities.

3) Transfer between Level 1 and Level 2

The common stock of StemCyte International, LTD. (StemCyte) originally classified as Level 3 financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. From December 2024, it started to list on the Emerging Stock Market and had quoted prices in an active market. Therefore, it reclassified from Level 3 to Level 1.

4) Reconciliation of level 3 fair values

	Non-derivative financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income
Balance at January 1, 2025	\$ 441,800	62,273
Total gains or losses recognized		
Recognized in profit or loss	53,800	-
Recognized in other comprehensive loss	-	(13,456)
Balance at December 31, 2025	<u>\$ 495,600</u>	<u>48,817</u>
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 254,100	3,679
Acquisition	-	49,700
Total gains or losses recognized		
Recognized in profit or loss	187,700	-
Recognized in other comprehensive income	-	7,689
Reclassification	-	1,205
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 441,800</u>	<u>62,273</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Consolidated Company still held the following assets related to the total gains or losses described above, which were reported in “other gains and losses” and “unrealized gains and losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income” showed below:

	2025	2024
Total gains or losses recognized:		
In profit or loss, and reported in “other gains and losses” \$	53,800	187,700
In other comprehensive (loss) income, and reported in “unrealized gains and losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income”	(13,456)	7,689

5) Quantified information on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) used in fair value measurement

The Consolidated Company’s financial instruments that use Level 3 inputs to measure fair value include “financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss – equity securities investments” and “financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income – equity securities investments”.

Most of the Consolidated Company's financial assets with fair value classified as Level 3 have only a single significant unobservable input, and only equity instrument investments without active markets have multiple significant unobservable inputs. The significant unobservable inputs of equity instrument investments without active markets are independent of each other, therefore, there is no correlation between them.

Quantified information of significant unobservable inputs was as follows:

Item	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss - equity instrument investments	The fair value is determined by the market approach and considered the liquidity discount model (Finnerty model) on December 31, 2025, and December 31, 2024.	Lack of market liquidity discount (7.53% on December 31, 2025, and 18.18% on December 31, 2024.)	The higher the market liquidity discount lacks, the lower the fair value is.
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - equity instrument investments without an active market	The fair value is determined by the market approach and considered the liquidity discount model (Finnerty model) on December 31, 2025, and December 31, 2024.	Lack of market liquidity discount (14.62% on December 31, 2025, and 15.75% on December 31, 2024)	The higher the market liquidity discount lacks, the lower the fair value is.
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - equity instrument investments without an active market	Net Asset Value Method	Net Asset Value	Not applicable

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 6) Fair value measurements in Level 3 – sensitivity analysis of reasonably possible alternative assumptions

The fair value measurement of financial instruments by the Consolidated Company is reasonable, but the use of different evaluation models or parameters may result in different evaluation results. For financial instruments classified as Level 3, if the evaluation parameters change, the impact on the current period's profit or loss is as follows:

		Inputs	Upward or downward movement	Changes in fair value through the current period's profit or loss	
				Favorable	Unfavorable
December 31, 2025					
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	Lack of market liquidity discount	5%	\$ <u>26,800</u>	<u>(26,800)</u>	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Lack of market liquidity discount	5%	\$ <u>2,459</u>	<u>(2,459)</u>	
December 31, 2024					
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	Lack of market liquidity discount	5%	\$ <u>27,000</u>	<u>(27,000)</u>	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Lack of market liquidity discount	5%	\$ <u>3,308</u>	<u>(3,308)</u>	

- (vii) Assets and liabilities not measured at fair value

- 1) Information of fair value

Except for those listed in the below table, the carrying amounts of the Consolidated Company's financial instruments not measured at fair value, including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable/payable and other receivables/payables, approximate their fair values. Therefore, their fair values are not disclosed. Moreover, lease liabilities are not required to disclose fair value information according to the regulation.

	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Non-financial assets:				
Investment property	\$ <u>37,291</u>	<u>75,472</u>	<u>37,687</u>	<u>83,626</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

		December 31, 2025			
Assets and liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Non-financial assets:					
Investment property	\$ 75,472	-	-	75,472	
		December 31, 2024			
Assets and liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Non-financial assets:					
Investment property	\$ 83,626	-	-	83,626	

2) Valuation techniques

The methods and assumptions used by the Consolidated Company's financial instruments not measured at fair value were as follows:

- a) The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents and other financial instruments that approximate their fair value due to their short maturities or similar to the future receipt and payment price.
- b) The fair value of investment property that was based on the comparable deal information with similar location and category.

(ab) Financial risk management

(i) Overview

The Consolidated Company was exposed to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- 1) Credit risk
- 2) Liquidity risk
- 3) Market risk

The following likewise discusses Consolidated Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing the above-mentioned risks. For more disclosures about the quantitative effects of these risk exposures, please refer to the respective notes in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

(ii) Structure of risk management

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. The Board has given the department directors a task to establish and dominate regulations of risk management to effectively ensure operations of risk management.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Consolidated Company uses internal control systems, risk management procedures, and regulations of risk management as the basis of various business risk management standards. The Consolidated Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Consolidated Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Consolidated Company's activities. The Consolidated Company, through training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Board of Directors and Audit Committee oversee how management monitors compliance with the Consolidated Company's risk management policies and procedures and review the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Consolidated Company. The Board of Directors and Audit Committee are assisted in their oversight role by Internal Audit. Internal Audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the Board of Directors and Audit Committee.

(iii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Consolidated Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Consolidated Company's receivables from customers, investment in securities and hedge derivatives.

1) Accounts receivable

The Consolidated Company has completed in setting the credit risk management policies, and has established Credit Risk Management Department, which is responsible for managing credit policies and client's credit risk. Based on the global risk management, credit rating and analysis are required to customers on credit in advance and granted credit limits. For customers who made their payments other than cash, regular reviews on credit limits are required to ensure the creditworthiness of customers.

Allowance for bad debt is set based on the lifetime expected credit loss of each customer. In order to mitigate the risk of default, the Consolidated Company has purchased guarantees, with appropriate insured amount for customers in high-risk countries. High risks customers without insurance should make their payments in advance or provide sufficient credit guarantees. In addition, when the creditworthiness of customers worsens, they should be placed on a restricted customer list. The credit rating for these customers should be downgraded and the transactions on sales credit should be restricted.

The Consolidated Company has set the allowance for bad debt account to reflect the possible losses on accounts and other receivables. The allowance for bad debt account consists of specific losses relating to individually significant exposure from customers with financial difficulties or operating conflicts. The allowance for bad debt account is based on expected credit loss and historical collection record of similar financial assets or the possibility of breaching the contracts.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2) Investment in securities and derivative financial instruments

The credit risk exposure in the bank deposits, fixed income investments and derivative financial instrument are measured and monitored by the Consolidated Company's finance department. As the Consolidated Company will select financial institutions with good credit ratings as its counterparties and diversify its investment in different financial institutions, and do not expect to have any default risks and significant concentration of credit risk.

3) Guarantees

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, it is only permissible to provide financial guarantees to subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Consolidated Company has not provided any guarantees to a third party.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Consolidated Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Consolidated Company's approach to manage liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Consolidated Company's reputation. The Consolidated Company aims to maintain the level of its cash and short-term bank facilities at an amount in excess of expected cash flows on financial liabilities over the succeeding 60 days. This excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters. The Consolidated Company had unused credit facilities for \$3,509,763 thousand and \$4,109,216 thousand as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

(v) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates or equity prices that affects the Consolidated Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters to minimize the influence on change in market price or control within expectable scope.

The Consolidated Company buys and sells derivatives, and also incurs financial liabilities, in order to manage market risks. All such transactions are carried out within the guidelines of risk management.

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

1) Currency risk

The Consolidated Company is exposed to currency risk on sales, purchases and borrowings that are denominated in currencies other than its respective functional currencies. The functional currencies of the Consolidated Company are primarily denominated in US Dollars (USD) and TWD, and include denominated in Euro (EUR), Chinese Yuan (CNY), Japanese Yen (JPY) and Brazilian Real (BRL) of other countries in which the subsidiaries registered. Purchases are mainly denominated in USD while sales are denominated in USD, EUR, CNY, TWD, British Pounds (GBP), Australian Dollar (AUD), Canadian Dollar (CAD), JPY, South Korean Won (KRW), Russian Ruble (RUB), Indian Rupee (INR), Indonesian Rupiah (IDR), BRL, and so on.

At any point in time, the Consolidated Company hedges its currency risk based on its actual and forecast sales over the following six months. The Consolidated Company also uses nature hedges on the net risk position after offsetting assets and liabilities denominated in the same foreign currencies and maintained the hedge ratio at 50% and above. The Consolidated Company uses forward exchange contracts and foreign exchange options, with a maturity of less than one year from the reporting date, to hedge its currency risks.

Generally, the currencies of borrowings in the Consolidated Company are denominated in its functional currencies and are incorporated in net exposure on borrowing requirement denominated in foreign currencies as mentioned above to ensure the net exposure is maintained at acceptable level.

Transactions in derivative financial instruments adopt economic hedge to prevent currency risk from financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. The gains and losses of hedged items are expected to offset gains or losses that arise from the fluctuations in exchange rates. The valuation gains and losses on financial assets consist of transactions that do not qualify as hedging accounting.

2) Interest rate risk

For the bank borrowings at floating rate, the changes in market interest rate will cause fluctuation on borrowing effective interest rate and have an impact on the future cash flow. For the bank borrowings at fixed rate, the change in market interest rate will not affect the future cash flow, hence, there will not be any significant interest rate risk.

3) Other price risks

The Consolidated Company holds both monetary funds and bond funds, where their prices are affected by changes in mutual funds. The abovementioned mutual funds are widely used as fixed income investments, with large market scale, stable market prices, and high liquidity. The Consolidated Company is held for the purpose of short-term capital allocation with a period of approximately three months. The finance department will monitor the changes in market and dispose of the investments, if necessary.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ac) Capital management

The Consolidated Company's fundamental management objective is to maintain a strong capital base. Capital consists of ordinary shares, capital surplus, retained earnings and other equities. The Board of Directors monitors the capital structure regularly and selects the optimal capital structure by considering the capital scale, overall operating environment, operating characteristics of the industry in order to support future development of the business. The current aim for debt-to-equity ratio is set within 100%. As of the reporting date, the debt-to-equity ratio is considered appropriate.

Debt-to-equity ratio:

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Total liabilities	\$ 5,070,219	4,990,410
Less: cash and cash equivalents	<u>(3,171,235)</u>	<u>(4,416,806)</u>
Net debt	<u>\$ 1,898,984</u>	<u>573,604</u>
Total equity	<u>\$ 10,753,290</u>	<u>11,500,155</u>
Debt-to-equity ratio	<u>17.66%</u>	<u>4.99%</u>

As of December 31, 2025, the methods of the Consolidated Company's capital management remained unchanged.

(ad) Investing and financing activities not affecting current cash flow

Information of non-cash-traded investing and financing activities for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, were as follows:

- (i) For acquisition of right-of-use assets through leases, please refer to note 6(i).
- (ii) The reconciliations of liabilities arising from financing activities were as follows:

	January 1, 2025	Cash flows	Non-cash changes			December 31, 2025
			Exchange	Fair value changes	Others	
Short-term borrowings	\$ -	340,272	-	-	-	340,272
Long-term borrowings (including borrowings due within one year)	528,881	(87,032)	-	-	-	441,849
Lease liabilities	343,593	(204,796)	-	-	119,093	257,890
Others	69,430	(20,329)	-	-	-	49,101
Total liabilities from financing activities	<u>\$ 941,904</u>	<u>28,115</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>119,093</u>	<u>1,089,112</u>
	January 1, 2024	Cash flows	Non-cash changes			December 31, 2024
			Exchange	Fair value changes	Others	
Long-term borrowings (including borrowings due within one year)	\$ 651,032	(122,151)	-	-	-	528,881
Lease liabilities	454,808	(211,412)	-	-	100,197	343,593
Others	68,337	1,093	-	-	-	69,430
Total liabilities from financing activities	<u>\$ 1,174,177</u>	<u>(332,470)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>100,197</u>	<u>941,904</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(7) Related-party transactions:

(a) Names and relationship with related parties

The followings are entities that have transactions with related party during the periods covered in the consolidated financial statement:

Name of related party	Relationship with the Consolidated Company
T-COM, LLC (T-COM)	An associate
Sapido Technology Inc.	Other related party
Amigo Technology Inc. (Amigo)	Other related party (Amigo changed its Chinese company name on January 16, 2026.)
Amit Wireless Inc.	Other related party
E-Sheng Steel Co., Ltd. (E-Sheng)	Other related party
TSG Hawks Baseball Co., Ltd.	Other related party
TSG Sports Marketing Co., Ltd.	Other related party
GMTC	Other related party
Jia Jie Biomedical	Other related party
TSG TRANSPORT CORP.	Other related party
TSG Royalty Eagle Social Welfare Charitable Foundation	Other related party
United Fiber Optic Communication Inc. (UFOC)	Other related party
Advanced Communication Technology & Solutions Corporation	Other related party (Dissolution after merging with the parent company, UFOC, on December 1, 2024)
NewSoft Technology Corporation	Other related party
Yung-Fu Co., Ltd.	Other related party
TSG Star Travel Corp.	Other related party
Kuei Tien Cultural & Creative Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Kuei Tien Creative Co., Ltd.	Other related party
HOME-CHAIN FOODS, LTD.	Other related party
YangMingShan Tien Lai Resort & Spa Co., Ltd.	Other related party
E-Top Metal Co., Ltd. (E-Top)	Other related party
TMP Steel Corporation (TMP)	Other related party
S-Tech	Other related party
King House	Other related party
TSG Development	Other related party (DataVan International Corp. was renamed to TSG Development on November 25, 2025)

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Name of related party	Relationship with the Consolidated Company		
KUEI TIEN International Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Other related party		
 (b) Significant related party transactions			
(i) Sales and service revenue			
		2025	2024
Associates		\$ 6,572	5,497
Other related parties		<u>14,691</u>	<u>2,881</u>
		<u>\$ 21,263</u>	<u>8,378</u>

The average credit terms extended to related parties and third-party customers were approximately 30-90 days. However, credit terms to related parties might be further extended when necessary.

(ii) Purchases			
		2025	2024
Other related parties:			
Amigo		\$ 662,559	611,838
Others		<u>95,986</u>	<u>22,523</u>
		<u>\$ 758,545</u>	<u>634,361</u>

The payment term of related parties was 30-90 days. There were no significant differences in payment terms between related parties and third-party suppliers.

(iii) Receivables from related parties			
Account	Relationship	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Accounts receivable	Associates	\$ 62	381
Accounts receivable	Other related parties	14,975	50
Other receivables	Other related parties	<u>438</u>	<u>483</u>
		<u>\$ 15,475</u>	<u>914</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(iv) Other current assets

Account	Relationship	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Prepayment for purchase	Other related parties	\$ -	9,147
Other current assets	Other related parties	<u>2,143</u>	<u>2,160</u>
		<u><u>\$ 2,143</u></u>	<u><u>11,307</u></u>

(v) Payables to related parties

Account	Relationship	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Accounts payable	Other related parties — Amigo	\$ 145,021	163,142
Accounts payable	Other related parties — Others	18,779	20,512
Other payables	Other related parties	<u>64,361</u>	<u>16,937</u>
		<u><u>\$ 228,161</u></u>	<u><u>200,591</u></u>

The Consolidated Company's other payables to other related parties included equipment payables and others.

(vi) Property transaction

	2025	2024
Other related parties:		
Amigo	\$ 11,140	2,430
Other	<u>9,174</u>	<u>45</u>
	<u><u>\$ 20,314</u></u>	<u><u>2,475</u></u>

The Consolidated Company purchased mold equipment and acquired intangible assets from the related parties.

(vii) Services purchased from related parties and expenses

	2025	2024
Other related parties	<u>\$ 53,775</u>	<u>51,994</u>

(viii) Other income and expenses

Account	Relationship	2025	2024
Other gains and losses	Other related parties	<u>\$ 5,251</u>	<u>583</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ix) Lease

Account	Relationship	2025	2024
Rent Income	Other related parties — Amigo	\$ 2,978	3,862
Rent Income	Other related parties — UFOC	2,722	4,359
Rent Income	Other related parties — Others	<u>-</u>	<u>23</u>
		<u>\$ 5,700</u>	<u>8,244</u>

The Consolidated Company's rental contracts as the lessor with the related parties were based on the market conditions for office in the surrounding area, and rent is collected on a monthly basis.

As of December 31, 2025, except for \$314 thousand of UFOC had been accounted for other receivables, the aforementioned rent had been fully collected.

(x) Collection and payment on behalf of related party

	2025	2024
E-Sheng	\$ 647,132	392,445
E-Top	168,637	60,837
TMP	<u>-</u>	<u>143,712</u>
	<u>\$ 815,769</u>	<u>596,994</u>

The balance of collection and payment on behalf of related party was zero as of December 31, 2025.

(xi) Financial Instruments

For details regarding the shares held by the Consolidated Company in other related parties, please refer to notes 6(b) and 13(a).

(c) Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel compensation comprised:

	2025	2024
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 31,681	36,943
Post-employee benefits	531	664
Share-based payments	<u>3,091</u>	<u>5,258</u>
	<u>\$ 35,303</u>	<u>42,865</u>

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(8) Pledged assets:

The Consolidated Company's carrying amounts of pledged assets were as follows:

Pledged assets	Object	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Other current assets and other non-current assets	Rental deposits, performance guarantee and time deposits	\$ 67,789	111,241
Property, plant, and equipment-land	Long-term bank borrowings	346,639	346,639
Property, plant, and equipment-buildings	Long-term bank borrowings	<u>867,226</u>	<u>898,198</u>
		<u><u>\$ 1,281,654</u></u>	<u><u>1,356,078</u></u>

(9) Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized commitments:

- (a) The Consolidated Company's subsidiary, D-Link Brazil, had disputes regarding prior year's invoices attached to sales return with the local tax authorities, and had filed litigation. D-Link Brazil had accrued possible tax, interest and penalty. D-Link Brazil continues to cooperate with the court proceedings to clarify the disputes and respond to the claims made by local tax authorities, and will await the court's findings and judgment.
- (b) The Consolidated Company's subsidiary, D-Link India, had disputes regarding prior years' declaration tax on customs with the local tax authorities, the Company has appointed attorneys to conduct a defense. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the above litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (c) Integral Wireless Technologies LLC filed a lawsuit against the Company in 2025, alleging that some of D-Link's products have infringed its patents. The Company has appointed attorneys to conduct a defense. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the above litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (d) Estelgia, LLC filed a lawsuit against the Company and requested an investigation from the ITC in 2025, alleging that some of D-Link's products infringed its patents. The Company has appointed attorneys to conduct a defense. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the above litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (e) IoT Innovations, LLC filed a lawsuit against the Company in 2025, alleging that some of D-Link's products have infringed its patents. The Company has appointed attorneys to conduct a defense. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the above litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (f) As of December 31, 2025, Cameo's unfulfilled purchase commitment of \$240,533 thousand, which is deemed an irrevocable quantity purchase agreement, was calculated based on the purchase price at the time of order. However, the actual transaction price will be renegotiated upon delivery.
- (g) In addition to the abovementioned lawsuits, the Consolidated Company is currently under negotiations with a number of companies regarding the royalty on patents and the amount of liabilities is not significant or unclear. The Consolidated Company has accrued the possible expense.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(10) Losses Due to Major Disasters: None.

(11) Subsequent Events:

On January 20, 2026, the Consolidated Company received a tax reassessment ruling from the Office of the Commissioner of Customs in India. The ruling asserted that the royalties paid by D-Link India to the Company should be included in the custom assessable value of goods imported from third-party suppliers. Prior to the ruling, D-Link India made an ad-hoc voluntary payment of NTD3,475 thousand (INR10,000 thousand), which has been permitted for offsetting by the competent authority in its ruling.

The Consolidated Company is evaluating the legal basis of the ruling and its potential implications, and has appointed attorneys to conduct a defense. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the above litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations. The Consolidated Company plans to file an appeal with the Office of the Commissioner of Customs by the end of March 2026.

(12) Other:

(a) The information on employee benefits, depreciation, and amortization expenses by function was summarized as follows:

By item	By function	For the years ended December 31,					
		2025			2024		
		Cost of Goods Sold	Operating Expense	Total	Cost of Goods Sold	Operating Expense	Total
Employee benefits							
Salaries		226,880	1,771,315	1,998,195	198,121	1,970,917	2,169,038
Labor and health insurance		19,794	100,371	120,165	16,207	110,840	127,047
Pension		13,596	120,634	134,230	12,314	114,325	126,639
Others		25,455	276,632	302,087	22,695	230,074	252,769
Depreciation		65,197	199,205	264,402	79,335	229,827	309,162
Amortization		61	58,567	58,628	35	45,469	45,504

(b) Seasonality of operations

The Consolidated Company's operations are not affected by seasonal or cyclical factors.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(13) Other disclosures:

(a) Information on significant transactions:

The following is the information on significant transactions required by the “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers” for the Consolidated Company:

(i) Loans to other parties:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Number	Name of lender	Name of borrower	Account name	Related party	Highest balance of financing to other parties during the period	Ending balance	Actual usage amount during the period	Range of interest rates during the period (%)	Purposes of fund financing for the borrower	Transaction amount for business between two parties	Reasons for short-term financing	Allowance for bad debt	Collateral		Individual funding loan limits (Note)	Maximum limit of fund financing (Note)
													Item	Value		
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Europe	Accounts receivable-related parties	Yes	32,774	-	-	4.25	2	-	Convert from Account receivables to loan receivable	-	-	-	3,318,247	3,318,247
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Europe	Accounts receivable-related parties	Yes	108,901	-	-	3.50	2	-	Convert from Account receivables to loan receivable	-	-	-	3,318,247	3,318,247
1	D-Link International	D-Link Shanghai	Accounts receivable-related parties	Yes	140,811	-	-	3.55	2	-	Operating Capital	-	-	-	1,487,128	1,487,128
1	D-Link International	D-Link Shanghai	Accounts receivable-related parties	Yes	268,211	134,105	134,105	3.20	2	-	Operating Capital	-	-	-	1,487,128	1,487,128
1	D-Link International	D-Link Shanghai	Accounts receivable-related parties	Yes	368,712	368,712	368,712	-	2	-	Convert from Account receivables to loan receivable	-	-	-	1,487,128	1,487,128
1	D-Link International	D-Link Corporation	Accounts receivable-related parties	Yes	368,987	368,987	368,987	0.77	2	-	Operating Capital	-	-	-	1,487,128	1,487,128
2	D-Link Capital Investment	D-Link Corporation	Accounts receivable-related parties	Yes	769,790	329,910	329,910	-	2	-	Operating Capital	-	-	-	346,531	346,531
3	D-Link Japan	D-Link Corporation	Accounts receivable-related parties	Yes	360,965	360,965	360,965	0.86	2	-	Operating Capital	-	-	-	569,831	569,831
4	D-Link Deutschland	D-Link Europe	Accounts receivable-related parties	Yes	114,418	55,364	55,364	3.50	2	-	Operating Capital	-	-	-	136,033	136,033

Note 1 : Purpose of fund financing for the borrower:

1. For those companies with business transaction with the Company, please fill in 1.
2. For those companies with short-term financing needs, please fill in 2.

Note 2 : Total amount of loans from the Company to D-Link Europe shall not exceed 40% of the net worth of the Company.

Note 3 : Total amount of loans from D-Link International to the Company and the Company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link International.

Note 4 : Total amount of loans from D-Link Capital Investment to the Company shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Capital Investment.

Note 5 : Total amount of loans from D-Link Japan to the Company shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Japan.

Note 6 : Total amount of loans from D-Link Deutschland to the Company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Deutschland.

Note 7 : The transactions of the subsidiaries had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Guarantees and endorsements for other parties:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

No.	Name of guarantor	Counter-party of guarantee and endorsement		Limitation on amount of guarantees and endorsements for a specific enterprise	Highest balance for guarantees and endorsements during the period	Balance of guarantees and endorsements as of reporting date	Actual usage amount during the period	Property pledged for guarantees and endorsements amount	Ratio of accumulated amounts of guarantees and endorsements to net worth of the latest financial statements	Maximum amount for guarantees and endorsements	Parent company endorsements/guarantees to third parties on behalf of subsidiary	Subsidiary endorsements/guarantees to third parties on behalf of parent company	Endorsements/guarantees to third parties on behalf of companies in Mainland China
		Name	Relationship with the Company										
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Europe	2	2,007,475	137,524	137,524	6,192	-	1.66 %	6,022,424	Y	N	N
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Shanghai	2	2,007,475	157,100	157,100	22,639	-	1.89 %	6,022,424	Y	N	Y

Note 1: The endorsement and guarantee amount for a single company shall not exceed 1/3 of the Company's capital.

Note 2: The total amount of endorsement and guarantee shall not exceed the Company's capital.

Note 3: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into following categories:

1. Having business relationship.
2. The Company owns more than 50% equity shares in the entity, directly or indirectly.
3. An entity owns more than 50% equity shares in the Company, directly or indirectly.

Note 4: The amounts in New Taiwan Dollars were translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

(iii) Securities held as of December 31, 2025 (excluding investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures):

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars/shares)

Name of holder	Category and name of security	Relationship with company	Account name	Ending balance				Highest percentage of ownership (%)	Note
				Shares/Units	carrying amount	Percentage of ownership (%)	Fair value		
D-Link Corporation	King House	Other related party	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non-current	5,000,000	247,800	2.96 %	247,800	3.16 %	
D-Link Corporation	S-Tech	Other related party	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non-current	1,687,000	39,138	0.73 %	39,138	0.73 %	
D-Link Corporation	IBF	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non-current	21,149,043	350,017	0.58 %	350,017	0.58 %	
D-Link Corporation	GMTC	Other related party	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	1,414,000	45,389	0.23 %	45,389	0.23 %	
D-Link Corporation	TSG Development	Other related party	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current	3,500,000	42,000	2.40 %	42,000	2.40 %	
D-Link India	ICICI MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	502,856	70,631	- %	70,631	- %	
D-Link India	ADITYA BIRLA MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	461,442	70,736	- %	70,736	- %	
D-Link India	NIPPON INDIA MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	30,329	70,459	- %	70,459	- %	
D-Link India	TATA MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	47,516	70,305	- %	70,305	- %	
D-Link India	DSP MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	26,146	35,067	- %	35,067	- %	
D-Link India	HDFC MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	37,811	70,470	- %	70,470	- %	

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Name of holder	Category and name of security	Relationship with company	Account name	Ending balance			Fair value	Highest percentage of ownership (%)	Note
				Shares/Units	carrying amount	Percentage of ownership (%)			
D-Link India	UTI MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	45,082	70,139	- %	70,139	- %	
D-Link India	AXIS MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	84,401	88,293	- %	88,293	- %	
D-Link India	HSBC LIQUID FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	75,590	70,789	- %	70,789	- %	
Cameo	King House	Other related party	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non-current	5,000,000	247,800	2.96 %	247,800	3.16 %	
Cameo	IBF	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non-current	16,261,689	269,131	0.45 %	269,131	0.45 %	
Cameo	Domestic bank green bonds-P13 Taipei Fubon Bank 3	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current	-	102,176	- %	102,176	- %	Each bond has a denomination of \$10,000 thousand, with 10 bonds in total.
Qianjin Investment	D-Link Corporation	Parent company	Treasury shares	5,434,069	81,783	0.90 %	81,783	0.90 %	

- (iv) Related-party transactions for purchases and sales with amounts exceeding the lower of NTD100 million or 20% of the capital stock:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of company	Related party	Nature of relationship	Transaction details				Transactions with terms different from others		Notes/Accounts receivable (payable)		Note
			Purchase/ (Sales)	Amount	Percentage of total Purchases/ (Sales)	Payment terms	Unit price	Payment terms	Ending balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link International	Subsidiary	(Sales and service revenue)	(268,557)	(5) %	60 Days	-	-	29,134	2%	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Systems	Subsidiary	(Sales and service revenue)	(512,127)	(10) %	60 Days	-	-	201,913	16%	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Europe	Subsidiary	(Sales and service revenue)	(906,382)	(18) %	60 Days	-	-	342,385	28%	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link ME	Subsidiary	(Sales and service revenue)	(1,230,472)	(25) %	60 Days	-	-	348,411	28%	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Japan	Subsidiary	(Sales and service revenue)	(430,434)	(9) %	60 Days	-	-	71,832	6%	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link India	Subsidiary	(Sales and service revenue)	(922,450)	(19) %	45 Days	-	-	124,535	10%	
D-Link Corporation	Cameo	Subsidiary	Purchase	1,125,877	27 %	90 Days	-	-	(234,292)	(30)%	
D-Link Corporation	Amigo	Other related party	Purchase	500,053	12 %	90 Days	-	-	(111,630)	(14)%	
D-Link International	D-Link Corporation	Parent company	Purchase	263,263	60 %	60 Days	-	-	(29,134)	(3)%	
D-Link Systems	D-Link Corporation	Parent company	Purchase	509,260	94 %	60 Days	-	-	(201,913)	(52)%	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Corporation	Parent company	Purchase	894,254	97 %	60 Days	-	-	(342,385)	(67)%	
D-Link ME	D-Link Corporation	Parent company	Purchase	1,227,205	64 %	60 Days	-	-	(348,411)	(67)%	
D-Link Japan	D-Link Corporation	Parent company	Purchase	369,305	81 %	60 Days	-	-	(71,832)	(96)%	
D-Link India	D-Link Corporation	Parent company	Purchase	845,039	16 %	45 Days	-	-	(124,535)	(18)%	
Cameo	D-Link Corporation	Parent company	(Sales)	(1,138,690)	(63) %	90 Days	-	-	236,055	61%	
D-Link Shanghai	D-Link Trade	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sales)	(671,347)	(96) %	120 Days	-	-	337,813	98%	

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Name of company	Related party	Nature of relationship	Transaction details				Transactions with terms different from others		Notes/Accounts receivable (payable)		Note
			Purchase/(Sales)	Amount	Percentage of total Purchases/(Sales)	Payment terms	Unit price	Payment terms	Ending balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
D-Link Trade	D-Link Shanghai	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	671,347	96 %	120 Days	—	—	(337,813)	(86)%	
Cameo	D-Link Shanghai	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sales)	(183,152)	(10) %	90 Days	—	—	39,718	11%	
D-Link Shanghai	Cameo	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	183,635	26 %	90 Days	—	—	(40,254)	(12)%	
D-Link Shanghai	Amigo	Other related party	Purchase	162,170	23 %	90 Days	—	—	(33,028)	(10)%	
D-Link Canada	D-Link Systems	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sales and service revenue)	(132,118)	(88) %	90 Days	—	—	84,306	98%	

- (v) Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of NTD100 million or 20% of the capital stock:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of company	Related party	Nature of relationship	Ending balance	Turnover rate	Overdue (Note 1)		Amounts received in subsequent period (Note 2)	Allowance for bad debts
					Amount	Action taken		
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Systems	Subsidiary	201,913	3.76	-	-	76,035	-
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Europe	Subsidiary	342,385	2.24	84	-	59,225	-
D-Link Corporation	D-Link ME	Subsidiary	348,411	5.04	-	-	219,934	-
D-Link Corporation	D-Link India	Subsidiary	124,535	6.73	7,415	-	92,685	-
D-Link International	D-Link L.A.	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	653,583	-	653,583	-	-	-
D-Link International	D-Link Brazil	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	152,878	-	152,878	-	-	-
D-Link Shanghai	D-Link Trade	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	337,813	2.46	-	-	23,001	-
Cameo	D-Link Corporation	Parent company	236,055	4.51	-	-	147,144	-

Note 1: Over three months during the normal credit period.

Note 2: The amount represents collections subsequent to December 31, 2025 up to February 25, 2026.

Note 3: The transactions had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

- (vi) Business relationships and significant intercompany transactions:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

No.	Name of company	Name of counter-party	Nature of relationship	For the year ended December 31, 2025			
				Account name	Amount	Trading terms	Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total assets
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Systems	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	1,230,457	-	8%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link International	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	1,400,314	-	9%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Holding	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	1,281,769	-	8%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Deutschland	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	256,077	-	2%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link ME	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	849,754	-	5%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Japan	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	586,130	-	4%
0	D-Link Corporation	Cameo	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	1,438,081	-	9%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Brazil	1	Investments accounted for using equity method-credit	(196,718)	-	(1)%

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

No.	Name of company	Name of counter-party	Nature of relationship	For the year ended December 31, 2025			
				Account name	Amount	Trading terms	Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total assets
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link L.A.	1	Investments accounted for using equity method-credit	(642,179)	-	(4)%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Investment	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	336,340	-	2%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link International	1	Sales and service revenue	268,557	60 Days	2%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Systems	1	Sales and service revenue	512,127	60 Days	4%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Europe	1	Sales and service revenue	906,382	60 Days	7%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link ME	1	Sales and service revenue	1,230,472	60 Days	9%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Japan	1	Sales and service revenue	430,434	60 Days	3%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link India	1	Sales and service revenue	922,450	45 Days	7%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Systems	1	Accounts receivable-related party	201,913	60 Days	1%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Europe	1	Accounts receivable-related party	342,385	60 Days	2%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link ME	1	Accounts receivable-related party	348,411	60 Days	2%
1	D-Link Holding	D-Link Mauritius	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	1,228,596	-	8%
1	D-Link Holding	Success Stone	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	164,996	-	1%
2	D-Link International	D-Link L.A.	3	Accounts receivable-related party	653,583	75 Days	4%
2	D-Link International	D-Link Capital Investment	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	346,531	-	2%
2	D-Link International	D-Link Shanghai	3	Investments accounted for using equity method-credit	(164,695)	-	(1)%
3	D-Link Mauritius	D-Link India	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	1,217,934	-	8%
4	D-Link Investment	D-Link Trade	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	336,490	-	2%
5	D-Link Shanghai	D-Link Trade	3	Sales	671,347	120 Days	5%
5	D-Link Shanghai	D-Link Trade	3	Accounts receivable-related party	337,813	120 Days	2%
6	Cameo	D-Link Corporation	2	Accounts receivable-related party	236,055	90 Days	1%
6	Cameo	D-Link Corporation	2	Sales	1,138,690	90 Days	9%
6	Cameo	D-Link Shanghai	3	Sales	183,152	90 Days	1%

Note 1: Parties to the intercompany transactions are identified and numbered as follows:

1. "0" represents the Company.
2. Subsidiaries are numbered from "1".

Note 2: Nature of relationship are listed as below:

- No. 1 represents the transaction from parent company to subsidiary
- No. 2 represents the transaction from subsidiary to parent company
- No. 3 represents the transaction from subsidiary to subsidiary

Note 3: Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions are disclosed only for the amounts that exceed 1% of consolidated net operating revenues or total assets.

Note 4: The transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Information on investees:

The following is the information on investees for the year ended December 31, 2025 (excluding information on investees in Mainland China):

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars/shares)

Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	Main businesses and products	Original investment amount		Balance as of December 31, 2025			Highest percentage of ownership	Net income (losses) of investee	Investment income (losses) (Note 1)	Note
				December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	Shares	Percentage of ownership	carrying amount				
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Systems	USA	Sales and after-sales service in USA	1,672,702	1,672,702	48,045,007	100.00 %	1,230,457	100.00 %	14,358	14,358	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link International	Singapore	Sales and after-sales service in Southeast Asia	868,036	1,941,986	31,500,000	100.00 %	1,400,314	100.00 %	(229,205)	(190,145)	Investment loss included the amounts of transactions between affiliated companies. (Note 3)
D-Link Corporation	D-Link L.A.	Cayman Island	Sales and after-sales service in Latin America	326,600	326,600	41,000	100.00 %	(642,179)	100.00 %	-	-	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Sudamerica	Chile	Sales and after-sales service in Chile	6,512	6,512	199,999	100.00 %	6,522	100.00 %	356	356	100% shares owned by D-Link Corporation and D-Link Holding.
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Peru	Peru	Sales and after-sales service in Peru	3,318	-	3,499	99.97 %	3,354	99.97 %	(231)	(201)	D-Link Corporation and D-Link International acquired 99.97% and 0.03% of equity interests in D-Link Peru from D-Link Sudamerica and D-Link L.A., respectively, in April 2025.
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Brazil	Brazil	Sales and after-sales service in Brazil	932,197	932,197	2,964,836,727	100.00 %	(196,718)	100.00 %	18,752	18,752	100% shares owned by D-Link Corporation and D-Link Holding.
D-Link Corporation	D-Link ME	UAE	Sales and after-sales service in Middle East and Africa	103,930	103,930	6	100.00 %	849,754	100.00 %	6,682	6,682	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Australia	Australia	Sales and after-sales service in Australia and New Zealand	16,764	16,764	1,000,000	100.00 %	35,311	100.00 %	(27,925)	(27,925)	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Holding	BVI	Investment company	891,177	891,177	27,044,212	100.00 %	1,281,769	100.00 %	180,117	180,117	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Deutschland	Germany	Sales and after-sales service in Germany	211,435	120,047	(Note 2)	100.00 %	256,077	100.00 %	(90,744)	34,260	D-Link Corporation acquired 99.9957% of the equity interests in D-Link Deutschland from D-Link Europe in December 2025. Following a cash injection to the capital surplus, D-Link Corporation now solely holds 100% of the equity interests in D-Link Deutschland.
D-Link Corporation	D-Link MED	Italy	Sales and after-sales service in Italy	17,748	-	(Note 2)	100.00 %	59,723	100.00 %	648	43,418	D-Link MED, originally 100% owned by D-Link Europe, reduced capital to offset losses. After D-Link Europe waived its subscriptions rights, D-Link Corporation acquired 100% equity interests via cash injection and completed the registration change on September 26, 2025.
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Indonesia	Indonesia	Sales and after-sales service in Indonesia	5,046	5,046	24,750	99.00 %	1,865	99.00 %	482	482	100% shares owned by D-Link International.
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Japan	Japan	Sales and after-sales service in Japan	595,310	595,310	9,500	100.00 %	586,130	100.00 %	19,469	19,469	

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	Main businesses and products	Original investment amount		Balance as of December 31, 2025			Highest percentage of ownership	Net income (losses) of investee	Investment income (losses) (Note 1)	Note
				December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	Shares	Percentage of ownership	carrying amount				
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Investment	Singapore	Investment company	67,191	67,191	2,200,000	100.00 %	336,340	100.00 %	85,340	85,340	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Europe	UK	Sales and after-sales service in Europe	1,556,518	1,260,451	10,483,632	100.00 %	(45,788)	100.00 %	(626,386)	(626,386)	(Note 4)
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Taiwan Investment	Taiwan	Investment company	146,000	146,000	14,600,000	100.00 %	60,101	100.00 %	1,683	1,683	
D-Link Corporation	Cameo	Taiwan	Manufacturing and selling computer networks system equipment and its components and related technology research and development	1,102,479	1,102,479	137,532,993	41.58 %	1,438,081	41.58 %	(84,457)	(44,756)	Investment loss included the amounts of transactions between affiliated companies.
D-Link Systems	D-Link Canada	Canada	Sales and after-sales service in Canada	159,585	159,585	5,736,000	100.00 %	94,013	100.00 %	75,693	75,693	
D-Link Investment	D-Link Trade	Russia	Sales and after-sales service in Russia	66,538	66,538	(Note 2)	100.00 %	336,490	100.00 %	85,340	85,340	
D-Link Trade	T-COM	Russia	Sales and after-sales service in Russia	12,485	12,485	(Note 2)	40.00 %	(19,318)	40.00 %	(40,095)	(15,924)	Investment loss included the amounts of transactions between affiliated companies.
D-Link International	D-Link Korea	Korea	Sales and after-sales service in Korea	44,300	44,300	330,901	100.00 %	800	100.00 %	66,355	66,355	In liquidation process.
D-Link International	D-Link Trade M	Republic of Moldova	Sales and after-sales service in Moldova	13	13	(Note 2)	100.00 %	45	100.00 %	(36)	(36)	In liquidation process.
D-Link International	D-Link Capital Investment	BVI	Investment company	352,731	789,757	11,000,000	100.00 %	346,531	100.00 %	(154,800)	(154,800)	(Note 5)
D-Link International	D-Link Malaysia	Malaysia	Sales and after-sales service in Malaysia	6,130	6,130	800,000	100.00 %	9,505	100.00 %	(199)	(199)	
D-Link International	D-Link Lithuania	Lithuania	Sales and after-sales service	3,574	3,574	1,000	100.00 %	7,043	100.00 %	1,440	1,440	
D-Link International	D-Link Kazakhstan	Kazakhstan	Sales and after-sales service in Kazakhstan	171	171	(Note 2)	100.00 %	(28)	100.00 %	(973)	(973)	
D-Link International	D-Link Indonesia	Indonesia	Sales and after-sales service in Indonesia	52	52	250	1.00 %	51	1.00 %	482	-	D-Link Indonesia's investment income was recognized in D-Link Corporation.
D-Link International	D-Link Peru	Peru	Sales and after-sales service in Peru	1	-	1	0.03 %	1	0.03 %	(231)	-	D-Link Corporation and D-Link International acquired 99.97% and 0.03% of equity interests in D-Link Peru from D-Link Sudamerica and D-Link L.A., respectively, in April 2025. D-Link Peru's investment loss was recognized in D-Link Corporation.
D-Link Lithuania	D-Link Ukraine	Ukraine	Sales and after-sales service in Ukraine	4,883	4,883	(Note 2)	100.00 %	(1,004)	100.00 %	(1,162)	(1,162)	
D-Link Holding	OOO D-Link Russia	Russia	After-sales service in Russia	11,309	11,309	(Note 2)	100.00 %	6,025	100.00 %	114	114	
D-Link Holding	D-Link Mauritius	Mauritius	Investment company	186,789	186,789	200,000	100.00 %	1,228,596	100.00 %	183,039	183,039	
D-Link Holding	D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman)	Cayman Island	Investment company	-	654,974	-	- %	-	100.00 %	-	-	Liquidation completed in March 2025.
D-Link Holding	Success Stone	BVI	Investment company	297,027	297,027	9,822	100.00 %	164,996	100.00 %	(3,195)	(3,195)	
D-Link Holding	MiiiCasa Holding	Cayman Island	Investment company	61,087	61,087	21,000,000	28.98 %	-	28.98 %	-	-	
D-Link Holding	D-Link Brazil	Brazil	Sales and after-sales service in Brazil	-	-	100	- %	-	- %	18,752	-	D-Link Brazil's investment income was recognized in D-Link Corporation.
D-Link Holding	D-Link Sudamerica	Chile	Sales and after-sales service in Chile	-	-	1	- %	-	- %	356	-	D-Link Sudamerica's investment income was recognized in D-Link Corporation.
D-Link Mauritius	D-Link India	India	Sales and after-sales service in India	340,319	340,319	18,114,663	51.02 %	1,217,934	51.02 %	373,944	190,786	
D-Link Mauritius	TeamF1 India	India	Technical services for software and hardware system integration	8	8	1	0.01 %	16	0.01 %	4,173	-	100% shares owned by D-Link Mauritius and D-Link India.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	Main businesses and products	Original investment amount		Balance as of December 31, 2025			Highest percentage of ownership	Net income (losses) of investee	Investment income (losses) (Note 1)	Note
				December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	Shares	Percentage of ownership	carrying amount				
D-Link India	TeamF1 India	India	Technical services for software and hardware system integration	84,114	84,114	10,499	99.99 %	133,820	99.99 %	4,173	4,173	100% shares owned by D-Link Mauritius and D-Link India.
D-Link L.A.	D-Link Peru	Peru	Sales and after-sales service in Peru	-	-	-	- %	-	0.03 %	(231)	-	D-Link Corporation and D-Link International acquired 99.97% and 0.03% of equity interests in D-Link Peru from D-Link Sudamerica and D-Link L.A., respectively, in April 2025.
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link de Colombia SAS.	Colombia	Sales and after-sales service in Colombia	22,213	22,213	1,443,605	100.00 %	7,108	100.00 %	390	390	
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Guatemala S.A.	Guatemala	Sales and after-sales service in Guatemala	410	410	99,000	99.00 %	610	99.00 %	-	-	In liquidation process.
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Peru	Peru	Sales and after-sales service in Peru	-	38	-	- %	-	99.97 %	(231)	(30)	D-Link Corporation and D-Link International acquired 99.97% and 0.03% of equity interests in D-Link Peru from D-Link Sudamerica and D-Link L.A., respectively, in April 2025.
D-Link Europe	D-Link Deutschland	Germany	Sales and after-sales service in Germany	-	131,769	(Note 2)	- %	-	100.00 %	(90,774)	(125,004)	D-Link Corporation acquired 99.9957% of the equity interests in D-Link Deutschland from D-Link Europe in December 2025. Following a cash injection to the capital surplus, D-Link Corporation now solely holds 100% of the equity interests in D-Link Deutschland.
D-Link Europe	D-Link AB	Sweden	Sales and after-sales service in Sweden	9,022	9,022	15,500	100.00 %	13,064	100.00 %	1,227	1,227	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Iberia	Spain	Sales and after-sales service in Spain	1,976	1,976	50,000	100.00 %	82,588	100.00 %	2,358	2,358	
D-Link Europe	D-Link MED	Italy	Sales and after-sales service in Italy	-	2,177	(Note 2)	- %	-	100.00 %	648	(42,770)	D-Link MED, originally 100% owned by D-Link Europe, reduced capital to offset losses. After D-Link Europe waived its subscriptions rights, D-Link Corporation acquired 100% equity interests via cash injection and completed the registration change on September 26, 2025.
D-Link Europe	D-Link (Holdings) Ltd.	UK	Investment company	-	-	-	- %	-	100.00 %	-	-	Liquidation completed in November 2025.
D-Link Europe	D-Link France	France	Sales and after-sales service in France	5,287	5,287	114,560	100.00 %	46,244	100.00 %	(207)	(207)	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Netherlands	Netherlands	Sales and after-sales service in Netherlands	2,132	2,132	50,000	100.00 %	5,613	100.00 %	175	175	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Polska	Poland	Sales and after-sales service in Poland	1,210	1,210	100	100.00 %	17,785	100.00 %	(14,919)	(14,919)	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Magyarorszag	Hungary	Sales and after-sales service in Hungary	523	523	300	100.00 %	4,066	100.00 %	(285)	(285)	
D-Link Europe	D-Link s.r.o	Czech	Sales and after-sales service in Czech	329	329	100	100.00 %	3,737	100.00 %	174	174	

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	Main businesses and products	Original investment amount		Balance as of December 31, 2025			Highest percentage of ownership	Net income (losses) of investee	Investment income (losses) (Note 1)	Note	
				December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	Shares	Percentage of ownership	carrying amount					
D-Link (Holdings) Ltd	D-Link UK	UK	Sales and after-sales service in UK	-	-	-	-	%	-	100.00 %	-	-	Liquidation completed in October 2025.
Cameo	Huge Castle	Samoa	Investment company	195,403	295,006	6,179,718	100.00	%	129,859	100.00 %	(42,562)	(42,562)	(Note 6)
Cameo	Qianjin Investment	Taiwan	Investment company	270,000	270,000	27,000,000	100.00	%	131,696	100.00 %	4,813	4,813	
Huge Castle	PC	Mauritius	Investment and trading	-	-	-	-	%	-	100.00 %	-	-	Liquidation completed in May 2025.
Huge Castle	Luis Jo'se	BVI	Investment company	-	43,673	-	-	%	-	100.00 %	(4,886)	(4,886)	Liquidation completed in August 2025.

Note 1: Including recognition of profit (loss) from affiliated companies.

Note 2: Limited Company

Note 3: On February 25 and June 27, 2025, D-Link International reduced its capital in cash by 15,000,000 shares and 20,000,000 shares, respectively, and refunded the capital reduction payment amounting to NTD490,650 thousand and NTD583,300 thousand, respectively.

Note 4: On December 18, 2025, D-Link Europe reduced its capital by 22,013,823 shares to offset accumulated losses.

Note 5: On January 16 and May 16, 2025, D-Link Capital Investment reduced its capital in cash by 5,000,000 shares and 9,000,000 shares, respectively, and refunded the capital reduction payment amounting to USD5,000 thousand and USD9,000 thousand, respectively.

Note 6: Huge Castle conducted a capital reduction to return the shares amounting to USD3,150 thousand, at the percentage rate of 33.76%, based on a resolution approved during its board meeting held in August 2025, with the effective date of capital reduction on August 31, 2025. Moreover, the amount of USD3,150 thousand had been remitted by Huge Castle to Cameo on September 19, 2025.

Note 7: The transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

(c) Information on investment in Mainland China:

(i) The names of investees in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, and other information:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of investee	Main businesses and products	Total amount of paid-in capital	Method of investment	Accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2025	Investment flows		Accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan as of September 30, 2025	Net income (losses) of the investee	Percentage of ownership	Highest percentage of ownership	Investment income (losses)	Book value (Note 2)	Accumulated remittance of earnings in current period	Note
					Outflow	Inflow								
D-Link Shanghai	Buy and sell of networking equipment and wireless system	612,690	(2)	612,690	-	-	612,690	12,755	100.00 %	100.00%	12,755	(164,695)	-	
Netpro	Research, development and trading business	21,994	(2)	20,501	-	-	20,501	(1,468)	100.00 %	100.00%	(1,468)	14,012	-	
YouXiang	Technical Service and Import/Export trading business	63,477	(3)	-	-	-	-	(3,239)	9.86 %	9.86%	-	2,711	-	
Cameo Technology Development (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	R&D for communications technology and products	-	(2)	10,149	-	-	10,149	N/A	- %	-%	N/A	-	-	Note 3 : Liquidation completed in March 2012.
Wide View Technology Inc.	R&D, production, and sale of electronic components	-	(2)	20,831	-	(20,831)	-	N/A	- %	-%	N/A	-	2,402	Note 4 : Liquidation completed in September 2018.
Suzhou Soarnex	Software development and software services for computer information systems	22,064	(2)	-	-	-	-	677	100.00 %	100.00%	677	27,781	-	Note 5

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1: Method of Investment:

Type 1: Direct investments in Mainland China

Type 2: Indirect investments in Mainland China

Type 3: Others

Note 2: The amounts in New Taiwan Dollars were translated at the exchange rates of USD 31.42 and CNY 4.47 as of December 31, 2025.

Note 3: Cameo Technology Development (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. completed its liquidation process in March 2012, wherein it refunded the shares amounting to USD177 thousand to Huge Castle on November 28, 2013, with the approval of the Investment Commission, Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEAIC).

Note 4: Wide View Technology Inc. completed its liquidation process in September 2018, wherein it refunded the shares amounting to USD663 thousand to Luis Jo'se on September 4, 2018, with the approval of the MOEAIC. Subsequently, the share proceeds had been remitted back to Taiwan in September 2025, with the approval of the MOEAIC on October 9, 2025.

Note 5: Huge Castle acquired 100% equity interests in Suzhou Soarnex from Luis Jo'se in April 2025.

(ii) **Limitation on investment in Mainland China:**

Company Name	Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2025	Investment Amounts Authorized by the MOEAIC	Upper Limit on Investment (Note 1)
D-Link Corporation	633,191	633,191	6,451,974
Cameo	10,149	13,982	1,735,399

Note 1: The maximum cumulative amount of investment in Mainland China by the Company and Cameo is calculated based on 60% of each entity's consolidated net equity.

(iii) **Significant transactions:**

In 2025, the significant inter-company transactions with the subsidiary in Mainland China, which were eliminated in the preparation of consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in "Information on significant transactions".

(14) Segment information:

The Consolidated Company has three reportable segments: American markets, European markets, Asian markets and others. Those reportable segments are primarily operated in research, development and selling of computer networks, equipments and wireless communication products.

The Consolidated Company's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer geographical products and services.

The Consolidated Company's income tax expenses are not allocated to reportable segment, and operating segment profit (loss) is determined by the profit before tax. The reportable amount is consistent with the report used by the chief operating decision and make a performance evaluation.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Consolidated Company's operating segment information and reconciliation were as follows:

- (a) Reportable segment profit or loss, segment assets, segment liabilities, and their measurement and reconciliations.

The Consolidated Company uses the internal management report that the chief operating decision maker reviews as the basis to determine resource allocation and make a performance evaluation.

	2025				
	American markets	European markets	Asian markets and others	Adjustments and eliminations	Total
Revenue:					
Third-party customers	\$ 1,007,442	2,685,393	9,674,184	-	13,367,019
Inter-company	<u>36,328</u>	<u>32,459</u>	<u>1,496,904</u>	<u>(1,565,691)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total revenue	<u><u>\$ 1,043,770</u></u>	<u><u>2,717,852</u></u>	<u><u>11,171,088</u></u>	<u><u>(1,565,691)</u></u>	<u><u>13,367,019</u></u>
Reportable segment profit (loss)	<u><u>\$ 16,903</u></u>	<u><u>(625,355)</u></u>	<u><u>286,157</u></u>	<u><u>131,746</u></u>	<u><u>(190,549)</u></u>
	2024				
	American markets	European markets	Asian markets and others	Adjustments and eliminations	Total
Revenue:					
Third-party customers	\$ 857,777	3,304,499	10,232,767	-	14,395,043
Inter-company	<u>64,056</u>	<u>113,908</u>	<u>1,339,555</u>	<u>(1,517,519)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total revenue	<u><u>\$ 921,833</u></u>	<u><u>3,418,407</u></u>	<u><u>11,572,322</u></u>	<u><u>(1,517,519)</u></u>	<u><u>14,395,043</u></u>
Reportable segment (loss) profit	<u><u>\$ (310,620)</u></u>	<u><u>16,500</u></u>	<u><u>1,167,886</u></u>	<u><u>(511,129)</u></u>	<u><u>362,637</u></u>
	American markets	European markets	Asian markets and others	Adjustments and eliminations	Total
Reportable segment assets:					
December 31, 2025	<u><u>\$ 2,006,927</u></u>	<u><u>2,579,391</u></u>	<u><u>25,113,959</u></u>	<u><u>(13,876,768)</u></u>	<u><u>15,823,509</u></u>
December 31, 2024	<u><u>\$ 2,022,928</u></u>	<u><u>3,508,343</u></u>	<u><u>27,457,825</u></u>	<u><u>(16,498,531)</u></u>	<u><u>16,490,565</u></u>

The material reconciling items of the above reportable segment were as below:

Total reportable segment revenues after eliminating the intergroup revenues were \$1,565,691 thousand and \$1,517,519 thousand for 2025 and 2024, respectively.

(Continued)

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Products and services information

For revenue from the external customers of the Consolidated Company, please refer to 6(w).

(c) Geographic information

<u>Country</u>	2025	2024
Non-current assets		
Taiwan	\$ 2,276,123	2,230,395
India	518,313	514,112
Other countries	<u>758,126</u>	<u>876,069</u>
Total	<u>\$ 3,552,562</u>	<u>3,620,576</u>

Non-current assets included property, plant and equipment, investment property, right-of-use assets, intangible assets, and other assets, but excluded financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

(d) Major customers

	2025	2024
Company A	<u>\$ 1,347,974</u>	<u>976,415</u>