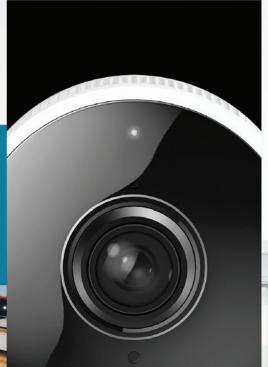
Service Providers /



Businesses /



Consumers /



People, Places, and Enterprises,

We are the Connection

Our innovations
connect you to a
world that is
more powerful,
more intelligent,
more protected,
and truly seamless.

# 2019 ANNUAL REPORT

# D-Link®

# Letter to Shareholders

# Dear Shareholders,

With the global trade environment affected by the trade war in 2019, the overall global economic growth has declined. Additionally, there was fierce competition in the Netcom equipment industry with online service providers joining the competition between Netcom equipment suppliers. In the face of these challenges, D-Link still managed to maintain a certain percentage of its market share. D-Link's management team continued to uphold the principles of "innovation," "execution," "heritageinheritance," and "sustainable operation" in its business policies, while actively adjusting its organization and products to do its utmost to create profits for shareholders.

According to the financial performance in 2019, the global consolidated revenue was NT\$17 billion, a decline of 12.3% compared to 2018; gross profit margin was 27.9%, a decrease of 1% from 28.9% in 2018; the net operating loss was NT\$380 million, an increase of NT\$630 million in loss compared to the operating profit of NT\$250 million in 2018; the net loss after tax was NT\$510 million, an increase of NT\$ 620 million in net loss compared to the net profit after tax of NT\$110 million in 2018; the loss after tax was NT\$0.78 per share.

The Company's sales plan for each product category for 2020 is as follows:

# 1. Switch Products

The Company will continue to strengthen its local sales teams and actively develop SI channels, focusing on product lines such as Managed Switches and Nuclias Cloud.

# 2. Wireless Routers

The Company will conduct strategic cooperation with various network service providers to integrate application

services of both parties. The Company will invest in resources for software research and development to strengthen the differentiation of product applications to increase the competitiveness in the high-end router market. On the other hand, the Company will promote product sales through the brand advantages created through high-end routers of Wi-Fi 6.

## 3. Broadband Network Products

Development direction will focus on high-end and high added-value products as well as customized software requirements. Therefore, a series of products from VDSL IAD, G.fast IAD, 11ax VDSL router to XGS-PON has been launched.

## 4. Mobile Broadband Products

The Company will also invest resources in the research and development of new technologies, including 5G/4.5G and small cell, actively integrating third-party software resources to improve product differentiation. We expect to launch a variety of 5G NR indoor/outdoor products.

## 5. Digital Cameras and the Internet of Things (IoT)

The Company will enhance product security and integrate cloud resources and third-party software applications to launch comprehensive solutions/platforms. We hope to increase customer loyalty to cope with low price competition and maintain stable profitability.

Development Strategy and Important Production and Sales Policies:

- 1. Development of a Complete Network Solution: The Company will continue to develop professional capabilities for product integration, upgrade technical service levels, implement business solutions, and strengthen cooperation with VAD, VAR, and SI channels. D-Link will also introduce enterprise cloud services to lower the technical threshold and service cost for its partners.
- 2. Complete Cloud Netcom Product Lines: The Company will focus on the R&D and rapid deployment of the D-Link Cloud product lines that integrate innovative service applications, such as cloud surveillance, smart home, IoT, cloud storage, and mydlink platform, to seize the market opportunities and build the first cloud networking brand.
- 3. Strategic and New Product Promotion: The Company will plan several key product lines for consumers and corporate clients, respectively, to seize the huge business opportunities in the early growth stage of the new market. The Company will also launch innovative products as soon as possible and incorporate applications of security, mesh, voice control, IoT, and Al to raise the entry barriers for competitors in the hope of consolidating D-Link's leadership in the markets of these niche products. Its strategic products are as follows:

Consumer market: IP Camera, 5G, LTE, Mesh Router, 11ax Router, and Smart Home.

Corporate market: Managed Switch, Smart Switch, and Nuclias Cloud

4. Investment in the Development of Proprietary Software: With rapid market changes and the rise of China's supply chains, software development has become the key to differentiation. Cloud, switches, and routers are the key areas for growth and development of the Company. With its own core software, the Company is able to get rid of the low-price competition and create more valuable products. Through its long-term global layout and effort, the Company's unique competitive advantages will be more useful in response to different cultures and in understanding customers' needs, exploring and integrating software development talents from different regions.

Looking forward to 2020, facing the outbreak of COVID-19 in China at the beginning of the year, the epidemic is expanding rapidly, and China has adopted preventive measures, such as postponement of work and lockdown. affecting production and commercial activities. The US-China trade war has also created downside risks to long-term global economic growth. Facing the adverse business environment, D-Link will continue to strictly control the operating, management and sale costs internally as well as actively adjust the product and channel structure to improve profitability. Externally, the Company will set segmentation targets based on the differences of each market and invest resources strategically in accordance with market demands for product upgrades. Developed markets and certain emerging countries are expected to recover with relative stability and enhance the overall competitiveness of products as well as the Company's operating performance.

In particular, I would like to thank the shareholders for your long-term trust and support. Our management team and all staff will continue to uphold the principles of stable operation and sustainable development, implement corporate social responsibility, and work together to achieve our performance targets. Finally, I wish you all the best and good health.

Sincerely,



Lori Hu
D-Link Chairman

The D-Link EXO|AX series brings next generation Wi-Fi 6 technology into your home.



# Table of Contents

/	Letter to Shareholders
010	Financial Highlights
012	Globalization through Localization
016	International Offices
018	India
026	United States
030	Europe
036	Consumer Solutions
042	Business Solutions
046	Service Provider Solutions
050	Corporate Headquarters & Board Members
/	Financial Statements

**Financial** 

Highlights

# Financial Highlights Globalization International Offices United States Europe

Consumer Solutions **Business Solutions** Service Provider Solutions Board Members

	2019	2018
Net Sales	16,996,048	19,383,203
Gross Profit	4,739,532	5,601,988
Operating Loss	(384,756)	248,971
Net Loss before Tax	(289,553)	297,397
Net Loss	(441,741)	145,453
FX Rate (USD to NTD)	30.930	30.158
Cash & Cash Equivalents	3,141,284	4,424,864
Total Assets	15,711,010	17,606,823
Long Term Loans		
Shareholder's Equity	8,926,039	9,616,932
Shares Outstanding**	651,996	650,680
FX Rate (USD to NTD)	30.106	30.733

\*\*NT\$ in thousands

Letter to Shareholders

Financial Highlights

International Offices

Consumer Solutions
Business Solutions
Service Provider Solutions

Board Members

Globalization

United States

Europe

# Globalization through Localization

Over 120 local sales offices in 50 countries. 20 regional warehouses in 15 countries. Over 50+ RMA repair centers around the globe.

**Unity:** a strategy for success executed on a global scale. D-Link is the worldwide leader and an award-winning designer, developer, and provider of Wi-Fi and Ethernet networking, broadband, multimedia, voice and data communications, and digital electronics solutions. D-Link has systematically expanded its market share by penetrating geographic targets through a strategy of establishing incountry business units supported by a strong corporate foundation.

Confident in the resources of D-Link headquarters to develop and deliver state-of-the-art networking solutions, each local business—regardless of its location around the world—effectively penetrates the market. The Company's innovative products provide solutions for home and businesses, each built with standards-based reliability. D-Link has become a trusted international brand that connects people to their lives, to their work, and to each other.

120



Sales Offices

20



Regional Warehouses

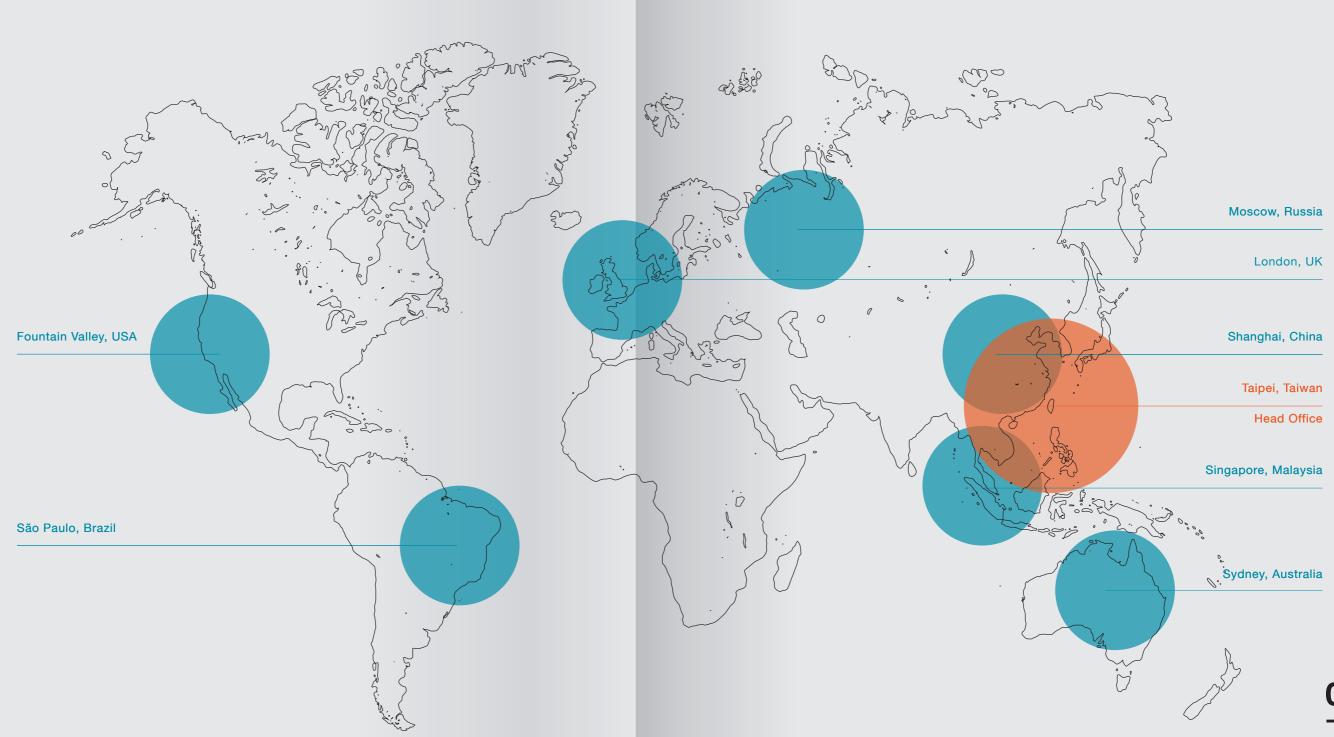
50+



RMA Repair Centers

Financial Highlights Globalization International Offices India United States Europe Consumer Solutions **Business Solutions** Service Provider Solutions Board Members

Letter to Shareholders



# Globalization International Offices India United States

Letter to Shareholders

Financial Highlights

Europe Consumer Solutions Rusiness Solutions Service Provider Solutions **Board Members** 

# International **Offices**

03. AUSTRALIA

01. D-Lnk TAIWAN

02. D-Link CORP.

05. BRAZII.

CANADA

09. COLOMBIA

10. CZECH REPUBLIC

FCHADOR

12.

IRELAND

13. FRANCE

14. GERMANY

16. 17. ITALY

18. JAPAN

19. KOREA

20. MALAYSIA

21. MEXICO

22. MIDDLE EAST

23. NETHERLANDS

24. PERÚ

25. POLAND

26. REPUBLIC OF MOI DOVA

27. RUSSIA

29.

30. SWEDEN

\* Arranged in

alphabetical order

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Annual // 2018

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# D-Link

**India** 

In India D-Link leads the networking segment with its end-to-end networking solutions & continues to be recognized as a premium player in this segment.

Letter to Shareholders Financial Highlights Globalization International Offices India

United States
Europe
Consumer Solutions
Business Solutions
Service Provider Solutions
Board Members

Our unmanaged & smart managed switches are most preferred by SMBs and have contributed significantly to our revenue. We are a trusted brand in the WLAN segment with considerable market share. D-Link is also a prominent player in the structured cabling segment. Furthermore, our foray into the CCTV segment has helped us diversify our product portfolio.

Through our strategic business approach, we have developed a strong & passionate team focusing on Consumer, Enterprise, and Solution Provider business. We also have a dedicated workforce that is aligned with telecom and large projects. This well devised business plan has led to D-Link making strong inroads in large enterprise network, as well as Government led infrastructure projects. D-Link has in fact bagged some significant & reputable projects throughout the year.

# **Market Positioning & Opportunities**

India is witnessing a boom in ICT sector with a significant rise in government investment in public infrastructure upgrades, growing enterprise spending on digital initiatives, and Consumers continuing to embrace Digital technology.

The growth in OTT platform & content rich media like Netflix, Amazon videos, and others are driving demand for high-end routers in India. A growing tribe of online gamers along with a data hungry audience have led to better acceptance of new trends in wireless technology. D-Link continues to fulfill its corporate goal of propagating innovation and continues to be a popular choice amongst Consumers across India who seek connectivity solutions.

Enterprise & ISP businesses continue to be key focus areas for us in India. Today we have an extensive line-up of hard-end industrial grade Ethernet switches to cater to the growing networking demands of large industries like Oil & Gas, and Smart city. Furthermore, we have cultivated an extensive line of IP surveillance cameras including a thermal solution to meet the demanding security needs of large enterprises. We have a comprehensive portfolio of Structured Cabling products that caters to infrastructure needs of businesses across industries and helps them to set-up a reliable and up-to- date system. As a result of our solution centric approach & emphasis on excellence, D-Link has enhanced its position as a prominent Enterprise Networking brand in the country. Our sales & solution support team directly interact with enterprise customers to understand their business needs. Our solution consultants work intensely towards designing & developing customised network solutions.

Digital India & Make in India initiatives have broadened the horizon for ICT brands in India. Digital India campaign has specifically led to a boost in the ICT segment, as government is working towards laying the foundation for a strong IT infrastructure that can efficiently support its vision of a digitized economy. Infrastructure projects led by government such as hotspots in the popular tourist spots, railway stations, expressways and city surveillance have resulted in significant business opportunities in the Wireless & Surveillance domain. D-Link India is thrilled at the plethora of opportunity being presented and is working closely with its partners/ channel networks to support government endeavor Building Digital India.

# Roadmap 2020

Globally businesses are going through tough & unprecedented times with the ongoing pandemic that has impacted millions of lives. The COVID-19 outbreak has led to introspection with Enterprises re-evaluating long term business strategies. However, at D-Link (India) Ltd. our Risk mitigation strategy is strong considering we have a diversified product portfolio & formidable presence across various Industry segments. Furthermore, we have devised a dynamic Business Continuity Plan to ensure operational efficiency & build resilience.

While we go through this exceedingly testing time, the silver lining is that the current crisis has accelerated digitization. Home Office has become the new normal, online purchasing is on a rise, digital payments are taking over, and consumers are embracing digital technology like never-before. As demand rises for connectivity devices, there are broadened opportunities for brands like ours. Enterprises are also working towards setting up network infrastructure to be more aligned with changing business dynamics.

We at D-Link India remain optimistic & confident that we shall stride over this phase that has shuddered global economy. D-Link India looks forward to an exciting future wherein we continue to develop world-class networking solutions for years to come.





Letter to Shareholders

Financial Highlights Globalization

International Offices

Consumer Solutions

**Business Solutions** Service Provider Solutions

Board Members

o India United States

Europe

CASE

STUDY

Annual Report // 2019

**Public Works Department,** The Government of the National Capital Territory of Delhi

# An Unbeatable Network Infrastructure **Solution to Support CCTV** Requirements in Schools in Delhi

# Background

The Public Works Department in Delhi is responsible for many aspects of local government, including administration over schools. To better ensure student safety, create peace of mind and instill security throughout all school property, they decided to install CCTV across all school properties. They partnered with D-Link to execute their vision for safer schools.

# Challenge

The project was mammoth in scale, with systems required in over 1000 schools, each with around 200 cameras across the city of Delhi. The resulting total was around 150,000 cameras, all needing • DGS-3630-28PC/INMI Layer 3 Stackable to be connected under a single network infrastructure.

# **Solutions**

At the data center, the DGS-3630 Series was selected to handle the core switching duties. With so many cameras constantly streaming footage, the bandwidth requirements were huge. However, with 10 Gigabit uplinks to the network, there is adequate switching capacity to keep data flowing smoothly round the clock and no bottlenecks.

With such a complex network comprising many nodes, the potential for switching pathways to become convoluted and loops forming, in turn creating network paralyzing loops is a real possibility. Other features such as Loopback Detection and Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) guard against potential loops forming, for higher network reliability.

At the access layer, a combination of DGS-1210 Series Switches in different port options were deployed. With PoE support, cameras can be directly connected to the switches and have all their power requirement needs met without needing a power supply.

Important security features such a IP-MAC Port Binding (IMPD) and Access Control Lists protect the network safe by disallowing unauthorized

users to access the network, be it criminal activity or just a mischievous student.

A network infrastructure and the 150,000 cameras were successfully deployed across all the schools. The result was better safety for staff and students. Meanwhile parents who like to keep a close eye over their children can view live feeds, making sure they are studying hard.

## **Products & Services**

- Managed PoE Gigabit Switch
- DGS-1210-28P/ME Gigabit PoE Metro **Ethernet Switch**
- DGS-1210-10P/ME Gigabit PoE Metro **Ethernet Switch**









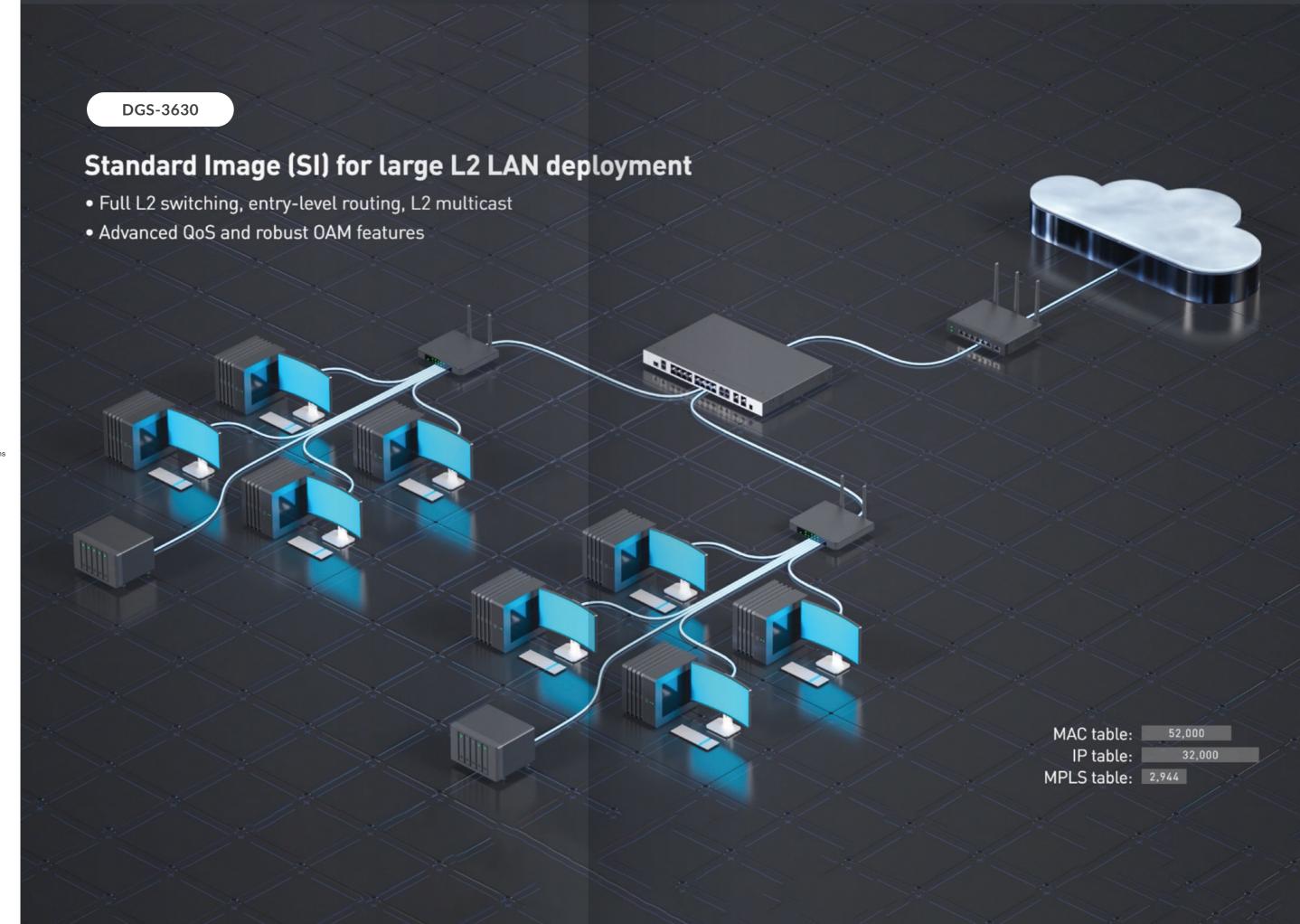
DGS-3630-28PC

DGS-1210-28P

DGS-1210-10P



United States
Europe
Consumer Solutions
Business Solutions
Service Provider Solutions
Board Members



**D-Link** 

# **United States**

2019 saw the expansion of voice enabled smart home devices with new mydlink Cameras and Smart Plugs, as well as, enhancement of the mydlink app customer experience.

Letter to Shareholders Financial Highlights Globalization International Offices India

# United States

Europe
Consumer Solutions
Business Solutions
Service Provider Solutions
Board Members

# Consumer

Also introduced was a new EXO line of Mesh-Enabled Smart Routers and Extenders partnering with the well-known McAfee brand for their anti-virus and parental control protection.

The Connected Home category gained a refresh of the entire camera line to harmonize the industrial design with white housings and black facings, thus creating a sharp, clean aesthetic for home use. Packaging was also updated to reflect the brand's fresh look which presented nicely on-shelf at both Best Buy and Walmart serving to reinforce D-Link's brand appearance.

New smart plugs both indoor and outdoor were introduced to the Connected Home portfolio, in addition to a second generation water sensor featuring battery operation, a louder siren, and improvements to the out of box experience. mydlink app also introduced new user friendly features with Rich Notifications and Smart Recaps providing users greater utility and increasing app engagement. And, to meet increasing customer demand, the browser based mydlink web UI was re-introduced.

For the networking business we introduced EXO, D-Link's Security Suite Enabled routers powered by McAfee. The Smart series of routers is well complemented with voice assistants (Google and Alexa) and is grounded with powerful dual core processors to handle the home's busy network. While four routers and two extenders in total were launched, the US market adoption for security routers as a category did not perform as expected. One of the year's highlights was receiving the Innovation Honoree award at CES for our 5G-DWR Router series.

2019 continued the momentum with our Etail business from where 2018's left off. Traditional routers, like the DIR-882 led the way in popularity with the DGS-108 Switch and DAP-1650 Wi-Fi Extender leading their respective categories. The 25% tariffs placed on networking products put pressure on overall profitability. While D-Link sought a 15% invoice cost increase this was not accepted by Amazon. Therefore, account optimization was a major theme in the second half of the year to focus marketing campaign spending on the most relevant online SKUs. Additionally, we opened a new channel with Amazon's 3rd party seller marketplace to offer great value at competitive prices with our refurbished and SMI inventory. We will continue to see growth here and throughout 2020. Also, Q2 2019 saw much planning around D-Link Shop to support our Direct to Consumer (DTC) model. Despite the challenges presented to us mid-2019, Etail was successful in increasing the Amazon business 7.6% YoY. ASPs (Average Selling Prices) increased 11.1% due to our efforts to increase profitability with the account.

# Business

D-Link continued to struggle in the enterprise/SMB space in 2019. While we entered the network cloud market space with a competitively priced Nuclias Access Point in the first half and Switch in the second half, we were unsuccessful in gaining market share due to a limited offering against our competitors. We were, however, successful at seeding a Nuclias Cloud Access Point with a new Managed Service Provider customer. This action converted 11 additional APs, as well as, an upcoming case study with their client featured. Marketing investments to drive demand included content marketing to increase awareness of, engagement with and consideration for our D-Link and Nuclias brands offerings. Over 20 articles were published to our D-Link Blog covering topics around switching, cloud and onpremise solutions. Additionally, 4 e-books were also released and leveraged for lead generation campaigns.

The security channel continued to achieve top line revenue growth in the first half of 2019 with surveillance mode switching and stand-alone APs, while the 2nd half flattened as channel investments in programs and rep firms were reduced.

Continued focus on integration work with key partners delivered project success across a range of applications. The DWA-131 USB Adapter ships to automobile manufacturers worldwide installed in both a PC and ODBII for Bosch's car diagnostic solution. The DAP-2553 integrates with Carestream's diagnostic tools on medical carts allowing medical staff to record and administer care for patients. We tripled our business with Pavlov who leverages our switching solutions for phone/TV/ internet in MDUs multiple dwelling units. Similarly our switching business with Worldcom has doubled with the ongoing rollout to CVS stores with POS and physical security systems. Finally, we have seen our business with Epproach quadruple from 2018.

## Service Provider

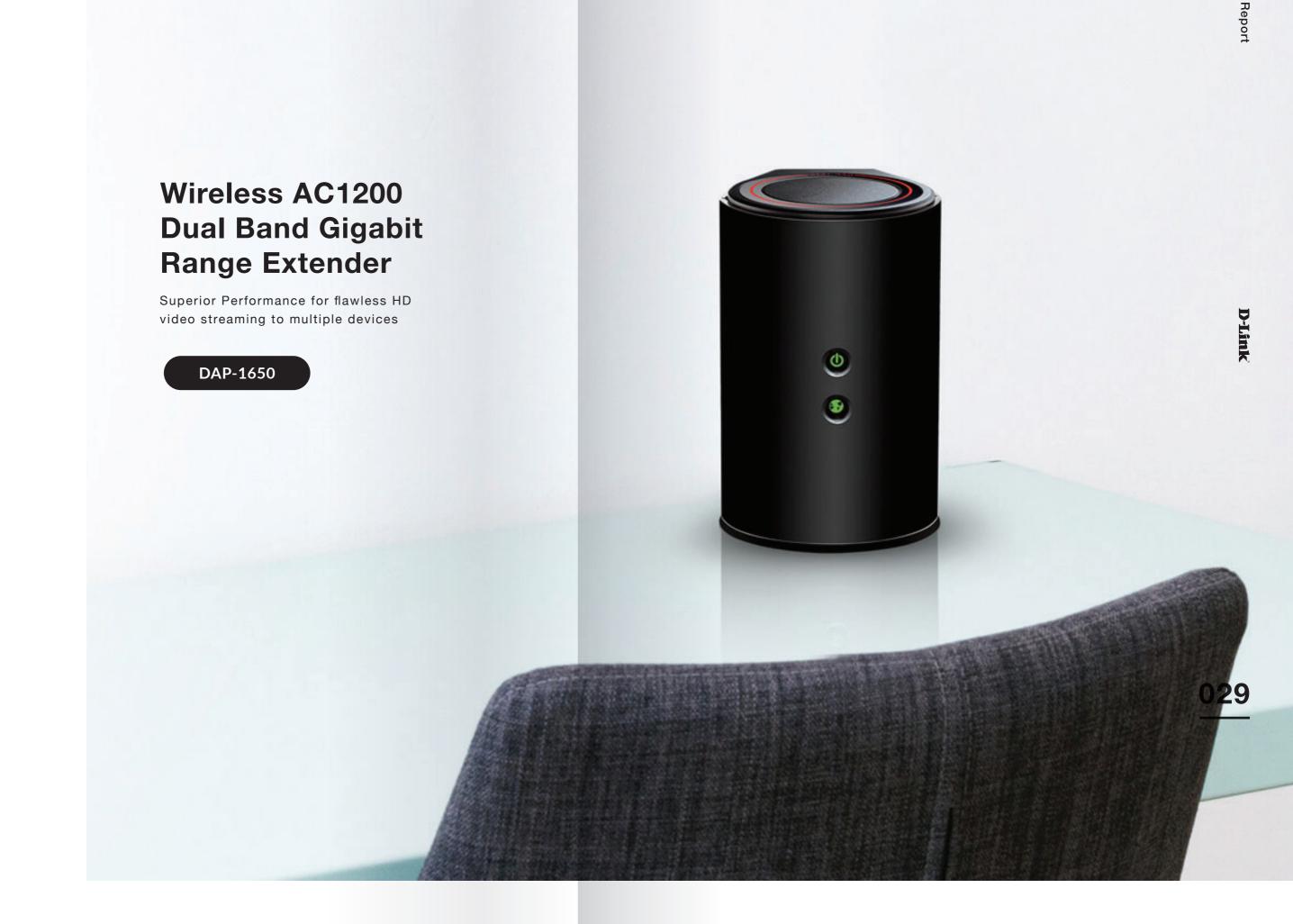
2019 was a successful year for D-Link in the Mobile Broadband industry, and in order to build on our success, D-Link will continue to explore new opportunities in 5G. D-Link will work to maintain existing 4G business and look to grow key distribution partners supplying this segment. D-Link continued to provide solutions to Verizon with a 4G LTE router. This provided fixed wireless access for customers looking to leverage their wireless plan for internet access. Coupled with Verizon's unified messaging platform, this router provided a state of the art B2B solution. D-Link continued its strategic partnership with US Cellular to launch a next generation LTE phone solution for home and small business installations.



Letter to Shareholders Financial Highlights Globalization International Offices India

O United States

Europe Consumer Solutions Business Solutions Service Provider Solutions Board Members



# Europe

The EU saw continued economic growth in 2019 international trade; however, the ongoing uncertainty surrounding Brexit led to weakness in the manufacturing sector in the Eurozone.

Letter to Shareholders Financial Highlights Globalization International Offices India United States

○ Europe

Consumer Solutions
Business Solutions
Service Provider Solutions
Board Members

The impact of this uncertainty and the economic factors associated with it have become very obvious. For example, German car exports to the UK have fallen by 23 per cent since the referendum decision due to Brexit related uncertainties and the decline of the pound against euro.

Following on from its launch in 2018, D-Link Europe made some market penetration with its Nuclias strategy, winning Educational and Commercial opportunities with its Nuclias Cloud and Connect portfolios. In one case, they replaced a whole school district's existing wireless cloud infrastructure with Nuclias Cloud instead.

D-Link Europe aggressively expanded into the Industrial Networking segment and continued to pay dividends with the overall business growing at over 100% year on year. With some significant opportunities presenting themselves to D-Link, the company has begun to establish itself as a real provider of solutions for the growing Smart Cities, Industrial IoT and Industry 4.0 segments.

D-Link Europe plans to continue the expansion of its portfolio in 2020 to encompass new technologies such as 5G, Wi-Fi 6 and managed Industrial wireless which will complement its existing range ruggedised managed and unmanaged switches ranges. By doing so, D-Link Europe hopes to consolidate its role as a leading supplier for telecommunication service providers as well as lead the 5G, Wi-Fi 6 and managed industrial wireless development in key verticals such as Smart Cities, manufacturing, transportation and remote infrastructure management.

2019 saw continued investment in mydlink and expansion of D-Link Europe's Mobile 4G/5G portfolio. D-Link Europe continued to update and expand its mydlink portfolio, with the introduction of voice-controllable cameras and smart power plugs to capitalise on the burgeoning smart home market. With constant innovation and commercialisation, D-Link Europe saw growth in adoption of its mydlink Cloud-based video recording services enabling the company's solution to address the needs of not only the consumer but also small and mid-size businesses.

D-Link Europe retained its focus on expanding and increasing its Value In Partnership+ (VIP+) partner network. However, 2019 saw D-Link make one significant change to its channel strategy by moving to a direct trading relationship with Amazon through their PICS Program. The decision was based on streamlining logistics and building a more robust direct relationship and understanding of their business model.

The focus and investment continued to pay dividends for D-Link Europe with the partner network continuing to grow as well as increasing its revenue contribution to the overall D-Link business. Smaller partner revenue increased whilst the number of lapsed partners declined. Specific regional programs designed to engage and encourage partners continued to yield results. The channel continues to be the focus of the European organisation into 2020.





Letter to Shareholders

Financial Highlights

Consumer Solutions

Rusiness Solutions

Board Members

Service Provider Solutions

Globalization International Offices

United States

Europe

La Région de Occitanie

# **D-Link Upgrade Helps Cultivate Young Minds Throughout French High Schools**

# Background

The LoRdi initiative in the French region of Occitanie aims to provide lycée (state-funded secondary school) pupils with innovative and universally accessible tools for encouraging the adoption of digital in class. To further the adoption of digital in the education process, the Lycée Numérique (Digital High School) programme was introduced to provide students a dedicated online e-learning component to their curriculum.

# Challenges

A key foundation of the project's e-learning component is a substantial IT network that can be relied on. Across the region, 224 lycées required modernization of their current network in order to be in line with the Lycée Numérqiue programme's

To pave the way for expansion in the future, product homogeneity was required. Furthermore, the ability to keep switch management simple and cost effective when upgrading and expanding infrastructure in the future.

A Wi-Fi system that allowed connection management in real time, that on-site staff can quickly and easily familiarize themselves with.

DGS-3630 and DGS-3130 Layer 3 Stackable Managed Switches were called upon in order to respond to the projects need for product homogeneity, simplified management of switches, low costs and ability to be upgraded in the future when demanded.

The DWC-2000 Unified Wireless Controller was • DGS-1510 series used to preside over the school's network. The DGS-1210 series DWC-2000 is capable of managing up to 64 Wireless Access Points, which is an ideal capacity Wi-Fi when managing APs across a campus. The DWC- 

DWC-2000 wireless controller 2000 can also dynamically respond to changes • DWL-8610AP and DWL-8710AP Wi-Fi in demand, such as class time, by self-optimizing with automatic RF channel settings and

adjustments of AP output power setting.

With the Wi-Fi centralized via the DWC-2000, management is able to be done in real time without affecting use, which overall improved Wi-Fi reliability throughout the schools.

Finally, D-View 7 was implemented as the software to manage the whole setup. Excelling at managing multi-site networks, staff in the school can utilize the software for overseeing, monitoring and managing the network through the 224 lycées.

The 224 lycées are now equipped with new cabling and upgraded Wi-Fi systems. Students across the region can easily access online learning resources and in turn be inspired to pursue subjects such as mathematics.

With 2.4 million jobs in France directly linked to the study of mathematics, it is a big step in supporting France's economic future. Staff were able to quickly familiarize themselves with the system, meaning they can get back to being productive in areas that really demand

A fruitful long-term partnership between D-Link, the Lycée Numérique programme and the local education system.

# **Products & Services**

Network infrastructure

- DGS-3630 network core
- DGS-3120 and DGS-3130 series

- access points

Network management software

• D-View 7





nuclias

# Consumer Solutions

D-Link envisages a truly connected future powered by smart connectivity solutions. From home automation, lightning-fast, seamless Wi-Fi throughout the home, and the evolution of 5G connectivity D-Link proved in 2019 once again that we are here to help make life easier for consumers and Connect to More.

# Lead by Example

Leading the way means to create new, to innovate more and to enhance the products you already have. First launched in 2018, the EXO range of routers was further enhanced in 2019, and the all-new range of EXO mesh-enabled smart Wi-Fi routers and extenders was introduced. With premium features like voice controls with the Google Assistant and Alexa, powerful McAfee protection and intelligent Wi-Fi Mesh that lets you mix and match compatible routers as you want, the EXO range is perfect for smart home owners who demand much more than just a Wi-Fi signal.

D-Link's passion to continually enhance the safety of our communities' first responders saw the announcement of a dedicated Pre-5G body camera and Edge-as-a-Service small cell solution in 2019 specially designed to improve coordination and protection for emergency services, security, and law-enforcement

Next up, we were ready to lead the way once again with our award-winning 5G Gateway which enables the consumer to gear up for the future world dominated by 5G. It was also our first 5G router for the home. Fit for the modern IoT home packed wall-to-wall with IoT devices, the DWR-2010 5G NR Gateway achieves blistering Gbps speeds on all home entertainment and smart devices ensuring consumers are left with an incredibly smooth, lag-free online experience. Creating a space where upset Wi-Fi signals and constant seamless connectivity is at the forefront of D-Link's vision.

# Wealth of Advanced Technology

# Making Life Easier with a

mydlink smart home ecosystem enables consumers to make a personal connection with their smart home. We pride ourselves on creating devices with brand-new features and continually improving the capabilities of the mydlink app. The new and improved mydlink ecosystem included an array or new cameras in 2019, like the DCS-8600LH Full HD Outdoor Camera and the DCS-8515LH Full HD Pan and Tilt Camera.

Making life easier around DSP-W118 the smart home remained prevalent throughout the year as we introduced the DSP-118 Wi-Fi smart plug allowing consumers to turn on and off their appliances from wherever they are, whenever

# D-Link's DWR-2010 is a 5G NR Enhanced Gateway that provides 5G internet connectivity through an 802.11ac/n wireless network, providing users with internet access with speeds 10 times faster than the current LTE standard.

they'd like. With the DSP-W320 Outdoor Wi-Fi Smart Plug we really helped

bring the mydlink ecosystem from just an indoor solutions package to full-scale

Thanks to the efforts of mydlink and the use of Zigbee™ Technology - that future has arrived. mydlink introduced in 2019 our first smart home devices that use the low energy solution that lets your smart home devices talk to each other,

save energy and still maintain the running of each devices' advanced features

From door/window sensors to motion sensors, smart plugs and cameras — the

mydlink Smart DIY with Zigbee technology range was yet another nod to the

innovation that it takes to continue to lead by example in the world of connected

indoor/outdoor smart home automation ecosystem.

A better future reduces energy

and increases efficiency

as normal.

Letter to Shareholders

Financial Highlights Globalization

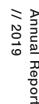
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Letter to Shareholders Financial Highlights Globalization International Offices India United States Europe

Consumer Solution
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 Board Members

mydlink Full HD Outdoor Wi-Fi Camera Keep an eye on your home inside and out with mydlink DCS-8600LH

# al Report

# **D-Lin**

# **Business Solutions**

Throughout 2019, D-Link continued to demonstrate itself as an invaluable partner to businesses worldwide. We provided them the springboard to elevate themselves to the next level through products and solutions that aid them in their digital transformation.

Letter to Shareholders Financial Highlights Globalization International Offices India United States Europe

Consumer Solutions

Service Provider Solutions
Board Members

# The Switches That Industry X.0 Needs

In order to meet the rapidly growing needs of industrial automation and the adoption of Industry X.0, we released a range of high performance, industrial-ready switches. These switches have superior reliability, built-in redundancies and resiliency to tolerate extreme environments.

We're known for our high-quality enterprise switches. When combining these characteristics further ruggedized hardware, it creates one seamless network that maintains data flow from the factory floor to the office — or right across the city, from the very edge to the control center.

# **Expanding Nuclias Cloud**

We are dedicated to the continued development of our cloud platform. Since its launch in 2018, we have been seeking out and developing more ways to make it a well-founded solution for business who want a better network.

We expanded the Cloud-compatible line with the DBS-2000 Series Cloud Switches, D-Link's first switch family to work with Nuclias. Managed through the Nuclias Cloud, the DBS-2000 switches feature centralized management and reporting, as well as Zero Touch Deployment and over-the-air firmware upgrade.

We also added new Access Points: the DBA-2520P and the DBA-2820P. These two premium products aid SMB's in expanding their connectivity even further.

That's not to mention all the developments in the pipeline, including more hardware and big upgrades and additions to the cloud platform itself. Watch this space!

# **Give Nuclias Connect A Warm Welcome**

Some people prefer their network to not be seen or heard, and Cloud offers just that. However, if you want control at your fingertips then you are in luck. With the release of Nuclias Connect, business owners are put in the driving seat, able to manage your network how they see fit. It's the simplest route to an efficient, locally managed network.

Comprising high performance Access Points and a versatile hardware controller, delegate management to those you give permission to, utilize your preferred security addons and access a host of powerful features, all with the Nuclias Connect Management software.

# Reinvigorating the Brick & Mortar Experience

Offline retail is dead? Not if D-Link has anything to say about it. Our Smart Retail solutions bring the 'Smart makeover' brick & mortar stores need to survive and thrive.

With our Smart Retail solutions, retailers are able to incorporate state-of-the-art Intelligent Video Analytics (IVA), People Counting, Heat Mapping and Facial Recognition into their businesses. The result? A superlative customer experience that generates more brand loyalty and boosts profit margins sustainably. It's possible with D-Link Smart Retail.

A complete Cloud-managed solution for Small-to-Medium Businesses (SMBs) designed to make ownership and administration of a network as simple & painless as possible.



Letter to Shareholder Financial Highlights Globalization International Offices India United States Europe Consumer Solutions

Business Solutions
 Service Provider Solutions
 Board Members



Letter to Shareholders

Financial Highlights

Consumer Solutions

Rusiness Solutions Service Provider Solutions

Board Members

Globalization International Offices

United States

Europe

# Service Provider **Solutions**

We fully realize the mutual value in creating strong relationships with Service Providers around the world. Partnering closely, we better understand the needs of customers, which we can then translate into solutions and services. This in turn gives SPs the tools and offerings they need to support even their most demanding customers.

# **Nuclias Gets A Partner**

In 2018 we launched Nuclias, a cloud network management solution for small to medium-sized businesses. Apart from expanding the Nuclias Cloud compatible range of devices with more powerful Access Points and a Switch Series, we gave Cloud a partner: Nuclias Connect. Connect has three key differences from Cloud:

- Data is kept onsite, rather than in the cloud for greater privacy
- Connect affords even greater customization and management for those who want greater control over their network
- With no subscription fees, Connect is great for reducing OPEX and a healthierlooking budget
- The introduction of Connect gives Service Providers even more options to offer SMBs regarding their network.

# The Rise and Rise of Smart Cities

Cities across the globe are increasingly making 'smart' choices. With nearly 70% of humanity expected to be urban by 2050, 5G Smart City investment is no longer a luxury - it's a necessity. Applications such as Smart Parking, Traffic Management, Smart Retail and Pollution Control are key staging grounds for demonstrating the benefits not just for business, but for improving quality of life for all residents.

# **Digital Transformation at The Edge**

D-Link has the solutions that can unleash the value of 5G, IoT, Al, and other game-changing technologies for business through Edge Computing.

At the heart of our Edge-as-a-Service (EaaS) is private LTE, which offers unique capabilities such as specialized radio equipment, optimization for industrial applications, guaranteed Quality of Service (QoS), a hosted or self-contained, self-organizing core network, end-to-end system control & reliability, interoperability with other systems, future-readiness for 5G & MulteFire, and seamless management & communication with diverse wireless devices such as robots, sensors, head mounted displays (HMDs) and handhelds.

# A Big Deal for Big Data

Facial Recognition and Object Recognition depend on Machine Learning, which depends on data - lots and lots of it. When it comes to data management, few companies can compete with Microsoft, which is why we've turned to them for a partnership that leverages the huge data sets they enable through:

- Microsoft Intelligent Cloud
- Azure Machine Learning
- Azure Media Service
- Vision Al

These resources turbocharge the machine learning process, which enables it to be tailored to the needs of your industry and business, and to adapt to new conditions and new analytics, very rapidly.

## Smart Cities - Pollution Control

Civic administrators, environmental bureaus and law enforcement agencies need D-Link's solutions to curtail vehicle emissions whilst maintaining economic productivity and driver convenience. If a tailpipe is observed producing black smoke, an automated alert can be raised, with that vehicle's license plate identified via Automated Number Plate Recognition (ANPR).

D-Link also facilitates data-driven decision making through real-time ambient environmental analytics that help determine emissions sources at the jurisdictional level, so that districts and administrators can better enforce and comply with regulations.



Letter to Shareholders Financial Highlights Globalization International Offices India United States Europe Consumer Solutions Business Solutions

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**D-Link offers the future-ready Digital** Transformation solutions you need to realize your Smart City ambitions.

**Board** 

Members



Lori Hu **D-Link Chairman** 



**D-Link Vice Chairman** 

Letter to Shareholders Financial Highlights

Globalization International Offices

United States

Europe

Consumer Solutions **Business Solutions** 

Service Provider Solutions

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# **DIRECTORS**

Gary Chien

Yun-Wei Investment Co., Ltd. Howard Kao

Wen-Peng Lin Alpha Networks Inc.

Steve Lin

Chien Chin Investment Co. Ltd.

# INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

Fred Fong

Shyang Fong Chung Freda Chen

# **CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS**

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# **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

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ir.dlink.com.tw

# D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

**Consolidated Financial Statements** 

With Independent Auditors' Report For the Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

# **Representation Letter**

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of D-LINK CORPORATION as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 under the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports, and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards No. 10 by the Financial Supervisory Commission, "Consolidated Financial Statements." In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, D-LINK CORPORATION and Subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

Company name: D-LINK CORPORATION Chairman: Gao Ju Investment Co., Ltd. Hu, Xue

Date: March 18, 2020



# 安侯建業解合會計師事務的

## KPMG

台北市11049信義路5段7號68樓(台北101大樓) 68F., TAIPEI 101 TOWER, No. 7, Sec. 5, Xinyi Road, Taipei City 11049, Taiwan (R.O.C.) 

# **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Directors of D-LINK CORPORATION:

# **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of another auditor (please refer to Other Matter paragraph), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries as at December 31, 2019 and 2018, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), International Accounting Standards ("IASs"), Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") or the former Standing Interpretations Committee ("SIC") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Certification of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants, Rule No. 1090360805 issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Furthermore, we conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Certification of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants, and the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries in accordance with the Certified Public Accountants Code of Professional Ethics in Republic of China ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. based on our audits and the report of another auditor, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

# Other Matter

We did not audit the financial statements of D-Link International Pte. Ltd., a subsidiary of the D-LINK CORPORATION. Those statements were audited by another auditor, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for D-Link International Pte. Ltd., is based solely on the report of another auditor. The financial statements of D-Link International Pte. Ltd. reflect the total assets constituting 5% of the consolidated total assets at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and the total revenues constituting 8% of the consolidated total revenues for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.



D-LINK CORPORATION has prepared its parent company only financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, on which we have issued an unmodified opinion with other matters paragraph.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

# 1. Valuation of inventories

Please refer to Note 4(i) for accounting policy of inventory, Note 5(b) for accounting estimations and assumption uncertainty of inventory valuation, and Note 6(e) for the write-down of inventories to net realizable value.

Most inventories of the Consolidated Company are internet solution products, which are measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value. As a result of competitive and rapidly changing environment where the Consolidated Company is located in, its internet solution products may become out-of-date and can no longer meet the market demand resulting in a fluctuation on the prices of these products. The estimation of the net realizable value involves a subjective judgment of the Consolidated Company's management, which may result in a risk on inventory cost to exceed its net realizable value.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

For valuation of inventories, we observed the physical count of inventories at year end to inspect the condition of inventories; reviewed the inventory aging reports to assess the reasonableness of the Consolidated Company's inventory provision rate. For the net realizable value basis adopted by the Consolidated Company's management and evaluate the reasonableness. Furthermore, we assessed the appropriateness of the Consolidated Company management's estimation on inventory provision. We also assessed the appropriateness of the Consolidated Company's relevant disclosure of inventories.

# 2. Valuation of allowance for doubtful account

Please refer to Note 4(h) for accounting policy of allowance for doubtful account, Note 5(a) for accounting estimations and assumption uncertainty of impairment assessment of account receivables, and Note 6(c) for the analysis of account receivables and aging analysis.

# Key Audit Matter Explanation:

The Consolidated Company evaluates the recoverability of its account receivables based on credit rating and aging analysis and uses the forward looking expected loss model. Therefore, the valuation of allowance for doubtful account involves a subjective judgment of the management, and thus, needs significant attention in our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

We tested the effectiveness of the Consolidated Company's controls surrounding the receivable collection and reviewed their records, then sent letters of confirmation to the counterparties of the Consolidated Company. In order to assess the reasonableness of the Consolidated Company's valuation of allowance for doubtful account, we evaluated the management's assumption used for valuation and the previous year's collection situation to assess whether there is any significant abnormality in the expected credit losses of the accounts receivable. We also assessed the appropriateness of the Consolidated Company's relevant disclosure of account receivables.



# 3. Revenue recognition

Please refer to Note 4(r) for accounting policy of revenue recognition and Note 6(t) for sales details of the consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matter Explanation:

The Consolidated Company sells internet related products and services, and aims to offer high-quality internet solution proposals to global consumers and enterprises. Revenue is the key performance indicator to evaluate the Consolidated Company's performance, and thus, needs significant attention in our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

We tested the effectiveness of the Consolidated Company's controls surrounding revenue recognition; reviewed sales contracts and relevant sales documents to evaluate whether the timing and the amount of revenue recognition are consistent with the sales contracts; analyzed and compared the changes in sales to major customers to assess the reasonableness of revenue recognition.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs, IASs, interpretation as well as related guidance endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries' ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries' financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries' internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries' ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Consolidated Company to express an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Chou, Pao-Lian and Hsieh, Cho-Ha.

# **KPMG**

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) March 18, 2020

# Notes to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' audit report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' audit report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

# (English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)

# D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

# **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

# December 31, 2019 and 2018

# (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		December 31, 20		December 31, 2				<b>December 31, 2019</b>		December 31, 2		
Assets Current assets:		Amount	<u>%</u>	Amount	<u>%</u>		Liabilities and Equity Current liabilities:	Amount	<u>%</u> _	Amount	<u>%</u>	
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(a))	\$ 3,141,284	20	4,424,864	25	2100		\$ -	_	950,000	5	
1110	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss — current (notes 6(b))	70,549	-	8,548	_	2120	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss — current (notes 6(b)	•		,,,,,,,	-	
1150	Notes receivable, net (note 6(c))	8,802	-	29,541	_		and (p))	86,330	1	28,929	-	
1170	Accounts receivable, net (note 6(c))	3,575,633	23	4,249,038		2130	Contract liabilities — current (note 6(v))	117,443	1	138,989	1	
1180	Accounts receivable due from related parties, net (note 7)	217	-	217	_	2150	Notes payable	577	-	395	-	
1197	Finance lease payment receivable (note 6(d))	30,595	-	-	-	2170	Accounts payable	1,985,581	13	2,212,938	13	
1200	Other receivables (notes 6(c) and 7)	61,806	-	91,417	-	2180	Accounts payable to related parties (note 7)	926,767	6	1,308,330	7	
1220	Current tax assets	40,144	-	33,096	-	2200	Other payables (note 7)	1,471,000	9	1,692,891	10	
130X	Inventories (note 6(e))	2,836,939	18	3,111,559	18	2230	Current tax liabilities	41,155	-	78,860	1	
1470	Other current assets (notes 7 and 8)	395,518	3	381,409	2	2250	Provisions — current (note $6(n)$ )	207,735	1	204,548	1	
		10,161,487	64	12,329,689	69	2280	Current lease liabilities (note 6(m))	162,888	1	-	-	
	Non-current assets:					2300	Other current liabilities (note 6(p))	352,814	2	439,869	3	
1517	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income					2365	Refund liability — current (note 6(o))	585,189	4	607,595	3	
	non-current (note $6(b)$ )	440,095	3	482,011	3			5,937,479	<u>38</u>	7,663,344	44	
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method (note 6(f))	2,029,686	13	2,208,160	13		Non-Current liabilities:					
1600	Property, plant and equipment (note 6(h))	1,081,754	7	1,101,557	6	2570	Deferred tax liabilities (note 6(s))	168,696	1	5,968	-	
1755	Right-of-use assets (note 6(i))	554,077	4	-	-	2580	Non-current lease liabilities (note 6(m))	441,586	3	-	-	
1760	Investment property, net (note 6(j))	39,669	-	40,065	-	2600	Other non-current liabilities (notes 6(r) and 7)	237,210	2	320,579	2	
1780	Intangible assets (note 6(k))	586,308	4	622,270	4			847,492	<u>6</u>	326,547	2	
1840	Deferred tax assets (note 6(s))	634,247	4	533,467	3		Total liabilities	6,784,971	44	7,989,891	46	
1900	Other non-current assets (note 8)	183,687	<u>1</u> .	289,604	2		Equity attributable to owners of parent: (note 6(t))					
		5,549,523	36	5,277,134	31	3110	Ordinary shares	6,519,961	41	6,519,961	_37	
						3200	Capital surplus	1,598,807	10	1,669,905	9	
							Retained earnings:					
						3310	Legal reserve	2,053,379	13	2,107,941	12	
						3320	Special reserve	205,562	1	-	-	
						3350	Unappropriated retained earnings (Accumulated deficit)	(499,008)	<u>(3</u> )	216,200	1	
								1,759,933	11	2,324,141	_13	
						3400	Other equity interest	(1,405,287)	<u>(9</u> )	(1,314,520)	<u>(7</u> )	
							Total equity attributable to owners of parent:	8,473,414	_53	9,199,487	<u>52</u>	
						36XX	Non-controlling interests (notes 6(g) and (t))	452,625	3	417,445	2	
							Total equity	8,926,039	<u>56</u>	9,616,932		
Total assets		\$ <u>15,711,010</u>	<u>100</u>	17,606,823	<u>100</u>		Total liabilities and equity	\$ <u>15,711,010</u>	<u>100</u>	17,606,823	<u>100</u>	

# (English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)

# D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

# **Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income**

# For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

# (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Common Share)

		2019		2018		
		Amount	%	Amount	%	
4000	Net operating revenues (notes 6(r) and 7)	\$ 16,996,048	100	19,383,203	100	
5000	Operating costs (notes 6(e), (r) and 7)	12,256,516	72	13,781,215	<u>71</u>	
	Gross profit (loss) from operations	4,739,532	28	5,601,988	29	
	Operating expenses: (notes 6(c), (h), (i), (j), (m), (q), (r) and (w))					
6100	Selling expenses	3,168,206	19	3,308,581	17	
6200	Administrative expenses	934,954	5	1,006,670	5	
6300	Research and development expenses	1,064,731	6	1,008,798	5	
6450	Expected credit loss (gain) (note 6(c))	(43,603)		28,968		
		5,124,288	30	5,353,017	27	
	Net operating income (loss)	(384,756)	<u>(2</u> )	248,971	2	
	Non-operating income and expenses:					
7010	Other income (notes $6(q)$ , $(x)$ and $7$ )	48,642	-	45,965	-	
7020	Other gains and losses (note $6(p)$ , $(x)$ and $7$ )	23,678	-	41,828	-	
7050	Finance costs (notes $6(m)$ , $(p)$ and $(x)$ )	(40,440)	-	(24,114)	-	
7060	Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note 6(f))	63,323		(15,253)		
	Total non-operating income and expenses	95,203		48,426		
	Profit (loss) before tax	(289,553)	(2)	297,397	2	
7950	Less: Income tax expenses (note 6(s))	152,188	1	151,944	1	
	Profit (loss)	(441,741)	<u>(3</u> )	145,453	1	
8300	Other comprehensive income:					
8310	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
8311	Gains (losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	5,070	-	(3,751)	-	
8316	Unrealized gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	(11,305)	-	1,042	_	
8320	Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	2,019	-	(68,625)	-	
8349	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to	_	_	_	_	
	profit or loss	(4,216)	_	(71,334)		
8360	Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss	(1,210)		(/1,551)		
8361	(notes 6(t) and (y)) Exchange differences on translation	(86,804)	_	(42,179)	(1)	
8368	Gains (losses) on hedging instrument	-	_	(1,109)	-	
8370	Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components			(1,10))		
8399	of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	(10,826)	-	15,745	-	
8399	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss (note 6(s))	4,016		(16,892)		
		(93,614)		(44,435)	<u>(1</u> )	
8300	Other comprehensive loss, net	(97,830)		(115,769)	<u>(1</u> )	
	Total comprehensive income	<b>\$</b> (539,571)	<u>(3</u> )	29,684		
	Net income (loss), attributable to:					
	Owners of parent	\$ (508,327)	(3)	106,374	1	
	Non-controlling interests	66,586	_	39,079	_	
		\$ <u>(441,741)</u>	(3)	145,453	1	
	Comprehensive income attributable to:	+				
	Owners of parent	\$ (585,979)	(3)	13,962	_	
	Non-controlling interests	46,408	-	15,722	_	
	Tion condoming mercaes		(2)	29,684		
	Posis sounings nou shous (Now Toisser Jollans) (note ((a))	\$ (539,571)	$\frac{(3)}{(0.78)}$		0.16	
	Basic earnings per share (New Taiwan dollars) (note 6(u))		(0.78)		0.16	
	Diluted earnings per share (New Taiwan dollars) (note 6(u))	<b></b>	<u>(0.78</u> )		0.16	

# (English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)

# D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

**Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity** 

For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Equity attributable to owners of parent													
	Total other equity interest													
	Retained earnings				Unrealized gains									
	Ordinary shares	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	retained earnings (Accumulated deficits)	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements		Unrealized gains (losses) on available- for-sale financial assets	Gains (losses) on effective portion of cash flow hedges	Others	Treasury shares	Total equity attributable to owners of parent		Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2018	\$ 6,519,961	1,588,696	2,107,941	-	(203,814)	(1,102,381)		152,864	1,109	(44,400)	(17,912)	9,002,064	405,706	9,407,770
Effects of retrospective application					226,054		(73,190)	(152,864)						
Equity at beginning of period after adjustments	6,519,961	1,588,696	2,107,941		22,240	(1,102,381)	(73,190)		1,109	(44,400)	(17,912)	9,002,064	405,706	9,407,770
Profit	-	-	-	-	106,374	-	-	-	-	-	-	106,374	39,079	145,453
Other comprehensive income					(4,601)				(1,109)	29,262		(92,412)	(23,357)	(115,769)
Total comprehensive income					101,773	(49,230)	(66,734)		(1,109)	29,262		13,962	15,722	29,684
Other changes in capital surplus:														
Changes in equity of associates accounted for using					0.4.2.40							4.50.000		4.50.000
equity method	-	73,950	-	-	84,340	-	-	-	-	-	-	158,290	- (2.002)	158,290
Changes in non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,983)	(3,983)
Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated at					7.047		(7.047)							
fair value through other comprehensive income	-	7.250	-	-	7,847	-	(7,847)	-	-	-	17.012	- 25 171	-	- 25 171
Treasury shares sold to employees  Balance at December 31, 2018	6,519,961	7,259 1,669,905	2 107 041		216 200	(1.151.(11)	(147,771)			(15 120)	17,912	25,171	417,445	25,171 9,616,932
•	6,519,961	1,669,905	2,107,941	-	216,200	(1,151,611)	(14/,//1)	-	-	(15,138)	-	9,199,487	417,445	9,616,932
Effects of retrospective application (accounted for using equity method)	_	_	_	_	(3,796)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(3,796)	_	(3,796)
Equity at beginning of period after adjustments	6,519,961	1,669,905	2,107,941	<del></del>	212,404	(1,151,611)	(147,771)			(15,138)		9,195,691	417,445	9,613,136
Profit (loss)		1,007,703	2,107,741	<del></del>	(508,327)		(147,771)		<del></del>	(13,136)		(508,327)	66,586	(441,741)
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_	1,205	(85,090)	(5,421)	_	_	11,654	_	(77,652)	(20,178)	
Total comprehensive income			<del></del> _	<del></del>	(507,122)	(85,090)			<del></del>	11,654		(585,979)	46,408	(539,571)
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:					(307,122)	(65,070)	(3,721)			11,034		(303,777)		(337,371)
Legal reserve appropriated	_	_	10,638	_	(10,638)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Special reserve appropriated	_	_	-	205,562			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other changes in capital surplus:				203,302	(203,302)									
Changes in equity of associates accounted for using														
equity method	_	(5,898)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(5,898)	_	(5,898)
Cash dividends from legal reserve	_	-	(65,200)	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	(65,200)	_	(65,200)
Cash dividends from capital surplus	_	(65,200)	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	(65,200)	_	(65,200)
Changes in non-controlling interests	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	(11,228)	
Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated at													(,==0)	( -,/)
fair value through other comprehensive income					11,910		(11,910)							
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 6,519,961	1,598,807	2,053,379	205,562	(499,008)	(1,236,701)	(165,102)			(3,484)		8,473,414	452,625	8,926,039

# $(English\ Translation\ of\ Consolidated\ Financial\ Statements\ and\ Report\ Originally\ Issued\ in\ Chinese)$

# **D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

# **Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

# For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Class Investigation (supering services)         \$ 0,800,50         20,900           Adjustments           Polyceciation response         271,604         13,004           Amorphisation copense         271,604         13,004           Amorphisation copense         4,000         22,004           Check loop (gain) on funcial sasets or liabilities at fair value through profit class         4,004         22,015           Influences (gain) on funcial sasets or liabilities at fair value through profit class         4,000         1,000           Compensation covid of share-based payment stansaction         6,03,30         15,32           Chair on disposal of insentinests         (6,03,00)         7,07           Share of Regnifiely of seasociate accounted for ears quality mellind         6,03,00         7,00           Other         6,000         7,00         1,00         7,00           Reversal of impairment loss one non financial sasets         6,000         7,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00			2019	2018
Adjustments   Adjustments	Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:	ф	(200,552)	207.207
Page		\$	(289,553)	297,397
Depreciation expense	·			
Amoutatation expense         5,000,50         42,348           Expected cells loss (gain) on fitancial assets or liabilities at flar value turough profit or loss         82,74         (62,75)           In Interest income         (40,40)         (43,10)           Dividend conces         (40,00)         (73,10)           Dividend conces         (50,00)         (73,10)           Chroperastion cost of slars-based payment transaction         66,00         (75,90)           Chroperastion cost of slars-based payment transaction         66,00         (75,90)           Reversal of impairment less can one financial assets         (60,00)         (75,90)           Reversal of impairment less on non financial assets         (70,00)         (80,00)           Other         Total adjustments to recordel profit flows         81,83         (80,00)           Decrease in circures in financial assets of five transactions from the profit of loss         61,873         (80,00)           Decrease in inforces in financial assets of five transactions from the profit of loss         61,873         (80,00)           Decrease in investories         1,920         (80,00)           Decrease in investories         1,920         (80,00)           Decrease in investories         1,920         (80,00)           Increase (alone current lashifities         1,			271,684	113,941
Nel tos (gair) on framecial sease or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss         40,44         (24,14)           Interest ticcome         (41,92)         (23,13)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)         (21,12)				
Interest speams	Expected credit loss (gain)		(43,603)	28,968
Distance tenome	Net loss (gain) on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		82,774	(62,735)
Dividean income   1,273	•		,	
Compensation cost of share-based pyrament transection         (6,333)         15,235           Gain on disposal of investments         (3,601)         (7,794)           Reversal of impairment to soo non financial assets         (6,006)         (3,506)           Other         (35,305)         (35,146)           Total adjustments to recordible profit (less)         (35,308)         (35,308)           Decrease in socreting assets and liabilities         20,309         4,005           Decrease in inscrease evidence         20,309         4,005           Decrease in accounts receivable due from related parties         71,081         29,708           Decrease in accounts receivable due from related parties         37,202         155,006           Decrease in outer current assets         1,009         150,007           Increase in other non-current assets         1,009         2,007           Increase in other non-current assets         1,009         3,000           Increase (accerase) in nones payable         2,009         4,000           Increase (accerase) in nones payable         2,000         4,000           Increase in other payable         2,000         4,000           Increase in other payable         2,000         4,000           Increase in other payable in calcular parties         3,00			, , ,	
Slare of loss (profil) of associates accounted for using equity method         (6,03)         (7,934)           Gain on deposal of impariment loss on non financial assets         (8,000)         (8,000)           Other         (6,735)         (1,514)           Total adjustments to reconcile profit (less)         193,848         26,058           Changes in operating assets and limities;         20,739         4,000           Decrease in notes receivable         20,739         4,000           Decreases in accounts receivable due from related parties         29,611         781           Decrease in accounts receivable due from related parties         29,611         781           Decrease in inventories         372,022         135,059           Increase in other receivable due from related parties         19,936         36,059           Increase in other convertal useds         19,936         36,059           Increase in other convertal useds         19,170         25,522           Total changes in operating assets         19,102         25,522           Total changes in operating assets         19,103         48,733           Increase (decrease) in accounts payable         12,523         48,733           Increase in other provisions         36,060         19,222           Increase in other provisions<			(4,909)	, , ,
Gin on dispoal of inventments         (30,016)         (7,944)           Reversal rimpaimments on non financial assets         (8,000)           Other         (37,363)         (15,166)           Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)         (67,363)         (15,166)           Emerican in financial assets at latir value through profit or loss         (64,871)         (20,876)           Decrease in notes receivable         (10,800)         (20,801)           Decrease in accounts receivable due from related parties         (20,811)         (78,100)           Decrease in other receivable         (20,811)         (78,100)         (78,100)           Decrease in other creeivable         (20,811)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,100)         (78,			(62,222)	
Reversal of impariment loss on non financial assets         (8,00)           Other         (1,00)         (1,00)           Other Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)         (19,348)         2,000           Changes in operating assets and finit value through profit or loss         (6,487)         4,075           Decrease (increase) in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss         (6,487)         4,075           Decrease in accounts receivable         7,000         2,000           Decrease in accounts receivable         29,611         8,000           Decrease in inventories         29,611         8,000           Increase in other receivable         29,611         8,000           Decrease in inventories         11,720         22,522           Increase (international seases)         1,000         3,232           Increase (international seases)         1,000         3,233           Increase (internation proprinting assets         1,000         3,233           Increase (internation proprinting assets         2,152         4,000           Increase in other non-current liabilities         4,041         6,000           Decrease in other non-current liabilities         4,041         6,000           Decrease in other non-current liabilities         4,021         6,000				
Other         (7.15d) adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)         (9.184)         26.956           Changes in operating assets and liabilities         (6.487)         2.752           Decrease (increase) in filancial assets at fair value through profit or loss         (6.487)         2.752           Decrease in accounts receivable         20.739         4.005           Decrease in accounts receivable         27.016         7.108         27.026           Decrease in other current assets         2.01         7.80         2.052           Decrease in other current assets         (19.938)         3.056, 25           Decrease in other current assets         (19.938)         4.056, 25           Decrease in other current assets         (19.032)         4.18, 23           Increase (decrease) in notes payable         18.2         2.07           Increase (decrease) in notes payable         2.18         2.07           Increase in necounts payable to related parties         (3.81, 50)         (18.74)           Decrease in note payable         (2.15, 40)         (2.15, 40)           Decrease in one metry payable to related parties         (3.81, 50)         (18.74)           Decrease in povision         (3.81, 50)         (18.74)         (19.022           Decrease in povision         (3.16, 50)         <	-		(30,010)	
Total adjustments to recoile profit (ose)         19.38         20.08           Changsi in geneting in ascent and liabilities         10.07         2.75           Decrease in notes receivable         20.73         40.05           Decrease in accounts receivable due from related parties         2.06         20.07           Decrease in accounts receivable due from related parties         2.06         2.07           Decrease in inventories         372.02         155.05           Decrease in internations         372.02         155.05           Increase in other current assets         10.07         2.55.27           Increase in other current assets         10.07         2.55.27           Increase (decrease) in ocorract tiabilities         2.11.40         4.57.24           Increase (decrease) in ocorract tiabilities         3.05.21         3.55.14           Decrease in other current spayable         12.2         2.27.37         3.55.14           Decrease in other payable         2.02.2         3.55.14         3.05.14         3.05.14         3.05.14         3.05.14         3.05.14         3.05.14         3.05.14         3.05.14         3.05.14         3.05.14         3.05.14         3.05.14         3.05.14         3.05.14         3.05.14         3.05.14         3.05.14         3.05.14	-		(67.363)	, ,
Permiser increase in infaminal assets and liabilities   20,739   4,005   20,006   20,007   20,006   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007   20,007				
Decrease in notes receivable         20,79         4,005           Decrease in accounts receivable         710,810         279,887           Decrease in accounts receivable due from related parties         29,611         781,505           Decrease in other receivable         29,611         781,505           Decrease in in wrentories         (19,938)         30,675           Increase (in other non-current assets         11,270         25,572           Total changes in operating assets         106,032         418,333           Increase (decrease) in in other non-current liabilities         (21,546)         45,738           Increase (decrease) in in accounts payable         182         227,357           Increase (decrease) in accounts payable to related parties         (381,102)         (38,163)           Decrease in other payable         (33,112)         (36,640)           Decrease in other payable         (33,112)         (36,640)           Decrease in other current liabilities         (36,402)         16,194           Decrease in other current liabilities         (40,417)         90,900           Increase in other current liabilities         (51,663)         33,517           Total changes in operating assets and liabilities         (51,663)         33,517           Total changes in operating assets				
Decrease in accounts receivable   70,810   279,877   Decrease in accounts receivable from related parties   26,11   781   781   Decrease in inventories   372,202   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509   151,509	Decrease (increase) in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(64,871)	2,752
Decrease in accounts receivable due from related parties         -         561           Decrease in inther neceivable         372,202         135,950           Decrease in inther neceivable         372,202         135,950           Decrease in other non-current assets         (10,938)         30,0575           Decrease in other non-current assets         11,700         25,572           Total changes in operating assets         12,000         45,338           Increase (decrease) in innotes payable         122         C47,338           Increase (decrease) in innotes payable         122         C47,338           Increase (decrease) in innotes payable         (22,135)         35,114           Decrease in accounts payable to related parties         (38,163)         (187,404)           Decrease in accounts payable to related parties         (38,163)         (187,404)           Decrease in other non-current liabilities         (30,402)         (49,222)           Increase in other current liabilities         (30,002)         (38,163)         (39,172)           Increase in other current liabilities         (30,002)         (30,160)         (39,183)           Accisation of protating assets and liabilities         (31,003)         (30,180)         (30,180)           Intrest cecived         (31,004)	Decrease in notes receivable		20,739	4,005
Decrease in other receivable         78,1         78,2         78,2         135,95         135,95         135,95         135,00         135,00         135,00         135,00         135,00         135,00         135,00         135,00         135,00         135,00         135,00         135,00         135,00         135,00         148,30         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,33         148,34         148,33         148,34         148,33         148,34         148,33         148,34         148,33         148,34         148,33         148,34         148,33         148,34         148,33         148,34         148,33         148,34         148,34         148,34         148,34         148,34			710,810	279,687
Decrease in inventories         372,20         18,958 of           Increase in other current assets         19,938 of         30,675           Total changes in operating assets         11,70         25,572           Increase (decrease) in contract liabilities         (21,64)         48,338           Increase (decrease) in sorter payable         (227,357)         35,114           Decrease in sociounts payable to related parties         (381,63)         (187,404)           Decrease in other payable         (233,112)         (380,808)           Decrease in provisions         (36,400)         (19,232)           Increase in effund liabilities         46,417         90,900           Increase in other current liabilities         40,24         6,609           Increase in other current liabilities         51,063         35,174           Increase in other current liabilities         51,063         35,174           Increase in other current liabilities         51,003         35,157           Total changes in operating isolatilities         15,003         35,157           Increase in other operating isolatilities         15,003         35,173           Total changes in operating isolatilities         15,003         35,174           Interest paid         62,198         36,204			-	
Romesse in other current assets				
Decrease in other non-current assets         1,170         2,527           Total changes in operating assets         1,060,323         418,338           Increase (decrease) in contract liabilities         (21,46)         45,738           Increase (decrease) in contract liabilities         (22,7357)         35,141           Increase (decrease) in accounts payable         (22,7357)         35,144           Decrease in other payable to related parties         (38,405)         (18,740)           Decrease in other payable         (36,407)         (36,402)         (19,232)           Increase in provisions         (36,407)         (30,707)         (30,707)           Increase in other current liabilities         (40,47)         90,707           Increase in other current liabilities         (51,603)         39,517           Increase in other current liabilities         (51,604)         40,522           Total changes in operating assets and liabilities         (51,604)         40,522           Total changes in operating assets and liabilities         (51,604)         40,523				
Total changes in operating assets         1,000,323         418,333           Increase (decrease) in notes payable         (21,546)         45,738           Increase (decrease) in notes payable         (22,737)         355,114           Decrease in accounts payable to related parties         (38,156)         (38,156)           Decrease in accounts payable to related parties         (38,156)         (38,156)           Decrease in other payable         (235,112)         (36,98)           Decrease in other payable for clated parties         (30,602)         (19,232)           Increase in refund liabilities         46,417         90,70           Increase in other current liabilities         (31,063)         33,517           Total changes in operating assets and liabilities         (51,063)         35,527           Total changes in operating assets and liabilities         51,703         58,322           Cash inflow generated from operatings         41,921         42,323           Cash inflow generated from operating assets and liabilities         41,921         42,323           Cash inflow generated from operating activities         41,921         42,323           Cash inflow generated from operating activities         41,921         42,323           Interest paid         45,021         41,921         42,323 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td> ,</td> <td>, , , ,</td>			,	, , , ,
Increase (decrease) in notract liabilities		-		·
Increase (decrease) in notes payable   182				
Directase (decrease) in accounts payable to related parties			1	
Decrease in accounts payable to related parties         (381,56)         (187,404)           Decrease in provisions         (364,02)         (19,232)           Increase in provisions         (364,02)         (19,232)           Increase in in refund liabilities         46,417         90,970           Increase in other current liabilities         40,204         66,900           Decrease in other non-current liabilities         (51,063)         (39,517)           Total changes in operating liabilities         157,903         583,527           Total adjustments         515,751         610,483           Cash inflow generated from operations         62,198         907,880           Interest received         419,21         43,233           Interest paid         (130,577)         185,577           Interest paid         (130,577)         185,578           Interest paid         (130,577)         185,578           Interest paid         (130,577)         185,578           Interest paid				, ,
Decrease in other payable         (235,112)         (86,918)           Decrease in refund liabilities         (36,402)         (19,232)           Increase in refund liabilities         (36,402)         (39,232)           Increase in other current liabilities         4,024         6,690           Decrease in other non-current liabilities         (51,663)         (39,517)           Total changes in operating liabilities         (902,420)         165,194           Total changes in operating assets and liabilities         315,751         161,048           Cash inflow generated from operating assets and liabilities         41,921         42,323           Dividends received         41,921         42,323           Interest received         41,921         43,535           Interest paid         (48,552)         (17,580)           Increst paid         48,552         (17,580)           Increst paid         48,552         (17,580)           Net cash flows from operating activities         28,833         31,640           Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         28,833         31,640           Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         28,968         173,501           Acquistition of property, plant and equipment         (26,929				
Increase in refund liabilities         46,47         90,970           Increase in other current liabilities         4,024         66,90           Decrease in other non-current liabilities         (51,063)         30,517           Total changes in operating labilities         (902,420)         165,194           Total adjustments         531,751         610,483           Cash inflow generated from operations         62,198         907,880           Interest received         41,921         42,323           Dividends received         41,921         43,523           Dividends received         44,8552         (17,580)           Interest paid         (48,552)         (17,580)           Increase paid         46,261         978,672           Net cash flows from operating activities         28,33         31,640           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         28,848         173,501           Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         28,948         173,501           Acquisition of property, plant and equipment         7(7,256)         (63,462)           Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         28,948         173,501           Decrease inform disposal of property, plant and	* *			,
Increase in other current liabilities	Decrease in provisions		(36,402)	(19,232)
Decrease in other non-current liabilities         (51,063)         (39,17)           Total changes in operating liabilities         (15,194)         (35,352)           Total changes in operating assets and liabilities         15,790         353,527           Total adjustments         351,751         610,483           Cash inflow generated from operations         62,198         907,880           Interest received         41,921         42,323           Dividends received         121,671         135,577           Interest paid         45,262         17,580           Income taxes paid         45,262         78,672           Net cash flows from operating activities         45,261         78,672           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         28,833         31,640           Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         28,833         31,640           Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         28,833         31,640           Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment         28,983         33,814           Decrease inform disposal of property, plant and equipment         28,986         73,501           Decrease (inferase) in enfundable deposits         21,022         72,022 <td>Increase in refund liabilities</td> <td></td> <td>46,417</td> <td>90,970</td>	Increase in refund liabilities		46,417	90,970
Total changes in operating liabilities         (90,420)         165,194           Total changes in operating assets and liabilities         157,903         383,527           Total adjustments         351,515         61,483           Cash inflow generated from operations         62,198         907,888           Interest received         41,921         42,323           Dividends received         (48,52)         17,580           Interest paid         (48,52)         (17,800           Income taxes paid         (48,52)         (17,800           Net cond flows from operating activities         28,303         31,600           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         28,833         31,600           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         28,833         31,600           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         28,833         31,640           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         28,833         31,640           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         28,833         31,640           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         28,833			4,024	6,690
Total clumes in operating assets and liabilities         157,903         583,527           Total adjustments         351,751         610,483           Cash inflow generated from operations         62,198         907,880           Interest received         41,921         42,323           Dividends received         121,671         135,577           Interest paid         (180,977)         (89,528)           Incent cases paid         46,261         978,672           Incent cases paid         46,261         978,672           Net cash flows from operating activities         46,261         978,672           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         28,833         31,640           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         28,968         173,501           Acquisition of property, plant and equipment         28,968         173,501           Acquisition of property, plant and equipment         2,936         62,709           Decease (increase) in refundable deposits         20,368         27,709           Acquisition of intangible assets         62,929         62,568           Other investing activities         727         78           Net cash flows from investing activities         16,				
Total adjustments         351,751         610,483           Cash inflow generated from operations         62,198         907,880           Interest received         41,921         42,323           Dividends received         121,671         135,577           Interest paid         (48,552)         17,580           Incerest paid         (48,552)         78,580           Net cash flows from operating activities         42,621         98,528           Throceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         28,833         31,640           Proceeds from disposal of investinents accounted for using equity method         28,968         173,501           Acquisition of property, plant and equipment         72,968         34,814           Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment         2,398         34,814           Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits         30,368         20,709           Acquisition of intangible assets         (26,929)         65,868           Other investing activities         20,368         20,709           The swister         12,059         87,000           Increase (increase) in refundable deposits received         16,543         (18,439)           Other investing activities         9(90,000				
Cash inflow generated from operations         62,198         907,880           Interest received         41,221         42,323           Dividends received         121,671         135,577           Interest paid         (48,552)         (17,580)           Income taxes paid         (130,977)         689,528           Net cash flows from operating activities         46,261         978,672           Cash flows from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         28,833         31,640           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         28,833         31,640           Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         28,968         173,501           Acquisition of property, plant and equipment         23,988         34,814           Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits         23,988         34,814           Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits         717         784           Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits         26,929         (62,568)           Other investing activities         717         784           Net cash flows from investing activities         950,000         (300,000)           Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received         16,543         (18,				
Interest received         41,921         42,323           Dividends received         121,671         135,577           Interest paid         (48,552)         (17,580)           Income taxes paid         (130,977)         (89,528)           Net cash flows from operating activities         28,833         31,640           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         28,833         31,640           Proceeds from disposal of investiments accounted for using equity method         28,968         173,501           Acquisition of property, plant and equipment         (72,356)         (63,462)           Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment         23,988         34,814           Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits         50,368         27,709           Acquisition of intangible assets         (26,929)         662,568           Other investing activities         777         784           Net cash flows from investing activities         99,000         300,000           Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received         16,543         (18,439)           Payment of lease liabilities         (99,000)         300,000           Cash dividends paid         (18,001)         -           Treasury shares sold to employees	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Dividends received         121,671         135,577           Interest paid         (48,552)         (17,800)           Incent taxes paid         (48,552)         (17,800)           Net cash flows from operating activities         46,261         978,672           Cash flows from investing activities           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         28,833         31,604           Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         28,968         173,501           Acquisition of property, plant and equipment         2,398         34,814           Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits         50,368         (27,709)           Acquisition of intangible assets         62,629         (62,568)           Other investing activities         77         784           Net cash flows from investing activities         12,059         87,000           Decrease in short-term loans         (950,000)         300,000           Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received         16,543         (18,439)           Payment of lease liabilities         (180,011)         -           Cash dividends paid         (130,400)         -           Treasury shares sold to employees         11,259         3,048 <td></td> <td></td> <td>ŕ</td> <td></td>			ŕ	
Interest paid         (48,552)         (17,580)           Income taxes paid         (130,977)         (89,528)           Net cash flows from operating activities         46,261         978,672           Cash flows from investing activities:           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         28,833         31,640           Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment         (72,356)         (63,462)           Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment         2,398         34,814           Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits         50,368         (27,709)           Acquisition of intangible assets         62,629         62,568           Other investing activities         777         784           Net cash flows from investing activities         777         784           Net cash flows from investing activities         950,000         (300,000)           Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received         16,543         (18,439)           Payment of lease liabilities         (180,011)         -           Cash dividends paid         (130,400)         -           Teasury shares sold to employees         1         1         1           Change in non-controlling interests         (1,255,096) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Income taxes paid         (130,977)         (89,528)           Net cash flows from operating activities         46,261         978,672           Cash flows from investing activities         8           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         28,833         31,604           Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         28,968         173,501           Acquisition of property, plant and equipment         (72,356)         (63,462)           Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment         2,398         34,814           Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits         50,368         (27,709)           Acquisition of intangible assets         (26,929)         62,5569           Other investing activities         777         784           Net cash flows from investing activities         12,059         87,000           Decrease in short-term loans         (950,000)         (300,000)           Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received         16,543         (18,439)           Payment of lease liabilities         (180,011)         -           Cash dividends paid         (130,400)         -           Treasury shares sold to employees         (11,228)         3,398           Change in non-controlling				
Net cash flows from operating activities         46,261         978,672           Cash flows from investing activities         28,833         31,640           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         28,833         31,640           Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         28,968         173,501           Acquisition of property, plant and equipment         62,398         34,814           Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits         50,368         (27,709)           Acquisition of intangible assets         62,929         (62,568)           Other investing activities         777         784           Net cash flows from investing activities         12,059         87,000           Cash flows used in financing activities         950,000         (300,000           Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received         16,543         (18,439           Payment of lease liabilities         (180,011)         -           Cash dividends paid         (130,400)         -           Treasury shares sold to employees         11,228         3,983           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (1,255,096)         304,498           Fifect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (86,804)         4(21,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,	1
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         28,833         31,640           Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         28,968         173,501           Acquisition of property, plant and equipment         (72,356)         (63,462)           Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment         2,398         34,814           Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits         50,368         (27,709)           Acquisition of intangible assets         (26,929)         (62,568)           Other investing activities         777         784           Net cash flows from investing activities         12,059         87,000           Cash flows used in financing activities         (950,000)         (300,000)           Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received         16,543         (18,439)           Payment of lease liabilities         (180,011)         -           Cash dividends paid         (130,400)         -           Treasury shares sold to employees         -         17,924           Change in non-controlling interests         (11,228)         (3,983)           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (1,255,096)         (304,498)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (1,283,5	•			
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         28,968         173,501           Acquisition of property, plant and equipment         (72,356)         (63,462)           Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment         2,398         34,814           Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits         50,368         (27,709)           Acquisition of intangible assets         (26,929)         (62,568)           Other investing activities         777         784           Net cash flows from investing activities         12,059         87,000           Cash flows used in financing activities         (950,000)         (300,000)           Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received         16,543         (18,439)           Payment of lease liabilities         (180,011)         -           Cash dividends paid         (130,400)         -           Treasury shares sold to employees         -         17,924           Change in non-controlling interests         (11,228)         (3,983)           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (86,804)         (42,179)           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (86,804)         (42,179)           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (1,283,580)         718,995 <td>Cash flows from investing activities:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Cash flows from investing activities:			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment         (72,356)         (63,462)           Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment         2,398         34,814           Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits         50,368         (27,709)           Acquisition of intangible assets         (26,929)         (62,568)           Other investing activities         777         784           Net cash flows from investing activities         12,059         87,000           Cash flows used in financing activities:         (950,000)         (300,000)           Decrease in short-term loans         (950,000)         (300,000)           Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received         16,543         (18,439)           Payment of lease liabilities         (180,011)         -           Cash dividends paid         (130,400)         -           Treasury shares sold to employees         -         17,924           Change in non-controlling interests         (11,228)         (3,983)           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (1,255,096)         (304,498)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (86,804)         (42,179)           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (1,283,580)         718,995           Cash an	Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		28,833	31,640
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment         2,398         34,814           Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits         50,368         (27,709)           Acquisition of intangible assets         (26,929)         (62,568)           Other investing activities         777         784           Net cash flows from investing activities         12,059         87,000           Cash flows used in financing activities         950,000         (300,000)           Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received         16,543         (18,439)           Payment of lease liabilities         (180,011)         -           Cash dividends paid         (130,400)         -           Treasury shares sold to employees         -         17,924           Change in non-controlling interests         (11,228)         (3,983)           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (1,255,096)         (304,498)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (86,804)         (42,179)           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (1,283,580)         718,995           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         4,424,864         3,705,869			28,968	173,501
Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits         50,368         (27,709)           Acquisition of intangible assets         (26,929)         (62,568)           Other investing activities         777         784           Net cash flows from investing activities         12,059         87,000           Cash flows used in financing activities:         \$87,000         \$87,000           Decrease in short-term loans         (950,000)         (300,000)           Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received         16,543         (18,439)           Payment of lease liabilities         (180,011)         -           Cash dividends paid         (130,400)         -           Treasury shares sold to employees         -         17,924           Change in non-controlling interests         (11,228)         (3,983)           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (1,255,096)         (304,498)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (86,804)         (42,179)           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (1,283,580)         718,995           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         4,424,864         3,705,869			, , , ,	1
Acquisition of intangible assets       (26,929)       (62,568)         Other investing activities       777       784         Net cash flows from investing activities       12,059       87,000         Cash flows used in financing activities:         Decrease in short-term loans       (950,000)       (300,000)         Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received       16,543       (18,439)         Payment of lease liabilities       (180,011)       -         Cash dividends paid       (130,400)       -         Treasury shares sold to employees       -       17,924         Change in non-controlling interests       (11,228)       (3,983)         Net cash flows used in financing activities       (1,255,096)       (304,498)         Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents       (86,804)       (42,179)         Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       (1,283,580)       718,995         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period       4,424,864       3,705,869				
Other investing activities         777         784           Net cash flows from investing activities         12,059         87,000           Cash flows used in financing activities:         \$\$7,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000         \$\$1,000 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *</td>				* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Net cash flows from investing activities         12,059         87,000           Cash flows used in financing activities:         (950,000)         (300,000)           Decrease in short-term loans         (950,000)         (300,000)           Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received         16,543         (18,439)           Payment of lease liabilities         (180,011)         -           Cash dividends paid         (130,400)         -           Treasury shares sold to employees         -         17,924           Change in non-controlling interests         (11,228)         (3.983)           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (1,255,096)         (304,498)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (86,804)         (42,179)           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (1,283,580)         718,995           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         4,424,864         3,705,869	·		*	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Cash flows used in financing activities:         Decrease in short-term loans       (950,000)       (300,000)         Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received       16,543       (18,439)         Payment of lease liabilities       (180,011)       -         Cash dividends paid       (130,400)       -         Treasury shares sold to employees       -       17,924         Change in non-controlling interests       (11,228)       (3,983)         Net cash flows used in financing activities       (1,255,096)       (304,498)         Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents       (86,804)       (42,179)         Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       (1,283,580)       718,995         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period       4,424,864       3,705,869	-			
Decrease in short-term loans         (950,000)         (300,000)           Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received         16,543         (18,439)           Payment of lease liabilities         (180,011)         -           Cash dividends paid         (130,400)         -           Treasury shares sold to employees         -         17,924           Change in non-controlling interests         (11,228)         (3,983)           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (1,255,096)         (304,498)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (86,804)         (42,179)           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (1,283,580)         718,995           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         4,424,864         3,705,869			12,039	87,000
Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received       16,543       (18,439)         Payment of lease liabilities       (180,011)       -         Cash dividends paid       (130,400)       -         Treasury shares sold to employees       -       17,924         Change in non-controlling interests       (11,228)       (3,983)         Net cash flows used in financing activities       (1,255,096)       (304,498)         Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents       (86,804)       (42,179)         Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       (1,283,580)       718,995         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period       4,424,864       3,705,869			(950.000)	(300,000)
Payment of lease liabilities         (180,011)         -           Cash dividends paid         (130,400)         -           Treasury shares sold to employees         -         17,924           Change in non-controlling interests         (11,228)         (3,983)           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (1,255,096)         (304,498)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (86,804)         (42,179)           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (1,283,580)         718,995           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         4,424,864         3,705,869			,	, , , , , ,
Cash dividends paid       (130,400)       -         Treasury shares sold to employees       -       17,924         Change in non-controlling interests       (11,228)       (3,983)         Net cash flows used in financing activities       (1,255,096)       (304,498)         Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents       (86,804)       (42,179)         Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       (1,283,580)       718,995         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period       4,424,864       3,705,869	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-
Change in non-controlling interests(11,228)(3,983)Net cash flows used in financing activities(1,255,096)(304,498)Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents(86,804)(42,179)Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents(1,283,580)718,995Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period4,424,8643,705,869				-
Net cash flows used in financing activities(1,255,096)(304,498)Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents(86,804)(42,179)Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents(1,283,580)718,995Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period4,424,8643,705,869	1		-	17,924
Net cash flows used in financing activities(1,255,096)(304,498)Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents(86,804)(42,179)Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents(1,283,580)718,995Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period4,424,8643,705,869			(11,228)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents(86,804)(42,179)Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents(1,283,580)718,995Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period4,424,8643,705,869			(1,255,096)	(304,498)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents(1,283,580)718,995Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period4,424,8643,705,869				
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 4,424,864 3,705,869	•		(1,283,580)	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		4,424,864	3,705,869
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	3,141,284	4,424,864

# (English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese) D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Otherwise Specified)

### (1) Company history

D-LINK CORPORATION (the "Company") was incorporated on June 20, 1987 under the approval of Ministry of Economic Affair, Republic of China ("ROC"). The address of its registered office is No.289, Xinhu 3rd Rd., Neihu Dist., Taipei City 114, Taiwan. The main operating activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as the "Consolidated Company") include the research, development, and sale of local area computer network systems, wireless local area computer networks ("LANs"), and spare parts for integrated circuits.

### (2) Approval date and procedures of the consolidated financial statements:

The accompanying consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for release by the Board of Directors on March 18, 2020.

#### (3) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted:

(a) The impact of the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. ("FSC") which have already been adopted.

The following new standards, interpretations and amendments have been endorsed by the FSC and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019.

New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	per IASB
IFRS 16 "Leases"	January 1, 2019
IFRIC 23 "Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments"	January 1, 2019
Amendments to IFRS 9 "Prepayment features with negative compensation"	January 1, 2019
Amendments to IAS 19 "Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement"	January 1, 2019
Amendments to IAS 28 "Long-term interests in associates and joint ventures"	January 1, 2019
Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015 – 2017 Cycle	January 1, 2019

Except for the following items, the Consolidated Company believes that the adoption of the above IFRSs would not have any material impact on its consolidated financial statements. The extent and impact of signification changes are as follows:

### (i) IFRS 16"Leases"

IFRS 16 replaces the existing leases guidance, including IAS 17 Leases, IFRIC 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, SIC-15 Operating Leases – Incentives and SIC-27 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease.

The Consolidated Company applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach. The details of the changes in accounting policies are disclosed below.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### 1) Definition of a lease

Previously, the Consolidated Company determined at contract inception whether an arrangement is or contains a lease under IFRIC 4. Under IFRS 16, the Consolidated Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition of a lease, as explained in Note 4(m).

On transition to IFRS 16, the Consolidated Company elected to apply the practical expedient to grandfather the assessment of which transactions are leases. The Consolidated Company applied IFRS 16 only to contracts that were previously identified as leases. Contracts that were not identified as leases under IAS 17 and IFRIC 4 were not reassessed for whether there is a lease. Therefore, the definition of a lease under IFRS 16 was applied only to contracts entered into or changed on or after January 1, 2019.

#### 2) As a lessee

As a lessee, the Consolidated Company previously classified leases as operating or finance leases based on its assessment of whether the lease transferred significantly all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset to the Consolidated Company. Under IFRS 16, the Consolidated Company recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for most leases on-balance sheet.

The Consolidated Company decided to apply recognition exemptions to short-term leases of office building and leases of office equipment.

#### • Leases classified as operating leases under IAS 17

At transition, lease liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at the Consolidated Company's incremental borrowing rate as at January 1, 2019. Right-of-use assets are measured at an amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments – the Consolidated Company applied this approach to all other lease.

In addition, the Consolidated Company used the following practical expedients when applying IFRS 16 to leases.

- Applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.
- Adjusted the right-of-use assets by the amount of IAS 37 onerous contract provision immediately before the date of initial application, as an alternative to an impairment review.
- Applied the exemption not to recognize right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term.
- Excluded initial direct costs from measuring the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application.
- Used hindsight when determining the lease term if the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### 3) As a lessor

The Consolidated Company is not required to make any adjustments on transition to IFRS 16 for leases in which it acts as a lessor, except for a sub-lease. The Consolidated Company accounted for its leases in accordance with IFRS 16 from the date of initial application.

Under IFRS 16, the Consolidated Company is required to assess the classification of a sub-lease by reference to the right-of-use asset, not the underlying asset. On transition, the Consolidated Company reassessed the classification of a sub-lease contract previously classified as an operating lease under IAS 17. The Consolidated Company concluded that the sub-lease is a finance lease under IFRS 16.

### 4) Impacts on financial statements

On transition to IFRS 16, the Consolidated Company recognised additional \$653,784 thousand of right-of-use assets, \$79,836 thousand of finance lease payment receivable and \$742,889 thousand of lease liabilities, and recognized deduction \$5,052 thousand of other current assets and \$14,321 thousand of other payables. In addition, the impact of adoption from investment accounted for using equity method on January 1, 2019, the Consolidated Company derecognised additional \$3,796 thousand of retained earnings. When measuring lease liabilities, the Consolidated Company discounted lease payments using its incremental borrowing rate at January 1, 2019. The weighted-average rate applied is 3.26%.

The explanation of differences between operating lease commitments disclosed at the end of the annual reporting period immediately preceding the date of initial application, and lease liabilities recognized in the statement of financial position at the date of initial application disclosed as follows:

	Janu	ıary 1, 2019
Operating lease commitment at December 31, 2018 as disclosed in the Consolidated Company's consolidated financial statements	\$	758,349
Recognition exemption for:		
short-term leases		(26,413)
contracts reassessed as service agreements		(15,049)
Extension and termination options reasonably certain to be exercised		60,386
	\$	777,273
Discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at January 1, 2019	\$	742,889
Finance lease liabilities recognized as at December 31, 2018		
Lease liabilities recognized at January 1, 2019	\$	742,889

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (b) The impact of IFRS endorsed by FSC but not yet effective

The following new standards, interpretations and amendments have been endorsed by the FSC and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020 in accordance with Ruling No. 1080323028 issued by the FSC on July 29, 2019:

New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	per IASB
Amendments to IFRS 3 "Definition of a Business"	January 1, 2020
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS39 and IFRS7 "Interest Rate Benchmark Reform"	January 1, 2020
Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 "Definition of Material"	January 1, 2020

Except for the following items, the Consolidated Company believes that the adoption of the above IFRSs would not have any material impact on its consolidated financial statements. The extent and impact of significant changes are as follows:

Amendments to IFRS 3 "Business Combinations"

This amendment is a narrow-scope to improve the definition of a business and will likely result in more acquisitions being accounted for as asset acquisitions. This amendment is applicable to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 January 2020 and to asset acquisitions that occur on or after the beginning of that period. The Consolidated Company do not anticipate that the application of this Standard will have a material impact on the Consolidated Company's consolidated financial statements, but may have an impact on the assessment and accounting for future acquisitions.

#### (c) The impact of IFRS issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

As of the date, the following IFRSs that have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), but have yet to be endorsed by the FSC:

New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	per IASB
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture"	Effective date to be determined by IASB
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2021
Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current"	January 1, 2022

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### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Those which may be relevant to the Consolidated Company are set out below:

Issuance / Release Dates	Standards or Interpretations	Content of amendment			
September 11, 2014	Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture"	The amendments address an acknowledged inconsistency between the requirements in IFRS 10 and those in IAS 28 (2011) in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture.			
		The main consequence of the amendments is that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves a business (whether it is housed in a subsidiary or not). A partial gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary.			

The Consolidated Company is evaluating the impact of its initial adoption of the abovementioned standards or interpretations on its consolidated financial position and consolidated financial performance. The results thereof will be disclosed when the Consolidated Company completes its evaluation.

### (4) Summary of significant accounting policies:

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented.

### (a) Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" (hereinafter referred to as "the Regulations") and IFRSs endorsed by the FSC.

### (b) Basis of Preparation

#### (i) Basis of Measurement

Except for the following significant accounts, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis:

- 1) Financial instruments (including derivative financial instruments) at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value;
- 2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value;

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- 3) Equity-settled share-based payment are measured at fair value;
- 4) The defined benefit liabilities are measured at fair value of the plan assets less the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

### (ii) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Consolidated Company is determined based on the primary economic environment in which its entities operate. The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollar, which is the Consolidated Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in New Taiwan Dollar has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

#### (c) Basis of consolidation

### (i) Principle of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Consolidated Company. The Consolidated Company 'controls' an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases. Intragroup balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from Intragroup transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. The Consolidated Company attributes the profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

The Consolidated Company prepares consolidated financial statements using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. Changes in the Consolidated Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received will be recognized directly in equity, and the Consolidated Company will attribute it to the owners of the parent.

#### (ii) List of subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements

			Sharel	nolding	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	Note
The Company	D-Link Holding Company Ltd. (D- Link Holding)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company	D-Link Canada Inc. (D-Link Canada)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company	D-Link Japan K.K. (D-Link Japan)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company	D-Link Investment Pte. Ltd. (D-Link Investment)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	Shareholding				
Name of		Principal	December 31, I		
investor	Name of subsidiary	activity	2019	2018	Note
The Company and D-Link Holding	D-Link Sudamerica S.A. (D-Link Sudamerica)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company and D-Link Holding	D-Link Brazil LTDA (D-Link Brazil)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company	D-Link Latin America Company Ltd. (D-Link L.A.)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company and D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Mexicana S.A de C.V (D-Link Mexicana)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company and D-Link Holding	D-Link Systems, Inc. (D-Link Systems)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company and D-Link Holding	D-Link International Pte. Ltd. (D-Link International)	Marketing, purchase and after sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company and D-Link International	D-Link Australia Pty Ltd. (D-Link Australia)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company and D-Link International	D-Link Middle East FZCO (D-Link ME)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link International	D-Link Korea Limited (D-Link Korea)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link International	D-Link Trade M (D-Link Moldova)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link International	D-Link Russia Investment Co., Ltd (D-Link Russia Investment)	Investment Company	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link International	D-Link Malaysia SDN. BHD (D-Link Malaysia)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link International	D-Link Service Lithuania, UAB (D-Link Lithuania)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company	Yeo-Chia Investment Ltd. (YEOCHIA)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company	Yeo-Mao Investment Inc. (YEOMAO)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company	Yeo-Tai Investment Inc. (YEOTAI)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Holding	D-Link (Europe) Ltd. (D-Link Europe)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Holding	D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) Inc. (D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman))	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Holding	D-Link Holding Mauritius Inc. (D-Link Mauritius)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Holding	OOO D-Link Russia (D-Link Russia)	After-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Holding	D-Link Hong Kong Ltd. (D-Link Hong Kong)	Investment company	-		Dissolation in November 2019
D-Link Investment	OOO D-Link Trade (D-Link Trade)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Holding	Success Stone Overseas Corp. (Success Stone)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Holding	Wishfi Pte. Ltd. (Wishfi)	Research and development, marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Mauritius	D-Link India Ltd. (D-Link India)	Marketing and after- sales service	51.02 %	51.02 %	

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	Note
D-Link Mauritius and D-Link India	TeamF1 Networks Private Limited (TeamF1 India)	Research and development	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Europe	D-Link (Holdings) Ltd. and its subsidiary D-Link (UK) Ltd. (D- Link UK)	Investment company and marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Europe	D-Link France SARL (D-Link France)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Europe	D-Link AB	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Iberia SL (D-Link Iberia)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Mediterraneo SRL (D-Link Mediterraneo)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Europe	D-Link (Netherlands) BV (D-Link Netherlands)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company and D-Link Europe	D-Link (Deutschland) GmbH (D-Link Deutschland)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Polska Sp. Z.o.o. (D-Link Polska)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Europe	D-Link (Magyarorszag) kft (D-Link Magyarorszag)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Europe	D-Link s.r.o	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Adria d.o.o	Marketing and after- sales service	- %	100.00 %	Reorganization
D-Link Shiang- Hai (Cayman)	D-Link (Shiang-Hai) Co., Ltd (D-Link Shiang-Hai)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Shiang- Hai (Cayman)	Netpro Trading (Shiang-hai) Co., Ltd (Netpro Trading )	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Mediterraneo	D-Link Adria d.o.o	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	-	Reorganization
D-Link Sudamerica and D-Link L.A.	D-Link del Ecuador S.A.	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Sudamerica and D-Link L.A.	D-Link Peru S.A.	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link de Colombia S.A.S	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Guatemala S.A.	Marketing and after- sales service	99.00 %	99.00 %	
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Argentina S.A.	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link ME	D Link NETWORK	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	-	Incorporated in December 2019

(iii) List of subsidiaries which are not included in the consolidated financial statement: None.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### (d) Business combination

The Consolidated Company measures the goodwill by evaluating the fair value of the consideration at the acquisition date by deducting the assumed identifiable assets and liabilities. Acquisition-related costs should be recognized as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred except those costs that issue debt or equity securities.

### (e) Foreign currency

### (i) Foreign currency transaction

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of Consolidated Company entities at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each subsequent reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at that date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Nonmonetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured based on historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences are generally recognized in profit or loss, except for those differences relating to the following, which are recognized in other comprehensive income:

- · an investment in equity securities designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income;
- · qualifying cash flow hedges to the extent that the hedges are effective.

#### (ii) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated to the Consolidated Company's functional currency at exchange rates at the reporting date. Income and expenses of foreign operations are translated to the Consolidated Company's functional currency at average exchange rate for the period. Foreign currency differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

#### (f) Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

An asset is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other assets are classified as non-current.

- (i) It is expected to be realized or intends to sell or consume it in its normal operating cycle;
- (ii) It holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- (iv) The asset is cash and cash equivalent unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

A liability is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other liabilities are classified as non-current.

- (i) It expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle;
- (ii) It holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) The liability is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- (iv) The Consolidated Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in it is settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

### (g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are shortterm, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits which meet the above definition and are held for the purpose of meeting shortterm cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes should be recognized as cash equivalents.

### (h) Financial Instruments

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Consolidated Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

#### (i) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost; Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)—equity investment; or FVTPL. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Consolidated Company changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

### 1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- · it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost, which is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition, plus/minus, the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method, adjusted for any loss allowance. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses, as well as impairment, are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

2) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- · it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Some accounts receivables are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling by the Consolidated Company, therefore, those receivables are measured at FVOCI. However, they are included in the 'trade receivables' line item.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Consolidated Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Debt investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss on the date on which the Consolidated Company's right to receive payment is established.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### 3) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

All financial assets not classified as amortized cost or FVOCI described as above are measured at FVTPL, including derivative financial assets and beneficiary certificate. Trade receivables that the Consolidated Company intends to sell immediately or in the near term are measured at FVTPL; however, they are included in the 'trade receivables' line item. On initial recognition, the Consolidated Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset, which meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI, as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

#### 4) Business model assessment

The Consolidated Company makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- · how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Consolidated Company's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- · how managers of the business are compensated e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, and are consistent with the Consolidated Company's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

5) Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial assets on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs, as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Consolidated Company considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Consolidated Company considers:

- · contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable rate features;
- · prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Consolidated Company's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse features)
- 6) Impairment of financial assets

The Consolidated Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, fianacial assets measured at amortized costs, notes and trade receivables, other receivables, leases receivable, guarantee deposit paid and other financial assets), debt investments measured at FVOCI and contract assets.

The Consolidated Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss (ECL), except for the following which are measured as 12-month ECL:

- · debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- · other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 month after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Consolidated Company is exposed to credit risk.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Consolidated Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Consolidated Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment as well as forward-looking information.

The Consolidated Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 90 days past due.

The Consolidated Company considers a financial asset to be in default when the financial asset is more than 360 days past due or the debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Consolidated Company in full.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e the difference between the cash flows due to the Consolidated Company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Consolidated Company expects to receive). ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Consolidated Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial assets is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- · significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- · a breach of contract such as a default or being more than 365 days past due;
- the lender of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider:
- ·it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or
- · the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. For debt securities at FVOCI, the loss allowance is charge to profit or loss and is recognized in other comprehensive income instead of reducing the carrying amount of the asset.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Consolidated Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Consolidated Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### 7) Derecognition of financial assets

The Consolidated Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Consolidated Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Consolidated Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized in its statement of balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

### (ii) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

### 1) Classification of debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Consolidated Company are classified as financial liabilities or equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

### 2) Exchangeable bonds

Exchangeable bonds issued by the Company are recorded as embedded derivative and host contract, respectively. The derivatives are classified into financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

#### 3) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

### 4) Other financial liabilities

Financial liabilities that are not classified as held-for-trading or measured at fair value through profit or loss, which comprise loans and account payable, and other payables, are measured at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction cost at the time of initial recognition. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortized cost calculated using the effective interest method. Interest expense not capitalized as capital cost is recognized in non-operating income and expense, and is included in other gains and losses.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### 5) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Consolidated Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Consolidated Company also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

### 6) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of balance sheet when, and only when, the Consolidated Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### (iii) Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The Consolidated Company holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency exposures. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the host contract is not a financial asset and certain criteria are met.

Derivatives are initially measured at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are generally recognized in profit or loss.

Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the economic characteristics and risks of the non-financial asset's host contract are not closely related to the embedded derivatives and the host contract is not measured at FVTPL.

The Consolidated Company assigned parts of hedge instruments (derivate financial instruments) to hedge its cash flow.

At initial designated hedging relationships, the Consolidated Company documents the risk management objectives and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The Consolidated Company also documents the economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument, including whether the changes in cash flows of the hedged items and hedging instrument are expected to offset each other.

# Cash flow hedges

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives and other qualifying hedging instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated under 'other equity—gains (losses) on hedging instruments', limited to the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item from inception of the hedge. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are reclassified to profit or loss in the periods when the hedged item affects profit or loss, in the same line as the recognized hedged item. However, when the hedged forecast transaction results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or a non-financial liability, the gains and losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are removed from equity and included in the initial measurement of the cost of the non?financial asset or non-financial liability. Furthermore, if the Consolidated Company expects that some or all of the loss accumulated in other equity will not be recovered in the future, that amount is immediately reclassified to profit or loss.

If the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting or the hedging instrument is sold, expires, is terminated or is exercised, then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. The discontinuation is accounted for prospectively. When hedge accounting for cash flow hedges is discontinued, the amount that has been accumulated in other equity remains in equity until, for a hedge of a transaction resulting in the recognition of a non-financial item, it is included in the non-financial item's cost on its initial recognition or, for other cash flow hedges, it is reclassified to profit or loss in the same period or periods as the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss. If the hedged future cash flows are no longer expected to occur, then the amounts that have been accumulated in other equity are immediately reclassified to profit or loss.

#### (i) Inventories

The cost of inventories shall comprise all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bring the inventories to their present location and condition. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventory write-downs are made on an item-by-item basis. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. Net realizable value is based on the estimated selling price of inventories; less, all further costs to completion and all relevant marketing and selling costs. Related expenses/losses and incomes of inventory are included in the cost of sales.

### (i) Investment in associates

Associates are those entities in which the Consolidated Company has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies. Significant influence is presumed to exist when the Consolidated Company holds between 20% and 50% of the voting power of another entity.

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are recognized initially at cost. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The carrying amount of the investment in associates includes goodwill arising from the acquisition less any accumulated impairment losses.

The consolidated financial statements include the Consolidated Company's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of equity-accounted investees, after adjustments to align the accounting policies with those of the Consolidated Company from the date that significant influence commences until the date that significant influence ceases.

Gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Consolidated Company and an associate are recognized only to the extent of unrelated Consolidated Company's interests in the associate.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

If an associate issues new shares and the Consolidated Company does not acquire new shares in proportion to its original ownership percentage but still have significant effect, the change in the equity shall be used to adjust the capital surplus or retained earnings, and investments are accounted for using equity method. If it resulted in a decrease in the ownership interest, except for the adjustments mentioned above, the related amount previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate will be reclassified proportionately on the same basis as if the Consolidated Company had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

### (k) Investment property

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition, and subsequently at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation expense is calculated based on the depreciation method, useful life, and residual value which are the same as those adopted for property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount) is recognized in profit or loss.

Rental income from investment property is recognized as other revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognized as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

### (1) Property, plant and equipment

### (i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, less, accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

### (ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Consolidated Company.

# (iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straightline basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment.

Land is not depreciated.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

- 1) Buildings and improvements: 5~60 years
- 2) Transportation, office equipment and others: 2~9 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives, and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date. If expectations differ from the previous estimates, the change(s) is accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate.

(iv) Reclassification to investment property

A property is reclassified to investment property at its carrying amount when the use of the property changes from owneroccupied to investment property.

#### (m) Leases

### Applicable from January 1, 2019

(i) Identifying a lease

At inception of a contract, the Consolidated Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Consolidated Company assesses whether:

- 1) the contract involves the use of an identified asset this may be specified explicitly or implicitly, and should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified; and
- 2) the Cosolidated Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- 3) the Cosolidated Company has the right to direct the use of the asset throughout the period of use only if either:
  - the Cosolidated Company has the right to direct how and for what purpose the asset is used throughout the period of use; or
  - the relevant decisions about how and for what purpose the asset is used are predetermined and:
    - the Consolidated Company has the right to operate the asset throughout the period of use, without the supplier having the right to change those operating instructions; or
    - the Consolidated Company designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used throughout the period of use.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### (ii) As a leasee

The Consolidated Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be reliably determined, the Consolidated Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Consolidated Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- payments for purchase or termination options that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when:

- there is a change in future lease payments arising from the change in an index or rate; or
- there is a change in the estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- there is a change in the lease term resulting from a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise an option to purchase the underlying assets, or
- there is a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise a extension or termination option; or
- there is any lease modifications

When the lease liability is remeasured, other than lease modifications, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or in profit and loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

When the lease liability is remeasured to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Consolidated Company accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease.

The Consolidated Company presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment and lease liabilities as a separate line item respectively in the statement of financial position.

The Consolidated Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of office building that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets, including office equipment. The Consolidated Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### (iii) As a leasor

When the Consolidated Company acts as a lessor, it determines at lease commencement whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Consolidated Company makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers to the lessee substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then the lease is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Consolidated Company considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

When the Consolidated Company is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sub-lease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sub-lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. If a head lease is a short-term lease to which the Consolidated Company applies the exemption described above, then it classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Consolidated Company applies IFRS15 to allocate the consideration in the contract.

The lessor recognizes a finance lease receivable at an amount equal to its net investment in the lease. Initial direct costs, such as lessors to negotiate and arrange a lease, are included in the measurement of the net investment. The lessor recognizes the interest income over the lease term based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the lessor's net investment in the lease. The Consolidated Company recognizes lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as rental income'.

### Applicable before January 1, 2019

### (i) Lessor

Lease income from an operating lease is recognized in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### (ii) Lessee

Leases are classified as operating leases if it doesn't transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. Payments made under operating lease (excluding insurance and maintenance expenses) are recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### (n) Intangible assets

#### (i) Goodwill

#### 1) Recognition

Goodwill arises from acquisition of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets.

### 2) Subsequent measurement

Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. As regards to the investments accounted for using equity method, the carrying value of goodwill consists of the carrying value of its investment. The impairment loss is attributed to parts of investments accounted for using equity method other than goodwill or other assets.

### (ii) Other intangible asset

Other intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

#### (iii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

#### (iv) Amortization

The amortized amount is the cost of an asset less its residual value.

Amortization is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, other than goodwill, from the date that they are available for use. The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

- 1) Computer software: 1~8 years
- 2) Patents: Amortization is recognized using the term of patent contract. The estimated live is 11~16 years
- 3) Other intangible asset: 3 years

The residual value, amortization period, and amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life shall be reviewed at least annually at each fiscal year-end. Any change shall be accounted for as changes in accounting estimates.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (o) Impairment – non-derivative financial assets

At each reporting date, the Consolidated Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories, contract assets, deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

### (p) Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Consolidated Company has a present obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

#### (i) Warranties

A provision for warranties is recognized when the underlying products or services are sold, based on historical warranty data and a weighting of all possible outcomes against their associated probabilities.

# (ii) Legal proceedings and royalties

Legal proceedings and royalties are estimated at the expected relevant cost based on historical experiences.

#### (q) Treasury stocks

Repurchased shares are recognized under treasury shares (a contra-equity account) based on their repurchase price (including all directly accountable costs), net of tax. Gains on disposal of treasury shares should be recognized under Capital Reserve – Treasury Share Transactions; Losses on disposal of treasury shares should be offset against existing capital reserves arising from similar types of treasury shares. If there are insufficient capital reserves to be offset against, then such losses should be accounted for under retained earnings. The carrying amount of treasury shares should be calculated using the weighted average of different types of repurchase.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

During the cancellation of treasury shares, Capital Reserve – Share Premiums and Share Capital should be debited proportionately. Gains on cancellation of treasury shares should be recognized under existing capital reserves arising from similar types of treasury shares; Losses on cancellation of treasury shares should be offset against existing capital reserves arising from similar types of treasury shares. If there are insufficient capital reserves to be offset against, then such losses should be accounted for under retained earnings.

#### (r) Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Consolidated Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The Consolidated Company recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of a good or a service to a customer.

The main operating activities of the Consolidated Company is research, development, and sales of LANs and spare part for integrated circuits. The Consolidated Company recognizes revenue when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Consolidated Company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

The Consolidated Company grants its customers the right to return the product. Therefore, the Consolidated Company reduces revenue by the amount of expected returns and recognizes a refund liability. Accumulated experience is used to estimate such returns at the time of sale at a portfolio level (expected value method). Because the number of products returned has been steady for years, it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the cumulative revenue recognized will not occur. At each reporting date, the Consolidated Company reassesses the estimated amount of expected returns.

The Consolidated Company often offers volume discounts to its customers. Revenue from these sales is recognized based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated volume discounts. Accumulated experience is used to estimate the discounts, using the expected value method, and revenue is only recognized to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. A refund liability is recognized for expected volume discounts payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period.

The Consolidated Company offers a standard warranty for the consumer electronics sold to provide assurance that the product complies with agreed-upon specifications and has recognized warranty provisions for this obligation; please refer to note 4(p).

A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the Consolidated Company has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

In case of fixed-price contracts, the customers the fixed amount based on a payment schedule. If the services rendered by the Consolidated Company exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognized.

A contract liability is a Consolidated Company's obligation to transfer goods to a customer for which the Consolidated Company has received consideration.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (s) Employee benefits

### (i) Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognized as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods during which services are rendered by the employees. YEOCHIA, YEOMAO, YEOTAI, D-Link Holding and other holding companies do not have employees on the payroll, and therefore, do not have a pension plan. D-Link Europe and other subsidiaries adopt pension plans in accordance with the local authorities that recognized pension expenses based on the contributions in that year. Subsidiaries in China contribute retirement annuity funds based on the statutory rate on employees payroll and the pension expenses are recognized in profit or loss for the year.

### (ii) Defined benefit plans

The Consolidated Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Consolidated Company, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income, and accumulated in retained earnings. The Consolidated Company determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Consolidated Company recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

#### (iii) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Consolidated Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (t) Share-based payment

The grant-date fair value of equity-settled share-based payment arrangements granted to employees is generally recognized as an expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the vesting period of the awards. The amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service and non-market performance conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognized is based on the number of awards that meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date. For share-based payment awards with non-vesting conditions, the grant-date fair value of the share-based payment is measured to reflect such conditions and there is no true-up for differences between expected and actual outcomes.

The fair value of the amount payable to employees in respect of share appreciation rights, which are settled in cash, is recognized as an expense with a corresponding increase in liabilities, over the period during which the employees become unconditionally entitled to payment. The liability is remeasured at each reporting date and at settlement date based on the fair value of the share appreciation rights. Any changes in the liability are recognized in profit or loss.

#### (u) Income Taxes

Income taxes comprise current taxes and deferred taxes. Except for expenses related to business combinations or recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, all current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss.

The Consolidated Company has determined that interest and penalties related to income taxes, including uncertain tax treatment, do not meet the definition of income taxes, and therefore accounted for them under IAS37.

Current taxes comprise the expected tax payables or receivables on the taxable profits (losses) for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payables or receivables are the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred taxes arise due to temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred taxes shall not be recognized for the following exceptions:

- (i) temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profits (losses) at the time of the transaction:
- (ii) temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Consolidated Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- (iii) taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Deferred taxes are measured at tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reserve, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and reflect uncertainty related to income taxes, if any.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if the following criteria are met:

- (i) The entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- (ii) The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
  - 1) the same taxable entity; or
  - 2) different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for the carry forward of unused tax losses, unused tax credits, and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realized; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

### (v) Earnings per share

The Consolidated Company discloses the Company's basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to ordinary equity holders. The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to the ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding. The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company, divided by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, such as convertible notes, employee stock options, and employee bonus settled using shares that have yet to be approved by the Board of Directors meeting. The effect on net income per common share from the increase in stock from the transfer of unappropriated earnings, capital surplus, and employee profit sharing is computed retroactively.

### (w) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Consolidated Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the Consolidated Company). The operating results of all operating segments are regularly reviewed by the Consolidated Company's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance. Each operating segment has its financial information.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (5) Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty:

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with the Regulations and the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The management continues to monitor the accounting estimates and assumptions. The management recognizes any changes in accounting estimates during the period and the impact of those changes in accounting estimates in the next period.

Information about judgments made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements is as follows:

### (a) Impairment of Account receivable

The Consolidated Company has estimated the loss allowance of trade receivable that is based on the risk of a default occurring and the rate of expected credit loss. The Consolidated Company has considered historical experience, current economic conditions and forward-looking information at the reporting date to determine the assumptions to be used in calculating the impairments and the selected inputs. Refer to Note 6(c) for further description of the impairment of account receivable.

#### (b) Valuation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, the Consolidated Company estimates the net realizable value of inventories for obsolescence and unmarketable items at the end of the reporting period and then writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is mainly determined based on assumptions as to future demand within a specific time horizon. Due to the rapid industrial transformation, there may be significant changes in the net realizable value of inventories.

### (6) Explanation of significant accounts:

### (a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

	December 3 2019		December 31, 2018
Cash on hand	\$	3,211	4,399
Checking and saving accounts		2,342,204	2,346,161
Cash equivalents	_	795,869	2,074,304
	<b>\$_</b>	3,141,284	4,424,864

Please refer to 6(z) for the currency risk in financial assets and liabilities and their sensitivity analysis.

A time deposit is qualified as a cash equivalent when it has a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition and it is held for the purpose of short-term cash commitments. Otherwise, they are classified as other current assets.

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (b) Financial Assets and Liabilities

### (i) Details as follows

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

	December 31, 2019		December 31, 2018	
Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss - current				
Beneficiary certificates - mutual funds	\$	67,618	-	
Cross currency swaps		2,474	6,189	
Forward foreign exchange contracts		457	2,359	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current				
	\$	70,549	8,548	
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current				
Cross currency swaps	\$	12,802	3,617	
Forward foreign exchange contracts		8,148	5,996	
Exchangeable corporate bonds embeded derivative		65,380	19,316	
	\$	86,330	28,929	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income – non-current				
Cameo Communication, Inc. (CAMEO)	\$	359,778	389,101	
IC Plus Corp. (ICPC)		-	16,046	
Z-Com, Inc. (Z-Com)		40,483	33,632	
YouXiang Electronic Technology (Beijing) Co., Ltd. (YouXiang)		2,245	4,160	
Kaimei Electronic Corp. (Kaimei)		37,274	38,786	
Venture Power Group Limited (Venture Power)		315	286	
	\$	440,095	482,011	

1) Kaimei — the Consolidated Company's investee company accounted for as financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income, has announced to become a 100% subsidiary of Teapo Electronic Corp. (Teapo) via share conversion in March 2019, with September 30, 2019 as the reference date of the share exchange, and the date of completion of the related procedures, based on the resolution made during the shareholders' meeting in June 2019. The Consolidated Company recognized its retained earning amounted to \$168 thousand. In October 2019, Teapo changed its name to Kaimei.

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- 2) For disclosures on credit, currency and interest rate risks in financial instruments please refer to note 6(z).
- 3) As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, no financial assets are pledged as collateral.
- (ii) Sensitivity analysis equity market price risk:

If the security price changes, and if it is on the same basis for both years and assumes that all other variables remain the same, the impact on other comprehensive income will be as follows:

	2019			2018			
Security price at reporting date	comp	r-tax other prehensive ome (loss)	After-tax profit (loss)	After-tax other comprehensive income (loss)	After-tax profit (loss)		
Increase 3%	\$	13,184	1,582	<u>14,460</u>			
Decrease 3%	\$	(13,184)	(1,582)	(14,460)			

### (iii) (Non-hedging) derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are used to hedge certain foreign exchange and interest risk in which the Consolidated Company is exposed to arising from its operating, financing and investing activities. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, transactions that do not qualify for hedging accounting are presented as held-for-treading financial assets were as follows:

### 1) Derivative financial assets

		December 31, 2019			De	cember 31, 2	018		
		Contract amount		Madanita data	Contract amount	C			
		(thousand)	Currency	Maturity date	(thousand)	Currency	Maturity date		
Cross currency swaps	::								
JPY	\$	1,800,000	JPY	2020.7 ~2020.12	1,000,000	JPY	2019.12		
RUB		192,014	RUB	2020.01 ~2020.02	-	-	-		
Forward foreign exchange contracts:									
AUD (sell)		-	-	-	2,000	AUD	2019.01		
CAD (sell)		-	-	-	2,500	CAD	2019.02		
EUR (sell)		-	-	-	2,000	EUR	2019.02		
JPY (sell)		220,000	JPY	2020.01 ~2020.02	-	-	-		
USD (buy)		2,500	USD	2020.01	-	-	-		

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### 2) Derivative financial liabilities

	Contract			Contract	cember 31, 2	2018	
	amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date	amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date	
Cross currency swaps:							
USD	\$ 22,900	USD	2020.01 ~2020.03	2,000	USD	2019.03	
CNH	95,880	CNH	2020.01 ~2020.02	100,681	CNH	2019.01 ~2019.02	
EUR	12,000	EUR	2020.01 ~2020.02	-	-	-	
GBP	1,100	GBP	2020.01 ~2020.02	-	-	-	
Forward foreign exchange contracts:							
EUR (sell)	7,000	EUR	2020.01 ~2020.02	4,500	EUR	2019.01 ~2019.02	
BRL (sell)	12,001	BRL	2020.01 ~2020.02	13,711	BRL	2019.01	
USD (buy)	-	-	-	4,000	USD	2019.01 ~2019.02	
AUD (sell)	2,500	AUD	2020.01 ~2020.02	800	AUD	2019.03	
KRW (sell)	2,322,550	KRW	2020.01 ~2020.02	2,249,400	KRW	2019.01 ~2019.02	
JPY (sell)	110,000	JPY	2020.04 ~2020.05	570,000	JPY	2019.01 ~2019.04	
CAD (sell)	2,200	CAD	2020.01 ~2020.02	800	CAD	2019.01	
CNH (sell)	14,193	CNH	2020.01	-	-	-	
Exchngeable corporate bonds embeded derivative:							
NTD	299,600	NTD	2020.06	390,800	NTD	2020.06	

# (c) Notes and accounts receivable and other receivables

	Dec	cember 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Notes receivable for operating activities	\$	8,802	29,541
Accounts receivable for operating activities		3,773,354	4,500,167
Other receivables		61,806	91,417
		3,843,962	4,621,125
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts		(197,721)	(251,129)
	\$	3,646,241	4,369,996

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Consolidated Company applies the simplified approach to provide for its expected credit losses, i.e. the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all notes and accounts receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due, as well as incorporated forward looking information. The loss allowance provision as of 2019 and 2018 was determined as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2019</b>			
G	ross carrying amount	Weighted- average loss rate	Loss allowance provision	
Current \$	3,028,837	0.95%	28,825	
90 days or less past due	613,971	0.49%	2,994	
91 to 180 days past due	20,956	5.46%	1,143	
181 to 270 days past due	3,145	43.05%	1,354	
271 to 360 days past due	255	83.80%	214	
More than 360 days past due	176,798	92.30%	163,191	
<b>\$</b> =	3,843,962		<u>197,721</u>	

	Gr	Do oss carrying amount	ecember 31, 2019 Weighted- average loss rate	Loss allowance provision
Current	\$	3,369,330	0.97%	32,568
90 days or less past due		970,121	0.67%	6,519
91 to 180 days past due		46,667	51.92%	24,230
181 to 270 days past due		27,604	82.81%	22,860
271 to 360 days past due		60,571	58.11%	35,196
More than 360 days past due		146,832	88.37%	129,756
	\$	4,621,125		251,129

The movement in the allowance for notes and accounts receivable and other receivables were as follows:

	2019	2018
Balance at January 1, 2019 and 2018	\$ 251,129	219,555
Impairment loss recognized	-	28,968
Expected credit loss reversed	(43,603)	-
Amounts written off	(16,003)	(802)
Others	 6,198	3,408
Balance at December 31, 2019 and 2018	\$ 197,721	251,129

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (d) Finance lease payment receivable

The Consolidated Company leased out its office building and warehouse. It classified the sublease as a finance lease because the sub-lease is for the whole of the remaining term of the head lease.

A maturity analysis of lease payments, which reflects the undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date, is as follows:

	Dece	ember 31, 2019
Less than one year (Total lease payments receivable)	\$	30,595

(e) Inventories

December 31, December 31, 2019 2018

\$ 2,836,939 3,111,559

Finished goods

The operating cost comprises of cost of goods sold, write-down loss (reversal gain) of inventories to net realizable value, warranty costs and other loss (gain). For the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the cost of goods delivered were \$12,198,070 thousand and \$13,324,047 thousand, respectively. Write-down of inventories to net realizable value is recorded as cost of goods sold and decreased by \$89,649 thousand and \$47,505 thousand in 2019 and 2018, respectively. In 2019 and 2018, the warranty expenses, inventory losses from obsolescence and others amounted to \$148,095 thousand and \$504,673 thousand, respectively.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, no inventories were pledged as collateral.

# (f) Investments accounted for using equity methods

Investments accounted for using equity methods were as follows:

	De	cember 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Associates	\$	2,029,686	2,208,160

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

# (i) Associates

		Principal place of business/	Ownership interest/ Voting rights held		
Name of Associate	Name of relationship with the Consolidated Company	Registered Country	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	
Alpha Networks, Inc.(Alpha)	The major business are research, developments, design, manufacturing and selling broadband products, wireless products, computer networks system equipment and its components.	Taiwan	20.43 %	21.47 %	

# 1) The financial information of Alpha was summarized as follows:

	Do	ecember 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Current assets	\$	19,148,501	12,517,041
Non-current assets		5,851,867	2,433,592
Current liabilities		9,584,608	4,194,712
Non-current liabilities	_	1,368,466	362,170
Net assets	\$	14,047,294	10,393,751
Net assets attributable to investee's shareholders	\$	14,047,294	10,393,751
		2019	2018
Operating revenue	\$	15,825,808	15,608,222
Net income (loss)	\$	238,903	(88,009)
Other comprehensive loss	_	(122,759)	(76,053)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	116,144	(164,062)
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to investee's shareholders	<b>\$</b>	116,144	(164,062)

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

		2019	2018
The Consolidated Company's share in associate's net assets at beginning of year	\$	2,230,426	2,301,212
Comprehensive income attributable to the Consolidated Company		37,247	(100,955)
Changes in equity of associates using equity method		(6,361)	164,440
Dividends received during the year		(116,762)	(116,718)
Less: exchange of exchangeable bond and sell of shares	_	(120,107)	(17,553)
The Consolidated Company's share in associate's net assets at end of year		2,024,443	2,230,426
Less: unrealized gains or losses		(111,337)	(138,846)
Add: goodwill		116,580	116,580
Carrying amounts of investments accounted for using equity method	<b>\$</b>	2,029,686	2,208,160
	De	cember 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Carrying amounts of interests of immaterial associates	\$		
		2019	2018
Attributable to the Consolidated Company			
Loss from continuing operations	\$	-	(1,191)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		-	1,239
	<b>\$</b>		48

2) The market value of public listed or OTC investees of the Consolidated Company accounted for using equity method were as follows:

	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Alpha	\$ <u>2,610,572</u>	1,931,683

# (ii) Pledges

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, no investment accounted for using equity methods is pledged as collateral.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- (iii) Bothhand Enterprise Inc.(Bothhand) the Consolidated Company's investee company accounted for using equity method, has announced its intention to become a 100% subsidiary of Kaimei via share conversion in June, 2018. The reference date of the share exchange was November 29, 2018. The share conversion case was passed by the shareholders' meeting in August, 2018. After the conversion, the Consolidated Company lost its significant influence on Kaimei and transferred the investment company from investment accounted for using equity method to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, and recognized disposal profit amounted to \$2,797 thousand.
- (iv) The Consolidated Company has disposed its affiliated companies accounted for using equity method Bothhand and Vxis Technology Corp., the disposition price is amounted to \$157,352 thousand and \$16,149 thousand, respectively, and has separately recognized disposal profit of \$99,278 thousand and loss of \$9,174 thousand, respectively. The Consolidated Company was dissenting shareholder of Bothhand and requested Bothhand to buy back shares, based on Business Mergers and Acquisition Act. The purchase price was applied to the court for a ruling. The Consolidated Company had deposited the shares, which cannot be withdrawn according to Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act. Accordingly, the Consolidated Company complied with the derecongition rule, and the recognized disposal profit amounted to \$99,278 thousand. The purchase price was decided judicially by the court in January 2020 and the Consolidated Company did not make any further appeal to the court.
- (g) Subsidiaries have material non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests of subsidiary that are material to the Consolidated Company were as follows:

	Principal place	Ownership interests held by NCI		
Name of subsidiary	of business/ Registered country	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	
D-Link India	India	48.98 %	48.98 %	

The following summarizes the financial information for D-Link India prepared in accordance with the IFRS (modified for the fair value adjustments on acquisition) and the differences in the Consolidated Company's accounting policies. The information incurred prior to the inter-company eliminations with other companies in the Consolidated Company.

The financial information of D-Link India was summarized as follows:

	De	cember 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Current assets	\$	1,361,790	1,293,612
Non-current assets		577,480	589,714
Current liabilities		642,433	667,986
Non-current liabilities		19,872	2,850
Net assets	\$	1,276,965	1,212,490
Net assets attributable to non-controlling interests	\$	452,625	417,445

(Continued)

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

		2019	2018
Operating revenues	\$	3,283,520	3,070,681
Net income	\$	135,945	79,786
Other comprehensive income		(41,196)	(47,687)
Total comprehensive income	\$	94,749	32,099
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	\$	66,586	39,079
Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	<b>s</b>	46,408	15,722
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities	\$	43,252	(18,760)
Cash flows used in investing activities		(1,412)	(17)
Cash flows from financing activities		409	49,428
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$	42,249	30,651
Cash dividends paid to non-controlling	\$	11,228	3,983

## (h) Property, plant and equipment

2019

Balance as of January 1, 2019		Increase	Decrease	Others	Balance as of December 31, 2019	
\$	546,510	-	-	1,495	548,005	
	911,827	411	-	8,698	920,936	
_	1,344,056	71,945	(18,587)	(11,095)	1,386,319	
_	2,802,393	72,356	(18,587)	(902)	2,855,260	
	507,101	21,241	-	(422)	527,920	
_	1,193,735	79,868	(16,033)	(11,984)	1,245,586	
_	1,700,836	101,109	(16,033)	(12,406)	1,773,506	
<b>\$</b>	1,101,557	(28,753)	(2,554)	11,504	1,081,754	
	Jan \$	\$ 546,510 911,827 1,344,056 2,802,393 507,101 1,193,735 1,700,836	\$ 546,510 - 911,827 411 1,344,056 71,945 2,802,393 72,356  507,101 21,241 1,193,735 79,868 1,700,836 101,109	January 1, 2019     Increase     Decrease       \$ 546,510     -     -       911,827     411     -       1,344,056     71,945     (18,587)       2,802,393     72,356     (18,587)       507,101     21,241     -       1,193,735     79,868     (16,033)       1,700,836     101,109     (16,033)	January 1, 2019         Increase         Decrease         Others           \$ 546,510         -         -         1,495           911,827         411         -         8,698           1,344,056         71,945         (18,587)         (11,095)           2,802,393         72,356         (18,587)         (902)           507,101         21,241         -         (422)           1,193,735         79,868         (16,033)         (11,984)           1,700,836         101,109         (16,033)         (12,406)	

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

2018

		alance as of anuary 1, 2018	Increase	Decrease	Reclassification	Others	Balance as of December 31, 2018
Cost:							
Land	\$	575,828	-	(27,477)	688	(2,529)	546,510
Buildings		953,999	1,597	(16,963)	383	(27,189)	911,827
Others		1,429,033	60,552	(143,335)	2,538	(4,732)	1,344,056
Equipment to be inspected and construction in							
process	_	2,470	1,313		(3,609)	(174)	
	_	2,961,330	63,462	(187,775)		(34,624)	2,802,393
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings		495,889	21,773	(8,336)	-	(2,225)	507,101
Others	_	1,245,209	91,771	(139,200)		(4,045)	1,193,735
	_	1,741,098	113,544	(147,536)		(6,270)	1,700,836
Accumulated impairment:							
Buildings	_	8,000	<u> </u>	(8,000)			
	\$_	1,212,232	(50,082)	(32,239)		(28,354)	1,101,557

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, no property, plant and equipment were pledged as collateral.

### (i) Right-of-use assets

The Consolidated Company leases buildings, office equipment and transportation equipment. Information about leases is presented below:

		Buildings	Office equipment	Transportation equipment	Total
Cost:					
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$	-	-	-	-
Effects of retrospective application	_	607,648	5,869	40,267	653,784
Balance as of 2019 after adjustments		607,648	5,869	40,267	653,784
Increase		75,350	548	14,939	90,837
Decrease		(9,071)	-	(3,905)	(12,976)
Others	_	(18,307)	(211)	(1,965)	(20,483)
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$_	655,620	6,206	49,336	711,162
Accumulated Depreciation:	-				
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$	-	-	-	-
Effects of retrospective application	_				
Balance as of 2019 after adjustments		-	-	-	-
Increase		148,012	2,485	19,682	170,179
Decrease		(4,966)	-	(3,905)	(8,871)
Others	_	(3,763)	(64)	(396)	(4,223)
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	139,283	2,421	15,381	157,085
Carrying amount:	-				
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$_	516,337	3,785	33,955	554,077

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Consolidated Company leases offices and warehouses under an operating lease, please refer to note 6(q).

## (j) Investment property

			2019		
	lance at nuary 1, 2019	Increase	Decrease	Transfer	Balance at December 31, 2019
Cost:					
Land	\$ 30,000	-	-	-	30,000
Buildings	 22,196				22,196
	 52,196				52,196
Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings	11,131	396	_		11,527
Accumulated	 11,131				
impairment:					
Buildings	 1,000	<u> </u>	-		1,000
	\$ 40,065	(396)			39,669
			2018		
	lance at nuary 1, 2018	Increase	Decrease	Transfer	Balance at December 31, 2018
Cost:					
Land	\$ 30,000	-	-	-	30,000
Buildings	 22,196				22,196
	 52,196				52,196
Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings	 10,734	397			11,131
Accumulated impairment:					
Buildings	 1,000	<u> </u>			1,000
	\$ 40,462	(397)			40,065
			Dec	eember 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Book value			\$	39,669	40,065
Fair value			\$	46,993	51,555

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Investment properties are commercial real estate that are leased to third parties. The lease contract includes an initial non-cancellable period of 3 years. Subsequent renewals are negotiated with the lessee and no contingent rents are charged. For further information of rental income, please refer to note 6(x). Besides, direct operating expenses related to investment property were \$306 thousand and \$310 thousand in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the fair value of investment property was evaluated based on the comparable deal information with similar location and category or appraisal report.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, no investment property was pledged as collateral.

### (k) Intangible assets

	Balance as of January 1, 2019		Increase	Decrease	Transfer	Amortization	Others	Balance as of December 31, 2019
Goodwill	\$	311,776	-	-	-	-	(3,299)	308,477
Trademark		147,239	-	-	-	-	(3,004)	144,235
Patents		23,103	-	-	-	(2,692)	-	20,411
Computer software costs		88,623	16,079	-	-	(32,035)	-	72,667
Other intangible assets	_	51,529	10,850			(21,358)	(503)	40,518
	<b>\$</b> _	622,270	26,929			(56,085)	(6,806)	586,308
					2018			

	Balance as of January 1, 2018		Increase	Decrease	Transfer	Amortization	Others	of December 31, 2018
Goodwill	\$	313,698	-	-	-	-	(1,922)	311,776
Trademark		142,999	-	-	-	-	4,240	147,239
Patents		25,794	-	-	-	(2,691)	-	23,103
Computer software costs		104,273	18,065	-	(2,821)	(30,894)	-	88,623
Other intangible assets	_	16,345	44,503		2,821	(11,699)	(441)	51,529
	<b>\$</b> _	603,109	62,568			(45,284)	1,877	622,270

### (l) Long-term and short-term loans

The details requirements and terms of the long-term and short-term loans of the Consolidated Company were as follows:

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### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### (i) Short-term Loans

	Currency	Interest rate	Maturity year	D	ecember 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Unsecured bank loans	TWD	0.95~1.01	2019	<b>\$</b>		950,000
Unused credit facilities				\$	4,326,671	3,477,986

### (ii) Long-term Loans

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Consolidated Company did not have long-term loans. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the unused credit facilities amounted to \$500,000 thousand.

### (m) Lease liabilities

The amounts of lease liabilities for the Consolidated Company were as follows:

	December 31, 2019			
Current	\$	162,888		
Non-current	\$	441,586		
The amounts recognized in profit or loss were as follows:				
		2019		
Interests on lease liabilities	\$	21,402		
Expenses relating to short-term leases	\$	67,013		

The amounts recognized in the statement of cash flows for the Consolidated Company was as follows:

Total cash outflow for leases \$\frac{2019}{268,426}\$

### (i) Real estate leases

As of December 31, 2019, the Consolidated Company leases buildings for its office space. The leases of office space typically run for 1 to 10 years. Some leases include an option to renew the lease for an additional period of the same duration after the end of the contract term.

### (ii) Other leases

The Consolidated Company also leases office equipment with contract terms of one to three years. In some cases, the Consolidated Company has options to purchase the assets at the end of the contract term; in other cases, the Consolidated Company guarantees the residual value of the leased assets at the end of the contract term. Parts of these leases are short-term or leases of low-value items and the Consolidated Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (n) Provisions — current

					2019			
		alance at anuary 1, 2019	Reclassification	Increase	Used	Reversed	Effect of exchange	Balance at December 31, 2019
Warranties	\$	144,619	-	11,202	(30,561)	-	(2,604)	122,656
Legal proceedings and royalties	\$_	59,929 <b>204,548</b>	33,169 33,169	11,202	(5,841) (36,402)	<u>-</u>	(2,178) (4,782)	85,079 <b>207,735</b>
					2018			
	Balance at January 1, 2018		Reclassification	Increase	Used	Reversed	Effect of exchange	Balance at December 31, 2018
Warranties	\$	159,040	-	18,296	(19,232)	(11,490)	(1,995)	144,619
Sales return and allowances		66,501	(66,501)	-	-	-	-	-
Legal proceedings and royalties	_	58,204					1,725	59,929
	\$	283,745	(66,501)	18,296	(19,232)	(11,490)	(270)	204,548

### (o) Refund liabilities

	December 31,	December 31,
	2019	2018
Refund liabilities	\$ <u>585,189</u>	607,595

Due to the application of IFRS 15, the provision of sale return and allowance were reclassified from provision, allowance of accounts receivables and other payable to refund liabilities.

## (p) Bonds payable

Exchangeable corporate bonds

	De	cember 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Exchangeable bonds	\$	1,200,000	1,200,000
Less: Discount and unamortized issuance cost		1,403	(4,781)
Accumulated exchanged bonds		(900,400)	(809,200)
Balance of exchangeable bonds	\$	301,003	386,019
Embedded derivatives:			
Conversion options, included in financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	\$	65,380	19,316

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	2019	2018
Embedded derivative-loss (gains) measured at fair value,		
included in other gains and losses	\$ 65,527	(50,765)
Interest expense	\$ 6,062	6,534

The issue terms for the unsecured exchangeable bonds were as follows:

#### (i) Total issuance amount:

Total principal amount of the bonds is \$1.2 billion dollars. The par value of the bonds is one hundred thousand dollars, and they are issued at 100% of the par value. The total number of exchangeable bonds issued were 12 thousand units. As of December 31, 2019, the bondholders have already exchanged 9,004 units.

#### (ii) Duration:

June 17, 2015 to June 17, 2020.

(iii) Coupon rate for the bonds is zero.

#### (iv) Payment term

Except for the share exchange with Alpha's common shares by the bondholders based on article 10, or the put option exercised by the bondholders based on article 18, or the early redemption done by the Company based on article 17, or the buy back from the security company and retired by the Company, the Company will repay the principal and interest payable refund (with interest payable refund of 1.26% of the par value, and yield rate of 0.25%) upon maturity.

### (v) Exchange period:

The exchangeable bonds may be exchanged into common shares of Alpha on or after July 18, 2015, and prior to June 17, 2020. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the bondholders exchanged 912 units amounted to \$91,200 thousand for 4,711 thousand of Alpha's common shares at \$19.36 per share and the Company recognized the profit amounted to 24,171 thousand. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the bondholders exchanged 195 units amounted to \$19,500 thousand for 912 thousand of Alpha's common shares at \$21.37 per share and the Company recognized the profit amounted to \$4,554 thousand.

### (vi) Exchange price:

The exchange price is calculated by using the simple average closing price of the Company's common shares based on either one, three or five consecutive business days before the effective date of June 9, 2015, multiplied by 105.26%. The exchange price is calculated based on the closing price (after considering the effect of ex rights or ex dividend) of Alpha's shares. The exchange price on issuance date was \$22. Since September 5, 2017, the conversion price was adjusted from \$22.31 to \$21.37. Since July 29, 2018 the conversion price was adjusted from \$21.37 to \$20.38. Since July 28, 2019 the conversion price was adjusted from \$20.38 to \$19.36.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (vii) Early redemption option:

From July 18, 2015 (1 month after the issuance date) to May 8, 2020 (forty days before the maturity date), if (i) the closing price of Alpha's common shares on the TSE for a period of 30 consecutive trading days before redemption has reached at least 30% of the exchange price in effect on each such trading day, or wherein, (ii) at least 90% of the principal amount of the bonds originally outstanding has been redeemed, repurchased or exchanged, the Company may redeem all bonds for cash at face value.

### (viii) Put options:

Bondholders may exercise the put option and request the Company to redeem the bonds at 100% of the par value, plus, interest payable refund two years after the issuance with a redemption date of June 17, 2017. The Company will send a "Bondholder's Notice of Exercise of the Right to Sell" to the bondholders by registered mail 30 days before the selling back date, and instructs the counter trading center to announce that the holders of the exchange bauds have sold back. Exercising the right, the bondholder may notify the stock agency of the Company in writing within 30 days after the movement, request the Company to add the interest declutched by the denomination of the bond, and redeem the exchange bonds held by it in cash. Upon request, the Company shall redeem the bonds for cash within five trading days after the redemption date. The maturity of request that the Company redeem the bonds have been already reached. There are no Bondholder to exercise the put option till the redemption date of June 17, 2017.

### (q) Operating leases

### (i) Leases – Lessee

Non-cancellable operating lease rentals were payable as follows:

	De	cember 31, 2018
Within one year	\$	206,255
One to five years		375,837
Over five years		176,257
	\$	758,349

The operating leases recognized in profit or loss in 2018 amounting to \$228,777 thousand.

### (ii) Leases – Lessor

	<b>December 31, 2019</b>	
Within one year	\$	353

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For information on investment property leased under operating leases, please refer to note 6(j).

Rental income general from investment property in 2019 and 2018 were amounted to \$1,812 thousand and \$1,929 thousand, respectively.

### (r) Employee benefits

(i) The reconciliation of the present value of the defined benefit obligations and fair value of plan assets were as follows:

	Dec	ember 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Present value of benefit obligations	\$	104,051	118,396
Fair value of plan assets		(87,839)	(96,088)
Deficit in the plan	\$	16,212	22,308

Based on the Company's pension plan, each employee earns two months of salary for the first fifteen years of service, and one month of salary for each year of service thereafter. The maximum retirement benefit is forty-five months of salary. Payments of retirement benefits are based on the years of service and the average salaries for six months before the employee's retirement.

### 1) Composition of plan

The Company's allocates 2% of each employee's monthly wage to the labor pension personal account at Bank of Taiwan in accordance with the provisions of Labor Pension Act, whereby, the labor pension personal account will make pension payment in advance.

The Company's Bank of Taiwan labor pension reserve account balance amounted to \$87,873 thousand at the date of reporting date. For information on the utilization of the labor pension fund assets, including the asset allocation and yield of the fund, please refer to the website of the Labor Pension Fund Supervisory Committee.

2) Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligations in 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

		2019	2018
Defined benefit obligation at January 1	\$	118,396	115,408
Current service costs and interests		2,641	2,912
Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liabilities			
<ul> <li>Actuarial losses from changes in the financial assumptions</li> </ul>		3,659	4,136
<ul> <li>Actuarial (gains) losses from changes in experience adjustments</li> </ul>		(5,684)	2,013
Benefits paid by the plan	_	(14,961)	(6,073)
Defined benefit obligation at December 31	<b>\$_</b>	104,051	118,396

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### 3) Movements in the fair value of the plan assets

The movements in the present value of the plan assets in 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	2019	2018
Fair value of plan assets at January 1	\$ 96,088	95,081
Interest income	1,341	1,562
Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liabilities		
<ul> <li>Actuarial return on plan assets (excluding interests)</li> </ul>	3,045	2,398
Contributions made	2,326	3,120
Benefits paid by the plan	 (14,961)	(6,073)
Fair value of plan assets at December 31	\$ 87,839	96,088

### 4) Expenses recognized in profit or loss

The Company's expenses recognized in profit or loss for 2019 and 2018 were as follow:

		2019	2018
Current service costs	\$	1,014	1,037
Net interest on the net defined benefit obligation	_	286	313
	\$	1,300	1,350
		2019	2018
Operating costs	\$	20	21
Selling expenses		669	603
Administrative expenses		260	409
Research and development expenses		351	317
	<b>\$</b>	1,300	1,350

# 5) Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liabilities recognized in other comprehensive income

The Company's remeasurements of the net defined benefit liabilities recognized in other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018were as follows:

		2019	2018
Balance on January 1	\$	56,934	53,183
Recognized	_	(5,070)	3,751
Balance on December 31	<b>\$</b> _	51,864	56,934

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### 6) Actuarial assumptions

The following were the actuarial assumptions at the year end reporting date:

	2019.12.31	2018.12.31
Discount rate	1.125 %	1.375 %
Future salary increases	3.000 %	3.000 %

The Company shall pay the expected contributions of \$1,891 thousand to the plan for the next annual reporting period.

The weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation is 16.32 years and 16.38 years in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

### 7) Sensitivity analysis

The impact on present value due to the changes in the actuarial assumptions in 2019 and 2018 was as follows:

	Effective of defined benefit liabilities			
	Increase		Decrease	
December 31, 2019				
Discount rate (0.25% change)	\$	(3,659)	3,822	
Future salary increase (0.25% change)		3,684	(3,549)	
December 31, 2018				
Discount rate (0.25% change)		(4,136)	4,314	
Future salary increase (0.25% change)		4,170	(4,031)	

The analysis of the impact of sensitivity is based on the situation that other assumptions remain constant. In actual situation, many changes in assumption might be linked. The way the Company used to calculate sensitively analysis is as same as the one used in calculating the net pension obligation.

The assumptions used to prepare sensitively analysis in this period are the same as the previous financial statements.

### (ii) Defined contribution plans

The Company set aside 6% of the contribution rate of the employee's monthly wages to the labor pension personal account of the Bureau of the Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act. The Company set aside a fixed amount to the Bureau of the Labor Insurance without the payment of additional legal or constructive obligations.

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The amount of the Company's pension expenses under defined contribution pension plan in 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

		2019	2018
Operating costs	\$	8,220	9,086
Operating expenses	<u> </u>	124,844	132,584

### (s) Income Taxes

Income tax expenses for the years ended 2019 and 2018 were summarized as follows:

		2019	2018
Current income tax expense	\$	86,224	120,382
Deferred tax expense			
Temporary differences occurred and reversal		65,964	31,562
Income tax expenses	<b>\$</b>	152,188	151,944

The amount of income tax expense (profit) recognized in other comprehensive income was as follows:

	2019	2018
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign		
operations	\$ <u>(4,016</u> )	16,892

Reconciliation of income tax expense and profit before tax was as follows:

Profit (loss) before income tax	\$ <b>2019</b> (289,553)	<b>2018</b> 297,397
Income tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	(57,910)	59,479
Effect of tax rate changes	25,430	(56,539)
Share of profit of associates accounted for using equity method	202,049	-
Non-taxable income	(13,162)	(31,313)
Effect of income taxes movement	-	(18,060)
Unrecognized changes of temporary differences	(86,127)	158,547
Income tax adjustments on prior years and others	 81,908	39,830
	\$ 152,188	151,944

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

### (i) Unrecognized deferred income tax assets

The unrecognized deferred income tax assets were as follows:

	December 31, 2019		December 31, 2018	
Deductible temporary differences				
Unrealized expenses	\$	137,816	179,724	
Provisions for warranty		13,157	13,358	
Unrealized impairment		24,318	24,318	
Write-down of inventories to net realizable value		73,952	53,199	
Others		54,976	63,659	
		304,219	334,258	
Operating loss carry forward		1,027,689	1,072,623	
	\$	1,331,908	1,406,881	

### (ii) Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities

The movements in the amount of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the years 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

		tra-group nsactions	Foreign currency translation reserve	Unrealized expenses	Write down of inventory	Bad debts	Loss carry forward	Others	Total
Deferred income tax assets:									
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$	100,477	205,676	50,520	38,034	1,893	50,412	86,455	533,467
Recognized in income statement		(4,432)	-	(20,638)	(1,711)	425	141,591	(18,471)	96,764
Foreign currency translation reserve	_		4,016						4,016
Balance at December 31, 2019	<b>\$</b>	96,045	209,692	29,882	36,323	2,318	192,003	67,984	634,247
Balance at January 1, 2018	\$	133,544	222,568	54,094	44,732	2,631	55,656	77,718	590,943
Recognized in income statement		(33,067)	-	(3,574)	(6,698)	(738)	(5,244)	8,737	(40,584)
Foreign currency translation reserve	_		(16,892)						(16,892)
Balance at December 31, 2018	<b>s</b> _	100,477	205,676	50,520	38,034	1,893	50,412	86,455	533,467

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	un	vestments der equity method	Others	Total	
Deferred income tax liabilities:					
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$	-	5,968	5,968	
Recognized in profit or loss		143,177	19,551	162,728	
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	143,177	25,519	168,696	
Balance at January 1, 2018	\$	4,618	10,372	14,990	
Recognized in profit or loss		(4,618)	(4,404)	(9,022)	
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$		5,968	5,968	

In accordance with the laws of each registered country, the assessed losses can be used to offset current-year net income. In addition, pursuant to the ROC Income Tax Act, net loss of the Company, YEOCHIA, YEOMAO and YEOTAI as assessed by the tax authorities can be carried forward for ten consecutive years to reduce future taxable income. As of December 31, 2019, the Consolidated Company's unused loss carry forward available to offset future taxable income and the year of expiry were as follows:

Consolidated entity	Year of loss	Year of expiry	Unused amount
The Company	2017	2027	1,750,767
The Company	2019	2029	210,411
YEOCHIA	2014	2024	2,777
YEOTAI	2010	2020	15,071
YEOTAI	2011	2021	2,039
YEOTAI	2014	2024	2,813
YEOTAI	2016	2026	1,330
YEOTAI	2019	2029	5,947
D-Link Europe	2003 and 2015~2016	Unlimited	38,478
D-Link Brazil	2014~2019	Unlimited	1,099,086
D-Link Trade	2015	Unlimited	65,016
D-Link Shiang-Hai	2014~2015 and 2017~2018	2019~2020 and 2022~2023	625,237
D-Link Mexicana	2014~2015 and 2017~2019	2024~2025 and 2027~2029	122,382
D-Link Systems	2017~2018	2037~2038	190,219
D-Link International	2017~2019	Unlimited	1,861,730
D-Link Korea	2011~2019	2021~2029	73,487
			<b>\$</b> 6,066,790

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The income tax returns of the Company, YEOCHIA, YEOTAI and YEOMAO have been examined through 2017.

### (t) Share capital and other equity

#### (i) Common stock

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the authorized capital amounted to \$8,800,000 thousand (including \$750,000 thousand authorized for the issuance of the employee stock options). As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the issued capital amounted to 6,519,961 thousand. The par value of the Company's common stock is \$10 New Taiwan dollars per share. The number of share is 651,996 thousand shares.

### (ii) Capital surplus

The balances of capital surplus were as follows:

	Ι	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Common stock in excess of par value	\$	1,217,030	1,282,230
Treasury stock		39,310	39,310
Changes in equities of associates accounted for using equity	y		
method		76,234	82,132
Expiry of share-based payment transactions		129,459	129,459
Expiry of redeemed options of convertible corporate bonds		81,454	81,454
Changes in equities of the Company's ownership interests			
in subsidiaries	_	55,320	55,320
Total	\$_	1,598,807	1,669,905

According to the ROC Company Act, the capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit, or distribute as cash devidends or stocks devidends by the original ownership percentage if there is no accumulated deficit. Capital surplus included the income was derived from the issuance of new shares at a premium and income from the endowments received by the company. According to the current Securities and Futures Bureau regulations, capitalization of capital surplus cannot exceed a rate of ten percent.

### (iii) Retained earnings

### 1) Legal reserve

In 2018, according to the ROC Company Act, the Company must retain 10% of its annual income as a legal reserve until such retention equals the amount of authorized common stock. In accordance with Ruling No. 10802432410 issued by the Ministry of Economic Affairs on January 9, 2020, the amount of retained earnings allotted to legal reserve shall be calculated based on "net earnings after income taxes, plus any other amount recognized in undistributed retained earnings" since the earnings distribution in 2019. When the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid in capital, the excess may be distributed as dividends in cash or stocks based on the resolution of the shareholders' meeting if there is no accumulated deficit.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

In June 21, 2019, the Company decide to distributed dividend to shareholders with the amount \$65,200 thousand of legal revserve.

#### 2) Special reserve

In accordance with Ruling No. 1010012865 issued by the Financial Supervisory commission on 6 April, 2012, a special reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of shareholders' equity shall be made from the current after-tax net income and the prior unappropriated earnings pursuant to existing regulations promulgated by SFB. The Company shall not distribute the special reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of shareholders' equity from the prior fiscal years made from the prior unappropriated earnings. Any special reserve appropriated may be reversed to the extent that the net debit balance reverses.

### 3) Earning distribution

In accordance with the Company's articles of incorporation, if there are earnings at yearend, 10 percent should be set aside as legal reserve and special earnings reserve or reversal in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act after the payment of income tax and offsetting accumulated losses from prior years. The remaining portion will be combined with earnings from prior years, and the board of directors can propose methods of distribution to be approved by the shareholders' meeting.

The Company has no earnings to distribute in 2018 due to the accumulated deficit. The Company's shareholders meeting resolved to distribute the cash dividends amounted to \$65,200 thousand (\$0.1 per share) of legal reserve and \$65,200 thousand (\$0.1 per share) of capital surplus, on June 21, 2019.

The Company is loss in 2017. There were no distributable earnings. The Company's shareholders meeting resolved appropriation of profit or loss on June 22, 2018.

### 4) Dividend policy

The Company has carried out its Residual Dividend Policy to align with the (i) whole market (ii) industrial growth characteristics (iii) long term financial plan (iv) talent acquisition, and (v) pursuing business development. After deducting the balance from the items mentioned above, the Board of Directors shall adopt a proposal for the residual balance and the previous year's earnings to be submitted for approval during the shareholders' meeting. The total amount of dividends to be distributed to the shareholders shall be no less than 30% of the distributable earnings for the current year. According to the budget plan for its capital, the Company shall distribute stock dividends to retain the required funds; and any remainder, which should not be less than 10% of the total dividends, can be distributed by cash.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (iv) Treasury stock

Under Article 28-2 of the Securities and Exchange Act, the Company's board of directors passed a resolution to buy back its shares from the open market and to transfer the shares to its employees. The relevant information as below:

Board of directors resolution date	Buy back shares (in thousand)	Amount	Capital reduction baseline date	Treasury stock retired shares (in thousand)	Transfer date	Treasury stock transfer to employees
October 30, 2012	10,000 \$	173,037	March 24, 2016	10,000	-	-
January 14, 2013	15,000	277,433	March 24, 2016	15,000	-	-
August 13, 2015	19,192	186,425	-	-	September 21, 2016	-
August 13, 2015	19,192	186,425	-	-	September 19, 2017	-
August 13, 2015	19,192	186,425	-	-	September 17, 2018	-

The board of directors meeting on August 8, 2016 resolved to transfer 1,844 thousand, 8,127 thousand and 9,221 thousand of the treasury stocks, bought in 2015, to its employees, with a subscription price NT\$9.72 per share, amounting to \$17,924 thousand, \$78,994 thousand and \$89,628 thousand, respectively. And in 2018, the Company recognized the compensation cost amounting to \$7,247 thousand, \$9,996 thousand and \$21,946 thousand, and wrote off treasury stocks \$17,912 thousand, \$78,943 thousand and \$89,570 thousand, and recognized Capital Surplus – treasury shares transaction amounting to \$7,259 thousand, \$10,047 thousand and \$22,004 thousand, respectively.

	20	19		2018		
	Shares (in thousands)		Amount	Shares (in thousands)	Amount	
Beginning balance	-	\$	-	1,844	17,912	
Decreased		_	-	(1,844)	(17,912)	
Ending balance (Beginning balance)		\$_	-	. <u> </u>		

Based on the Securities and Exchange Act, the number of repurchased shares should not exceed 10% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares, and the total purchase amount should not exceed the sum of the retained earnings, additional paid-in capital in excess of par, and paid-in capital.

Shares of treasury stocks that bought back shall be transferred to employees in 3 years since the repurchase date or they shall be otherwise retired as if the Company has never issued. The Company excluded special reserve and appropriated earnings agreed by the board of directors before the approval of repurchase treasury stock to calculate the ceiling of the repurchase based on the September 30, 2019 Independent Auditors' Report. The ceiling on total number of shares of the repurchase is 65,199 thousand shares and the ceiling on total monetary amount of the repurchase is \$2,961,614 thousand.

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

In addition, the Company should not pledge its treasury shares nor exercise voting rights before transferring to employees.

## (v) Other equity

(vi)

		Foreign excha differences aris from foreign operations	sing throug	losses) nancial easured value h other hensive	Others
Balance at January 1, 201	9	\$ (1,151)	,611)	(147,771)	(15,138)
The Consolidated Compa	ny	(62	,610)	(11,305)	-
Associates		(22	,480)	5,884	11,654
The Consolidated Compar	ny-disposal			(11,910)	
Balance at December 31,	2019	\$(1,236	<u>,701</u> )	(165,102)	(3,484)
	Foreign exchange differences arising from foreign operations	Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Unrealized gains (losses) on available- for-sale financial assets	Gains (losses) on effective portion of cash flow hedge	Others
Balance at January 1, 2018	\$ (1,102,381)	-	152,864	1,109	(44,400)
Effects of retrospective application:	<u> </u>	(73,190)	(152,864)	<u> </u>	
Balance at January 1, 2018 after adjustments	(1,102,381)	(73,190)	-	1,109	(44,400)
The Consolidated Company	(35,714)	1,042	-	(1,109)	-
Associates	(13,516)	(67,776)	-	-	29,262
The Consolidated Company-disposal		(7,847)			
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ <u>(1,151,611)</u>	(147,771)			(15,138)
Non-controlling interes	ts				
			2	2019	2018
Balance at the beginning			\$	417,445	405,706
Net income attributable	e to non-contro	lling interest:			
Net income		66,586	39,079		
Exchange differences	on translation	of foreign ope	rations	(20,178)	(23,357)
Cash dividends distrib	outed by subsic	diaries		(11,228)	(3,983)
Balance at the end of the	ne period	\$	452,625	417,445	

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### (u) Earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share of the Consolidated Company were as follows:

#### Basic earnings per share (i)

		2019	2018
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the parent	\$	(508,327)	106,374
Ordinary shares outstanding at 1 January	\$	651,996	650,152
Weighted-average number of shares of treasury stock			528
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding 31 December	at	651,996	650,680
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$	(0.78)	0.16
Diluted earnings per share			

### (ii)

		2019	2018
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the parent	\$	(508,327)	106,374
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding	\$	651,996	650,680
Employees' bonuses have not yet been resolved by the shareholders' meeting		44 _	99
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted) at December 31	_	652,040	650,779
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$	(0.78)	0.16

For calculation of the dilutive effect of the stock option, the average market value is assessed based on the quoted market price where the Company's option is outstanding.

### Revenue from contracts with customers

#### (i) Consolidate Company revenue from contract revenue

Major product / service lines		2019	2018
Network communication products	\$	16,847,803	19,257,469
Services	_	148,245	125,734
	<b>\$_</b>	16,996,048	<u>19,383,203</u>
Primary geographical markets		2019	2018
Primary geographical markets  Europe	\$	<b>2019</b> 3,382,293	<b>2018</b> 5,492,355
_	\$		

(Continued)

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (ii) Contract liabilities

1) The Consolidated Company recognized contract revenue related to contract liabilities:

	Dec	ember 31,	December 31,
		2019	2018
Contract Liabilities — current (sales)	\$	117,443	138,989

2) The Consolidated Company recognized \$90,034 thousand and \$45,147 thousand, respectively, in sales from the beginning balance of contract liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

### (w) Remuneration to employees and directors

The Company's articles of incorporation require that earnings shall first be offset against any deficit, then a minimum of 1% to a maximum of 15% will be distributed as employee remuneration, and a maximum of 1% will be allocated as directors' remuneration. The earnings shall be considered as the annual income before tax and remuneration to employees, directors and supervisors. The resolution for earnings distribution shall be decided by two-third of the voting rights exercised by the directors present at the board of directors' meeting who represent a majority of the directors. Employees who are entitled to receive the above mentioned employee remuneration, in share or cash, include the employees of the subsidiaries of the Company who meet certain specific requirement.

The Company had an annual loss in the year ended December 31, 2019, and thus, the Company was not required to accrue any remuneration to its employees and directors.

For the year ended 2018, the remunerations to employees and directors amounted to \$1,196 thousand and \$1,196 thousand, respectively, and have been paid in cash, based on the resolution made during the Board of Directors' meeting on March 18, 2019, and have been proposed in the shareholder's meeting in 2019.

### (x) Other income and losses

### (i) Other income

	2019	2018
Interest income	\$ 41,921	42,323
Rental income	1,812	1,929
Dividend income	 4,909	1,713
Total	\$ 48,642	45,965

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (ii) Other gains and losses

		2019	2018
	Gain on disposals of investments	\$ 36,016	77,934
	Foreign currency exchange gains (losses)	43,243	(69,802)
	Gain on reversal of impairment	-	8,000
	Valuation gains (losses) from financial assets and liabilities	(82,774)	62,735
	Others	 27,193	(37,039)
		\$ 23,678	41,828
(iii)	Financial costs		
		 2019	2018
	Interest expense	\$ (19,038)	(24,114)
	Lease liability interests	 (21,402)	
	Net financial costs	\$ (40,440)	(24,114)

### (y) Items that were reclassified to other comprehensive income

Details of the reclassification adjustments of other comprehensive income in 2019 and 2018 were summarized as follow:

		2019	2018
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations			
Change in foreign currency exchange from the Consolidated Company	\$	(66,626)	(18,822)
Change in foreign currency exchange from non-controlling interests		(20,178)	(23,357)
Change in exchange differences on translation of foreign operation recognized in other comprehensive income	<b>\$</b>	(86,804)	(42,179)
Share of other comprehensive income accounted for using equity method			
Change in foreign currency exchange from associates	\$	(24,092)	(13,575)
Reclassification adjustments		1,965	7,563
Change in other comprehensive income from associates		11,301	21,757
Share of other comprehensive income from associates	\$	(10,826)	15,745
Gains (losses) on effective portion of cash flow hedge			
Reclassification adjustments			(1,109)
Change from the consolidated Company	<b>\$</b>		(1,109)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### (z) Financial instruments

#### Category of financial instruments (i)

#### 1) Financial Assets

	De	ecember 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,141,284	4,424,864
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss — current		70,549	8,548
Notes receivable, accounts receivable and other accounts receivable (including related parties)		3,646,458	4,370,213
Financial lease payment receivable		30,595	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income — non-current		440,095	482,011
Refundable deposits and other current assets	_	106,815	96,971
	<b>\$</b>	7,435,796	9,382,607
Financial liabilities			

### 2)

	December 31, 2019		December 31, 2018
Short-term loans	\$	-	950,000
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss —current		86,330	28,929
Notes payable, accounts payable and other payables (including related parties)		4,383,925	5,214,554
Bonds payable		301,003	386,019
Guarantee deposits received		69,121	52,578
Lease liability (current and non-current)		604,474	
	\$	5,444,853	6,632,080

#### (ii) Credit risk

Exposure to credit risk:

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum amount exposed to credit risk. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the maximum amount exposed to credit risk amounted to \$7,435,796 thousand, and \$9,382,607 thousand, respectively.

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## (iii) Liquidity risk

The following table shows the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments but excluding the impact of netting agreements.

	В	ook value	Contractual cash flows	Within six months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	Over five years
December 31, 2019								
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Notes payable	\$	577	577	577	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable		1,985,581	1,985,581	1,985,581	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable to		006.565	006.55	006.55				
related parties		926,767	926,767	926,767	-	-	-	-
Other payables		1,471,000	1,471,000	1,471,000	-	-	-	-
Bonds payable Lease liability		301,003 604,474	301,003 658,979	301,003 101,824	77,868	- 118,975	225,808	134,504
Guarantee deposits received		69,121	69,121	69,121	-	110,973	223,808	134,304
Derivative financial liabilities		07,121	07,121	05,121				
Exchangeable corporate bonds embedded								
derivative		65,380	65,380	65,380				
Cross currency swaps								
Outflow		12,802	1,557,422	1,557,422	-	-	-	-
Inflow		-	1,546,745	1,546,745	-	-	-	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts	e							
Outflow		8,148	582,041	582,041	-	-	-	-
Inflow	_		574,257	574,257	-	- 110.055	- 227.000	- 124.504
	\$ <u></u>	5,444,853	9,738,873	9,181,718	77,868	118,975	225,808	134,504
	В	ook value	Contractual cash flows	Within six months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	Over five years
December 31, 2018 Non-derivative financial	В	ook value				1-2 years	2-5 years	
Non-derivative financial liabilities			cash flows	months		1-2 years	2-5 years	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term loans	Be	950,000	951,984	months 951,984	months	1-2 years -	2-5 years	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term loans Notes payable		950,000 395	951,984 395	951,984 395		1-2 years - -	2-5 years - -	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term loans Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable to		950,000 395 2,212,938	951,984 395 2,212,938	951,984 395 2,212,938	months	1-2 years - - -	2-5 years - -	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term loans Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable to related parties		950,000 395 2,212,938 1,308,330	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330	months	- - -	- - -	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term loans Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable to related parties Other payables		950,000 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891	months	1-2 years	2-5 years	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term loans Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable to related parties Other payables Bonds payable		950,000 395 2,212,938 1,308,330	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330		- - -	- - -	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term loans Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable to related parties Other payables		950,000 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891		- - -	- - -	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term loans Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable to related parties Other payables Bonds payable Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial liabilities		950,000 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019		- - -	- - -	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term loans Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable to related parties Other payables Bonds payable Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial liabilities Exchangeable corporate bonds embedded		950,000 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578		- - -	- - -	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term loans Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable to related parties Other payables Bonds payable Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial liabilities Exchangeable corporate bonds embedded derivative		950,000 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019		- - -	- - -	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term loans Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable to related parties Other payables Bonds payable Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial liabilities Exchangeable corporate bonds embedded derivative Cross currency swaps		950,000 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578		- - -	- - -	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term loans Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable to related parties Other payables Bonds payable Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial liabilities Exchangeable corporate bonds embedded derivative Cross currency swaps Outflow		950,000 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578		- - -	- - -	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term loans Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable to related parties Other payables Bonds payable Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial liabilities Exchangeable corporate bonds embedded derivative Cross currency swaps Outflow Inflow	\$	950,000 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578		- - -	- - -	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term loans Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable to related parties Other payables Bonds payable Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial liabilities Exchangeable corporate bonds embedded derivative Cross currency swaps Outflow	\$	950,000 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578		- - -	- - -	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term loans Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable to related parties Other payables Bonds payable Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial liabilities Exchangeable corporate bonds embedded derivative Cross currency swaps Outflow Inflow Forward foreign exchange	\$	950,000 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578		- - -	- - -	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term loans Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable to related parties Other payables Bonds payable Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial liabilities Exchangeable corporate bonds embedded derivative Cross currency swaps Outflow Inflow Forward foreign exchange contracts	\$	950,000 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578 19,316 3,617	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578 19,316 511,987 508,057	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578 19,316 511,987 508,057		- - -	- - -	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term loans Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable to related parties Other payables Bonds payable Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial liabilities Exchangeable corporate bonds embedded derivative Cross currency swaps Outflow Inflow Forward foreign exchange contracts Outflow	\$	950,000 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578 19,316 3,617	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578 19,316 511,987 508,057	951,984 395 2,212,938 1,308,330 1,692,891 386,019 52,578 19,316 511,987 508,057		- - -	- - -	

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Consolidated Company does not expect that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier or at significantly different amount.

### (iv) Currency risk

1) The Consolidated Company's significant exposure to foreign currency risk was as follows:

	Foreign currency	2019 Exchange rate	TWD	Foreign currency	2018 Exchange rate	TWD
Financial assets (note):						
Monetary items:						
CLP	\$ 56,967	0.04	2,303	64,940	0.04	2,873
JPY	741,389	0.28	205,365	1,699,258	0.28	476,302
CAD	14,450	23.18	334,982	15,971	22.53	359,896
USD	188,140	30.11	5,664,128	265,707	30.73	8,165,876
MXN	2,222	1.60	3,545	595	1.56	931
BRL	15,523	7.47	115,942	30,487	7.93	241,809
AUD	4,870	21.11	102,811	5,873	21.66	127,202
		\$	6,429,076			9,374,889
Derivative financial instruments:						
USD	\$ 2,338	30.11	70,398	212	30.73	6,519
JPY	6,253	0.28	1,731	22,081	0.28	6,189
RUB	2,015	0.49	980	-	-	
		\$	73,109			12,708
Financial liabilities (note):						
Monetary items:						
JPY	\$ 1,899,117	0.28	526,055	1,321,428	0.28	370,396
CAD	1,496	23.18	34,685	4,071	22.53	91,749
BRL	22,868	7.47	170,802	23,341	7.93	185,128
USD	140,679	30.11	4,235,274	178,425	30.73	5,483,543
CLP	192,906	0.04	7,799	266,107	0.04	11,771
AUD	1,609	21.11	33,964	1,129	21.66	24,460
MXN	119	1.60	190	178	1.56	278
		\$	5,008,769			6,167,325
Derivative financial instruments:						
EUR	235	33.75	7,941	-	-	-
GBP	13	39.92	538	-	-	-
CAD	24	23.18	545	-	-	-
JPY	601	0.28	167	-	-	-
KRW	12,196	0.03	328	-	-	-
BRL	331	7.47	2,473	-	-	-
USD	72	30.11	2,164	313	30.73	9,613
CNH	1,215	4.32	5,241	-	-	-
AUD	74	21.11	1,553	-	-	
		\$	20,950			9,613

Note: Disclosure in the consolidated financial statements of the financial assets and liabilities in foreign currency is limited to information on subsidiaries directly held by the Company.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Because the Consolidated Company has various functional currencies, the information of the foreign currency exchange gains and losses of the monetary financial assets and liabilities is aggregately disclosed. The total foreign exchange gains and losses, including realized and unrealized, were \$43,243 thousand and losses \$(69,802) thousand for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The Consolidated Company's exposure to foreign currency risk arises from the translation of the foreign currency exchange gains and losses on cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivables, other receivables, loans, accounts payables and other payables that are denominated in foreign currency. A 1.5% of appreciation (depreciation) of each consolidated components currency, other than the functional currency, against the functional currency as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 would have decreased or increased the net loss after tax by \$17,669 thousand and \$38,528 thousand, respectively, assuming all other variables were held constant.

### (v) Interest rate analysis

Please refer to the notes on liquidity risk management and interest rate exposure of the Consolidated Company's financial assets and liabilities.

The following sensitivity analysis is based on the exposure to the interest rate risk of derivative and non derivative financial instruments on the reporting date. Regarding assets with variable interest rates, the analysis is based on the assumption that the amount of assets outstanding at the reporting date was outstanding throughout the year. The rate of change is expressed as the interest rate increases or decreases by 0.5% when reporting to management internally, which also represents the Consolidated Company management's assessment of the reasonably possible interest rate change.

If the interest rate had increased / decreased by 0.5% basis points, the Consolidated Company's net income (loss) would have increased / decreased by \$0 thousand and \$49 thousand for 2019 and 2018, respectively, with all other variable factors remaining constant.

### (vi) Assets and liabilities measured at fair value

1) The information of levels in the fair value hierarchy

The Consolidated Company measures the financial instruments at fair value based on a recurring basis. The level of fair values was as follows:

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	December 31, 2019				
Assets and liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Measured at fair value on recurring basis					
Non-derivative assets and liabilities					
Assets:					
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income \$	440,095	437,535	-	2,560	
Derivative assets and liabilities					
Assets:					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss — current	70,549	-	70,549	-	
Liabilities:					
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss — current	86,330	-	86,330	-	
		December 3	1, 2018		
Assets and liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Measured at fair value on recurring basis					
Non-derivative assets and liabilities					
Assets:					
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income \$	482,011	477,565	-	4,446	
Derivative assets and liabilities					
Assets:					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss—current	8,548	-	8,548	-	
Liabilities:					
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss — current	28,929	-	28,929	-	
2) Valuation to alminus					

### 2) Valuation techniques

The Consolidated Company measures the fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets by a quoted price. The market price of stock exchange is based on the listed equity instruments. For other financial instruments like forward currency option contracts, cross currency swaps and foreign currency option contracts, the Company measures the fair value of its financial assets and liabilities using the observable inputs and the valuation technique from the perspective of market participants.

### 3) Transfer from Level 1 to Level 2

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### 4) Reconciliation of level 3 fair values

	asse valu comp	nancial  its at fair the through other orehensive icome
Balance at January 1,2019	\$	4,446
Recognized in other comprehensive income		(1,886)
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	2,560
Balance at January 1, 2018	\$	6,712
Recognized in other comprehensive income		(2,266)
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	4,446

For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, total gains and losses that were included in unrealized gains and losses from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income were as follows:

	2019	20	)18
Total gains and losses recognized:			
In other comprehensive income, and presented in "unrealized gains and losses from financial			
assets at fair value through other comprehensive			
income"	5 (	(1,886)	(2,266)

5) Quantified information on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) used in fair value measurement

The Consolidated Company's financial instruments that use Level 3 inputs to measure fair value include fair value through other comprehensive income – equity investments.

Quantified information of significant unobservable inputs was as follows:

Item	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive incomeequity investments without an active market	Net Asset Value Method	·Net Asset Value	Not applicable

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (vii) Assets and liabilities not measured at fair value

### 1) Information of fair value

Except for those listed in the table below, the carrying amounts of the Consolidated Company's financial instruments not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable/payable and other receivables/payables.) approximate their fair values.

		<b>December 31, 2019</b>		<b>December 31, 2018</b>		
	В	ook value	Fair value	<b>Book value</b>	Fair value	
Non-financial assets:						
Investment property	<b>\$_</b>	39,669	46,993	40,065	<u>51,555</u>	
	<b>December 31, 2019</b>					
Assets and liabilities		Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Non-financial assets:						
Investment property	\$	46,993	-	-	46,993	
	<b>December 31, 2018</b>					
Assets and liabilities		Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Non-financial assets:						
Investment property	\$	51,555	-	-	51,555	

### 2) Valuation techniques

The assumptions used by the Consolidated Company to determine the fair value are as follows:

- a) The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents and other financial instruments that approximate their fair value due to their short maturities.
- b) The fair value of investment property that is based on the comparable deal information with similar location.

### (aa) Financial risk management

### (i) Overview

The Consolidated Company is exposed to the following risks rising from financial instruments:

- 1) Credit risk
- 2) Liquidity risk
- 3) Market risk

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

This note expressed the information on risk exposure and objectives, policies and process of risk measurement and management of the Consolidated Company. For detailed information, please refer to the related notes of each risk in interim consolidated financial statements.

### (ii) Structure of risk management

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. The Board has given the department directors a task to establish and dominate regulations of risk management to effectively ensure operations of risk management. The personnel change in department directors should be reported to the Board of Directors.

The Consolidated Company use internal control systems, risk management procedures, and regulations of risk management as the basis of various business risk management standards. The Consolidated Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Consolidated Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Consolidated Company's activities. The Consolidated Company, through training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Board of Directors and Audit Committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Consolidated Company's risk management policies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Consolidated Company. The Board of Directors is assisted in its oversight role by Internal Audit. Internal Audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the Board of Directors and Audit Committee.

### (iii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Consolidated Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Consolidated Company's receivables from customers, investment securities and hedge derivatives.

#### 1) Accounts receivable

The credit risk exposure of the Consolidated Company arises from the operations and financial conditions of each customer and the demographics of the Consolidated Company's customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate in. However, the Consolidated Company operates worldwide, and thus, risk is diversified. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, revenue from each foreign customer does not exceed 5% of the Consolidated Company's revenue and therefore, there is no concentration of credit risk.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Consolidated Company has completed in setting the credit risk management policies, and has established Institutional Credit Review Committee and Credit Risk Management Department, which are responsible for managing credit policies and client's credit risk. Based on the global risk management, credit rating and analysis are required to customers on credit in advance and granted credit limits. For customers who made their payments other than cash, regular reviews on credit limits are required to ensure the creditworthiness of customers.

Allowance for bad debt is set based on the lifetime expected credit loss of each customer. In order to mitigate the risk of default, the Consolidated Company has purchased guarantees, with appropriate insured amount for customers in high risk countries. High risks customers without insurance should make their payments in advance or provide sufficient credit guarantees. In addition, when the creditworthiness of customers worsens, they should be placed on a restricted customer list. The credit rating for these customers should be downgraded and the transactions on sales credit should be restricted.

The Consolidated Company has set the allowance for bad debt account to reflect the possible losses on account and other receivables. The allowance for bad debt account consists of specific losses relating to individually significant exposure from customers with financial difficulties or operating conflicts. The allowance for bad debt account is based on expected credit loss and historical collection record of similar financial assets or the possibility of breaching the contracts.

#### 2) Investment on securities and derivative financial instruments

The credit risk exposure bank deposits, fixed income investments and derivative financial instrument are measured and monitored by the Consolidated Company's finance department. As the Consolidated Company will select financial institutions with good credit ratings as its counterparties and diversify its investment in different financial institutions, and do not expect to have any default risks and significant concentration of credit risk.

### 3) Guarantees

Pursuant to the Consolidated Company's policies, it is only permissible to provide financial guarantees to subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Consolidated Company has not provided any guarantees to a third party.

### (iv) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Consolidated Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Consolidated Company's approach to manage liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Consolidated Company's reputation. The Consolidated Company aims to maintain the level of its cash and short term bank facilities at an amount in excess of expected cash flows on financial liabilities over the succeeding 60 days. This excludes the

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters. The Consolidated Company has unused short term bank facilities for \$4,826,671 thousand as of December 31, 2019.

#### (v) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as changes in foreign exchange rates, interest rates or equity prices that affects the Consolidated Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters to minimize the influence on change in market price or control within expectable scope.

The Consolidated Company buys and sells derivatives, and also incurs financial liabilities, in order to manage market risks. All such transactions are carried out within the guidelines of risk management.

## 1) Currency risk

The Consolidated Company is exposed to currency risk on sales, purchases and loans that are denominated in currencies other than its respective functional currencies. The functional currencies of the Consolidated Company are primarily denominated in New Taiwan Dollars (TWD) and US Dollars (USD) and include denominated in Euro (EUR), Chinese Yuan (CNY), Japanese Yen (JPY) and Brazilian Real (BRL) of other countries in which the subsidiaries registered. Purchases are mainly denominated in USD while sales are denominated in USD, EUR, CNY, TWD, British Pounds (GBP), Australian Dollar (AUD), Canadian Dollar (CAD), JPY, South Korean Won (KRW), Russian Ruble (RUB), Indian Rupee (INR), BRL, Mexican Peso (MXN) and other currencies.

At any point in time, the Consolidated Company hedges its currency risk based on its actual and forecast sales over the following six months. The Consolidated Company also uses nature hedges on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and maintained the hedge ratio at 50% and above. The Consolidated Company uses forward exchange contracts and foreign-exchange options, with a maturity of less than one year from the reporting date, to hedge its currency risks.

Generally, the currencies of loans in the Consolidated Company are denominated in its functional currencies and are incorporated in net exposure on loan requirement denominated in foreign currencies as mentioned above to ensure the net exposure is maintained at acceptable level.

Transactions in derivative financial instruments adopt economic hedge to prevent currency risk from financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. The gains and losses of hedged items are expected to offset gains or losses that arise from the fluctuations in exchange rates. The valuation gains and losses on financial assets consist of transactions that do not qualify as hedging accounting.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### 2) Interest rate risk

The Consolidated Company's bank loans are at fixed rate. Therefore, the change in market interest rate will not affect the cash flow of the future interest payment of the Consolidated Company, hence, there is no significant interest rate risk.

### 3) Other price risk

The Consolidated Company holds both money market funds and bond funds, where their prices are affected by changes in mutual funds. The abovementioned mutual funds are widely used as fixed income investments in domestic, with large market scale, stable market prices, and high liquidity. The Consolidated Company is held for the purpose of short-term capital allocation with a period of approximately 3 months. The finance department will monitor the changes in market and dispose the investments, if necessary.

#### (ab) Capital management

The Consolidated Company's fundamental management objective is to maintain a strong capital base. Capital consists of ordinary shares, capital surplus, retained earnings and other equities. The Board of Directors monitors the capital structure regularly and selects the optimal capital structure by considering the capital scale, overall operating environment, operating characteristics of the industry in order to support future development of the business. The current aim for debt-to-equity ratio is set within 100%. As of the reporting date, the debt-to-equity ratio is considered appropriate.

### Debt-to-equity ratio:

	De	December 31, 2018	
Total liabilities	\$	6,784,971	7,989,891
Less: cash and cash equivalents		(3,141,284)	(4,424,864)
Net debt	\$	3,643,687	3,565,027
Total equity	\$	8,926,039	9,616,932
Debt-to-equity ratio		40.82%	37.07%

As of December 31, 2019, the methods of the Consolidated Company's capital management remained unchanged.

#### (ac) Investing and financing activities not affecting current cash flow

Information of non-cash-traded investing and financing activities for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

- (i) Requirement of right-to-use assets through lease agreement, please refer to note 6(m).
- (ii) Exchangeable corporate bonds, please refer to note 6(p).

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (iii) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities were as follows:

				Non	_		
	Ja	nuary 1,	C 1 M	T. 1	Fair value	0.1	December
		2019	Cash flows	<b>Exchange</b>	_changes_	_Others_	31, 2019
Short-term loan	\$	950,000	(950,000)	-	-	-	-
Bonds payable		386,019	-	(91,078)	6,062	-	301,003
Lease liabilities		742,889	(180,013)	-	-	41,598	604,474
Others	_	52,578	16,543				69,121
Total liabilities from							
financing activities	<b>\$</b> _	2,131,486	(1,113,470)	(91,078)	6,062	41,598	974,598
				Non	ı-cash change	es	
					Foreign		
	Ja	nuary 1,			exchange	Fair value	December
		2018	Cash flows	Exchange	movement	changes	31, 2018
Short-term loan	\$	1,250,000	(300,000)	-	-	-	950,000
Bonds payable		398,426	-	(18,941)	-	6,534	386,019
Others	_	71,017	(18,439)				52,578
Total liabilities from							

### (7) Related-party transactions:

### (a) Names and relationship with related parties

The followings are entities that have had transactions with related party during the periods covered in the consolidated financial statement:

Name of related party	Relationship with the Consolidated Company
Alpha Networks, Inc.	An associate
Dongguam Mingrui	An associate
D-Link Asia Investment Pte Ltd.	An associate
Bothhand Enterprise Inc.	An associate (had transfer to Kaimei in November, 2018, not an associate)
Miiicasa Holding	An associate
Cameo Communication, Inc.	A corporate director of individual

### (b) Significant related party transactions

### (i) Sales and service revenue

	2019	2018
Associates	\$ 463	683

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The average credit terms extended to related parties and third-party customers were approximately 30-90 days. However, credit terms to related parties might be further extended when necessary.

### (ii) Purchases

		2019	2018
Associates:			
Alpha	\$	2,227,506	3,136,043
Others		85	622
Other related-parties:			
Cameo	_	1,613,073	1,710,744
	<b>\$</b>	3,840,664	4,847,409

The payment term of related parties was 30-90 days. There were no significant differences in purchasing terms between related parties and third-party suppliers.

### (iii) Accounts receivable due from related parties

Account	Related party categories	mber 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Accounts receivable	Associates – Alpha	\$ 217	217
Other receivables	Associates – Alpha	847	4,452
Other receivables	Associates – Others	4	69
Other receivables	Other related parties - Cameo	 35	
		\$ 1,103	4,738

### (iv) Accounts payable to related parties

Account	Related party categories	De	cember 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Accounts payable	Associates – Alpha	\$	538,164	848,370
Accounts payable	Associates - Others		-	70
Accounts payable	Other related-parties — Cameo		388,603	459,890
Other payables	Associates - Others		11,919	20,404
Other payables	Other related-parties — Cameo		20,011	8,787
		\$	958,697	1,337,521

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (v) Services purchased from related parties

The services purchased from related-parties were as follows:

	2019		2018	
Associates:				
Alpha	\$	15,777	25,916	
Others		472	476	
Other related-parties:				
Cameo		28,118	12,807	
	\$	44,367	39,199	

### (vi) Property transaction

1) Property, plant and equipment acquired

The acquisition of property, plant and equipment from the related parties were as follows:

	2019	2018	
Associates:			
Alpha	\$ 6,261	5,432	
Other related-parties:			
Cameo	 3,330	9,572	
	\$ 9,591	15,004	

2) The Consolidated Company sold its patents which are in the process of application to MiiiCasa Holding for \$20,735 thousand (USD\$700 thousand) in March 2012. The unrealized profits due to the abovementioned transactions amounting to \$0 thousand was recognized under other non-current liabilities; and the realized profits of \$20,735 thousand was recognized under other gains and losses.

The details of the abovementioned transactions were summarized as follows:

Account	Related party categories		2019	2018
Other non-current liabilities	Associates	<b>\$_</b>		2,160
Account	Related party categories		2019	2018
Gains and Losses	Associates	\$	2,160	683

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (vii) Other gains and losses

Account	Related party categories	2019		2018
Other gains and losses	Associates - Bothhand	\$ -		1,483
Other gains and losses	Associates – Alpha	;	800	2,486
Other gains and losses	Other related parties — Cameo	 -		80
		\$ 	<u>800</u>	4,049

### (c) Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel compensation comprised:

	2019	2018
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 38,437	65,341
Post-employee benefits	1,745	1,569
Share-based payments	 	939
	\$ 40,182	67,849

### (8) Pledged assets:

The carrying values of pledged assets were as follows:

Pledged assets	Pledged to secure	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Other current assets and other non-current assets	Rental deposits, performance bond and time deposits	\$ <u>113,864</u>	105,443

### (9) Commitments and contingencies:

- (a) XR Communications, LLC and dba Vivato Technologies filed a lawsuit against the Company's subsidiary, D-Link Systems, in April 2017, alleging that some of the D-Link Systems' products infringed its patents. D-Link Systems has retained its attorneys in the US and is currently building defense with product suppliers. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (b) The Company's subsidiary, D-Link India, had disputes regarding prior year's declaration of tariff settlement with the local tax authorities. The Consolidated Company has assessed and accrued the amount that may be paid.
- (c) The Company's subsidiary, D-Link Brazil, had disputes regarding prior year's declaration tax on industrialized products with the local tax authorities, and had filed administrative litigation and administrative remedy. D-Link Brazil had accrued possible tax, interest and penalty.
- (d) American Patents, LLC filed a lawsuit against the Company in October 2019, alleging that some of the Company' products infringed its patents. The Company has retained its attorneys in the US and is currently building defense with product suppliers. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- (e) BE Labs, Inc. filed a lawsuit against the Company's subsidiary, D-Link Systems, in October 2019, alleging that some of the D-Link Systems' products infringed its patents. D-Link Systems has retained its attorneys in the US and is currently building defense with product suppliers. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (f) Shenzhen Dunjun Technology Co.,Ltd. filed a lawsuit against the Company's subsidiary, D-Link Shiang-Hai, in October 2019, alleging that some of the D-Link Shiang-Hai's products infringed its patents. D-Link Shiang-Hai has retained its attorneys in the China and is currently building defense with product suppliers. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (g) International License Exchange of America, LLC filed a lawsuit against the Company's subsidiary, D-Link Systems, in November 2019, alleging that some of the D-Link Systems' products infringed its patents. D-Link Systems has retained its attorneys in the US and is currently building defense with product suppliers. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (h) Castlemorton Wireless LLC filed a lawsuit against the Company in January 2020, alleging that some of the Company' products infringed its patents. The Company has retained its attorneys in the US and is currently building defense with product suppliers. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (i) Parity Networks LLC filed a lawsuit against the Consolidated Company in February 2020, alleging that some of the Company' products infringed its patents. The Company has retained its attorneys in the US and is currently building defense with product suppliers. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (j) STC.UNM filed a lawsuit against the Company in February 2020, alleging that some of the Company' products infringed its patents. The Company has retained its attorneys in the US and is currently building defense with product suppliers. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (k) The Company is currently under negotiations with a number of companies regarding the royalty on patents. In addition to the abovementioned lawsuits, there are other disputes that are in the negotiation process, and therefore the liabilities are unclear. The Company has accrued the possible expense, and significant losses are unlikely.
- (1) As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Consolidated Company's outstanding stand by letter of credit for purchasing inventories were \$12,894 thousand and \$10,317 thousand, respectively.
- (10) Losses Due to Major Disasters: None.

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (11) Subsequent Events:

Since early 2020, the coronavirus outbreak caused uncertainties in the operating environment of the Consolidated Company's suppliers in China, including the suppliers' production and delivery delays, and affected the Consolidated Company's operation. However, the relevent information is still unclear to have a reasonable estimation for operation and financial situation. The Consolidated Company will constantly monitor the development of the event and assess in time.

### (12) Other:

The information on employee, depreciation, and amortization expenses, by function, was summarized as follows:

		For	ed December	31		
		2019			2018	
By funtion By item	Cost of Goods Sold	Operating Expense	Total	Cost of Goods Sold	Operating Expense	Total
Employee benefits						
Salaries	78,837	2,359,026	2,437,863	82,108	2,372,140	2,454,248
Labor and health insurance	2,637	137,171	139,808	2,425	127,462	129,887
Pension	8,240	126,124	134,364	9,107	133,913	143,020
Others	9,172	266,359	275,531	9,493	271,873	281,366
Depreciation	13,253	258,431	271,684	1,512	112,429	113,941
Amortization	71	56,014	56,085	374	44,910	45,284

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (13) Other disclosures:

(a) Information on significant transactions:

The following is the information on significant transactions required by the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" for the Group:

### (i) Loans to other parties:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

													(11	n I nousands	of New Taiwa	in Dollars)
					Highest balance								Coll	ateral		
Number	Name of lender	Name of borrower	Account name	Related party	of financing to other parties during the period	Ending balance	Actual usage amount during the period	Range of interest rates during the period (%)	Purposes of fund financing for the borrower		Reasons for short-term financing	Allowance for bad debt	Item	Value	Individual funding loan limits (Note)	Maximum limit of fund financing (Note)
1	D-Link	D-Link	Other	Yes	722,544	602,120	602,120	-	2	-	Operating	-	-	-	2,301,493	2,301,493
	International	Corporation	accounts receivable - related parties		,	·	,				capital				, ,	, ,
	D-Link International	D-Link Shiang-Hai	Other accounts receivable - related parties	Yes	43,155	43,155	28,914	4.00	2	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	2,301,493	2,301,493
1	D-Link International	D-Link Brazil	Other accounts receivable - related parties	Yes	60,212	60,212		-	2	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	2,301,493	2,301,493
	D-Link Russia Investment	D-Link International	Other accounts receivable - related parties	Yes	740,608	740,608	737,597	-	2	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	752,553	752,553
	D-Link Japan K.K	D-Link Corporation	Other accounts receivable - related parties	Yes	498,600	498,600	498,600	0.50	2	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	662,330	662,330
		D-Link Corporation	Other accounts receivable - related parties	Yes	337,549	337,549	337,549	1.00	2	-	Operating capital	-		-	1,265,617	1,265,617
5	YEOTAI	YEOMAO	Other accounts receivable - related parties	Yes	20,000	20,000	20,000	0.95	2	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	26,287	26,287

Note 1: Purpose of fund financing for the borrower:

- 1. For those companies with business transaction with the Company, please fill in 1.
- 2. For those companies with short-term financing needs, please fill in 2.
- Note 2: Total amount of loans from D-Link International to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link International.
- Note 3: Total amount of loans from D-Link Russia Investment to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Russia Investment.
- Note 4: Total amount of loans from D-Link Japan K.K. to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Japan K.K..
- Note 5: Total amount of loans from D-Link Europe to the parent Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Europe.
- Note 6: Total amount of loans from YEOTAI to the parent Company and the ultimate parent company's 90% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 40% of the net worth of YEOTAI.
- Note 7: Only disclose funding loan limits that are still valid until end the year of 2019.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (ii) Guarantees and endorsements for other parties:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		Counter	-party of						Ratio of accumulated				
			tee and						amounts of		Parent	Subsidiary	Endorsements/
		endor	sement	Limitation on	Highest	Balance of		Property	guarantees and		company	endorsements/	guarantees to
				amount of	balance for	guarantees		pledged for	endorsements to		endorsements/	guarantees	third parties
					guarantees and	and	Actual usage	guarantees	net worth of the	Maximum		to third parties	on behalf of
			Relationship	endorsements		endorsements	amount	and	latest	amount for	third parties on	on behalf of	companies in
	Name of		with the	for a specific	during	as of	during the	endorsements	financial	guarantees and	behalf of	parent	Mainland
No.	guarantor	Name	Company	enterprise	the period	reporting date	period	(Amount)	statements	endorsements	subsidiary	company	China
0	D-Link	D-Link	2	2,173,320	125,771	125,771	31,078	-	1.48 %	6,519,961	Y		
	Corporation	Europe											
0	D-Link	D-Link	2	2,173,320	75,265	75,265	-	-	0.89 %	6,519,961	Y		Y
	Corporation	Shiang-Hai											
0	D-Link	D-Link	2	2,173,320	15,053	15,053	-	-	0.18 %	6,519,961	Y		
	Corporation	Trade											
0	D-Link	D-Link	2	2,173,320	30,106	-	-	-	- %	6,519,961	Y		
	Corporation	Middle											
		East											

Note 1: The endorsement and guarantee amount for a single company shall not exceed 1/3 of the Company's capital.

Note 2: The endorsement and guarantee total amount shall not exceed the Company's capital.

Note 3: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into following categories:

- 1. Having business relationship.
- 2. The entity directly or indirectly owned more than 50% by the Company.
- 3. The entity directly or indirectly own more than 50% of the Company.
- 4. The amounts in New Taiwan Dollars were translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

### (iii) Securities held as of December 31, 2019 (excluding investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures):

	Category and				Ending	balance		Highest	
Name of holder	name of	Relationship	Account	Shares/Units	C1	Percentage of	Fair value	percentage of	Note
	security	with company	title	(thousands)	Carrying value	ownership (%)		ownership (%)	Note
D-Link Corporation	CAMEO	The Company is the director	Non current financial assets at	21,498,506	166,183	8.01 %	166,183	8.01 %	
Corporation		of CAMEO	fair value through						
			other						
			comprehensive						
			income						
D-Link	Ehoo Net	None	Non current	749,663	-	4.11 %	-	4.11 %	
Corporation	Technology		financial assets at						
	Holding Ltd.		fair value through						
			profit or loss			1.00.07		1.00.07	
D-Link	Ewave System	None	Non current	83,334	-	1.89 %	-	1.89 %	
Corporation			financial assets at fair value through						
			profit or loss						
D-Link	TGC Inc.	None	Non current	500,000	_	1.84 %		1.84 %	
Corporation	roc me.	Tone	financial assets at	300,000		1.04 70		1.04 /0	
Corporation			fair value through						
			profit or loss						
D-Link	YICHIA	None	Non current	73,500	-	6.68 %	-	6.68 %	
Corporation	Information		financial assets at						
	Corporation		fair value through						
			profit or loss						
D-Link	Global Mobile	None	Non current	6,600,000	-	2.39 %	-	2.39 %	
Corporation	Corp.		financial assets at						
			fair value through profit or loss						
D-Link	Ubicom	None	Non current	926,814	_	3.05 %		3.05 %	
Corporation	Obicom	None	financial assets at	920,814	-	3.03 %	-	3.03 76	
Corporation			fair value through						
			profit or loss						
D-Link	PurpleComm	None	Non current	3,385,417	-	14.10 %	-	14.10 %	
Corporation	1		financial assets at						
			fair value through						
			profit or loss						
D-Link Holding	Best 3C	None	Non current	600,000	-	1.88 %	-	1.88 %	
			financial assets at						
			fair value through						
D 1 : 1 IV 1 !!	F20	N.T.	profit or loss	0.50.50		0.07.07		0.07.07	
D-Link Holding	E2O	None	Non current	252,525	-	0.05 %	-	0.05 %	
			financial assets at fair value through						
			profit or loss						
			brotti or 1088		<u> </u>	l l		LI	

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	Category and				Ending	balance		Highest	
Name of holder	name of security	Relationship with company	Account title	Shares/Units (thousands)	Carrying value	Percentage of ownership (%)	Fair value	percentage of ownership (%)	Note
YEOCHIA	CAMEO	The Company is the director	Non current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	10,757,873	83,158	4.01 %	83,158	4.01 %	
YEOCHIA	Z-Com	None	Non current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive incom	3,064,041	39,833	4.23 %	39,833	4.23 %	
YEOCHIA	Venture Power	None	Non current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive incom	10,922	315	2.97 %	315	2.97 %	
YEOCHIA	QuieTek Corporation, Inc. (QuieTek)	None	Non current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6,257,896	-	12.63 %	-	12.63 %	
YEOMAO	CAMEO		Non current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	9,710,192	75,060	3.62 %	75,060	3.62 %	
YEOMAO	Kaimei	None	Non current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	824,645	37,274	0.42 %	37,274	0.42 %	
YEOMAO	ITEX	None	Non current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	60,000	-	0.26 %	-	0.26 %	
YEOMAO	QuieTek	None	Non current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	286,016	-	0.58 %	-	0.58 %	
YEOTAI	CAMEO	None	Non current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	4,576,574	35,377	1.71 %	35,377	1.71 %	
YEOTAI	Z-Com	None	Non current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive incom	50,000	650	0.07 %	650	0.07 %	
YEOTAI	QuieTek	None	Non current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3,143,224	-	6.34 %	-	6.34 %	
D-Link India	Aditya Birla Mutual Fund	None	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	79,559	10,572	- %	10,572	- %	
D-Link India	Tata Mutual Fund	None	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	9,788	12,668	- %	12,668	- %	
D-Link India	Uti Mutual Fund	None	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6,260	8,466	- %	8,466	- %	
D-Link India	Axis Mutual Fund	None	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	20,843	19,013	- %	19,013	- %	
D-Link India	L&T Liquid Fund	None	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	14,994	16,899	- %	16,899	- %	

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- (iv) Individual securities acquired or disposed of with accumulated amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock:None
- (v) Acquisition of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock:None
- (vi) Disposal of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock:None
- (vii) Related-party transactions for purchases and sales with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock:

	1	1	T				T	'41- 4	(III Thou	/Accounts	
				Transacti	on details			s with terms from others	1	ble (payable)	
Name of company	Related party	Nature of relationship	Purchase/Sale	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/sales	Payment terms		Payment terms		Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Note
D-Link Corporation	D-Link International	Subsidiary	(Sale and service revenue)	(547,400)	(32) %	60 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	31,673	11%	
D-Link Corporation	ALPHA	Investments accounted for using equity method	Purchase	199,109	24 %	90 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	(64,674)	(25)%	
D-Link International	D-Link Corporation	Parent Company	Purchase and service expense	547,400	70 %	60 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	(31,673)	(2)%	
D-Link International	D-Link Systems	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sale)	(394,725)	(4) %	75 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	-	-%	
D-Link International	D-Link Canada	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sale)	(450,726)	(5) %	60 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	27,506	1%	
D-Link International	D-Link Europe	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sale)	(2,280,466)	(25) %	60 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	320,859	14%	
D-Link International	D-Link ME	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sale)	(1,534,146)	(17) %	60 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	159,424	7%	
D-Link International	D-Link Australia	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sale)	(254,295)	(3) %	60 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	45,430	2%	
D-Link International	D-Link Brazil	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sale)	(163,355)	(2) %	75 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	14,005	1%	
D-Link International	D-Link Japan	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sale)	(406,829)	(4) %	60 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	111,416	5%	
D-Link International	D-Link India	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sale)	(864,548)	(9) %	45 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	181,745	8%	

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

				Transacti	on details			s with terms from others	1	/Accounts ble (payable)	
Name of company	Related party	Nature of relationship	Purchase/Sale	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/sales	Payment terms	Unit price		Ending balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Note
D-Link International	D-Link Trade	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sale)	(1,135,783)	(12) %	180 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	761,638	34%	
D-Link International	ALPHA	Investments accounted for using equity method by D-Link Corporation	Purchase	2,028,397	26 %	90 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	(473,490)	(23)%	
D-Link International	CAMEO	D-Link Corporation is the director of CAMEO	Purchase	1,581,972	20 %	90 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	(378,403)	(19)%	
D-Link Systems	D-Link International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	394,725	100 %	75 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	-	-%	
D-Link Canada	D-Link International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	450,726	99 %	60 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	(27,506)	(80)%	
D-Link Europe	D-Link International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	2,280,466	98 %	60 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	(320,859)	(71)%	
D-Link ME	D-Link International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	1,534,146	69 %	60 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	(159,424)	(52)%	
D-Link Australia	D-Link International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	254,295	98 %	60 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	(45,430)	(100)%	
D-Link Brazil	D-Link International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	163,355	92 %	75 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	(14,005)	(14)%	
D-Link Japan	D-Link International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	406,829	66 %	60 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	(111,416)	(100)%	
D-Link India	D-Link International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	864,548	29 %	45 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	(181,745)	(41)%	
D-Link Trade	D-Link International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	1,135,783	98 %	180 days	No significant differences between related party and third party	No significant differences	(761,638)	(99)%	

Note: The transactions had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(viii) Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of		Nature of	Ending	Turnover	Over	rdue	Amounts received in	Allowance
company	Counter-party	relationship	balance	rate	Amount	Action taken	subsequent period	for bad debts
D-Link International	D-Link Europe	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	320,859	8.86	9,654	-	86,018	ı
D-Link International	D-Link L.A.	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	632,533	-	632,533	-	-	1
D-Link International	D-Link ME	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	159,424	6.76	-	-	-	ı
D-Link International	D-Link Shiang-Hai	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	529,649	0.04	514,837	-	-	-
D-Link International	D-Link Japan	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	111,416	3.18	-	-	29,310	-
D-Link International	D-Link India	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	181,745	4.81	-	-	59,471	-
D-Link International	D-Link Trade	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	761,638	2.98	-	-	-	-

Note 1: Over three months during the normal credit period.

### (ix) Trading in derivative instruments:

Company Name	Derivative Instruments Category	Holding Purpose	Contr	act Amount	Book Value	Fair Value
		Non-trading:				
D-Link International	Forward foreign exchange contract	JPY(Sell)	JPY	220,000	237	237
D-Link International	Forward foreign exchange contract	EUR(Sell)	EUR	6,540	(1,890)	(1,890)
D-Link International	Forward foreign exchange contract	AUD(Sell)	AUD	2,500	(1,553)	(1,553)
D-Link International	Forward foreign exchange contract	KRW(Sell)	KRW	2,322,550	(328)	(328)
D-Link International	Forward foreign exchange contract	CAD(Sell)	CAD	2,200	(545)	(545)
D-Link International	Forward foreign exchange contract	CNH(Sell)	CNH	14,193	(1,086)	(1,086)
D-Link International	Forward foreign exchange contract	JPY(Sell)	JPY	110,000	(167)	(167)
D-Link Corporation	Forward foreign exchange contract	EUR(Sell)	EUR	460	(106)	(106)
D-Link India	Forward foreign exchange contract	USD(Buy)	USD	2,500	220	220
D-Link International	Forward foreign exchange contract	BRL(Sell)	BRL	12,001	(2,473)	(2,473)
D-Link International	Cross currency swap	RUB	RUB	192,014	980	980
D-Link International	Cross currency swap	CNH	CNH	95,880	(4,155)	(4,155)
D-Link International	Cross currency swap	EUR	EUR	2,000	(447)	(447)
D-Link International	Cross currency swap	GBP	GBP	1,100	(538)	(538)
D-Link Corporation	Cross currency swap	JPY	JPY	1,800,000	1,494	1,494
D-Link Corporation	Cross currency swap	USD	USD	22,900	(2,164)	(2,164)
D-Link Corporation	Cross currency swap	EUR	EUR	10,000	(5,498)	(5,498)

Note 2: The amount represents collections subsequent to December 31, 2019 up to January 20, 2020.

Note 3: The transactions had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(x) Business relationships and significant intercompany transactions:

			Nature of		Interco	ompany transactions	
No.	Name of company	1 ,	relationship	Account name	Amount	Trading terms	Percentage of the consolidate net revenue or total assets
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Systems	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	1,482,080	-	10.00%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Canada	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	365,241	-	2.00%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link International	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	1,875,560	-	12.00%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Holding	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	1,715,004	-	11.00%
0	D-Link Corporation	YEOCHIA	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	321,083	-	2.00%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link ME	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	810,693	-	5.00%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Japan	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	691,818	-	4.00%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link L.A.	1	Credit balance of Investments accounted for using equity method	(529,880)	-	(3.00)%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link International	1	Sale and service revenue	547,400	60 days	3.00%
1	D-Link Holding	D-Link Mauritius	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	824,951		5.00%
1	D-Link Holding	D-Link Europe	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	1,188,878		8.00%
1	D-Link Holding	Success Stone Overseas Corp.	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	184,307		1.00%
1	D-Link Holding	D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman)	3	Credit balance of Investments accounted for using equity method	(504,010)		(3.00)%
2	D-Link International	D-Link L.A.	3	Accounts receivable – related party	632,533	75 days	4.00%
2	D-Link International	D-Link India	3	Accounts receivable – related party	181,745	45 days	1.00%
2	D Link International	D-Link Shiang-Hai	3	Accounts receivable – related party	529,649	90 days	3.00%
2	D-Link International	D-Link Europe	3	Accounts receivable – related party	320,859	60 days	2.00%
2	D-Link International	D-Link ME	3	Accounts receivable – related party	159,424	60 days	1.00%
2	D-Link International	D-Link Trade	3	Accounts receivable – related party	761,638	60 days	5.00%
2	D-Link International	D-Link Systems	3	Sale	394,725	75 days	2.00%
2	D-Link International	D-Link Europe	3	Sale	2,280,466	60 days	13.00%

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

			Nature of		Interc	ompany transactions	
No.	Name of company	Name of counter-party	relationship	Account name	Amount	Trading terms	Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total assets
2	D-Link International	D-Link Brazil	3	Sale	163,355	75 days	1.00%
2	D-Link International	D-Link Canada	3	Sale	450,726	60 days	3.00%
2	D-Link International	D-Link Trade	3	Sale	1,135,783	180 days	7.00%
2	D-Link International	D-Link India	3	Sale	864,548	45 days	5.00%
2	D-Link International	D-Link ME	3	Sale	1,534,146	60 days	9.00%
2	D-Link International	D-Link Australia	3	Sale	254,295	60 days	1.00%
2	D-Link International	D-Link Japan	3	Sale	406,829	60 days	2.00%
2	D-Link International	D-Link Russia Investment	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	752,553	-	5.00%
3	D-Link Mauritius	D-Link India	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	824,328	-	5.00%
4	D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman)	D-Link Shiang-Hai	3	Credit balance of Investments accounted for using equity method	(510,685)	-	(3.00)%
5	D-Link Europe Ltd.	D-Link Deutschland GmbH	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	167,931	-	1.00%

Note 1: Parties to the intercompany transactions are identified and numbered as follows:

- 1. "0" represents the Company
- 2. Subsidiaries are numbered from "1".
- Note 2: Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions are dislosed only for the amounts that exceed 1% of consolidated net revenue or total assets.
- Note 3: Natue of relationship are listed as below:
  - No. 1 represents the transaction from parent company to subsidiary
  - No. 2 represents the transaction from subsidiary to parent company
  - No. 3 represents the transaction from subsidiary to subsidiary
- Note 4: The transactions had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

### (b) Information on investees:

The following is the information on investees for the years ended December 31, 2019 (excluding information on investees in Mainland China):

			Main	Original inve	stment amount	Balance	as of December 31,	2019	Highest	Net income	Share of	
Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	businesses and products		December 31, 2018	Shares (thousands)	Percentage of ownership	Carrying value	percentage of ownership	(losses) of investee	profits/losses of investee	Note
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Systems	USA	Marketing and after-sales service in USA	1,625,875	1,625,875	47,295,007	98.44 %	1,482,080	98.44 %	(5,657)		100% shares owned by D-Link Corporation and D-Link Holding
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Canada	Canada	Marketing and after-sales service in Canada	283,866	283,866	8,736,000	100.00 %	365,241	100.00 %	10,341	10,341	
	D-Link International	Singapore	Global marketing, procurement and after- sale service	1,941,986	1,941,986	66,074,660	99.36 %	1,875,560	99.36 %	(269,837)	note 1	100% shares owned by D-Link Corporation and D-Link Holding
D-Link Corporation	D-Link ME	UAE	Marketing and after-sales service in Middle East and Africa	71,484	71,484	5	83.33 %	810,694	83.33 %	32,768		100% shares owned by D-Link Corporation and D-Link International
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Brazil	Brazil	Marketing and after-sales service in Brazil	932,197	1,139,093	2,964,836,727	100.00 %	18,576	100.00 %	(30,179)		100% shares owned by D-Link Corporation and D-Link Holding
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Australia	Australia	Marketing and after-sales service in Australia and New Zealand	16,744	16,744	999,000	99.90 %	136,256	99.90 %	(5,360)		100% shares owned by D-Link Corporation and D-Link International
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Holding	B.V.I.	Investment company	2,242,837	2,242,837	68,062,500	100.00 %	1,715,005	100.00 %	9,908	16,791	

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	Main businesses and products		stment amount	Shares	as of December 31, Percentage of	Carrying	Highest percentage of	Net income (losses)	Share of profits/losses	
D-Link	D-Link Japan	Japan	Marketing and after-sales	December 31, 2019 595,310	December 31, 2018 595,310	(thousands) 9,500	ownership 100.00 %	value 691,818	ownership 100.00 %	of investee 49,410	of investee 49,410	Note
Corporation D-Link	D-Link	Singapore	service in Japan Investment company	67,191	67,191	2,200,000	100.00 %	(144,373)	100.00 %	19,374	19,374	
Corporation	Investment				·	2,200,000	100.00 / 0		100.00 70		1,,,,,,,	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Deutsch land	Germany	Marketing and after-sales service in Germany	120,050	120,050	-	- %	120,050	- %	6,192	note 3	100% shared owned by D-Lin Corporation directly and indirectly
D-Link Corporation	ALPHA	Taiwan	Research, developments, design, manufacturing and sell broadband products, wireless products, computer networks system equipment end its components	993,420	1,039,768	104,480,022	20.11 %	1,875,878	20.11 %	238,903	60,246 note 1	20.43% shared owned by D-Lin Corporation directly and indirectly
D-Link Corporation	YEOCHIA	Taiwan	Investment company	122,400	122,400	Note 2	100.00 %	321,083	100.00 %	5,191	5,191	
D-Link Corporation	YEOMAO	Taiwan	Investment company	70,052	70,052	10,220,271	100.00 %	56,325	100.00 %	(1,224)	(1,224)	
D-Link	YEOTAI	Taiwan	Investment company	146,000	146,000	14,600,000	100.00 %	59,649	100.00 %	8,702	8,702	
	D-Link L.A.	Cayman Islands	Marketing and after-sales	326,600	326,600	41,000	100.00 %	(529,880)	100.00 %	466	466	
Corporation D-Link	D-Link	Chile	service in Latin America Marketing and after-sales	6,512	6,512	199,999	100.00 %	(4,110)	100.00 %	(6,788)	(6,788)	100% shares
	Sudamerica		service in Chile					,			, , ,	owned by D-Lin Corporation and D-Link Holding
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Mexicana	Mexico	Marketing and after-sales service in Mexico	301,036	301,036	152,066	100.00 %	7,200	100.00 %	(1,025)	(1,025)	100% shares owned by D-Lin Corporation and D-Link Sudamerica
D-Link Investment	D-Link Trade	Russia	Marketing and after-sales service in Russia	66,538	66,538	-	100.00 %	(143,065)	100.00 %	19,606	19,606	
D-Link International	D-Link Australia	Australia	Marketing and after-sales service in Australia and New Zealand	22	22	1,000	0.10 %	20	0.10 %	(5,360)	-	D-Link Australia share's profit recognized in D-Link Corporation
D-Link International	D-Link ME	UAE	Marketing and after-sales service in Middle East and Africa	34,260	34,260	1	16.67 %	31,792	16.67 %	32,768	-	D-Link ME shar s profit recognized in D-Link Corporation
D-Link International	D-Link Korea	Korea	Marketing and after-sales service in Korea	44,300	44,300	330,901	100.00 %	(36,029)	100.00 %	(5,448)	(5,448)	
D-Link		Republic of	Marketing and after-sales	13	13	Note 2	100.00 %	(777)	100.00 %	78	78	
	D-Link Russia	Moldova BVI	service in Moldova Investment company	789,757	789,757	25,000,000	100.00 %	752,553	100.00 %	(90,399)	(90,399)	
International D-Link	Investment D-Link Malaysia	Malaysia	Marketing and after-sales	6,130	6,130	800,000	100.00 %	7,215	100.00 %	971	971	
International D-Link	D-Link Lithuania	Lithuania	service in Malaysia Marketing and after-sales	3,574	3,574	1,000	100.00 %	2,994	100.00 %	488	488	
International D-Link Holding	D-Link Mauritius	Mauritius	service Investment company	186,789	186,789	200,000	100.00 %	824,951	100.00 %	68,469	68,469	
_	D-Link Europe	UK	Marketing and after-sales service in Europe		971,293	34,455,055	100.00 %	1,188,878	100.00 %	26,940	26,940	
D-Link Holding	D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman)	Cayman Islands	Investment company	654,974	654,974	50,000	100.00 %	(504,010)	100.00 %	(84,764)	(84,764)	
D-Link Holding		Hong Kong	Investment company	-	143	-	100.00 %	-	100.00 %	-	-	
D-Link Holding		Russia	After-sales service in Russia	11,309	11,309	Note 2	100.00 %	5,903	100.00 %	(48)	(48)	
D-Link Holding	D-Link International	Singapore	Global marketing, procurement and after- sales service	8,466	8,466	425,340	0.64 %	(8,931)	0.64 %	(269,837)	-	D-Link International share's profit recognized in D-Link
D-Link Holding	D-Link Systems	USA	Marketing and after-sales service in USA	49,320	49,320	750,000	1.56 %	45,159	1.56 %	(5,657)	-	Corporation D-Link Systems share's profit recognized in D-Link Corporation
D-Link Holding	Wishfi	Singapore	Research, development, marketing and after-sales service	68,566	68,566	1,000,000	100.00 %	1,528	100.00 %	(219)	(219)	
D-Link Holding	Success Stone	BVI	Investment company	297,027	297,027	9,822	100.00 %	184,307	100.00 %	(477)	(477)	
D-Link Holding D-Link Holding	MiiiCasa Holding D-Link Brazil	Cayman Islands Brazil	Investment company Marketing and after-sales service in Brazil	61,087	61,087	21,000,000	28.98 % - %	-	28.98 % - %	(30,179)	-	D-Link Brazil share's profit recognized in D-Link

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	1		Main	Original inve	stment amount	Balance	as of December 31,	2019	Highest	Net income	Share of	1
Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	businesses and products		December 31, 2018	Shares (thousands)	Percentage of ownership	Carrying value	percentage of	(losses) of investee	profits/losses of investee	Note
D-Link Holding	D-Link Sudamerica	Chile	Marketing and after-sales service in Chile	- -	- -	(inousands)	- %	value -	ownership - %	(6,788)	of investee	D-Link Sudamerica share' s profit recognized in D-Link Corporation
D-Link Mauritius	D-Link India	India	Marketing and after-sales service in India	340,319	340,319	18,114,663	51.02 %	824,328	51.02 %	135,946	69,360	
D-Link Mauritius	TeamF1 India	India	Technical services for software and hardware system integration	8	8	1	0.01 %	13	0.01 %	45	-	100% shares owned by D-Link Mauritius and D-Link India
D-Link India	TeamF1 India	India	Technical services for software and hardware system integration	84,114	84,114	10,499	99.99 %	117,169	99.99 %	45	45	100% shares owned by D-Link Mauritius and D-Link India
D-Link L.A.	D-Link del Ecuador S.A.	Ecuador	Marketing and after-sales service in Ecuador	'	1	1	0.12 %	1	0.12 %	15	,	D-Link del Ecuador S.A. share's profit recognized in D-Link Sudamerica
D-Link L.A.	D-Link Peru S.A.	Peru	Marketing and after-sales service in Peru	-	-	1	0.03 %	(2)	0.03 %	1,001	-	D-Link Peru S.A. share's profit recognized in D-Link Sudamerica
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Argentina S.A.	Argentina	Marketing and after-sales service in Argentina	2,750	2,750	100	100.00 %	139	100.00 %	(70)	(70)	
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link de Colombia S.A.S.	Colombia	Marketing and after-sales service in Colombia	22,213	22,213	1,443,605	100.00 %	8,530	100.00 %	(102)	(102)	
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link del Ecuador S.A.	Ecuador	Marketing and after-sales service in Ecuador	26	26	799	99.88 %	536	99.88 %	15	15	100% shares owned by D-Link L.A. and D-Link Sudamerica
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Guatemala	Guatemala	Marketing and after-sales service in Guatemala	410	410	99,000	99.00 %	557	99.00 %	-	-	
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Peru S.A.	Peru	Marketing and after-sales service in Peru	38	38	3,499	99.97 %	(7,280)	99.97 %	1,001	1,001	100% shares owned by D-Link L.A. and D-Link Sudamerica
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Mexicana	Mexico	Marketing and after-sales service in Mexico	6	6	3	- %	-	- %	(1,025)	-	Sadamenta
D-Link Europe	D-Link	Germany	Marketing and after-sales	131,769	131,769	Note 2	100.00 %	167,931	100.00 %	6,192	6,192	
D-Link Europe	Deutschland D-Link AB	Sweden	Marketing and after-sales	9,022	9,022	15,500	100.00 %	13,559	100.00 %	1,182	1,182	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Iberia SL	Spain	Marketing and after-sales	1,976	1,976	50,000	100.00 %	53,144	100.00 %	5,432	5,432	
D-Link Europe	D-Link	Italy	Marketing and after-sales	2,177	2,177	50,000	100.00 %	19,257	100.00 %	(6,700)	(6,700)	
D-Link Europe	Mediterraneo SRL D-Link (Holdings)	UK	service in Italy Investment company	-	-	3	100.00 %	9,679	100.00 %	-	-	
D-Link Europe	Ltd. D-Link France	France	Marketing and after-sales	5,287	5,287	114,560	100.00 %	35,649	100.00 %	4,960	4,960	
D-Link Europe	SARL D-Link	Netherlands	service in France Marketing and after-sales	2,132	2,132	50,000	100.00 %	5,748	100.00 %	531	531	
D-Link Europe	Netherlands D-Link Polska Sp	Poland	service in Netherlands Marketing and after-sales	1,210	1,210	100	100.00 %	26,803	100.00 %	1,812	1,812	
D-Link Europe	Z.o.o D-Link	Hungary	service in Poland Marketing and after-sales	523	523	300	100.00 %	10,699	100.00 %	66	66	
D-Link Europe	Magyarorszag D-Link s.r.o.	Czech	service in Hungary Marketing and after-sales	329	329	100	100.00 %	9,311	100.00 %	231	231	
D-Link Mediferraneo	D-Link Adria d.o.o	Croatia	service in Czech Marketing and after-sales service in Croatia	326	-	-	100.00 %	1,285	100.00 %	27	27	
SRL D-Link	D-Link UK	UK	Marketing and after-sales	-	-	300,100	100.00 %	9,679	100.00 %	-	-	
(Holdings) Ltd. D-Link ME	D-Link Network	South Africa	service in UK Marketing and after-sales	-	-	-	100.00 %	-	100.00 %	-	-	
YEOCHIA and YEOMAO	ALPHA	Taiwan	service in South Africa Research, developments, design, manufacturing and sell broadband products, wireless products, computer networks system equipment and its components	196,416	224,549	6,372,276	1.17 %	153,808	1.39 %	238,903	3,078	
YEOCHIA and YEOTAI	Xtramus Technologies Co. Ltd.	Taiwan	Research, development, manufacturing and sell of testing equipment for network	181,500	181,500	1,832,446	41.18 %	-	41.18 %	9,305	-	

Note 1: Including recognition of profit (loss) from associates

Note 2: Limited Company

Note 3: Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method was recognized in D-Link Europe.

Note 4: The transactions had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (c) Information on investment in mainland China:

(i) The names of investees in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, and other information:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Main	Total		Accumulated outflow of	Investm	ent flows	Accumulated outflow of	Net income		Highest				Accumu-lated
	businesses	amount	Method	investment from		ent nows	investment from	(losses)	Percentage		Investment		Highest	remittance of
Name of	and	of paid-in	of	Taiwan as of			Taiwan as of	of the	of	of	income	Book	Percentage	earnings in
investee	products	capital	investment	January 1, 2018	Outflow	Inflow	December 31, 2019	investee	ownership	ownership	(losses)	value	of ownership	current period
D-Link	Buy and sell	587,067	2	587,067	-	-	587,067	(85,541)	100.00%	100.00%	(85,541)	(510,685)	-	-
Shiang-	of										(Note 2)			
Hai	networking													
	equipment													
	and wireless													
	system													
Netpro	Research,	21,074	2	19,644	-	-	19,644	777	100.00%	100.00%	777	10,472	-	-
Trading	developmen													
	t and trading													
	business													
YouXiang	Technical	61,281	2	-	-	-	-	(29,324)	9.86%	9.86%	-	2,245	-	-
	Service and													
	Import/Exp													
	ort trading													
	business													

Note 1: Method of Investment:

Type 1: Direct investments in Mainland China

Type 2: Indirect investments in Mainland China

Type 3: Other

Note 2: The amounts in New Taiwan Dollars were translated at the exchange rates of USD 30.11, RMB 4.32 as of December 31, 2019.

### (ii) Limitation on investment in Mainland China:

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as	Investment Amounts Authorized by	
of December 31, 2019	Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on Investment
606,711	606,711	Note

Note: Since the Company has obtained the Certificate of Headquarter Operation, there is no upper limitation on investment in Mainland China.

## (iii) Significant transactions:

The significant inter-company transactions with the subsidiary in Mainland China, which were eliminated in the preparation of consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in "Information on significant transactions".

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### (14) Segment information:

The Consolidated Company has three reportable segments that include the American markets, European markets, Emerging markets and others. Those reportable segments are primarily operated in research, development and selling of computer network and equipments and wireless communication products.

The Consolidated Company's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer geographical products and services.

(a) Reportable segment profit or loss, segment assets, segment liabilities, and their measurement and reconciliations

The Consolidated Company uses the internal management report that the chief operating decision maker reviews as the basis to determine resource allocation and make a performance evaluation.

	Americas	Europe	2019 Emerging markets and others	Adjustments and eliminations	Total
Revenue:					
Third-party customers	\$ 2,222,383	3,382,293	11,391,372	-	16,996,048
Inter-company	11,132	3,486	3,394,959	(3,409,577)	
Total revenue	\$ <u>2,233,515</u>	3,385,779	14,786,331	(3,409,577)	16,996,048
Reportable segment profit (loss)	\$ <u>(11,235)</u>	43,683	(590,289)	268,288	(289,553)
	Americas	Europe	2018 Emerging markets and others	Adjustments and eliminations	Total
Revenue:					
Third-party customers	\$ 2,717,141	5,492,355	11,173,707	-	19,383,203
Inter-company	6,429	3,660	4,930,162	(4,940,251)	
Total revenue	<b>\$</b> 2,723,570	5,496,015	16,103,869	(4,940,251)	19,383,203
Reportable segment profit (loss)	\$ <u>(28,477)</u>	154,097	571,980	(400,203)	297,397
	Americas	Europe	Emerging markets and others	Adjustments and eliminations	Total
Reportable segment assets:					
December 31, 2019	\$ <u>2,987,295</u>	2,433,688	22,651,379	(12,361,352)	15,711,010
December 31, 2018	\$3,326,168	2,196,782	25,686,590	(13,602,717)	17,606,823

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The material reconciling items of the above reportable segment are as below:

Total reportable segment revenues after deducting the intergroup revenues were \$3,409,577 thousand and \$4,940,251 thousand in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The Consolidated Company does not allocate tax expense to reportable segments. The operating segments' profit and loss is measured as income before income taxes. It evaluates performance on the basis of the reportable amount which is the same as that of the report used by the chief operating decision maker.

### (b) Information on the products and services

Revenue from the external customer of the Consolidated Company, please refer to 6(v).

### (c) Geographic information

Country		2019	2018
Revenue from external customers:			
Non-current assets			
Taiwan	\$	932,684	994,051
India		432,920	438,794
Other countries	_	1,079,891	620,651
Total	<b>\$</b> _	2,445,495	2,053,496

Non-current assets include property, plant and equipment, investment property, right-of-use assets, intangible assets, and other assets, but excluding financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

### (d) Major customers

There were no individual customers representing greater than 10% of consolidated revenue in 2019 and 2018.









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