

DaChan Food (Asia) Limited 大成食品(亞洲)有限公司

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號: 3999











享受安心美食

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公司介紹 Corporate Profile

大成食品(亞洲)有限公司(「本公司」或「大成」)是於中華人民共和國(「中國」)、越南及馬來西亞經營業務的跨國企業集團。本公司股份自二零零七年起在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。本公司(與其附屬公司及合營公司統稱為「本集團」)乃領先的全面整合動物蛋白產品提供商,產品涵蓋飼料、禽畜、水產動物營養先進配方及加工食品。

本集團在中國、越南及馬來西亞共擁有超過30間工廠,其動物飼料大部分以「綠騎士」、「補克博士」及「SOS」品牌出售,雞肉及加工食品則多數以「姐妹廚房」品牌出售。

本集團透過國內及國際知名連鎖店、農貿市場、網店、分銷商、以及超級市場銷售產品。藉著已建立的完善銷售渠道,本集團已充分具備快速增長的條件。

本集團將食品品質視為重中之重,因其高標準的品質控制而贏得諸多行業獎項及認證。 於二零零九年,本集團為「姐妹廚房」品牌產品引入業內領先的產品可溯源體系,使消費者能夠追蹤諸如農戶姓名、養雞場地址、所 餵養飼料以及加工工廠名稱等產品信息。 DaChan Food (Asia) Limited (the "Company" or "DaChan") is a conglomerate with operations in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"), Vietnam and Malaysia. The Company's shares have been listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since 2007. The Company (together with its subsidiaries and its jointly-controlled entities the "Group") is a leading fully integrated animal protein product provider whose products range from feeds, poultry and advanced nutritional formulas for aquatic animals to processed foods.

The Group has more than 30 factories across the PRC, Vietnam and Malaysia. Its animal feeds are mainly sold under the brands of "Green Knight" (綠騎士), "Dr. Nupak" (補克博士) and "SOS", and chicken meat and processed foods are mainly sold under the brand of "Sisters' Kitchen" (姐妹廚房).

The Group distributes its products through well known domestic and international chain stores, wet markets, online stores, distributors, and supermarkets. Through its established and comprehensive sales channels, the Group is well positioned for rapid growth.

The Group attaches the highest importance to the quality of its food products. The Group's high standard quality control have earned numerous industry awards and recognitions. In 2009, the Group introduced a pioneering product safety traceability system for its "Sisters' Kitchen" products, which enables consumers to trace product information such as the name of the farmers, the location of the chicken farms, the feeds consumed by the animals as well as the name of the food-processing factories.

公司介紹 Corporate Profile

本集團努力不懈地運用最新食品科技以開發 全新的高附加價值產品。通過及時回應市場 不斷轉變之需求,本集團大大提升了對客戶 的服務品質。

願景

身為食物全產業鏈的整合者,由上游的農業 源頭、中游的食品研發製造者、到下游廣大 的消費者,大成用心聯結每一個環節,以提 升整個食物產業鏈的效率與附加價值,並提 供消費者安心、營養、健康的產品與服、並 我們希望包括我們的產業鏈的。此外, 商及源頭的農戶在內的產業鏈的上中,,本應 個參與者都以我們公司為驕傲,让外,責任 國也會著重生態環保,積極履行社會責物 技及信息技術有關的創新與應用的公司 技術有關的公司之一! The Group endeavours to develop brand-new highly value-added products by constantly utilizing the latest food science and technology. By promptly addressing the ever-changing market demand, the Group has greatly enhanced the quality of customer service.

VISION

As a company integrating the entire food production chain, from agricultural source in the upstream, the food researchers and manufacturers in the midstream, to the mass consumers in the downstream, DaChan links every section attentively in order to enhance the efficiency and the value of the entire food production chain, as well as providing consumers with safe, nutritious and healthy products and services. We hope each party involved in the upstream, midstream and downstream of the production chain, including our staff, shareholders, suppliers, and farmers at the source of production, will be proud of us. Besides, the Group also emphasises eco-environmental protection and proactively fulfils its social responsibilities. Meanwhile, DaChan will be the company which invests most resources on the innovation and application of biotechnology and information technology across the industry and committed to become one of the most respectable companies and one of the companies that are the most supportive of staff development in the Greater China Region!



公司介紹 Corporate Profile

競爭優勢

- 市場領導者且具高品牌知名度
- 業務高度整合,一條龍作業極具高效率營運模式
- 嚴格高標準品質監控,以及可溯源系統
- 與全國及國際知名客戶有穩定及長期 關係
- 生產設施及技術具擴充及延展性,可 遍及中國、越南及馬來西亞的主要據 點
- 擁有經驗豐富及敬業的管理人員

COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGES

- Market leader with high brand publicity
- Highly vertically integrated business with highly efficient mode of operation
- Strict and high standard of quality control and traceability system
- Stable and long-standing relationship with nationally and internationally renowned customers
- Extendable and scalable production facilities and technology in major strategic locations across the PRC, Vietnam and Malaysia
- Experienced and dedicated management team





財務摘要 Financial Highlights

截至2019年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2019

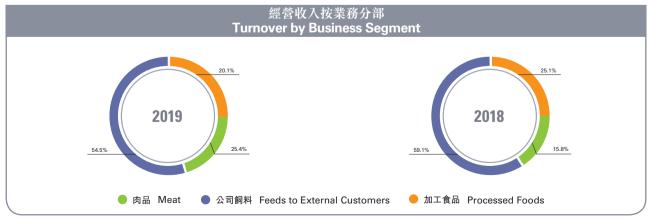
人民幣千元		二零一九年	二零一八年	變動
RMB'000		2019	2018	Changes
經營收入	Turnover	8,035,206	7,191,911	11.7%
本公司股東應佔	Profit attributable to owners			
溢利	of the Company	133,683	13,135	917.8%
資產總值	Total assets	4,047,937	3,903,038	3.7%
資產淨值	Net assets	2,012,482	1,827,849	10.1%
每股基本盈利(人民幣元)	Basic profit per share (RMB)	0.13	0.01	1,200.0%
資產總值回報(%)	Return on total assets (%)	5.09%	1.59%	220.1%
權益回報(%)	Return on equity (%)	10.24%	3.39%	202.1%
*負債權益比率	*Gearing ratio	43.9%	62.1%	-29.3%
每股資產淨值(人民幣元)	Net assets per share (RMB)	1.98	1.80	10.0%

^{*} 負債權益比率 =計息借貸/平均資產淨值

* Gearing Ratio = Interest bearing debt/Average net assets







主席報告 Chairman's Statement



尉安寧 主席 Wei Anning Chairman

均衡高效發展白羽肉雞產業鏈「做強、做深食品化」

Balanced and efficient development of the white feather broilers industry chain "Strengthening and deepening food product processing operations"

各位敬愛的股東們好,

過去這一年裏在前任董事會主席韓家宸的領導下,公司銷售額與獲利都雙雙上升。中國大陸飼料事業的銷量及毛利率反轉了過去幾年持續下跌的趨勢,食品事業保持了一貫的增長,而肉品事業更得到了近年來少見的較大獲利。這個成績有白肉雞行情好的天時因素,也有我們中國境內主要養殖布局聚集在豬瘟較為早發且回復較快的北方的地利原因,但更重要的是DFA同仁和大成集團母公司團隊同心運作的人和凝聚。

在寫這段話的時候,新型冠狀病毒肺炎疫情正 在肆虐。在中國大陸不論是工廠同仁返回崗 位、物資運輸時效性和成本、還是餐飲、烘焙 客戶的運作,都遇到了很多困難。幸好飼料、 肉品事業屬於政府支持的菜籃子工程,我們復 工複產有一定的政策優勢,同時我們的現金流 穩健、管理團隊團結有效,努力把疫情的危害 降到最小。疫情過去後,中國大陸農牧食品 行業會進入新一輪的整合,DFA會把握這個機 會,利用一條龍的優勢持續加大食品化,服務 好我們的養殖客戶和食品客戶。中國食品事業 的主要客戶是烘焙、團膳、餐飲企業,受這次 疫情的影響比較大,疫情過後我們將利用本來 就有的市場領先地位努力擴大市佔率。我們東 南亞飼料事業正在和同業一道經受非洲豬瘟的 考驗,2019年豬料銷售下滑但整體業績保持 增長,實屬不易。

Dear Shareholders.

In the past year, under the leadership of former Chairman of the Board, Mr. Harn Jia-Chen, both the sales and profit of the Company have increased. The sales and gross profit margin of the feeds segment in mainland China reversed the trend of continuous decline in the past few years while the food segment maintained a consistent growth and the meat segment made greater profit which has hardly been seen in recent years. This was mainly attributable to the time factors contributed by the favorable market condition of white meat chicken, and the geographical reason that our main breeding grounds are in northern China where swine fever broke out earlier and recovered faster, but more important is the cooperation and cohesion of DFA colleagues and the parent company team of DaChan Group.

At the time of writing this statement, the COVID-19 was rampant. A lot of difficulties have been encountered in mainland China, whether it was the resumption of work of factory workers to the timeliness and cost of material transportation or the operations of our catering and baking customers. Fortunately, the feeds and meat segments in China belong to Non-staple Food Project (菜籃子工程產業) supported by the central government, and thus we have certain policy advantages to resume work and production. At the same time, our cash flow is stable and our management team is united and effective, which we strive to minimize the harm of the epidemic. When the epidemic is over, the agricultural and livestock food industry in mainland China will enter a new round of integration, DFA will seize the opportunity and make use of the advantages of our one-stop service to continue to expand its food products so as to serve our farming and food customers. The major customers of the food segment in China are baking, group meals and catering enterprises, which were more affected by the epidemic, and we will use our existing market leading position to strive to expand market share after the epidemic. Our feeds segment in Southeast Asia is undergoing the challenges of African swine fever with our peers. It was not easy that despite pig feeds sales declined in 2019, the overall performance maintained its growth.

主席報告 Chairman's Statement

2020年東南亞飼料事業在橫向擴充飼料動物類別同時,啟動了一系列向一條龍下游發展的合作計劃,敬請各位股東見證東南亞飼料事業的轉型。

根據2019年11月6日董事會的決議,我在2020年3月1日接替韓家宸先生擔任董事會主席,同時變動的還有孫德宏先生接替歐倉舟先生擔任執行長。值得一提的是這一天是歐倉舟先生入職大成集團四十周年。2019年初,韓家宸主席臨危受命,擔任董事會主席,在2019年和歐倉舟執行長一道帶領管理團隊不懈奮鬥,交出了一張令人尊敬的成績單,使得今天我和德宏站在了一個更為健康的DFA平分相當的瞭解,以往在中國及國際農牧食品產業也有一定的經驗和資源,將會幫助我和德宏一道努力把DFA帶上新的台階。我感謝各位股東在2019年對韓家宸主席的支持,也期待著2020年大家對我的支持。

In 2020, the feeds segment in Southeast Asia will launch a series of one-stop downstream development cooperation plans while expanding the categories of feeds livestock horizontally. I would like to invite our shareholders to witness the transformation of the feeds segment in Southeast Asia.

According to the resolution of the Board on 6 November 2019, I assumed the chairmanship of Mr. Harn Jia-Chen on 1 March 2020, while Mr. Sun Teh Hong succeeded Mr. Ou Chang-Jou as Chief Executive Officer. It is worth mentioning that the day marked the 40th anniversary of Mr. Ou Chang-Jou joining DaChan Group. At the beginning of 2019, our Chairman. Mr. Harn Jia-Chen, shouldered the responsibility and served as Chairman of the Board at such critical and difficult moment. Together with our CEO, Mr. Ou Chang-Jou, they led the management team to work tirelessly and deliver fairly decent results in 2019, which created a healthier DF platform for me and Teh Hong to stand on today. For many years, I have been a Board member of DFA and have a good understanding of the situation of DFA. I also had certain experience and resources in the Chinese and international agricultural food industry in the past which will help me work with Teh Hong and bring DFA to a new stage. I would like to express my gratitude to the shareholders for their support to Chairman Harn Jia-Chen in 2019 and I look forward to their support for me in 2020.

主席 尉安寧

香港

二零二零年三月

Chairman

Wei Anning

Hong Kong March 2020

		二零一九年	二零一八年	增減百分比
		2019	2018	% change
經營收入(人民幣千元)	Turnover (RMB'000)	8,035,206	7,191,911	11.7
毛利(人民幣千元)	Gross profit (RMB'000)	981,575	760,300	29.1
毛利率(%)	Gross profit margin (%)	12.2	10.6	
本公司股東應佔溢利	Profit attributable to			
(人民幣千元)	shareholders of the			
	Company (RMB'000)	133,683	13,135	917.8

經濟環境及策略方向

二零一九年,非洲豬瘟南北蔓延,導致國內生豬供應量大幅減少,也促使消費市場對雞肉的替代性需求明顯增加。與此同時,國內祖代雞的更新量和存欄量達到近三年最高,商品雞出欄量也達到近四年最高,國內雞肉供應量較二零一八年增長約15%。然而,雞肉供應量的增加相較於豬肉產量缺口仍顯不足,在此情形下,豬價上漲持續拉動雞雛、毛雞、雞肉價格屢創新高。

ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT AND STRATEGY DIRECTION

In 2019, the spread of African swine fever from north to south led to a significant decrease in domestic live pigs supply as well as a significant increase in the demand for chicken meat as alternatives in the consumer market. At the same time, the update quantity and stock quantity of domestic grandfather generation breeder chickens have reached the highest level in the past three years while the production volume of commercial chickens has reached the highest level in the past four years, and domestic chicken meat supply increased by approximately 15% as compared with 2018. However, the increase in the supply of chicken meat is still not enough to fill the shortage gap in pork production. Therefore, the surge in pork prices continued to drive the prices of day-old chicks, feather chicken and chicken meat to a new high.

肉品事業受限於現階段種雞養殖規模相對較小,未能從暴漲的雞雛行情中獲取較多利潤。但本集團抓住市場機會,採取多種方式加強與養殖戶合作,種雞協力供蛋模式共享利潤和風險,協助養殖戶進行籠養改造,擴大養殖規模,毛雞電宰量較二零一八年增長約12%。同時,為使一條龍產業鏈更加完備,本集團對部分自有養殖場進行升級改造,借助外部種雞養殖專業管理團隊,以合作方式擴大種雞養殖規模,預計二零二零年可實現50%的雞雛由自有種雞場供應。這種供應模式既有助於降低雞雛成本,亦有利於確保雞雛品質,提高肉雞養殖效益。

國內飼料事業方面,本集團積極應對非洲豬瘟下飼料市場格局之改變,一方面調整研發重心,提升豬料免疫功能、穩定蛋雞料產蛋性能、持續降低肉雞料造肉成本,另一方面優化內部生產管理和工藝流程,穩步提升產品競爭力。二零一九年外售飼料與契約飼料銷量總計較二零一八年增長約15%。

東南亞飼料事業保持了一貫亮麗的業績表現, 雖然受到非洲豬瘟的影響,但通過調整產品結 構與銷售模式,銷量較二零一八年略有成長。 隨著東南亞飼料事業種畜禽養殖產業鏈佈局的 穩步推進,該事業抵禦市場風險的能力必將進 一步增強。 Limited by the current relatively small-scale breeding chickens rearing, the meat product segment was unable to obtain more profit from the thriving market of day-old chicks. However, the Group seized market opportunities and adopted various methods to strengthen cooperation with farmers. As for breeders, we cooperated with farmers and made use of the egg supply model to share profits and risks, assisted them in carrying out cage reforms, and expanded the scale of breeding. The electrical slaughtering volume of feather chicken increased by approximately 12% as compared with 2018. Meanwhile, to complement our one-stop industry chain, the Group upgraded some of its own farms. With the help of external professional management team of breeder farming, the farming scale of breeders has been expanded through cooperation, and it is expected that in 2020, 50% of day-old chicks will be provided by self-owned farms; not only can this supply model help to reduce the costs of day-old chicks, but also help to ensure the quality of day-old chicks and improve the farming efficiency of broilers.

In respect of the domestic feeds segment, faced with the changes in the feed market structure under African swine fever, the Group took responsive actions. On the one hand, the focus of research and development was promptly adjusted, the immune function of pig feeds was improved, egg-laying performance of layers was further stabilized, manufacturing costs of broiler feeds were continuously reduced while the internal production management and technological process were optimised, and the product competitiveness was steadily improved on the other hand. The total sales volume of external feeds and contracted feeds in 2019 increased by approximately 15% as compared with 2018.

The feed segment in Southeast Asia maintained its outstanding performance. Although being affected by African swine fever, sales volume slightly increased as compared with 2018 as we adjusted the product structure and sales model. With the steady advancement in planning for the industrial chain of the breeding, livestock and poultry farming industry in Southeast Asia, the capacity of the segment to resist market risks will be further enhanced.

本集團繼續堅定不移地推動食品化發展策略。 在國內原料肉成本上漲的壓力下,食品事業內 銷與出口一起發力,總銷量較二零一八年增長 約7%,年銷售額突破20億元。儘管受到日本 客戶在泰國工廠投產及日本國內消費業態變化 的不利影響,出口食品不斷優化產品,調整銷 售結構,月均出口量仍保持在1,000噸以上。 內銷食品量也達到10%成長。 The Group continued to unswervingly promote the food development strategy. Under the pressure of rising domestic raw meat cost, the food segment made great efforts in both domestic sales and exports. The total sales volume increased by approximately 7% as compared with 2018, and annual sales exceeded RMB2 billion. Despite the adverse effects of the factory set up in Thailand by our Japanese customer commencing production and changes in the domestic consumption patterns in Japan, we continued to optimize the food products for export and adjusted the sales structure, maintaining an average monthly export volume at above 1,000 tons while the domestic food sales volume also increased by 10%.

二零一九年本集團堅持以下經營策略:

- The Group adhered to the following operating strategies in 2019:
- 以食品作為帶動集團持續發展的龍頭, 繼續加強對食品事業之產品研發與市場 開發力度,使之成為專業烘焙、餐飲市 場之領導者。
- Leveraging on food as its key segment in the continuous development of the Group, continuing to strengthen its product and market development efforts in the food segment, securing its leading position in the professional baking and catering market.
- 2. 整合肉雞一條龍產業鏈,保持適當的種 雞自養比率、擴大毛雞放養及肉雞電宰 規模與生產自動化,加強產業鏈各環節 的風險管理與成本管控,為食品事業提 供安心溯源的原料肉供應。
- 2. Integrating the one-stop industrial chain of broilers, maintaining appropriate ratio for self-feeding broilers, expanding the scales of rearing feather chickens and electrical slaughtering broilers and automized production, and strengthening risk management and cost control in all aspects of the industrial chain as well as providing a safe traceable raw meat supply for the food segment.
- 穩固東南亞飼料的市場份額,積極佈局 上游種豬與種禽養殖,強化垂直整合產 業鏈與客戶的策略合作。
- Enjoying a stable market share in the feed market in Southeast Asia, beginning to plan for the rearing of breeding of pigs and chickens upstream for enhancing vertical integration of the production chain and strategic cooperation with customers.

- 4. 中國境內的豬料銷售更專注於附加價值 較高之功能性飼料,加大禽料與多種動 物飼料營養的研發與營銷力度,分散市 場風險。同時整合飼料產銷,降低生產 成本和各項費用,提升產品競爭力。
- 4. Focusing on the sales of functional feeds with higher added value in the pig feed market in the PRC, enhancing the research and development and marketing of poultry feed to diversify market risks. At the same time, integrate production and sales strategies to reduce production costs and enhance product competitiveness.

業績回顧

二零一九年,本集團經營收入約人民幣 8,035,206千元,同比增長約11.7%。其中, 肉品事業、國內飼料事業、食品事業、東南 亞飼料事業分別佔集團總經營收入的20.1%、 20%、25.4%、34.5%,食品事業收入在國內 三個事業群中已躍居第一。

本集團毛利約人民幣981,575千元,同比增長約29.1%。肉品事業、國內飼料事業、食品事業、東南亞飼料事業分別佔集團總毛利的20.3%、13.8%、35.1%、30.8%。在食品化發展策略的持續推動下,食品事業已成為本集團最重要且穩定的獲利來源。

本集團毛利較二零一八年增長約人民幣 221,275千元。另外,由於:

 本集團在天津投資的不動產項目去年應 佔盈利約人民幣17,484千元,本年為約 人民幣2,858千元;

BUSINESS REVIEW

In 2019, the operating income of the Group was approximately RMB8,035,206 thousand, representing a year-on-year increase of approximately 11.7%. The meat segment, domestic feeds segment, food segment and feed segment in Southeast Asia accounted for 20.1%, 20%, 25.4% and 34.5% of the Group's total operating income, respectively. The revenue of the food segment ranked first among the three domestic segments in the PRC.

The Group's gross profit amounted to approximately RMB981,575 thousand, representing an increase of approximately 29.1% as compared with last year. The meat segment, domestic feeds segment, food segment and feeds segment in Southeast Asia accounted for 20.3%, 13.8%, 35.1% and 30.8% of the Group's gross profit, respectively. Driven by the continuous development of food-based development strategies, the food segment has become the Group's most important and stable source of profit.

The gross profit of the Group increased by approximately RMB221,275 thousand as compared with 2018. On the other hand, due to the following:

 the real estate project invested by the Group in Tianjin generated a profit attributable of approximately RMB17,484 thousand last year, while the profit attributable for this year is approximately RMB2,858 thousand;

- 2. 本集團將境外控股公司以前年度匯入境 內子公司的部分投資性資金轉為借款性 質,並分批匯出,歸還境外銀行美元借 款,以降低匯率風險、控制利息費用。 此項安排產生匯兑損失約人民幣19,029 千元,去年同期無此項損失;
- 2. the Group converted part of the investment funds of foreign holding companies injected into domestic subsidiaries in previous years into borrowings and repatriated them in tranches to repay foreign bank loans in US dollars to reduce exchange rate risk and control interest expenses. This arrangement resulted in a foreign exchange loss of approximately RMB19,029 thousand while there was no such loss in the same period last year;
- 3. 境內外借款利率同比均呈現不同程度上 漲,本集團財務開支同比增加約人民幣 10.453千元;及
- the interest rates on domestic and overseas borrowings increased at various degrees as compared with last year, and the Group's financial expenses increased by approximately RMB10,453 thousand year-on-year; and
- 4. 本集團本期確認固定資產減值淨值約人 民幣7,036千元,
- 4. the Group's net impairment recognised of fixed assets for the year is approximately RMB7,036 thousand,

本公司股東應佔溢利約人民幣133,683千元,較去年同期增長約人民幣120,548千元。

profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company amounted to RMB133,683 thousand, representing an increase of RMB120,548 thousand as compared with the same period of last year.

肉品

MEAT PRODUCT

		二零一九年 2019	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	增減百分比 % change
經營收入(人民幣千元)	Turnover (RMB'000)	1,614,836	1,134,149	42.4
毛利(人民幣千元)	Gross profit (RMB'000)	199,428	130,056	53.3
毛利率(%)	Gross profit margin (%)	12.3	11.5	

肉品事業主要銷售「姐妹廚房」品牌的冰鮮及冷凍雞肉,初加工的滑嫩雞肉,向速食店、內外部食品加工廠及加工食品服務商供應雞肉,以及向契約農戶提供飼料和雛雞,並回收其養大之成雞。生產區域覆蓋東北、華北及華東,銷售網絡遍及全國。

The meat product segment mainly sells chilled and frozen chicken meat under the brand of "Sister's Kitchen" and lightly processed tender chicken meat, sells chicken meat to fast food shops, internal and external food processors and food processing service providers, and supplies feeds and day-old-chicks to contract farmers and recycles the grown chickens. The production region of the segment covers Northeast China, North China and East China while its sales network covers the entire nation.

業績回顧

二零一九年,受限於自養種雞場規模較小,種蛋和雞雛大部分來源於外部種雞場,採購成本隨市場行情走高,肉品事業未能獲得雞雛行情暴漲的高額利潤。但該事業通過優化養殖戶結構、加強養殖技術服務、扶持養殖戶籠養改造、改善飼料性能等措施持續降低養殖成本,實現養殖利潤最大化。同時,電宰廠持續推動設備自動化改造,減少人工,降低加工費用。多項措施下,肉品事業毛利較去年同期增加約人民幣69.372千元,成長53.3%。

BUSINESS REVIEW

In 2019, due to the small scale of self-bred chicken farms, most of the breeder eggs and day-old chicks came from external breeder farms. As the cost of procurement was on the rise in line with the market situation, the meat segment failed to obtain high profit from the day-old chicks market. However, the segment continued to lower the cost and maximize the profit of breeding through measures such as optimizing the structure of farmers, strengthening the technical services of farming, supporting farmers to change the way of rearing to caging and improving feed performance. At the same time, the electric slaughterhouse continued to promote the automation transformation of equipment, lower labor and processing costs. With all these measures, the gross profit of meat segment increased by approximately RMB69,372 thousand as compared with the same period of last year, representing a growth of 53.3%.

未來策略

肉品事業堅守的去風險化之營運策略仍將在未來繼續得到落實執行,具體包括:(i)於2020年內達成種雞自養場與合作養殖場提供電宰廠所需50%雞雛來源,其餘50%雞雛按照市價走勢與外部種雞場簽訂分紅的戰略合作供貨合同;(ii)鼓勵契約農戶網養改籠養,協助其進行管理優化,降低養殖費用,提升養殖績效;(iii)繼續推動電宰廠設備自動化改造項目;以及(iv)持續提高本集團雞肉轉化為調理及深加工食品的比例,規避肉品行情下行時的市場風險等。

FUTURE STRATEGIES

The operating strategy of "eliminating risk" adhered by the meat product segment will continue to be implemented in future, particular measures of which include: (i) achieving the provision of 50% of the day-old chicks by broiler self-breeding farms and cooperative farms in 2020, and the signing of strategic cooperation supply contracts with external broiler farms for the remaining 50% of the day-old chicks depending on the market price trend; (ii) to encourage contract farmers to change the way of rearing from netting to caging, to assist them to strengthen management, reduce the rearing and breeding fees and raise the rearing and breeding efficiency; (iii) to continue promoting automation transformation projects for equipment in the electrical slaughterhouse; and (iv) to continue increasing the proportion of converting the Group's chicken meat to prepared food and deeply processed food products and eliminate market risk when the meat market is on decline, etc.

禽畜飼料(來自外部客戶)

LIVESTOCK FEEDS (FROM EXTERNAL CUSTOMERS)

		二零一九年	二零一八年	增減百分比
		2019	2018	% change
經營收入(人民幣千元)	Turnover (RMB'000)			
一中國	– China	1,606,821	1,604,760	0.1
一越南、馬來西亞	– Vietnam and Malaysia	2,772,261	2,644,595	4.8
合計	Total	4,379,082	4,249,355	3.1
毛利(人民幣千元)	Gross profit (RMB'000)			
一中國	– China	135,146	82,007	64.8
一越南、馬來西亞	– Vietnam and Malaysia	302,165	237,834	27.0
合計	Total	437,311	319,841	36.7
毛利率(%)	Gross profit margin (%)			
-中國	– China	8.4	5.1	
一越南、馬來西亞	– Vietnam and Malaysia	10.9	9.0	
合計	Total	10.0	7.5	

飼料事業的經營收入主要來自對中國、越南及 馬來西亞的外部客戶銷售豬料、肉雞及蛋雞 飼料。玉米及豆粕為飼料事業的主要原料, 「補克博士」、「SOS」為飼料事業的主要產品品 牌,生產與銷售區域覆蓋越南、馬來西亞,以 及中國的東北、華北、華中和西南地區。

The operating income of the feeds segment was primarily derived from the sales of pig feeds, broiler and egg chicken feeds to external customers in China, Vietnam and Malaysia. Corn and soybean are the primary raw materials of feeds sold by the Group. The main product brands of this segment are "Dr. Nupak" and "SOS". The production and sales region of this segment covered Vietnam, Malaysia and northeastern, northern, central and southwestern China.

業績回顧

二零一九年,在非洲豬瘟的衝擊下,國內能繁母豬與生豬存欄量驟降。本集團面對市場變化及時調整產品結構和營銷策略,雖然豬料銷量下滑1.7%,但禽料對外銷量成長了10.6%,外售禽料在總銷量中的佔比亦由去年同期55.4%增長至57.8%。

東南亞飼料事業亦受到非洲豬瘟的影響,豬料銷量較二零一八年減少8.5%。本集團積極調整銷售策略,加大禽料市場推廣力度,禽料銷量同比增長31.9%。禽料在總銷量中的佔比亦由去年同期30.3%增長至37.4%。

在不利的市場環境與激烈競爭下,飼料事業通 過產品結構調整和成本控制,國內飼料與東 南亞飼料毛利分別較二零一八年增長64.8%和 27.0%。

BUSINESS REVIEW

In 2019, under the impact of African swine fever, the domestic reproductive sow and pig inventories decreased drastically. In the face of market changes, the Group adjusted the product structure and marketing strategies in a timely manner. Although the sales volume of pig feed decreased by 1.7%, the external sales volume of poultry feed increased by 10.6%, and the proportion of external sales volume of poultry feed increased to 57.8% from 55.4% in the same period last year.

The feeds segment in Southeast Asia was also affected by African swine fever, with the sales volume of pig feed decreasing by 8.5% as compared with 2018. The Group actively adjusted the sales strategy and with the increasing efforts in the marketing of poultry feeds, the sales volume of poultry feeds increased by 31.9% year-on-year. The proportion of poultry feeds in total sales volume also increased from 30.3% in the same period last year to 37.4%.

Under the unfavorable market environment and fierce competition, the gross profit of domestic feeds and Southeast Asia feeds increased by 64.8% and 27.0% respectively, compared with 2018 as a result of the product structural adjustment and cost control of the feed segment.

未來策略

飼料事業將繼續奉行如下策略:(i)利用腸道免疫力抗營養技術,集中母豬及小豬功能性飼料的營銷推廣;(ii)加大禽料產品研發力度,打造禽料核心競爭力;(iii)篩選重要價值客戶,為其提供產品、技術及服務支持,提升價值客戶的忠誠度和貢獻度;以及(iv)強化大宗原料採購系統管理,形成原料成本優勢。

FUTURE STRATEGIES

The feeds segment will continue to pursue the following strategies: (i) to take advantage of the intestinal immunity antinutrition technology and to focus on marketing activities for sow and piglet feeds products; (ii) to increase the research and development of poultry feeds and build up our core competitiveness in poultry feeds; (iii) to select valued customers and offer them products, technical and service support so as to enhance their loyalty and contribution to the Group; and (iv) to strengthen the management of bulk raw materials procurement systems to create raw material cost advantages.

加工食品

PROCESSED FOOD

		二零一九年	二零一八年	增減百分比
		2019	2018	% change
經營收入(人民幣千元)	Turnover (RMB'000)			
一中國內地	– Mainland China	1,549,722	1,278,804	21.2
一出口	– Export	491,566	529,603	-7.2
合計	Total	2,041,288	1,808,407	12.9
毛利(人民幣千元)	Gross profit (RMB'000)			
一中國內地	– Mainland China	288,198	226,173	27.4
一出口	– Export	56,638	84,230	-32.8
合計	Total	344,836	310,403	11.1
毛利率(%)	Gross profit margin (%)			
一中國內地	– Mainland China	18.6	17.7	
一出口	– Export	11.5	15.9	
合計	Total	16.9	17.2	

加工食品業務包括生產及分銷「姐妹廚房」品牌的調理食品以及滾揉醃製、滷製、預炸、蒸煮及碳烤類食品。客戶群則包括終端消費市場和專業市場的客戶,銷售通路主要為團膳、烘焙、休閒、外燴、國際客戶、關鍵客戶及零售消費市場。銷售區域覆蓋日本、新加坡、香港、中國東北、華北、華東、華南、華中,以及西北和西南等內陸區域。

of prepared food under the "Sister's Kitchen" brand, as well as centrifuged and marinated, stewed, pre-fried, steamed and grilled food items. The processed food products of the Group were not only sold in the PRC market, but were also exported to overseas markets like Japan. Customer groups include customers at end-consumer markets and professional markets. The sales channels of the processed food segment are mainly group catering, bakery, casual catering, takeaways, international customers, key customers as well as the retail consumption market. The sales areas of the processed food segment cover Japan, Singapore, Hong Kong, northeastern, northern, eastern, southern and central China and inland regions such as northwestern and southwestern China.

The processed food segment includes the production and sales

業績回顧

二零一九年,受日本客戶在泰國工廠投產及日本國內消費業態變化的不利影響,加工食品事業出口收入較二零一八年下降約7.2%,疊加原料成本上漲之影響,毛利同比下降約32.8%。內銷食品事業的區域佈局與渠道搭建則日臻完美,市場規模穩定成長。原料肉行情上漲壓力之下,本集團積極調整產品結構、優化工藝流程和研發配方,不僅實現了收入增長21.2%,毛利較去年同期亦成長27.4%。

BUSINESS REVIEW

In 2019, due to the adverse impact of the commencement of operation of the factory set up in Thailand by our Japanese customer and changes in the domestic consumer patterns in Japan, the export revenue of processed food segment decreased by approximately 7.2% as compared with 2018, and the gross profit decreased by approximately 32.8% due to the increase in raw material cost. The regional sales and channel structure of domestic food segment have become increasingly perfect, and the market size is growing steadily. Under the pressure of soaring raw meat price, the Group has been actively adjusting its product structure, optimizing technical process as well as research and development formulas, which led to an increase of 21.2% in revenue and a growth of 27.4% in gross profit as compared with the same period last year.

未來策略

本集團堅持以安心、可溯源為品牌核心,抓住中國國民對食品安全關注的契機,打造獨特的品牌優勢。加工食品事業將繼續奉行以下策略:在中國市場上:(1)持續貫徹專業餐單整合服務策略:(2)針對六大戰略渠道精準研發行銷:(3)做強電商品牌運營,結合線下家庭消費渠道深挖,建構線上/線下品牌傳播進而實現促C端帶動B端的互惠優勢。在外銷市場上,本集團將繼續運用對日系產品的優勢研發資源開發新加坡、香港等地區客戶,分散出口市場風險。

自二零二零年初以來,新型冠狀病毒肺炎爆發 為本集團的營運環境帶來額外不明朗因素,並 對本集團的營運及財務狀況造成影響。

本集團一直密切監察事態發展對本集團業務的 影響,並已實施應急措施。該等應變措施包 括:增加更多冷藏地點;增加物流活動的選 擇;評估對合約農戶的影響以及與高風險的養 殖戶聯絡;及發展更多銷售渠道。本集團將因 應情況的發展,不時檢討應變措施。

就本集團的業務而言,該爆發導致若干附屬公司於二零二零年二月的生產延遲,雞肉銷量及加工食品銷售下降。本集團已採取上述應變措施作出回應。根據現時可得資料,管理層估計此將不會導致於二零一九年十二月三十一日的存貨及貿易應收款項結餘產生額外減值虧損。隨著形勢的不斷發展及可能獲得更多資料,實際影響可能與該等估計有所不同。

FUTURE STRATEGIES

The core values of the Group's branding are assurance and traceability. Seizing the opportunities arising from concerns over food safety of the Chinese people, the Group has developed a unique edge for its brand. The processed food segment will continue to work out the following strategies: for China market: (i) to continue to implement the professional menu integration service strategy; (ii) to accurate R&D and marketing for the six strategic channels; (iii) to strengthen the operation of e-commerce brands and deepen the combination of offline household consumption channels to build online/offline brand communication then realizes the reciprocal advantage of promoting C-end to drive B-end. For the export market, the Group will continue to utilize its advantageous in research of resources for Japanese style products to further the development of customer base in regions such as Singapore and Hong Kong in order to diversify risks in the export market.

The COVID-19 outbreak since early 2020 has brought about additional uncertainties in the Group's operating environment and has impacted the Group's operations and financial position.

The Group has been closely monitoring the impact of the developments of the incident on the Group's businesses and has put in place contingency measures. These contingency measures include: increasing additional cold storage locations; increasing our options for logistics movements; assessing the impact on contract farmers and liaising with high-risk farmers; developing more sales channels. The Group will keep our contingency measures under review as the situation evolves.

As far as the Group's businesses are concerned, the outbreak has caused production delays for certain subsidiaries in February 2020 and a decrease in the sales of chicken meat and processed food. The Group has initiated the above contingency measures to respond. Based on the information currently available, the management estimated that this would not result in additional impairment losses on the 31 December 2019 balances of inventories and trade receivables. The actual impacts may differ from these estimates as situation continues to evolve and further information may become available.

管理層討論與分析

Management Discussion and Analysis

財務回顧:

1) 其他經營收入及經營開支

二零一九年,本集團錄得其他經營收入 約人民幣18,706千元(二零一八年:約 人民幣18,054千元),當中主要包括利 息收入和政府補助。其他經營收入的增 加主要源於利息收入的增加。

二零一九年,本集團之其他淨損失約人 民幣31,190千元(二零一八年:收益約 人民幣19,780千元)。其他淨損失主要 包括匯兑淨損失和資產處置淨損失。

分銷成本佔經營收入總額約4.87%(二零一八年:約5.32%)。

行政開支佔經營收入約3.52%(二零 一八年:約4.28%)。

2) 流動資金、財務資源及資本架構

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團的現金及銀行存款結餘約為人民幣370,102千元,較二零一八年減少約人民幣38,619千元。本集團的計息借款減少約人民幣252,637千元至約人民幣882,622千元(二零一八年:約人民幣1,135,259千元)。於二零一九年十二月三十一日,計息借款與權益的比率約為43.9%(二零一八年:約62.1%)。流動比率維持於約1.41倍(二零一八年:約1.77倍)的穩健水準。

3) 資本開支

二零一九年,本集團耗資約人民幣 184,222千元購買物業、機器及設備。 本集團的內部資源及銀行借款為資本開 支的主要資金來源。

FINANCIAL REVIEW:

1) OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND OPERATING EXPENSES

In 2019, the Group recorded other operating income of approximately RMB18,706 thousand (2018: approximately RMB18,054 thousand) which mainly comprised of interest income and government subsidies. The increase in other operating income was mainly due to the increase in interest income.

In 2019, other net losses of the Group amounted to approximately RMB31,190 thousand (2018: gains of approximately RMB19,780 thousand). Other net losses mainly include net foreign exchange loss and net loss on the disposal of assets.

Distribution costs accounted for approximately 4.87% of total turnover (2018: approximately 5.32%).

Administrative expenses accounted for approximately 3.52% of turnover (2018: approximately 4.28%).

2) LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 December 2019, the Group's cash and bank deposit balances amounted to approximately RMB370,102 thousand, representing a decrease of approximately RMB38,619 thousand from 2018. The Group's interest-bearing borrowings decreased by approximately RMB252,637 thousand to approximately RMB882,622 thousand (2018: approximately RMB1,135,259 thousand). As at 31 December 2019, the interest-bearing borrowings to equity ratio was approximately 43.9% (2018: approximately 62.1%). Current ratio was maintained at a healthy level of approximately 1.41 times (2018: approximately 1.77 times).

3) CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

In 2019, the Group's capital expenditure on the acquisition of properties, machinery and equipment amounted to approximately RMB184,222 thousand which was primarily paid from internal resources and bank borrowings.

4) 匯率

本集團的業務交易主要以人民幣、美元 及越南盾計值。於回顧年度內,越南盾 對人民幣升值約1.47%,人民幣對美元 貶值約1.65%。

5) 利息

本集團於二零一九年的利息開支約為人 民幣45,860千元(二零一八年:約人民 幣35,407千元),較二零一八年增加約 29.5%,利息開支的增加主要是由於借 款利率的上漲。

6) 股息

為保留資源用作本集團之業務發展,董 事會決定不分派二零一九年度之股息 (二零一八年年度亦無分派)。

7) 資產抵押

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團 無銀行授信之抵押品。

8) 資本承擔

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團 已訂約但未於財務報表作出撥備的資本 開支約為人民幣85,280千元(二零一八 年:約人民幣89,145千元),已授權但 未訂約的資本開支約為人民幣90,901 千元(二零一八年:約人民幣76,992千元)。

4) EXCHANGE RATE

The Group's business transactions are mainly denominated in RMB, USD and VND. During the year under review, VND against RMB appreciated by approximately 1.47% while RMB against USD depreciated by approximately 1.65%.

5) Interest

In 2019, the Group's interest expense amounted to approximately RMB45,860 thousand (2018: approximately RMB35,407 thousand), representing an increase of approximately 29.5% from 2018. The increase in interest expenses was mainly due to the increasing borrowing rates.

6) DIVIDENDS

To reserve the resources for the Group's business development, the Board decides not to distribute any dividend for the year 2019 (2018: no distribution).

7) CHARGE ON ASSETS

As at 31 December 2019, the Group had no security against bank facilities.

8) CAPITAL COMMITMENT

As at 31 December 2019, the capital expenditure of the Group contracted for but not provided in the financial statements was approximately RMB85,280 thousand (2018: approximately RMB89,145 thousand) and the capital expenditure authorised but not contracted for was approximately RMB90,901 thousand (2018: approximately RMB76,992 thousand).

僱員薪酬及培訓

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團共有 9,900名僱員(二零一八年十二月三十一日: 10,619名)。本集團根據行業慣例、財務表現 及僱員的工作表現向僱員支付薪酬,以建立一 支由專業員工及管理層組成的團隊,滿足本 公司發展需要。本集團十分重視僱員培訓及 發展,並認為優秀的僱員是本集團的核心競爭 力。本集團為管理層員工及其他僱員提供多項 培訓項目,以不斷提升彼等的工作技能及行業 知識。本集團執行此等計劃乃為提高員工的質 素,同時為彼等提供最佳的個人職業發展機 會。本集團根據業界標準、財務業績及僱員個 人表現定期檢討薪酬及福利政策,以為僱員提 供公平且具競爭優勢的薪酬。為挽留忠誠的僱 員,本集團亦提供諸如保險、醫療福利及公積 金等其他附加福利。

EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION AND TRAINING

As at 31 December 2019, the Group had a total of 9,900 employees (31 December 2018: 10,619). The Group has paid remuneration to its staff with reference to industry practice, the financial performance of the Group and the employee's work performance in order to form a team of professional staff and management to fulfil the development needs of the Company. The Group places great emphasis on the training and development of employees and regards excellent employees as the Group's core competitiveness. With a view to constantly enhancing their job skills and industry knowledge, the Group has offered various training programs to its members of management and other employees. The Group implemented these programs not only to enhance the quality of its staff, but also to give best chances for development of their personal career. The Group regularly reviews compensation and benefit policies according to industry benchmark, financial results as well as the individual performance of employees so as to offer fair and competitive compensation packages to the employees. Other fringe benefits including insurance, medical benefits and provident fund are also provided to retain loyal employees.

董事及高級管理人員履歷 Directors and Senior Management Profile

董事

執行董事

尉安寧先生,57歲,自二零一四年十月 三十一日起擔任本公司獨立非執行董事、薪酬 委員會主席以及審核委員會及提名委員會成 員。自二零二零年三月一日,尉先生由獨立非 執行董事調任為執行董事,及獲委任為本公 司董事會(「董事會」,本公司董事以下簡稱「董 事」)主席、執行委員會主席,同時辭任審核委 員會成員以及薪酬委員會主席。自二零二零年 三月二日起,尉安寧先生辭任本公司薪酬委員 會成員及提名委員會成員。尉先生現為上海穀 旺投資管理有限公司執行董事及總經理,彼亦 擔任東方證券股份有限公司(其股份在上海證 券交易所上市(股份代號:600958)及香港聯 合交易所有限公司上市(股份代號:3958))、 華寶基金管理有限公司、佳禾食品工業股份 有限公司獨立董事、煙台張裕葡萄釀酒股份 有限公司(其股份在深圳證券交易所上市,股 份代號:000869)、江蘇金融租賃股份有限公 司(其股份在上海証券交易所上市(股份代號: 600901))董事。彼曾擔任世界銀行農業自然 資源局農業經濟專家、荷蘭合作銀行東北亞區 農業食品研究主管及比利時富通銀行中國區首 席執行官兼上海分行行長。彼還擔任過四川新 希望集團常務副總裁、山東六和集團總裁、山 東亞太中慧集團有限公司董事長及寧波天邦股 份有限公司獨立董事(其股份在深圳證券交易 所上市,股份代號:002124)。尉先生對金融 業和農牧食品行業的交融、農牧食品行業的發 展、農牧食品企業的運作和治理有深刻理解和 豐富的經驗。

DIRECTORS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wei Anning(尉安寧), aged 57, had been an independent non-executive director of the Company, the chairman of the remuneration committee and member of the audit committee and the nomination committee of the Company since 31 October 2014. Mr. Wei has been re-designated from an independent non-executive Director to an executive Director, and has been appointed as the chairman of the board (the "Board") of directors ("Directors") of the Company and the chairman of the executive committee of the Company with effect from 1 March 2020. Also, Mr. Wei resigned as a member of the audit committee and the chairman of the remuneration committee of the Company with effect from 1 March 2020. Mr. Wei Anning resigned as a member of the remuneration committee and a member of the nomination committee of the Company with effect from 2 March 2020. Mr. Wei is the executive director and general manager of Shanghai Gueva Investment Management Limited (上海穀旺投 資管理有限公司), an independent director of Orient Securitites Company Limited (東方證券股份有限公司), whose shares are listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 600958) and the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (Stock Code: 3958), Fortune Fund Management Co., Ltd (華寶基金管理有限公司) and Jiahe Food Industry Corporation Limited (佳禾食品工業股份有限 公司), and a director of Yantai Changyu Pioneer Wine Company Limited (煙台張裕葡萄釀酒股份有限公司), whose shares are listed on Shenzhen Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 000869), and JiangSu Financial Leasing Corporation Limited (江蘇金融租賃股份 有限公司), whose shares are listed on Shanghai Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 600901). He was an agricultural economist of the Department of Agricultural and Natural Resources of the World Bank, a manager of food & agribusiness research of the Rabobank Group (Northeast Division), and the CEO (China Region) and president (Shanghai Branch) of Fortis Bank S.A./ N.V. He was also the executive vice president of Sichuan New Hope Group (四川新希望集團), the president of Shandong Liuhe Group (山東六和集團), the chairman of the board of directors of Chinwhiz Agribusiness Co., Ltd. (山東亞太中慧集團有限公 司) and an independent director of Ningbo Tech-Bank Co., Ltd. (寧波天邦股份有限公司), whose shares are listed on Shenzhen Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 002124). Mr. Wei has in-depth understanding and rich experience in the integration of finance and the agricultural and livestock food industry, the development of agricultural and livestock food industry, the operation and management of agricultural and livestock food corporations.

董事及高級管理人員履歷

Directors and Senior Management Profile

尉先生於一九八二年取得南開大學經濟學學士 學位,於一九八六年及一九九一年分別取得北京大學及美國威廉姆斯學院經濟學碩士學位, 並於一九九七年取得美國伊利諾伊大學香檳阿 版納校區農業經濟學博士學位。

韓家寅先生,59歲,自二零一一年十月 二十七日起獲委任為執行董事及本公司執行 委員會成員。彼於二零一二年三月一日至 二零一六年四月一日擔任本公司首席執行 官。韓先生亦擔任大成長城企業股份有限 公司(「大成長城企業」)之董事,該公司於臺 灣註冊成立,其股份於臺灣證券交易所([臺 交所1) 上市,是本公司之間接控股股東。彼 曾任大成長城集團餐飲服務群之總經理,並 於多個臺灣的食品產業公會擔任職務。彼亦 擔任Impreza Investments Limited、Great Wall Dalian Investment Co., Ltd. Dongbei Agri Corporation · Great Wall Kuang-Ming Investment (BVI) Co., Ltd. Miyasun Great Wall. (BVI) Co., Ltd. Great Wall Northeast Asia Corporation · Great Wall Nutrition Technologies SDN. BHD . Asia Nutrition Technologies (VN) Investment Co., Ltd.、臺 畜大成食品有限公司、大成食品(大連)有限公 司、深圳綠倍生態科技有限公司和天津達成興 業房地產開發有限公司的董事。

韓先生於臺灣逢甲大學取得資訊系學士學位, 並於美國紐海文大學取得電腦碩士學位。彼是 韓家宇先生、韓家宸先生及韓家寰先生的弟 弟,韓芳祖先生的叔叔。 Mr. Wei obtained his bachelor's degree in Economics in Nankai University in 1982, his master's degrees in Economics in Peking University in 1986 and in Williams College in the United States in 1991 and his doctorate degree in Agricultural Economics in University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign in the United States in 1997.

Mr. Han Chia-Yin(韓家寅), aged 59, has been appointed as an executive Director and a member of the executive committee of the Company since 27 October 2011. He was the Chief Executive Officer of the Company from 1 March 2012 to 1 April 2016. He also serves as a director of Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd. ("GWE"), a company incorporated in Taiwan, whose shares are listed on Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation ("Taiwan Exchange") and is the indirect controlling shareholder of the Company. He was the general manager of the Great Wall Group Food Service Division and held a number of positions in several associations of the food industry in Taiwan. He is also a director of Impreza Investments Limited, Great Wall Dalian Investment Co., Ltd., Dongbei Agri Corporation, Great Wall Kuang-Ming Investment (BVI) Co., Ltd., Miyasun Great Wall. (BVI) Co., Ltd., Great Wall Northeast Asia Corporation, Great Wall Nutrition Technologies SDN. BHD, Asia Nutrition Technologies (VN) Investment Co., Ltd., Taixu & DaChan Foods Co., Limited (臺畜大 成食品有限公司), Great Wall Food (Dalian) Co., Limited (大成食品 (大連)有限公司), Green Pac Bio Co., Ltd. (深圳綠倍生態科技有限 公司) and Advent Prosperity Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. (天 津達成興業房地產開發有限公司).

Mr. Han graduated from Feng Chia University in Taiwan with a bachelor's degree in Information Engineering & Computer Science and obtained a master's degree in Computer Science from the University of New Haven in USA. He is a younger brother of Mr. Han Chia-Yau, Mr. Harn Jia-Chen and Mr. Han Jia-Hwan and an uncle of Mr. Jonathan Fang-Tsu Han.

董事及高級管理人員履歷 Directors and Senior Management Profile

非執行董事

趙天星先生,73歲,自二零零七年起擔任非執行董事及僑泰興投資股份有限公司主席兼董事,彼亦為致福投資股份有限公司的主席兼董事,以及中華民國紅十字會總會副會長。

趙先生畢業於淡江大學,持有灌溉工程學士學 位,擁有豐富的信息技術業及傳統工業(如食 品及服務)管理經驗。

韓家宇先生,70歲,自二零零七年起擔任非執行董事及本公司薪酬委員會成員。韓先生於一九九一年加入大成長城企業,並自一九九五年至二零零一年期間出任大成長城企業副董事長。彼自二零零一年起一直擔任大成長城企業主席。彼亦為大統益股份有限公司(其股份於臺交所上市)的董事。

韓先生先分別於一九七三年及一九七八年獲得 中原理工學院學士學位及美國康乃狄克大學電 腦碩士學位。彼是韓家寰先生、韓家宸先生及 韓家寅先生之兄長,韓芳祖先生的伯父。

韓家宸先生,65歲,自二零零七年起擔任非執行董事及本公司提名委員會成員,自二零一九年一月一日起調任為董事會主席、執行董事、本公司執行委員會主席、及薪酬委員會成員,自二零二零年三月一日起辭任董事會主席及執行委員會主席,及由執行董事調任為非執行董事。彼自一九八四年起擔任大成長城企業副董事長。彼自一九九五年起任大成長城企業的附屬公司大成食品(天津)有限公司(從事麵粉生產業務)的董事長,自二零零一年起一直

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chao Tien-Shin (趙天星), aged 73, has been a non-executive Director and the Chairman and a director of CTS Investment Corporation since 2007. He is also the Chairman and a director of Zhi Fu Investment Corporation. Mr. Chao serves as the Vice President of The Red Cross Society of the Republic of China (Taiwan) (中華民國紅十字會總會).

Mr. Chao graduated from Tamkang University (淡江大學) with a bachelor's degree in irrigation engineering. He has extensive business management experience in both the information technology industry and traditional industries, such as food and services.

Mr. Han Chia-Yau (韓家宇), aged 70, has been a non-executive Director and a member of the remuneration committee of the Company since 2007. Mr. Han joined GWE in 1991 and he was the vice chairman of the board of directors of GWE from 1995 to 2001. Since 2001, Mr. Han has been the chairman of GWE. He is also a director of TTET Union Corporation, whose shares are listed on the Taiwan Exchange.

Mr. Han obtained a bachelor's degree from Chung Yuan Christian University (中原理工學院) and a master's degree in Computer Science from the University of Connecticut in 1973 and 1978 respectively. He is an older brother of Mr. Han Jia-Hwan, Mr. Harn Jia-Chen and Mr. Han Chia-Yin and an uncle of Mr. Jonathan Fang-Tsu Han.

Mr. Harn Jia-Chen (韓家宸), aged 65, had been a non-executive Director and a member of the nomination committee of the Company since 2007, and had been re-designated as the chairman of the Board, an executive Director, the chairman of the executive committee and a member of the remuneration committee of the Company with effect from 1 January 2019. He has resigned as the chairman of the Board and the chairman of the executive committee of the Company, and has been re-designated from an executive Director to a non-executive Director with effect from 1 March 2020. Since 1984, Mr. Harn

董事及高級管理人員履歷

Directors and Senior Management Profile

擔任北京大成永和食品有限公司董事長,自 一九九九年起一直擔任大成萬達(天津)有限公 司董事長,一九九七年至二零零六年期間擔任 大成食品(蛇口)有限公司董事,自二零零六年 起擔任大成食品(蛇口)有限公司董事長,二零 零三年起至今擔任大成昭和食品(天津)有限公 司董事長,二零零六年五月至二零一五年四月 期間擔任天津市臺灣同胞投資企業協會會長, 二零一五年五月至今擔任天津市臺灣同胞投資 企業協會榮譽會長,二零零七年四月至二零一 零年五月期間當選全國臺灣同胞投資企業聯誼 會副會長,二零一零年五月至二零一五年四月 期間當選全國臺灣同胞投資企業聯誼會常務副 會長,二零一五年五月至今當選全國臺灣同胞 投資企業聯誼會顧問,自一九九九年五月起擔 任華北農業公司(Hwabei Agri Corporation)之 董事,自一九九九年二月起擔任大成萬達(香 港)有限公司之董事,自二零零零年十一月起 擔任聯合製造有限公司(Union Manufacturing Limited)之董事。

has been the vice chairman of the board of directors of GWE. Since 1995, he has been the chairman of the board of directors of Great Wall Food (Tianiin) Co., Ltd. (大成食品(天津)有限公司), a subsidiary of GWE engaged in flour production. Since 2001, he has been the chairman of the board of directors of Great Wall Yung Huo Food (Beijing) Co., Ltd. (北京大成永和食品有限公司). Since 1999, he has been the chairman of the board of directors of DaChan Wanda (Tianjin) Co., Ltd. (大成萬達(天津)有限公 司). From 1997 to 2006, he was the director of Great Wall Food (Shekou) Co., Ltd. (大成食品(蛇口)有限公司). Since 2006, he has been the chairman of the board of directors of Great Wall Food (Shekou) Co., Ltd. Since 2003, he has been the chairman of the board of directors of DaChan Showa Food (Tianjin) Co., Ltd. (大成 昭和食品(天津)有限公司). From May 2006 to April 2015, he was the president of Taiwan Asset Enterprise Association of Tianjin (天津市臺灣同胞投資企業協會). Since May 2015, he has been the honorary president of Taiwan Asset Enterprise Association of Tianjin. From April 2007 to May 2010, he was elected as the vicechairman of the Association of Taiwan Investment Enterprises on the Mainland (全國臺灣同胞投資企業聯誼會). From May 2010 to April 2015, he was the standing vice president of the Association of Taiwan Investment Enterprises on the Mainland. Since May 2015, he has been the consultant of the Association of Taiwan Investment Enterprises on the Mainland. He has been a director of Hwabei Agri Corporation (華北農業公司) since May 1999, a director of DaChan Wanda (HK) Limited (大成萬達(香港)有限公 司) since February 1999, and a director of Union Manufacturing Limited (聯合製造有限公司) since November 2000.

韓先生於一九八六年獲得美國紐海文大學企業 管理碩士學位。彼是韓家寰先生及韓家寅先生 之兄長及是韓家宇先生的弟弟,韓芳祖先生的 伯父。 Mr. Harn obtained his master's degree in business administration from the University of New Haven in 1986. He is an older brother of Mr. Han Jia-Hwan, Mr. Han Chia-Yin and a younger brother of Mr. Han Chia-Yau and an uncle of Mr. Jonathan Fang-Tsu Han.

董事及高級管理人員履歷 Directors and Senior Management Profile

韓家寰先生,64歲,自二零一九年一月一日起擔任非執行董事及本公司提名委員會成員。彼於自二零零七年至二零一八年期間擔任董事會主席及執行董事,本公司薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員兼執行委員會主席。韓先生擁有逾30年亞太地區飼料及食品生產的業務經驗。為肯定韓先生對農業所作出的貢獻,彼於一九九四年獲選為臺灣十大傑出青年之一。韓先生擔任臺畜大成食品有限公司、深圳綠倍生態科技有限公司和天津海瑞食品有限公司的董事長。彼亦擔任Great Wall Agritech (Liaoning) Company Limited (BVI)、臺畜大成食品控股有限公司、Asia Nutrition Technologies (VN) Investment Co., Ltd.以及Food China Inc.的董事。

韓先生先後於一九七七年及一九八三年獲得國 立政治大學企業管理學士學位及美國芝加哥大 學企業管理碩士學位。彼是韓家宇先生及韓家 宸先生的弟弟,韓家寅先生的兄長,韓芳祖先 生的父親。

獨立非執行董事

陳治先生,66歲,自二零零七年起擔任獨立 非執行董事、本公司提名委員會主席兼審核委 員會及薪酬委員會成員。自一九九六年起,陳 先生擔任通用電氣(中國)醫療系統集團總裁, 自二零零一年十一月晉升為通用電氣公司副總 裁,彼於二零零九年自通用電氣公司退任。陳 先生亦自二零零九年起擔任世康融醫療集團有 限公司主席。 Mr. Han Jia-Hwan (韓家寰), aged 64, has been redesignated as a non-executive Director and a member of the nomination committee of the Company with effect from 1 January 2019. From 2007 to 2018, he had been the chairman of the Board and an executive Director, a member of the remuneration committee and nomination committee and the Chairman of the executive committee of the Company. Mr. Han has over 30 years of experience in feeds and food production business in the Asia Pacific region. In recognition of his contributions to the agricultural industry, Mr. Han was elected as one of the Ten Outstanding Young Persons (十大傑出青年) in Taiwan in 1994. Mr. Han is the chairman of Taixu & DaChan Foods Co., Limited (臺畜大成食品有限公司), Green Pac Bio Co., Ltd. (深圳綠倍生態 科技有限公司) and TianJin Hai Rei Food Limited (天津海瑞食品 有限公司). He is also a director of Great Wall Agritech (Liaoning) Company Limited (BVI), Taixu & DaChan Foods Holdings Co., Limited (臺畜大成食品控股有限公司), Asia Nutrition Technologies (VN) Investment Co., Ltd., and Food China Inc.

Mr. Han received his bachelor's degree in business administration from National Cheng-chi University (國立政治大學) and a master's degree in business administration from the University of Chicago in 1977 and 1983 respectively. He is a younger brother of Mr. Han Chia-Yau, Mr. Harn Jia-Chen and an older brother of Mr. Han Chia-Yin and the father of Mr. Jonathan Fang-Tsu Han.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chen Chih (陳治), aged 66, has been an independent non-executive Director, the chairman of the nomination committee and a member of the audit committee and the remuneration committee of the Company since 2007. Mr. Chen served as the president of GE Medical Systems China since 1996 and was promoted to vice president of General Electric Company since November 2001. He retired from General Electric Company in 2009. Mr. Chen has also been the chairman of SKR Healthcare Group Limited (世康融醫療集團有限公司) since 2009.

董事及高級管理人員履歷

Directors and Senior Management Profile

陳先生於一九八四年獲得裡海大學機械工程博 士學位。

魏永篤先生,74歲,於二零零八年加入本公司,為獨立非執行董事、本公司審核委員會主席兼提名委員會及薪酬委員會成員。魏先生擁有逾35年財務顧問、會計及審核經驗,曾在臺灣之國際會計師事務所任職管理合夥人和總裁,並於二零零七年退休。自二零一二年起,魏先生担任永勤興業股份有限公司董事長,同時是下列於臺灣証券交易所上市公司的董事:

- 一 遠東百貨股份有限公司
- 一 聯強國際股份有限公司
- 一 神達投資控股股份有限公司
- 一 世界先進積體電路股份有限公司
- 一 劍麟股份有限公司
- 一 國泰金融控股股份有限公司
- 奇力新電子股份有限公司

魏先生畢業於臺灣東吳大學,持有會計學學士學位及美國喬治亞大學工商管理碩士學位,魏 先生具有臺灣及美國喬治亞州會計師資格,亦 為內部審計師協會註冊之內部審計師。 Mr. Chen received his Ph.D. degree in mechanical engineering from Lehigh University in 1984.

Mr. Way Yung-Do (魏永篤), aged 74, joined the Company in 2008, is an independent non-executive Director, the chairman of the audit committee and a member of the nomination committee and the remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. Way has over 35 years of experience in financial advisory, accounting and auditing and served as managing partner and CEO of an international accounting firm in Taiwan before retiring in 2007. Since 2012, Mr. Way served as the chairman of YCSY Co., LTD. (永勤興業股份有限公司). He is also a director of the following companies whose shares are listed on the Taiwan Exchange:

- Far Eastern Department Stores Co., Ltd.
- Synnex Technology International Corporation
- MiTAC Holdings Corporation
- Vanguard International Semiconductor Corporation
- Iron Force Industrial Co., Ltd.
- Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd.
- Chilisin Electronics Corporation

Mr. Way graduated from Soochow University (Taiwan) with a bachelor's degree in accounting and obtained a master's degree in business administration from the University of Georgia. Mr. Way has the public accountant qualifications in Taiwan and Georgia, U.S.A. He is also a certified internal auditor of the Institute of Internal Auditors.

董事及高級管理人員履歷 Directors and Senior Management Profile

丁玉山先生,69歲,自二零二零年三月二日 起擔任獨立非執行董事,本公司薪酬委員會主 席以及審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會 成員。丁先生自二零一六年起擔任大成長城企 業獨立董事及審計委員會與薪酬委員會主席。 丁先生於一九八五年獲得臺灣註冊會計師資 格。丁先生在財務顧問及會計等方面擁有豐富 的經驗。彼曾於一九八六年至一九九八年期 間擔任臺灣建業聯合會計師事務所會計師,於 一九九九年至二零零八年期間擔任臺灣安侯建 業聯合會計師事務所會計師。

丁先生擁有東吳大學會計系學士學位及東吳大 學會計研究所碩士學位。

高級管理層

歐倉舟先生,68歲,一九八零年加入本公司,自二零一六年四月一日起擔任本公司行政總裁,並於二零一七年九月一日至二零一八年十二月三十一日期間兼任本公司飼料運管理群以及食品營銷管理群主管,負責督導及監管本集團飼料、肉品及食品事業的營運業務。歐先生自2020年3月1日起辭任本公司行政總裁。歐先生於臺灣及大陸具有逾35年全球大宗商品採購、貿易業務及期貨避險之豐富經驗,並曾負責大豆,小麥,飼料與肉品一條龍等事業的加工營運業務及經營農糧電子商務業務多年。

歐先生於一九七四年獲得臺灣國立成功大學企 業管理學士學位。 Mr. Ting Yu-Shan (丁玉山), aged 69, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director, the chairman of the remuneration committee and a member of the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Company with effect from 2 March 2020. Mr. Ting serves as an independent director and the chairman of the audit committee and the remuneration committee of GWE since 2016. Mr. Ting qualified as a certified public accountant in Taiwan in 1985. Mr. Ting has extensive experience in areas such as financial advisory and accounting. He served as an accountant of Jianye United Certified Public Accountants (建業聯合會計師事務所) in Taiwan from 1986 to 1998, and an accountant of KPMG Taiwan (臺灣安 侯建業聯合會計師事務所) from 1999 to 2008.

Mr. Ting holds a bachelor's degree in accounting from Soochow University and a master's degree in accounting from Soochow University.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT TEAM

Mr. Ou Chang-Jou(歐倉舟), aged 68, joined the Company in 1980 and has been the Chief Executive Officer of the Company since 1 April 2016. And he had been the head of Feed Operation Management Group and Food Solutions & Marketing Group of the Company from 1 September 2017 to 31 December 2018. He was responsible for the supervision and regulation of the operating business of feed, meat and food business. Mr. Ou has resigned as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company with effect from 1 March 2020. Mr. Ou has accumulated over 35 years of experience in global large scale commodity procurement, trading business operation and futures hedging in Taiwan and Mainland China and was responsible for the processing business operation of soybeans, wheat, feed and vertically integrated business of meat product and the operation of agricultural food e-commerce business for many years.

Mr. Ou obtained a bachelor's degree in business management from the National Cheng-Kung University (國立成功大學) in Taiwan in 1974.

董事及高級管理人員履歷

Directors and Senior Management Profile

孫德宏先生,63歲,自2019年1月起擔任本公司副執行長,並於2020年3月1日期晉升為執行長。孫先生擁有近40年亞太地區食品及飼料生產的業務經驗。孫先生自1981年7月至1994年11月期間任職於日商三菱商事股份有限公司從事飼料原料貿易,自1994年11月至2000年6月期間擔任統全食品工業股份有限公司(該公司主營業務為雞鴨飼養、加工及銷售一條龍及加工鴨肉外銷)總經理,自2000年7月至2008年9月期間擔任溫好貿易有限公司總經理,自2008年9月至2010年5月期間擔任大成長城企業總經理室特別助理,自2010年6月起至今擔任大成永康營養股份有限公司總經理,自2011年6月起至今擔任大成永康營養股份有限公司總經理,自2011年6月起至今擔任全能生物科技(天津)股份有限公司總經理。

孫先生於1979年6月畢業於臺灣大學商學系國際貿易組。

張景平先生,62歲,自二零一九年一月一日 起擔任本公司財務長。一九八三年至一九八九 年張先生曾擔任美國信孚銀行臺灣分行帳戶經 理及中華投資信託股份有限公司基金管理人。 自一九八九年至一九九十年擔任大成長城企業 財務經理職務。於二零零三年起擔任大成東北 亞事業群財務總監,二零零七年該事業群和大 成長城企業其它國家(地區)業務合併成立本公 司,並在香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市, 張先生主辦本公司 | 市工作, 並在 | 市成功後 擔任本公司財務總監至二零零九年。二零零九 年後張先生繼續為大成長城企業服務到二零 --年。自二零--年至二零-七年底張先生 於中華證券投資顧問公司擔任董事長。張先生 為臺灣特許財務分析師,在財務及投資者關係 範疇擁有豐富的經驗。

Mr. Sun Teh Hong(孫德宏), aged 63, had served as the vice president of the Company since January 2019 and has been the Chief Executive Officer of the Company with effect from 1 March 2020. Mr. Sun has nearly 40 years of experience in food and feeds production business in the Asia Pacific region. Mr. Sun engaged in trading of feedstock raw materials in Rishang Mitsubishi Corporation (日商三菱商事股份有限公司) from July 1981 to November 1994. He served as the general manager of Tongguan Food Industry Co., Ltd. (統全食品工業股份有限公司), a company that principally engages in one-stop operation of chicken and duck breeding, processing and sale and export of processed duck meat, from November 1994 to June 2000, the general manager of Wenhao Trading Co., Ltd. (溫好貿易有限公司) from July 2000 to September 2008, and the special assistant to the general manager's office of GWE from September 2008 to May 2010. He has been the general manager of DaChan Yongkang Nutrition Co., Ltd. (大成永康營養股份有限公司) since June 2010 and the general manager of Almighty Biotechnology (Tianjin) Co., Ltd. (全能生物科 技(天津) 股份有限公司) since June 2011.

Mr. Sun graduated from the Department of International Trading of National Taiwan University in June 1979.

Mr. Chang Chin-Pyng(張景平), aged 62, has been the Chief Financial Officer with effect from 1 January 2019. He served as the account manager of the Taiwan branch of Bankers Trust New York Corporation (美國信孚銀行臺灣分行) and the fund manager of China Investment Trust Co. Ltd. (中華投資信託股份有限公司) from 1983 to 1989. From 1989 to 1997, he served as the financial manager of GWE. Since 2003, he has served as the Chief Financial Officer of Northeast Asia Corp. Group (大成東北亞事業群), which was merged with other national (regional) businesses of GWE in 2007 to establish the Company, which was listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Mr. Chang was the in-charge person of the listing of the Company and served as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company upon its listing until 2009. Subsequent to 2009, Mr. Chang continued to work in GWE until 2011. Mr. Chang served as the chairman of China Securities Investment Advisory Co. (中華證券投資顧問公司) from 2011 to end of 2017. Mr. Chang is a certified finance analyst in Taiwan and has extensive experience in the fields of finance and investor relationship.

董事及高級管理人員履歷 Directors and Senior Management Profile

張先生分別於一九七九年及一九八三年獲得國 立臺灣大學商學學士學位及美國芝加哥大學企 業管理碩士學位。

徐培根先生,58歲,自二零一九年一月一日 起擔任本公司人資長.一九九二年至一九九五 年徐先生曾擔任裕隆集團臺元紡織總經理室專 員。自一九九六年至二零零四年擔任臺灣上市 電子公司致伸實業人資主管與圓剛科技人資協 理。彼於二零零五年至二零零八年起擔任大成 長城人資處長,二零零九年至二零一二年間成 立瀚特管理顧問公司並分別擔任雲辰電子,鋇 鎝科技,偉群制刀工業等公司顧問。二零一三 年後徐先生分別擔任大成長城企業人資處長, 大成長城餐飲事業群總經理特別助理及大成長 城集團副總裁特別助理等職務。

徐先生分別於一九八五年及一九九二年獲得東 海大學化工學士學位及臺灣交通大學管理碩士 學位。

韓芳祖先生,37歲,二零一二年加入本公司,先後負責財務、本集團戰略規劃、飼料事業以及肉品與食品事業營運經營管理工作。彼自二零一七年四月一日起晉升為副總裁,二零一八年兼任本公司財務資源群副主管,自二零一九年一月一日起調任為主席特別助理。彼亦為本公司執委會成員。韓先生於經營分析及戰略管理方面擁有豐富經驗。

韓先生於二零一二年畢業於美國羅徹斯特大學 的賽門商學院,並曾於二零零三年取得美國西 北大學的電腦程式設計學士學位。彼是韓家寰 先生的兒子,韓家宇先生、韓家宸先生及韓家 寅先生的侄子。 Mr. Chang obtained a bachelor's degree in business from the National Taiwan University (國立臺灣大學) and a master's degree in business administration from the University of Chicago in 1979 and 1983 respectively.

Mr. Hsu Pei Ken(徐培根), aged 58, has served as the Chief Human Resources Officer since January 1, 2019. Mr. Hsu served as commissioner of Yulon Group TaiYuen Textile (裕隆 集團臺元紡織) general manager office from 1992 to 1995. He served as the human resources supervisor of Taiwan listed electronics company Primax Electronics Ltd. (致伸實業) and the human resources director of AVerMedia Technology (圓剛 科技) from 1996 to 2004. From 2005 to 2008 he served as the human resources director of GWE. From 2009 to 2012, the Hant Management consultancy company (瀚特管理顧問公司) was established and Mr. Hsu served as a consultant for many companies such as Everspring company (雲辰電子), Bitatek Technology (鋇鎝科技), Greatknives Industry (偉群制刀工業) and so on. Since 2013, Mr. Hsu has served as the division of human resources officer of GWE, the special assistant to the general manager of Great Wall Catering Business Group (大成長城餐飲事 業群) and the special assistant to the vice President of Great Wall Group (大成長城集團) respectively.

Mr. Hsu obtained a bachelor's degree in chemical engineering from Tunghai University (東海大學) in 1985 and a master's degree in management from Taiwan National Chiao Tung University (臺灣交通大學) in 1992.

Mr. Jonathan Fang-Tsu Han (韓芳祖), aged 37, joined the Company in 2012 and was consecutively responsible for finance, strategic planning of the Group, operation management of the feed business and the meet and food business. He has been promoted to vice president since 1 April 2017. He also served as the deputy director of Finance Resources Group of the company in 2018. He has been re-designated as Special Assistant to the President since 1 January 2019. He is a member of the executive committee of the Company. Mr. Han has extensive experience in operation analysis and strategic management.

Mr. Han graduated from Simon Graduate School of Business (賽門商學院) at the University of Rochester of the United States in 2012 and obtained a bachelor's degree in Computer Science from Northwestern University of the United States in 2003. He is the son of Mr. Han Jia-Hwan and the nephew of Mr. Han Chia-Yau, Mr. Harn Jia-Chen and Mr. Han Chia-Yin.

簡介

本公司董事(「董事」) 欣然提呈截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度之企業管治報告。

本公司董事會(「董事會」)致力經有效的渠道披露資料,從而提高企業透明度,提升本集團企業管治標準。董事會相信良好的企業管治有利於維繫與其僱員、經營夥伴、股東及投資者的緊密及信任關係。

本公司採用根據《香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則》(「上市規則」) 附錄十四所載企業管治守則(「守則」) 之守則條文(「守則條文」) 所編製之企業管治守則作為本公司企業管治指引,並已在適用情況下採取符合守則的措施。

除文義另有所指外, 本報告所用詞彙應與上市 規則所界定者具有相同涵義。

企業管治常規

除以下情況外,本公司於截至二零一九年十二 月三十一日止整個年度內一直遵守守則條文:

INTRODUCTION

The directors of the Company (the "Directors") are pleased to present the corporate governance report for the year ended 31 December 2019 as follows.

The board of Directors of the Company ("Board") is committed to enhancing the Group's corporate governance standards by improving corporate transparency through effective channels of information disclosure. The Board believes that good corporate governance is beneficial for maintaining close and trustful relations with its employees, business partners, shareholders and investors.

The Company has adopted a corporate governance code prepared based on the code provisions (the "Code Provisions") of the corporate governance code (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") as the guidelines for corporate governance of the Company, and has taken steps to comply with the Code wherever appropriate.

Terms used in this report shall have the same meaning as those defined in the Listing Rules unless the context otherwise requires.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

Throughout the year ended 31 December 2019, the Company has complied with the Code Provisions with the following exceptions:

根據守則條文第F.1.1條,公司秘書應 是本公司的僱員,及對本公司的日常事 務有所認識。

曹依萍女士(「曹女士」)已獲委任為公司秘書 (「公司秘書」),自二零一六年八月八日起生效,彼現任本公司香港法律顧問的合夥人。

本公司已指派一名高級管理層,本公司法律部門總監馮玉俠女士作為曹女士的聯絡人。曹女士為香港執業律師及瞭解上市規則。就上市發行人的公司秘書而言,彼之資格符合上市規則的規定。此外,聯絡人於有需要時將即時送交有關本集團表現、財務狀況及其他主要發展及事務的資料予曹女士。在現時機制下,曹女士可即時掌握本集團的發展而不會出現大幅延誤,而彼亦擁有專業知識及經驗,因此,董事會有信心曹女士擔任公司秘書有利於本集團遵守相關董事會程序、以及適用法律、規則及法規。

Under Code Provision F.1.1, the company secretary should be an employee of the Company and have day-to-day knowledge of the Company's affairs.

Ms. Cho Yi Ping ("Ms. Cho"), a partner of the Company's Hong Kong legal advisers, has been appointed as the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") with effect from 8 August 2016.

The Company has assigned a member of the senior management, Ms. Feng Yuxia, the head of the legal department of the Company as the contact person with Ms. Cho. Ms. Cho is a practicing solicitor of Hong Kong with understanding of the Listing Rules. Her qualifications meet the requirements of the Listing Rules in terms of a company secretary of a listed issuer. Further, whenever necessary, the contact person assigned will promptly deliver information regarding the performance, financial positions and other major development and affairs of the Group to Ms. Cho. Having in place a mechanism that enables Ms. Cho to get hold of the Group's development promptly without material delay and with her expertise and experience, the Board is confident that having Ms. Cho as the Company Secretary is beneficial to the Group's compliance with the relevant board procedures, and applicable laws, rules and regulations.

遵守非競爭契據

本公司已收到大成長城企業股份有限公司(「大成長城企業」)於二零二零年二月三日簽署的確認函(「確認函」),確認自二零一九年一月一日至二零一九年十二月三十一日及直至相關契約人簽署確認函日期期間,其已完全遵守大成長城企業於二零零七年九月十四日簽訂本公司為受益人的非競爭契據(「非競爭契據」)(經大成長城企業與本公司分別於二零一零年六月二十五日及二零一二年十二月十八日簽訂之兩份修訂契據所修訂)。

獨立非執行董事已審閱確認函,且彼等均信納 於回顧期間已遵守非競爭契據。

董事

董事會

由董事會主席領導的董事會帶領着本公司業務 的方向。其職責包括制定本公司的長期策略、 業務發展目標、評估管理政策成果、監察管理 層表現及定期確保風險管理措施的有效實施。

董事定期舉行會議檢討本集團財務及經營表現 並且討論及制定未來發展計劃。董事親身或以 其他電子通訊方式出席定期董事會會議。

COMPLIANCE WITH DEED OF NON-COMPETITION

The Company has received a confirmation (the "Confirmation") from Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd. ("GWE") signed by it on 3 February 2020 confirming that for the period from 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2019 and up to the date of signing the Confirmation by the relevant covenantor, it has fully complied with the deed of non-competition executed by GWE in favour of the Company dated 14 September 2007 (the "Deed of Non-Competition") (as varied by two deeds of variation executed by GWE and the Company dated 25 June 2010 and 18 December 2012 respectively).

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the Confirmation and all of them are satisfied that the Deed of Non-Competition has been complied with during the period under review

DIRECTORS

THE BOARD

The Board, led by the chairman, steers the Company's business direction. It is responsible for formulating the Company's long-term strategies, setting business development goals, assessing results of management policies, monitoring the management's performance, and ensuring effective implementation of risk management measures on a regular basis.

The Directors meet regularly to review the Group's financial and operational performance and to discuss and formulate future development plans. Regular Board meetings are attended by Directors in person or through other electronic means of communication.

董事會組成

二零一九年度內共有8名董事,全為業界翹楚,就制定整體業務發展目標和長期公司策略,評估管理政策成果及監督管理績效向股東負責。二零一九年度內董事會由以下董事組成:

執行董事

韓家宸先生(主席) 韓家寅先生

非執行董事

韓家寰先生 韓家宇先生 趙天星先生

獨立非執行董事

魏永篤先生 陳治先生 尉安寧先生

自二零二零年三月一日起,韓家宸先生辭任董 事會主席及由執行董事調任為非執行董事,尉 安寧先生獲委任為董事會主席及由獨立非執行 董事調任為執行董事;而丁玉山先生則獲委任 為獨立非執行董事,自二零二零年三月二日起 生效。

BOARD COMPOSITION

During the year of 2019, there were 8 Directors, all being industry veterans, responsible to the shareholders for formulating the overall business development targets and long-term company strategies, assessing results of management policies and monitoring performance of the management. During the year of 2019, the Board comprised the following Directors:

Executive Directors

Mr. Harn Jia-Chen (Chairman)
Mr. Han Chia-Yin

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Han Jia-Hwan Mr. Han Chia-Yau Mr. Chao Tien-Shin

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Way Yung-Do Mr. Chen Chih Mr. Wei Anning

With effect from 1 March 2020, Mr. Harn Jia-Chen resigned as the chairman of the Board and was re-designated from an executive Director to a non-executive Director; Mr. Wei Anning was appointed as the chairman of the Board and re-designated from an independent non-executive Director to an executive Director; and Mr. Ting Yu-Shan was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 2 March 2020

企業管治報告

Corporate Governance Report

自二零二零年三月二日起生效及截至本報告日 期,董事會由以下董事組成:

With effect from 2 March 2020 and up to the date of this report, the Board comprises the following Directors:

執行董事

尉安寧先生*(主席)* 韓家寅先生

非執行董事

韓家宸先生 韓家寰先生 韓家宇先生 趙天星先生

獨立非執行董事

魏永篤先生 陳治先生 丁玉山先生

按職務及職能識別分類的本公司董事的最新名 單可隨時在本公司及聯交所網站閱覽。該名單 列明董事是否屬獨立非執行董事,並列明每名 董事各自於各個董事委員會內的職務和職能。

本公司於所有披露董事姓名的公司通訊中識別 獨立非執行董事身份。

董事的履歷詳情載於本年報第23頁「董事及高級管理人員履歷」一節。

除於本年報「董事及高級管理人員履歷」一節所披露者外,董事會成員及董事會主席與行政總裁之間概無任何關係(包括財務、業務、家族或其他重大或相關關係)。

Executive Directors

Mr. Wei Anning (Chairman)
Mr. Han Chia-Yin

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Harn Jia-Chen Mr. Han Jia-Hwan Mr. Han Chia-Yau Mr. Chao Tien-Shin

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Way Yung-Do Mr. Chen Chih Mr. Ting Yu-Shan

An updated list of the Directors by category identifying their role and function is at all times available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. The list specifies whether a Director is an independent non-executive Director and expresses the respective membership of each Director in each board committee.

The Company identifies the independent non-executive Directors in all corporate communications which disclose the names of Directors.

Details of the biographies of the Directors are given under the section headed "Director and Senior Management Profile" of this annual report on pages 23.

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management profile" of this annual report, there are no relationships (including financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationship(s)) among members of the Board and between the chairman of the Board and the chief executive of the Company.

獨立非執行董事在董事會擔當重要角色,佔董事會總成員三分之一,各自擁有所屬行業的專業經驗。彼等負責確保董事會保持高水平的財務和其他的法定申報,並提供足夠的審核和制衡,以維護本公司股東及本集團的整體利益。於二零一九年整個年度,本公司董事會在任何時候都符合上市規則要求委任最少三名獨立非執行董事,並其中最少一位擁有適當的會計專業資格或相關的財務管理專長。獨立非執行董事人數佔董事會最少三分之一。

The independent non-executive Directors play an important role on the Board. Accounting for one-third of the Board members, they are experienced professionals in their respective fields. They are responsible for ensuring that the Board maintains high standards of financial and other mandatory reporting as well as providing adequate checks and balances for safeguarding the interest of shareholders of the Company and the Group as a whole. Throughout the year of 2019, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors with at least one of them possessing appropriate professional qualifications on accounting or related financial management expertise. The number of independent non-executive Directors has represented at least one-third of the Board.

二零一九年出席/合資格出席會議數目

二零一九年度內,董事會舉行了4次約按季度 間隔之常規會議及一次額外會議以考慮本集團 內部借款轉為短期借款。

就股東大會而言,本公司於二零一九年六月 二十七日舉行股東週年大會。就董事出席各董 事會會議、董事委員會會議及本公司股東大會 的概要載列下表:

Number of meetings attended/eligible to attend in 2019

During the year of 2019, the Board held 4 regular meetings at about quarterly intervals and 1 additional meeting to consider converting the Group's internal loan into short-term loan.

As regards general meetings, the Company held the annual general meeting on 27 June 2019. A table of summary in regard to the Directors' participation at the various board meetings and board committee meetings and the Company's general meeting(s) is set out below:

		Board Meetings	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Nomination Committee	Executive Committee	General Meeting(s)
		董事會會議	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會	執行委員會	股東大會
執行董事	Executive Directors						
韓家宸先生	Mr. Harn Jia-Chen	5/5	不適用 Not Applicable	1/1	1/1	12/12	1/1
韓家寅先生	Mr. Han Chia-Yin	5/5	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	12/12	1/1
非執行董事	Non-executive Directors						
			不適用	不適用		不適用	
韓家寰先生	Mr. Han Jia-Hwan	3/5	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	1/1	Not Applicable	0/1
韓家宇先生	Mr. Han Chia-Yau	5/5	不適用 Not Applicable	1/1	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	0/1
趙天星先生	Mr. Chao Tien-Shin	5/5	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	0/1
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive Directors						
魏永篤先生	Mr. Way Yung-Do	5/5	4/4	1/1	1/1	不適用 Not Applicable	1/1
陳治先生	Mr. Chen Chih	5/5	4/4	1/1	1/1	不適用 Not Applicable	0/1
尉安寧先生	Mr. Wei Anning	5/5	4/4	1/1	1/1	不適用 Not Applicable	0/1

定期董事會會議的通知皆於會議舉行前最少 14日向全體董事發出,而其他董事會會議(如 有)的通知則一般於會議前的合理時間內發 出。 Notices of regular Board meetings are served to all Directors at least 14 days before the meeting, while reasonable notice is generally given for other board meetings (if any).

議程及相關董事會文件連同所有適用、完備及可靠資料皆及時,並至少於各董事會會議或其轄下委員會會議擬召開日期前3天(惟成員間另有協定除外)寄發予全體董事,以確保彼等有充足時間審閱董事會文件,為會議作好準備,並令董事獲悉本公司最新發展及財務狀況,確保彼等可提出任何事項列入會議議程,並作出知情決定。

Agenda and accompany board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information are sent to all Directors in a timely manner, and at least 3 days before the intended date of each Board or board committee meeting, except agreed otherwise among the members, to ensure that they had sufficient time to review the board papers and adequately prepared for the meeting, keep the Directors apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Company and to enable them to include any matter in the agenda and to make informed decisions.

董事會及各董事可合理要求徵詢獨立專業意見 以協助彼等履行職責,費用由本公司承擔。彼 於需要時及向董事會提出要求後,可於履行彼 等之職責時獲取獨立專業意見,費用由本公司 承擔。

所有董事會會議及本公司之審核委員會(「審核委員會」)、薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)及提名委員會(「提名委員會」,連同審核委員會、薪酬委員會及其他董事委員會統稱「董事委員會」)會議之會議記錄,均由經委任的秘書保存。上述所有會議記錄記載相關成員之考慮及討論事項並足夠詳細地記載彼等達成之決定,包括董事提出的任何關注或表達的反對意見。任何董事可於作出合理通知後的任何合理時間查閱該等會議記錄。

會議記錄初稿一般於每次會議後,於合理時間 內向董事或相關委員會成員傳閱以供其等給予 意見,而最終定稿皆寄發予全體董事或委員會 成員,以供其等記錄。

本公司已就董事可能會面對的法律行動作適當的投保安排。

The Board and each Director, upon reasonable request, have access to independent professional advice to assist them in performing their duties to the Company, at the Company's expense. When needed and upon making request to the Board, Directors may obtain independent professional advice at the Company's expense in carrying out their duties.

Minutes of all the meetings of the Board, the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee"), the remuneration committee of the Company (the "Remuneration Committee") and the nomination committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee", together with the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and other committee(s) of the Board, the "Board Committees") of the Company are kept by the appointed secretary. All of the above minutes record the matters considered and the discussions and decisions reached by the relevant members in sufficient detail, including any concern raised by Directors or dissenting views expressed. Any Director may inspect the minutes at any reasonable time on reasonable notice.

Draft minutes are normally circulated to Directors or members of the relevant committee for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is sent to all Directors or committee members for their record.

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against its Directors.

主席及最高行政人員

本公司全力支持董事會主席(「主席」)與本公司 首席執行官(「首席執行官」)之間的職責劃分並 確保其權力及授權取得平衡,並於二零一二年 三月二十三日採納了一套綜合備忘錄以確定主 席和首席執行官之職責分工。於二零一九年整 個年度,主席的職務由韓家宸先生擔任,而首 席執行官的職務於整個年度則由歐倉舟先生擔 任。自二零二零年三月一日起生效及截至本報 告日期,主席的職務由尉安寧先生擔任,而首 席執行官的職務則由孫德宏先生擔任。

此舉保證了主席之職權為管理董事會與首席執 行官之職權為監督本公司整體內部經營的清晰 界定。

主席的核心職責包括(其中包括):

- 監督本公司長期策略、目標及政策發展;
- 負責確保在管理層的協助下,董事及時 收到充分、準確、清晰、完整及可信的 資訊以確保董事會會議上所有董事均適 當知悉當前事項;
- 領導董事會;
- 確保董事會有效地運作,且履行應有職 責;及時討論所有重要方案及適合議題 確保公司制定良好的企業管治常規及程 序;
- 首要責任為確保設立良好企業管治常規 及程序;

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

The Company fully supports the division of responsibility between the chairman (the "Chairman") of the Board and the chief executive officer (the "Chief Executive Officer") of the Company to ensure a balance of power and authority, and has adopted a set of consolidated memorandum of duties setting out its division of responsibilities between the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer on 23 March 2012. In the year 2019, the position of the Chairman was held by Mr. Harn Jia-Chen throughout the whole year, while the position of Chief Executive Officer was held by Mr. Ou Chang-Jou throughout the whole year. With effect from 1 March 2020 up to the date of this report, the position of the Chairman is held by Mr. Wei Anning and the position of Chief Executive Officer is held by Mr. Sun Teh Hong.

This ensures a clear distinction between the Chairman's duty to manage the Board and the Chief Executive Officer's duty to oversee the overall internal operation of the Company.

The core duties of the Chairman include (among others):

- overseeing the development of the long-term strategies, objectives and policies for the Company;
- ensuring, with the assistance of the management, that the
 Directors receive adequate, accurate, clear, complete and
 reliable information in a timely manner and are appropriate
 briefed on issues to be discussed at Board meetings;
- providing leadership for the Board;
- ensuring that the Board works effectively, performs its responsibilities, and discuss all key and appropriate issues in a timely manner, with good corporate governance practices and procedures;
- taking primary responsibility for ensuring that good corporate practices and procedures are in place;

- 經考慮其他董事建議的事宜後,確保 (在適當時授權公司秘書或指定董事)各 董事會會議的議程獲得制訂、批准;
- ensuring, with (where appropriate) delegation to Company Secretary or a designated Director, that the agenda for each Board meeting are drawn up and approving the same, taking into account matters proposed by other Directors;
- 鼓勵全體董事全面積極貢獻董事會事務,並帶頭確保按本公司最佳利益行事:
- encouraging all Directors to fully and actively contribute to the Board's affairs and taking the lead to ensure that it acts in the best interests of the Company;
- 鼓勵持不同意見的董事均表達出本身關注的事宜、給予這些事宜充足時間討論,以及確保董事會的決定能公正反映董事會的共識;
- encouraging Directors with different views to voice their concerns, allow sufficient time for discussion of issues and ensure that Board decisions fairly reflect Board consensus;
- 推動坦誠交流的文化,促使董事(尤其 是非執行董事)作出成效卓著的貢獻, 並促進執行及非執行董事之間的建設性 關係;
- promoting a culture of openness and debate by facilitating the effective contribution of Directors, in particular, nonexecutive Directors, and promoting the constructive relations between executive and non-executive Directors;
- 在其他董事避席的情況下與獨立非執行 董事每年最少舉行一次會議。董事會認 為該會議是作意見交流的會面,並通過 該會議公開討論廣泛的戰略性及表現事 宜;
- holding meeting(s) at least annually with the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of other Directors. The Board regarded such meeting(s) as opinion exchange gathering whereby a broad range of strategic and performance matters were openly discussed;
- 確保採取適當步驟保持與股東有效聯繫,以及確保股東意見可傳達到整個董事會;
- ensuring appropriate steps are taken to provide effective communication with shareholders and that views of shareholders are communicated to the Board as a whole:
- 出席本公司股東週年大會及安排審核、 薪酬及提名委員會(倘合適)主席出席本 公司股東週年大會或倘有關委員會主席 未能出席,則由該委員會另一成員代替 或其未能出席則由其正式委任的代表出 席,以於本公司股東週年大會上解答問 題;及
- attending the annual general meeting of the Company and arranging for the chairmen of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee (as appropriate) or in the absence of the chairmen of such committees, another member of same committee or failing this, his duly appointed delegate, to be available to answer questions at the annual general meeting of the Company; and

決定本公司股東大會上純粹與程序或行政事宜有關的決議案是否獲豁免以投票方式表決。

 deciding whether a resolution at a general meeting of the Company relating purely to a procedural or administrative matter should be excluded from the requirement for voting by poll.

委任、重選連任及罷免董事會成員

本公司已與董事訂立服務合約或向其發出委任 函件,當中載列有關彼等委任之主要條款及條 件。

根據本公司的組織章程細則第108條,於每屆股東週年大會上,當時不少於三分之一的董事須輪流退任,而每名董事(包括按特定任期委任者)須至少每3年輪流退任一次,退任董事應符合資格重選連任。於任何股東週年大會前3年未有輪流退任的任何董事須於該股東週年大會上輪流退任。任何據此退任的其他董事須為自彼等上次連任或獲委任後任期最長之董事,惟於同一日成為董事或上一次獲重選為董事的人士,須以抽籤方式(除非彼等另行達成協議)釐定退任人選。

根據本公司上述章程細則規定及守則條文第 A.4.2條,三分之一的董事(即魏永篤先生、 陳治先生及尉安寧先生)須輪流退任並於二零 一九年六月二十七日舉行的股東週年大會(「股 東週年大會」)上重選連任。

Appointments, re-election and removal of members of the Board

The Company has entered into service contracts with or issued letters of appointment to its Directors setting out the key terms and conditions of their appointments.

Under article 108 of the Company's Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation and every Director, including those appointed for a specific term, shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every 3 years while those retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election. Any Director who has not been subject to retirement by rotation in the 3 years preceding the annual general meeting shall retire by rotation at such annual general meeting. Any further Directors so to retire shall be those who have been longest in office since their last reelection or appointment and so that as between persons who became or were last re-elected Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot.

In accordance with the said provision of the Articles of Association of the Company and the Code Provision A.4.2, one-third of the Directors (namely Mr. Way Yung-Do, Mr. Chen Chih and Mr. Wei Anning) retired from office by rotation and were re-elected as Directors at the last annual general meeting of the Company ("AGM") held on 27 June 2019.

獨立非執行董事

根據上市規則第3.13條,本公司已自每名獨立 非執行董事收取關於彼乃獨立於本公司的書面 確認。本公司已評估全體獨立非執行董事的獨 立性,並認為全體獨立非執行董事根據上市規 則的規定按獨立性準則而言屬獨立、彼等並無 參與本集團日常營運及管理,且概不存在任何 關係以致影響彼等行使其獨立判斷。

本公司確認,於本年報日期,全體獨立非執行董事(魏永篤先生及陳治先生除外)的服務年資均少於9年。倘董事會有意向股東尋求另行委任該等服務超過9年的獨立非執行董事,本公司將向股東另行提呈決議案,而説明彼等即使計及彼等服務年期仍獨立的理由將載於向股東交付的相關文件內。

非執行董事

根據守則條文第A.4.1條,非執行董事應按特定任期委任,並須接受重選。現時非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)的任期如下:

Independent Non-executive Directors

Pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, the Company has received a written confirmation from each independent non-executive Director of his independence to the Company. The Company has assessed the independence and considers all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent based on the independence criteria in accordance with the requirements in the Listing Rules, their non-involvement in the daily operation and management of the Group and the absence of any relationships which will interfere with the exercise of their independent judgment.

The Company confirms that as at the date of this annual report, the years of service of all independent non-executive Directors are less than 9 except Mr. Way Yung-Do and Mr. Chen Chih. Should the Board wish to seek for the further appointments of those independent non-executive Directors serving more than 9 years from the shareholders, separate resolutions will be proposed to the shareholders and the reasons to justify their independency despite of the length of their services will be contained in relevant papers to the shareholders.

Non-executive Directors

Under the Code Provision A.4.1, non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. The current term of appointment for the non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) are as follows:

Name of Non-executive Directors/ Independent Non-executive Directors 非執行董事/獨立非執行董事姓名

任期

Term of Appointment

Mr. Harn Jia-Chen 韓家宸先生 From 23 June 2017 to the conclusion of the AGM of 2020 自二零一七年六月二十三日起至二零二零年股東週年大會結束

Mr. Han Chia-Yau 韓家宇先生 From 23 June 2017 to the conclusion of the AGM of 2020 自二零一七年六月二十三日起至二零二零年股東週年大會結束

Mr. Han Jia-Hwan 韓家寰先生 From 29 June 2018 to the conclusion of the AGM of 2021 自二零一八年六月二十九日起至二零二一年股東週年大會結束

Mr. Chao Tien-Shin 趙天星先生 From 29 June 2018 to the conclusion of the AGM of 2021 自二零一八年六月二十九日起至二零二一年股東週年大會結束

Mr. Way Yung-Do 魏永篤先生 From 27 June 2019 to the conclusion of the AGM of 2022 自二零一九年六月二十七日起至二零二二年股東週年大會結束

Mr. Chen Chih

From 27 June 2019 to the conclusion of the AGM of 2022 自二零一九年六月二十七日起至二零二二年股東週年大會結束

陳治先生

From 2 March 2020 to the conclusion of the AGM of 2020 自二零二零年三月二日起至二零二零年股東週年大會結束

Mr. Ting Yu-Shan 丁玉山先生

董事提名 Nomination of Directors

董事會已成立提名委員會,為委任具備資歷及 能力帶領本公司獲取可持續發展之高質素董事 提供框架並訂立標準。提名委員會考慮有關董 事提名及/或委任或續任之事宜。 The Board has established the Nomination Committee to provide a framework and set the standards for the appointment of high quality Directors who should have the capacity and ability to lead the Company towards achieving sustainable development. It considers matters regarding the nomination and/or appointment or re-appointment of director(s).

有關提名委員會之詳情載於下文「提名委員會」 小節。 Details of the Nomination Committee are set out in the subsection headed "Nomination Committee" below.

董事職責

為使新任董事熟悉其等作為董事的職責及責任,以及本公司的業務運作,本公司管理層於 新任董事獲委任前後均與其保持緊密合作。

各新任董事均獲發一份由本公司法律顧問編製及審閱的相關資料,列明根據上市規則、公司條例(香港法例第622章),以及香港其他相關法例及有關監管規例所訂明之董事職責及責任。該資料亦包含有關本集團業務運作之資料。董事將不時獲發有關董事職責及責任之法例、規則及規例最新發展的資料更新。由香港公司註冊處刊發之董事指引已送予各董事以供其等隨時參考。

董事會認為非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事) 已知悉並積極履行彼等之職責,包括但不限於 在董事會會議上作出獨立判斷,當潛在利益衝 突出現時發揮牽頭引導,審議本公司業績,就 本公司的業務策略、政策、業績及管理提供建 設性及知情意見。彼等亦須定期檢討本公司的 財務資料、監控本公司的營運表現及於審核委 員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會履職。

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS

The management of the Company works closely with the newly appointed Director(s) (if any) both immediately before and after his appointment to acquaint the newly appointed Director(s) with the duties and responsibilities as a Director and the business operation of the Company.

A package compiled and reviewed by the Company's legal advisors setting out such duties and responsibilities under the Listing Rules, Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of Laws of Hong Kong) and other related law and relevant regulatory requirements of Hong Kong is provided to each newly appointed Director. The package also includes information relating to the operations and business of the Group. The Directors are updated with the latest developments in laws, rules and regulations relating to the duties and responsibilities of directors from time to time. Guidelines for directors issued by the Company Registry of Hong Kong have been forwarded to each Director for his information and ready reference.

The Board views that the non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) are well-aware of their functions and have been actively performing their functions including but not limited to exercising their independent judgment at the Board meetings, taking the lead where potential conflicts of interest arise, scrutinizing the Company's performance and providing constructive and informed advice on the business strategy, policy, performance and management of the Company. They regularly review the financial information, monitor the operational performance of the Company and serve on the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee.

董事於獲委任時已向本公司披露其於公眾公司 或組織擔任的職位及其他重大承諾;並及時披 露其於任何公眾公司或組織擔任之職位變動、 數目及性質以及其他重大承諾。彼等亦已向本 公司提供彼等任職的其他公眾公司或組織之名 稱及任職期限。

全體董事對其負責的業務範疇及運作均有實際 知識及相關專長,並投入時間專注本公司的事 務。董事對本公司事務所作出的貢獻乃按時 間、專注質量及參照其所需知識和專長衡量。 董事出席董事會會議、股東大會及董事委員會 會議,反映了全體董事(包括執行董事、獨立 非執行董事及其他非執行董事)的持續參與, 並確保全體董事更能加深理解股東的意見。董 事的參與及貢獻應從質與量上作兩方面衡量。

為妥為履行彼等的職責,倘彼等認為有必要在 管理層提供的資料以外取得額外資料,則董事 可於董事會會議及董事委員會會議上作出查 詢。董事查詢已獲迅速及全面回應。 The Directors have disclosed to the Company at the time of their respective appointments, and in a timely manner for any change, the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organisations and other significant commitments. They have also informed the Company of the identity of any other public companies or organisations they serve and the time involved in these public companies or organisations.

All Directors have devoted their time and attention to the affairs of the Company with their hands-on knowledge and expertise in the areas and operation in which he is charged with. The contribution made by the Directors to the affairs of the Company is measured in terms of time as well as quality of the attention and the ability of the Directors with reference to his necessary knowledge and expertise. The attendance of Board meetings, general meeting(s) and Board Committee meetings indicates the constant participation of all Directors, including executive, independent non-executive and other non-executive Directors and ensures the better understanding of the views of shareholders by all Directors. The extent of participation and contribution should be viewed both quantitatively and qualitatively.

To fulfil their duties properly, where they consider it as necessary to obtain additional information other than that is provided by the management, the Directors made inquiries during the Board meetings and Board Committee meetings. The queries raised by Directors have received a prompt and full response.

入職及持續專業發展

董事透過各董事會會議、決議案、備忘錄及董 事會文件不斷獲得有關法律及監管發展、業務 及市場變化之最新資料,以履行彼等職責。根 據本公司存置之記錄,為符合守則關於持續專 業發展之規定,董事在自二零一九年一月一日 至二零一九年十二月三十一日止的期間接受以 下重點在董事之角色、職能及職責之培訓:

INDUCTION AND CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The Directors are continually updated with legal and regulatory developments, and the business and market changes to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities through various Board meetings, resolutions, memos and Board papers. According to the records maintained by the Company, the Directors received the following training with an emphasis on the roles, functions and duties of a director of a listed company in compliance with the requirement of the Code on continuous professional development during the period from 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2019:

董事	閱讀材料	電子化學習	Directors	Read materials	E-learning
執行董事			Executive Directors		
韓家宸先生	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	Mr. Harn Jia-Chen	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark
韓家寅先生	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	Mr. Han Chia-Yin	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$
非執行董事			Non-executive Directors		
韓家寰先生	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	Mr. Han Jia-Hwan	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
韓家宇先生	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	Mr. Han Chia-Yau	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark
趙天星先生	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	Mr. Chao Tien-Shin	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$
獨立非執行董事			Independent Non-execut	tive Directors	
魏永篤先生	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	Mr. Way Yung-Do	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark
陳治先生	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	Mr. Chen Chih	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
尉安寧先生	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	Mr. Wei Anning	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$

證券交易指引

董事會已採納條款不比上市規則附錄十所載 《上市發行人之董事進行證券交易之標準守 則》(「標準守則」)所規定標準寬鬆之行為守 則,以規範有關董事的證券交易。

經向全體董事作出具體查詢後,彼等確認,於 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止之整個年度,彼等進行證券交易時已遵守標準守則及本 公司有關董事進行證券交易的行為守則。

董事於二零一九年十二月三十一日所擁有本公司股份的權益載於本年報第83至85頁。

董事會亦已為相關員工就對本公司證券進行交易訂定嚴謹程度不比標準守則寬鬆之書面指引,相關人士包括任何因其職位或僱傭關係而可能擁有與本公司或其證券有關的內幕消息的僱員、董事、及本公司附屬公司或控股公司之僱員。

SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS GUIDELINES

The Board has adopted a code of conduct regarding directors' securities transaction on terms no less exacting than the required standard as set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

Specific enquiries have been made with all Directors and they have confirmed that throughout the year ended 31 December 2019, they complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code and the Company's code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions.

The Directors' interests in shares of the Company as at 31 December 2019 are set out on pages 83 to 85 of this annual report.

The Board has also established written guidelines on no less exacting terms than the Model Code for the relevant employee, including any employee or a director or employee of a subsidiary or holding company of the Company who, because of his office or employment, is likely to possess inside information in relation to the Company or its securities, in respect of their dealings in the Company's securities.

董事會授權

管理職能

董事會不時向董事委員會授予其權力,以確保 營運效率及具體問題可由相關專才處理。所有 董事委員會均可及時獲得準確及足夠資訊,以 確保董事委員會作出有益於本公司之知情決 定,並保證彼等有足夠資源履行職責。

保留予董事會的職能及授予管理層的職能載於 董事會於二零一二年三月二十三日採納的《董 事職責之董事備忘錄》(「董事備忘錄」)。董事 會已定期檢討上述備忘錄,以確保其保持適 當。董事會與許可代表的職責及責任分工已於 董事備忘錄中作出明確界定及規定,作為本公 司內部指引。

以下各類事宜須由董事會決定(其中包括):

- 企業及資本結構;
- 企業策略;
- 影響本公司整體的重大政策;
- 經董事會採納之重大政策變更;
- 業務計劃,包括主要生產及營銷計劃、 預算及公告;

DELEGATION BY THE BOARD

MANAGEMENT FUNCTIONS

The Board delegates its powers and authorities from time to time to the Board Committees in order to ensure the operational efficiency and specific issues are being handled by relevant expertise. All Board Committees are provided with accurate and sufficient information in timely manner so as to enable the Board Committees to make informed decisions for the benefit of the Company and sufficient resources to discharge their duties.

The functions reserved to the Board and those delegated to the management have been set out in the Director's Memorandum In Discharging Director's Duties (the "Director's Memorandum") adopted by the Board on 23 March 2012. The Board has reviewed the said memorandum on periodically basis to ensure that it remains appropriate. The policy for segregation of duties and responsibilities between the Board and the permitted delegates has been clearly defined and provided in the Director's Memorandum as internal guidelines of the Company.

The types of decisions which are to be taken by the Board include those relating to (among others):

- corporate and capital structure;
- corporate strategy;
- significant policies affecting the Company as a whole;
- material changes to policies adopted by the Board;
- business plan including major production and marketing plans, budgets and publication of announcements;

- 重要財務事宜;
- 董事會之結構、規模及組成變動;
- 任免或續任董事會成員、高級管理人員 及核數師;
- 董事和高級管理人員的酬金;及
- 與主要利益相關團體(包括股東及監管機構)溝通。

各董事擁有董事備忘錄副本,並清楚了解本公司上述分工政策。

就授權予管理層之管理及行政方面的職能,董 事會已就管理層之權力給予清晰的指引,特別 是在管理層應向董事會匯報以及在代表本公司 作出任何決定或訂立任何承諾前應取得董事會 事先批准等事宜方面。

董事委員會

於二零一九年,董事會設有四個董事委員會, 包括薪酬委員會、審核委員會、執行委員會及 提名委員會,全部訂有指定職權範圍,以監督 本集團各個具體方面之事務。

- key financial matters;
- change to the structure, size and composition of the Board;
- appointment, removal or reappointment of Board members, senior management and auditors;
- remuneration of Directors and senior management; and
- communication with key stakeholders, including shareholders and regulatory bodies;

Each Director has a copy of the Director's Memorandum and clearly understood the above delegation policy of the Company.

For aspects of management and administration functions delegated to the management, the Board has given clear directions as to the management's power, particularly as to where management should report back and obtain prior Board approval before making decisions or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Company.

BOARD COMMITTEES

In 2019, the Board had 4 Board Committees including the Remuneration Committee, the Audit Committee, the Executive Committee and the Nomination Committee, all with specific terms of reference, to oversee particular aspects of the Group's affairs.

於二零一九年,董事委員會相關成員於董事委 員會會議的出席記錄載列如下: Attendance of the relevant members of the Board Committee at the meetings of the committees in 2019 is as follows:

		Executive Committee Meeting(s) 執行委員會會議	Audit Committee Meeting(s) 審核委員會會議	Remuneration Committee Meeting(s) 薪酬委員會會議	Nomination Committee Meeting(s) 提名委員會會議
執行董事	Executive Directors				
韓家宸先生	Mr. Harn Jia-Chen	12/12	不適用 Not Applicable	1/1	1/1
韓家寅先生	Mr. Han Chia-Yin	12/12	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable
非執行董事	Non-Executive Directors				
韓家寰先生	Mr. Han Jia-Hwan	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	1/1
韓家宇先生	Mr. Han Chia-Yau	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	1/1	不適用 Not Applicable
趙天星先生	Mr. Chao Tien-Shin	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-Executive	e			
	Directors				
魏永篤先生	Mr. Way Yung-Do	不適用 Not Applicable	4/4	1/1	1/1
陳治先生	Mr. Chen Chih	不適用 Not Applicable	4/4	1/1	1/1
尉安寧先生	Mr. Wei Anning	不適用 Not Applicable	4/4	1/1	1/1
首席執行官	Chief Executive Officer				
歐倉舟先生	Mr. Ou Chang-Jou	12/12	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable
副總裁	Vice President				
孫德宏先生	Mr. Sun Teh Hong	12/12	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable
首席財務官	Chief Financial Officer				
張景平先生	Mr. Chang Chin-Pyng	12/12	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable
人資長	Chief Human Resources Off	ficer			
徐培根先生	Mr. Hsu Pei Ken	12/12	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable
副總裁	Vice President				
韓芳祖先生	Mr. Jonathan Fang-Tsu Han	12/12	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable

提名委員會

提名委員會於二零零七年九月十四日成立。 大部分成員為獨立非執行董事。於二零一九 年度,委員會主席為陳治先生(獨立非執行董 事),成員為韓家寰先生(非執行董事)、韓家 宸先生(當時之執行董事)、魏永篤先生(獨立 非執行董事)及尉安寧先生(當時之獨立非執 行董事)。於二零一九年,委員會舉行一次會 議。

自二零二零年三月二日起生效及截至本報告日期,提名委員會主席為陳治先生(獨立非執行董事),成員為韓家寰先生(非執行董事)、韓家宸先生(非執行董事)、魏永篤先生(獨立非執行董事)及丁玉山先生(獨立非執行董事)。

提名委員會受其現有職權範圍(已於二零一三年八月九日採納)約束,其職權範圍與相關守則條文之規定密切結合,且於本公司網站www.dfa3999.com及香港交易所網站www.hkex.com.hk均可查閱。

提名委員會的主要職責包括(其中包括):

- 至少每年檢討董事會的架構、人數及成 員多元化,並就推行本公司的企業策略 向董事會提出任何修改建議;
- 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事的人士, 並選拔獲提名出任董事的人士或就此向 董事會提供意見;

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee was established on 14 September 2007. The majority of the members are independent non-executive Directors. During the year of 2019, this Committee was chaired by Mr. Chen Chih (an independent non-executive Director) with Mr. Han Jia-Hwan (a non-executive Director), Mr. Harn Jia-Chen (a then executive Director), Mr. Way Yung-Do (an independent non-executive Director) and Mr. Wei Anning (a then independent non-executive Director) as members. The Committee held 1 meeting during 2019.

With effect from 2 March 2020 and up to the date of this report, the Nomination Committee is chaired by Mr. Chen Chih (an independent non-executive Director) with Mr. Han Jia-Hwan (a non-executive Director), Mr. Harn Jia-Chen (a non-executive Director), Mr. Way Yung-Do (an independent non-executive Director) and Mr. Ting Yu-Shan (an independent non-executive Director) as members.

The Nomination Committee is governed by its current terms of reference adopted on 9 August 2013, which are closely aligned with the relevant Code Provisions requirements and are available at both the Company's website www.dfa3999.com and HKEx's website www.hkex.com.hk.

The main duties of the Nomination Committee include the following (among others):

- to review the structure, size and diversity of the Board at least annually and to make recommendation to the Board regarding any proposed changes to implement the Company's corporate strategy;
- to identify individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board and to select or to make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;

- 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;
- to assess the independence of the independent nonexecutive Directors;
- 就董事委任、重新委任以及董事繼任計劃向董事會提出建議;及
- to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and succession planning of Directors; and
- 檢討董事會成員多元化政策(董事會多元化政策之詳情載於下文「董事會多元化政策」分節)。
- to review the Board Diversity Policy (details of the Board Diversity Policy are set out in the sub-section headed "Board Diversity Policy" below).

於二零一九年,提名委員會於二零一九年十一 月六日舉行一次會議,委員會於會上履行以下 任務(其中包括): In 2019, 1 Nomination Committee meeting was held on 6 November 2019 during which the following tasks were performed by the Committee (among others):

- 檢討董事會當前架構、多元化及組成 (包括技能、知識及經驗);
- reviewed the current Board structure, diversity and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience);
- 評估全體獨立非執行董事之獨立性;
- assessed the independence of all independent nonexecutive Directors:
- 檢討董事會的成員多元化,並考慮載於 董事會多元化政策之各種因素;
- reviewed the diversity of the Board taking into account a number of factors as set out in the Board Diversity Policy;
- 檢討董事履行職責所需時間;及
- reviewed the necessary time for the Directors to discharge their duties and responsibilities; and
- 考慮更換董事會主席及董事相關角色及 更換行政總裁。
- considered change of chairman of the Board and related roles of the Directors and change of the Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

董事會多元化政策

本公司已於二零一三年八月九日採納董事會成 員多元化政策(「董事會多元化政策」),列載董 事會為達致及維持成員多元化以提升董事會之 有效性而採取之方針。

本公司認同及贊同設立成員多元化的董事會以 提高其表現質素的裨益。為達致可持續及均衡 發展,本公司認為在董事會層面日益多元化是 支持達致其策略性目標及可持續發展不可或缺 的元素。在設定董事會組成時,會從多個方面 考慮董事會成員多元化,包括但不限於性別、 年齡、文化及教育背景、專業經驗、技能、知 識及服務任期。董事會所有委任均以用人唯才 為原則,並在考慮人選時以客觀條件充分顧及 董事會成員多元化的裨益。

董事會多元化政策為從多元化角度(包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務任期)挑選董事會候選人提供可衡量目標。

提名委員會將於適當時檢討董事會多元化政策,以確保上述政策的有效性,並將討論任何可能需作出的修訂,再向董事會提出任何該等修訂建議,由董事會考慮及審批。

Board Diversity Policy

The Company has adopted a board diversity policy ("Board Diversity Policy") on 9 August 2013 which sets out its approach to achieve and maintain diversity on the Board in order to enhance the effectiveness of the Board.

The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance. With a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development, the Company sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. In designing the Board's composition, Board diversity has been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

The Board Diversity Policy provides measurable objectives for selection of Board candidates from diversity perspectives (including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service).

The Nomination Committee will review the Board Diversity Policy, as appropriate, to ensure the effectiveness of the said Policy and will discuss any revisions that may be required, and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

儘管所有董事均為同一性別,提名委員會認為,經考慮本集團業務模式及特定行業特點,不論從教育及專業背景以及行業經驗方面考慮,董事會目前之組成具有多元化特點。董事具備不同知識及技能,包括飼料生產、食品生產、食品及飲料服務、資訊科技、鳥類飼養、醫學、財務諮詢、審計及會計等領域的知識及經驗。彼等獲得各種專業學位,包括工商管理、工程、電腦科學、會計及經濟學。

Despite all the Directors being of the same gender, the Nomination Committee considers that the current composition of the Board is characterised by diversity after taking into account the business model of the Group and specific industrial characteristics, whether considered in terms of educational and professional background and industry experience. The Directors have a balanced mix of knowledge and skills, including knowledge and experience in the areas of feeds production, food production, food and beverage services, information technology, aviculture, medicine, financial consultancy, auditing and accounting. They obtained degrees in various majors including business administration, engineering, computer science, accounting and economics.

提名政策

本公司於二零一八年十二月十三日採納提名政策(「提名政策」),列明董事會成員選擇及提名的原則及程序,以確保董事會在技能、經驗及多元化方面取得平衡,符合本公司業務的要求。

提名委員會須向董事會提名適當人選,供董事 會考慮並推薦股東於股東大會選出該人選為本 公司董事,或供董事會委任該人選為董事以填 補臨時空缺(視乎情況而定)。

Nomination Policy

The Company has adopted a nomination policy ("Nomination Policy") on 13 December 2018 which sets out the principles and procedures for selection and nomination of members to the Board, to ensure the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business.

The Nomination Committee shall nominate suitable candidates to the Board for it to consider and make recommendations to shareholders for election as directors of the Company at general meetings or appoint as directors to fill casual vacancies (as the case maybe).

於評估提名候選人適合與否時,提名委員會將 使用下列因素作為參考: The factors listed below would be used as reference by the Nomination Committee in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate:

- 信譽;
- 於本公司主要業務的成就及經驗;
- 可投入的時間以及對相關利益的承擔;
- 各方面的多元化,包括但不限於:性別、年齡(18歲或以上)、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識和服務任期等方面;及
- 獨立性(就獨立非執行董事而言)。

上述因素只供參考之用,並非意在涵蓋所有因素,也不具決定作用。提名委員會具有酌情權,可決定提名任何其認為適當的人士。

提名委員會須召開會議,並邀請候選人出席會議,以供提名委員會成員考慮及查詢。

提名委員會將會持續審閱提名政策以及保留更新、修訂、修改及/或取消提名政策的權利。

- Reputation for integrity;
- Accomplishment and experience in the principal business of the Company;
- Commitment in respect of available time and relevant interest:
- Diversity in all its aspects, including but not limited to gender, age (18 years or above), cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service; and
- Independence (in respect of independent non-executive Directors).

These factors are for reference only, and not meant to be exhaustive and decisive. The Nomination Committee has the discretion to nominate any person, as it considers appropriate.

Nomination Committee shall convene a meeting and invite the candidate(s) to attend the meeting for consideration and enquiry by members of the Nomination Committee.

The Nomination Committee will continually review the Nomination Policy and reserves the right to update, amend, modify and/or cancel the Nomination Policy.

薪酬委員會

二零一九年度內,薪酬委員會主席為尉安寧先生(當時之獨立非執行董事),其他四名成員包括韓家宸先生(當時之執行董事)、韓家宇先生(非執行董事)、魏永篤先生及陳治先生(均為獨立非執行董事),大部分成員為獨立非執行董事。

自二零二零年三月二日起生效及截至本報告日期,薪酬委員會主席為丁玉山先生(獨立非執行董事),其他4名成員包括韓家宸先生(非執行董事)、韓家宇先生(非執行董事)、魏永篤先生及陳治先生(均為獨立非執行董事),彼等大部分為獨立非執行董事。

薪酬委員會受其職權範圍(已由董事會於二零一二年三月二十三日修訂)約束。有關職權範圍可在本公司網站www.dfa3999.com及香港交易所網站www.hkex.com.hk查閱。

薪酬委員會於二零零七年九月十四日根據上市規則第3.25條成立,不時舉行會議,以就本公司所有董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策和結構,以及就制訂此等薪酬政策建立正式及具透明度的程序而向董事會提出推薦建議。薪酬委員會亦參考董事會不時議決的企業宗旨及目標,檢討及批准以表現為基礎的薪酬,並按照獲授權職責釐定個別執行董事及高級管理層的薪酬方案。

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

During the year of 2019, the Remuneration Committee is chaired by Mr. Wei Anning (a then independent non-executive Director) with other 4 members, including Mr. Harn Jia-Chen (a then executive Director), Mr. Han Chia-Yau (a non-executive Director), Mr. Way Yung-Do and Mr. Chen Chih (each an independent non-executive Director), the majority of whom are independent non-executive Directors.

With effect from 2 March 2020 and up to the date of this report, the Remuneration Committee is chaired by Mr. Ting Yu-Shan (an independent non-executive Director) with other 4 members, including Mr. Harn Jia-Chen (a non-executive Director), Mr. Han Chia-Yau (a non-executive Director), Mr. Way Yung-Do and Mr. Chen Chih (each an independent non-executive Director), the majority of whom are independent non-executive Directors.

The Remuneration Committee is governed by its terms of reference, which are revised by the Board on 23 March 2012. The terms of reference are made available on the Company's website www.dfa3999.com and HKEx's website www.hkex.com.hk.

The Remuneration Committee was established on 14 September 2007 pursuant to Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules. It meets from time to time to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all remuneration of Directors and senior management, and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing policy on such remuneration. The Remuneration Committee also reviews and approves the performance-based remuneration by reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time, and determines, with delegated responsibility, the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management.

於二零一九年,薪酬委員會於二零一九年十一 月六日舉行一次會議,委員會於會上履行以下 任務(其中包括):

- 檢討管理層就於二零一九年本公司人力 資源及薪酬政策及優化人員措施編製之 報告:及
- 檢討董事的酬金。

管理層提供行政支持及實施經批准薪酬方案及 薪酬委員會批准之其他人力資源相關決定。

薪酬政策及長期獎勵計劃

為吸引和保留優秀人才,本公司為執行董事和高級管理層提供具競爭力的薪酬方案,包括基本月薪、保證現金福利和津貼、特別津貼、不定額獎金及長期獎勵計劃。不定額獎金按照固定薪金某一百分比計算,依據預定準則和標準以及表現每半年或每年發放。本公司是按照董事的職責以及同類職級的市場水平支付董事酬金。

應付予董事及高級管理層的袍金及任何其他補償或酬金(按範圍劃分)載於財務報表附註8。

During 2019, 1 Remuneration Committee meeting was held on 6 November 2019 during which the following tasks were performed by the Committee (among others):

- reviewed a report prepared by the management regarding the human resources and remuneration policy and workforce optimization measures of the Company in 2019;
 and
- reviewed remuneration of Director(s).

The management provides administrative support and implements the approved remuneration packages and other human resources related decisions approved by the Remuneration Committee.

Emolument Policy and Long-Term Incentive Plan

To attract and retain talent and calibre, the Company provides a competitive remuneration package to its executive Directors and senior management. This comprises base monthly salary, guaranteed cash benefits and allowances, special allowances, variable pay, long-term incentive plan. The amount of variable pay is set at a percentage of the fixed pay, and is paid half-yearly or yearly relative to performance delivered through plans and objectives which have pre-determined criteria and standards.

The fees and any other reimbursement or emolument payable to the Directors by band and senior management are set out in note 8 to the financial statements.

審核委員會

二零一九年度內,審核委員會之成員由當時三 名獨立非執行董事組成,即魏永篤先生、陳治 先生及尉安寧先生。

自二零二零年三月二日起生效及截止本報告日期,審核委員會之成員由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即魏永篤先生、陳治先生及丁玉山先生。魏永篤先生為審核委員會主席,並擁有財務顧問、會計及審計之豐富經驗。有關魏先生之履歷詳情載於本年報「董事及高級管理人員履歷」一節。

審核委員會通常一年舉行4次會議,檢討本公司的季度、中期及年度業績以及本集團財務報表之完整性。審核委員會須向董事會負責,並協助董事會履行其職責,以確保內部控制體系有效及足夠,並協助其履行對外財務報告義務及遵守其他法律及監管規定。審核委員會亦檢討及監督外聘核數師的工作範圍及成效。

審核委員會受其職權範圍約束。有關職權範圍可在本公司網站www.dfa3999.com及香港交易所網站www.hkex.com.hk查閱。

本公司首席財務官一般會出席審核委員會會議。當會議和日常財務監控有關,本公司的內部監控部門主管亦會出席會議,以匯報於內部監控審計過程中發現的問題及建議方法,緩解和解決發現的問題。外聘核數師通常出席有關財務業績審計及審計計劃的討論。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

During the year of 2019, the Audit Committee comprised 3 then independent non-executive Directors as members, namely Mr. Way Yung-Do, Mr. Chen Chih and Mr. Wei Anning.

With effect from 2 March 2020 and up to the date of this report, the Audit Committee comprises 3 independent non-executive Directors as members, namely Mr. Way Yung-Do, Mr. Chen Chih and Mr. Ting Yu-Shan. Mr. Way Yung-Do is the chairman of the Audit Committee and has accumulated substantial experience in financial advisory, accounting and auditing. Details of Mr. Way's biography are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management Profile" in this annual report.

The Audit Committee usually meets 4 times a year to review the Company's quarterly, interim and annual results and the integrity of the Group's financial statements. The Audit Committee is accountable to the Board and assists the Board in meeting its responsibilities in ensuring an effective and adequate system is in place for internal controls and for meeting its external financial reporting obligations and compliance with other legal and regulatory requirements. The Audit Committee also reviews and monitors the scope and effectiveness of the work of external auditors.

The Audit Committee is governed by its terms of reference. The terms of reference are made available on the Company's website www.dfa3999.com and HKEx's website www.hkex.com.hk.

The Audit Committee meetings are normally attended by the Company's Chief Financial Officer. When meetings concern the routine finance control, the head of the internal control department of the Company also attends the meeting to report on the problems identified during the internal control audits and recommendation of methods to alleviate and solve the problems identified. The external auditor is often present on discussion of the audit of financial results and audit planning.

於二零一九年,審核委員會舉行四次會議,委 員會於會上檢討及考慮以下事項(其中包括):

In 2019, the Audit Committee held 4 meetings during which the following matters (among others) were reviewed and considered by the Committee:

- 外聘核數師履行之核數工作;
- 本公司內部審計部提交的內部審計報告
 及本集團內部監控及風險管理制度之有效性:
- 有關本公司稅項相關事宜之報告;
- 二零一八年年度及二零一九年季度及中期財務報表之完整性及準確性;
- 衡量會計準則之發展(如有)及其對本公司的影響;
- 檢討內部控制措施及缺陷(如有);
- 支付予外聘核數師的審計費用、於二零 一九年的審計範疇及時間表;
- 就續任畢馬威會計師事務所為外聘核數師一事,向董事會作出推薦建議,以獲股東批准(董事會已同意及接納);及
- 本公司訂立的持續關連交易之總值、定 價政策及其他條款。

- the auditing work performed by external auditor;
- the internal control reports submitted by the internal audit department of the Company and the effectiveness of the systems of internal control and risk management of the Group;
- the report on taxation related matters of the Company;
- the completeness and accuracy of the 2018 annual and 2019 guarterly and interim financial statements;
- the developments in accounting standards (if any) and the effect on the Company;
- review internal control measures and defects (if any);
- the audit fees payable to external auditor, the scope and timetable of the audit for year 2019;
- recommendations to the Board, for the approval by shareholders, for the reappointment of Messrs. KPMG as the external auditor, which the Board agreed and accepted; and
- the aggregate value, pricing policy and other terms of the continuing connected transactions carried out by the Company.

審核委員會已獲悉,在需要情況下可要求徵詢 獨立專業意見,費用由本公司承擔。審核委員 會獲內部審計部員工及外聘核數師支援。 The Audit Committee has been advised that it may seek independent professional advice at the expense of the Company wherever necessary. The Audit Committee is also supported by the staff of the internal audit department and the external auditor.

執行委員會

執行委員會

董事會於二零零七年九月十四日成立執行委員會,並以書面形式列明其等的特定職權範圍。 董事會授權執行委員會就本公司之管理作出若 干決定。

執行委員會受其職權範圍約束(其已由董事會 於二零一零年三月十二日、二零一六年十二 月十六日及二零一九年三月二十二日修訂)。 有關職權範圍的英文版本可在本公司網站 www.dfa3999.com查閱。

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Executive Committee

The Board established the Executive Committee on 14 September 2007 with specific written terms of reference. The Board has delegated responsibilities to the Executive Committee for making certain decisions for the management of the Company.

The Executive Committee is bound by its terms of reference, which have been revised by the Board on 12 March 2010, 16 December 2016 and 22 March 2019. The English version of the terms of reference is available on the Company's website at www.dfa3999.com.

根據其職權範圍,執行委員會成員須由董事會 從本公司執行董事及高級管理人員中委任。執 行委員會由不多於七名成員組成,包括本公司 執行董事、首席執行官或首席財務官及其他高 級管理層。於二零一九年,執行委員會包括以 下成員: In accordance with its terms of reference, members of the Executive Committee shall be appointed by the Board from amongst the executive Directors and senior management of the Company only. The Executive Committee shall consist of no more than 7 members, which include the executive Directors, the chief operation officer or the chief financial officer of the Company and other senior management of the Company. During 2019, the Executive Committee comprised the following members:

執行董事

韓家宸先生(主席) 韓家寅先生

首席執行官

歐倉舟先生

副總裁

孫德宏先生

首席財務官

張景平先生

人資長

徐培根先生

副總裁

韓芳祖先生

Executive Director

Mr. Harn Jia-Chen (Chairman)
Mr. Han Chia-Yin

Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Ou Chang-Jou

Vice President

Mr. Sun Teh Hong

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Chang Chin-Pyng

Chief Human Resource Officer

Mr. Hsu Pei Ken

Vice President

Mr. Jonathan Fang-Tsu Han

自二零二零年三月一日起生效及截至本報告日 期,執行委員會包括以下成員: With effect from 1 March 2020 and up to the date of this report, the Executive Committee comprises of the following members:

執行董事

尉安寧先生(*主席*) 韓家寅先生

首席執行官

孫德宏先生

首席財務官

張景平先生

人資長

徐培根先生

副總裁

韓芳祖先生

執行委員會於二零一九年履行的工作,其中包括審議以下事宜:

- 批准任何常規事務或有關本集團日常運 作之事宜;
- 制定本集團整體企業管治政策及投資者關係政策供董事會審閱;
- 實施經董事會批准之本公司年度經營計劃、營運及資本支出預算;及
- 實施經董事會批准的戰略計劃及長期目標。

Executive Director

Mr. Wei Anning (Chairman)
Mr. Han Chia-Yin

Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Sun Teh Hong

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Chang Chin-Pyng

Chief Human Resource Officer

Mr. Hsu Pei Ken

Vice President

Mr. Jonathan Fang-Tsu Han

The work completed by the Executive Committee during 2019 included consideration of the following matters (among others):

- approving any routine matters or matters concerning dayto-day operation of the Group;
- formulating for the Board's review the Group's overall corporate governance policy and investor relation policy;
- implementing the annual business plan, operating and capital expenditure budgets of the Company as approved by the Board; and
- implementing the strategic plans and long-term objectives as approved by the Board.

問責及核數

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本公司資產 淨值約為人民幣2,012,482,000元,截至二 零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司錄 得母公司股權持有人應佔溢利約為人民幣 133,683,000元。

財務申報

根據上市規則及其他監管規定,董事會旨在呈 列一份平衡、清晰及易於理解評估的年報及中 期報告,內幕消息公告及其他財務披露。

董事知悉彼等有責任編製各財務期間的財務報表,以真實公允反映該期間本集團的經營狀況、業績及現金流量。

本公司外聘核數師就其對本集團財務報表的 申報責任的聲明載於「獨立核數師報告」第100 頁。

經適當查詢後,董事認為本集團有足夠資源於可預見未來繼續經營。因此,董事會採取持續經營準則編製載於第109至284頁的財務報表。董事會並不知悉任何可能會嚴重影響本公司持續經營能力的重大不明朗事件或情況。

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

As at 31 December 2019, the Company had net assets of approximately RMB2,012,482,000 and the Company recorded a profit attributable to equity holders of the parent of approximately RMB133,683,000 for the year ended 31 December 2019.

FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Board aims to present a balanced, clear and understandable assessment in annual and interim reports, inside information announcements and other financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements.

The Directors have acknowledged their responsibility for the preparation of the accounts for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flows for that period.

The statement by the external auditor of the Company regarding its reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Group is set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" on page 100.

The Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and hence decide that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements set out on pages 109 to 284 on a going concern basis. The Board is not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

本公司於較長期間內產生或保存價值的基礎及 實現其目標的策略於本年報第9至22頁的「管 理層討論與分析」內闡述。

管理層向董事會提供足夠解釋及資料,例如本 集團的主要業務活動及主要財務資料,以讓董 事會對向董事會提呈以供批准的本公司財務資 料及狀況作出知情評價。

管理層亦每月向全體董事提供充分詳盡的最新 消息,讓彼等可對本公司的表現、狀況及前景 作出持平而易於理解的評估,致令董事會整 體及各董事可履行其於上市規則第3.08條及第 十三章項下的職責。 The bases on which the Company generates or preserves value over the longer term and the strategy for delivering its objectives are explained in the "Management Discussion and Analysis" set out in pages 9 to 22 in this annual report.

The management provides the Board with sufficient explanation and information, such as the Group's major business activities and key financial information, to enable the Board to make an informed assessment of the financial information and other information of the Company put before the Board for approval.

The management also provides all Directors with monthly updates giving them a balanced and understandable assessment of the Company's performance, position and prospects in sufficient detail to enable the Board as a whole and each Director to discharge their duties under Rule 3.08 and Chapter 13 of the Listing Rules.

企業管治報告

Corporate Governance Report

風險管理及內部監控

董事會確認對本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統負責並監督該系統及負責檢討該系統之有效性。審核委員會協助董事會履行其於本集團財務、營運、合規、風險管理及內部監控,以及財務及內部審計職能方面資源的監管及企業管治角色。

除由董事會監管外,本公司亦已制定風險管理 流程,以識別、評估及管理重大風險,解决重 大內部監控缺陷(如有)。

本公司由管理層制定專門針對本公司風險的管理制度。本公司內部審計部的成員定期向管理層報告,以檢討及評估風險,並商討解决重大內部監控缺陷(如有)的辦法,包括作出與任何特定年度有關的改善,然後整理結果,為各項風險評定,並制定書面應對計劃。管理層負責審閱風險評估結果,然後提呈審核委員會或董事會審閱。

適當的政策及監控已經訂立及制定,以確保保 障資產不會在未經許可下使用或處置,並依從 及遵守相關規則及規例,根據相關會計準則及 監管申報規定保存可靠的財務及會計記錄,以 及適當地識別及管理可能影響本集團表現的主 要風險。有關系統及內部監控只能就防範重大 失實陳述或損失作出合理而非絕對的保證,其 訂立旨在管理而非消除未能達致業務目標的風 險。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the Group's risk management and internal control systems and oversees the said system and is responsible for reviewing their effectiveness. The Audit Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight and corporate governance roles in the Group's financial, operational, compliance, risk management and internal controls, and the resourcing of the finance and internal audit functions.

In addition to the Board's oversight responsibilities, the Company has also developed a risk management process to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks and to resolve material internal control defects (if any).

The management establishes a specified management system for the risks of the Company. Members of the internal audit department of the Company report to the management on a regular basis to review and assess risks and discuss solutions to address material internal control defects (if any), including any improvement relevant to a given year. Results of such reports and discussions are organized with ratings of each risk and written response plans. The risk assessment is reviewed by the management and presented to the Audit Committee or the Board for their review.

Appropriate policies and controls have been designed and established to ensure that assets are safeguarded against improper use or disposal, relevant rules and regulations are adhered to and complied with, reliable financial and accounting records are maintained in accordance with relevant accounting standards and regulatory reporting requirements, and key risks that may impact on the Group's performance are appropriately identified and managed. The systems and internal controls can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss, as they are designed to manage, rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives.

管理層負責監管企業風險管理工作及就本集團 的重大風險管理範疇進行檢討。本集團的各個 營運單位(作為承擔風險單位)識別、評核、減 低及監察其各自的風險,以及按季向風險管理 及合規部門匯報該等風險管理工作。風險管理 及合規部門於每個定期安排的會議上評估及提 交定期報告予管理層。

本集團內部審計部會於年度審核委員會會議或 董事會會議上向審核委員會或董事會匯報其於 上一個期間有關內部監控是否足够及有效的工 作結果,包括但不限於指出無法執行任何該等 監控程序的失誤或任何程序出現重大弱點。董 事會已檢討本集團二零一九年年度風險管理及 內部監控系統及該系統之有效性並認為該等系 統有效且足夠。

有關處理及發佈內幕消息之程序,本公司管理 層負責評估任何重大突發事件對本公司股份價 格及其成交量的潛在影響,並向董事會匯報, 由董事會決定有關資料是否應視為內幕消息, 而須根據適用法律法規在合理可行的情況下盡 快披露。

本公司已僱用其內部核數師,定期及有系統地 檢討本集團之內部監控制度。該等檢討可合理 保證內部監控制度繼續在本集團及本公司內令 人滿意及有效地運行。 The management is responsible for supervising enterprise risk management works and reviewing significant aspects of risk management of the Group. The operating units of the Group, as risk bearer, identify, evaluate, mitigate and monitor their own risks, and report such risk management activities to the risk management and compliance department on a quarterly basis. The risk management and compliance department assesses and presents regular reports to the management at each regularly scheduled meeting.

The internal audit department of the Group reports to the Audit Committee or the Board at the annual meeting of the Audit Committee or the Board, the results of their works during the preceding period pertaining to the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls, including but not limited to, indicating any failures in implementing any internal control systems or material weaknesses in those systems. The Board has reviewed the risk management and internal control systems and the effectiveness of such systems for the year 2019 and considers such systems effective and adequate.

For the procedures relating to the handling and publishment of inside information, the management of the Company is responsible for assessing the potential impact of any significant urgent situations on the share price of the Company and its transaction volume, and reports to the Board so that the Board determines whether such information is considered as inside information and is required to disclose as soon as practicable in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

The Company has employed its own internal auditors to perform regular and systematic reviews of the Group's internal control system. The reviews provide reasonable assurance that the internal control system continues to operate satisfactorily and effectively within the Group and the Company.

審核委員會每年檢討外聘核數師於編製核數報告時就彼等遇到的問題所作的調查結果,該等問題通常涵蓋有關內部控制的事項。審核委員會亦會檢討本公司內部審計部提交的風險管理及內部控制報告。審核委員會其後將檢討管理層就處理該等事項所採取的行動或將進行的計劃。所發現的事項以及相應糾正計劃及推薦建議其後將呈交董事會審議。

於二零一九年,概無發現任何重大內部控制問 題。

關連交易

本公司致力確保於處理關連交易時遵守上市規則、適用法律及法規的監管規定。因此,本公司根據上市規則實施各種內部監控機制,以識別及監控關連交易,確保關連交易乃按正常商業條款或按公平合理並經妥當披露及(倘有必要)經獨立股東批准的條款進行。關連人士將須於股東大會上放棄投票。於年內,有關本公司關連交易之詳情載於本年報「董事會報告」一節。

Each year, the Audit Committee reviews the findings made by the external auditor in respect of issues encountered by it in preparation of the audit report, which often cover issues relating to internal control. The Audit Committee also reviews the risk management and internal control report submitted by the Company's internal audit department. The Audit Committee will then review the actions performed or the plans to be carried out by the management in addressing the issues. The issues identified and the corresponding remedial plans and recommendations are then submitted to the Board for consideration

For the year of 2019, no critical internal control issues have been identified.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The Company is committed to ensuring compliance with regulatory requirements under the Listing Rules, applicable laws and regulations in handling connected transactions. Accordingly, the Company implemented various internal control mechanisms to identify and monitor connected transactions to ensure that connected transactions are conducted under normal commercial terms or on terms that are fair and reasonable and properly disclosed and (if necessary) approved by the independent shareholders in accordance with the Listing Rules. The connected persons will be required to abstain from voting in the general meetings. Details of the connected transactions of the Company during the year are set out in the section headed "Report of the Directors" of this annual report.

核數師酬金

於回顧年度內,本公司就外聘核數師提供之服 務所支付的酬金大致如下:

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

For the year under review, the remuneration paid for services provided by the Company's external auditor is roughly as follows:

	金額		Amount
	(人民幣千元)		RMB'000
審核服務	4,990	Audit services	4,990
非審核服務		Non-audit services	
税務服務	80	Tax services	80
ESG諮詢服務	130	ESG consultation services	130

公司秘書

本公司公司秘書由香港執業律師曹依萍女士擔任。曹女士並非本公司僱員。公司秘書可透過本公司法律部門總監馮玉俠女士聯絡本公司。公司秘書向董事會負責,並不時向董事會主席匯報。所有董事均可徵詢及取得公司秘書的意見和服務,以確保董事會程序及所有適用的法律、法規和規章皆獲遵守。

作為公司秘書,曹依萍女士已於二零一九年內接受不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。回顧年度內,彼已履行有關要求。

COMPANY SECRETARY

The position of Company Secretary is held by Ms. Cho Yi Ping, a practising solicitor of Hong Kong who is not an employee of the Company. The Company Secretary can contact the Company through the head of the legal department of the Company, Ms. Feng Yuxia. The Company Secretary is responsible to the Board and reports to the Board Chairman from time to time. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary to ensure that board procedures, and all applicable laws, rules and regulations are followed.

Being the Company Secretary, Ms. Cho Yi Ping has to take no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year 2019. She has fulfiled the requirement during the year under review.

與股東及投資者的溝通

本公司致力維持高水平的企業透明度。本公司 投資者關係團隊的主要目標之一是讓股東、投 資者、分析員、銀行家及其他利益相關團體知 悉本公司企業策略及業務營運。

本公司的股東大會為董事會與股東之間提供最好的溝通機會。本公司已遵守守則條文、適用 法律、規則及法規所規定召開股東大會所需的 通知期。

此外,於二零一九年六月二十七日舉行的股東 週年大會上,就每項重大獨立議題都提呈獨立 的決議案。

各薪酬委員會、提名委員會和審核委員會主席,或在其等缺席時,各委員會的其他成員以及(如適用)獨立董事委員會,可在本公司股東大會上回答有關提問。

本公司外聘核數師畢馬威會計師事務所的代表 亦已出席於二零一九年六月二十七日舉行的股 東週年大會,解答有關進行審計、編製核數師 報告及其內容、會計政策以及核數師的獨立性 問題。

COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

The Company endeavours to uphold a high level of corporate transparency. Keeping shareholders, investors, analysts, bankers and other stakeholders informed of our corporate strategies and business operations has been one of the key objectives of our investor relations team.

The general meetings of the Company provide the best opportunity for communication between the Board and the shareholders. The Company complied with the required notice periods for general meetings under the Code Provisions, the applicable laws, rules and regulations.

Also, separate resolutions for each substantially separate issue were proposed at the AGM held on 27 June 2019.

The chairpersons of the Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and the Audit Committee or, in their absence, other members of the respective committees and, where applicable, the Independent Board Committee, are available to answer questions at the general meetings of the Company.

The representatives of the external auditor of the Company, Messrs. KPMG also attended the AGM held on 27 June 2019 to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditor's report, the accounting policies and auditor independence.

以投票方式表決

本公司於相關的企業通訊中皆説明,股東須以 投票方式表決,以允許股東以持有本公司一股 一票的方式表決。會議主席會解釋表決的程序 及回答股東有關在股東大會上以投票方式表決 投票的任何疑問。股東大會的投票表決結果於 股東大會後當日分別登載於聯交所及本公司網 站。

股東召開股東特別大會的權利

根據本公司組織章程細則第64條,股東特別大會須於一名或多名股東要求時召開,惟於提出該要求當日,有關股東須持有不少於本公司具有股東大會表決權的繳足股本十分之一。該要求須以書面形式向董事會或公司秘書作出以要求董事會召開股東特別大會處理有關要求所列明的任何事務。有關股東特別大會須於提出上述要求後兩個月內舉行。倘提出上述要求後不個月內舉行。倘提出上述要求後二十一日內,董事會未有著手召開股東特別大會,則請求人可以相同方式自行召開股東特別大會,而本公司須向該等請求人償付彼等因董事會未有召開大會而產生的一切合理開支。

VOTING BY POLL

The Company expresses in each relevant corporate communication that the shareholders shall vote by poll so as to allow the shareholders to have one vote for every share of the Company held. The chairman of the meeting would explain the voting procedure and answer any questions from the shareholders regarding voting by poll in the general meetings. The poll voting results of the general meetings were published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company respectively on the same day after the general meetings were held.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS TO CONVENE AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

Under Article 64 of the Articles of Association of the Company, extraordinary general meetings shall be convened on the requisition of one or more shareholders of the Company holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, at least one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the Company Secretary for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. The relevant extraordinary general meeting shall be held within 2 months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

企業管治報告 Corporate Governance Report

於股東大會上與股東溝通及提呈決議案 的程序

根據守則規定,股東溝通政策已於二零一二年 三月二十三日制訂並採納,以確保股東可隨 時、平等且適時獲提供持平而易於理解的本公 司相關信息。董事會已採取適當步驟向股東提 供有效溝通。股東溝通政策項下股東溝通的有 效性由董事會定期審閱。

所有已公佈的資料,包括所有的法定公告、 新聞稿及行事曆會及時上載至本公司網站 www.dfa3999.com。投資者亦可傳送電郵至 investors@dachan.com.cn向董事會或高級管 理層提交查詢,或直接於本公司股東大會提出 問題或建議。本公司專責投資者關係團隊會以 面對面交談及投資者電話會議的方式,積極與 現有及潛在投資者及時溝通。

股息政策

於二零一八年十二月十三日,本公司採納其股 息政策(「股息政策」)。股息政策如下:

派發股息的一般政策是本公司應使股東能夠享 有本公司的盈利,同時確保為本公司的未來發 展留出足夠的儲備。

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND PROCEDURES FOR PUTTING FORWARD PROPOSALS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

Based on the requirement of the Code, a Shareholders Communication Policy was formulated and adopted on 23 March 2012 in order to ensure the shareholders are provided with ready, equal and timely access to balanced and understandable information about the Company. The Board has taken appropriate steps to provide effective communication with shareholders. The effectiveness of shareholders communication under the shareholders communication policy had been reviewed by the Board on a regular basis.

All published information, including all the statutory announcements, press releases and event calendars, are promptly posted on the Group's website www.dfa3999.com. Investors can also submit enquiries to the Board or senior management by sending emails to investors@dachan.com.cn or directly by raising questions or proposals at the general meeting of the Company. The Company's team dedicated to investor relations takes a proactive approach to communicate with existing and potential investors in a timely manner by making regular face-to-face meetings and conference calls with investors

DIVIDEND POLICY

On 13 December 2018, the Company has adopted its dividend policy ("Dividend Policy"). The Dividend Policy is as follows:

The general policy for distribution of dividend is that the Company shall enable the shareholders to enjoy the profits of the Company whilst ensure adequate reserve for future development of the Company.

企業管治報告 Corporate Governance Report

董事會在宣派股息或建議派發股息時將考慮以下因素:

The following factors will be taken into account by the Board when declaring dividend or recommending distribution of dividend:

- 公司的實際及預期財務表現;
- 本公司及本集團各成員公司的留存盈利 及可分派儲備:
- 本集團的預期營運資金需求,資本開支 需求及未來擴展計劃;
- 本集團的現金流量狀況、本集團的負債 權益比率及與金融機構簽訂的貸款協議 可能對財務比率施加的任何限制:
- 一般經濟狀況、本集團業務的業務週期及可能對本公司的業務或財務表現及狀況產生影響的其他內部或外部因素:及
- 董事會認為合適的任何其他因素。

本公司宣派及派發股息將受本公司的組織章程 細則及適用於本公司的所有法律及法規約束。

本公司將繼續審閱股息政策,並保留權利以其 全權絕對酌情決定權更新、修訂、修改及/或 取消股息政策,股息政策並不構成具法律約束 力的承諾,就有關本公司之未來的股息分派, 及/或並不使本公司有義務於任何時間或不時 宣派股息。

- the Company's actual and expected financial performance;
- retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Company and each of the members of the Group;
- the Group's expected working capital requirements, capital expenditure requirements and future expansion plans;
- the Group's cashflow situation, the Group's debts to equity ratio and any restrictions on financial ratios that may be imposed by the loan agreements with financial institutions;
- general economic conditions, business cycle of the Group's business and other internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Company; and
- any other factors that the Board deems appropriate.

Declaration and distribution of dividend by the Company will be subject to Articles of Association of the Company and all laws and regulations applicable to the Company.

The Company will continually review the Dividend Policy and reserves the right in its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend, modify and/or cancel the Dividend Policy, and the Dividend Policy shall in no way constitute a legally binding commitment by the Company in respect of its future dividend and/or in no way obligate the Company to declare a dividend at any time or from time to time.

企業管治報告 Corporate Governance Report

章程文件

於回顧年度,本公司的組織章程大綱及細則概 無任何變動。

總結

本公司將於未來繼續努力盡量維持最高水平的 企業透明度。

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the year under review, no amendment to the memorandum and articles of association of the Company has been made.

Conclusion

Going forward, the Company will continue to work diligently to maintain the highest level of corporate transparency possible.

董事會提呈截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止 年度之年度報告及經審核財務報表。 The Board submits the annual report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

主要業務

本公司的主要業務為投資控股,透過附屬公司 經營高度整合的一條龍業務,包括飼料製造、 雞肉加工及供應加工食品。

業務回顧及表現

對本集團業務及表現之審視

有關本集團業務的公平審視(包括運用財務關鍵表現指標進行分析)以及可能的未來發展趨向的資料載於本年報「財務摘要」、「主席報告」及「管理層討論與分析」部分。

主要風險及不確定性

食品安全是本集團業務面臨的最主要風險。為此,本集團一直專注於安心可溯源平台的搭建,同時堅守100-1=0的理念,以最大限度規避食品安全事故對集團營運可能產生的潛在負面影響。

匯率波動亦是本集團須積極應對的市場風險。 為此,本集團已適時調整借款幣種,盡可能降 低幣別轉換產生的不必要損失。

遵守法律及法規

於本年度內,本集團並未知悉任何違反對其有 重大影響之有關法律或法規之行為。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and operation of a highly vertically integrated business encompassing feeds production, chicken meat processing and supply of processed foods through its subsidiaries.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PERFORMANCE

REVIEW OF THE GROUP'S BUSINESS AND PERFORMANCE

Details of the fair review (including an analysis using key financial performance indicators) and the possible future development trend of the Group's business are set out in the sections headed "Financial Highlights", "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Food safety is the most important risk faced by the Group's business. In this regard, the Group has always been focusing on building a traceable platform and adhering to the principle of 100-1=0 so as to avoid the potential adverse impact of food safety incidents that may occur in the operation of the Group.

Exchange rate fluctuation is also a market risk which the Group seeks to actively handle. The Group has adjusted the currency of borrowings as and when appropriate to minimise unnecessary loss arising from change of currency.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

During the year, the Group was not aware of any violation of the relevant laws and regulations which may have significant impact on it.

重大事件之詳情

除載於財務報表附註33的新型冠狀病毒肺炎疫情之影響外,自二零一九年十二月三十一日起至今,董事會並未發現任何對本集團造成影響之重大事件。

環境政策及表現

促進可持續發展是本集團義不容辭的社會責任。本集團一直致力於節約資源、減少排放,並自二零一五年開始分批將燃煤鍋爐淘汰替換成清潔能源鍋爐。

與主要利益相關人士的關係

「誠信、謙和、前瞻」是本集團的核心價值觀。 本集團始終堅持以誠信的行為、謙和的心態與 供應商、客戶保持良好的合作關係,攜手開創 前瞻性的協作模式。

本集團僱員主要服務於飼料及動物營養群、家 禽及價值肉品群、全球食品群及各職能支援 群,分別履行產銷營運管理、產品生產製造、 產品企劃及市場銷售、行政與人力資源、財務 與經營分析、稽核與法律風險管控、物資採購 與物流管理、IT技術支持、產品研發及品質安 全管理等相關工作職責。

本集團在僱員的選才、育才、用才、留才上一 直秉持的原則是:

 依據崗位的工作規劃及關鍵績效指標, 招募甄選適合本公司企業文化和該崗位 的適當人才;

DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT EVENTS

Since 31 December 2019, save and except for the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak as set out in note 33 to the financial statements, the Board was not aware of any significant event affecting the Group.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY AND PERFORMANCE

Promoting the sustainable development is a social responsibility incumbent upon the Group. The Group has always been committed to the resources conservation and emission reduction and has replaced coal-fired boilers with clean energy boilers by batches since 2015.

RELATIONSHIP WITH KEY STAKEHOLDERS

"Integrity, Modesty and Foresight" are the core values of the Group. The Group maintains a good cooperation relationship and establishes a prospective cooperation model with its suppliers and customers by persistently acting with integrity and with a humble attitude.

The employees of the Group are principally engaged in feed and animal nutrition segment, poultry and value meat segment, global food segment and various supporting segments and are responsible for relevant duties respectively in sales and marketing management, product manufacturing, product planning and marketing, administrative and human resources, financial and operation analysis, audit and legal risk management and control, material procurement and logistics management, information technology technical support, product research and development, quality and safety management and so on.

The Group has been upholding the following principles when choosing, training, using and retaining talents:

 recruiting and selecting individuals who are suitable for the Company's corporate culture and job position based on working plans and key performance indicators of the position;

- 2. 依僱員不同的崗位和職級,設計有針對性的培訓課程並開展對應的培訓計劃,持續提升僱員的管理及專業技巧,為集團儲備優秀的人才;
- 3. 針對不同的崗位性質,設計執行不同的 績效考核體系,並執行適當的崗位調整 和工作輪調,使人才在適宜的崗位上發 揮最大的功效:
- 4. 參考僱員個人的經驗及績效表現和市場的薪金水平核定相應薪酬,並對不同崗位類別的僱員執行相應績效獎金激勵方案,同時每年度甄選出重點保留的菁英人才給予合適的獎勵。

本集團與其僱員概無重大糾紛,本集團致力於 打造高效團隊,讓僱員能夠與公司共享營運成 果。

附屬公司

附屬公司連同其經營及註冊地點與已發行股本/註冊資本的詳情,載於財務報表附註 14。

業績及分配

本集團截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 的溢利及本公司及本集團於當天的業務狀況載 於財務報表第109至284頁。

本公司股東應佔溢利約人民幣133,683千元 (二零一八年:溢利約人民幣13,135千元)已轉 撥至儲備。本集團及本公司的其他儲備變動載 於本年報第252頁及財務報表附註27(d)。

為保留資源供本集團之業務發展,董事會決定 不就截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止之年度 向股東派發末期股息(二零一八年:不派發股 息)。

- designing specific training courses and launching corresponding training plans according to different positions and ranks of employees to continuously enhance employee's management and professional skills and to provide a reservoir of outstanding talents for the Group;
- designing and implementing different performance appraisal systems and conducting suitable post adjustment and job rotation based on different job natures to place talents in suitable positions and optimise their performance;
- 4. determining employees' remuneration levels based on their experience and performance as well as the market salaries and implementing performance bonus incentive programs for employees in different positions and also selecting important talents every year for appropriate reward.

There is no significant dispute between the Group and its employees. The Group commits to build an effective and efficient team and enable our employees to share the results of our operation.

SUBSIDIARIES

A list of subsidiaries together with their places of operations and incorporation and particulars of their issued share capital/registered capital are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATION

The profit of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019 and the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 109 to 284.

Profit attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RMB133,683 thousand (2018: profit of approximately RMB13,135 thousand) have been transferred to reserves. Other movements in reserves of the Group and of the Company are set out on page 252 of the annual report and note 27(d) to the financial statements.

To reserve the resources for the Group's business development, the Board decides not to distribute any final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2019 (2018: no dividend).

儲備

本年度內本集團之儲備變動詳情載於第113頁 至第114頁之綜合權益變動表。

股本

本公司股本年內變動詳情載於財務報表附註 27(c)。

優先權

本公司組織章程或開曼群島法例並無有關優先 權的條文規定本公司須按持股比例向現有股東 發售新股份。

捐款

本集團於年內向慈善機構捐款合共人民幣 110.000元。

固定資產

固定資產的年內變動詳情載於財務報表附註 13。

銀行貸款及透支

本集團於二零一九年十二月三十一日的銀行貸款及透支詳情載於財務報表附註24。

股份上市

本公司股份於二零零七年十月四日在聯交所主 板上市。

RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group during the year are set out in consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 113 to 114.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 27(c) to the financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to the existing shareholders.

DONATIONS

Donations made by the Group during the year amounted to RMB110,000.

FIXED ASSETS

Details of movements in fixed assets during the year are set out in note 13 to the financial statements.

BANK LOANS AND OVERDRAFT

Particulars of bank loans and overdrafts of the Group as at 31 December 2019 are set out in note 24 to the financial statements.

LISTING OF SHARES

The shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 4 October 2007.

董事

於年內直至二零二零年二月二十九日,本公司 董事(「董事」)為:

執行董事

韓家宸先生(主席)

(已辭任主席及調任為非執行董事, 自二零二零年三月一日起生效)

韓家寅先生

非執行董事

趙天星先生 韓家寰先生 韓家宇先生

獨立非執行董事

陳治先生 魏永篤先生 尉安寧先生

> (已調任為執行董事及被委任為主席, 自二零二零年三月一日起生效)

自二零二零年三月二日起生效及截至本報告日 期,董事為:

執行董事

尉安寧先生(*主席*) 韓家寅先生

非執行董事

趙天星先生 韓家宸先生 韓家寰先生 韓家宇先生

獨立非執行董事

陳治先生 魏永篤先生 丁玉山先生

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company (the "Directors" and each a "Director") during the year and up to 29 February 2020 were:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Harn Jia-Chen (chairman)

(Resigned as Chairman and re-designated as a non-executive Director with effect from 1 March 2020)

Mr. Han Chia-Yin

Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Chao Tien-Shin Mr. Han Jia-Hwan Mr. Han Chia-Yau

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chen Chih Mr. Way Yung-Do Mr. Wei Anning

(Re-designated as an executive Director and appointed as Chairman with effect from 1 March 2020)

With effect from 2 March 2020 and up to the date of this report, the Directors are:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wei Anning (Chairman)

Mr. Han Chia-Yin

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chao Tien-Shin Mr. Harn Jia-Chen Mr. Han Jia-Hwan Mr. Han Chia-Yau

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chen Chih Mr. Way Yung-Do Mr. Ting Yu-Shan

董事服務合約

各執行董事均與本公司簽訂了服務合約,而非 執行董事及獨立非執行董事與本公司均簽訂了 委任函。

各董事的委任期受限於本公司的章程細則(「章 程細則」)及/或上市規則及/或開曼群島法律 的規定,本公司或董事可根據服務合約或委任 函條款終止該服務合約或委任函。

根據章程細則第108條,於每屆股東週年大會上,不少於當時三分之一的董事須輪值退任,而根據本公司企業管治守則第A.4.2條,每名董事(包括以指定年期獲委任者)須至少每三年輪值退任一次。所有退任的董事均應符合資格重選連任。

因此,韓家宸先生、韓家宇先生及趙天星先生 將於本公司應屆股東週年大會結束時輪值退 任。

根據章程細則第112條,董事會委任為新增董事的董事只須留任至本公司下屆股東週年大會,並因此須符合資格於該會議上重選連任。

因此,獲董事會於2020年3月2日委任為新增董事的丁玉山先生,將留任至本公司應屆股東週年大會,並會符合資格於該股東週年大會上重選連任。

所有上述董事均符合資格並願意於應屆股東週 年大會上接受重選。

概無擬於應屆股東週年大會上接受重選的董事 與本公司訂有不可於一年內由本公司或其任何 附屬公司在毋須作出賠償(一般法定賠償除外) 情況下終止的未屆滿服務合約。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company, whereas each of the non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company.

The term of appointment of each Director is subject to the Articles of Association (the "Articles") of the Company and/or the Listing Rules and/or the laws of the Cayman Islands and may be terminated by the Company or the Director pursuant to the service contract or the letter of appointment.

In accordance with Article 108 of the Articles, at each annual general meeting, not less than one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation and, under code provision A.4.2 of the corporate governance code of the Company, every Director, including those appointed for a specific term, shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every 3 years. All retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

Accordingly, Mr. Harn Jia-Chen, Mr. Han Chia-Yau, and Mr. Chao Tien-Shin shall retire from office by rotation at the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM.

Further, pursuant to Article 112 of the Articles, any Director appointed by the Board as an additional Director shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at the meeting.

Accordingly, Mr. Ting Yu-Shan, being an additional Director appointed by the Board on 2 March 2020, will hold office until the forthcoming AGM of the Company, and will be eligible for reelection at the AGM.

All of the abovenamed Directors, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM.

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has an unexpired service contract which is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

根據上市規則第3.13條,各獨立非執行董事已 向本公司確認其獨立性,而本公司認為,所有 獨立非執行董事均屬獨立。 Each of the independent non-executive Directors has confirmed his independence to the Company pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Company considers all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

董事及高級管理人員之履歷

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

董事及本集團高級管理人員之履歷載於本年報 第23至31頁。 Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set out in pages 23 to 31 of this annual report.

董事、高級管理層及五名最高薪酬 人士酬金

EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS, SENIOR MANAGEMENT AND THE FIVE HIGHEST-PAID INDIVIDUALS

董事、高級管理層及五名最高薪酬人士酬金載 於財務報表附註8及9。 The emoluments of Directors, senior management and the five highest-paid individuals are set out in notes 8 and 9 to the financial statements.

董事的合約權益

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

除本節「關連交易」及財務報表附註29「關聯方交易」所披露者外,董事或彼等關連人士概無於本公司、其任何附屬公司、控股公司或同系附屬公司於年內訂立、對本集團業務屬重大的交易、安排或合約中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

Save as those disclosed in "Connected Transaction" of this section and "Related Party Transactions" in Note 29 to the Financial Statement, none of the Directors or their connected entity or their associates had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, holding companies or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the year.

與附屬公司及控股股東屬重大的 合約

CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE WITH SUBSIDIARIES AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

除本節「關連交易」及財務報表附註29「關聯方交易」所披露者外,概無本公司、其任何附屬公司、控股股東或其任何附屬公司於年內訂立任何屬重大的合約。

Save as those disclosed in "Connected Transaction" of this section and "Related Party Transactions" in Note 29 to the Financial Statement, there was not any contract of significance between the Company, or one of its subsidiary companies, and a controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries during the year.

根據第8.10(2)條之披露

經董事各自確認,截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,彼等概無從事與本公司業務存在或可能存在直接或間接競爭的業務或於當中擁有任何權益而須根據上市規則第8.10(2)條須於披露。

股票掛鉤協議

本公司沒有於二零一九年訂立或於二零一九年 末仍然生效的任何股票掛鉤協議。

限制性股份獎勵計劃

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司並無有效的限制性股份獎勵計劃,亦無已根據本公司任何先前的限制性股份獎勵計劃授出但未歸屬的股份。

購股權計劃

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司並無有效的購股權計劃,亦無被授予、行使、到期、失效、註銷或未行使之購股權。

DISCLOSURE UNDER RULE 8.10(2)

As confirmed by each of the Directors, during the year ended 31 December 2019, none of them was engaged in or had any interest in any business that competed or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Company's business as required to be disclosed under Rule 8.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

No equity-linked agreement was entered into by the Company during 2019 or subsisted at the end of 2019.

RESTRICTED SHARE AWARD SCHEME

During the year ended 31 December 2019, there was no effective restricted share award scheme of the Company and there were no shares granted but remained unvested under any previous restricted share award scheme of the Company.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

During the year ended 31 December 2019, there was no effective share option scheme of the Company and no share options of the Company were granted, exercised, expired, lapsed, cancelled or outstanding.

董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關 股份及債券的權益及淡倉

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

在二零一九年十二月三十一日,本公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債券中擁有的權益及淡倉,按本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條備存之登記冊所載,或根據上市規則附錄十所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

As at 31 December 2019, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules ("Model Code"), were as follows:

(A) 於本公司之權益-好倉:

(A) INTEREST IN THE COMPANY – LONG POSITIONS:

			根據股本		佔本公司
	個人權益	其他權益	衍生工具持有之		已發行股本
董事/最高行政人員姓名	所持普通股	數目	相關股份數目	總計	之概約百分比
			Number of		Approximate
	Personal	Other	underlying		% of issued
	interest	interest	shares held		share capital
Name of Directors/	Number of or	dinary	under equity		of the
Chief Executives	shares he	ld	derivatives	Total	Company
<i>執行董事:</i>					
Executive Directors:					
韓家寅 <i>(附註1)</i>	382,000	200,000	_	582,000	0.057%
Han Chia-Yin (Note 1)		,		,,,,,,	
非執行董事:					
Non-executive Directors:					
韓家寰	344,000	_	_	344,000	0.034%
Han Jia-Hwan					
趙天星(附註2)	3,534,000	300,000	-	3,834,000	0.377%
Chao Tien-Shin (Note 2)					
陳治	300,000	_	-	300,000	0.030%
Chen Chih					
魏永篤	355,000	_	-	355,000	0.035%
Way Yung-Do					
最高行政人員:					
Chief Executives:					
歐倉舟	211,500	-	_	211,500	0.021%
Ou Chang-Jou					

附註:

- 韓家寅先生被視為擁有由其配偶持有的 200,000股股份權益。
- 2. 趙天星先生被視為擁有由趙先生及其配 偶共同持有的300,000股股份權益。

Notes:

- 1. Mr. Han Chia-Yin is deemed to be interested in 200,000 shares held by his spouse.
- 2. Mr. Chao Tien-Shin is deemed to be interested in 300,000 shares jointly held by Mr. Chao and his spouse.

(B) 於本公司相聯法團之權益-好倉:

(B) Interests in Associated Corporation of the Company - Long Positions:

				佔相關聯營公司
	聯營公司		普通股	已發行股本
董事姓名	名稱	權益性質	股份權益	概約百分比
				Approximate % of
			Interests in	the relevant associated
Name of	Name of associated	Nature	ordinary	corporation's issued
Directors	corporations	of interest	shares held	share capital
韓家宇	大成長城企業股份有限公司(附註1)	實益權益	62,352	0.008%
Han Chia-Yau	Great Wall Enterprise Co. Ltd. (Note 1)	Beneficial owner		
韓家宸	大成長城企業股份有限公司	實益權益	66,973	0.008%
Harn Jia-Chen	Great Wall Enterprise Co. Ltd.	Beneficial owner		
趙天星 <i>(附註2)</i>	大成長城企業股份有限公司	受控制公司之權益	11,507,024	1.391%
Chao Tien-Shin	Great Wall Enterprise Co. Ltd.	Interest of controlled		
(Note 2)		corporation		

附註:

- 1. 大成長城企業股份有限公司(「大成長城 企業」),於臺灣註冊成立並於臺灣證券 交易所上市的公司,為本公司的最終控 股股東。
- 2. 趙天星先生被視為擁有由趙先生及其配 偶控制的僑泰興投資股份有限公司所持 的11,507,024股股份權益。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一九年十二月 三十一日,董事及最高行政人員及彼等的聯 繫人於本公司或任何其相聯法團均無持有任何 根據證券及期貨條例第352條須由本公司備存 的登記冊所載或根據標準守則已知會本公司或 聯交所的股份、相關股份或債權證的權益或淡 倉。

董事收購股份或債券之權利

於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度任何 時間,本公司或其任何母公司、附屬企業或其 母公司之附屬企業並非目標為或其中一項目標 為能讓本公司董事透過收購本公司或任何其他 法人團體之股份或債券獲得利益的任何安排之 一方。

本公司主要股東

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須備存之登記冊上所載之有關人士(本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有的權益及淡倉如下:

Notes:

- Great Wall Enterprise Co. Ltd. ("Great Wall Enterprise"), a company incorporated in Taiwan and listed on Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation, is the ultimate controlling shareholder of the Company.
- Mr. Chao Tien-Shin was deemed to be interested in the 11,507,024 shares held by CTS Investment Corporation controlled by Mr. Chao and his spouse.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2019, none of the Directors and chief executive and their associates had any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations that was recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the year ended 31 December 2019 was the Company or any of its parent companies, subsidiary undertakings or its parent companies' subsidiary undertakings a party to any arrangement whose objects are, or one of whose objects is, to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2019, the interests and short positions held by the persons, other than a director or chief executive of the Company, in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

本公司股份好倉:

Long positions in shares of the Company:

名稱	權益性質 Nature of	股份數目 Number of	概約百分比 Approximate
Name	interests	shares	%
Waverley Star Limited	實益權益 Beneficial interests	375,899,946	36.99%
亞洲營養技術公司 Asia Nutrition Technologies Corporation	實益權益 Beneficial interests	152,924,906	15.05%
大成國際(控股)有限公司 Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd.	受控制公司之權益 Interests of controlled corporation	528,824,852 <i>(附註1)</i> (Note 1)	52.04%
大成長城企業股份有限公司 Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd.	受控制公司之權益 Interests of controlled corporation	528,824,852 (附註1) (Note 1)	52.04%
Continental Capital Limited (前稱Continental Enterprises Ltd.) <i>(附註3)</i> (formerly known as Continental Enterprises Ltd.) <i>(Note 3)</i>	實益權益 Beneficial interests	59,700,029 <i>(附註2)</i> <i>(Note 2)</i>	5.87%
Contigroup Companies Inc.	受控制公司之權益 Interests of controlled corporation	59,700,029 <i>(附註2)</i> (<i>Note 2</i>)	5.87%
Fribourg Grandchildren Family L.P.	受控制公司之權益 Interests of controlled corporation	59,700,029 <i>(附註2)</i> <i>(Note 2)</i>	5.87%
Fribourg Enterprises, LLC	受控制公司之權益 Interests of controlled corporation	59,700,029 <i>(附註2)</i> <i>(Note 2)</i>	5.87%
以Robert Fribourg為受益人的 一九五七年五月三十一日信託書	受控制公司之權益	59,700,029 <i>(附註2)</i>	5.87%
Declaration of Trust dated May 31, 1957, for the benefit of Robert Fribourg	Interests of controlled corporation	(Note 2)	

名稱	權益性質 Nature of	股份數目 Number of	概約百分比 Approximate
Name	interests	shares	%
以Paul Jules Fribourg為受益人的 一九五七年五月三十一日信託書 Declaration of Trust dated May 31, 1957,	受控制公司之權益 Interests of controlled corporation	59,700,029 <i>(附註2)</i> <i>(Note 2)</i>	5.87%
for the benefit of Paul Jules Fribourg			
以Nadine Louise Fribourg為受益人的 一九五七年五月三十一日信託書	受控制公司之權益	59,700,029 <i>(附註2)</i>	5.87%
Declaration of Trust dated May 31, 1957, for the benefit of Nadine Louise Fribourg	Interests of controlled corporation	(Note 2)	
以Charles Arthur Fribourg為受益人的 一九五七年五月三十一日信託書	受控制公司之權益	59,700,029 <i>(附註2)</i>	5.87%
Declaration of Trust dated May 31, 1957, for the benefit of Charles Arthur Fribourg	Interests of controlled corporation	(Note 2)	
以Caroline Renee Fribourg為受益人的 一九六三年九月十六日信託協議	受控制公司之權益	59,700,029 <i>(附註2)</i>	5.87%
Trust Agreement dated September 16, 1963, for the benefit of Caroline Renee Fribourg	Interests of controlled corporation	(Note 2)	
Fribourg Charles Arthur	受託人 Trustee	59,700,029 <i>(附註2)</i>	5.87%
		(Note 2)	
Sosland Morton Irvin	受託人	59,700,029	5.87%
	Trustee	(附註2) (Note 2)	
Fribourg Paul Jules	受託人	59,700,029	5.87%
	Trustee	(附註2) (Note 2)	
孫慧霙	實益權益	50,978,000	5.02%
Sun Hui Ying	Beneficial interests		

附註1: 股份以Waverley Star Limited及亞洲營養技術公司名義登記,Waverley Star Limited及亞洲營養技術公司各自為大成國際(控股)有限公司的全資附屬公司,而大成國際(控股)有限公司為大成長城企業股份有限公司的全資附屬公司。根據證券及期貨條例,大成國際(控股)有限公司及大成長城企業股份有限公司均被視為於Waverley Star Limited及亞洲營養技術公司持有的所有股份之權益中擁有權益。

Note 1: The shares were registered in the name of Waverley Star Limited and Asia Nutrition Technologies Corporation, each of which was a wholly-owned subsidiary of Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd., which, in turn, was a wholly-owned subsidiary of Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd. Under the SFO, both Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd. and Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd. were deemed to be interested in all the shares held by Waverley Star Limited and Asia Nutrition Technologies Corporation.

附註2: Fribourg Charles Arthur、Sosland Morton Irvin及Fribourg Paul Jules分別於Contigroup Companies Inc.控制3.39%、3.21%及6.23% 權益。彼等亦為受託人,並於以Robert Fribourg為受益人的一九五七年五月三十一 日信託書(「Robert信託書」)、以Paul Jutes Fribourg為受益人的一九五七年五月三十一 目信託書(「Paul信託書」)、以Nadine Louise Fribourg為受益人的一九五七年五月三十一日 信託書(「Nadine信託書」)、以Charles Arthur Fribourg為受益人的一九五七年五月三十一 日信託書(「Charles信託書」)以及以Caroline Renee Fribourg為受益人的一九六三年九月 十六日信託協議(「Caroline協議」)(統稱「信 託」)中控制全部權益。根據證券及期貨條例, Fribourg Charles Arthur . Sosland Morton Irvin及Fribourg Paul Jules被視為於信託持有 的全部權益中擁有權益。

Note 2: Fribourg Charles Arthur, Sosland Morton Irvin and Fribourg Paul Jules had control of 3.39%, 3.21% and 6.23% interests in Contigroup Companies Inc. respectively. They were also the trustees of and had control of 100% interests in the Declaration of Trust dated 31 May 1957 for the benefit of Robert Fribourg (the "Robert's Declaration"), the Declaration of Trust dated 31 May 1957 for the benefit of Paul Jutes Fribourg (the "Paul's Declaration"), the Declaration of Trust dated 31 May 1957 for the benefit of Nadine Louise Fribourg (the "Nadine's Declaration"), Declaration of Trust dated 31 May 1957 for the benefit of Charles Arthur Fribourg (the "Charles' Declaration"), and the Trust Agreement dated 16 September 1963 for the benefit of Caroline Renee Fribourg (the "Caroline's Agreement") (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Trusts"). Under the SFO, Fribourg Charles Arthur, Sosland Morton Irvin and Fribourg Paul Jules were deemed to be interested in all the interests held by the Trusts.

信託控制Fribourg Enterprises, LLC的全部 權益。根據證券及期貨條例,信託被視為於 Fribourg Enterprises, LLC所控制的全部權益 中擁有權益。Fribourg Enterprises, LLC控制 Contigroup Companies Inc.的2.44%,並全 資控制Fribourg Grandchildren Family L.P,而 Fribourg Grandchildren Family L.P直接控制 Contigroup Companies Inc.的49.33%權益。 根據證券及期貨條例, Fribourg Enterprises, LLC被視為於Fribourg Grandchildren Family L.P所持有的全部權益中擁有權益,而Fribourg Grandchildren Family L.P被視為於Contigroup Companies Inc.持有的全部權益中擁有權益。 Robert信託書、Paul信託書、Nadine信託書、 Charles信託書及Caroline協議擁有Contigroup Companies Inc.的3.93%、5.84%、5.23%、 4.97%及4.92%權益。

The Trusts controlled 100% interests in Fribourg Enterprises, LLC. Under the SFO, the Trusts were deemed to be interested in all the interests held by Fribourg Enterprises, LLC. Fribourg Enterprises, LLC controlled 2.44% of Contigroup Companies Inc and wholly controlled Fribourg Grandchildren Family L.P, which directly controlled 49.33% interests of Contigroup Companies Inc. Under the SFO, Fribourg Enterprises, LLC was deemed to be interested in all the interests held by Fribourg Grandchildren Family L.P, which was deemed to be interested in all the interests held by Contigroup Companies Inc. The Robert's Declaration, Paul's Declaration, Nadine's Declaration, Charles' Declaration and Caroline's Agreement owned 3.93%, 5.84%, 5.23%, 4.97%, and 4.92% of the interests in Contigroup Companies Inc.

Contigroup Companies Inc.全資控制 Continental Enterprises Ltd.,而Continental Enterprises Ltd.於本公司5.90%股份中擁有權益。根據證券及期貨條例,Contigroup Companies Inc.被視為於Continental Enterprises Ltd.持有的全部股份中擁有權益。

Contigroup Companies Inc. wholly controlled Continental Enterprises Ltd., which was interested in 5.90% shares of the Company. Under the SFO, Contigroup Companies Inc. was deemed to be interested in all the shares held by Continental Enterprises Ltd.

信託共同於本公司持有其等權益。Fribourg Charles Arthur、Sosland Morton Irvin及 Fribourg Paul Jules並共同於本公司中擁有其 等權益。 The Trusts jointly held their interests in the Company. Fribourg Charles Arthur, Sosland Morton Irvin and Fribourg Paul Jules also jointly held their interests in the Company.

附註3: 本公司獲Continental Enterprises Ltd.告知,其於二零一一年十一月二日更改公司稱為「Continental Capital Limited」,自其於二零一二年以行使購股權方式購入本公司300,000股股份起,其持有本公司股份數目由59,700.029股增加至60,000.029股。

Note 3: The Company was informed by Continental Enterprises Ltd. that it changed its name to "Continental Capital Limited" on 2 November 2011, and that the number of shares in the Company held by it has increased from 59,700,029 to 60,000,029 since it acquired 300,000 shares in the Company in 2012 through the exercise of share option(s).

除上文所披露者外,於二零一九年十二月三十一日,除本公司董事及最高行政人員(彼等的權益載於上文「董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份及債券的權益及淡倉」一節)外,概無其他人士知會本公司,彼等於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第336條須登記的權益或淡倉。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2019, no person, other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' and chief executive's interests and short positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures" above, had notified the Company of an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

以下董事為於本公司股份及相關股份擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部予以披露權益或淡倉之公司的董事/僱員:

1. 韓家寅先生為大成長城企業之董事;

韓家宇先生為大成長城企業之董事及董事會主席;

3. 韓家宸先生為大成長城企業之董事;

4. 趙天星先生為大成長城企業之董事。

關連交易

年內,本集團與下列上市規則所界定的關連人士進行若干關連交易,彼等為:

- (1) 本公司的最終控股股東大成長城企業及 其除本集團以外的附屬公司(大成長城 企業的聯繫人)(「除外集團」);
- (2) Marubeni Corporation(「丸紅」,本公司 非全資附屬公司的主要股東)及丸紅(中 國)有限公司(「丸紅中國」)(為丸紅之附 屬公司)及丸紅中國之附屬公司(皆為丸 紅的聯繫人):及
- (3) 北京姊妹廚房餐飲管理有限公司(「姊妹 廚房」),因成為本公司董事韓家寰先生 (上市規則定義下的)30%受控公司,從 而成為其聯繫人。

The following Directors are directors/employees of a company which had an interest or short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO:

- 1. Mr. Han Chia-Yin is a director of Great Wall Enterprise;
- 2. Mr. Han Chia-Yau is a director and the chairman of the board of the directors of Great Wall Enterprise;
- 3. Mr. Harn Jia-Chen is a director of Great Wall Enterprise;
- 4. Mr. Chao Tien-Shin is a director of Great Wall Enterprise.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group carried out a number of connected transactions with the following connected persons (as defined in the Listing Rules), namely:

- (1) Great Wall Enterprise (being the ultimate controlling shareholder of the Company) and its subsidiaries (being associates of Great Wall Enterprise) excluding the Group (the "Excluded Group");
- (2) Marubeni Corporation ("Marubeni", being a substantial shareholder of a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) and 丸紅(中國)有限公司 ("Marubeni PRC") (a subsidiary of Marubeni) and subsidiaries of Marubeni PRC (all being associates of Marubeni); and
- (3) Beijing Sisters Kitchen Food and Beverage Management Co., Ltd. (北京姊妹廚房餐飲管理有限公司) ("Sisters Kitchen"), an associate of Mr. Han Jia-Hwan, a director of the Company, by virtue of being his 30%-controlled company (within the meaning of the Listing Rules).

本集團於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年 度曾進行下列關連交易及持續關連交易(按上 市規則第14A章獲豁免遵守年度報告規定者除 外):

於二零一八年四月十八日,本公司(為 (a) 其本身及代表本集團其他成員公司)與 大成長城企業(為其本身及代表除外集 團其他成員公司)訂立主購買(續期)協 議(「大成長城主購買(續期)協議」),固 定期限為三年,由二零一九年一月一日 起。大成長城主購買(續期)協議的條款 概要規定(其中包括)(i)本集團將採購及 除外集團將根據本集團有關成員公司 (作為買方)與除外集團(作為賣方)於上 述期間不時同意的書面報價或訂單,以 非獨家基準出售產品;(ii)該等書面報價 及訂單將受大成長城主購買(續期)協議 的條款及條件監管;(jii)該等產品的價格 將按公平基準並符合一般或較佳的商業 條款協定,並在相同或類似產品當時在 中國市場其時的公平價格範圍內;及(iv) 該等產品的代價將在本集團有關成員公 司收到有關發票的60日內付款。本集團 根據大成長城主購買(續期)協議可能採 購的產品包括麵粉、裹粉及發酵豆粕。 除大成長城主購買(續期)協議所規定的 定價條款外,本集團亦採納一套內部政 策,以釐定大成長城主購買(續期)協議 項下擬進行的採購的價格及條款,有關 詳情(連同其他有關大成長城主購買(續 期)協議的資料)載於本公司日期分別為 二零一八年四月十八日及二零一八年六

月十三日的公佈及通函。

The Group conducted the following connected transactions and continuing connected transactions (other than those exempted from the annual reporting requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules) during the year ended 31 December 2019:

(a) On 18 April 2018, the Company (for itself and on behalf of other members of the Group) and Great Wall Enterprise (for itself and on behalf of other members of the Excluded Group) entered into the master purchase (renewal) agreement ("GWE Master Purchase (Renewal) Agreement") for a fixed duration of 3 years starting from 1 January 2019. The GWE Master Purchase (Renewal) Agreement stipulates, in summary terms, that (among others) (i) the Group shall purchase and the Excluded Group shall sell products on a non-exclusive basis in accordance with written quotations or orders to be agreed between the relevant member of the Group (as the buyer) and that of the Excluded Group (as the supplier) from time to time during the said duration; (ii) such written quotations and orders shall be governed by the terms and conditions of the GWE Master Purchase (Renewal) Agreement; (iii) prices of the products shall be agreed on an arms' length basis and on normal commercial terms or better and within the range of fair price prevailing on the market of the same or similar products in the PRC; and (iv) prices for the products shall be settled by the relevant member of the Group within 60 days after receiving the relevant invoice(s). Products which may be purchased by the Group under the GWE Master Purchase (Renewal) Agreement include flour, coated flour and fermented soybean meal. In addition to the pricing terms provided in the GWE Master Purchase (Renewal) Agreement, the Group also adopted a set of internal policies to determine the prices and terms of the purchases contemplated thereunder, the details of which, together with other information regarding the GWE Master Purchase (Renewal) Agreement, are set out in the Company's announcement and circular dated 18 April 2018 and 13 June 2018 respectively.

於回顧年度內,本集團根據大成長城主購買(續期)協議向除外集團採購的產品總值合共約人民幣19,694千元。董事確認,本集團於釐定該等採購的價格及條款時,已遵照上述定價條款及政策。

During the year under review, the total value of products purchased by the Group from the Excluded Group under the GWE Master Purchase (Renewal) Agreement amounts to approximately RMB19,694 thousand. The Directors confirm that the Group has followed the said pricing terms and policies when determining the price and terms of those purchases.

於二零一八年四月十八日,本公司(為 (b) 其本身及代表本集團其他成員公司)與 大成長城企業(為其本身及代表除外集 團其他成員公司)訂立主供應(續期)協 議」(「大成長城主供應(續期)協議」), 固定期限為三年,由二零一九年一月一 日起。大成長城主供應(續期)協議的條 款概要規定(其中包括)(i)本集團將供應 及除外集團將根據本集團有關成員公司 (作為供應商)與除外集團(作為買方)於 上述期間不時同意的書面報價或訂單, 以非獨家基準採購產品;(ii)該等書面 報價及訂單將受大成長城主供應(續期) 協議的條款及條件監管;(iii)該等產品 的價格將會參考該等產品所涉及的生產 成本,並參照本集團相關成員公司不時 向其其他客戶(屬獨立第三方)銷售相同 或類似產品時所採納的相同定價基準釐 定;及(iv)該等產品的代價將在除外集團 有關成員公司收到有關發票的60日內付 款。本集團根據大成長城主供應(續期) 協議可能供應的產品包括水禽飼料產品 及鮮肉產品。除大成長城主供應(續期) 協議所規定的定價條款外,本集團亦採 納一套內部政策,以釐定大成長城主 供應(續期)協議項下擬進行的銷售的價 格及條款,有關詳情(連同其他有關大 成長城主供應(續期)協議的資料)載於 本公司日期分別為二零一八年四月十八 日及二零一八年六月十三日的公佈及通 函。

On 18 April 2018, the Company (for itself and on behalf of other members of the Group) and Great Wall Enterprise (for itself and on behalf of other members of the Excluded Group) entered into the master supply (renewal) agreement ("GWE Master Supply (Renewal) Agreement") for a fixed duration of 3 years starting from 1 January 2019. The GWE Master Supply (Renewal) Agreement stipulates, in summary terms, that (among others) (i) the Group shall supply and the Excluded Group shall purchase products on a non-exclusive basis in accordance with written quotations or orders to be agreed between the relevant member of the Group (as the supplier) and that of the Excluded Group (as the buyer) from time to time during the said duration; (ii) such written quotations and orders shall be governed by the terms and conditions of the GWE Master Supply (Renewal) Agreement; (iii) prices of the products shall be agreed by reference to the cost of production for such products and using the same price determination basis adopted by the relevant member of the Group from time to time for sale of the same or similar products to its other customers who are independent third parties; and (iv) prices for the products shall be settled by the relevant member of the Excluded Group within 60 days after receiving the relevant invoice(s). Products which may be supplied by the Group under the GWE Master Supply (Renewal) Agreement include aquatic animal feed products and fresh meat products. In addition to the pricing terms provided in the GWE Master Supply (Renewal) Agreement, the Group also adopted a set of internal policies to determine the prices and terms of the sales contemplated thereunder, the details of which, together with other information regarding the GWE Master Supply (Renewal) Agreement, are set out in the Company's announcement and circular dated 18 April 2018 and 13 June 2018 respectively.

於回顧年度內,本集團根據大成長城主 供應(續期)協議向除外集團銷售的產品 總值合共約人民幣26,511千元。董事確 認,本集團於釐定該等銷售的價格及條 款時,已遵照上述定價條款及政策。

(c)

於二零一八年四月十八日,本公司(為 (c) 其本身及代表本集團其他成員公司)與 丸紅中國(為其本身及代表其附屬公 司)訂立主購買(二零一八年續期)協議| (「丸紅主購買(續期)協議」),固定期限 為三年,由二零一九年一月一日起。 丸紅主購買(續期)協議的條款概要規定 (其中包括)(i)本集團同意採購及丸紅中 國集團同意根據本集團有關成員公司 (作為買方)與丸紅中國集團(作為供應 商)按照丸紅主購買(續期)協議於上述 期間不時同意的合約,以非獨家基準銷 售產品(例如大豆粉、混合粉、油及調 味品);(ii)該等產品的價格將按公平基 準並符合一般或較佳的商業條款協定, 並在相同或類似產品當時在中國市場其 時的公平價格範圍內;及(iii)該等產品的 代價將在丸紅中國集團有關成員公司根 據就該等採購訂立的有關合約交付產品 後,由本集團有關成員公司付款。除丸

紅主購買(續期)協議所規定的定價條款

外,本集團亦採納一套內部政策,以釐

定丸紅主購買(續期)協議項下擬進行的

採購的價格及條款,有關詳情(連同其

他有關丸紅主購買(續期)協議的資料)

載於本公司日期為二零一八年四月十八

日的公佈。

During the year under review, the total value of products sold by the Group to the Excluded Group under the GWE Master Supply (Renewal) Agreement amounts to approximately RMB26,511 thousand. The Directors confirm that the Group has followed the said pricing terms and policies when determining the price and terms of those sales.

On 18 April 2018, the Company (for itself and on behalf of other members of the Group) and Marubeni PRC (together with its subsidiaries the "Marubeni PRC Group") (for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries) entered into the master purchase (renewal 2018) agreement (主購買(二零一八 年續期)協議) ("Marubeni Master Purchase (Renewal) Agreement") for a fixed duration of 3 years starting from 1 January 2019. The Marubeni Master Purchase (Renewal) Agreement stipulates, in summary terms, that (among others) (i) the Group agrees to purchase and the Marubeni PRC Group agrees to sell products (such as soybean powder, mixed powder, oil, and condiment) on a nonexclusive basis in accordance with contracts to be made between the relevant member of the Group (as the buyer) and that of the Marubeni PRC Group (as the supplier) from time to time during the said duration under the Marubeni Master Purchase (Renewal) Agreement; (ii) prices of the products shall be agreed on an arms' length basis and on normal commercial terms or better and within the range of fair price prevailing on the market of the same or similar products in the PRC; and (iii) prices for the products shall be paid by the relevant member of the Group after the delivery of the products by the relevant member of the Marubeni PRC Group in accordance with the relevant contract made in respect of such purchases. In addition to the pricing terms provided in the Marubeni Master Purchase (Renewal) Agreement, the Group also adopted a set of internal policies to determine the prices and terms of the purchases contemplated thereunder, the details of which, together with other information regarding the Marubeni Master Purchase (Renewal) Agreement, are set out in the Company's announcement dated 18 April 2018.

於回顧年度內,本集團根據丸紅主購買 (續期)協議向丸紅中國集團採購的產品 總值合共約人民幣2,410千元。董事確 認,本集團於釐定該等採購的價格及條 款時,已遵照上述定價條款及政策。

於二零一八年四月十八日,本公司(為 (d) 其本身及代表本集團其他成員公司)與 丸紅訂立主供應(二零一八年續期)協議 (「丸紅主供應(續期)協議」),固定期限 為三年,由二零一九年一月一日起。 丸紅主供應(續期)協議的條款概要規定 (其中包括)(i)本集團同意供應及丸紅同 意根據於上述期間內按照丸紅主供應 (續期)協議制定的書面採購訂單,向丸 紅供應食品相關的產品;(ii)該等產品的 價格將會參考該等產品所涉及的生產成 本,並參照本集團相關成員公司不時向 其其他客戶(屬獨立第三方)銷售相同或 類似產品時所採納的相同定價基準釐 定;及(iii)該等產品的代價將會在收到遵 照丸紅所發出的採購訂單所提供的產品 後,在上述採購訂單所列期間以其中所 列方式由丸紅付款。除丸紅主供應(續 期)協議所規定的定價條款外,本集團 亦採納一套內部政策,以釐定丸紅主供 應(續期)協議項下擬進行的銷售的價格 及條款,有關詳情(連同其他有關丸紅 主供應(續期)協議的資料)載於本公司 日期為二零一八年四月十八日的公佈。

> 於回顧年度內,本集團根據丸紅主供應 (續期)協議向丸紅銷售的產品總值合共 約人民幣185,341千元。董事確認,本 集團於釐定該等銷售的價格及條款時, 已遵照上述定價條款及政策。

During the year under review, the total value of products purchased by the Group from the Marubeni PRC Group under the Marubeni Master Purchase (Renewal) Agreement amounts to approximately RMB2,410 thousand. The Directors confirm that the Group has followed the said pricing terms and policies when determining the price and terms of those purchases.

On 18 April 2018, the Company (for itself and on behalf of (d) other members of the Group) and Marubeni entered into the master supply (renewal 2018) agreement ("Marubeni Master Supply (Renewal) Agreement") for a fixed duration of 3 years starting from 1 January 2019. The Marubeni Master Supply (Renewal) Agreement stipulates, in summary terms, that (among others) (i) the Group agrees to supply to Marubeni food related products under written purchase orders placed pursuant to the Marubeni Master Supply (Renewal) Agreement by Marubeni from time to time during the said duration; (ii) prices of the products shall be agreed by reference to the cost of production for such products and using the same price determination basis as that adopted by the relevant member of the Group from time to time for sale of the same or similar products to its other customers who are independent third parties; and (iii) prices of the products shall be paid by Marubeni, upon acceptance of the products tendered in conformity with the purchase order placed by Marubeni, within the period and manner as laid down in the said purchase order. In addition to the pricing terms provided in the Marubeni Master Supply (Renewal) Agreement, the Group also adopted a set of internal policies to determine the prices and terms of the sales contemplated thereunder, the details of which, together with other information regarding the Marubeni Master Supply (Renewal) Agreement, are set out in the Company's announcement dated 18 April 2018.

During the year under review, the total value of products sold by the Group to Marubeni under the Marubeni Master Supply (Renewal) Agreement amounts to approximately RMB185,341 thousand. The Directors confirm that the Group has followed the said pricing terms and policies when determining the price and terms of those sales.

(e) 姊妹廚房成為本公司的關連人士前,於 二零一八年九月十一日,其與本公司間 接全資附屬公司大成食品(河北)有限公司(「大成河北」)(一間於中國成立的公司)簽訂為期兩年的銷售協議(「銷售協議」),內容有關大成河北向姊妹廚房供 應產品。

> 根據銷售協議,大成河北向姊妹廚房供 應姊妹廚房生產及經營所需的有關產品 (即加工雞肉),而姊妹廚房將購買該等 產品,姊妹廚房將在其不時發出之訂單 裡指定該等產品。上述產品的購買價 (「購買價」)由大成河北與姊妹廚房根據 產品成本另加每噸人民幣700元之加工 費釐定。購買價會每月計算,並將由姊 妹廚房於接獲大成河北開出的發票之後 支付。於二零一八年十二月二十六日姊 妹廚房成為韓家寰先生的聯繫人及本公 司的關連人士後,銷售協議及其項下擬 進行的交易根據上市規則成為本公司的 持續關連交易。本公司已制定內部監控 程序,確保向姊妹廚房供應之產品符合 銷售協議之條款,且就本集團而言不遜 於本集團向獨立客戶提供之條款,其詳 情連同有關銷售協議及其項下擬進行的 交易的其他資料載於本公司日期為二零 一九年一月十六日的公告。

(e) Before Sisters Kitchen became a connected person of the Company, it entered into the sale agreement (the "Sale Agreement") with DaChan Food (Hebei) Co., Ltd.(大成食品 (河北)有限公司)("DaChan Hebei"), a company established in the PRC and an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company on 11 September 2018 for a term of 2 years in relation to the supply of products by DaChan Hebei to Sisters Kitchen.

Under the Sale Agreement, DaChan Hebei supplies and Sisters Kitchen acquires the relevant products (i.e. processed chicken meat) required for the production and operation of Sisters Kitchen as stipulated in the orders placed by Sisters Kitchen from time to time. The purchase price for the aforementioned products ("Purchase Price") is determined between DaChan Hebei and Sisters Kitchen in accordance with the costs of the products plus a processing fee of RMB700 per ton. The Purchase Price is calculated on a monthly basis and paid by Sisters Kitchen after receipt of the invoice from DaChan Hebei. The Sale Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder became a continuing connected transaction of the Company under the Listing Rules following Sisters Kitchen becoming an associate of Mr. Han Jia-Hwan and a connected person of the Company on 26 December 2018. The Company has established internal control procedures to ensure that the products supplied to Sisters Kitchen are in line with the terms of the Sale Agreement and no less favourable to the Group than those offered by the Group to independent customers, the details of which, together with other information regarding the Sale Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder, are set out in the Company's announcement dated 16 January 2019.

於回顧年度內,本集團根據銷售協議向 姊妹廚房銷售的產品總值合共約人民幣 4,219千元。董事確認,本集團於釐定 該等銷售的價格及條款時,已遵照上述 定價條款及政策。

(f) 除了銷售協議外,於二零一八年九月 十一日,姊妹廚房與大成河北亦簽訂為 期兩年的經銷協議(「經銷協議」),內容 有關大成河北向姊妹廚房提供經銷服 務。根據經銷協議,大成河北透過一切 線 上及線下渠道擔任姊妹廚房「better me]品牌產品(即使用(其中包括)大成 河北根據銷售協議出售之雞肉而製作 之健康食品產品)在中國的非獨家經銷 商。上述經銷服務的費用(「服務費」)為 大成河北因向第三方銷售產品而收取的 所得款項(經扣除有關税項、折扣及姊 妹廚房承擔的任何其他銷售相關費用之 後)之2%。服務費會每月計算並支付。 大成河北將於扣除服務費後向姊妹廚房 支付自第三方收取的銷售所得款項淨 額。於二零一八年十二月十二日,姊妹 廚房與大成河北簽訂補充協議(「補充協 議」),修改經銷協議。補充協議的條款 概要規定(其中包括)姊妹廚房及大成河 北將於簽訂經銷協議後一年屆滿前審視 及(如適用)重新釐定經銷協議項下服務 費之定價基準。經銷協議之其他條款則 維持不變。於二零一八年十二月二十六 日姊妹廚房成為韓家寰先生的聯繫人及 本公司的關連人士後,經銷協議(經補 充協議修改)及其項下擬進行的交易根 據上市規則成為本公司的持續關連交 易。本公司已制定內部監控程序,確保 大成河北提供的經銷服務符合經銷協議 之條款,且就本集團而言不遜於本集團 向獨立客戶提供之條款,其詳情連同有

During the year under review, the total value of products sold by the Group to Sisters Kitchen under the Sale Agreement amounts to approximately RMB4,219 thousand. The Directors confirm that the Group has followed the said pricing terms and policies when determining the price and terms of those sales.

(f) Apart from the Sale Agreement, DaChan Hebei and Sisters Kitchen also entered into the distribution agreement (the "Distribution Agreement") on 11 September 2018 for a term of 2 years in relation to the provision of distribution service by DaChan Hebei to Sisters Kitchen. Under the Distribution Agreement, DaChan Hebei acts as the nonexclusive distributor of the "better me" brand products of Sisters Kitchen (i.e. healthy food products using, among the others, the chicken meat sold by DaChan Hebei under the Sale Agreement) in the PRC through all online and offline distribution channels. The fees for the aforementioned distribution services ("Service Fees") are 2% of the proceeds received by DaChan Hebei from its sale of products to third parties after deducting the relevant tax, discount and any other sale-related costs borne by Sisters Kitchen. The Service Fees are calculated and paid on a monthly basis. DaChan Hebei pays the net sum of the sale proceeds received from third parties to Sisters Kitchen after deduction of the Service Fees. DaChan Hebei and Sisters Kitchen entered into the supplemental agreement (the "Supplemental Agreement") on 12 December 2018 to amend the Distribution Agreement. The Supplemental Agreement stipulates, in summary terms, that (among others) DaChan Hebei and Sisters Kitchen will review and (if applicable) re-determine the pricing basis of the Service Fees under the Distribution Agreement before the expiration of one year after the signing of the Distribution Agreement. Other terms of the Distribution Agreement remained unchanged. The Distribution Agreement (as amended by the Supplemental Agreement) and the transactions contemplated thereunder became a continuing connected transaction of the Company under the Listing Rules following the becoming of Sisters Kitchen as an associate of Mr. Han Jia-Hwan and a connected person of the Company on 26 December 2018. The Company

關經銷協議及其項下擬進行的交易的其 他資料載於本公司日期為二零一九年一 月十六日的公告。

於回顧年度內,本集團根據經銷協議向第三方 銷售的姊妹廚房「better me」品牌產品總值合 共約人民幣167千元。董事確認,本集團於釐 定服務費時,已遵照上述定價條款及政策。

除上文所披露者外,並無根據上市規則第14A 章須於本年報中披露的其他關連交易。

董事確認本公司於年內一直遵守上市規則第 14A章之披露規定。

本公司之獨立非執行董事已確認上述持續關連交易乃(i)於本集團日常業務運作中訂立:(ii)該等交易是按照一般商務條款進行,或對本集團而言,該等交易的條款不遜於獨立第三方可取得或提供的條款:及(iii)該等交易是根據有關規管該等交易的協議條款進行,而交易條款公平合理,並且符合本公司股東的整體利益。

本公司之核數師已就上市規則第14A.56條之規定對持續關連交易進行審閱,並以書面通知董事會(函件副本已送交聯交所),確認其並無注意到任何事情令其相信該等持續關連交易(i)並未經由董事會批准;(ii)若交易涉及由本集團提供貨品或服務,在各重大方面沒有按照本集團的定價政策運行;(iii)在各重大方面沒有根據有關交易的協議條款進行;及(iv)超逾本公司制定的上限。

has established internal control procedures to ensure that the distribution services provided by DaChan Hebei are in line with the terms of the Distribution Agreement and no less favourable to the Group than those offered or to be offered by the Group to independent customers, the details of which, together with other information regarding the Distribution Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder, are set out in the Company's announcement dated 16 January 2019.

During the year under review, the total value of "better me" brand products of Sisters Kitchen sold to third parties under the Distribution Agreement amounts to approximately RMB167 thousand. The Directors confirm that the Group has followed the said pricing terms and policies when determining the Service Fees.

Save as disclosed above, there are no other connected transactions which require disclosure in the annual report in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The Directors confirmed that the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules during the year.

The independent non-executive Directors of the Company have confirmed that the above-mentioned continuing connected transactions were entered into: (i) in the ordinary and usual course of the Group's business; (ii) either on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favourable to the Group than those available to or from independent third parties; and (iii) in accordance with the terms of the respective agreements governing such transactions on terms that were fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

The auditor of the Company has reviewed the above-mentioned continuing connected transactions pursuant to rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules and advised the Board in writing with a copy provided to the Stock Exchange that nothing has come to its attention that causes it to believe that such transactions: (i) have not been approved by the Board; (ii) were not, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing polices of the Group where the transactions involve the provisions of goods or services by the Group; (iii) were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions; and (iv) have exceeded the cap set by the Company.

購買、出售或購回上市證券

二零一九年度內,本公司或其附屬公司概無購買、出售或購回本公司任何上市證券。

主要客戶及供應商

源自本集團五大客戶的銷售額分別佔二零一九年及二零一八年總銷售額少於30%。截至二零一九年及二零一八年十二月三十一日止兩年度,本集團五大供應商應佔採購量合共少於總採購量的30%。

概無董事、彼等之緊密聯繫人或任何股東(就 董事所知擁有本公司已發行股份5%以上)擁 有五大客戶或供應商之任何權益。

薪酬政策

本集團的薪酬政策由人力資源部制訂,盡可能 根據僱員成就、資格及能力釐定薪金待遇方 案。

董事及本公司高級行政人員的薪金由薪酬委員 會基於多項因素審閱,有關因素包括本集團經 營業績、董事及高級行政人員的職責及同類市 場資料。

充足公眾持股量

根據截止本年報刊發前的最後實際可行日期 (即二零二零年四月十六日)本公司可查閱之公 開資料且就本公司董事所知,本公司一直維持 上市規則規定之公眾持股量。

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

During the year of 2019, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The aggregate sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers in 2019 and 2018 accounted for less than 30% of the total sales of the Group. The aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for less than 30% of total purchases for both years ended 31 December 2019 and 2018.

None of the Directors, their close associates or any shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued shares) had any interest in the five largest customers or suppliers.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy of the Group is set up by its human resources department and seeks to provide remuneration packages on the basis of the merit, qualifications and competence of the employees.

The emoluments of the Directors and senior management of the Company will be reviewed by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to factors including the Group's operating results, responsibilities required of the Directors and senior management and comparable market information.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors of the Company as at the latest practicable date prior to the publication of this annual report (i.e. 16 April 2020), the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules.

管理合約

概無任何令某人承擔本公司全部或任何重要部分業務的管理及行政管理之合約於二零一九年訂立或有效(除與本公司董事或全職僱員訂立之服務合約外)。

獲准許彌償條文

根據本公司章程細則,本公司各董事,因彼等 於或就其各自職位執行其職責或推定職責所作 出、同時發生或遺漏的任何作為,而致使彼等 或當中任何一人應或可能招致或蒙受的一切法 律行動、成本、收費、損失、損害及開支,均 應從本公司資產中獲得彌償及完全保障,惟彼 等因自己本身的欺詐或不誠實行為而招致或產 生者(如有)則屬例外。該條文於二零一九年內 有效及於本報告日期仍然有效。

五年財務摘要

本集團於過往五個財政年度業績及資產與負債 摘要載於本年報第288頁。

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所,作為本公司核數師,將 於即將舉行之股東週年大會上退任並合資格獲 重新委任。本公司將於即將舉行之股東週年大 會上提呈決議案,重新委任畢馬威會計師事務 所為本公司核數師。

代表董事會 *主席*

尉安寧

香港,二零二零年三月二十四日

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract, other than service contracts with directors or full-time employees of the Company, by which a person undertakes the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of any business of the Company was entered into or in force during 2019.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, every director of the Company shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them shall or may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty or supposed duty in their respective offices except such (if any) as they shall incur or sustain through their own fraud or dishonesty. Such provisions were in force during 2019 and remained in force as of the date of this report.

FIVE YEARS FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out in page 288 of the annual report.

AUDITORS

KPMG as the Company's auditors, will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM. A resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as the auditors of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

On behalf of the Board

Mr. Wei Anning

Chairman

Hong Kong, 24 March 2020

獨立核數師報告 Independent Auditor's Report

致大成食品(亞洲)有限公司各股東的獨立核數師報告

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

本核數師已審核列載於第109頁至第284頁的 大成食品(亞洲)有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬 公司(「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此財務報表 包括於二零一九年十二月三十一日的綜合財務 狀況表,與截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜 合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流 量表以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政 策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據國際會計準則委員會(「國際會計準則委員會」)頒佈的《國際財務報告準則》(「國際財務報告準則」) 真實而公允地反映貴集團在二零一九年十二月 三十一日的綜合財務狀況以及截至該日止年度 的綜合財務表現和綜合現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為編製。 Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of DaChan Food (Asia) Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of DaChan Food (Asia) Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") set out on pages 109 to 284, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2019, the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flows statement for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2019 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的《香港審計準則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(「守則」)以及與我們對開曼群島綜合財務報表的審計相關的道德要求,我們獨立於貴集團,並已履行這些道德要求以及守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計證據能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這 些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具 意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供 單獨的意見。

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code") together with any ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Cayman Islands, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

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評估物業、廠房及設備的潛在減值

請參閱綜合財務報表附註13及第209頁的會計 政策。

關鍵審計事項

於二零一九年十二 月三十一日, 見持有賬面值 幣1,586,231,000元 的物業、廠房及設 備,已用於貴 食的雞肉、加工食 及飼料生產業務。

貴集團的物業、 廠房及設備分配 • 至相關現金產生 單位(「現金產生單 位」),以評估於報 告期末是否出現任 何減值。

管零三業值現虧使流值金回層,一一廠象產,基預算生額為十存設於位管現使該的於川評單。於二在備若持理現用等可於出來,實際,

我們的審計如何處理該 事項

我們就評估物業、廠房 及設備的減值的審計程 序包括以下程序:

- 評估管理層就識別物業、廠房及設備的減值跡象的過程及程序:
- 評估管理層識別現金產生單位及分配資產至各現金產生單位,以及管理層於參考當前會計準則規定編製貼現現金流量預測所採用的方式;

Assessing potential impairment of property, plant and equipment

Refer to Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on page 209.

The Key Audit Matter

As at 31 December 2019, the Group held property, plant and equipment with a carrying value of RMB1,586,231,000 which was used in the Group's chicken meat, processed food and feed production operations.

The Group's property, plant and equipment is allocated to relevant cash generating units ("CGUs") for the purpose of assessing if there is any impairment at the end of the reporting period.

Management considered that there were indicators of impairment of property, plant and equipment at 31 December 2019 because certain CGUs have sustained losses and, therefore, management assessed the recoverable amounts of these CGUS using value in use calculations based on discounted cash flow forecasts.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures to assess impairment of property, plant and equipment included the following:

- evaluating management's processes and procedures for the identification of indicators of impairment of property, plant and equipment;
- evaluating management's identification of CGUs and the allocation of assets to each CGU and management's methodology adopted in the preparation of the discounted cash flow forecasts with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards;
- evaluating the key assumptions adopted by management in their preparation of the discounted cash flow forecasts, including revenue growth rates and profit margin ratios, by comparing with the financial budgets which were approved by the directors, our understanding, experience and knowledge of the Group's businesses and future business plans;

關鍵審計事項

編製貼現現金流量 預測涉及管理層行 使重大判斷,特別 是預測收入增長率 和毛利率及釐定合 適貼現率。

我們的審計如何處理該 事項

- 將於現現收在度流、經表估的別成支比在度以何及如果較度以何及的原因。
 於貼中本與較度以何及的原因。
 於明中本與較度以何及的原因。
 在內別的原因。
 有過準識動於考管層。
- 聘請內部估值專家,透過與同業其他公司比較,評估 貼現現金流量預測所採用的貼現率;
- 對別現現現現 的 對別 則 知 到 則 包 毛 和 知 的 是 的 是 的 的 所 及 改 改 带 是 示 的 的 所 及 数 解 及 改 等 是 不 不 否 更 , 数 及 的 原 及 要 得 影 任 層 傾 長 現 要 分 要 得 影 任 層 偏 頗 是 可 解 更

The Key Audit Matter

The preparation of discounted cash flow forecasts involves the exercise of significant management judgement, in particular in forecasting revenue growth rates and profit margin ratios and in determining appropriate discount rates.

We identified assessing impairment of property, plant and equipment as a key audit matter because of the inherent uncertainty involved in forecasting future cash flows, in particular in respect of revenue growth rates, profit margin ratios, and the discount rates applied, which could be subject to potential management bias.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

- comparing revenue, cost of sales and other operating expenses included in discounted cash flow forecasts prepared in the prior year with the current year's performance to assess the accuracy of the prior year's forecasts and making enquiries of management as to the reasons for any significant variations identified and whether these had been considered in current year's forecasts;
- engaging our internal valuation specialists to evaluate the discount rates applied in the discounted cash flow forecasts by comparison with other companies in the same industry;
- performing sensitivity analyses
 of the key assumptions adopted
 in the discounted cash flow
 forecasts, including the revenue
 growth rates, profit margin
 ratios, and the discount rates
 and assessing the impact of
 changes in the key assumptions
 to the conclusions reached and
 whether there are any indicators
 of management bias; and

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關鍵審計事項

我們的審計如何處理該 事項

 經參考當前會計準 則規定,考慮於綜 合財務報表披露有 關減值評估(包括 主要敏感度)。

The Key Audit Matter

How the matter was addressed in our audit

 considering the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements in respect of the impairment assessment, including key sensitivities, with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards.

綜合財務報表及其核數師報告以外 的資料

董事需對其他資料負責。其他資料包括刊載於 年報內的全部資料,但不包括綜合財務報表及 我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料,我們亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式的 鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任 是閱讀其他資料,在此過程中,考慮其他資料 是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了 解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤 陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,倘我們認為其他資料 存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。就 此而言,我們沒有任何報告。

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

董事須負責根據國際會計準則委員會頒佈的 《國際財務報告準則》及《香港公司條例》的有 關披露規定編製真實而公允之綜合財務報表, 以及制定編製綜合財務報表必要的內部控制, 以使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導 致的重大錯誤陳述。 The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估貴集團 持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續 經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基 礎,除非董事有意將貴集團清盤或停止經營, 或別無其他實際的替代方案。 In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

審核委員會協助董事履行監督貴集團的財務報告 告 過程的責任。

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。我們僅向整體成員報告。除此以外,我們的報告不可用作其他用途。我們概不就本報告的內容,對任何其他人士負責或承擔法律責任。

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

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合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。 我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設 計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以 及獲取充足和適當的審計證據,作為我 們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述,或凌 駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺 詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未 能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的 風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

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- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性 作出結論。根據所獲取的審計證據,確 定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不 確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持 續經營能力產生重大疑慮。倘我們認為 存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師 報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報中的 相關披露。假若有關的披露不足,則修 改我們的意見。我們的結論是基於核數 師報告日止所取得的審計證據。然而, 未來事項或情況可能導致貴集團不能持 續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- 就貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料 獲取充足、適當的審計證據,以便對綜 合財務報表發表意見。我們負責貴集團 審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計 意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計劃 的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包 括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺 陷。

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明, 説明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求, 並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項, 以及在適用的情況下, 相關的防範措施。

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content
 of the consolidated financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial
 statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, related safeguards.

獨立核數師報告 Independent Auditor's Report

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些 事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因 而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描 述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這 些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預 期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超 過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝 頒該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是楊家俊。

畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

二零二零年三月二十四日

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Yeung Ka Chun.

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

24 March 2020

綜合損益表 Consolidated Income Statement

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 for the year ended 31 December 2019 (除另有指明外·以人民幣千元呈列)

(Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

		附註	二零一九年	二零一八年
		Note	2019	2018
				附註
				Note
經營收入	Turnover	4	8,035,206	7,191,911
銷售成本	Cost of sales		(7,053,631)	(6,431,611)
毛利	Gross profit		981,575	760,300
其他經營收入	Other operating income	5	18,706	18,054
其他淨(虧損)/收益	Other net (loss)/gain	5	(31,190)	19,780
分銷成本	Distribution costs		(391,045)	(382,405)
行政開支	Administrative expenses		(282,459)	(307,712)
經營溢利	Profit from operations		295,587	108,017
財務開支	Finance costs	6(a)	(45,860)	(35,407)
應佔權益入賬參股公司	Share of (losses)/gains of equity-			
(虧損)/收益	accounted investees		(607)	13,933
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	6	249,120	86,543
所得税	Income tax	7	(43,133)	(24,648)
年內溢利	Profit for the year		205,987	61,895
下列人士應佔:	Attributable to:			
本公司股東	Equity shareholders of the			
	Company		133,683	13,135
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests		72,304	48,760
年內溢利	Profit for the year		205,987	61,895
每股盈利	Earnings per share			
一基本及攤銷	– Basic and diluted	11	RMB0.1316	RMB0.0129
			人民幣 0.1316 元	人民幣0.0129元

附註: 本集團於二零一九年一月一日使用經修訂追溯法 初次應用國際財務報告準則第16號。根據該方 法,並無重列比較資料。見附註2(e)。 Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(e).

第118頁至第284頁的附註為本財務報表的 組成部分。

綜合全面收益表

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2019 (除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

		7/133		- n-
		附註	二零一九年	二零一八年
		Note	2019	2018
				附註
				Note
年內溢利	Profit for the year		205,987	61,895
年內其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income			
	for the year			
其後可重新分類至損益之項目:	Item that may be reclassified			
	subsequently to profit or loss:			
換算匯兑差額	Exchange differences on translation	10	13,587	(23,733)
年內其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income			
	for the year		13,587	(23,733)
年內全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income			
	for the year		219,574	38,162
下列人士應佔:	Attributable to:			
本公司股東	Equity shareholders of the Company		144,783	(15,068)
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests		74,791	53,230
年內全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income			
	for the year		219,574	38,162

附註: 本集團於二零一九年一月一日使用經修訂追溯法 初次應用國際財務報告準則第16號。根據該方 法,並無重列比較資料。見附註2(e)。 Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(e).

第118頁至第284頁的附註為本財務報表的 組成部分。

綜合財務狀況表

Consolidated statement of financial position

At 31 December 2019 (除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列)

(Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

		附註 Note	二零一九年 2019	二零一八年 2018
				附註
				Note
非流動資產	Non-current assets			
固定資產	Fixed assets	13		
-物業、廠房及設備	– Property, plant and equipment		1,370,273	1,354,682
- 預付租賃款項	 Lease prepayments 		215,958	190,468
於權益入賬參股公司的權益	Interests in equity-accounted investees	15	78,019	78,457
其他金融資產	Other financial assets		1,948	1,948
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	26(c)	26,094	27,872
可收回長期税項	Long-term tax recoverable	19	97,762	84,924
其他非流動資產	Other non-current assets		8,430	15,666
			1,798,484	1,754,017
流動資產	Current assets			
存貨	Inventories	16	934,682	847,131
生物資產	Biological assets	17	169,544	129,115
應收貿易賬款	Trade receivables	18	295,843	307,205
其他應收款項及預付款項	Other receivables and prepayments	19	479,282	456,849
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	20	370,102	408,721
			2,249,453	2,149,021
流動負債	Current liabilities			
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	21	557,080	493,192
其他應付款項	Other payables	22	470,094	432,564
合約負債	Contract liabilities		10,435	8,052
撥備	Provisions	23	-	1,099
計息借貸	Interest-bearing borrowings	24	531,149	272,216
租賃負債	Lease Liabilities	25	6,340	_
應付所得税	Income tax payable	26(a)	19,417	4,526
應付股利	Dividend payables		2,511	_
			1,597,026	1,211,649
流動資產淨值	Net current assets		652,427	937,372

附註: 本集團於二零一九年一月一日使用經修訂追溯法 初次應用國際財務報告準則第16號。根據該方 法,並無重列比較資料。見附註2(e)。

Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(e).

第118頁至第284頁的附註為本財務報表的組 成部分。

綜合財務狀況表

Consolidated statement of financial position

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 At 31 December 2019 (除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列)

(Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

		附註	二零一九年	二零一八年
		Note	2019	2018
				附註
				Note
資產總值減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities		2,450,911	2,691,389
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities			
計息借貸	Interest-bearing borrowings	24	351,473	863,043
租賃負債	Lease Liabilities	25	86,506	_
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	26(c)	450	497
			438,429	863,540
資產淨值	Net assets		2,012,482	1,827,849
資本及儲備	Capital and reserves	'		
股本	Share capital	27(c)	97,920	97,920
儲備	Reserves	27(d)	920,724	895,654
保留溢利	Retained profit		616,903	496,800
本公司股東應佔權益之權益總值	Total equity attributable to equity			
	shareholders of the Company		1,635,547	1,490,374
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests		376,935	337,475
權益總值	Total equity		2,012,482	1,827,849

經由董事會於二零二零年三月二十四日批 准及授權刊發。

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 24 March 2020.

尉安寧

Wei Anning

韓家寅

Han Chia-Yin

主席

Chairman

執行董事

Executive director

附註: 本集團於二零一九年一月一日使用經修訂追溯法 初次應用國際財務報告準則第16號。根據該方 法,並無重列比較資料。見附註2(e)。

Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(e).

第118頁至第284頁的附註為本財務報表的 組成部分。

綜合權益變動表

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2019 (除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列)

(Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

太小司贴亩瘫佔

						本公司	股東應佔					
					Attributable	to equity sh	areholders of	the Company			_	
			股本	股份溢價	贖回儲備	合併儲備	法定儲備	匯兑儲備	留存盈利	合計	非控股權益	權益總值
											Non-	
			Share	Share	Redemption	Merger	Statutory	Translation	Retained		controlling	Total
			capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserves	reserve	profits	Total	interests	equity
			(附註	(附註	(附註	(附註	(附註	(附註				
		附註	27(c))	27(d)(i))	27(d)(i))	27(d)(ii))	27(d)(iii))	27(d)(iv))				
		Note	(note	(note 27	(note 27	(note 27	(note 27	(note 27				
			27(c))	(d)(i))	(d)(i))	(d)(ii))	(d)(iii))	(d)(iv))				
於二零一八年十二月三十一日的結餘	Balance at 31 December 2018 (Note)											
(附註)			97,920	584,042	(836)	396,064	92,053	(175,669)	496,800	1,490,374	337,475	1,827,849
 年內溢利	Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	133,683	133,683	72,304	205,987
其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income	10	-	-	-	-	-	11,100	-	11,100	2,487	13,587
年內全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	-	11,100	133,683	144,783	74,791	219,574
以權益結算的股份支付交易	Equity-settled share-based payment											
	transactions		-	(446)	836	-	-	-	-	390	-	390
非控股權益注資	Capital contribution from non-controlling											
	interests		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(390)	(390)
就過往年度批准的股息	Dividends approved in respect of the previous											
	year	27(b)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(34,941)	(34,941)
法定儲備	Statutory reserves		-			-	13,580	-	(13,580)	-	-	
——————— 於二零一九十二月三十一日的結餘	Balance at 31 December 2019		97,920	583,596	-	396,064	105,633	(164,569)	616,903	1,635,547	376,935	2,012,482

附註:本集團於二零一九年一月一日使用經修訂追溯法 初次應用國際財務報告準則第16號。根據該方 法,並無重列比較資料。見附註2(e)。

Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(e).

第118頁至第284頁的附註為本財務報表的 組成部分。

綜合權益變動表

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2019 (除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

本公司股東應佔

			Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company							_			
									以股份為				
									基礎的支付				
			股本	股份溢價	贖回儲備	合併儲備	法定儲備	匯兑儲備	儲備	留存盈利	合計	非控股權益	權益總值
									Share-				
									based			Non-	
			Share		Redemption	Merger	Statutory	Translation	payment	Retained		controlling	Total
			capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserves	reserve	reserve	profits	Total	interests	equity
			(附註	(附註	(附註	(附註	(附註	(附註	(附註				
		附註	27(c))	27(d)(i))	27(d)(i))	27(d)(ii))	27(d)(iii))	27(d)(iv)	27(d)(v))				
		Note	(note	(note 27	(note 27	(note 27	(note 27	(note 27	(note 27				
			27(c))	(d)(i))	(d)(i))	(d)(ii))	(d)(iii))	(d)(iv))	(d)(v))				
於二零一七年十二月三十一日的結餘	Balance at 31 December 2017		97,920	581,495	(836)	396,064	92,053	(147,466)	2,547	519,369	1,541,146	319,420	1,860,566
初步應用國際財務報告準則第15號的影響	Impact on initial application of IFRS 15		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	(35,704)	(35,704)	(11,674)	(47,378)
於二零一八年一月一日的調整後結餘	Adjusted balance at 1 January 2018		97,920	581,495	(836)	396,064	92,053	(147,466)	2,547	483,665	1,505,442	307,746	1,813,188
年內溢利	Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,135	13,135	48,760	61,895
其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income	10	-	-	-	-	-	(28,203)	-	-	(28,203)	4,470	(23,733)
年內全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	-	(28,203)	-	13,135	(15,068)	53,230	38,162
以權益結算的股份支付交易	Equity-settled share-based payment transactions		-	2,547	-	-	-	-	(2,547)	-	-	-	-
非控股權益注資	Capital contribution from non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	240	240
就過往年度批准的股息	Dividends approved in respect of the previous												
	year	27(b)	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(23,741)	(23,741)
於二零一八年十二月三十一日的結餘	Balance at 31 December 2018												
(附註)	(Note)		97,920	584,042	(836)	396,064	92,053	(175,669)	-	496,800	1,490,374	337,475	1,827,849

第118頁至第284頁的附註為本財務報表的 組成部分。

綜合現金流量表 Consolidated cash flow statement

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2019 (除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列)

(Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

		附註	二零一九年	二零一八年
		Note	2019	2018
				附註
				Note
經營活動	Operating activities			
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation		249,120	86,543
就以下各項調整:	Adjustments for:			
一應佔權益入賬參股公司	- Share of losses/(gains) of equity-			
虧損/(收益)	accounted investees		607	(13,933)
一利息收入	- Interest income	5	(11,168)	(6,866)
一出售固定資產虧損淨值	– Net loss on disposal of fixed assets	5	8,923	1,693
- 固定資產減值計提/(撥回)	- Impairment accrued/(reversed) on			
	fixed assets	5	7,036	(2,997)
一出售附屬公司	- Loss/(Gain) on disposal of subsidiaries			
虧損/(收益)		5	343	(9,516)
一利息開支	- Interest expense	6(a)	45,860	35,407
一折舊及攤銷	- Depreciation and amortisation	6(c)	165,377	162,149
一存貨撇減	- Write-down of inventories	16(b)	7,159	25,268
一 撥回存貨撇減	- Reversal of write-down of inventories	16(b)	(20,583)	(18,483)
-應收貿易賬款(撥回)減值/	- (Reversal) of impairment/Impairment			
減值虧損	loss on trade receivables	30(a)	(2,368)	20,221
- 匯兑差額淨值	– Net foreign exchange difference		9,789	(26,268)
營運資金變動前經營現金流量	Operating cash flows before changes			
	in working capital		460,095	253,218
存貨(增加)/減少	(Increase)/Decrease in inventories		(74,127)	32,615
生物資產增加	Increase in biological assets		(44,131)	(13,524)
合約負債增加	Increase in contract liabilities		2,383	8,052
應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項增加	Increase in trade and other receivables		(30,242)	(4,001)
應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項	Increase/(Decrease) in trade and other			
增加/(減少)	payables		86,021	(341,634)

附註:本集團於二零一九年一月一日使用經修訂追溯法 初次應用國際財務報告準則第16號。根據該方 法,並無重列比較資料。見附註2(e)。 Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(e).

第118頁至第284頁的附註為本財務報表的組成部分。

綜合現金流量表

Consolidated cash flow statement

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2019 (除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

		附註	二零一九年	二零一八年
		Note	2019	2018
		11010	2013	附註
				Note
經營活動所得/(所用)現金	Cash generated from/(used in)			
是自己到7月10/ (7月7·50年	operations		399,999	(65,274)
已付所得税	Income tax paid	26(a)	(26,519)	(21,945)
	Net cash generated from/(used in)			
	operating activities		373,480	(87,219)
 投資活動	Investing activities			
已收利息	Interest received		11,168	6,866
購買固定資產付款	Payment for purchases of fixed assets		(119,478)	(235,277)
出售固定資產所得款項	Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets		22,266	29,246
出售權益入賬參股公司所得款項	Proceeds from disposal of equity-			
	accounted investees		11,232	2,059
於權益入賬參股公司的投資	Investment in equity-accounted			
	investees		-	(7,798)
投資活動所用現金淨額	Net cash used in investing activities		(74,812)	(204,904)
融資活動	Financing activities			
已付租金之資本部分	Capital element of lease rentals paid		(6,044)	_
已付租金之利息部分	Interest element of lease rentals paid		(3,964)	_
賣出回購股份的收益	Proceeds from sale of repurchased			
	shares		237	-
已付利息	Interest paid		(41,984)	(35,182)
已付股息	Dividends paid		(32,430)	(23,741)
新增銀行貸款所得款項	Proceeds from new bank loans		731,541	1,105,376
新增政府貸款所得款項	Proceeds from new loans from			
	government		20,165	62,000

附註: 本集團於二零一九年一月一日使用經修訂追溯法 初次應用國際財務報告準則第16號。根據該方 法,並無重列比較資料。見附註2(e)。 Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(e).

第118頁至第284頁的附註為本財務報表的組成部分。

綜合現金流量表

Consolidated cash flow statement

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2019 (除另有指明外・以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

		附註	二零一九年	二零一八年
		Note	2019	2018
				附註
				Note
償還借貸	Repayment of borrowings		(1,007,552)	(940,622)
(支付予)/來自附屬公司非控股權	益Capital (payment) to/contributions from			
擁有人的注資	non-controlling equity owners of			
	subsidiaries		(390)	240
融資活動(所用)/所得現金淨額	Net cash (used in)/generated from			
	financing activities		(340,421)	168,071
現金及現金等價物減少淨額	Net decrease in cash and cash			
	equivalents		(41,753)	(124,052)
於年初之現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents at the			
	beginning of the year		408,721	526,568
匯率變動的影響	Effect of foreign exchange rate			
	changes		3,134	6,205
於年末之現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents at the end			
	of the year	20	370,102	408,721

附註: 本集團於二零一九年一月一日使用經修訂追溯法 初次應用國際財務報告準則第16號。根據該方 法,並無重列比較資料。見附註2(e)。 Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(e).

第118頁至第284頁的附註為本財務報表的組成部分。

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

1 一般資料

大成食品(亞洲)有限公司(「本公司」)根據開曼群島一九六一年第3號法例公司法(經綜合及修訂)第22章於二零零七年五月十八日在開曼群島註冊成立為受豁免有限公司。本公司及其附屬公司(以下統稱「本集團」,個別公司稱為「本集團實體」)主要從事禽畜飼料、家禽以及冰鮮肉及加工食品的製作及買賣。

本公司股份於二零零七年十月四日於香港聯合交易所有限公司主板公開發售。

2 財務報表的呈列基準

(a) 遵例聲明

本財務報表乃根據國際會計準則委員會(「國際會計準則委員會」)頒佈的國際財務報告準則(此統稱包括國際會計準則委員會頒佈的所有各個適用的《國際財務報告準則」)、《國際會計準則》(「國際會計準則」))、《國際會計準則》(「國際會計準則」)的國際大學,以及香港《公司條例》的披露規定編製。該等財務報表前證券上市規則》(「上市規則」)的適用被露規定。本集團採納之重大會計政策概要載列如下。

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

DaChan Food (Asia) Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 18 May 2007 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group" and individually as the "Group entity") primarily is involved in the manufacturing and trading of livestock feeds, poultry and chilled meat and processed food.

The Company publicly offered shares on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on 4 October 2007.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

2 呈列基準(續)

(a) 遵例聲明(續)

國際會計準則委員會已頒佈了若 干新訂及經修訂之國際財務報告 準則,於本集團及本公司本會 計期間首次開始生效或供提早採 納。初始應用該等新訂和經修訂 的香港財務報告準則所引致當前 和以往會計期間的任何會計政策 變動已於本財務報表內反映,有 關資料載列於附註2(e)。

(b) 編製財務報表之基準

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日 止年度綜合財務報表包括本公司 及其附屬公司以及本集團於聯營 公司及合營公司的權益。

除下述資產及負債按其公允價值 列賬外,編制財務報表所用的計 算基準為歷史成本法,詳見下文 所載會計政策:

一 衍生金融工具以公允價值計量。

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(a) Statement of compliance (continued)

The IASB has issued certain new and revised IFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Note 2(e) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries and the Group's interest in associates and joint ventures.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost except that the following assets and liabilities are stated at their fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out below:

derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

2 呈列基準(續)

(c) 功能及呈列貨幣

(d) 使用估計及判斷

按照國際財務報告準則編製的財務報表須管理層作出判斷、估計和假設。此等判斷、估計和假設會影響會計政策應用和所呈報的資產、負債、收入及支出金額。實際結果或會有別於此等估計。

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(c) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency that best reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances relevant to that entity ("functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB") ("presentation currency"), which is different from the functional currency of the Company. The Company's functional currency is United Stated dollars ("USD"). The functional currency of those subsidiaries in People's Republic of China ("PRC") and Vietnam is RMB and Vietnamese Dong respectively. As its principal subsidiaries are located in PRC, the directors of the Company consider that it is appropriate to present the consolidated financial statements in RMB. All financial information presented in RMB has been rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

(d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

2 呈列基準(續)

(d) 使用估計及判斷(續)

此等估計及相關假設會持續予以 審閱。有關修訂會在對會計估計 作出修訂期間內及受影響的未來 任何期間確認。

管理層採納國際財務報告準則時 所作對財務報表有重大影響的判 斷,以及估計不確定性的主要來 源在附註31內披露。

(e) 會計政策變動

國際會計準則委員會已頒佈新訂 國際財務報告準則第16號/租賃/ 及國際財務報告準則的多項修 訂,該等新準則及修訂於本集團 的本期會計期間首次生效。

除國際財務報告準則第16號/租 賃/外,採納該等修訂未有對本集 團在本期間或過往期間編製或呈 列的業績及財務狀況構成重大財 務影響。本集團並未採用任何於 本期會計期間尚未生效的新準則 或詮釋。

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(d) Use of estimates and judgements (continued)

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Judgements made by management in the application of IFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are disclosed in note 31.

(e) Changes in accounting policies

The IASB has issued a new IFRS, IFRS 16, *Leases*, and a number of amendments to IFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group.

Except for IFRS 16, *Leases*, none of the developments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

2 呈列基準(續)

(e) 會計政策變動(續)

國際財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

國際財務報告準則第16號還引入 了其他定性及定量披露要求,旨 在使財務報表的使用者能夠評估 租賃對主體的財務狀況、財務業 績及現金流量的影響。

本集團已自二零一九年一月一日 起首次應用國際財務報告準則第 16號。本集團已選用經修訂追溯 法,並因而確認首次應用的累積 影響作為對於二零一九年一月一 日起使用權資產及租賃負債期初 餘額的調整。比較資料未被重列 且繼續根據國際會計準則第17號 呈報。

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(e) Changes in accounting policies (continued)

IFRS 16, Leases

IFRS 16 replaces IAS 17, Leases, and the related interpretations, IFRIC 4, Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease, SIC 15, Operating leases – incentives, and SIC 27, Evaluating the substance of transactions involving the legal form of a lease. It introduces a single accounting model for lessees, which requires a lessee to recognise a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for all leases, except for leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less ("short-term leases") and leases of low-value assets. The lessor accounting requirements are brought forward from IAS 17 substantially unchanged.

IFRS 16 also introduces additional qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements which aim to enable users of the financial statements to assess the effect that leases have on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of an entity.

The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 as from 1 January 2019. The Group has elected to use the modified retrospective approach and has therefore recognised the cumulative effect of initial application as an adjustment to the opening balance of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities at 1 January 2019. Comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under IAS 17.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

2 呈列基準(續)

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(e) 會計政策變動(續)

國際財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

有關過往會計政策變動的性質和 影響及所採用的過渡性選擇的進 一步詳情載列如下:

a. 租賃的新定義

租賃定義的變動主要與控制權的概念有關。國際財務報告準則第16號根據客戶是否在某一時段內控制已識別資產的使用(其可由指定使用量釐定)而對租賃作出定義。當客戶有權指示可識別資產的用途以及從該用途中獲得絕大部分經濟利益時,即表示擁有控制權。

國際財務報告準則第16號 內租賃的新定義僅適用於本 集團於二零一九年一月一日 或之後訂立或變更的合約。 就於二零一九年一月一日之 前訂立的合約而言,本集團 已採用過渡性可行的權宜方 法以繼承屬租賃或包含租賃 的現有安排的過往評估。因 此,先前根據國際會計準則 第17號評估為租賃的合約 繼續根據國際財務報告準則 第16號入賬列為租賃,而 先前評估為非租賃服務安排 的合約則繼續入賬列為未生 效合約。

(e) Changes in accounting policies (continued)

IFRS 16, Leases (continued)

Further details of the nature and effect of the changes to previous accounting policies and the transition options applied are set out below:

New definition of a lease

The change in the definition of a lease mainly relates to the concept of control. IFRS 16 defines a lease on the basis of whether a customer controls the use of an identified asset for a period of time, which may be determined by a defined amount of use. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

The Group applies the new definition of a lease in IFRS 16 only to contracts that were entered into or changed on or after 1 January 2019. For contracts entered into before 1 January 2019, the Group has used the transitional practical expedient to grandfather the previous assessment of which existing arrangements are or contain leases. Accordingly, contracts that were previously assessed as leases under IAS 17 continue to be accounted for as leases under IFRS 16 and contracts previously assessed as non-lease service arrangements continue to be accounted for as executory contracts.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

2 呈列基準(續)

(e) 會計政策變動(續)

國際財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

b. 承租人會計處理方法及過渡 性影響

> 國際財務報告準則第16號 消除先前國際會計準則第 17號要求承租人將租賃分 類為經營租賃或融資租賃的 規定。反之,當本集團為承 租人,其須將所有租賃資本 化,包括先前根據國際會計 準則第17號分類為經營租 賃的租賃,惟該等短期租賃 及低價值資產租賃除外。就 本集團而言,如附註28(b) 所披露的該等新資本化租賃 主要涉及物業、廠房及設 備。有關本集團如何應用承 租人會計處理方法的説明, 見附註3(c)(i)。

> 於過渡至國際財務報告準則 第16號當日(即二零一九年 一月一日),本集團就先前 分類為經營租賃的租賃按剩 餘租賃付款現值釐定餘下租 期及計量租賃負債,並已使 用二零一九年一月一日之相 關增量借款利率進行貼現。 用於釐定剩餘租賃付款現值 之加權平均增量借貸利率為 4.90%。

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(e) Changes in accounting policies (continued)

IFRS 16, Leases (continued)

b. Lessee accounting and transitional impact

IFRS 16 eliminates the requirement for a lessee to classify leases as either operating leases or finance leases, as was previously required by IAS 17. Instead, the Group is required to capitalise all leases when it is the lessee, including leases previously classified as operating leases under IAS 17, other than those short-term leases and leases of low-value assets which are exempt. As far as the Group is concerned, these newly capitalised leases are primarily in relation to property, plant and equipment as disclosed in note 28(b). For an explanation of how the Group applies lessee accounting, see note 3(c)(i).

At the date of transition to IFRS 16 (i.e. 1 January 2019), the Group determined the length of the remaining lease terms and measured the lease liabilities for the leases previously classified as operating leases at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the relevant incremental borrowing rates at 1 January 2019. The weighted average of the incremental borrowing rates used for determination of the present value of the remaining lease payments was 4.90%.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

2 呈列基準(續)

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(e) 會計政策變動(續)

國際財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

b. 承租人會計處理方法及過渡 性影響(續)

> 為簡化向國際財務報告準則 第16號的過渡,本集團於 首次應用國際財務報告準則 第16號首次採用下列確認 豁免及可行權宜方法:

- (i) 本集團已選擇不就其 餘下租期於首次應用 國際財務報告準則第 16號當日起計12個月 內屆滿的租賃(即租 期於二零一九年十二 月三十一日或之前完 結)應用國際財務報 告準則第16號的規定 確認租賃負債及使用 權資產:
- (ii) 於計量首次應用國際 財務報告準則第16號 當日之租賃負債時, 本集團對具有合理類 似特徵的租賃組合 使用單一貼現率(例 如,在類似經濟環境 下就類似分類的相關 資產其餘下租期類似 的租賃):及

(e) Changes in accounting policies (continued)

IFRS 16, Leases (continued)

Lessee accounting and transitional impact (continued)

To ease the transition to IFRS 16, the Group applied the following recognition exemption and practical expedients at the date of initial application of IFRS 16:

- (i) the Group elected not to apply the requirements of IFRS 16 in respect of the recognition of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets to leases for which the remaining lease term ends within 12 months from the date of initial application of IFRS 16, i.e. where the lease term ends on or before 31 December 2019;
- (ii) when measuring the lease liabilities at the date of initial application of IFRS 16, the Group applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics (such as leases with a similar remaining lease term for a similar class of underlying asset in a similar economic environment); and

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

2 呈列基準(續)

(e) 會計政策變動(續)

國際財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

- b. 承租人會計處理方法及過渡 性影響(續)
 - (iii) 當計量於首次應用國際財務報告準則第16 號當日之使用權資產時,本集團依賴先前於二零一八年十二月 三十一日對虧損合約 作出之評估,以替代 進行減值審閱。

下表載列於附註28(b)所 披露於二零一八年十二月 三十一日的經營租賃承擔與 於二零一九年一月一日確認 租賃負債的期初結餘之對 賬。

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(e) Changes in accounting policies (continued)

IFRS 16, Leases (continued)

- b. Lessee accounting and transitional impact (continued)
 - (iii) when measuring the right-of-use assets at the date of initial application of IFRS 16, the Group relied on the previous assessment for onerous contract provisions as at 31 December 2018 as an alternative to performing an impairment review.

The following table reconciles the operating lease commitments as disclosed in note 28(b) as at 31 December 2018 to the opening balance for lease liabilities recognised as at 1 January 2019:

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

2 呈列基準(續)

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(e) 會計政策變動(續)

國際財務報告準則第16號「租賃」 (續)

b. 承租人會計處理方法及過渡 性影響(續)

(e) Changes in accounting policies (continued)

IFRS 16, Leases (continued)

b. Lessee accounting and transitional impact (continued)

二零一九年 一月一日 1 January 2019 人民幣千元 RMB'000

於二零一八年十二月三十一日的	Operating lease commitments	
經營租賃承擔	at 31 December 2018	95,104
減:有關租賃豁免資本化的承擔:	Less: commitments relating to leases	
	exempt from capitalisation:	
- 剩餘租期於二零一九年十二月三十一日	- short-term leases and other leases with	
或之前屆滿之短期租賃及其他租賃	remaining lease term ending on or	
	before 31 December 2019	2,611
- 低價值資產租賃	- leases of low-value assets	13
加:本集團認為合理確定其將行使延期	Add: lease payments for the additional	
選擇權之額外期間之租賃付款	periods where the Group considers it	
	reasonably certain that it will exercise	
	the extension options	1,679
	·	
	·	94,159
		· · ·
減:未來利息開支總額	Less: total future interest expenses	· · ·
減:未來利息開支總額 		94,159
	Less: total future interest expenses	94,159
刺餘租賃付款的現值,使用二零一九年	Less: total future interest expenses Present value of remaining lease payments,	94,159
刺餘租賃付款的現值,使用二零一九年	Less: total future interest expenses Present value of remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental	94,159
剩餘租賃付款的現值,使用二零一九年 一月一日的增量借款利率折現	Less: total future interest expenses Present value of remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at 1 January 2019	94,159
剩餘租賃付款的現值,使用二零一九年 一月一日的增量借款利率折現 加:於二零一八年十二月三十一日	Less: total future interest expenses Present value of remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at 1 January 2019 Add: finance lease liabilities recognised	94,159
剩餘租賃付款的現值,使用二零一九年 一月一日的增量借款利率折現 加:於二零一八年十二月三十一日 確認的融資租賃負債	Less: total future interest expenses Present value of remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at 1 January 2019 Add: finance lease liabilities recognised as at 31 December 2018	94,159

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

2 呈列基準(續)

(e) 會計政策變動(續)

國際財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

b. 承租人會計處理方法及過渡 性影響(續)

> 與過往歸類為經營租賃的租 賃項目相關的使用權資產已 按等同於經確認的剩餘租賃 負債金額確認,並通過與該 項租賃相關的於二零一八年 十二月三十一日綜合財務狀 況表中確認的任何預付或應 計租賃付款進行調整。

> 就採納國際財務報告準則第 16號對過往分類為為融 賃的租約的影響而言,應用國際財務 郵告準則第16號作出的 調整,而非更改結餘代出的 調整,而非更改結額已 調整,而非更改結額已 調整,而非更改結額 員負債」,而非 質責任」,而相應租賃資 價責任」,而相應租賃資權 的折舊賬面值識別為使用權 資產。對期初權益結餘概無 影響。

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(e) Changes in accounting policies (continued)

IFRS 16, Leases (continued)

Lessee accounting and transitional impact (continued)

The right-of-use assets in relation to leases previously classified as operating leases have been recognised at an amount equal to the amount recognised for the remaining lease liabilities, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognised in the statement of financial position at 31 December 2018.

So far as the impact of the adoption of IFRS 16 on leases previously classified as finance leases is concerned, the Group is not required to make any adjustments at the date of initial application of IFRS 16, other than changing the captions for the balances. Accordingly, instead of "obligations under finance leases", these amounts are included within "lease liabilities", and the depreciated carrying amount of the corresponding leased assets is identified as right-of-use assets. There is no impact on the opening balance of equity.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

2 呈列基準(續)

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(e) 會計政策變動(續)

國際財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

b. 承租人會計處理方法及過渡 性影響(續)

> 下表概述採納國際財務報告 準則第16號對本集團簡明 綜合財務狀況表的影響:

(e) Changes in accounting policies (continued)

IFRS 16, Leases (continued)

b. Lessee accounting and transitional impact (continued)

The following table summarises the impacts of the adoption of IFRS 16 on the Group's consolidated statement of financial position:

於二零一九年		於二零一八年
一月一日之	經營租賃	十二月三十一日
賬面值	合約資本化	之賬面值
Carrying	Capitalisation	Carrying
amount at	of operating	amount at
1 January	lease	31 December
2019	contracts	2018
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000

受採納國際財務報告準則第16號影響 Line items in the consolidated 的綜合財務狀況表項目: statement of financial position impacted by the adoption of IFRS 16: 固定資產 Fixed assets 1,596,236 1,545,150 51,086 非流動資產總值 Total non-current assets 1,754,017 51,086 1,805,103 貿易及其他應付款項 Trade and other payables 925,756 925,756 租賃負債(流動) Lease liabilities (current) 3,162 3,162 流動負債 **Current liabilities** 1,211,649 1,214,811 3,162 流動資產淨值 Net current assets 937,372 (3,162)934,210 Total assets less current liabilities 總資產減流動負債 2,691,389 47,924 2,739,313 租賃負債(非流動) Lease liabilities (non-current) 47.924 47.924 非流動負債總額 Total non-current liabilities 863,540 47,924 911,464 1,827,849 資產淨值 Net assets 1,827,849

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

2 呈列基準(續)

(e) 會計政策變動(續)

國際財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

c. 對本集團財務業績、分部業 績及現金流量的影響

> 於現金流量表中,本集團 (作為承租人)須將資本化租 賃項下已付租金拆分為附 20(b))。該等部分分類為融 資現金流出,而非經營現金 流出,如同國際會計準與 17號項下融資租賃。雖 現金流量總額未受影響, 現金流量總額未受影響, 級國際財務報告準則第16 號因此引致於現金流量是列之重大 製動 (見附註20(c))。

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(e) Changes in accounting policies (continued)

IFRS 16, Leases (continued)

 Impact on the financial result, segment results and cash flows of the Group

After the initial recognition of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities as at 1 January 2019, the Group as a lessee is required to recognise interest expense accrued on the outstanding balance of the lease liability, and the depreciation of the right-of-use asset, instead of the previous policy of recognising rental expenses incurred under operating leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term. This results in a positive impact on the reported profit from operations in the Group's consolidated statement of profit or loss, as compared to the results if IAS 17 had been applied during the year.

In the cash flow statement, the Group as a lessee is required to split rentals paid under capitalised leases into their capital element and interest element (see note 20(b)). These elements are classified as financing cash outflows, similar to how leases previously classified as finance leases under IAS 17 were treated, rather than as operating cash outflows, as was the case for operating leases under IAS 17. Although total cash flows are unaffected, the adoption of IFRS 16 therefore results in a significant change in presentation of cash flows within the cash flow statement (see note 20(c)).

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

2 呈列基準(續)

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(e) 會計政策變動(續)

國際財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

c. 對本集團財務業績、分部業 績及現金流量的影響(續)

> 下表或可顯示採納國際財 務報告準則第16號對本集 團截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度的財務業 績、分部業績及現金流量產 生的估計影響,方法為將該 合併財務報表中根據國際財 務報告準則第16號所呈報 的金額與根據國際會計準則 第17號本應確認的假設金 額進行比較,倘該被取代 準則繼續適用於2019年而 非國際財務報告準則第16 號,以及將該等二零一九年 假設金額與根據國際會計準 則第17號編製的2018年實 際相應金額進行比較。

(e) Changes in accounting policies (continued)

IFRS 16, Leases (continued)

c. Impact on the financial result, segment results and cash flows of the Group (continued)

The following tables give an indication of the estimated impact of the adoption of IFRS 16 on the Group's financial result, segment results and cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2019, by adjusting the amounts reported under IFRS 16 in these consolidated financial statements to compute estimates of the hypothetical amounts that would have been recognised under IAS 17 if this superseded standard had continued to apply in 2019 instead of IFRS 16, and by comparing these hypothetical amounts for 2019 with the actual 2018 corresponding amounts which were prepared under IAS 17.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

2 呈列基準(續)

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(e) 會計政策變動(續)

國際財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

c. 對本集團財務業績、分部業 績及現金流量的影響(續) (e) Changes in accounting policies (continued)

IFRS 16, Leases (continued)

c. Impact on the financial result, segment results and cash flows of the Group (continued)

			零	一九年		_零一八年	
			2	019		2018	
				扣除:假設根據國際		-	
		根據國際	加回:根據國際財務	會計準則第17號	根據國際會計	與根據國際會計準則	
		財務報告準則	報告準則第16號	有關經營租賃的	準則第 17 號作出的	第17號所得出	
		第16號呈報的金額	折舊及利息開支	估計金額(附註1)	二零一九年假定金額	有關二零一八年	
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D=A+B-C)	所呈報金額比較	
				Deduct: Estimated			
				amounts related to		Compared	
		Amounts	Add back: IFRS 16	operating leases	Hypothetical	to amounts	
		reported	depreciation and	as if under IAS 17	amounts for 2019	reported for 2018	
		under IFRS 16	interest expense	(note 1)	as if under IAS 17	under IAS 17	
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D=A+B-C)		
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
受採納國際財務報告準則第16號	Financial result for year ended						
影響的截至二零一九年	31 December 2019 impacted						
十二月三十一日止年度財務業績	by the adoption of IFRS 16:						
要營溢利	Profit from operations	295,587	7,489	(10,008)	293,068	108,017	
材務費用	Finance costs	(45,860)	3,964	-	(41,896)	(35,407)	
兑前利潤	Profit before taxation	249,120	11,453	(10,008)	250,565	86,543	
丰度利潤	Profit for the year	205,987	11,453	(10,008)	207,432	61,895	

- 東一八年

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

2 呈列基準(續)

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(e) 會計政策變動(續)

國際財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

c. 對本集團財務業績、分部業 績及現金流量的影響(續) (e) Changes in accounting policies (continued)

IFRS 16, Leases (continued)

c. Impact on the financial result, segment results and cash flows of the Group (continued)

一要——1年

		_苓一几午			
2018		2019			
		與經營租賃相關的			
與根據國際會計準則		估計金額,猶如根據	根據國際		
第17號所得出	根據國際會計	國際會計準則第17號	財務報告準則		
有關二零一八年	準則第17號作出的	(附註1及2)	第16號呈報的金額		
所呈報金額比較	二零一九年假定金額	(B)	(A)		
		Estimated			
		amounts related			
Compared		to operating			
to amounts	Hypothetical	leases as	Amounts		
reported for 2018	amounts for 2019	if under IAS 17	reported		
under IAS 17	as if under IAS 17	(notes 1 & 2)	under IFRS 16		
		(B)	(A)		
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元		
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000		
				Line items in the consolidated	受採納國際財務報告準則
				cash flow statement for year ended 31	第16號影響的截至二零一九年
				December 2019 impacted by the adoption	十二月三十一日止年度之
				of IFRS 16:	綜合現金流量表項目:
(65,274)	389,991	(10,008)	399,999	Cash generated from/(used in) operations	經營活動所得/(所用)現金
				Net cash generated from/(used in) operating	經營活動所得/(所用)現金淨額
(87,219)	363,472	(10,008)	373,480	activities	
-	-	6,044	(6,044)	Capital element of lease rentals paid	已付租金之資本部分
-	-	3,964	(3,964)	Interest element of lease rentals paid	已付租金之利息部分
				Net cash (used in)/generated from financing	融資活動(所用)/所得現金淨額
168,071	(330,413)	10,008	(340,421)	activities	

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

2 呈列基準(續)

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(e) 會計政策變動(續)

國際財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

c. 對本集團財務業績、分部業績及現金流量的影響(續)

附註1:「有關經營租賃的預計金 額」指分類為經營租賃 的有關租賃於二零一九 年對現金流量金額之估 計(猶如國際會計準則第 17號於二零一九年仍然 適用)。該估計假設租金 與現金流量之間並無差 異,且所有於二零一九 年訂立的新租約已根據 國際會計準則第17號分 類為經營租賃(猶如國際 會計準則第17號於二零 一九年仍然適用)。任何 潛在税項淨影響皆被忽 略。

附註2: 於此影響表中,該等現 金流出由融資重新分類 至經營,以計算經營活 動所得之現金淨額及融 資活動所用之現金淨額 的假設金額,猶如國際 會計準則第17號仍然適 用。 (e) Changes in accounting policies (continued)

IFRS 16, Leases (continued)

c. Impact on the financial result, segment results and cash flows of the Group (continued)

Note 1: The "estimated amounts related to operating leases" is an estimate of the amounts of the cash flows in 2019 that relate to leases which would have been classified as operating leases, if IAS 17 had still applied in 2019. This estimate assumes that there were no differences between rentals and cash flows and that all of the new leases entered into in 2019 would have been classified as operating leases under IAS 17, if IAS 17 had still applied in 2019. Any potential net tax effect is ignored.

Note 2: In this impact table these cash outflows are reclassified from financing to operating in order to compute hypothetical amounts of net cash generated from operating activities and net cash used in financing activities as if IAS 17 still applied.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

2 呈列基準(續)

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(e) 會計政策變動(續)

國際財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

d. 出租人會計處理

作為出租人適用於本集團的會計政策與國際會計準則第 17號下的會計政策大致相同。根據國際財務報告準則 第16號,當本集團作為為事 租安排的中間出租人時,為 集團須參考主租約產生為融資 在實達 在 與 是 與 數 務 報告 準則第 16 號 對 來 集團在此方數 數 不 集團在此方數 亦 無重大影響。

(e) Changes in accounting policies (continued)

IFRS 16, Leases (continued)

d. Lessor accounting

The accounting policies applicable to the Group as a lessor remain substantially unchanged from those under IAS 17. Under IFRS 16, when the Group acts as an intermediate lessor in a sublease arrangement, the Group is required to classify the sublease as a finance lease or an operating lease by reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, instead of by reference to the underlying asset. The adoption of IFRS 16 does not have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements in this regard.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策

(a) 綜合基準

(i) 業務合併

當控制權轉讓至本集團時,本集團使用收購法為業務合併入賬(見附註3(a)(ii))。收購代價一般以公允價值計量,所收購之可識別淨資產亦相同。任何所產生之商譽將每年進行減值測試。任何於議價購入的收益即時於損益表確認。交易成本為所產生之開支(除與發行債務或股本證券有關者外)。

轉讓代價不包括結清先前已 建立關係相關的金額。該等 金額一般於損益表確認。

任何應付或然代價於收購日 期按公允價值確認。分類為 權益之或然代價其後不會重 新計量,有關結算於權益內 入賬。否則,或然代價公允 價值之其後變動於損益表確 認。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of consolidation

(i) Business combinations

The Group accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method when control is transferred to the Group (see note 3(a)(ii)). The consideration transferred in the acquisition is generally measured at fair value, as are the identifiable net assets acquired. Any goodwill that arises is tested annually for impairment. Any gain on a bargain purchase is recognised in income statement immediately. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except if related to the issue of debt or equity securities.

The consideration transferred does not include amounts related to the settlement of preexisting relationships. Such amounts are generally recognised in income statement.

Any contingent consideration payable is measured at fair value at the acquisition date. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, then it is not remeasured and settlement is accounted for within equity. Otherwise, subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration are recognised in income statement.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3 主要會計政策(續)

(continued)

3

(a) 綜合基準(續)

(i) 業務合併(續)

當以股份為基礎支付獎勵 (置換獎勵)須與被收購方僱 員持有的獎勵(被收購方獎 勵)兑換,收購方之全部或 部分置換獎勵金額則用以計 量業務合併之轉讓代價。此 決定乃基於置換獎勵之市場 計量與被收購方獎勵之市場 計量的比較,並以合併前服 務相關之置換獎勵為限。

(ii) 附屬公司及非控股權益

附屬公司指本集團控制之實體。當本集團承受或享有參與實體所得之可變回報,且有能力透過其對實體之權力影響該等回報時,則本集團控制該實體。當評估本集團 是否擁有權力時,僅考慮實權力(由本集團及其他人士持有)。

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(i) Business combinations (continued)

If share-based payment awards (replacement awards) are required to be exchanged for awards held by the acquiree's employees (acquiree's awards), then all or a portion of the amount of the acquirer's replacement awards is included in measuring the consideration transferred in the business combination. This determination is based on the market-based measure of the replacement awards compared with the market-based measure of the acquiree's awards and the extent to which the replacement awards relate to pre-combination service.

(ii) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(a) 綜合基準(續)

(ii) 附屬公司之非控股權益(續)

於附屬公司之投資自控制權 開始之日直至控制權終止之 日綜合計入綜合財務報存 內。集團內公司間之結長,以及現金流量,以及現金流量,以及之司間交易所產生之未變現溢利,在編製綜。集變 務報表時均全數對銷。集變 現虧損則僅在無出現減錯未變 現收益相同之方法對銷。

非控股權益指非直接或間接 歸屬於本公司之附屬公司關公司之 ,且本集團就此並無與就 等權益持有人協定任何額額 條款,致使本集團整體須 該等符合金融負債定義 。就承擔合約責任。就 發揮 合併而言,本集團可選擇益 公允價值或按非控股權益 的而計量任何非控股權益。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(ii) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (continued)

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-Group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-Group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-Group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) 綜合基準(續)

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(ii) 附屬公司之非控股權益(續)

倘本集團於附屬公司之權益 變動不會導致喪失控制權, 則作為股權交易入賬,而於 綜合權益內之控股及非控股 權益金額會作出調整,以反 映相關權益變動,惟不會調 整商譽及不會確認損益。 (ii) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (continued)

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated income statement and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company. Loans from holders of non-controlling interests and other contractual obligations towards these holders are presented as financial liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position in accordance with notes 3(k) or (I) depending on the nature of the liability.

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(a) 綜合基準(續)

(ii) 附屬公司之非控股權益(續)

當本集團喪失對附屬公司之控制權,將按出售於該附屬公司之所有權益入賬,確認之所有權益入賬,確認之損益於損益中確仍保留之該前附屬公司權益按公司權益被別人價值確認,而此金額被視為初步確認金融資產(見附註3(a)(iv))之公允價值,或(如適用)初步確認於聯營公司或合營公司(見附註3(a)(iii))之投資之成本。

於本公司之財務狀況表中, 於附屬公司之投資乃按成本 扣除減值虧損(見附註3(e) (iii))列賬,除非該投資乃分 類為持作出售(或計入分類 為持作出售之出售組別)。

(iii) 聯營公司及合營公司

聯營公司指本集團或本公司 對其管理層有重大影響力, 而非控制或共同控制,包括 參與財務及經營決策之實 體。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(ii) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (continued)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see note 3(a) (iv)) or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture (see note 3(a) (iii)).

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 3(e) (ii)), unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal Group that is classified as held for sale).

(iii) Associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity in which the Group or Company has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over its management, including participation in the financial and operating policy decisions.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) 綜合基準(續)

聯營公司及合營公司(續)

合營公司是一項安排,據 此,本集團或本公司與其他 方在合約上協定分享此項安 排的控制權,並有權擁有其 淨資產。

於聯營公司或合營公司之投 資按權益法於綜合財務報表 入賬,除非該投資分類為持 作出售(或計入分類為持作 出售之出售組別)。根據權 益法,投資初步按成本記 賬,並按本集團應佔被投資 公司於收購日期可識別淨資 產之公允價值超出投資成本 之差額(如有)作出調整。其 後,投資乃就本集團應佔被 投資公司收購後之淨資產變 動及與投資有關之任何減值 虧損(見附註3(e)(ii))作出調 整。收購日期超出成本之任 何差額、本集團應佔被投資 公司於收購後及除稅後業績 以及年內任何減值虧損乃於 綜合損益表確認,而本集團 應佔被投資公司於收購後及 除税後其他全面收益項目乃 於綜合全面收益表內確認。

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(iii) Associates and joint ventures (continued)

A joint venture is an arrangement whereby the Group or Company and other parties contractually agree to share control of the arrangement, and have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method, unless it is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal Group that is classified as held for sale). Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost, adjusted for any excess of the Group's share of the acquisitiondate fair values of the investee's identifiable net assets over the cost of the investment (if any). Thereafter, the investment is adjusted for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment (see notes 3(e) (ii)). Any acquisition-date excess over cost, the Group's share of the post-acquisition, post-tax results of the investees and any impairment losses for the year are recognised in the consolidated income statement, whereas the Group's share of the post-acquisition post-tax items of the investees' other comprehensive income is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(a) 綜合基準(續)

(iii) 聯營公司及合營公司(續)

本集團與其聯營公司及合營公司間之交易所產生之未變現損益,乃以本集團於被投資公司之權益為限予以對銷,除非未變現虧損提供已轉讓資產之減值證據,在此情況下,則該等未變現虧損乃即時於損益中確認。

倘於聯營公司之投資成為於 合營公司之投資,保留權益 則不予重新計量。反之,該 投資繼續根據權益法入賬。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(iii) Associates and joint ventures (continued)

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the associate or the joint venture, the Group's interest is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the investee. For this purpose, the Group's interest is the carrying amount of the investment under the equity method together with the Group's long-term interests that in substance form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or the joint venture.

Unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates and joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) 綜合基準(續)

(iii) 聯營公司及合營公司(續)

於其他情況下,倘本集團不 再對聯營公司有重大影響力 或共同控制合營公司,其乃 被視作出售於該被投資公司 之全部權益,而其損益將於 損益表中確認。任何在制權 重大影響力或共同控制權之 日期仍保留在該前被投資公司之權益按公允價值確認, 而此金額被視為初步確認金 融資產之公允價值(見附註 3(a)(iv))。

於本公司之財務狀況表內, 於聯營公司或合營公司之投 資按成本減減值虧損列賬 (見附註3(e)(ii)),除非該投 資分類為持作出售(或計入 分類為持作出售之出售組 別)。

(iv) 於股本證券的其他投資

本集團及本公司對股本證券 投資的會計政策(於附屬公 司及合營公司之投資除外) 如下:

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(iii) Associates and joint ventures (continued)

In all other cases, when the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate or joint control over a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that investee, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former investee at the date when significant influence or joint control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see note 3(a)(iv)).

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in associates and joint venture are stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 3(e)(ii)), unless classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal Group that is classified as held for sale).

(iv) Other investments in equity securities

The Group's and the Company's policies for investments in equity securities, other than investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, are as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(a) 綜合基準(續)

(iv) 於股本證券的其他投資(續)

股本證券投資於本集團承諾 購買該投資之日確認。該等 投資初始按公允價值加直接 應佔交易成本列賬,惟以公 允價值計入損益的投入 有價值計入損益的投入 期損益。有關本集團如何確 定金融工具公允價值的解 釋,請參見附註30(g)。此 等投資隨後按以下方式入 賬,惟須視乎其分類而定。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(iv) Other investments in equity securities (continued)

Investments in equity securities are recognised on the date the Group commits to purchase the investment. The investments are initially stated at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs, except for those investments measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) for which transaction costs are recognised directly in profit or loss. For an explanation of how the Group determines fair value of financial instruments, see note 30(g). These investments are subsequently accounted for as follows, depending on their classification.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) 綜合基準(續)

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(iv) 於股本證券的其他投資(續)

(iv) Other investments in equity securities (continued)

股本投資

Equity investments

股本證券投資被分類為以公 允價值計入損益,除非股本 投資不是以買賣為目的而持 有及初始確認投資時,本集 團選擇確認該投資為以公允 價值計入其他全面收益(不 可轉回)即以公允價值計量 及其變動計入其他綜合收 益。該選擇乃以個別工具基 準作出,但僅可於該投資從 發行人角度而言符合權益定 義時作出。倘作該選擇,則 其他全面收益中累計的金額 維持於公允價值儲備(不可 轉回)中,直至出售投資為 止。於出售時,於公允價值 儲備(不可轉回)中累計的金 額轉至留存盈利,並不透過 損益轉回。來自股本證券投 資的股息不論其是否分類作 以公允價值計入損益或以公 允價值計入其他全面收益 (不可轉回)計量,均於損益 中確認為其他收入。

An investment in equity securities is classified as FVPL unless the equity investment is not held for trading purposes and on initial recognition of the investment the Group makes an irrevocable election to designate the investment at FVOCI (non-recycling) such that subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. Such elections are made on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but may only be made if the investment meets the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective. Where such an election is made, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income remains in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) until the investment is disposed of. At the time of disposal, the amount accumulated in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) is transferred to retained earnings. It is not recycled through profit or loss. Dividends from an investment in equity securities, irrespective of whether classified as at FVPL or FVOCI, are recognised in profit or loss as other income.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(b) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備的下列項目按 成本減去累計折舊及任何累計減 值虧損呈列(見附註3(e)(ii))。

- 非物業權益註冊擁有人的租 賃或租賃物業所產生的使用 權資產;及
- 廠房及設備項目,包括租賃 相關廠房及設備產生的使用 權資產(見附註3(c))。

成本包括收購資產應佔直接開 支。自建資產成本包括以下各 項:

- 原料成本及直接勞工成本;
- 將資產達至運作狀態作擬定用途的其他直接成本;
- 一 當本集團有責任搬遷資產或 重置地盤,估計拆卸及搬遷 項目以及恢復項目所在地原 貌的成本:及資本化借貸成 本(見附註3(u))。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(b) Property, plant and equipment

The following items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 3(e)(ii)):

- right-of-use assets arising from leases over freehold or leasehold properties where the Group is not the registered owner of the property interest; and
- items of plant and equipment, including rightof-use assets arising from leases of underlying plant and equipment (see note 3(c)).

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the following:

- the cost of materials and direct labour;
- any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to a working condition for their intended use;
- when the Group has an obligation to remove the asset or restore the site, an estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located; and capitalised borrowing costs (see note 3(u)).

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(b) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

出售物業、廠房及設備項目的任何收益或虧損,以該項目的出售 所得款項淨額與其賬面值的差額 計算,並於損益中確認。

其後開支僅於與其相關的日後經 濟利益可能流入本集團時資本 化。

折舊乃採用直線法在估計可使用 年期內撇銷物業、廠房及設備項 目的成本並扣除其估計剩餘價值 (如有)計算如下:

(b) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the item) is recognised in profit and loss.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual values, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

- 租賃土地於未屆滿租賃期限內折舊。
- Leasehold land is depreciated over the unexpired term of lease.

_	樓宇	2-25年
_	Buildings	2-25 years
_	租賃樓宇	1-15年
_	Leasehold building	1-15 years
	廠房及機器	10-12年
_	Plant and machinery	10-12 years
	傢俬、裝置及設備	5-6年
_	Furniture, fittings and equipment	5-6 years
	汽車	4-5年
_	Motor vehicles	4-5 years
_	其他使用權資產	1-3年
_	Other right of use assets	1-3 years

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(b) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

倘物業、廠房及設備項目各部分的可使用年期不同,則該項目的成本按合理基準於各部分之間分配,每部分分開折舊。資產的可使用年期及其剩餘價值(如有)每年審閱。

在建工程指多項興建中的辦公大樓、基建項目以及有待安裝的的見關,以成本減去減值虧損列示(見附註3(e)(ii))。成本包括建築直接成本、初日的建築直接成本、有目的分拆費用以及搬移項目及搬移項目以及搬移項目與的分拆費用以及搬移項目與如適度該地方原來面貌的費用(如簽資用)。縱使由有關政府部門所簽資的啟用證明書有任何延誤,當這些成本會停止資本化,而在建工程則轉撥至固定資產。

在建工程在完成並可作擬定用途 之前不計提任何折舊。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(b) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

Construction in progress represents office buildings, various infrastructure projects under construction and equipment pending installation, and is measured at cost less impairment losses (see note 3(e)(ii)). Cost comprises direct costs of construction and the initial estimate, where relevant, of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located during the periods of construction and installation. Capitalisation of these costs ceases and the construction in progress is transferred to fixed assets when the asset is substantially ready for its intended use, notwithstanding any delays in the issue of the relevant commissioning certificates by the relevant authorities.

No depreciation is provided in respect of construction in progress until it is completed and ready for its intended use.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(c) 租賃資產

於訂立合約時,本集團評估合約是否為或包含租賃。倘合約賦予控制權,可於一段時間內控制已識別資產的使用權以換取代價,則合約為或包含租賃。倘客戶戶申有權指示已識別資產的用途及從該用途獲得絕大部分經濟利益,則會將控制權轉移。

(i) 作為承租人

(A) 自二零一九年一月一 日起適用的政策

當合約包含租賃組成部分及非租賃組成部分及非租賃組成部不集團選擇成所,並就所有租赁組成部分,並就所有租赁組成部分,並就所有租赁組成部分。

於集及期短而的外值本決本租於集團租賃配價。產團是。相關的人類與關稅,資無定化賃租別的,資無定的,資租下集家資團,資租下集家賃低時基實化付確知,資租下集家賃低時基實化付確與,進資的團具除價,準資的款認

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Leased assets

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

(i) As a lessee

(A) Policy applicable from 1 January 2019

Where the contract contains lease components and non-lease components, the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets which, for the Group are primarily office furniture. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (c) 租賃資產(續)
 - (i) 作為承租人(續)
 - (A) 自二零一九年一月一 日起適用的政策(續)

當租賃資本化時,租 賃負債初始按於租賃 期內租賃付款額使用 租賃中的內含利率折 現的現值確認,如果 不能較容易地確定該 利率,則使用相關增 量借款利率。於初始 確認後,租賃負債按 攤余成本計量,而利 息開支則採用實際利 率法計算。不取決於 某一指數或比率之可 變租金並未包括於租 賃負債之計量中,因 此於其產生之會計期 間於損益中支銷。

(c) Leased assets (continued)

- (i) As a lessee (continued)
 - (A) Policy applicable from 1 January 2019 (continued)

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (c) 租賃資產(續)
 - (i) 作為承租人(續)
 - (A) 自二零一九年一月一 日起適用的政策(續)

於租賃資本化時確認 之使用權資產初始時 按成本計量,當中包 括租賃負債之初始值 加上於開始日期或之 前支付之任何租金, 以及所產生之任何初 始直接成本。在適用 的情況下,使用權資 產的成本亦包括拆卸 及移除相關資產或將 相關資產或相關資產 所在地復原的估計成 本折現的現值,並減 去任何收到的租賃激 勵。使用權資產其後 按成本減累計折舊 及減值虧損(見附註 3(b))列賬。

- (c) Leased assets (continued)
 - (i) As a lessee (continued)
 - (A) Policy applicable from 1 January 2019 (continued)

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see notes 3(b)).

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (c) 租賃資產(續)
 - (i) 作為承租人(續)
 - (A) 自二零一九年一月一 日起適用的政策(續)

當未來租金因某一 指數或比率變動而 變更,或當本集團預 期根據擔保餘值估計 應付之金額有變,或 因重新評估本集團是 否合理地確定將行使 購買、續租或終止 選擇權而產生變動, 則會重新計量租賃負 債。按此方式重新計 量租賃負債時,使用 權資產之賬面值將作 相應調整,或倘使用 權資產之賬面值已減 至零,則於損益內列 賬。

本集團將不符合投資物業定義的使用權資產於「固定資產」中呈列及將租賃負債另行於財務狀況表中呈列。

- (c) Leased assets (continued)
 - (i) As a lessee (continued)
 - (A) Policy applicable from 1 January 2019 (continued)

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the rightof-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-ofuse asset has been reduced to zero.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in "Fixed assets" and presents lease liabilities separately in the statement of financial position.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) 租賃資產(續)

(c) Leased assets (continued)

(i) 作為承租人(續)

- (i) As a lessee (continued)
- (B) 於二零一九年一月一 日前適用的政策

(B) Policy applicable prior to 1 January 2019

In the comparative period, as a lessee the Group classified leases as finance leases if the leases transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group. Leases which did not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group were classified as operating leases.

Where the Group acquired the use of assets under finance leases, the amounts representing the fair value of the leased asset, or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments, of such assets were recognised as property, plant and equipment and the corresponding liabilities, net of finance charges, were recorded as obligations under finance leases. Depreciation was provided at rates which wrote off the cost or valuation of the assets over the term of the relevant lease or, where it was likely the Group would obtain ownership of the asset,

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (c) 租賃資產(續)
 - (i) 作為承租人(續)
 - (B) 於二零一九年一月一 日前適用的政策(續)

附註2(b)所述資產的 可用年限(如本集團 很可能取得資產的所 有權)內,以每年等 額沖銷其成本的比率 計提。減值虧損按附 註2(e)所述會計政策 入賬。租賃付款內含 利息費用會按租賃年 期計入租賃期內損益 表,使每個會計期間 的融資費用與負債餘 額的比率大致相同。 或有租金於其產生的 會計期間內計入當期 損益。

- (c) Leased assets (continued)
 - (i) As a lessee (continued)
 - (B) Policy applicable prior to 1 January 2019 (continued)

the life of the asset, as set out in note 2(b). Impairment losses were accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy as set out in note 2(e). Finance charges implicit in the lease payments were charged to profit or loss over the period of the leases so as to produce an approximately constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations for each accounting period. Contingent rentals were charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they were incurred.

Where the Group had the use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases were charged to profit or loss in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis was more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased asset. Lease incentives received were recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals were charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they were incurred.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) 租賃資產(續)

(ii) 作為出租人

倘本集團作為出租人,其於 租賃開始時釐定各租賃為融 資租賃或經營租賃。倘租賃 轉移相關資產所有權附帶之 絕大部分風險及回報至承租 人,則租賃分類為融資租 賃。否則,租賃分類為經營 租賃。

倘合約包含租賃及非租賃部分,本集團按相關單獨售價基準將合約代價分配至各部分。經營租賃所得租金收入根據附註3(r)(iv)確認。

倘本集團為中介出租人,分租賃乃參考主租賃產生的使用權資產,分類為融資租賃或經營租賃。倘主租賃乃短期租賃而本集團應用附註3(c)(i)所述豁免,則本集團分類分租賃為經營租賃。

(c) Leased assets (continued)

(ii) As a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. The rental income from operating leases is recognised in accordance with note 3(r)(iv).

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, the sub-leases are classified as a finance lease or as an operating lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. If the head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the exemption described in note 3(c)(i), then the Group classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(d) 預付租賃款項

預付租賃款項指土地使用權購買 成本,於土地使用權期限內按直 線法攤銷。土地使用權按成本減 累計攤銷及減值虧損列賬(見附註 3(e)(ii))。

(e) 信貸虧損及資產減值

(i) 來自應收貿易賬款及其他應 收款項的信貸虧損

本集團確認應收貿易賬款及 其他應收款項的預期信貸虧 損的虧損撥備。按公允價值 計量且其變動計入損益的股 本證券不適用於預期信貸虧 損評估方法。

計量預期信貸虧損

預期信貸虧損是信貸虧損的 概率加權估計。信貸虧損以 所有預期現金短缺(即本集 團根據合約應得的現金流量 和本集團預期收到的現金流 之間的差額)的現值估算。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Lease prepayments

Lease prepayments represent the purchase costs of land use rights and are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of land use rights. Land use rights are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses (see note 3(e)(ii)).

(e) Credit losses and impairment of assets

(i) Credit losses from trade and other receivables

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) on trade and other receivables. Equity securities measured at FVPL are not subject to the ECL assessment.

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 來自應收貿易賬款及其他應 收款項的信貸虧損(續)

計量預期信貸虧損(續)

如果貼現的影響重大,預期 現金短缺額將使用以下貼現 率貼現:

- 應收貿易賬款及其他 應收款項及合約資 產:初始確認時的實 際利率或其近似值;
- 浮動利率金融資產: 當前的實際利率;
- 用於計量應收租賃款 的貼現率;

於估計預期信貸虧損時考慮的最長期間為本集團面對信貸風險的最長合約期間。

在計量預期信貸虧損時,本 集團考慮合理及有理據而無 需付出不必要的成本或資源 獲得的資料。這包括過去事 件、當前狀況和未來經濟狀 況預測等資料。

(e) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Credit losses from trade and other receivables (continued)

Measurement of ECLs (continued)

The expected cash shortfalls are discounted using the following discount rates where the effect of discounting is material:

- trade and other receivables and contract assets: effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof;
- variable-rate financial assets: current effective interest rate;
- discount rate used in the measurement of the lease receivable;

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

In measuring ECLs, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 來自應收貿易賬款及其他應 收款項的信貸虧損(續)

計量預期信貸虧損(續)

預期信貸虧損基於下列其中 一個基準計量:

- 12個月的預期信貸虧 損:預計在報告日期 後12個月內可能發生 的違約事件而導致的 虧損:及
- 整個存續期的預期信貸虧損:預計該等採用預期信貸虧損模式的項目在整個存續期內所有可能發生的違約事件而導致的虧損。

應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項的虧損撥備一般是以整個存續期的預期信貸虧損的金額計量。在報告日,這些金融資產的預期信用損失是根據本集團的歷史信用損失經驗使用撥備計提矩陣進行評估,並根據債務人的特定因素及對當前和預測整體經濟狀況的評估進行調整。

(e) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Credit losses from trade and other receivables (continued)

Measurement of ECLs (continued)

ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- lifetime ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

Loss allowances for trade and other receivables is always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. ECLs on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 來自應收貿易賬款及其他應 收款項的信貸虧損(續)

信貸風險顯著增加

在評估金融工具的信貸風險 自初始確認後是否顯著增加 時,本集團會比較報告日期 和初始確認日期評估的金融 工具發生違約的風險,在進 行這項重新評估時,本集團 會考慮合理及有理據的定量 和定性資料,包括無需付出 不必要的成本或資源獲得的 過往經驗及前瞻性資料。

尤其在評估信貸風險自初始 確認後是否顯著增加時,會 考慮以下資料:

- 債務人的重大財務困 難;
- 債務人很可能會破產 或其他財務重組;及
- 技術、市場、經濟或 法律環境的重大改變 對債務人構成重大不 利影響。

(e) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Credit losses from trade and other receivables (continued)

Significant increases in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial instrument assessed at the reporting date with that assessed at the date of initial recognition. In making this reassessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and
- significant changes in the technological,
 market, economic or legal environment
 that have an adverse effect on the debtor.

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3 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 來自應收貿易賬款及其他應 收款項的信貸虧損(續)

信貸風險顯著增加(續)

根據金融工具的性質,信貸 風險顯著增加的評估按集體 基準進行。金融工具根據 共同信貸風險特徵(例如逾 期狀態及信貸風險評級)歸 類。

預期信貸虧損在每個結算日 重新計量,以反映自初始確 認後財務工具信貸風險的變 化。預期信貸虧損金額的任 何變化均在損益中確認為減 值收益或虧損。本集團確認 金融工具的減值收益或虧損 時,會通過備抵賬戶賬對其 賬面價值進行相應調整。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Credit losses from trade and other receivables (continued)

Significant increases in credit risk (continued)

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on a collective basis. The financial instruments are Grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 來自應收貿易賬款及其他應 收款項的信貸虧損(續)

註銷政策

如果沒有實際可回收的前景,應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項的賬面總額(部分或全部)會被註銷。一般情況下,註銷金額是本集團認為債務人沒有資產或收入來源可產生足夠的現金流以償還該款項。

以往註銷的資產的後續轉回 在回收期間被確認為減值撥 回計入損益。

(ii) 其他資產減值

本集團於每個報告期間結算 日審閱內部及外部資料來 源,以確定以下資產是否存 在減值跡象,或先前確認的 減值虧損是否不再存在或可 能已經減少:

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Credit losses from trade and other receivables (continued)

Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of trade and other receivables is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

(ii) Impairment of other assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(ii) 其他資產減值(續)

- 物業、廠房及設備, 包括使用權資產(按 重估金額列賬的物業 除外);
- 預付租賃款項;
- 生物資產;
- 於附屬公司的投資:及
- 一 於聯營公司及合營公司的權益。

倘存在任何上述跡象,則資 產的可收回金額將予估計。

- 計算可收回金額

資產的可收回金額按 照公允價值減出售成 本與使用價值孰高確 定。預計未來現金流 的現值以資產的預計 未來現金流量按照反 映當前市場貨幣的時 間價值和資產特定風 險的税前利率進行折 現而得。如果某項資 產產生的現金流入基 本獨立於其他資產, 則可收回金額應當以 獨立產生現金流入的 最小資產組合所釐 定(即:現金產生單 位)。

(e) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

- (ii) Impairment of other assets (continued)
 - property, plant and equipment, including right-of-use assets (other than property carried at revalued amounts);
 - lease prepayments;
 - biological assets;
 - investments in subsidiaries; and
 - interest in associates and joint ventures.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest Group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit).

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(e) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

(ii) 其他資產減值(續)

(ii) Impairment of other assets (continued)

- 確認減值虧損

Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in income statement if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or Group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).

- 撥回減值虧損

Reversals of impairment losses

倘用作釐定可收回金 額的估算出現正面的 變化,則會撥回減值 虧損。

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

所撥回的減值虧損僅 限於假設過往年度並 未確認減值虧損時原 應釐定的資產賬面 值。所撥回的減值虧 損在確認撥回的年度 計入損益。

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(iii) 中期財務報告及減值

根據上市規則,本集團須根據國際會計準則第34號中期財務報告就財政年度首六個月編製中期財務報告。於中期完結時,本集團採用於財政年度完結時應採用之同一減值測試、確認及撥回條件(見附註3(e)(i)及(ii))。

(f) 生物資產

生物資產包括肉雞、肉雞蛋及種 禽,按成本減累計減值虧損並在 適當情況下減去任何累計攤銷列 賬,即由於生產周期短使其成本 與其公允價值無重大差異。

生物資產的成本包括其購買價格 及飼養生物資產所產生的任何費 用。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

(iii) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Listing Rules, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with IAS 34, Interim financial reporting, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year (see notes 3(e)(i) and (ii)).

(f) Biological assets

Biological assets include broilers, broiler breeder eggs, breeder poultry, and are stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses and where appropriate, less any accumulated depreciation, which the costs are not materially different from the fair value due to short production cycle.

The cost of biological assets comprises its purchase price and any costs attributable in raising the biological assets.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(f) 生物資產(續)

以成本減去累計攤銷及任何累計減值虧損列示的生物資產,攤銷乃採用直線法計算,在9個月的估計生產期內對該等生物資產的預期生產期定期審查,並在適當時期生產期定期審查,並在適當時進行調整。每當有事件出現或情況改變顯示賬面值可能無法完全收回時,將對該等生物資產的賬面值進行減值審查。

(g) 存貨

存貨以成本與可變現淨值兩者中 之較低者入賬。

成本以加權平均成本法計算,包 括所有採購成本、兑換成本及將 存貨運往現址及變成現狀之其他 成本。

可變現淨值指日常業務中之估計 售價減估計完成生產之成本及銷 售所需的成本。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Biological assets (continued)

For biological assets stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, the depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method to write off the cost of these biological assets over their estimated productive period of 9 months. The expected productive period of these biological assets is reviewed regularly, and adjusted when appropriate. The carrying values of these biological assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in the circumstances indicate that the carrying values may not be fully recoverable.

(g) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(g) 存貨(續)

存貨出售時,該等存貨之賬面值 於確認有關收入的期間確認為開 支。存貨撇減至可變現淨值之減 幅及所有存貨虧損均於撇減或虧 損產生期間確認為開支。任何存 貨撇減或撥回金額,在作出撥回 期間內確認為減少已確認為開支 的存貨金額。

(h) 合約資產及合約負債

倘本集團於根據合約所載之付款條款符合資格無條件收取代價之前確認收益(見附註3(r)),則確認合約資產。合約資產根據載於附註3(e)(i)之政策評估預期信貸虧損,並於擁有無條件收取對價的權利時被重新分類至應收款項(見附註3(i))。

倘客戶於本集團確認相關收益之 前支付不可退還代價,則確認合 約負債(見附註3(r))。倘本集團 擁有無條件權利可於本集團確認 相關收益前收取不可退還代價, 亦將確認合約負債。在該等情況 下,亦將確認相應的應收款項(見 附註3(i))。

倘合約包含重大融資部分,合約 結餘包括按實際利息法計算的應 計利息。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(g) Inventories (continued)

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

(h) Contract assets and contract liabilities

A contract asset is recognised when the Group recognises revenue (see note 3(r)) before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the payment terms set out in the contract. Contract assets are assessed for expected credit losses (ECL) in accordance with the policy set out in note 3(e)(i) and are reclassified to receivables when the right to the consideration has become unconditional (see note 3(i)).

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays non-refundable consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue (see note 3(r)). A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive non-refundable consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised (see note 3(i)).

When the contract includes a significant financing component, the contract balance includes interest accrued under the effective interest method.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(i) 應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項

唯有本集團擁有無條件權利收取 代價時,才會確認應收款項。倘 代價到期付款前僅需待時間推 移,則收取代價之權利為無條 件。倘收益已於本集團擁有無條 件權利收取代價前確認,該款項 以合約資產呈列(見附註3(h))。

應收款項採用實際利率法減信貸 虧損撥備,按攤余成本列賬(見附 註3(e)(i))。

(j) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行存款 及手頭現金、存放於銀行和其他 財務機構的活期存款,以及值值 動風險不大,並在購入後三四期的短期和高流動性投 動風險不大,並在購入後三個 動風險不大,並在購入後三個 動風險不大,並在購入後三個 或編製綜合現金流量表而時時 電及現金等價物亦包括隨時理組 或是數分的銀行透支。現金及 或部分的銀行透支。現金 以即的銀行透支。現金 以即的銀行透支。現金 等價物根據載於附註3(e)(i)之政策 評估預期信貸虧損。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset (see note 3(h)).

Receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses (see note 3(e)(i)).

(j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for expected credit losses (ECL) in accordance with the policy set out in note 3(e)(i).

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 計息借貸

計息借貸初步按公允價值減應佔交易成本確認。於初步確認後,計息借貸按經攤銷成本列賬,最初確認金額與贖回價值的任何差額(連同任何應付利息及費用)會在借貸期間以實際利率法於損益表內確認。

(I) 應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項

應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項先按公允價值初步確認,其後按經攤銷成本入賬,惟倘若該等應付款項為來自關聯人士的免息貸款且無任何固定還款期或貼現影響並不重大,則按成本入賬。

(m) 金融工具

(i) 非衍生金融資產及金融負債-確認及終止確認

本集團於貸款及應收款及已 發行債務證券產生當日初始 確認。所有其他金融資產及 金融負債於交易日初始確 認。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in income statement over the period of the borrowings, together with any interest and fees payable, using the effective interest method.

(l) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost, except where the payables are interest-free loans from related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(m) Financial instruments

(i) Non-derivative financial assets and financial liabilities-recognition and derecognition

The Group initially recognises loans and receivables and debt securities issued on the date when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised on the trade date.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(m) 金融工具(續)

(i) 非衍生金融資產及金融負債-確認及終止確認(續)

本集團金融資產包括現金及 現金等價物、應收貿易賬收 及其他應收款項。當自資 與人士款項。當自資滿或已 對金流量的權利屆滿或已 資產獲轉讓及本集團 資產獲轉讓及會權的絕大 融資產的所有權的絕大 融資產的所有權的絕大。 融資產時,資產服所 在 融資產時,資產 融資產時,資產 融資產所 收取的代價總和間的差額 於損益表中確認。 於損益表中確認。

本集團金融負債包括計息借款、應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項,以及應付關聯人士款項。金融負債於有關合約的特定責任獲解除、取消或屆滿時撇除確認。撇除確認的金融負債賬面值與已付代價間的差額乃於損益表中確認。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(m) Financial instruments (continued)

(i) Non-derivative financial assets and financial liabilities-recognition and derecognition (continued)

The Group's financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, and amounts due from related parties. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or, the financial assets are transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received is recognised in income statement.

Financial liabilities of the Group include interestbearing borrowings, trade and other payables, and amounts due to related parties. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid is recognised in income statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(m) 金融工具(續)

(ii) 衍生金融工具

衍生金融工具於交易日按公 允價值初步確認,並於各報 告期間結算日重新釐定公允 價值。重新釐定公允價值所 產生的損益即時於損益賬確 認。

(n) 股本

普通股

發行普通股及購股權之直接應佔 遞增成本確認為權益削減(扣除任 何稅務影響)。

贖回及重新發行普通股

當購回確認為權益之股本,所付 代價金額(包括直接應佔成本)扣 除任何税務影響被確認為自權益 扣除款項。購回股份被分類為贖 回股份並呈列於贖回儲備。其後 出售或重新發行庫存股份時,所 收取金額確認為權益增加,就此 產生的交易盈餘或虧絀列賬為股 份溢價。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(m) Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value on trade date. At the end of each reporting period the fair value is remeasured. The gain or loss on remeasurement to fair value is recognised immediately in income statement.

(n) Share capital

Ordinary shares

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares, net of any tax effects, are recognised as a deduction from equity.

Redemption and reissue of ordinary shares

When shares recognised as equity are repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, which includes directly attributable costs, net of any tax effects, is recognised as a deduction from equity. Repurchased shares are classified as treasury shares and are presented in the redemption reserve. When treasury shares are sold or reissued subsequently, the amount received is recognised as an increase in equity, and the resulting surplus or deficit on the transaction is presented within share premium.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(o) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利及界定供款退 休計劃之供款

薪金、年度獎金、有薪年假、向定額供款退休計劃作出的供款及非貨幣福利成本於僱員提供相關服務的年度內入賬。當延期支付或結算並構成重大影響時,則該等金額以其現值列賬。

根據有關勞動規例及法規向 當地相關定額供款退休計劃 作出之供款於產生時確認為 支出。

(ii) 以股份為基礎的支出

已授予僱員的購股權按公允價值確認為僱員成本,並改為上限份為基礎的支出儲備之相應增加項式計量,並計入購股權對對於條款和條件。如此不可以對於數學,在考慮到關於權,在考慮到關股權,在考慮到關股權,在考慮到關股權,在考慮到關股權,在考慮到關股權,在考慮到關股權,在考慮到關股權,在考慮到關股權,在考慮到關股權的估計公允價值總額會在對於實力。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(o) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

Contributions to appropriate local defined contribution retirement schemes pursuant to the relevant labour rules and regulations are recognised as an expense when they are due.

(ii) Share-based payments

The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in share-based payment reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date using the binomial lattice model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the options, the total estimated fair value of the options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(o) 僱員福利(續)

(ii) 以股份為基礎的支出(續)

本公司會在歸屬期內評估預 期歸屬的購股權數目。已於 以往年度確認的累計公允價 值的任何調整會在審閱當年 在損益賬中扣除/計入;但 如原來的僱員支出符合資格 確認為資產,便會對以股份 為基礎的支出儲備作出相應 的調整。已確認為支出的數 額會在歸屬日作出調整,以 反映所歸屬購股權的實際 數目(同時對以股份為基礎 的支出儲備作出相應的調 整),但僅因無法達致與本 公司股份市價相關的歸屬條 件而被沒收的購股權則除 外。權益數額在以股份為基 礎的支出儲備中確認,直至 購股權獲行使(屆時將轉入 股份溢價賬)或購股權到期 (屆時將直接轉入留存盈利) 時為止。

(iii) 終止福利

終止福利於本集團不再能取 消提供該等福利時及本集團 確認涉及支付離職福利的重 組成本時(以較早者為準)確 認。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(o) Employee benefits (continued)

(ii) Share-based payments (continued)

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to the profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based payment reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based payment reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the share-based payment reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to retained profits).

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when it recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(p) 所得税

年度所得税包括當期税項及資產和負債的變動。當期税項及遞延税項資產和負債的變動均於損益表內確認,但與其他全面收益或直接於權益內確認的項目有關者,則稅項的有關金額分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認。

當期税項為按年內應課税收入, 根據於結算日已執行或實質上已 執行的税率計算的預期應付税 項,以及對過往年度應付税項作 出的任何調整。

遞延税項資產及負債分別由可扣 減和應課税的暫時性差額產生, 即資產和負債就財務報告上的賬 面值與其税基之間的差額。遞延 税項資產亦由未使用税項虧損和 未使用税項抵免產生。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(p) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in the income statement except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(p) 所得税(續)

除若干例外情況外,倘可能有未 來應課税溢利供有關資產動用, 則所有遞延税項負債和遞延税項 資產均會確認。能支持可確認由 可扣減暫時差額所產生遞延税項 資產的未來應課税溢利包括因撥 回現存應課税暫時性差額而產生 的金額,但此等差額必須與同一 税務機關及同一應課税實體有 關,並預期在可扣減暫時性差額 預計撥回的同一期間或遞延税項 資產所產生税項虧損可向後期或 向前期結轉的期間內撥回。在決 定現時應課税暫時性差額是否支 持確認由未使用税項虧損和税項 抵免產生的遞延税項資產時,亦 會採用同一準則,即該等差額若 與同一税務機關及同一應課税實 體有關,並預期在能使用税項虧 損或抵免的同一期間撥回,則會 被考慮。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(p) Income tax (continued)

Apart from certain exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(p) 所得税(續)

確認遞延所得稅資產及負債之特殊例外情況,為初步確認資產或負債而不影響會計或應課稅溢利(且不屬業務合併部分)之暫時性差額及投資相關之暫時性差額,則本集團外惟倘為應課稅差額,則本集團收需能控制撥回時間及差額且很為需能控制撥回時間及差額,倘為不會在可見未來撥回,倘為可扣減差額,則除非暫時性差額能於日後撥回。

已確認的遞延税項金額按照資產 和負債賬面值的預期變現或清償 方式,根據在結算日末已頒布或 實際已頒布的税率計算。遞延税 項資產和負債均不作貼現。

本集團會在每個報告期間結算日 末審閱遞延税項資產的賬面值。 如果不再可能獲得足夠的應課税 溢利以抵扣相關税項利益,則該 遞延税項資產的賬面值便會調 低。如果日後可能獲得足夠的應 課税溢利,則該等調減金額會撥 回。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(p) Income tax (continued)

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(p) 所得税(續)

由派發股息引起的額外所得稅於履行支付有關股息責任時確認。

當期税項結餘及遞延税項結餘及 其變動額會各自分開呈報且不予 抵銷。倘本公司或本集團有法定 行使權以當期税項資產抵銷當期 税項負債,並且符合以下附帶條 件,則當期税項資產可抵銷當期 税項負債,及遞延税項資產可抵 銷遞延税項負債:

- 倘為當期税項資產和負債,本公司或本集團計劃按淨額結算,或同時變現該資產和清償該負債;或
- 一 倘為遞延税項資產和負債, 而此等資產和負債與同一稅 務機關就以下其中一項徵收 的所得稅有關:
- 同一應課税實體;或
- 不同的應課稅實體,此等實體計劃在日後每個預計有大額遞延稅項負債需要清償或大額遞延稅項資產可以收回的期間,按淨額變現當期稅項資產和清償當期稅項負債,或同時變現該資產和清償該負債。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(p) Income tax (continued)

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities,
 if they relate to income taxes levied by the
 same taxation authority on either:
- the same taxable entity; or
- different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(q) 撥備及或然負債

倘本集團或本公司須就已發生的 事件承擔法律或推定的責任,並 可能須為處理該責任而導致付出 經濟利益,而且能夠作出可靠的 估計時,則須為未能確定時間或 數額的負債計提撥備。當數額涉 及的時間價值重大時,則按預計 履行責任所需開支的現值將撥備 列賬。

多項虧損性合約之撥備乃按終止 合約預期成本及繼續合約成本淨 額(以較低者為準)的現值計量。 於計提撥備前,本集團就該合約 相關資產確認任何減值虧損(見附 註3(e)(ii))。

倘可能毋須付出經濟利益,或其 金額未能可靠地預測,則將有關 責任披露為或然負債,惟付出經 濟效益的可能性極微則除外。如 果本集團可能承擔的責任須視乎 一項或多項未來事件之產生與否 所決定,則此等責任亦披露為或 然負債,惟付出經濟利益的可能 性極微則除外。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(q) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

A provision for onerous contracts is measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the Group recognises any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract (see note 3(e)(ii)).

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(r) 收入確認

收入乃按已收或應收代價的公允 價值計量。只當經濟利益有可能 流入本集團,而收入及成本(如適 用)能可靠計算時,收入才根據下 列方法在損益表確認:

(i) 銷售貨品

收益在產品或服務的控制權 按本集團預期有權獲取的承 諾代價金額(不包括代表第 三方收取的金額)轉移至客 戶,或承租人有權使用資產 時確認。收益不包括增值税 或其他銷售税,並經扣除任 何貿易折扣。

於比較期間,收益於貨品按 時送達客戶場地且客戶接納 貨品及其所有權相關風險及 回報時確認。收益不包括增 值税(「增值税」)或其他銷售 税,並扣除任何交易折扣。

(ii) 利息收入

利息收入於計提時採用實際 利率法確認。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(r) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in the income statement as follows:

(i) Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer, or the lessee has the right to use the asset, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

In the comparative periods, revenue is recognised when goods are delivered at the customers' premises which is taken to be the point in time when the customer has accepted the goods and the related risks and rewards of ownership. Revenue excludes value added tax ("VAT") or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

(ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(r) 收入確認(續)

(iii) 政府補助

當可合理確定能夠收取政府補助金,並且本集團將符納條件,則政府補助金將初步在綜合財務狀況致中確認。補償本集團招責之的補助金於資本集團招責之於,並透為收益。補償本集團協立。補償本集團協議,並透過中扣除資產成本的補助金從達致透過用之於資產可使用支於資產可使認過,並透過用支於資產可使認過,並透過用大資產,並透過用年級的有限,並透過用年級的有限。

(iv) 經營租賃的租金收入

經營租賃項下之租金收入於 租賃期內平均分期於損益表 確認,除非另有基準能更清 楚地反映源自租賃資產的利 益模式。租賃的激勵措施均 在損益表列作應收租賃淨付 款總額的一部分。或然租金 於其所賺取會計期間確認為 收入。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(r) Revenue recognition (continued)

(iii) Government grants

Government grants are recognised in the statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as income in the income statement on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognised in the income statement over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense.

(iv) Rental income from operating leases

Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in the income statement in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in income statement as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(r) 收入確認(續)

(v) 管理費

管理費收入於提供服務時確 認。

(s) 外幣

(i) 外幣交易

外幣交易按交易日期之匯率 換算為本集團實體各功能貨 幣。

於報告日期以外幣計值之貨幣資產及負債按當日匯率重新換算為功能貨幣。按公允價值計量的外幣計值的非貨幣資產及負債按該公允價值釐定的匯率換算為功能貨幣。外匯差額一般於損益表確認。以外幣列值按歷史成本計量的非貨幣項目不作匯率換算。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(r) Revenue recognition (continued)

(v) Management fees

Management fees income is recognised when the related services are rendered.

(s) Foreign currencies

(i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies of Group entities at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Foreign currency differences are generally recognised in income statement. Non-monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are not translated.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(s) 外幣(續)

(i) 外幣交易(續)

然而,因換算以下項目產生 之外幣差額於其他全面收益 確認:

- 可供出售股權投資 (已於其他全面收益 確認之外幣差額減值 重新分類至損益則除 外);
- 指定為屬有效對沖之 海外業務投資淨額對 沖之金融負債;或
- 有效對沖之合資格現金流對沖。

(ii) 海外業務

海外業務之資產及負債(包括收購產生之商譽及公允價值調整)按報告日期之匯率換算為人民幣。海外業務之收入及開支(不包括惡性通貨膨脹經濟之海外業務)按交易日期之匯率換算為人民幣。

$(s) \quad \ Foreign \ currencies \ (continued)$

(i) Foreign currency transactions

However, foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the following items are recognised in other comprehensive income:

- available-for-sale equity investments (except on impairment, in which case foreign currency differences that have been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss);
- a financial liability designated as a hedge of the net investment in a foreign operation to the extent that the hedge is effective; or
- qualifying cash flow hedges to the extent that the hedges are effective.

(ii) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into RMB at exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations, excluding foreign operations in hyperinflationary economies, are translated into RMB at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(s) 外幣(續)

(ii) 海外業務(續)

外匯差額於其他全面收益確認並於權益之外匯換算儲備內累計。惟外匯差額分配至 非控股權益除外。

倘於可見將來並無計劃亦不 大可能結清應收海外業務之 貨幣項目,該應收款項被視 為對海外業務的投資淨額。 該項目產生的外匯差額於其 他全面收益確認為「換算儲 備」。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(s) Foreign currencies (continued)

(ii) Foreign operations (continued)

Foreign currency differences are recognised in other comprehensive income, and accumulated in the translation reserve, except to the extent that the translation difference is allocated to non-controlling interests.

When a foreign operation is disposed of in its entirety or partially such that control, significant influence or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. If the Group disposes of part of its interest in a subsidiary that retains control, then the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non-controlling interests. When the Group disposes of only part of an associate or joint venture while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

If the settlement of a monetary item receivable from a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, such receivables is deemed as a net investment in that foreign operation. Foreign currency differences arising from such item are recognised as "translation reserve" in other comprehensive income.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(t) 研發成本

研發成本包含直接屬於研發活動,或可按合理基準分配至該等活動的所有成本。由於本公司或本集團研發活動的性質,並無研發成本符合將之確認為資產的準則,因此研發成本均於發生期間確認為支出。

(u) 借貸成本

購買、建造或生產一項需要一段 頗長時間始能達至其擬定用途或 出售之資產所直接產生之借貸成 本,均撥作資本,作為該資產成 本之一部分。其他借貸成本均於 產生期間入賬列作開支。

作為合資格資產的部分成本的借 貸成本乃於資產的開支產生、借 貸成本產生及使資產投入其擬定 用途或銷售所需的活動進行時開 始資本化。於使合資格資產投入 其擬定用途或銷售所需的活動大 致上中止或完成時,則暫停或停 止將借貸成本資本化。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(t) Research and development costs

Research and development costs comprise all costs that are directly attributable to research and development activities or that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to such activities. Because of the nature of the Company's or the Group's research and development activities, no development costs satisfy the criteria for the recognition of such costs as an asset. Both research and development costs are therefore recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

(u) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or completed.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(v) 關聯人士

- (i) 倘任何人士(或該名人士之 近親)符合以下條件,則視 為與本集團有關聯之人士:
 - 可控制或共同控制本集團;
 - 可對本集團行使重大 影響力;或
 - 本集團或本集團母公司之主要管理層成員。
- (ii) 倘實體符合下以下任何條 件,則視為與本集團有關 聯:
 - 該實體與本集團屬同 一個集團成員(母公司、附屬公司及同系 附屬公司各自互相有關聯):
 - 一 一間實體為另一間實體之聯營公司或合營公司(或集團成員公司之聯營公司或合營公司,當中另一間實體為該集團之成員公司):
 - 兩個實體均為同一第 三方的合營公司;

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(v) Related parties

- (i) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - has control or joint control over the Group;
 - has significant influence over the Group;
 - is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (ii) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - The entity and the Group are members of the same Group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others);
 - One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a Group of which the other entity is a member);
 - Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party;

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(v) 關聯人士(續)

- (ii) 倘實體符合下以下任何條 件,則視為與本集團有關 聯:(續)
 - 一間實體為第三方實體之合營公司,而另一間實體為第三方實體之聯營公司;
 - 該實體為本集團或與本集團有關實體之僱 員福利之離職後福利 計劃;
 - 一 該實體受於(i)所界定 的人士控制或共同控 制。
 - 於(i)所界定的人士對 該實體有重大影響力 或為該實體(或該實 體母公司)之主要管 理層成員。
 - 實體、或一間集團之 任何成員公司(為集 團之一部分)向本集 團或其母公司提供主 要管理人員服務。

任何個別人士的近親指與該 實體進行交易時預期可能影 響該個別人士,或受該個別 人士影響的家庭成員。

(v) Related parties (continued)

- (ii) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies: (continued)
 - One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (i).
 - A person identified in (i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - The entity, or any member of a Group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

3 主要會計政策(續)

(w) 每股盈利

(x) 分部報告

財務報表呈報的經營分部及各分部項目金額乃從為分配資源至集團各業務及地區並評估該等業務及地區表現而定期向本公司首席執行官提供的財務資料中確認。

個別重大經營分部不會合併,惟 分部間有類似經濟特點及在產品 及服務性質、生產過程性質、客 戶種類或類別、用作分銷產品或 提供服務之方法以及監管環境性 質方面相類似則除外。倘並非個 別重大的經營分部符合大部分此 等準則,則該等經營分部可能會 予以合併。

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(w) Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share data for its ordinary shares. Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year, adjusted for own shares held. Diluted earnings per share is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for own shares held, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprise share options granted to employees.

(x) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the CEO of the Company for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

4 經營收入

本集團的主要業務包括生產及買賣禽畜 飼料、家禽及冰鮮肉,以及加工食品。 有關本集團主要業務活動的其他詳情披 露於本財務報表附註12。

按主要生產線分類之客戶合約收益如 下:

4 TURNOVER

The principal activities of the Group include manufacturing and trading of livestock feeds, poultry and chilled meats and processed food. Further details regarding the Group's principal activities are disclosed in note 12 to these financial statements.

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by major product lines is as follows:

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
銷售禽畜飼料	Sales of livestock feeds	4,379,082	4,249,355
銷售鷄肉	Sales of chicken meats	1,614,836	1,134,149
銷售加工食品	Sales of processed food	2,041,288	1,808,407
		8,035,206	7,191,911

本集團的客戶基礎多元,其中並不包括 與其交易超逾本集團經營收入10%的客 戶。本集團客戶產生的信貸風險集中之 詳情載於附註30(a)。

The Group's customer base is diversified and includes no customer with whom transactions have exceeded 10 percent of the Group's turnover. Details of concentrations of credit risk arising from the Group's customers are set out in note 30(a).

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

5其他經營收入及其他淨(虧 損)/收益5OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND OTHER NET (LOSS)/GAIN

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
其他經營收入	Other operating income		
利息收入	Interest income	11,168	6,866
政府補助	Government grants	4,054	4,288
租金收入	Rental income	3,484	6,900
		18,706	18,054
其他淨(虧損)/收益	Other net (loss)/gain		
外匯(虧損)/收益淨值(i)	Net foreign exchange (loss)/gain (i)	(20,846)	1,553
出售固定資產之虧損淨值	Net loss on disposal of fixed assets	(8,923)	(1,693)
虧損性合約撥備撥回(附註23)	Reversal for provision of onerous contract		
	(note 23)	1,099	2,620
商品衍生合約之已變現(虧損)	Realised (loss)/gain on commodity derivative		
/收益	contracts	(655)	5,001
已(確認)/撥回固定資產減值	Impairment (Recognised)/reversal of fixed		
(附註13)	assets (note13)	(7,036)	2,997
出售附屬公司之(虧損)	(Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries		
/收益		(343)	9,516
其他	Others	5,514	(214)
		(31,190)	19,780

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

5 其他經營收入及其他淨收益/ (虧損)(續)

(i) 自二零一零年起,本公司向其若干於中國成立的附屬公司(「中國附屬公司」)借出集團內公司間貸款以美元(「美元」)計值,為不計息。中國附屬公司將集團內公司間貸款按報告日期的匯率換算成其功能貨幣人民幣。

於二零一五年十月三十日,本公司董事批准集團內公司間貸款構成本公司於中國附屬公司的投資 淨額,而集團內公司間貸款的清 償既無預定計劃亦不會於可見將 來發生。

於二零一九年十二月三十一日, 集團內公司間貸款的投資淨額本 金約為人民幣539,260,000元。相 關匯兑差額人民幣48,251,000元 (二零一八年:人民幣54,928,000 元)已根據附註3(s)所載會計政策 於本集團綜合財務狀況表記錄為 「換算儲備」。

5 OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND OTHER NET (LOSS)/GAIN (continued)

(i) The Company lent inter-Group loans to certain of the Company's subsidiaries established in the PRC (the "PRC subsidiaries") since 2010. The inter-Group loans were denominated in U.S. dollar ("USD") and non-interest bearing. The PRC subsidiaries translated the inter-Group loans to their functional currencies of RMB at the exchange rate at the reporting date.

On 30 October 2015, the directors of the Company approved the inter-Group loans form a part of the Company's net investment in the PRC subsidiaries, and the settlement of the inter-Group loans is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future.

The principal amount of the net investment inter-Group loans was approximately RMB 539,260,000 as at 31 December 2019. Related exchange difference of RMB 48,251,000 (2018: RMB54,928,000) was recorded as "translation reserve" in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position, in accordance with the accounting policy in note 3(s).

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

6 除税前溢利

6 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

除税前溢利乃經扣除以下各項而達致:

Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging:

				_零一几年	二零一八年
				2019	2018
					(附註)
					(Note)
(a)	財務開支	(a)	Finance costs		
	須於五年內悉數償還		Interest on bank borrowings wholly		
	的銀行借貸利息		repayable within five years	41,896	35,407
	租賃負債利息*		Interest on lease liabilities*		
	(附註13(b))		(note 13(b))	3,964	
				45,860	35,407
(b)	員工成本	(b)	Staff costs		
	薪金、工資、獎金		Salaries, wages, bonuses and other		
	及其他福利		benefits	686,999	660,217
	退休福利計劃供款		Contributions to retirement schemes	82,803	79,202
				769,802	739,419

*附註:

本集團已使用經修訂追溯法首次應用國際財務報告準則第16號。根據該方法,不會重列比較資料。見附註2(e)。

本集團必須參與中華人民共和國(「中國」)有關市政府營辦的退休金計劃,即本集團於有關年度內須按有關中國機關所釐定標準工資為基準,按14%至18%(二零一八年:18%至20%)的比例支付年度退休金供款。除上述供款外,本集團並無就中國僱員退休福利承擔其他重大責任。

*Note:

The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(e).

The Group is required to participate in pension schemes organised by the respective municipal governments of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") whereby the Group is required to pay annual contributions for PRC based employees at rates ranging from 14 to 18 percent (2018: 18 to 20 percent) of the standard wages determined by the relevant authorities in the PRC during the year. The Group has no other material obligation for payment of retirement benefits to the PRC based employees beyond the annual contributions described above.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

6 除税前溢利(續)

根據香港強制性公積金計劃條例,本集團亦為根據香港僱傭條例所管轄之僱員設立強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。強積金計劃為由獨立信託人管理的定額供款退休計劃。根據強積金計劃,本集團須按僱員相關收入的5%至12%(二零一八年:5%至12%)供款,而其僱員則須按僱員相關收入的5%至12%(二零一八年:5%至12%)向計劃供款,供款額的每月相關收入以30,000港元(「港元」)為限(二零一八年:30,000港元)。向強積金計劃支付的供款即時歸屬僱員。

當薪金為5,000馬幣(「馬幣」)或以下時,向馬來西亞的僱員公積金所作供款乃根據合資格僱員薪金的13%(二零一八年:13%)計算,當薪金為5,000馬幣以上時,則按合資格僱員薪金12%(二零一八年:12%)計算。

本集團亦在越南為合資格員工投購法定 社會保障及醫療保險,供款比例達彼 等薪酬的8.8%至12.1%(二零一八年: 8.8%至12.1%)。

除上述計劃外,本集團並無就支付供款 以外的退休福利承擔其他重大責任。

6 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION (continued)

The Group also operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement scheme administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF Scheme, the Group is required to make contributions to the scheme from 5 to 12 percent (2018: 5 to 12 percent) of the employees' relevant income and its employees are required to make contributions to the scheme from 5 to 12 percent (2018: 5 to 12 percent) of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD") 30,000 (2018: HKD30,000). Contributions to the scheme vest immediately.

Contribution made to Malaysia's Employees Provident Fund is based on 13 percent (2018: 13 percent) of the eligible employees' salaries when the salaries is Malaysia Ringgit ("MYR") 5,000 or below, or based on 12 percent (2018: 12 percent) of the eligible employees' salaries when the salaries is above MYR5,000.

The Group also made contribution on the statutory social security and health insurance in Vietnam from 8.8 to 12.1 percent (2018: 8.8 to 12.1 percent) of the eligible employees' salaries.

Save for the above schemes, the Group has no other material obligation for payment of retirement benefits beyond the contributions.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

6 除税前溢利(續)

6 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION (continued)

(c) 其他項目

(c) Other items

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
核數師酬金	Auditors' remuneration		
-核數服務	– audit services	4,990	4,877
一税務服務	– tax services	80	100
		5,070	4,977
先前根據國際會計準則第17號歸類	Total minimum lease payments for		
為經營租賃的最低租賃付款總額*	leases previously classified as		
	operating leases under IAS 17*	_	16,242
折舊支出(附註13)	Depreciation charge (note 13)		
一自有物業、廠房及設備	– owned property, plant and		
及租賃預付款項	equipment and leased		
	prepayments	154,186	153,689
一使用權資產*	- right-of-use assets*	7,489	-
生物資產攤銷(附註17)	Amortisation of biological assets (note		
工物具连海州(附吐17)	17)	3,702	8,460
已(撥回)/確認應收貿易賬款	(Reversal)/Impairment loss of trade	•	,
減值虧損(附註30(a))	receivables recognised (note 30(a))	(2,368)	20,221
存貨撇減(撥回)/確認淨值	Net (reversal of write down)/write		
(附註16(b))	down of inventory (note 16(b))	(13,424)	6,785
研發成本	Research and development costs	1,535	1,012
存貨成本**(附註16(b))	Cost of inventories** (note 16(b))	6,649,367	6,044,740

^{*} 本集團使用經修訂追溯法首次應 用國際財務報告準則第16號,並 調整於二零一九年一月一日的期 初結餘,以確認先前根據國際會 計準則第17號分類為經營租賃的 有關租賃之使用權資產。於二年 一九年一月一日初步確認使用 資產後,本集團作為承租人須 認使用權資產的折舊,而非先確 認使用權資產的折舊, 的政策於租賃期內按直線法確認 經營租賃產生的租金開支。根據 該方法,不會重列比較資料。見 附註2(e)。

^{*} The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach and adjusted the opening balances at 1 January 2019 to recognise right-of-use assets relating to leases which were previously classified as operating leases under IAS 17. The depreciated carrying amount of the finance lease assets which were previously included in property, plant and equipment is also identified as a right-of-use asset. After initial recognition of right-of-use assets at 1 January 2019, the Group as a lessee is required to recognise the depreciation of right-of-use assets, instead of the previous policy of recognising rental expenses incurred under operating leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(e).

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

6 除税前溢利(續)

6 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION (continued)

(c) 其他項目(續)

- ** 存貨成本包括有關員工成本、折舊及攤銷開支人民幣570,262,000元(二零一八年:人民幣546,445,000元),有關金額亦計入於上文或附註6(b)單獨披露的該等各類別開支的各項總金額內。
- (c) Other items (continued)
 - ** Cost of inventories includes RMB 570,262,000 (2018: RMB546,445,000) relating to staff costs, depreciation and amortisation expenses, which amount is also included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately above or in note 6(b) for each of these types of expenses.

7 綜合損益表內之所得稅

7 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

(a) 綜合損益表內之稅項指:

(a) Taxation in the consolidated income statement represents:

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
當期税項	Current tax		
年內撥備	Provision for the year	45,545	22,053
過往數年撥備(過多)/不足	(Over-provision)/under-provision in		
	respect of prior years	(4,143)	2,172
		41,402	24,225
遞延税項	Deferred tax		
暫時性差額的產生及撥回	Origination and reversal of temporary		
(附註26)	differences (note 26)	1,731	423
		43,133	24,648

- (i) 根據開曼群島及英屬處女群 島(「英屬處女群島」)的規則 及規例,本集團毋須於開曼 群島及英屬處女群島繳納任 何所得税。
- (i) Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and BVI.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

7 綜合損益表內之所得稅(續)

- (a) 綜合損益表內之税項指:(續)
 - 於二零一八年三月二十一 日,香港立法會通過二零 一七年税務(修訂)(第7號) 條例草案(「條例草案」)。該 條例草案引入利得税兩級 制。該條例草案於二零一八 年三月二十八日獲簽署成為 法律,並於翌日在憲報刊 登。利得税兩級制適用於 二零一八年四月一日或之 後開始的各課税年度。根 據利得税兩級制,合資格 公司首港幣200萬元盈利的 税率為8.25%,而超過港幣 200萬元以上的盈利之税率 為16.5%。於截至二零一九 年十二月三十一日止十二個 月內的有關期間,本集團合 資格公司的香港利得税已按 照利得税兩級制計算。未符 合利得税兩級制之其他本集 **国公司的盈利繼續一律以税** 率16.5%計算。(截至二零 一八年十二月三十一日止 十二個月:16.5%)

- (a) Taxation in the consolidated income statement represents: (continued)
 - On 21 March 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed the Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No. 7) Bill 2017 (the "Bill"). The Bill introduces the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28 March 2018 and was gazetted on the following day. The two-tiered profits tax rates regime applicable to the years of assessment commencing on or after 1 April 2018. According to the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of qualifying corporations will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. During the relevant period for the 12 months ended 31 December 2019, the Hong Kong profits tax of qualifying corporations of the Group was taxed according to the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The profits of other members of the Group not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5% (for the 12 months ended 31 December 2018: 16.5%).

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

7 綜合損益表內之所得稅(續)

- (a) 綜合損益表內之稅項指:(續)
 - 根據中國企業所得税法律及 (iii) 法規,於年內,本集團旗下 各中國公司須按25%(二零 一八年:25%)的税率繳納 中國企業所得税,天津大成 前瞻生物科技研發有限公 司(「天津大成前瞻」)及遼寧 大成農牧業有限公司(「遼寧 大成」)則除外,天津大成前 瞻須按優惠税率15%(二零 一八年:15%)繳税,乃由 於其已於二零一八年取得高 新技術企業資格。遼寧大成 乃由於其於二零一九年取得 高新技術企業資格,故其須 按15%(二零一八年:25%) 的優惠税率繳納税項。
 - (iv) 根據馬來西亞所得税法律及 法規,截至二零一九年十二 月三十一日止年度,馬來 西亞的附屬公司須按税率 24%(二零一八年:24%) 繳納馬來西亞所得税。

- (a) Taxation in the consolidated income statement represents: (continued)
 - (iii) Pursuant to the income tax rules and regulations of the PRC, the Group entities incorporated in the PRC are liable to PRC Corporate Income Tax at a rate of 25 percent during the year (2018: 25 percent), except for Tianjin DaChan Prospect Research and Development Co., Ltd. ("TDPR") and Liaoning Great Wall Agri-Industrial Co., Ltd. ("LGW").TDPR is subject to a preferential tax rate of 15 percent (2018: 15 percent), as it has obtained the new high-tech enterprise qualification from 2018. LGW is subject to a preferential tax rate of 15 percent (2018: 25 percent), as it has obtained the new high-tech enterprise qualification from 2019.
 - (iv) Pursuant to the income tax rules and regulations of Malaysia, the subsidiary in Malaysia was liable to Malaysian income tax rate of 24 percent for the year ended 31 December 2019 (2018: 24 percent).

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

7 綜合損益表內之所得稅(續)

- (a) 綜合損益表內之税項指:(續)
 - (v) 根據同奈工業區管理局於 二零零三年九月二十三 日頒發的經修訂投資執 照No.1219/GPDC1-BKH-KCN-DN,亞洲營養技術 (越南)有限公司(「亞洲營養 技術(越南)」)須按15%(二 零一八年:15%)優惠税率 繳納越南企業所得税。上述 税率減免並不適用於其他收 入(按20%税率繳税)(二零 一八年:20%)。
 - 亞洲營養技術(河內)有限公 司(「亞洲營養技術(河內)」) 須自其營業首年起計首15 年內按10%税率繳納越南 企業所得税,其後年度按 22%繳稅。此外,根據海 陽省税務局於二零零六年 十一月二十四日發出的審查 記錄,亞洲營養技術(河內) 自其首個獲利年度二零零五 年起四年均可獲全數税務豁 免優惠,其後四年獲税率減 半優惠。因此,亞洲營養技 術(河內)於截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度的 適用税率為15%(二零一八 年:10%)。上述税率減 免並不適用於其他收入(按 20%税率繳税)(二零一八 年:20%)。

- (a) Taxation in the consolidated income statement represents: (continued)
 - (v) Pursuant to the Amended Investment License No. 1219/GPDC1-BKH-KCN-DN dated 23 September 2003, issued by Dong Nai Industrial Zone Authority, Asia Nutrition Technologies (VN) Co., Ltd. ("ANTC-VN") is subject to Corporate Income Tax of Vietnam at a preferential rate of 15 percent (2018: 15 percent). The above tax reduction is not applicable to other income which is taxed at a rate of 20 percent (2018: 20 percent).
 - (vi) Asia Nutrition Technologies (HN) Co., Ltd. ("ANTC-HN") is subject to Corporate Income Tax of Vietnam at the rate of 10 percent for the first fifteen years commencing from its first year of operation and 22 percent for the succeeding years. Moreover, ANTC-HN is entitled to a full tax exemption for four years starting from 2005, its first profit-making year pursuant to the Minutes of Inspection by the Tax Department of Hai Duong Province dated 24 November 2006 and a 50 percent reduction in tax rate for the next four years. Therefore, the applicable tax rate of ANTC-HN is 15 percent for the year ended 31 December 2019 (2018: 10 percent). The above tax reduction is not applicable to other income which is taxed at a rate of 20 percent (2018: 20 percent).

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

7 綜合損益表內之所得稅(續)

- (a) 綜合損益表內之税項指:(續)
 - (vii) 亞洲營養技術(隆安)有限 公司(「亞洲營養技術(隆 安)」))必須自其營業首年起 計首十年內按20%税率繳 納越南企業所得税,其後年 度按22%繳税。然而,亞 洲營養技術(隆安)自其首個 獲利年度二零零八年起兩 年均可獲全數稅務豁免優 惠,其後三年獲稅率減半優 惠,截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度的適用税率 恢復至20%(二零一八年: 20%)。上述税率減免並不 適用於其他收入(按20% 税率繳税)(二零一八年: 20%)。
 - (viii) 根據平定省經濟區管理局於二零一二年九月二十六日頒發的經修訂投資執照No.43/2010/ND-CP・亞洲營養技術(平定)有限公司(「亞洲營養技術(平定)」)於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度須按20%税率繳納越南企業所得税(二零一八年:20%)。

- (a) Taxation in the consolidated income statement represents: (continued)
 - (vii) Asia Nutrition Technologies (LA) Co., Ltd. ("ANTC-LA") is subject to Corporate Income Tax of Vietnam at the rate of 20 percent for the first ten years commencing from its first year of operation and 22 percent for the succeeding years. ANTC-LA is entitled to a full tax exemption for two years starting from 2008, its first profit-making year, and a 50 percent reduction in tax rate for the next three years. The applicable tax rate is 20 percent for the year ended 31 December 2019 (2018: 20 percent). The above tax reduction is not applicable to other income which is taxed at a rate of 20 percent (2018: 20 percent).
 - (viii) Pursuant to the Amended Investment License No. 43/2010/ND-CP dated 26 September 2012, issued by Binh Dinh Province Economic Zone Authority, Asia Nutrition Technologies (MV) Co., Ltd. ("ANTC-MV") is subject to Vietnam Corporate Income Tax of 20 percent for the year ended 31 December 2019 (2018: 20 percent).

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

7 綜合損益表內之所得稅(續)

- (b) 按適用税率計算的税項支出及會 計虧損調節如下:
- (b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates:

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	249,120	86,543
按中國企業所得税税率25%計算	Income tax calculated at PRC's		
的所得税*	Corporate Income Tax rate of 25%*	62,280	21,636
於不同稅務權區經營的附屬公司	Effect of different tax rates of		
的不同税率的影響	subsidiaries operating in different		
	tax jurisdictions	(12,086)	(7,393)
不可扣減支出的税務影響	Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	2,129	2,262
毋須課税收入的税務影響	Tax effect of non-taxable income	(19,625)	(7,365)
未確認税項虧損變動及暫時性	Tax effect of the movement of tax		
差額的税務影響	losses and temporary difference		
	not recognised	14,578	13,336
過往年度撥備(過多)/不足	(Over-provision)/under-provision		
	in respect of prior years	(4,143)	2,172
實際税項開支	Actual tax expense	43,133	24,648

^{* 25%(}二零一八年:25%)所得税 税率指本集團主要營運所在司法 權區的當地税率。

^{*} The income tax rate of 25 percent (2018: 25 percent) represents the domestic tax rate in the jurisdiction where the operations of the Group are substantially based.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

8 董事酬金

根據香港公司條例第383(1)條及公司(披露董事利益資料)規例第2部規定所披露之董事酬金如下:

8 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

二零一九年

				2019		
			薪金、津貼			
			及實物福利		退休	
			Salaries,		計劃供款	
		董事袍金	allowances	酌情花紅	Retirement	
		Directors'	and benefits	Discretionary	scheme	總計
		fees	in kind	bonuses	contribution	Total
主席	Chairman					
韓家宸	Harn Jia-Chen	-	1,992	490	-	2,482
執行董事	Executive director					
韓家寅	Han Chia-Yin					
祥亦共	Man Cilla-IIII	_	_	-	_	-
獨立非執行董事	Independent					
	Non-executive directors					
陳治	Chen Chih	177	-	-	-	177
魏永篤	Way Yung-Do	177	-	-	-	177
尉安寧	Wei Anning	177	-	-	-	177
非執行董事	Non-executive directors					
韓家寰	Han Jia-Hwan	133	-	-	-	133
韓家宇	Han Chia-Yau	133	-	-	-	133
趙天星	Chao Tien-Shin	133	_	_	_	133
		930	1,992	490	-	3,412

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

8 董事酬金(續)

8 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

				二零一八年		
				2018		
			薪金、津貼			
			及實物福利		退休	
			Salaries,		計劃供款	
		董事袍金	allowances	酌情花紅	Retirement	
		Directors'	and benefits	Discretionary	scheme	總計
		fees	in kind	bonuses	contribution	Total
主席	Chairman					
韓家寰	Han Jia-Hwan	-	2,183	192	27	2,402
執行董事	Executive director					
韓家寅	Han Chia-Yin	-	-	-	-	-
獨立非執行董事	Independent					
	Non-executive directors					
陳治	Chen Chih	170	-	-	-	170
魏永篤	Way Yung-Do	170	-	-	-	170
尉安寧	Wei Anning	170	-	-	-	170
非執行董事	Non-executive directors					
韓家宸	Harn Jia-Chen	128	-	-	-	128
韓家宇	Han Chia-Yau	128	-	-	-	128
趙天星	Chao Tien-Shin	128	-	-		128
		894	2,183	192	27	3,296

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

9 最高薪酬人士

9 INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

五位最高薪酬人士中,一位(二零一八年:一位)為董事,其酬金已於附註8 作出披露。本集團其餘四位(二零一八年:四位)最高薪酬人士之薪酬詳情如下: Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, one (2018: one) is director whose emoluments are disclosed in note 8. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the other four (2018: four) individuals are as follows:

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
薪金及其他薪酬	Salaries and other emoluments	5,287	4,754
酌情花紅	Discretionary bonuses	1,611	1,211
退休計劃供款	Retirement scheme contributions	92	100
		6,990	6,065

四位(二零一八年:四位)最高薪酬人士的酬金介乎下列組別:

The emoluments of the four (2018: four) individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
		人數	人數
		Number of	Number of
		individuals	individuals
1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	HKD1,000,001 to HKD1,500,000	-	1
1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	HKD1,500,001 to HKD2,000,000	3	2
2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	HKD2,000,001 to HKD2,500,000	-	1
2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	HKD2,500,001 to HKD3,000,000	1	_

年內,本集團概無向該等人士支付款項,以吸引其加入本集團或作為加入本 集團的獎勵,或作為放棄職位之補償。 No emoluments have been paid to these individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

10 其他全面收益

10 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

			二零一九年			二零一八年	
			2019			2018	
		除税前金額	税務影響	除税後金額	除税前金額	税務影響	除税後金額
		Before-tax	Tax	Net-of-tax	Before-tax	Tax	Net-of-tax
		amount	effect	amount	amount	effect	amount
換算以下各項的匯兑	Exchange differences on						
差額:	translation of:						
-海外附屬公司財務報表	- financial statements of						
	overseas subsidiaries	6,911	-	6,911	13,408	-	13,408
一分類為於中國附屬公司	– inter-Group loans						
投資淨額的集團內公司	classified as net						
間貸款(附註5(i))	investment in PRC						
	subsidiaries (note 5(i))	6,676	-	6,676	(37,141)	-	(37,141)
其他全面收益	Other comprehensive						
	income	13,587	_	13,587	(23,733)	-	(23,733)

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

11 每股基本及攤銷盈利

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,每股基本盈利乃根據本公司普通股權益股東應佔溢利人民幣133,683,000元(二零一八年:人民幣13,135,000元)及年內已發行普通股股份加權平均數1,016,016,767股(二零一八年:1,015,490,500股)計算。

普通股加權平均股數

11 BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2019 is based on the profit attributable to ordinary equity shareholders of the Company of RMB133,683,000 (2018: RMB13,135,000) and the weighted average of 1,016,016,767 ordinary shares (2018: 1,015,490,500) in issue during the year, calculated as follows:

Weighted average number of ordinary shares

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
於一月一日已發行的普通股	Issued ordinary shares at 1 January	1,015,490,500	1,015,490,500
受限制股份獎勵計畫的影響	Effect of restricted share award scheme	526,267	_
於十二月三十一日的普通股加權	Weighted average number of ordinary shares at		
平均股數	31 December	1,016,016,767	1,015,490,500

截至二零一九年及二零一八年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團並無潛在攤薄 普通股發行在外。因此,每股攤薄收益 及每股基本收益並無差異。 The Group has no dilutive ordinary shares outstanding for the year ended 31 December 2019 and 2018. Therefore, there was no difference between basic and diluted earnings per share.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

12 分部呈報

本集團按不同分支,同時按產品和服務 所屬的業務線及地理分佈來管理其業 務。以內部就資源分配及表現評估向本 公司首席執行官報告資料一致的呈報方 式,本集團呈報下列三個分部報告。 下列報告分部概無由合併的經營分部組 成。

雞肉品: 雞肉品分部業務包括肉雞

飼養、肉雞蛋孵化、契約 飼養、以「大成」和「姐妹 廚房」品牌銷售之冰鮮及 冷鮮雞肉加工及營銷業

務。

禽畜飼料: 禽畜飼料分部包括以

「補克博士」、「大成」及 「SOS」及品牌生產及分銷 豬隻、產蛋雞、肉雞、鴨 及種禽的完全飼料、基礎 混合飼料及預混合飼料。

加工食品: 加工食品分部包括生產及

分銷滷製、預炸及即食食

品。

12 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group manages its businesses by divisions, which are organised by a mixture of both business lines (products and services) and geography. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Company's CEO for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following three reportable segments. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments.

Chicken meat: The chicken meat segment carries on

business of broiler farming, hatching of broiler breeder eggs, contract farming, processing and marketing of chilled and frozen chicken meat marketed under the brand of "DaChan" and "Sisters'

Kitchen".

Livestock feeds: The livestock feeds segment

manufactures and distributes complete feed, base mix and pre-mix for swine, layer, broiler, duck, and breeder poultry under the brands of "Dr. Nupak",

"DaChan" and "SOS".

Processed food: The processed food segment produces

and distributes pickled, pre-fried, and

instant food.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

12 分部呈報(續)

(a) 分部業績、資產及負債

就評估分部業績及各分部間的資源分配而言,首席執行官按下列基準監察各呈報分部應佔之業績、資產及負債:

分部資產包括所有有形資產及流動資產,惟遞延税項資產及其他公司資產除外。分部負債包括各獨立分部的製造及銷售業務應佔的應付賬款、應計費用以及由分部直接管理的銀行借貸。

經營收入及開支乃參考各分部所 產生的銷售額,以及各分部所錄 得的開支或因有關分部應佔資產 的折舊或攤銷而產生的開支而分 配至各須予呈報分部。

報告分部溢利所用方法為毛利 法。

除接獲有關毛利的分部資料外, 首席執行官亦獲提供有關經營收 入(包括分部間經營收入)、折舊 及攤銷的分部資料。分部間銷售 價格乃參考外部人士就類似訂單 作出的價格而訂定。

12 SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

(a) Segment results, assets and liabilities

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources among segments, the CEO monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Segment assets include all tangible assets and current assets with the exception of deferred tax assets and other corporate assets. Segment liabilities include trade creditors, accruals attributable to the manufacturing and sales activities of the individual segments and bank borrowings managed directly by the segments.

Turnover and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments.

The measure used for reporting segment profit is gross profit.

In addition to receiving segment information concerning gross profit, the CEO is provided with segment information concerning turnover (including inter-segment sales), depreciation and amortisation. Inter-segment sales are priced with reference to prices charged to external parties for similar orders.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

12 分部呈報(續)

12 SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

(a) 分部業績、資產及負債(續)

就截至二零一九年及二零一八年 十二月三十一日止年度的資源分 配及評估分部表現向首席執行官 提供有關本集團報告分部之資料 呈列如下:

(a) Segment results, assets and liabilities (continued)

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the CEO for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 31 December 2019 and 2018 is set out below:

		雞肉品		禽畜飼料		加工食品		合計	
		Chicke	n meat	Livesto	ck feeds	Process	ed food	To	tal
		二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
			(附註)		(附註)		(附註)		(附註)
			(Note)		(Note)		(Note)		(Note)
來自外部客戶的經營收入	Turnover from external customers	1,614,836	1,134,149	4,379,082	4,249,355	2,041,288	1,808,407	8,035,206	7,191,911
分部間經營收入	Inter-segment turnover	615,274	429,186	807,243	620,234	-	-	1,422,517	1,049,420
合計	Total	2,230,110	1,563,335	5,186,325	4,869,589	2,041,288	1,808,407	9,457,723	8,241,331
分部業績	Segment result	199,428	130,056	437,311	319,841	344,836	310,403	981,575	760,300
未分配經營收入及開支	Unallocated operating income								
	and expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	(685,988)	(652,283)
經營溢利	Profit from operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	295,587	108,017
niakon i									
財務開支	Finance costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	(45,860)	(35,407)
應佔權益入賬參股公司	Share of (losses)/gains of								
(虧損)/收益	equity-accounted investees	-	-	-	-	-	-	(607)	13,933
所得税	Income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	(43,133)	(24,648)
年內溢利	Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	205,987	61,895
年內折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation								
	for the year	49,107	58,125	59,809	49,511	52,759	46,053	161,675	153,689
報告分部資產	Reportable segment assets	957,599	1,064,034	1,359,798	1,291,498	1,103,130	828,179	3,420,527	3,183,711
年內添置非流動分部資產	Additions to non-current segment								
	assets during the year	61,277	48,178	88,112	79,218	34,833	57,347	184,222	184,743
報告分部負債	Reportable segment liabilities	264,301	398,439	852,251	532,351	220,590	343,220	1,337,142	1,274,010

附註:

本集團已使用經修訂追溯法初次應用國際財務報告準則第16號。根據該方法,並無重列比較資料。見附註2(e)。

Note:

The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(e)

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

12 分部呈報(續)

12 SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

- (b) 報告分部經營收入、損益、資產 及負債對賬
- (b) Reconciliations of reportable segment turnover, profit or loss, assets and liabilities

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
經營收入	Turnover		
報告分部經營收入	Reportable segment turnover	9,457,723	8,241,331
分部間經營收入抵銷	Elimination of inter-segment turnover	(1,422,517)	(1,049,420)
綜合經營收入(附註4)	Consolidated turnover (note 4)	8,035,206	7,191,911
溢利	Profit		
報告分部溢利	Reportable segment profit	981,575	760,300
其他經營收入	Other operating income	18,706	18,054
其他淨(虧損)/收益	Other net (loss)/gain	(31,190)	19,780
分銷成本	Distribution costs	(391,045)	(382,405)
行政開支	Administrative expenses	(282,459)	(307,712)
財務開支	Finance costs	(45,860)	(35,407)
應佔權益入賬參股公司	Share of (losses)/gains of equity-		
(虧損)/收益	accounted investees	(607)	13,933
綜合除稅前溢利	Consolidated profit before taxation	249,120	86,543
資產	Assets		
報告分部資產	Reportable segment assets	3,420,527	3,183,711
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	26,094	27,872
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	370,102	408,721
未分配總部及公司資產	Unallocated head office and corporate		
	assets	231,214	282,734
綜合資產總值	Consolidated total assets	4,047,937	3,903,038
負債	Liabilities		
報告分部負債	Reportable segment liabilities	1,337,142	1,274,010
應付所得税	Income tax payable	19,417	4,526
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	450	497
計息借貸	Interest-bearing borrowings	569,528	706,672
未分配總部及公司負債	Unallocated head office and corporate		
	liabilities	108,918	89,484
綜合負債總值	Consolidated total liabilities	2,035,455	2,075,189

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

12 分部呈報(續)

(c) 地區資料

下表載列有關(i)來自外部客戶的本集團經營收入及(ii)本集團有形資產和於權益入賬參股公司的權益(「個別非流動資產」)的地理位置資料。客戶的地理位置根據提供服務或交付貨品的位置釐定。個別非流動資產的地理位置根據資產實際所處位置(如屬物業、廠房及設備)和經營業務所在地(如於權益入賬參股公司的權益)釐定。

12 SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

(c) Geographical information

The following table sets out information about the geographical location of (i) the Group's turnover from external customers and (ii) the Group's tangible assets and interests in equity-accounted investees ("specified non-current assets"). The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the services were provided or the goods delivered. The geographical location of the specified non-current assets is based on the physical location of the asset, in the case of property, plant and equipment and the location of operations, in the case of interests in equity-accounted investees.

		來自外部客戶	的經營收入	個別非流	記動資產	
		Turnov	er from	Specified		
		external c	ustomers	non-curre	nt assets	
		二零一九年 二零一八年		二零一九年	二零一八年	
		2019	2018	2019	2018	
中國	The PRC	4,739,290	3,980,333	1,283,725	1,306,404	
越南	Vietnam	2,709,935	2,671,261	379,251	323,036	
日本	Japan	407,274	490,868	_	-	
其他亞太地區	Rest of Asia Pacific	178,707	49,449	9,704	9,833	
		8,035,206	7,191,911	1,672,680	1,639,273	

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

13 固定資產

13 FIXED ASSETS

(a) 賬面值對賬

(a) Reconciliation of carrying amount

			傢俬、裝置				
			及設備			預付	
在建工程		廠房及機器	Furniture,	汽車		租賃款項	
Construction	樓宇	Plant and	fittings and	Motor	小計	Lease	總計
in progress	Buildings	machinery	equipment	vehicles	Sub-total	prepayments	Total
成本: Cost:							
於二零一八年十二月三十一日 At 31 December 2018 50,203	233,782	2,309,905	162,578	43,872	2,800,340	240,938	3,041,278
初次應用國際財務報告準則 Impact on initial application of IFRS							
第16號的影響(附註2) 16 (Note 2) -	19,105	550	_	1,163	20,818	30,268	51,086
於二零一九年一月一日 At 1 January 2019 50,203	252,887	2,310,455	162,578	45,035	2,821,158	271,206	3,092,364
添置 Additions 41,676	57,578	69,591	8,772	4,250	181,867	2,355	184,222
轉入 Transfers (69,976)	26,966	42,904	121	(15)	-	-	-
出售 Disposals -	(6)	(105,942)	(12,640)	(4,094)	(122,682)	-	(122,682)
匯兑差額 Exchange differences 218	3,562	3,565	207	441	7,993	1,213	9,206
於二零一九年十二月三十一日 At 31 December 2019 22,121	340,987	2,320,573	159,038	45,617	2,888,336	274,774	3,163,110
累計折舊、攤銷及減值: Accumulated depreciation,							
amortisation and impairment:							
於二零一九年一月一日 At 1 January 2019 -	99,631	1,204,276	119,384	22,367	1,445,658	50,470	1,496,128
年內扣除 Charge for the year -	18,495	123,165	6,353	5,492	153,505	8,170	161,675
減值虧損(撥回)/ 確認 Impairment loss (reversal)/							
recognised -	(1,513)	9,766	(1,222)	5	7,036	-	7,036
出售 Disposals -	(3)	(77,491)	(10,793)	(3,206)	(91,493)	-	(91,493)
匯兑差額 Exchange differences -	876	2,034	179	268	3,357	176	3,533
於二零一九年十二月三十一日 At 31 December 2019 -	117,486	1,261,750	113,901	24,926	1,518,063	58,816	1,576,879
賬面值: Carrying values:							
於二零一九年十二月三十一日 At 31 December 2019 22,121	223,501	1,058,823	45,137	20,691	1,370,273	215,958	1,586,231

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

13 固定資產(續)

13 FIXED ASSETS (continued)

(a) 賬面值對賬(續)

(a) Reconciliation of carrying amount (continued)

					傢俬、裝置				
					及設備			預付	
		在建工程		廠房及機器	Furniture,	汽車		租賃款項	
		Construction	樓宇	Plant and	fittings and	Motor	/ \ 計	Lease	總計
		in progress	Buildings	machinery	equipment	vehicles	Sub-total	prepayments	Total
成本:	Cost:								
於二零一八年一月一日	At 1 January 2018	66,014	190,751	2,229,357	163,147	43,503	2,692,772	237,797	2,930,569
添置	Additions	95,663	1,637	74,404	7,642	2,263	181,609	3,134	184,743
轉入	Transfers	(112,642)	39,493	72,791	60	298	-	-	-
出售	Disposals	-	(2,675)	(72,567)	(8,640)	(2,958)	(86,840)	(1,918)	(88,758)
匯兑差額	Exchange differences	1,168	4,576	5,920	369	766	12,799	1,925	14,724
於二零一八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2018	50,203	233,782	2,309,905	162,578	43,872	2,800,340	240,938	3,041,278
累計折舊、攤銷及減值:	Accumulated depreciation,								
	amortisation and impairment:								
於二零一八年一月一日	At 1 January 2018	-	90,156	1,128,522	113,350	19,346	1,351,374	46,320	1,397,694
年內扣除	Charge for the year	-	10,121	123,295	10,680	4,007	148,103	5,586	153,689
減值虧損(撥回)/確認	Impairment loss (reversal)/recognised	-	-	(4,529)	1,538	(6)	(2,997)	-	(2,997)
出售	Disposals	-	(2,008)	(46,256)	(6,499)	(1,388)	(56,151)	(1,668)	(57,819)
匯兑差額	Exchange differences	-	1,362	3,244	315	408	5,329	232	5,561
於二零一八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2018	-	99,631	1,204,276	119,384	22,367	1,445,658	50,470	1,496,128
	Carrying values:								
於二零一八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2018	50,203	134,151	1,105,629	43,194	21,505	1,354,682	190,468	1,545,150

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

13 固定資產(續)

13 FIXED ASSETS (continued)

(a) 賬面值對賬(續)

於二零一九年及二零一八年十二 月三十一日,概無樓宇及預付租 賃款項抵押予銀行以取得授予本 集團的銀行信貸。

本集團位於以下地點之預付租賃 款項的賬面值如下:

(a) Reconciliation of carrying amount (continued)

As at 31 December 2019 and 2018, no buildings and lease prepayments are pledged to banks for banking facilities granted to the Group.

The carrying amounts of the Group's lease prepayments are situated in the following locations:

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
中國	The PRC	147,243	133,493
越南	Vietnam	66,833	55,584
馬來西亞	Malaysia	1,882	1,391
		215,958	190,468

減值虧損

Impairment loss

As certain business units recorded a net loss for the past few years, management considered that indicators of potential impairment of property, plant and equipment attributable to these business units existed and performed an assessment to determine the recoverable amounts of the related property, plant and equipment as at 31 December 2019, and as a result the carrying amount of the assets were written down to their recoverable amount of RMB10.4 million. An impairment loss of RMB14.3 million was recognised in "Other net (loss)/gain". The recoverable amounts of the cash-generating units were estimated based on the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the cash-generating units, using a post-tax discount rate of 11.0%, and the adjusted pre-tax discount rate is 12.49%.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

13 固定資產(續)

13 FIXED ASSETS (continued)

(a) 賬面值對賬(續)

減值虧損(續)

(b) 使用權資產

按相關資產類別劃分的使用權資 產賬面淨值分析如下:

(a) Reconciliation of carrying amount (continued)

Impairment loss (continued)

In 2015, a number of plant and machines in the chicken meat division were idle and the business unit with related assets was in a state of continuous loss. The Group assessed the recoverable amounts of those machines and an impairment loss of RMB19.5 million was recognized. From 2017 to 2019, the business unit continued to make profits, and idle assets have been restored to use. Management considered that significant changes with a favourable effect on the entity have taken place during the period and reassessed the recoverable amount of related assets in 2019 with no signs of impairment, so an impairment loss of RMB10.6 million was reversed.

(b) Right-of-use assets

The analysis of the net book value of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset is as follows:

		二零一九年	二零一九年
		十二月三十一日	一月一日
		31 December	1 January
		2019	2019
租賃土地	Leasehold land	29,456	30,268
樓宇	Buildings	59,347	19,105
機器及設備	Machinery and equipment	388	550
汽車	Motor vehicles	2,198	1,163
		91,389	51,086

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

13 固定資產(續)

13 FIXED ASSETS (continued)

(b) 使用權資產(續)

有關租賃的開支項目於損益中確認的分析如下:

(b) Right-of-use assets (continued)

The analysis of expense items in relation to leases recognised in profit or loss is as follows:

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
			(附註)
			(Note)
使用權資產按相關資產類別的	Depreciation charge of right-of-use		
折舊支出:	assets by class of underlying asset:		
租賃土地	Leasehold land	997	-
樓宇	Buildings	5,397	-
機器及設備	Machinery and equipment	168	_
汽車	Motor vehicles	927	
		7,489	_
租賃負債利息(附註6(a))	Interest on lease liabilities (note 6(a))	3,964	_
有關剩餘租賃期將於二零一九年	Expense relating to short-term leases		
十二月三十一日或之前屆滿的	and other leases with remaining		
短期租賃及其他租賃的開支	lease term ending on or before 31		
	December 2019	3,439	-
與租賃低價值資產有關的開支,	Expense relating to leases of low-value		
不包括短期低價值資產租賃	assets, excluding short-term leases		
	of low-value assets	5	-
先前根據國際會計準則第17號	Total minimum lease payments for		
分類為經營租賃的最低租賃	leases previously classified as		
付款總額	operating leases under IAS 17	_	16,242

附註:本集團使用經修訂追溯法首次應用國際財務報告準則第16號,並調整於二零一九年一月一日的期初結餘,以確認先前根據國際會計準則第17號分類為經營租賃的有關租賃之使用權資產。計入物業、廠房及設備的亦被確定為使用權資產。於二零一九年一月一日初步確認使用權資產後,本集團作為承租人須確認使用權資產的折舊,而非先前確認經營租賃下按直線法確認租賃開支的政策。根據該方法,並無重列比較資料。見附註2(e)。

Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach and adjusted the opening balances at 1 January 2019 to recognise right-of-use assets relating to leases which were previously classified as operating leases under IAS 17. The depreciated carrying amount of the finance lease assets which were previously included in property, plant and equipment is also identified as a right-of-use asset. After initial recognition of right-of-use assets at 1 January 2019, the Group as a lessee is required to recognise the depreciation of right-of-use assets, instead of the previous policy of recognising rental expenses incurred under operating leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(e).

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14 於附屬公司的投資

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

下表僅列示對本集團業績、資產或負債 構成主要影響的附屬公司的資料。所持 股份為普通股: The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary:

公司名稱 Name of company	註冊成立/ 成立及營運地點及日期 Place and date of incorporation/ establishment and operation	已發行及 已繳足股本/ 註冊資本 Issued and fully paid up/registered capital	Attrib	5股權 outable interest 間接 Indirect %	主要業務 Principal activities
Great Wall Northeast Asia Corporation ("NAC")	開曼群島 Cayman Islands 一九九六年十二月三日 3 December 1996	216,521,383美元 USD216,521,383	100	-	投資控股 Investment holding
Impreza Investments Ltd. ("IIL")	英屬處女群島 BVI 一九九六年十一月七日 7 November 1996	14,700,000美元 USD14,700,000	-	100	投資控股 Investment holding
Great Wall Dalian Investment Co., Ltd. ("GWDL")	英屬處女群島 BVI 一九九五年二月二十三日 23 February 1995	24,500,000美元 USD24,500,000	-	59	投資控股 Investment holding
大成食品(大連)有限公司(「大連大成」) (附註(1)、(2)及(3)) Great Wall Food (Dalian) Co., Limited ("GWF-DL") (notes (1), (2) and (3))	中國 PRC 一九九五年十二月六日 6 December 1995	26,600,000美元 USD26,600,000	_	59	生產及買賣動物飼料, 養殖及買賣家禽及家 畜·加工及買賣肉類及 肉產品及食品加工 Manufacturing and trading of animal feeds, husbandry and trading of poultry and livestock, processing and trading of meat and meat products and foods processing

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

14 於附屬公司的投資(續)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

	註冊成立/	已發行及				
	成立及營運地點及日期	已繳足股本/				
	Place and date of	註冊資本				
	incorporation/	Issued and fully	應佔	ī股權		
公司名稱	establishment	paid up/registered	Attrib	utable	主要業務	
Name of company	and operation	capital		interest	Principal activities	
			直接	間接		
			Direct	Indirect		
			%	%		
遼寧大成農牧實業有限公司(「遼寧大	中國	19,080,000美元	-	100	生產及買賣動物飼料,	
成」)(附註(1)、(2)及(3))	PRC	USD19,080,000			養殖及買賣家禽及家	
Liaoning Great Wall Agri-Industrial Co.,	一九九零年七月十九日				畜,加工及買賣肉類	
Ltd. ("LGW") (notes (1), (2) and (3))	19 July 1990				及肉產品	
					Manufacturing and	
					trading of animal feeds,	
					husbandry and trading	
					of poultry and livestock,	
					processing and trading	
					of meat and meat	
					products	
Great Wall Agritech (Liaoning) Co.,	英屬處女群島	21,594,944美元	-	100	投資控股	
Limited ("GWALN-BVI")	BVI	USD21,594,944			Investment holding	
	一九九零年九月十三日					
	13 September 1990					
大成長城農技(遼寧)有限公司	香港	168,440,000港元	-	100	投資控股	
([GWALN-HK])	Hong Kong	HKD168,440,000			Investment holding	
Great Wall Agritech (Liaoning) Co.,	一九九零年七月二十四日					
Limited ("GWALN-HK")	24 July 1990					

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(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

14 於附屬公司的投資(續)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

公司名稱 Name of company	註冊成立/ 成立及營運地點及日期 Place and date of incorporation/ establishment and operation	已發行及 已繳足股本/ 註冊資本 Issued and fully paid up/registered capital	Attrib	股權 utable interest 間接 Indirect	主要業務 Principal activities
			%	%	
大成農牧(黑龍江)有限公司 (「黑龍江大成」)(附註(1)、(2)及(3)) Great Wall Agri (Heilongjiang) Co., Ltd. ("GWAHLJ") (notes (1), (2) and (3))	中國 PRC 二零零五年五月二十五日 25 May 2005	1,562,000美元 USD1,562,000	-	100	生產及買賣動物飼料 Manufacturing and trading of animal feeds
Dongbei Agri Corporation ("DBC")	英屬處女群島 BVI 一九九六年十一月二十七日 27 November 1996	81,744,203美元 USD81,744,203	-	100	投資控股 Investment holding
大成農牧(營口)有限公司 (「營口大成」)(附註(1)、(2)及(3)) Great Wall Agri (Yingkou) Co., Ltd. ("GWAYK") (notes (1), (2) and (3))	中國 PRC 一九九七年四月一日 1 April 1997	14,500,000美元 USD14,500,000	-	100	生產及買賣動物飼料,加工及買賣肉類及肉產 Manufacturing and trading of animal feeds, processing and trading of meat and meat products
大成農牧(鐵嶺)有限公司(「鐵嶺大成」) (附註(1)、(2)及(3)) Great Wall Agri (Tieling) Co., Ltd. ("GWATL") (notes (1), (2) and (3))	中國 PRC 一九九七年五月十六日 16 May 1997	14,089,379美元 USD14,089,379	-	100	生產及買賣動物飼料, 養殖及買賣家禽及家 畜,加工及買賣肉類 及肉產品 Manufacturing and trading of animal feeds, husbandry and trading of poultry and livestock, processing and trading of meat and meat products

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

14 於附屬公司的投資(續)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

公司名稱 Name of company	註冊成立/ 成立及營運地點及日期 Place and date of incorporation/ establishment and operation	已發行及 已繳足股本/ 註冊資本 Issued and fully paid up/registered capital	Attrik	ib butable interest 間接 Indirect %	主要業務 Principal activities
東北農牧(長春)有限公司(「DBC-CC」)	中國	1,093,000美元	-	100	生產及買賣動物飼料
(附註(1)、(2)及(3))	PRC	USD1,093,000			Manufacturing and
Dongbei Agri (Changchun) Co., Ltd.	二零零六年八月二十八日				trading of animal feeds
("DBC-CC") (notes (1), (2) and (3))	28 August 2006				
湖南大成科技飼料有限公司(「DHFT」)	中國	2,200,000美元	-	100	生產及買賣動物飼料
(附註(1)、(2)及(3))	PRC	USD2,200,000			Manufacturing and
Hunan Greatwall Technologies & Feeds	二零零六年十月八日				trading of animal feeds
Co., Ltd. ("DHFT") (notes (1), (2) and (3))	8 October 2006				
Hwabei Agri Corporation ("HAC")	英屬處女群島	69,013,436美元	-	100	投資控股
	BVI	USD69,013,436			Investment holding
	一九九八年十二月二十三日				
	23 December 1998				
大成萬達(香港)有限公司(「香港大成」)	香港	64,273,930美元	_	100	投資控股
DaChan Wanda (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	USD64,273,930			Investment holding
("DWHK")	一九八四年六月二十六日				
	26 June 1984				

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

14 於附屬公司的投資(續)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

公司名稱 Name of company	註冊成立/ 成立及營運地點及日期 Place and date of incorporation/ establishment and operation	已發行及 已繳足股本/ 註冊資本 Issued and fully paid up/registered capital	Attrib	股權 outable interest	主要業務 Principal activities
realite of company	and operation	Capitai	直接	間接	i illicipai activities
			Direct	Indirect	
			%	%	
大成萬達(天津)有限公司(「天津大成」)	中國	人民幣579,060,000	-	100	生產及買賣動物飼料,
(附註(1)、(2)及(3))	PRC	RMB579,060,000			養殖及買賣家禽及家
DaChan Wanda (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	一九九二年十月二十六日				畜,加工及買賣肉類及
("TWD") (notes (1), (2) and (3))	26 October 1992				肉產品
					Manufacturing and
					trading of animal feeds,
					husbandry and trading
					of poultry and livestock,
					processing and trading
					of meat and meat
					products
Union Manufacturing Limited ("UML")	英屬處女群島	7,700,000美元	_	100	投資控股
	BVI	USD7,700,000			Investment holding
	一九九六年二月七日				
	7 February 1996				
大成美食(上海)有限公司(「上海大成」)	中國	6,940,000美元	_	100	食品加工
(附註(1)、(2)及(3))	PRC	USD6,940,000			Foods processing
Greatwall Gourmet (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	一九九六年九月五日				, ,
("GWGS") (notes (1), (2) and (3))	5 September 1996				
Great Wall Kuang-Ming Investment	英屬處女群島	美元7,615,000	_	100	投資控股
(BVI) Co., Ltd. ("GWKM")	BVI	USD7,615,000			Investment holding
	一九九五年三月十七日				
	17 March 1995				

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

14 於附屬公司的投資(續)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

	註冊成立/	已發行及			
	成立及營運地點及日期	已繳足股本/			
	Place and date of	註冊資本			
	incorporation/	Issued and fully		占股權	
公司名稱	establishment	paid up/registered		outable	主要業務
Name of company	and operation	capital		interest	Principal activities
			直接	間接	
			Direct %	Indirect %	
			/0		
Asia Nutrition Technologies (VN)	英屬處女群島	7,615,590美元	-	65.51	生產及銷售動物飼料
Investment Co., Ltd. ("ANTIC-VN")	BVI	USD7,615,590			Manufacturing and
(附註(1))(note (1))	一九九八年九月七日				trading of animal feeds
	7 September 1998				
Asia Nutrition Technologies (HN) Co.,	越南	89,600,000,000越南盾	_	65.51	生產及買賣動物飼料
Ltd. ("ANTC-HN")	Vietnam	Vietnamese Dong			Manufacturing and
(附註(1))(note (1))	二零零三年一月二十二日	("VND")			trading of animal feeds
	22 January 2003	89,600,000,000			
Asia Nutrition Technologies (VN) Co.,	越南	190,836,294,000越南盾	-	65.51	生產及買賣動物飼料
Ltd. ("ANTC-VN")(附註(1)) (note (1))	Vietnam	VND			Manufacturing and
	一九九五年四月二十九日	190,836,294,000			trading of animal feeds
	29 April 1995				
Asia Nutrition Technologies (LA) Co.,	越南	80,393,000,000越南盾	-	65.51	生產及買賣飼料及相關
Ltd. ("ANTC-LA") (附註(1))(note (1))	Vietnam	VND			添加劑、水產飼料、獸
	二零零七年四月十三日	80,393,000,000			藥及水產藥物
	13 April 2007				Manufacturing and
					trading of feed meal and
					related additives, aquatic
					products, veterinary and
					aquatic medicine
Asia Nutrition Technologies (MV) Co.,	越南	62,400,000,000越南盾	-	65.51	生產及買賣動物飼料
Ltd. ("ANTC-MV")(附註(1)) (note (1))	Vietnam	VND			Manufacturing and
	二零一二年九月二十六日	62,400,000,000			trading of animal feeds
	26 September 2012				

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

14 於附屬公司的投資(續)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

公司名稱 Name of company	註冊成立/ 成立及營運地點及日期 Place and date of incorporation/ establishment and operation	已發行及 已繳足股本/ 註冊資本 Issued and fully paid up/registered capital	Attrib	股權 utable interest 間接 Indirect %	主要業務 Principal activities
Great Wall Nutrition Technologies Sdn.	馬來西亞	4,373,770馬幣		100	生產及銷售動物飼料
Bhd. ("GWNT")	Malaysia 一九九零年八月三日 3 August 1990	Malaysian Ringgit ("MYR") 4,373,770			Manufacturing and sales of animal feeds
Marksville Corporation ("MSV")	英屬處女群島 BVI 二零零七年六月十五日 15 June 2007	1美元 USD1	-	100	投資控股 Investment holding
四川大成農牧科技有限公司(「四川大成」)(附註(1)及(3)) DaChan Agricultural Technologies (Sichuan) Co., Ltd. ("DAS") (notes (1) and (3))	中國 PRC 二零零八年八月二十五日 25 August 2008	人民幣20,000,000元 RMB20,000,000	-	100	生產及買賣動物飼料及 相關添加劑、養殖研究 及諮詢 Manufacturing and trading of animal feeds and related additives, research and consultation on husbandry
大成食品(河北)有限公司(「河北大成」) (附註(1)、(2)及(3)) DaChan Food (Hebei) Co., Ltd. ("DFH") (notes (1), (2) and (3))	中國 PRC 二零零八年二月二十八日 28 February 2008	54,080,000美元 USD54,080,000	-	100	生產及買賣動物飼料、 加工及買賣肉類 及肉產品 Manufacturing and trading of animal feeds, processing and trading of meat and meat products

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

14 於附屬公司的投資(續)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

已發行及

公司名稱 Name of company	成立及營運地點及日期 Place and date of incorporation/ establishment and operation	已繳足股本/ 註冊資本 Issued and fully paid up/registered capital	Attrib	n股權 outable interest 間接 Indirect %	主要業務 Principal activities
北京東北亞諮詢有限公司(「北京東北亞」) (附註(1)、(2)及(3)) Dongbei (Beijing) Consultant Co., Ltd. ("DBC-BJ") (notes (1), (2) and (3))	中國 PRC 二零零八年十月三十日 30 October 2008	500,000美元 USD500,000	-	100	管理服務 Management services
大成食品(盤錦)有限公司(「盤錦大成」) (附註(1)、(2)及(3)) DaChan Food (Panjin) Co., Ltd. ("DFPJ") (notes (1), (2) and (3))	中國 PRC 二零零八年十一月二十八日 28 November 2008	3,000,000美元 USD3,000,000	-	100	買賣家禽及家畜、加工 及買賣肉類品及肉製品 Trading of poultry and livestock, processing and trading of meat and meat products
克州安鮮農場食品有限公司(「兗州安鮮農場」)(附註(1)、(2)及(3)) Yanzhou S&F Farm Co., Ltd. ("YDF") (notes (1), (2) and (3))	中國 PRC 二零零八年三月二十日 20 March 2008	人民幣50,000,000元 RMB50,000,000	-	100	買賣動物飼料、養殖及 買賣家禽及家畜、加工 及買賣肉類及肉產品 Trading of animal feeds, husbandry and trading of poultry and livestock, processing and trading of meat and meat products
蚌埠大成食品有限公司(「蚌埠大成 食品」)(附註(1)及(3)) Bengbu DaChan Food Co., Ltd. ("BDF") (notes (1)and (3))	中國 PRC 二零零八年十二月三日 3 December 2008	人民幣166,860,000 RMB 166,860,000	-	100	買賣動物飼料、養殖及 買賣家禽及家畜、加工 及買賣肉類及肉產品 Trading of animal feeds, husbandry and trading of poultry and livestock, processing and trading of meat and meat products

註冊成立/

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

14 於附屬公司的投資(續)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

	註冊成立/ 成立及營運地點及日期	已發行及 已繳足股本/				
	Place and date of	註冊資本				
	incorporation/	Issued and fully	應佔	股權		
公司名稱	establishment	paid up/registered	Attrib	utable	主要業務	
Name of company	and operation	capital	equity	interest	Principal activities	
			直接	間接		
			Direct	Indirect		
			%	%		
青島大成科技飼料有限公司	中國	3,300,000美元	-	100	生產及買賣動物飼料	
(「青島大成」)(附註(1)、(2)及(3))	PRC	USD3,300,000			Manufacturing and	
Qingdao DaChan Technologies Feed	二零零八年十一月十四日				trading of animal feeds	
Co., Ltd. ("QDFT") (notes (1), (2) and	14 November 2008					
(3))						
Miyasun-Great Wall (BVI) Co., Ltd.	英屬處女群島	5,015,000美元	_	100	投資控股	
("Miyasun-Great Wall")	BVI	USD5,015,000			Investment holding	
	一九九五年五月十七日					
	17 March 1995					
大成宮產食品(大連)有限公司(「宮產	中國	9,880,000美元	-	100	食品加工	
食品」)(附註(1)、(2)及(3))	PRC	USD9,880,000			Foods processing	
Miyasun-Great Wall Foods (Dalian) Co.,	一九九五年五月二十日					
Ltd. ("Miyasun Foods") (notes (1), (2)	20 May 1995					
and (3))						
大成農技葫蘆島有限公司(「大成農技	中國	3,800,000美元	_	100	生產及買賣動物飼料	
葫蘆島」)(附註(1)、(2)及(3))	PRC				Manufacturing and	
Great Wall Agritech Huludao Co., Ltd.	二零零九年七月十三日	USD3,800,000			trading of animal feeds	
("GWAHLD") (notes (1), (2) and (3))	13 July 2009					
大成農牧(河南)有限公司(「河南大成」)	中國	1,900,000美元	_	100	生產及買賣動物飼料	
(附註(1)、(2)及(3))	PRC				Manufacturing and	
Great Wall Agri (Henan) Co., Ltd.	二零零九年七月二十四日	USD1,900,000			trading of animal feeds	
("GWAHE ")(notes (1), (2) and (3))	24 July 2009					

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

14 於附屬公司的投資(續)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

	註冊成立/ 成立及營運地點及日期 Place and date of incorporation/	已發行及 已繳足股本/ 註冊資本 Issued and fully	應化	5股權	
公司名稱	establishment	paid up/registered		outable	主要業務
Name of company	and operation	capital	equity 直接	interest 間接	Principal activities
			Direct	Indirect	
			%	%	
天津大成前瞻生物科技研發有限公司	中國	人民幣100,000元	-	100	研發
(「TDPR」)(附註(1)及(3))	PRC	RMB100,000			Research and
Tianjin DaChan Prospect Research And	二零零九年十一月九日				development
Development Co., Ltd. ("TDPR ")	9 November 2009				
(notes (1)and (3))					
正藍旗大成生態牧場有限公司	中國	人民幣100,000元	_	100	餐飲服務、動物養殖
(「正藍旗」)(附註(1)及(3))	PRC	RMB100,000			及出售
Zhenglanqi DaChan Eco-ranch Co., Ltd.	二零一一年一月五日				Food service, animal
("ZLQ") (notes (1)and (3))	5 January 2011				husbandry and selling
臺畜大成食品控股有限公司(「TDFH」)	英屬處女群島	5,849,985美元	_	61.54	投資控股
Taixu & DaChan Foods Holdings Co.,	BVI	USD5,849,985			Investment holding
Limited ("TDFH")	二零一二年三月三日				
	3 March 2012				
臺畜大成食品有限公司(「TDF」)	香港	9,000,000美元	_	65	投資控股
Taixu & DaChan Foods Co., Limited	Hong Kong	USD9,000,000			Investment holding
("TDF")	二零一二年十一月二十九日				
	29 November 2012				
臺畜大成食品(大連)有限公司	中國	人民幣55,500,000	-	65	買賣肉類品及肉產品
(「TDF-DL」)(附註(1)、(2)及(3))	PRC	RMB55,500,000			Trading of meat and
Taixu & DaChan Foods (Dalian) Co.,	二零一二年五月二十五日				meat products
Limited ("TDF-DL") (notes (1), (2) and (3))	25 May 2012				

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

14 於附屬公司的投資(續)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

公司名稱 Name of company	註冊成立/ 成立及營運地點及日期 Place and date of incorporation/ establishment and operation	已發行及 已繳足股本/ 註冊資本 Issued and fully paid up/registered capital	Attrib equity 直接 Direct	5股權 butable interest 間接 Indirect	主要業務 Principal activities
	++== - / 70/6		%	%	
China S&F Farm Holdings Co., Limited ("S&F")	英屬處女群島 BVI 二零一一年十月二十日 20 October 2011	7,000,000美元 USD7,000,000	-	100	投資控股 Investment holding
山東大成生物科技有限公司 (「山東大成」) (附註(1)、(2)及(3)) Shandong DaChan Biotechnology Co., Limited ("SDB") (notes (1), (2) and (3))	中國 PRC 二零一二年一月十二日 12 January 2012	3,000,000美元 USD3,000,000	-	100	生產及買賣動物飼料 Manufacturing and trading of animal feeds
孟村回族自治縣大成畜牧開發有限公司 (「DLDC」) (附註(1)及(3)) DaChan Livestock Development Co., Ltd. ("DLDC") (notes (1) and (3))	中國 PRC 二零一二年六月十四日 14 June 2012	人民幣1,000,000元 RMB1,000,000	-	40	家禽養殖場建設及租賃 Poultry farms construction & lease
深圳綠倍生態科技有限公司(「綠倍」) (附註(1)及(3)) Green Pac Bio Co., Ltd. ("GPB") (notes (1) and (3))	中國 PRC 二零一五年十二月十四日 14 December 2015	人民幣20,000,000元 RMB 20,000,000	-	53	研發 Research and development
臺畜大成食品(蚌埠)有限公司 (「TDF-BB」)(附註(1)及(3)) Taixu & DaChan Foods (Bengbu) Co., Limited ("TDF-BB") (notes (1) and (3))	中國 PRC 零一六年十一月二十五日 25 November 2016	人民幣40,000,000元 RMB 40,000,000	-	65	加工及買賣肉類品 及肉製品 Processing and trading of meat and meat products

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

14 於附屬公司的投資(續)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

		註冊成立/	已發行及			
		成立及營運地點及日期	已繳足股本/			
		Place and date of	註冊資本			
		incorporation/	Issued and fully		5股權	>
公司名		establishment	paid up/registered		outable	主要業務
Name	e of company	and operation	capital	equity 直接	interest 間接	Principal activities
				Direct	Indirect	
				%	%	
天津朝	明成食品貿易有限公司(「TCC-TD」)	中國	人民幣1,000,000	-	55	買賣肉類品
(附	註(1)及(3))	PRC	RMB 1,000,000			及肉製品
Tianjir	n Chao Cheng Food TradeCo.,	二零一七年十月十二日				Trading of meat and
Ltd.	. ("TCC-TD") (notes (1) and (3))	12 October 2017				meat products
天津溯	朝珀農業科技有限公司(「TJSP」)	中國	人民幣100,000元	-	100	飼養及出售豬隻
(附	註(1)及(3))	PRC	RMB 100,000			Swine raising and
TIAN .	JIN SUPER PIG AST Co., Ltd.	二零一八年二月二十六日				selling
("T、	JSP") (notes (1) and (3))	26 February 2018				
Ant Fe	eed Co., Ltd. ("ANT-PP")	柬埔寨	4,000,000美元		65.51	製造及銷售動物飼料
		Cambodia	USD 4,000,000			Manufacturing and
		二零一八年一月五日				trading of animal feeds
		5 January 2018				
附註:	:	Notes	S:			
(1)	公司名稱的英文譯本僅供參考。 中國境內成立的實體的名稱以中 法定名稱。該等於越南境內成立 的名稱以越南文為其法定名稱。	文為其	The English translation of the official names of the Chinese. The official name in Vietnamese.	ese enti	ties establ	ished in the PRC are in
(2)	該等於中國境內成立的實體均為資企業。	外商獨 (2)	These entities establish enterprises.	ned in th	e PRC are	e wholly foreign-owned
(3)	該等於中國境內成立的實體均為 任公司。	有限責 (3)	These entities establishe	d in the F	PRC are lim	ited liability companies.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

14 於附屬公司的投資(續)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

下表載列有關本集團的附屬公司(本集 團擁有重大非控股權益)的資料。下文 所呈列之財務資料概要為公司間對銷前 之金額。 The following table lists out the information relating to the subsidiaries of the Group which has material non-controlling interests. The summarised financial information presented below represents the amounts before any inter-company elimination.

二零一八年

				,,							
				2019					2018		
				人民幣千元					人民幣千元		
				RMB'000					RMB'000		
		ANTIC-VN	GWDL	TDF	TDFH	DLDC	ANTIC-VN	GWDL	TDF	TDFH	DLDC
非控股權益百分比	Non-controlling interests										
	percentage	34.49%	41.00%	35.00%	38.46%	60.00%	34.49%	41.00%	35.00%	38.46%	60.00%
非流動資產	Non-current assets	338,605	154,226	74,023	48,115	65,197	330,131	143,476	77,189	50,173	69,993
流動資產	Current assets	646,780	414,268	97,689	65,784	12,644	612,836	397,282	67,029	43,555	9,553
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(35,752)	(1,604)	(22,200)	(14,430)	-	(20,590)	-	(22,200)	(14,430)	-
流動負債	Current liabilities	(508,979)	(132,552)	(76,211)	(52,077)	(72,622)	(553,735)	(146,229)	(50,703)	(33,191)	(72,892)
資產淨值	Net assets	440,654	434,338	73,301	47,392	5,219	368,642	394,529	71,315	46,107	6,654
非控股權益賬面值	Carrying amount of										
	non-controlling interests	151,982	178,079	25,655	18,227	3,131	127,145	161,756	24,960	17,733	3,992
收入	Revenue	2,729,863	1,202,846	239,038	239,038	-	2,589,719	1,136,769	140,054	140,054	-
溢利及全面收益總額	Profit and total comprehensive										
	income	118,858	53,258	11,780	7,656	6,740	65,840	65,464	5,430	3,490	(2,933)
分配至非控股權益之溢利	Profit allocated to										
	non-controlling interests	40,995	21,836	4,123	2,944	4,044	22,708	26,840	1,901	1,342	(1,760)
向非控股權益派付之股息	Dividend paid to										
	non-controlling interests	(18,426)	(5,653)	(3,475)	(2,482)	(4,905)	(18,301)	(5,440)	-	-	-
分配至非控股權益的	Exchange reserve allocated to										
匯兑儲備	Non-controlling interests	2,268	140	47	32	-	3,885	320	156	109	-
經營活動所得之現金流量	Cash flow from operating activities	189,108	17,718	1,626	1,626	12,083	65,043	45,874	(14,506)	(14,506)	(6,298)
投資活動所得之現金流量	Cash flow from investing activities	32,446	(26,544)	(3,134)	3,320	7	27,478	(5,131)	(12,857)	(12,857)	(5,385)
融資活動所得之現金流量	Cash flow from financing activities	(208,278)	(13,788)	16,766	12,795	(8,175)	(47,604)	(72,866)	26,101	26,101	-
融資活動所得之現金流量	Cash flow from financing activities	(208,278)	(13,788)	16,766	12,795	(8,175)	(47,604)	(72,866)	26,101	26,101	-

二零一九年

ANTIC-VN之財務資料呈列ANTIC-VN、ANTC-HN、ANTC-VN、ANTC-LA及ANTC-MV之綜合業績。GWDL之財務資料呈列GWDL及GWF-DL之綜合業績。TDF之財務資料呈列TDF及TDF-DL之綜合業績。TDFH之財務資料呈列TDFH、TDF及TDF-DL之綜合業績(不包括TDF之非控股權益)。

The financial information for ANTIC-VN shows the consolidated results of ANTIC-VN, ANTC-HN, ANTC-VN, ANTC-LA and ANTC-MV. The financial information for GWDL shows the consolidated results of GWDL and GWF-DL. The financial information for TDF shows the consolidated results of TDF and TDF-DL. The financial information for TDFH shows the consolidated results of TDFH, TDF and TDF-DL excluding non-controlling interests of TDF.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

15 於權益入賬參股公司的權益

15 INTERESTS IN EQUITY-ACCOUNTED INVESTEES

			二零一九年	二零一八年
			2019	2018
於聯營公司之權益	Interests in associates	(a)	78,019	78,457

(a) 聯營公司

(a) Associates

下表列示本集團聯營公司之資料,所有聯營公司均為未上市實體公司,並無市值報價:

The following list contains the particulars of the Group's associates, all of which are unlisted corporate entities whose quoted market price is not available:

股權比率 Proportion of ownership interest

				Proportion of ownership interest		_	
		註冊成立及		本集團的		由權益入賬參股公司持有	_
	企業組成模式	經營地點		實際權益	由附屬公司	Held by	
	Form of	Place of	註冊資本	Group's	持有	equity-	主要業務
聯營公司名稱	business	incorporation	Registered	effective	Held by	accounted	Principal
Name of associates	structure	and operation	capital	interest	subsidiaries	investees	activity
天津海瑞食品有限公司	註冊成立	中國	人民幣5,000,000元	40%	40%	-	生產及買賣
TianJin Hai Rei Food Limited ("HRF-TJ")	Incorporated	PRC	RMB 5,000,000				冰鮮食品
							Manufactory&
							trading of Frozen
							Foods
DaChan (Asia-Pacific) Ltd. ("DAPL")*	註冊成立	越南	12,000,000美元	4%	6.7%	_	生產及買賣
	Incorporated	Vietnam	USD12,000,000				水產飼料
	·						Manufactory &
							trading of
							aquatic feeds
DaChan (VN) Company Limited	註冊成立	越南	11,800,000美元	4%	-	100%	生產及買賣
("DVN")*	Incorporated	Vietnam	USD 11,800,000				水產飼料
							Manufactory &
							trading of
							aquatic feeds

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

15 於權益入賬參股公司的權益 (續)

15 INTERESTS IN EQUITY-ACCOUNTED INVESTEES (continued)

(a) 聯營公司(續)

(a) Associates (continued)

股權比率
Proportion of ownership interest

企業組成模式	註冊成立及 經營地點		本集團的 實際權益	由附屬公司	由權益入賬 參股公司持有 Held by	
Form of	Place of	註冊資本	Group's	持有	equity-	主要業務
business	incorporation	Registered	effective	Held by	accounted	Principal
structure	and operation	capital	interest	subsidiaries	investees	activity
註冊成立	中國	人民幣	10%	10%	_	房地產開發
Incorporated	PRC	423,500,000 ¯				及相關服務
		RMB 423,500,000				Real estate
						development
						& related
註冊成立	英屬處女群島	3,000,000美元	20%	30%	-	豬隻飼養
Incorporated	BVI	USD 3,000,000				Swine breed
註冊成立	中國	人民幣	40%	40%	-	生產及買賣
Incorporated	PRC	50,000,000 				乳製品
		RMB 50,000,000				Manufactory &
						trading of
						dairy products
	Form of business structure 註冊成立 Incorporated 註冊成立 Incorporated	企業組成模式 經營地點 Form of Place of incorporation structure and operation 註冊成立 中國 Incorporated PRC 註冊成立 英屬處女群島 Incorporated BVI 註冊成立 中國	企業組成模式 經營地點 Form of Place of 註冊資本 business incorporation Registered structure and operation capital 註冊成立 中國 人民幣 Incorporated PRC 423,500,000元 RMB 423,500,000元 BHR成立 英屬處女群島 3,000,000美元 Incorporated BVI USD 3,000,000 註冊成立 中國 人民幣 Incorporated PRC 50,000,000元	全業組成模式 經營地點 實際権益 Form of Place of 註冊資本 Group's business incorporation Registered effective structure and operation capital interest 註冊成立 中國 人民幣 10% Incorporated PRC 423,500,000元 RMB 423,500,000 註冊成立 英屬處女群島 3,000,000美元 20% Incorporated BVI USD 3,000,000 註冊成立 中國 人民幣 40% Incorporated PRC 50,000,000元	度響地點 實際權益 由附屬公司 Form of Place of 註冊資本 Group's 持有 business incorporation Registered effective Held by structure and operation capital interest subsidiaries 註冊成立 中國 人民幣 10% 10% Incorporated PRC 423,500,000元 RMB 423,500,000 註冊成立 英屬處女群島 3,000,000美元 20% 30% Incorporated BVI USD 3,000,000 註冊成立 中國 人民幣 40% 40% Incorporated PRC 50,000,000元	企業組成模式技冊成立及 經營地點本集團的 實際權益 Group's參股公司持有 財有 中國 日本 中國 日本23,500,000

^{*} 由於有代表進駐參股公司董事會,本集團認為其具重大影響力,因此將天津達成興業、DAPL及DVN分類為聯營公司。

All of the above associates are accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements.

上述所有聯營公司採用權益法入 賬綜合財務報表。

^{*} The Group has determined that it has significant influence because it has representation on the board of the investee, so APRD, DAPL and DVN are classified as associates.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

15 於權益入賬參股公司的權益 (續)

15 INTERESTS IN EQUITY-ACCOUNTED INVESTEES (continued)

(a) 聯營公司(續)

下表呈報聯營公司之財務資料, 並已與綜合財務報表內之賬面值 進行對賬:

(a) Associates (continued)

Summarised financial information of associates, reconciled to the carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed below:

二零一九年 **2019**

				2019			
		天津達成興業	DAPL	RDF-TJ	TIG	HRF-TJ	總計
		APRD	DAPL	RDF-TJ	TIG	HRF-TJ	Total
聯營公司總金額	Gross amounts of the				,		
	associates						
非流動資產	Non-current assets	122,749	80,293	14,917	20,929	1,221	240,109
流動資產	Current assets	507,820	160,691	15,498	-	3,640	687,649
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	-	-	(8,500)	-	-	(8,500)
流動負債	Current liabilities	(43,027)	(172,375)	(3,077)	-	(2,668)	(221,147)
權益	Equity	587,542	68,609	18,838	20,929	2,193	698,111
收入	Revenue	4,464	296,114	11,687	-	4,667	316,932
本年度溢利/(虧損)及全面	Profit/(loss) and total						
收益總額	comprehensive income						
	for the year	28,577	(2,455)	(7,791)	-	(461)	17,870
de I de Colonia							
與本集團於權益相關參股	Reconciled to the Group's						
公司權益之對賬	interest in the associates						
聯營公司資產淨值之總額	Gross amounts of net assets of						
1) and = 1, 2 \ \(\text{Types} \) \(\text{Invited} \)	the associate	587,542	68,609	18,838	20,929	2,193	698,111
附屬公司持有	Held by subsidiaries	10%	6.7%	40%	30%	40%	,
本集團應佔聯營公司之	Group's share of net assets						
資產淨值	of the associates	58,754	4,574	7,535	6,279	877	78,019
综合財務報表所載賬面值		00,101	1/47 1	.,,,,,	0,2.0	•••	70,010
你口別份報衣別 親歌山恒	Carrying amount in the consolidated financial						
		E0 7E4	4.574	7 525	C 270	077	70.040
	statements	58,754	4,574	7,535	6,279	877	78,019

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

15 於權益入賬參股公司的權益 (續)

15 INTERESTS IN EQUITY-ACCOUNTED INVESTEES (continued)

(a) 聯營公司(續)

(a) Associates (continued)

				二零一厂	(年		
				2018			
		天津達成興業	DAPL	RDF-TJ	TIG	HRF-TJ	總計
		APRD	DAPL	RDF-TJ	TIG	HRF-TJ	Total
聯營公司總金額	Gross amounts of the						
	associates						
非流動資產	Non-current assets	725	85,319	15,941	20,590	1,022	123,597
流動資產	Current assets	676,228	176,322	12,676	-	4,019	869,245
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
流動負債	Current liabilities	(117,987)	(191,578)	(1,990)	-	(2,387)	(313,942)
權益	Equity	558,966	70,063	26,627	20,590	2,654	678,900
收入	Revenue	1,198,265	344,119	1,445	-	4,949	1,548,778
本年度溢利/(虧損)及全面	Profit/(loss) and total						
收益總額	comprehensive income						
	for the year	174,836	(10,654)	(7,260)	-	159	157,081
與本集團於聯營公司權益	Reconciled to the Group's						
之對賬	interest in the associates						
聯營公司資產淨值之總額	Gross amounts of net assets						
	of the associate	558,966	70,063	26,627	20,590	2,654	678,900
附屬公司持有	Held by subsidiaries	10%	6.7%	40%	30%	40%	
本集團應佔聯營公司之	Group's share of net assets						
資產淨值	of the associates	55,897	4,670	10,651	6,177	1,062	78,457
綜合財務報表所載賬面值	Carrying amount in the						
	consolidated financial						
	statements	55,897	4,670	10,651	6,177	1,062	78,457

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

16 存貨

16 INVENTORIES

- (a) 綜合財務狀況表中的存貨包括:
- (a) Inventories in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise:

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
動物飼料	Animal feeds	464,843	480,853
家禽及冷鮮肉	Poultry and chilled meats	85,432	61,648
加工食品	Processed food	294,438	216,217
消耗品	Consumables	89,969	88,413
		934,682	847,131

- (b) 確認為開支的存貨金額分析如 下:
- (b) The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense is as follows:

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
已出售存貨賬面值	Carrying amount of inventories sold	6,662,791	6,037,955
存貨撇銷	Write-down of inventories	7,159	25,268
撥回存貨撇銷	Reversal of write-down of inventories	(20,583)	(18,483)
		6,649,367	6,044,740

於二零一九年十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表,已就可變現淨值低於賬面值之存貨作出撥備人民幣17,776,000元(二零一八年:人民幣31,200,000元)。除此撥備外,於二零一九年及二零一八年十二月三十一日,並無存貨按可變現淨值列值。

撥回上一年度之存貨撇銷乃由於二零 一九年出售已減值存貨所致。 On the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2019, a provision of RMB17,776,000 (2018: RMB31,200,000) was made against those inventories with net realisable value lower than the carrying values. Other than this provision, none of the inventories as at 31 December 2019 and 2018 were carried at net realisable value.

The reversal of write-down of inventories made in prior year was the result of sales of impaired inventories in 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

17 生物資產

17 BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

		種禽		肉雞蛋	
		Breeder	肉雞	Broiler	合計
		poultry	Broilers	breeder eggs	Total
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount				
於二零一八年	At 1 January 2018				
一月一日		9,677	108,866	5,508	124,051
採購/飼養所致	Increase due to				
增加	purchases/raising	6,371	1,053,591	131,182	1,191,144
年內攤銷撥備	Depreciation provided				
	during the year	(8,460)	-	_	(8,460)
因宰殺/孵化減少	Decrease due to culling/				
	hatching	_	(1,053,266)	(122,740)	(1,176,006)
因棄用及死亡減少	Decrease due to				
	retirement and deaths	(1,614)	-		(1,614)
於二零一八年	At 31 December 2018				
十二月三十一日		5,974	109,191	13,950	129,115
採購/飼養所致	Increase due to				
增加	purchases/raising	22,706	1,435,427	255,671	1,713,804
年內攤銷撥備	Depreciation provided				
	during the year	(3,702)	-	_	(3,702)
因宰殺/孵化減少	Decrease due to culling/				
	hatching	-	(1,400,247)	(255,085)	(1,655,332)
因棄用及死亡減少	Decrease due to				
	retirement and deaths	(14,341)	_	_	(14,341)
於二零一九年	At 31 December 2019				
十二月三十一日		10,637	144,371	14,536	169,544
十二月三十一日		10,637	144,371	14,536	169,544

生物資產包括種禽、肉雞及肉雞蛋。

Biological assets comprise breeder poultry, broilers and broiler breeder eggs.

肉雞、種禽及肉雞蛋以成本減任何減值 虧損列示,其與公允價值並無重大差 異。 Broilers, breeder poultry and broiler breeder eggs are stated at cost less any impairment losses, which are not materially different from their fair value.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

18 應收貿易賬款

18 TRADE RECEIVABLES

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
應收貿易賬款	Trade receivables	321,036	338,141
減:呆賬撥備	Less: allowance of doubtful debts	25,193	30,936
		295,843	307,205

應收貿易賬款於報告期末的賬齡分析如下:

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade receivables is as follows:

		—参一儿午	_参一八年
		2019	2018
即期	Current	214,947	215,087
逾期1至180天	1-180 days past due	78,406	96,295
逾期181至365天	181-365 days past due	7,136	8,731
逾期超過365天	More than 365 days past due	20,547	18,028
逾期金額	Amounts past due	106,089	123,054
		321,036	338,141

本集團一般允許其客戶有30日至60日的 信貸期。有關本集團信貸政策的詳情載 於附註30(a)。 The Group normally allows a credit period ranging from 30 days to 60 days to its customers. Further details on the Group's credit policy are set out in note 30(a).

19 其他應收款項及預付款項

19 OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
可收回增值税(i)	VAT recoverable (i)	385,916	416,279
按金及預付款(ii)	Deposits and prepayments (ii)	171,024	80,843
墊款予員工	Advances to staff	7,671	11,281
其他	Others	12,433	33,370
		577,044	541,773
減:可收回非流動增值税(i)	Less: non-current VAT recoverable (i)	97,762	84,924
流動	Current	479,282	456,849

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

19 其他應收款項及預付款項(續)

- (i) 可收回增值税指可抵銷未來銷項 增值税的未動用進項增值税。未 動用進項增值税主要因雞肉銷項 增值税不足以抵銷自契約農戶購 買活雞的進項增值税而產生。本 公司董事認為,截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日,根據本集團財 務預算將於一年後動用的可收回 增值税為人民幣97,762,000元(二 零一八年十二月三十一日:人民 幣84,924,000元)。
- (ii) 按金及預付款包括因購買原料而 向供應商作出的預先付款及其他 預付支出。

所有其他應收款項(包括應收關聯人士 款項)預期於一年內收回。

20 現金及現金等價物及其他現金 流資料

(a) 現金及現金等價物包括:

19 OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS (continued)

- (i) The VAT recoverable represents the unutilised input VAT eligible for offsetting against future output VAT. The unutilised input VAT arose mainly due to the insufficient output VAT on sales of chicken meat to offset the input VAT on purchases of live chickens from contract farmers. The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the VAT recoverable as at 31 December 2019 which will be utilised after one year is RMB97,762,000 (31 December 2018: RMB84,924,000) based on the Group's budget.
- (ii) Deposits and prepayments consist of advance payments made to suppliers for purchases of raw materials and other prepaid expenses.

All of other receivables (including amounts due from related parties) are expected to be recovered within one year.

20 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION

(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
綜合財務狀況表中及綜合	Cash and cash equivalents in the		
現金流量表中的現金及	consolidated statement of financial		
現金等價物	position and in the consolidated cash		
	flow statement	370,102	408,721

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

20 現金及現金等價物及其他現金 流資料(續)

20 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION (continued)

- (b) 融資活動產生的負債之對賬:
- (b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

貸款及應付利息

d 租賃負債 t Lease
4 10000
t Lease
s Liabilities
(附註)
(Note)
6 –
- 51,086
6 51,086
1 –
5 –
2) –
4) –
(6,044)
(3,964)
0) (10,008)
9 908
6 3,964
- 46,896
6 50,860
1 92,846

附註: 本集團使用經修訂追溯法首次應 用國際財務報告準則第16號,並 調整於二零一九年一月一日的期 初結餘,以確認先前根據國際會 計準則第17號分類為經營租賃 的有關租賃之租賃負債。見附註 2(e)。 Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective method and adjusted the opening balances at 1 January 2019 to recognise lease liabilities relating to leases which were previously classified as operating leases under IAS 17. See notes 2(e).

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

20 現金及現金等價物及其他現金 流資料(續)

20 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION (continued)

- (b) 融資活動產生的負債之對賬: (續)
- (b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities: (continued)

		貸款及應付利息	
		Loans and	租賃負債
		Interest	Lease
		payables	Liabilities
於二零一八年一月一日	At 1 January 2018	900,905	-
融資現金流量變動:	Changes from financing cash flows:		
新增銀行貸款所得款項	Proceeds from new bank loans	1,105,376	-
新增政府貸款所得款項	Proceeds from new loans from government	62,000	-
償還銀行貸款	Repayment of bank loans	(940,622)	-
已付利息	Interest paid	(35,182)	
融資現金流量變動總額	Total changes from financing cash flows	191,572	-
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	7,692	_
其他變動	Other change		
利息開支(附註6(a))	Interest expenses(note 6(a))	35,407	
其他變動總額 	Total other change	35,407	_
於二零一八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2018	1,135,576	-

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

20 現金及現金等價物及其他現金 流資料(續)

20 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION (continued)

(c) 租賃現金流出總額:

(c) Total cash outflow for Leases:

租賃的現金流量表中包括以下各項:

Amounts included in the cash flow statement for leases comprise the following:

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
			(附註)
			(Note)
於經營現金流量內	Within operating cash flows	3,444	16,242
於融資現金流量內	Within financing cash flows	10,008	-
		13,452	16,242

附註:如附註20(b)至20(c)所述,採納 國際財務報告準則第16號引入就 若干租賃支付的現金流量分類變 動。比較數字並無重列。 Note: As explained in the note 20(b) to note 20(c), the adoption of IFRS 16 introduces a change in classification of cash flows of certain rentals paid on leases. The comparative amounts have not been restated.

該等金額與下列有關:

These amounts relate to the following:

		二零一九年	
		2019	2018
已付租賃租金	Lease rentals paid	13,452	16,242

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

21 應付貿易賬款

21 TRADE PAYABLES

			二零一九年	二零一八年
			2019	2018
應付貿易賬款	Trade paya	ables	557,080	493,192
所有應付貿易賬款預期於	一年內支付。	The trade payables are exp	pected to be se	ttled within one
於報告期末,應付貿易賜如下:	款的賬齡分析	As of the end of the reporti trade payables is as follows	:	
			二零一九年	二零一八年
			2019	2018
即期	Current		357,418	298,783
少於30天逾期	Less than	30 days past due	123,711	137,570
31至60天逾期	31-60 days	s past due	16,883	24,730
61至90天逾期	61-90 days	s past due	8,783	14,751
90天以上逾期	More than	90 days past due	50,285	17,358
逾期金額	Amounts	past due	199,662	194,409
			557,080	493,192

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

22 其他應付款項及應付關聯人士 款項

22 OTHER PAYABLES AND AMOUNTS DUE TO RELATED PARTIES

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
銷售回扣(i)	Sales rebate (i)	151,179	138,253
薪金、工資、獎金及其他應付福利	Salaries, wages, bonuses and		
	other benefits payable	128,169	104,426
應計費用	Accrued expenses	79,462	62,175
履約按金	Contract performance deposits	27,900	45,256
購買固定資產應付款項	Payables for purchase of fixed assets	23,318	13,614
應付關聯人士款項(附註29(e))	Amounts due to related parties (note 29 (e))	46,100	46,100
其他	Others	13,966	22,740
		470,094	432,564

(i) 為促成禽畜飼料銷售,本集團推 出獎勵計劃,據此,倘銷售代理 達到本集團所定若干條件,則會 向其支付按銷售額若干百分比計 算之回扣。獎勵回扣導致可變代 價。本集團使用預期價值(包括交 易價格)估計可變代價金額。

所有其他應付款項及應付關聯人士款項 預期於一年內支付。 (i) In order to promote the sales of livestock feeds, the Group launched an incentive scheme where a rebate as a percentage of sales amount is payable to the sales agents if they can achieve certain criteria as set by the Group. The incentive rebate resulted in variable consideration. The Group estimated the amount of variable consideration including in the transaction price using the expected value.

All of other payables and amounts due to related parties are expected to be settled within one year.

23 撥備

23 PROVISIONS

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
於一月一日	At 1 January	1,099	3,719
年內撥回的撥備	Provisions reversed during the year	(1,099)	(2,620)
於十二月三十一日	At 31 December	_	1,099

本集團訂立若干農場租賃合約,該等合約可通過向其他訂約方支付賠償或罰款取消。於二零一九年十二月三十一日,由於所有相關合約已屆滿,本集團重新估計及撥回撥備人民幣1,099,000元。

The Group entered into certain farm lease contracts which can be canceled with paying compensation or penalties to the other party. As at 31 December 2019, the Group reassessed and reversed the provisions amounting to RMB1,099,000, as all related contracts have been expired.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

計息借款

24 INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS

(a) 須償還的貸款如下:

(a) Loans were repayable as follows:

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
銀行貸款	Bank loans		
-須於一年內償還	- repayable within 1 year	531,149	272,216
- 須於一年後但於	– repayable after 1 year		
兩年內償還	but within 2 years	168,301	510,873
- 須於兩年後但於	– repayable after 2 years		
五年內償還	but within 5 years	101,007	290,170
		800,457	1,073,259
來自政府的行業支持貸款	Loans of industry support from government		
- 須於一年後但於	– repayable after 1 year		
兩年內償還	but within 2 years	62,000	_
一須於兩年後但於	– repayable after 2 years		
五年內償還	but within 5 years	20,165	62,000
		82,165	62,000
貸款總額	Total loans	882,622	1,135,259
減:分類為流動負債且須於	Less: Loans repayable within 1 year		
一年內償還的貸款	classified as current liabilities	531,149	272,216
分類為非流動負債的貸款	Loans classified as non-current liabilities	351,473	863,043

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

24 計息借款(續)

24 INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS (continued)

(b) 條款

(b) Terms

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
無抵押銀行貸款:	Unsecured bank loans:		
一固定利率介乎每年4.20%	– Fixed interest rate ranging from 4.20%		
至5.16%(二零一八年:	to 5.16% per annum (2018: 3.60% to		
每年3.60%至5.77%)	5.77% per annum)	108,470	136,872
一浮息利率介乎每年2.94%	- Floating interest rate ranging from 2.94%		
至5.40%(二零一八年:	to 5.40% per annum (2018: 2.41%		
每年2.41%至6.50%)	to 6.50% per annum)	691,987	936,387
		800,457	1,073,259
無抵押政府貸款	Unsecured government loans		
一固定利率7.5%	- Fixed interest rate at 7.5%	20,165	_
一免息	- Interest free	62,000	62,000
		82,165	62,000
貸款總額	Total loans	882,622	1,135,259

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

25 租賃負債

25 LEASE LIABILITIES

下表顯示本集團租賃負債於當前及過往報告期間及過渡至國際財務報告準則第16號之日的剩餘到期日:

The following table shows the remaining contractual maturities of the Group's lease liabilities at the end of the current and previous reporting periods and at the date of transition to IFRS 16:

		二零一九年十	二月三十一日	二零一九年一	月一日(附註)
		31 Decen	nber 2019	1 January 2	019 (Note)
		最低租賃		最低租賃	
		付款的現值	最低租賃	付款的現值	最低租賃
		Present value of	付款總額	Present value of	付款總額
		the minimum	Total minimum	the minimum	Total minimum
		lease payments	lease payments	lease payments	lease payments
一年內	Within 1 year	6,340	10,624	3,162	5,513
一年後但兩年內	After 1 year but within 2 years	5,440	9,430	2,691	4,917
兩年後但五年內	After 2 years but within 5 years	13,379	24,003	5,159	11,238
五年後	After 5 years	67,687	103,765	40,074	72,491
		92,846	147,822	51,086	94,159
減:未來開支利息總額	Less: total future interest				
	expenses		(54,976)		(43,073)
租賃付款的現值	Present value of lease Labilities		92,846		51,086

附註:本集團使用經修訂追溯法首次應用國際 財務報告準則第16號,並調整於二零 一九年一月一日的期初結餘,以確認先 前根據國際會計準則第17號分類為經營 租賃的租賃負債。有關過渡至國際財務 報告準則第16號的影響之進一步詳情載 列於附註2(e)。 Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach and adjusted the opening balances at 1 January 2019 to recognise lease liabilities relating to leases which were previously classified as operating leases under IAS 17. Further details on the impact of the transition to IFRS 16 are set out in note 2(e).

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

26 綜合財務狀況表中税項

26 TAXATION IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

- (a) 綜合財務狀況表中的當期稅項:
- (a) Current taxation in the consolidated statement of financial position:

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
於年初	At the beginning of the year	4,526	2,209
年內所得税撥備	Provision for income tax for the year	41,402	24,225
年內已付所得税	Income tax paid in the year	(26,519)	(21,945)
匯率變動之影響	Effect of movements in exchange rates	8	37
於年末	At the end of the year	19,417	4,526
代表:	Represented by:		
應付所得税	Income tax payable	19,417	4,526
		19,417	4,526

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

26 綜合財務狀況表中税項(續)

26 TAXATION IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

(b) 年內遞延税項資產/(負債)變動

年內已於綜合財務狀況表中確認 的遞延税項資產/(負債)的組成 項目及其變動如下: (b) Movement of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) during the year

The components of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

		折舊撥備						
		超出相關折舊						
		Depreciation		減值虧損-		銷售回扣及	使用權資產折舊	
		allowance		應收款項	可予抵免	其他應計款項	Depreciation	
		in excess of	存貨撥備	Impairment	税項虧損	Sales rebate	charge of	
		the related	Provision for	loss -	Allowable	and other	right-of-use	總計
		depreciation	inventories	receivables	tax loss	accruals	assets	Total
於二零一九年一月一日	At 1 January 2019	(497)	1,245	3,222	1,515	21,890	-	27,375
於綜合損益表(扣除)/計入	(Charged)/Credited to consolidated							
(附註7(a))	income statement (note 7(a))	(1,558)	386	(1,401)	(1,515)	1,996	361	(1,731)
於二零一九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2019	(2,055)	1,631	1,821	-	23,886	361	25,644
於二零一八年一月一日	At 1 January 2018	(336)	327	1,788	1,515	24,504	-	27,798
已於綜合損益表(扣除)/計入	(Charged)/Credited to consolidated							
(附註7(a))	income statement (note 7(a))	(161)	918	1,434	-	(2,614)	-	(423)
於二零一八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2018	(497)	1,245	3,222	1,515	21,890	-	27,375

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

26 綜合財務狀況表中税項(續)

26 TAXATION IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

(c) 綜合財務狀況表對賬

(c) Reconciliation to the consolidated statement of financial position

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
於綜合財務狀況表	Deferred tax assets recognised in the		
確認的遞延税項資產	consolidated statement of financial		
	position	26,094	27,872
於綜合財務狀況表	Deferred tax liabilities recognised in the		
確認的遞延税項負債	consolidated statement of financial		
	position	(450)	(497)
		25,644	27,375

(d) 未確認遞延税項資產

根據附註3(p)所載的會計政策,由於有關稅務權區及實體不可能產生可抵扣稅項虧損的未來應課稅溢利,故本集團未就累計稅項虧損人民幣604,896,000元(二零一八年:虧損人民幣708,328,000元)確認遞延稅項資產。稅項虧損可結轉五年。

(d) Deferred tax assets not recognised

In accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 3(p), the Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of cumulative tax losses of RMB604,896,000 (2018: losses of RMB708,328,000) as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entity. The tax losses can be carried forward for 5 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

26 綜合財務狀況表中税項(續)

26 TAXATION IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

(e) 未確認遞延税項負債

根據中國新税法,境外投資者由 其投資的外資企業所得的股息須 支付10%預扣税,除非已簽署協 定獲減免。根據中國與香港訂立 的税務協定,在香港成立的投資 控股公司自其中國附屬公司收取 的股息預扣税率獲減至5%。根據 中國新税法的不追溯税項處理, 本集團來自其中國附屬公司在二 零零七年十二月三十一日前未分 派溢利之應收股息獲豁免繳納預 扣税。本集團來自其中國附屬公 司自二零零八年一月一日起溢利 之應收股息則須支付預扣稅。因 此,對於在可預見未來進行分派 之溢利,將就中國附屬公司的未 分派留存盈利確認遞延税項。

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,與附屬公司未分派溢利相關的暫時性差異為人民幣557,962,000元(二零一八年:人民幣473,925,000元)。由於該等附屬公司的股息政策受本公司控制及已決定在可預見未來應不會分派溢利,故並無就於分派該等留存盈利時之應付税項確認遞延税項負債人民幣47,645,000元(二零一八年:人民幣38,845,000元)。

(e) Deferred tax liabilities not recognised

Under the new PRC tax law, dividends received by foreign investors from their investment in foreigninvested enterprises are subject to withholding tax at a rate of 10 percent unless reduced by treaty. Pursuant to a tax treaty between the PRC and Hong Kong, the investment holding companies established in Hong Kong are subject to a reduced withholding tax rate of 5 percent on dividends they receive from their PRC subsidiaries. Pursuant to the grandfathering treatments of the new PRC tax law, dividends receivable by the Group from its PRC subsidiaries in respect of its undistributed profits prior to 31 December 2007 are exempted from the withholding tax. Dividends receivable by the Group from its PRC subsidiaries in respect of its profits earned since 1 January 2008 will be subject to the withholding tax. Accordingly, deferred tax would be recognised for undistributed retained earnings of the PRC subsidiaries to the extent that the earnings would be distributed in the foreseeable future.

At 31 December 2019, temporary differences relating to the undistributed profits of subsidiaries amounted to RMB557,962,000 (2018: RMB473,925,000). Deferred tax liabilities of RMB47,645,000 (2018: RMB38,845,000) have not been recognised in respect of the tax that would be payable on the distribution of these retained profits as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it has been determined that it is probable that these profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

27 資本、儲備及股息

27 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(a) 權益組成部分的變動

本集團綜合權益中每個組成部分 的期初與期末結餘對賬,已載於 綜合權益變動表。本公司權益個 別組成部分的年初與年末變動詳 情載列如下:

(a) Movements in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the individual components of equity of the Company between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

以肌以为甘珠

						以股份為基礎		
						的支付儲備		
		股本	股份溢價	繳入盈餘	匯兑儲備	Share-based	保留溢利	
	附註	Share	Share	Contributed	Translation	payment	Retained	總計
	Note	capital	premium	surplus	reserve	reserve	profit	Total
		(附註27(c))	(附註27(d)(i))	(附註27(a)(i))	(附註27(d)(iv))	(附註27(d)(v))		
		(note 27(c))	(note 27(d)(i))	(note 27(a)(i))	(note 27(d))(iv))	(note 27(d)(v))		
於二零一九年一月一日	At 1 January 2019	97,920	584,042	741,215	(100,562)	-	387,617	1,710,232
權益結算股份支付交易	Equity-settled share-based							
	payment transactions	-	(446)	-	-	-	-	(446)
年內溢利	Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	29,181	29,181
其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	36,732	-	-	36,732
於二零一九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2019	97,920	583,596	741,215	(63,830)	-	416,798	1,775,699
於二零一八年一月一日	At 1 January 2018	97,920	581,495	741,215	(176,716)	2,547	378,997	1,625,458
權益結算股份支付交易	Equity-settled share-based							
	payment transactions	-	2,547	-	-	(2,547)	-	-
年內溢利	Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	8,620	8,620
其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	76,154	-	-	76,154
於二零一八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2018	97,920	584,042	741,215	(100,562)	-	387,617	1,710,232

- (i) 按重組日期NAC的綜合資產淨值(見附註27(d)(ii))計算,繳入盈餘指NAC股份的公允價值超過本公司作為交換而發行股份面值的部分。
- (i) Contributed surplus represents the excess of the fair value of the shares of NAC determined based on the basis of the consolidated net assets of NAC at the date of the reorganisation (see note 27(d)(ii)) over the nominal value of the shares issued by the Company in exchange thereof.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

27 資本、儲備及股息(續)

27 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(b) 股息

(i) 應付本公司股東歸屬於該年 度的股息

> 於二零一九年及二零一八年 報告期完結後並無建議末期 股息。

(ii) 之前財政年度及年內批准派 付予本公司股東及其附屬公 司少數股東之應付股息

(b) Dividends

(i) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the year.

No final dividends were proposed after the end of reporting periods of 2019 and 2018.

(ii) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company and minority shareholders of its subsidiaries attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year:

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
派付予附屬公司	Dividends to minority shareholders of		
少數股東股息	subsidiaries	34,941	23,741

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

27 資本、儲備及股息(續)

27 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(c) 股本

- (c) Share capital
- (i) 法定及已發行股本

(i) Authorised and issued share capital

		二零一九年		二零一八年	
		2019		2018	
		股份數目	股份數目		
		Number of	金額	Number of	金額
		shares	Amount	shares	Amount
		千股		千股	
		′000		′000	
	Authorised:				
於十二月三十一日	Ordinary shares of HKD0.1 each				
每股面值0.1港元的普通股	at 31 December	10,000,000	964,358	10,000,000	964,358
已發行及繳足普通股:	Ordinary shares, issued and fully paid:				
於一月一日及十二月三十一日	At 1 January and 31 December	1,016,189	97,920	1,016,189	97,920

普通股持有人可享有本公司 不時宣派之股息及在本公司 股東大會上有權就每股投一 票。所有普通股就本公司之 剩餘資產而言享有同等權 利。 The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at general meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

27 資本、儲備及股息(續)

27 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(c) 股本(續)

(ii) 購回自有股份

京華山一國際(香港)有限公司為一家協助推行有限制行有限制的僱員福利會區員福利信託兑現根據有限制股份獎勵計劃授出的獎勵計劃授出的獎勵計劃接出的獎勵計劃該有限制股份獎勵計劃該與勵計劃該有限制股份獎勵計劃該信託注資,以使受託人購入劃斷時,本集團不時人對過過香港。

該信託被視為獨立於本公司 的法律實體,但就綜合入賬 而言,被視為本公司的附屬 公司。信託持有的股份被視 作庫存股份。

(c) Share capital (continued)

(ii) Purchase of own shares

Core Pacific-Yamaichi International (Hong Kong) is an employee benefit trust used in conjunction with the restricted share award schemes. The trustee has agreed to satisfy the award made under the restricted share award scheme through the relevant employee benefit trust. As part of restricted share award scheme, the Group funds the trust, from time to time to enable the trustee to acquire its own ordinary shares to satisfy the award. All shares have been acquired and sold through the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The trust was treated as a legal entity separate from the Company but as a subsidiary of the Company for consolidation purpose. The shares held by the trust are treated as treasury shares.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

27 資本、儲備及股息(續)

27 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

股本(續) (c)

購回自有股份(續) (ii)

> 信託回購、出售及持有該等 股份的詳情如下:

(continued)

(ii) Purchase of own shares (continued)

Share capital (continued)

Details of these shares repurchased, sold and held by the trust are set out below:

		回購/(出售)			已付/(已收)
		股份數量			現金代價
		Number of	每股最高價	每股最低價	Cash
		shares	Highest	Lowest	consideration
月份/年份		repurchased/	price	price	paid/
Month/year		(sold)	per share	per share	(received)
			港元	港元	
			HKD	HKD	
二零零八年十二月	December 2008	548,000	0.85	0.85	427
二零零九年十一月	November 2009	2,222,000	1.50	1.43	2.876
二零零九年十二月	December 2009	589,000	1.48	1.48	764
二零一零年五月	May 2010	945,000	1.51	1.33	1.206
二零一三年五月	May 2013	4,583,000	1.18	1.03	3.957
二零一三年六月	June 2013	497,000	1.09	1.05	432
二零一九年三月	March 2019	(698,500)	0.47	0.38	(286)
總計	Total	8,685,500			9,376
過往年間根據限制性股票	Shares granted to	(8,685,500)			
獎勵計劃授予員工的股	employees under				
份	restricted share award				
	scheme during previous				
	years				
年內出售的股份	Shares sold during the year	(698,500)			
年末持有的股份	Shares held at the end of	-			
	the year				

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

27 資本、儲備及股息(續)

27 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(d) 儲備之性質及用途

(i) 股份溢價及資本贖回儲備

股份溢價指本公司股份面值 及本公司發行股份所收取所 得款之間的差額。根據開曼 群島公司法,本公司股份溢 價賬目可供分派予本公司股 東,只要本公司在緊隨建議 分派股息當日後,有能力清 償其於一般業務過程之到期 債務。

贖回儲備指受託人所購回及 持有之股份過往價值,有關 股份被視為庫存股份。

(ii) 合併儲備

根據為籌備本公司於香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市的重組計劃(「重組」),本公司已向NAC當時股東發行1,999,999股每股面值0.1港元的普通股,作為收購彼等所持NAC股權的代價。股東向NAC注入股本總額份面值的差額,已於重組當日轉撥至綜合財務報表中的合併儲備。

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium and redemption reserve

The share premium represents the difference between the par value of the shares of the Company and proceeds received from the issuance of the shares of the Company. Under the Companies Law of Cayman Islands, the share premium account of the Company is distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company would be in a position to pay off its debt as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

Redemption reserve represents the historical value of shares repurchased and held by the trustee which are treated as treasury shares.

(ii) Merger reserve

Pursuant to the reorganisation plan of the Group in preparation of the Company's listing in the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("the Reorganisation"), the Company issued 1,999,999 ordinary shares of HKD0.1 each to the then shareholders of NAC in consideration of acquiring their equity interests held in NAC. The difference between the then shareholders' total capital contributions to NAC over the nominal value of the shares issued by the Company in exchange thereof was transferred to the merger reserve in the consolidated financial statements as at the date of Reorganisation.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

27 資本、儲備及股息(續)

27 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(d) 儲備之性質及用途(續)

(iii) 中國法定儲備

將留存盈利轉撥至中國法定 儲備乃根據有關中國規則及 法規以及本公司於中國成立 的附屬公司的組織章程進 行,並獲有關董事會批准。

一般儲備基金

中國附屬公司須根據中國會計規則及法規釐定將其除稅後溢利10%分配至一般儲備基金,直至儲備結餘達至註冊資本的50%為止。轉撥分配至儲備必須在向權益持有人分派股息前作出。

企業發展基金

若干中國附屬公司必須設立 企業發展基金。轉撥多少由 附屬公司董事會酌情決定。 該基金只可用於與附屬公司 僱員集體福利有關的資本項 目上(例如興建宿舍、)。 及其他員工福利設施)。 該基金除清盤外不能分配。 該基金的轉撥必須在向股東 分派股息前作出。

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves (continued)

(iii) PRC statutory reserves

Transfers from retained earnings to PRC statutory reserves are made in accordance with the relevant PRC rules and regulations and the articles of association of the Company's subsidiaries established in the PRC and were approved by the respective boards of directors.

General reserve fund

The subsidiaries in the PRC are required to appropriate 10 percent of their after-tax profit, as determined in accordance with the PRC accounting rules and regulations, to general reserve fund until the reserve balance reaches 50 percent of the registered capital. The transfer to this reserve must be made before distribution of a dividend to shareholders.

Enterprise development fund

Certain subsidiaries in the PRC are required to set up an enterprise development fund. Transfers to this fund are made at the discretion of the board of directors of the subsidiaries. This fund can only be utilised on capital items for the collective benefit of the subsidiaries' employees such as the construction of dormitories, canteens and other staff welfare facilities. This fund is non-distributable other than on liquidation. The transfer to this fund must be made before distribution of a dividend to shareholders.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

27 資本、儲備及股息(續)

27 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(d) 儲備之性質及用途(續)

(iv) 匯兑儲備

匯兑儲備包括因換算海外業 務附屬公司財務報表及換算 分類為於中國附屬公司投資 淨額的集團內公司間貸款產 生的所有匯兑差額。

(v) 以股份為基礎的支付儲備

以股份為基礎的支付儲備指根據附註3(o)(ii)內關於以股份為基礎的支付會計政策,確認已授予本集團僱員的未行使購股權及限制性股份獎勵的實際或估計數目的公允價值。

(e) 可供分派儲備

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,可供分派予本公司股東的儲備總額約為人民幣1,677,779,000元(二零一八年:約人民幣1,612,312,000元)。

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves (continued)

(iv) Translation reserve

The translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries outside of the PRC, and the translation of inter-Group loans classified as net investment in PRC subsidiaries.

(v) Share-based payment reserve

The share-based payment reserve comprises the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised options and restricted share awards granted to employees of the Group recognised in accordance with the accounting policy for share-based payments in note 3(o)(ii).

(e) Distributability of reserves

At 31 December 2019, the aggregate amount of reserves available for distribution to equity shareholders of the Company was approximately RMB1,677,779,000 (2018: approximately RMB1,612,312,000).

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

27 資本、儲備及股息(續)

27 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(f) 資本管理

本集團的政策乃通過相稱風險承 擔及合理的成本融資釐定產品及 服務價格,從而維持充裕的資本 基礎,以維繫債權人及市場信心 以及業務的持續發展。

本集團會積極及定期檢討及管理 其資本架構,以維持其在創造較 高股東回報可能涉及較高借貸水 平與穩健資本狀況具備之優勢及 保障兩者之間取得平衡,並根據 經濟情況變化對資本架構作出調 整。

本集團在總負債與資本比率的基 楚上監察其資本結構。就此,資 本定義為權益總值。為維持或調 整比率,本集團可能調整應付股 東的股息金額、發行新股或向股 東退還股本。

(f) Capital management

The Group's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business, by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of a total liabilities-to-capital ratio. For this purpose, capital is defined as total equity. In order to maintain or adjust the ratio, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends payable to shareholders, issue new shares or return capital to shareholders.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

27 資本、儲備及股息(續)

27 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(f) 資本管理(續)

於二零一九年及二零一八年十二 月三十一日之總負債與資本比率 如下:

(f) Capital management (continued)

Total liabilities-to-capital ratio at 31 December 2019 and 2018 was as follows:

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
流動負債	Current liabilities	1,597,026	1,211,649
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	438,429	863,540
負債總值	Total liabilities	2,035,455	2,075,189
權益總值	Total equity	2,012,482	1,827,849
總負債與資本比率	Total liabilities-to-capital ratio	1.01	1.14

本公司或其附屬公司均無面臨外 部施加的資本需求。

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

28 承擔

28 COMMITMENTS

(a) 資本承擔

於二零一九年十二月三十一日並 未於綜合財務報表作出撥備的資 本承擔如下:

(a) Capital commitments

Capital commitments outstanding at 31 December 2019 not provided for in the consolidated financial statements were as follows:

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
已訂約	Contracted for		
一固定資產	– Fixed assets	85,280	89,145
已授權但未訂約	Authorised but not contracted for		
一固定資產	– Fixed assets	90,901	76,992
		176,181	166,137

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

28 承擔(續)

28 COMMITMENTS (continued)

(b) 經營租賃承擔

於二零一八年十二月三十一日, 根據不可撤銷經營租約應付的未 來最低租賃付款總額如下:

(b) Operating lease commitments

At 31 December 2018, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

		二零一八年
		2018
一年內	Within 1 year	6,276
一年以上但五年以內	After 1 year but within 5 years	14,609
五年以上	After 5 years	74,219
		95,104

本集團為根據先前根據國際會計 準則第17號分類為經營租賃的租 賃持有的多項物業、廠房及設備 項目及辦公設備的承租人。。 應門以上, 國際財務報告準則第16號。。根 每個該等租賃的租賃負債(見) 有關該等租賃的租賃負債(見) 時間, 有關該等租賃的租賃負債(見) 起,未來租賃付款根據附註3(c)所 載政策於財務狀況表確認為租赁 負債,有關貴集團未來租賃付款 的詳情於附註25披露。 The Group is the lessee in respect of a number of properties and items of plant and machinery and office equipment held under leases which were previously classified as operating leases under IAS 17. The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the Group adjusted the opening balances at 1 January 2019 to recognise lease liabilities relating to these leases (see note 2(e)). From 1 January 2019 onwards, future lease payments are recognised as lease liabilities in the statement of financial position in accordance with the policies set out in note 3(c), and the details regarding the Group's future lease payments are disclosed in note 25.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

29 關聯方交易

29 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

除財務報表另有披露的關聯方資料外, 本集團進行如下重大關聯方交易。 In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group entered into the following material related party transactions.

(a) 關聯方名稱及與關聯方的關係

關聯方交易:

年內,與下列各方的交易被視為

(a) Name and relationship with related parties

During the year, transactions with the following parties are considered as related party transactions:

關聯方名稱	與關聯方的關係
Name of party	Relationships
大成長城企業股份有限公司*	最終控股公司
Great Wall Enterprise Co., Ltd. ("GWE")	Ultimate holding company
Great Wall International (Holdings) Ltd. ("GWIH")	中介控股公司
	Intermediate holding company
北京大成永和餐飲有限公司*	大成長城企業(本公司的最終控股公司)的附屬公司
Great Wall Yung Huo Food (Beijing) Co., Ltd. ("GWYHB")	Subsidiary of GWE, ultimate holding company of the Company
全能營養技術股份有限公司*	大成長城企業(本公司的最終控股公司)的附屬公司
Total Nutrition Technologies Co., Ltd. ("TNT")	Subsidiary of GWE, ultimate holding company of the Company
昆山泰吉食品有限公司*	大成長城企業(本公司的最終控股公司)的附屬公司
Tai Ji Food Co., Ltd. ("TJF")	Subsidiary of GWE, ultimate holding company of the Company
北京寰城季諾餐飲有限公司*	大成長城企業(本公司的最終控股公司)的附屬公司
Beijing Universal Chain Food Co., Ltd. ("BUCF")	Subsidiary of GWE, ultimate holding company of the Company
大成食品(天津)有限公司*	大成國際(本公司的中介控股公司)的附屬公司
Great Wall Food (Tianjin) Co., Ltd. ("GWF-TJ")	Subsidiary of GWIH, intermediate holding company of the Company

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

29 關聯方交易(續)

29 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(a) 關聯方名稱及與關聯方的關係 (續) (a) Name and relationship with related parties (continued)

關聯方名稱	與關聯方的關係
Name of party	Relationships
大成昭和食品(天津)有限公司*	大成國際(本公司的中介控股公司)的附屬公司
DaChan Showa Foods (Tianjin) Co., Ltd. ("DSF")	Subsidiary of GWIH, intermediate holding company of the Company
大成永康營養技術(北京)有限公司*	大成國際(本公司的中介控股公司)的附屬公司
Great Wall FeedTech (Beijing) Co., Ltd. ("GWFT-BJ")	Subsidiary of GWIH, intermediate holding company of the Company
Great Wall FeedTech (Tianjin) Co., Ltd. ("GWFT-TJ")	大成國際(本公司的中介控股公司)的附屬公司
大成永康營養技術(天津)有限公司*	Subsidiary of GWIH, intermediate holding company of the Company
大成良友食品(天津)有限公司*	大成長城企業(本公司的最終控股公司)的聯營公司
DaChan Liangyou Foods (Tianjin) Co., Ltd. ("DLF-TJ")	Associate of GWE, ultimate holding company of the Company
大成良友食品(上海)有限公司*	大成長城企業(本公司的最終控股公司)的聯營公司
DaChan Liangyou Foods (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. ("DLF-SH")	Associate of GWE, ultimate holding company of the Company
Marubeni Corporation ("MAR")	少數股東
	Minority shareholder
Marubeni (Dalian) Co., Ltd. ("MAR-DL")	Marubeni(少數股東)的附屬公司
	Subsidiary of Marubeni, minority shareholder
Hansen Inc.	由韓家寰先生、韓家寅先生、韓家宇先生及韓家 宸先生共同及全資擁有的公司
	Mr. Han Jia-Hwan, Mr. Han Chia-Yin, Mr. Han
	Chia-Yau and Mr. Harn Jia-Chen jointly own
	100% interest of Hansen Inc.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

29 關聯方交易(續)

29 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(a) 關聯方名稱及與關聯方的關係 (續) (a) Name and relationship with related parties (continued)

關聯方名稱	與關聯方的關係
Name of party	Relationships
大誠地產發展有限公司*	Hansen Inc.的全資附屬公司
Dacheng Land Development Limited ("DLD")	Wholly-owned subsidiary of Hansen Inc.
DaChan (VN) Co., Ltd. ("DVN")	聯營公司的附屬公司
	Subsidiary of an associate
DACHAN (ASIA-PACIFIC) LIM ("DAPL")	聯營公司的附屬公司
	Subsidiary of an associate
天津達成興業房地產開發有限公司*	附屬公司的聯營公司
Advent Prosperity Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	Associate of a subsidiary
("APRD")	
北京維喜农业发展有限公司*	附屬公司的聯營公司
Beijing Weixi Agriculture Development Co., Ltd. (BJWX)	Associate of a subsidiary
臺灣國際基因有限公司*	附屬公司的聯營公司
Taiwan International Gene Co., Ltd. ("TIG")	Associate of a subsidiary
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
羅普大成食品(天津)有限公司*	附屬公司的聯營公司
Rupp & DaChan Foods (Tianjin) Co., Ltd. ("RDF-TJ")	Associate of a subsidiary
孟村回族自治縣城市建設投資有限公司*	附屬公司的投資者
Mengcun Hui Autonomous County Construction Investment Co., Ltd. ("MCCI")	Investor of a subsidiary
深圳華大基因科技有限公司*	其他關聯方
Shenzhen Huada Gene Technology Co., Ltd. ("SHGT")	Other related party
	,

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

29 關聯方交易(續)

29 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(a) 關聯方名稱及與關聯方的關係 (續) (a) Name and relationship with related parties (continued)

關聯之	方名稱		與關聯方的關係
Nam	e of party		Relationships
巴特法	米食品科技(北京)有限公司*		韓家寰先生的聯營公司
Bette	er Me Food Technology (Beijing) Co., Ltd. ("Bl	MFT")	Associate of Mr. Han Jia-Hwan
北京	姐妹廚房餐飲管理有限公司**		韓家寰先生的聯營公司
Beijir	ng Sisters Kitchen Food and Beverage		Associate of Mr. Han Jia-Hwan
Ma	anagement Co., Ltd. ("BSK")		
*	公司名稱的英文翻譯僅供參考。該	*	The English translation of the company names is for reference
	等公司的法定名稱以中文表示。		only. The official names of these companies are in Chinese.
* *	於二零一八年十二月,本集團出	**	In December 2018, the Group disposed of the entire equity
	售北京姊妹廚房(一家於中國成		interests in BSK, a company established in the PRC, to Better $$
	立的公司)的全部股權予韓家寅先		Me Food Technology (Beijing) Co., Ltd., an associate of Mr.
	生的聯營公司巴特米食品科技(北		Han Jia-Hwan.

(b) 重大關聯方交易

年內重大關聯方交易的詳情如 下:

京)有限公司。

(b) Significant related party transactions

Particulars of significant related party transactions during the year are as follows:

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
銷售貨品	Sales of goods	197,299	241,482
採購原料及貨品	Purchases of material and goods	47,784	23,195
管理服務	Management services	301	211
已提供租金服務	Rental services provided	745	742
資產處置	Disposal of assets	_	10,000
已提供加工服務	Processing services provided	21,294	22,556

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

29 關聯方交易(續)

29 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(c) 主要管理層人員酬金

本集團主要管理層人員酬金(包括 附註8所披露已付予本公司董事的 金額及附註9所披露已付予若干最 高薪僱員的金額)如下:

(c) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in note 8 and certain of the highest paid employees as disclosed in note 9, is as follows:

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
短期僱員福利	Short term employee benefits	9,617	6,978
退休計劃供款	Retirement scheme contributions	92	115
		9,709	7,093

酬金總額已計入「員工成本」(附註 6(b))。

Total remuneration was included in "staff costs" (note 6(b)).

(d) 應收關聯方款項

於報告期末,本集團有以下關聯 方結餘:

(d) Amounts due from related parties

As at the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following balances with related parties:

		附註	二零一九年	二零一八年
		Note	2019	2018
應收貿易賬款	Trade receivables	(i)	38,015	49,352
其他應收款項	Other receivables		_	10,000
			38,015	59,352

- (i) 關聯方的應收貿易賬款乃無 抵押、免息及預計於一年內 收回。於二零一九年十二月 三十一日,並無對該等款項 作出重大減值虧損。
- (i) Trade receivables from related parties are unsecured, interest free and are expected to be recovered within one year. There was no significant impairment loss made against these amounts at 31 December 2019.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

29 關聯方交易(續)

29 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(e) 應付關聯方款項

於報告期末,本集團有以下關聯 方結餘:

(e) Amounts due to related parties

As at the end of reporting period, the Group had the following balances with related parties:

		附註	二零一九年	二零一八年
		Note	2019	2018
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	(i)	3,800	2,693
其他應付款項	Other payables		46,100	46,100
			49,900	48,793

(i) 關聯方的應付貿易賬款乃無 抵押、免息及預期於一年內 償付。 (i) Trade payables to related parties are unsecured, interest free and are expected to be paid or settled within one year.

(f) 有關關連交易的上市規則適用性

上文載列若干關連方交易構成上 市規則第14A章所界定的關連交 易或持續關連交易。上市規則第 14A章規定的披露載於董事報告 「關連交易」一節。

(f) Applicability of the Listing Rules relating to connected transactions

Certain related party transactions listed above constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The disclosures required by Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules are provided in section headed "Connected transactions" of the Report of the Directors.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

30 金融風險管理及公允價值

本集團的主要金融工具包括現金及現金 等價物、應收貿易賬款及其他應收款 項、計息借貸及應付貿易賬款與其他應 付款項。在本集團正常業務過程中產生 信貸風險、利率風險、貨幣風險、業務 風險、流動資金及商品價格風險。本集 團亦承擔其本身股價變動而引起的股價 風險。

本集團承擔的有關風險及本集團管理有 關風險所採用的財務風險管理政策及常 規載列如下:

(a) 信貸風險

信貸風險指交易對手未履行其合約責任而導致本集團產生財務虧損的風險。本集團之信貸風險主要來自貿易應收賬款。由於交易對手為管理層認為信貸風險低的銀行,且本集團大部分的銀行存款均存入信譽良好的銀行,因此不集團承擔來自現金及現金等價物之信貸風險有限。

30 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and other receivables, interest-bearing borrowings and trade payables and other payables. Exposure to credit, interest rate, currency, business, liquidity and commodity price risks arise in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group is also exposed to equity price risk arising from movements in its own equity share price.

The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below:

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade receivables. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents is limited because the counterparties are banks and substantially all of the Group's cash at bank are deposited in the reputable banks which management assessed the credit risk to be insignificant.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

30 金融風險管理及公允價值(續)

30 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

應收貿易賬款

本集團面對的信貸風險主要受到 每名客戶的個別特性所影響,而 受到客戶營運所在行業或國家的 影響相對較輕,因此重大信貸的 風險主要是當本集團集中與個別 客戶進行重大貿易往來時產生。 於報告期末,應收貿易賬款總額 及合約資產中來自本集團最大客 戶及五大客戶的分別佔3.8%(二 零一八年:4.3%)及7.4%(二零 一八年:7.8%)。

信貸超過某數額的所有客戶均須 接受個人信貸評估。該等評估重 點為客戶過往於款項到期時之付 款記錄及當前付款能力,並經考 慮客戶特有的賬目資料以及客戶 營運所在經濟環境的相關資料。 應收貿易賬款自賬單日期起30至 60日內到期。本集團一般不向客 戶收取抵押品。

本集團的應收貿易賬款的虧損撥 備以相等於整個存續期的預期信 貸虧損的金額計量,其乃按撥備 矩陣計算。本集團的歷史信貸虧 損經驗就不同客戶分部顯示重大 不同虧損模式,基於逾期狀態的 虧損撥備會於本集團不同客戶基 礎之間進一步區分。

(a) Credit risk (continued)

Trade receivables

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. At the end of the reporting period, 3.8% (2018: 4.3%) and 7.4% (2018: 7.8%) of the total trade receivables and contract assets was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively.

Individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are due within 30-60 days from the date of billing. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix. As the Group's historical credit loss experience indicates significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past due status is further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

30 金融風險管理及公允價值(續)

30 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

應收貿易賬款(續)

下表載列本集團就應收貿易賬款 的信貸風險及預期信貸虧損之資 料。

(a) Credit risk (continued)

Trade receivables (continued)

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables.

二零一九年

			2019	
			總賬面值	
		預期虧損率	Gross	虧損撥備
		Expected	carrying	Loss
		loss rate	amount	allowance
		%	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		%	RMB'000	RMB'000
流動(未逾期)	Current (not past due)	1.0%	172,931	(1,706)
逾期1至180日	1-180 days past due	2.4%	78,406	(1,849)
逾期181至365日	181-365 days past due	36.4%	7,136	(2,598)
逾期超過365日	More than 365 days past due	40.0%	2,513	(1,006)
			260,986	(7,159)
並無個別減值	Individually not impaired		42,016	-
個別減值	Individually impaired		18,034	(18,034)
			60,050	(18,034)
			321,036	(25,193)

預期虧損率基於過去三年的實際 信貸虧損經驗計算,並根據歷史 數據收集期間的經濟狀況、當前 的經濟狀況與本集團認為應收款 項預計年限的經濟狀況三者之間 的差異進行調整。 Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 3 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

30 金融風險管理及公允價值(續)

30 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

(a) Credit risk (continued)

應收貿易賬款(續)

Trade receivables (continued)

			二零一八年	
			2018	
			總賬面值	
		預期虧損率	Gross	虧損撥備
		Expected	carrying	Loss
		loss rate	amount	allowance
		%	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		%	RMB'000	RMB'000
流動(未逾期)	Current (not past due)	0.9%	159,877	(1,403)
逾期1至180日	1-180 days past due	2.3%	88,569	(2,058)
逾期181至365日	181-365 days past due	38.8%	5,411	(2,102)
逾期超過365日	More than 365 days past due	40.0%	7,598	(3,039)
			261,455	(8,602)
並無個別減值	Individually not impaired		54,352	-
個別減值	Individually impaired		22,334	(22,334)
			76,686	(22,334)
			338,141	(30,936)

未逾期亦未減值之應收賬款與大 量近期沒有拖欠記錄的客戶有 關。

已逾期但未減值的應收賬款與本集團多名擁有良好往績記錄的獨立客戶有關。根據過往經驗,管理層認為,由於該等結餘的信貸質素並無重大變動,且結餘仍視為可悉數收回,故此毋須就該等結餘作出減值撥備。

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired related to a wide range of customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired related to a number of independent customers that had a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believed that no impairment allowance was necessary in respect of these balances as there had been no significant change in credit quality and the balances were still considered fully recoverable.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

30 金融風險管理及公允價值(續)

30 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

應收貿易賬款(續)

年內,就貿易應收賬款減值撥備 賬之變動如下:

(a) Credit risk (continued)

Trade receivables (continued)

Movement in the loss allowance account in respect of trade receivables during the year is as follows:

		二零一九年	二零一八年
		2019	2018
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
於一月一日的結餘	Balance at 1 January	30,936	13,073
年內已撇銷款項	Amounts written off during the year	(3,375)	(2,358)
年內已(撥回)/確認	Impairment losses (reversed)/recognised		
減值虧損	during the year	(2,368)	20,221
於十二月三十一日的結餘	Balance at 31 December	25,193	30,936

完全減值貿易應收賬款的增加乃 來自一組單獨早前有財務困難但 於本年度已償還部分應收賬款的 一個獨立集團的客戶,導致二零 一九年內虧損撥備減少。 The decrease of fully impaired trade receivables is due from customers in a separate group who had financial difficulty before but paid back part of the account receivables this year, which contributed to the decrease in the loss allowances during 2019.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

30 金融風險管理及公允價值(續)

30 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

(b) 流動資金風險

在管理流動資金風險方面,本集團監察並維持管理層認為適當的現金及現金等價物水平,以減低短期現金流量波動的影響。本集團的網營提供資金,並減低短期現金流量波動的影響。本集團的財務部負責通過使用銀行信宜以保持資金上持續及靈活兩方面取得平衡,以滿足本集團對流動資金的需求。

下表詳述於報告期末本集團及本公司餘下未到期按合約性未貼現現金流量計算之非衍生金融負債(包括按合約利率計算的利息款項,如屬浮動利率,則按於報告期末利率計算),及本集團及本公司應付的最早日期:

(b) Liquidity risk

In the management of liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of short-term fluctuations in cash flows. The Group's treasury department is responsible for maintaining a balance between continuity and flexibility of funding through the use of banking facilities in order to meet the Group's liquidity requirements.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the end of reporting period of the Group's and the Company's non-derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of reporting period) and the earliest date the Group and the Company can be required to pay:

				二零一九年		
				2019		
			合約性未			
			貼現現金	一年內或	一年以上	兩年以上
			流量總額	按要求償還	但少於兩年	但少於五年
			Total	Within	More than	More than
		賬面值	contractual	1 year	1 year	2 years
		Carrying	undiscounted	or on	but less	but less
		amount	cash flow	demand	than 2 years	than 5 years
貸款	Loans	882,622	947,408	554,420	246,400	146,588
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	557,080	557,080	557,080	-	-
其他應付款項	Other payables	470,094	470,094	470,094	-	-
應付利息	Dividend payables	2,511	2,511	2,511	-	-
		1,912,307	1,977,093	1,584,105	246,400	146,588

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

30 金融風險管理及公允價值(續)

30 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

				二零一八年		
				2018		
			合約性未			
			貼現現金	一年內或	一年以上	兩年以上
			流量總額	按要求償還	但少於兩年	但少於五年
			Total	Within	More than	More than
		賬面值	contractual	1 year	1 year	2 years
		Carrying	undiscounted	or on	but less	but less
		amount	cash flow	demand	than 2 years	than 5 years
貸款	Loans	1,135,259	1,187,062	307,151	526,756	353,155
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	493,192	493,192	493,192	-	-
其他應付款項	Other payables	432,564	432,564	432,564	-	
		2,061,015	2,112,818	1,232,907	526,756	353,155

(c) 利率風險

本集團利率風險主要來自計息借款。以浮動利率及固定利率計息的借款分別使本集團面臨現金流量利率風險及公允價值利率風險。

本集團計息借款的利率及償還條款披露於附註24。本集團的浮動利率借款承擔因利率變動導致現金流量變動的風險。

(c) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from interest-bearing borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates and at fixed rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk respectively.

The interest rates and terms of repayment of the interest-bearing borrowings of the Group are disclosed in note 24. The Group's floating interest rate borrowings are exposed to a risk of change in cash flows due to changes in interest rates.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

30 金融風險管理及公允價值(續)

30 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

(c) 利率風險(續)

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,在利率整體增加100個基點及其他變數保持不變的估算下,本集團的除稅後溢利及留存盈利減少約人民幣5,750,502元(二零一八年:人民幣7,731,789元),因此,除本集團的留存盈利外,對綜合權益的其他部分並不構成影響。

上述敏感性分析乃假設利率變動已於報告期末產生並適用於當日存在的衍生及非衍生金融工具所承擔的利率風險而作出。增加100個基點為管理層對直至下一個報告期利率的合理可能變動的評估。分析基準與二零一八年相同。

(d) 貨幣風險

本集團大部分產生收入的業務都 以人民幣進行交易,而人民幣不 能自由兑換為外幣。所有涉及人 民幣的外匯交易須通過中國人民 銀行或獲授權買賣外幣的其他機 構進行。

(c) Interest rate risk (continued)

At 31 December 2019, it is estimated that a general increase of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would have decreased the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by approximately RMB5,750,502 (2018: RMB7,731,789), and there is no impact on other components of the consolidated equity, except for retained profits of the Group.

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of reporting period and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for both derivative and non-derivative financial instruments in existence at that date. The 100 basis point increase represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rates over the period until the next annual reporting period. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2018.

(d) Currency risk

Majority of the revenue-generating operations of the Group are transacted in RMB, which is not freely convertible into foreign currencies. All foreign exchange transactions involving RMB must take place through the People's Bank of China or other institutions authorised to buy and sell foreign currencies.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

30 金融風險管理及公允價值(續)

30 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

(d) 貨幣風險(續)

(i) 貨幣風險承擔

下表詳述本集團於報告期末 因已確認資產或負債因使用 相關公司功能貨幣以外的貨 幣計值而產生的貨幣風險承 擔。為方便呈報,承受風險 金額以人民幣列值,使用換 算匯率為年度結算日即期匯 率換算。

(d) Currency risk (continued)

(i) Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group's exposure at the end of reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate. For presentation purposes, the amounts of the exposure are shown in RMB, translated using the spot rate at the year end date.

外幣匯兑風險承擔(以人民幣千元呈列) Exposure to foreign currencies (expressed in thousands of Renminbi)

二零一九年

		2019			
		美元	人民幣	港元	
		USD	RMB	HKD	
應收貿易賬款	Trade receivables	2,419	-	-	
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	12,438	710	279	
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	(34,608)	-	(4,981)	
已確認資產及負債	Net exposure arising from				
產生之淨風險承擔	recognised assets and				
	liabilities	(19,751)	710	(4,702)	

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

30 金融風險管理及公允價值(續)

30 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

(d) 貨幣風險(續)

(d) Currency risk (continued)

(i) 貨幣風險承擔(續)

(i) Exposure to currency risk (continued)

外幣匯兑風險承擔(以人民幣千元呈列) Exposure to foreign currencies (expressed in thousands of Renminbi)

二零一八年

2018 美元 人民幣 港元 USD **RMB** HKD 應收貿易賬款 Trade receivables 現金及現金等價物 Cash and cash equivalents 530 10,891 1,874 應付貿易賬款 Trade payables (50,836)(6,200)計息借貸 Interest-bearing borrowings (82,083)已確認資產及負債 Net exposure arising from 產生之淨風險承擔 recognised assets and liabilities (39,945)1,874 (87,753)

(ii) 敏感性分析

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

下表載列,假設所有其他風險變數維持不變,倘於報告期末使本集團面臨重大風險的匯率於該日出現變動,將使本集團除稅後虧損或溢利(及留存盈利)產生即時變動。敏感性分析包括本集團公司間的結餘,而結餘是以貸方及借款方功能貨幣以外的貨幣計值。

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's loss or profit after tax (and retained profits) that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant. The sensitivity analysis includes balances between Group entities where the denomination of the balances is in a currency other than the functional currencies of the lender or the borrower.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

30 金融風險管理及公允價值(續)

30 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

- (d) 貨幣風險(續)
 - (ii) 敏感性分析(續)

- (d) Currency risk (continued)
 - (ii) Sensitivity analysis (continued)

		二零	一九年		一八年	
		20	019	2018		
			對除税後		對除税後	
			溢利及		溢利及	
		匯率上升/	留存盈利	匯率上升/	留存盈利	
		(下降)	的影響	(下降)	的影響	
		Increase/	Effect on	Increase/	Effect on	
		(decrease)	profit	(decrease)	profit	
		in foreign	after tax	in foreign	after tax	
		exchange	and retained	exchange	and retained	
		rate	profits	rate	profits	
人民幣	RMB	5%	(1,024)	5%	(5,327)	
		(5)%	1,024	(5)%	5,327	

上表呈列的分析為本集團公司間按各自功能貨幣計算的 除稅後虧損或溢利及權益, 為方便呈列而按於報告期末 當日的即期匯率換算為人民 幣所產生的即時總體影響。

敏感性分析乃假設匯率變動 已於報告期末產生並適用於 本集團各公司當日存在的非 衍生工具的匯率風險承擔, 及所有其他變數(尤其是利 率)維持不變而作出。分析 基準與二零一八年相同。 Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on each of the Group entities' profit or loss after tax and equity measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into RMB at the exchange rate ruling at the end of reporting period for presentation purposes.

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had occurred at the end of reporting period and had been applied to each of the Group entities' exposure to currency risk for non-derivative financial instruments in existence at that date, and that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2018.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

30 金融風險管理及公允價值(續)

30 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

(e) 業務風險

本集團面對的財務風險承擔來自 禽畜及禽畜農產品價格變動以及 飼料配料成本及供應變動,所有 這些風險均由不斷變化的市場供 求力量及其他因素所決定。其他 因素包括環保法規、氣候條件及 禽畜疾病等。此等條件及因素基 本上不為本集團所能控制。

本集團亦面臨是否有能力維持動物處於健康狀況的風險。禽畜健康問題會對生產及消費者信心構成不利影響。本集團定期檢查禽畜健康,並備有減少傳染病潛在風險的程序。然而即使已備有相關政策及程序,無法保證本集團的業務不會受到傳染病的影響。

本集團通過維持眾多供應商以限 制對個別供應商的高度依賴,以 此減低經營所需主要原料由於價 格波動而帶來的風險。

(e) Business risk

The Group is exposed to financial risks arising from changes in prices of livestock and livestock's agricultural produce and the change in cost and supply of feed ingredients, all of which are determined by constantly changing market forces of supply and demand, and other factors. The other factors include environmental regulations, weather conditions and livestock diseases. The Group has little or no control over these conditions and factors.

The Group is subject to risks relating to its ability to maintain animal health status. Livestock health problems could adversely impact production and consumer confidence. The Group monitors the health of its livestock on a regular basis and has procedures in place to reduce potential exposure to infectious diseases. Although policies and procedures have been put into place, there is no guarantee that the Group will not be affected by epidemic diseases.

The Group manages its exposure to fluctuation in the price of the key raw materials used in the operations by maintaining a large number of suppliers so as to limit high concentration in a particular supplier.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

30 金融風險管理及公允價值(續)

30 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

(f) 商品價格風險

本集團面對在承諾採購原材料 前,玉米及豆粕商品價格的任何 不可預計上漲及完成採購後五 及豆粕商品價格的任何不可預計上漲及完成採購後 及豆粕商品價格的任何不可預計上漲及豆粕商品價格的任何不可預 本集團免受玉米及豆粕商品明實 交易代理訂立商品衍生合約公 (就此並無採用任何對沖會計方 (就此並無採用任何對沖會計方式 動於綜合損益表中確認。

(g) 公允價值計量

(i) 以公允價值計量的金融資產 及負債

> 根據國際財務報告準則第 13號公允價值計量,本集 團將公允價值定義分為三個 等級。公允價值計量之級別 乃參照估值方法所使用的數 據之可觀察性和重要性分 類:

(f) Commodity price risk

The Group is exposed to price risks arising from any unexpected increase in the prices of corn and soybean meal commodities before committing to purchase of raw materials and any unexpected decreases in the prices of corn and soybean meal commodities following completion of purchases. To protect the Group from the impact of price fluctuations in corn and soybean meal commodities, commodity derivative contracts are entered into with independent futures trading agents. Changes in the fair value of commodity derivative contracts that economically hedge the price fluctuations in corn and soybean meal commodities and for which no hedge accounting is applied are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

(g) Fair value measurement

(i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

In accordance with IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement, the Group defines the three levels of fair value hierarchy. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

30 金融風險管理及公允價值(續)

30 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

(g) 公允價值計量(續)

- (g) Fair value measurement (continued)
- (i) 以公允價值計量的金融資產 及負債(續)
- (i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (continued)
- 第1級估值:僅使用 第1級數據計量之公 允價值,即於計量日 期在活躍市場對相同 資產或負債未經調整 的報價

 Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date

• 第2級估值:使用第2 級數據計量之公允價 值,即不符合第1級 的可觀察數據及未有 採用不可觀察之重要 數據。不可觀察數據 乃指無法取得市場資 料之數據 Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available

• 第3級估值:使用不可觀察之重要數據計量之公允價值

 Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs

本集團按公允價值計量的金 融資產及負債為商品衍生合 約。 The Group's financial asset and liability measured at fair value is commodity derivative contracts.

商品衍生合約的公允價值以 獨立交易代理商之報價計量 (並無調整),因此分類為第 1級。商品衍生合約均於二 零一九年十二月三十一日終 止,因此,概無衍生金融 工具於二零一九年十二月 三十一日於資產負債表確 認。 The fair value of commodity derivative contracts are measured using quoted prices from independent trading agents without adjustments and therefore fall into level 1. The commodity derivative contracts were all closed as at 31 December 2019, thus no derivative financial instruments was recognised on balance sheet as at 31 December 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

30 金融風險管理及公允價值(續)

(g) 公允價值計量(續)

(ii) 並非以公允價值入賬的金融 資產及負債的公允價值。本 集團及本公司以成本或攤銷 成本入賬的金融資產及負債 的賬面值與其於二零一九年 及二零一八年十二月三十一 日的公允價值並無重大差 異。

31 會計估計及判斷

估計不明朗因素主要來源

附註23載列有關撥備假設的資料。估計 不明朗因素的其他主要來源如下:

(i) 存貨之可變現淨值

存貨之可變現淨值為正常業務過程中的估計銷售價格,減估計完成的成本及分銷開支。該等估計乃根據現時市況及銷售類似性於產品的過往經驗而作出。由於變及競爭對手因應激到的行業競爭而採取的行動,將管理層於報告期末重新評估該變現可管理層於報告期末重新評估數現可管理層於報告期末重新評估數現可值之較低者列示。

30 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

(g) Fair value measurement (continued)

(ii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value. The carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's financial assets and liabilities carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2019 and 2018.

31 ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Note 23 contains information about the assumptions relating to provisions. Other key sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

(i) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and distribution expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and historical experience of selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in customer preference and competitor actions in response to severe industry cycles. Management reassesses these estimations at the end of reporting period to ensure inventory is shown at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

31 會計估計及判斷(續)

31 ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

估計不明朗因素主要來源(續)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(ii) 應收貿易賬款減值

(ii) Impairment of trade receivables

本集團估計因客戶無法支付所需 款項所致呆壞賬減值虧損。本集 團以應收貿易賬款的賬齡、客戶 的信譽和以往撇銷經驗等資料作 為估計的基礎。如果該等客戶的 財務狀況惡化,則實際撇銷數額 將會高於估計數額。 The Group estimates impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts resulting from inability of the customers to make the required payments. The estimate is based on the ageing of the trade receivable balance, customer credit-worthiness, and historical write-off experience. If the financial conditions of the customers were to deteriorate, actual write-offs would be higher than estimated.

(iii) 固定資產減值

(iii) Impairment of fixed assets

本集團於每個報告期末覆核資產的賬面值,以釐定是否有減值的客觀證據。當發現減值跡象時。管理層會編製貼現未來現值值與使用價值度,以評估賬面值與使用價值是預過,及就減值虧損計提設的借。現金流量預測內採用假設的任何變動將會增加或減少減值虧損撥備,及影響本集團的資產淨值。

The Group reviews the carrying amounts of the fixed assets at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. When indication of impairment is identified, management prepares discounted future cashflow to assess the differences between the carrying amount and value in use and provided for impairment loss. Any change in the assumptions adopted in the cash flow forecasts would increase or decrease in the provision of the impairment loss and affect the Group's net asset value.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

31 會計估計及判斷(續)

估計不明朗因素主要來源(續)

(iv) 所得税

釐定所得税撥備涉及對若干交易 未來税務處理的判斷。本集團謹 慎評估該等交易的税務影響, 並 計提相應的税項撥備。該等交易 的税務處理定期重新考慮,以計 及税務法規的所有修訂。未動用 税務虧損及可扣税暫時差額均確 認為遞延税項資產。由於該等遞 延税項資產僅限在未來應課税溢 利可用作抵銷未動用税項抵免時 才會確認,故此管理層作出判斷 時須評估將來產生應課税溢利之 可能性。管理層的評估不斷覆 核,如果未來應課税溢利可能足 以彌補遞延税項資產,則會確認 額外的遞延税項資產。

(v) 釐定租賃期

如政策註釋3(c)所述,租賃負債 最初按於租賃期內的應付租賃付 款現值確認。於租賃開始日期釐 定包含本集團可行使續租權之租 賃期時,本集團會評估行使續租 權之可能性,並考慮到所有能形 成經濟誘因促使本集團行使續租 權之相關事實及情況(包括有利 條款、已進行之租賃裝修,以及 該相關資產對本集團經營之重要 性)。倘發生重大事件或出現本 集團控制範圍以內之重大變動情 況,則將重新評估租賃期。任何 租賃期之延長或縮短均會影響未 來年度確認之租賃負債及使用權 資產金額。

31 ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(iv) Income tax

Determining income tax provisions involves judgement on the future tax treatment of certain transactions. The Group carefully evaluates tax implications of transactions and tax provisions are set up accordingly. The tax treatment of such transactions is reconsidered periodically to take into account all changes in tax legislations. Deferred tax assets are recognised for tax losses not yet used and temporary deductible differences. As those deferred tax assets can only be recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised, management's judgement is required to assess the probability of future taxable profits. Management's assessment is constantly reviewed and additional deferred tax assets are recognised if it becomes probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

(v) Determining the lease term

As explained in policy note 3(c), the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term. In determining the lease term at the commencement date for leases that include renewal options exercisable by the Group, the Group evaluates the likelihood of exercising the renewal options taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the group to exercise the option, including favourable terms, leasehold improvements undertaken and the importance of that underlying asset to the Group's operation. The lease term is reassessed when there is a significant event or significant change in circumstance that is within the Group's control. Any increase or decrease in the lease term would affect the amount of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets recognised in future years.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

32 公司層面的財務狀況表

32 COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	附註	二零一九年	二零一八年
	Note	2019	2018
非流動資產	Non-current assets		
於附屬公司的投資	Investments in subsidiaries	1,791,274	1,762,259
應收附屬公司款項	Amounts due from subsidiaries	385,784	531,898
		2,177,058	2,294,157
流動資產	Current assets		
其他應收款項	Other receivables	479	838
應收關聯人士款項	Amounts due from related parties	32,388	50,359
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	3,571	1,924
		36,438	53,121
流動負債	Current liabilities		
其他應付款項	Other payables	10,976	8,304
計息借貸	Interest-bearing borrowings	173,847	24,220
應付關聯人士款項	Amounts due to related parties	19,418	36,770
		204,241	69,294
流動負債淨值	Net current liabilities	(167,803)	(16,173)
資產總值減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities	2,009,255	2,277,984
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities		
計息借貸	Interest-bearing borrowings	233,556	567,752
		233,556	567,752
資產淨值	Net assets	1,775,699	1,710,232
資本及儲備	Capital and reserves 27(a)		
股本	Share capital	97,920	97,920
儲備	Reserves	1,260,981	1,224,695
留存盈利	Retained profit	416,798	387,617
權益總額	Total equity	1,775,699	1,710,232

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

33 報告後的非調整性事項

自二零二零年初以來,新型冠狀病毒肺炎爆發為本集團的營運環境帶來額外不明朗因素,並對本集團的營運及財務狀況造成影響。

本集團一直密切監察發展對本集團業務 的影響,並已實施應急措施。該等應變 措施包括:增加更多冷藏地點、增加物 流活動的選擇、評估對合約農戶的影 響,以及與高風險的養殖戶聯絡及發展 更多銷售渠道。本集團將因應情況的發 展,不時檢討應變措施。

就本集團的業務而言,該爆發導致若干 附屬公司於二零二零年二月的營運延 遲。本集團已採取上述應變措施應對有 關情況作出回應。根據現時可得資料, 管理層估計此將不會導致於二零一九年 十二月三十一日的存貨及貿易應收款項 結餘產生額外減值虧損。隨著形勢的不 斷發展及可能獲得更多資料,實際影響 可能與該等估計有所不同。

33 NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING

The COVID-19 outbreak since early 2020 has brought about additional uncertainties in the Group's operating environment and has impacted the Group's operations and financial position.

The Group has been closely monitoring the impact of the developments on the Group's businesses and has put in place contingency measures. These contingency measures include: increasing additional cold storage locations; increasing our options for logistics movements; assessing the impact on contract farmers and liaising with high-risk raising farmers; developing more sales channels. The Group will keep our contingency measures under review as the situation evolves.

As far as the Group's businesses are concerned, the outbreak has caused production delays for certain subsidiaries in February 2020. The Group has initiated the above contingency measures to respond. Based on the information currently available, the management estimated that this would not result in additional impairment losses on the 31 December 2019 balances of inventories and trade receivables. The actual impacts may differ from these estimates as situation continues to evolve and further information may become available.

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

34 比較數字

本集團於二零一九年一月一日使用經修訂追溯法初次應用國際財務準則第16號。根據該方法,並無重列比較資料。會計政策變動的進一步詳情於附註2(e)披露。

35 直接及最終控股公司

本集團於二零一九年十二月三十一日 的直接母公司及最終控股方分別為在 英屬處女群島及中華民國註冊成立的 Waverley Star Limited及大成長城企 業。

大成長城企業於臺灣證券交易所上市, 並根據中華民國公認會計原則編製綜合 財務報表,可供公眾使用。

34 COMPARATIVE FIGURES

The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, comparative information is not restated. Further details of the changes in accounting policies are disclosed in note 2(e).

35 IMMEDIATE AND ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

At 31 December 2019, the immediate parent and ultimate controlling party of the Group are Waverley Star Limited and GWE respectively, which are incorporated in BVI and the Republic of China respectively.

GWE, which is listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange, produces consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of China, which are available for public use.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(除另有指明外,以人民幣千元呈列) (Expressed in thousands of Renminbi unless otherwise stated)

36 已頒佈但未於截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度生效的 修訂、新訂準則及詮釋的潛在 影響

截至本財務報表刊發日期,國際會計準則委員會已頒佈多項於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度尚未生效且並無於本財務報表採納的修訂、新訂準則國際財務報告準則第17號「保險合約」及詮釋。其中包括可能與本集團有關的以下內容。

36 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, N E W S T A N D A R D S A N D INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the IASB has issued a number of amendments and a new standard, IFRS 17, Insurance contracts, which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2019 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These developments include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

在下列日期或其後 開始的會計期間生效 Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after

國際財務報告準則第3號(修訂本),業務的定義 Amendments to IFRS 3, Definition of a business 二零二零年一月一日 1 January 2020

國際會計準則第1號及國際會計準則第8號(修訂本),重大的定義 Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8, Definition of material 二零二零年一月一日

1 January 2020

本集團正評估該等修訂、新準則及詮釋 於初步應用期間預期造成的影響。至今 本集團已取得採用該等準則並不太可能 對綜合財務報表造成重大影響的結論。 The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments, new standards and interpretations is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far the Group has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

公司資料 Corporate Information

董事

執行董事

尉安寧先生*(已調任為執行董事及委任為 主席,自二零二零年三月一日起生效)* 韓家寅先生

非執行董事

韓家宸先生(主席)(已辭任主席及調任為 非執行董事,自二零二零年三月一日起

生效)

韓家寰先生

韓家宇先生 趙天星先生

獨立非執行董事

魏永篤先生

陳治先生

丁玉山先生(自二零二零年三月二日起生效)

審核委員會

魏永篤先生(主席)

陳治先生

尉安寧先生*(已辭任,自二零二零年*

三月一日起生效)

丁玉山先生(自二零二零年三月二日起生效)

薪酬委員會

丁玉山先生(已被委任為主席,

自二零二零年三月二日起生效)

尉安寧先生(主席)(已辭任,

自二零二零年三月二日起生效)

韓家宇先生

韓家宸先生

魏永篤先生

陳治先生

提名委員會

陳治先生(主席)

韓家宸先生

韓家寰先生

魏永篤先生

尉安寧先生(已辭任,

自二零二零年三月二日起生效)

丁玉山先生(自二零二零年三月二日起生效)

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Wei Anning (Re-designated as an executive Director and appointed as Chairman with effect from 1 March 2020)

Mr. Han Chia-Yin

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Harn Jia-Chen (Chairman) (Resigned as Chairman and re-designated as a non-executive Director with effect from

1 March 2020)

Mr. Han Jia-Hwan

Mr. Han Chia-Yau

Mr. Chao Tien-Shin

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Way Yung-Do

Mr. Chen Chih

Mr. Ting Yu-Shan (with effect from 2 March 2020)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Way Yung-Do (Chairman)

Mr. Chen Chih

Mr. Wei Anning (Resigned with effect from 1 March 2020)

Mr. Ting Yu-Shan (with effect from 2 March 2020)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Ting Yu-Shan (Appointed as Chairman with effect from 2 March 2020)

Mr. Wei Anning (Chairman)

(Resigned with effect from 2 March 2020)

Mr. Han Chia-Yau

Mr. Harn Jia-Chen

Mr. Way Yung-Do

Mr. Chen Chih

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chen Chih (Chairman)

Mr. Harn Jia-Chen

Mr. Han Jia-Hwan

Mr. Way Yung-Do

Mr. Wei Anning

(Resigned with effect from 2 March 2020)

Mr. Ting Yu-Shan (with effect from 2 March 2020)

公司資料

Corporate Information

執行委員會

韓家宸先生*(主席) (已辭任,自二零二零年* 三月一日起生效)

尉安寧先生(已被委任為主席,

自二零二零年三月一日起生效)

韓家寅先生

歐倉舟先生(已辭任,自二零二零年

三月一日起生效)

孫德宏先生

張景平先生

徐培根先生

韓芳祖先生

公司秘書

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2001-2, 2012及2310室

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所

於《財務彙報局條例》下的註冊公眾利益實體 核數師

核數則

執業會計師

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主要往來銀行

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註冊辦事處

Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, George Town P.O. Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Mr. Harn Jia-Chen (Chairman) (Resigned with effect from 1 March 2020)

Mr. Wei Anning (Appointed as Chairman with effect from 1 March 2020)

Mr. Han Chia-Yin

Mr. Ou Chang-Jou (Resigned with effect from 1 March 2020)

Mr. Sun Teh Hong

Mr. Chang Chin-Pyng

Mr. Hsu Pei Ken

Mr. Jonathan Fang-Tsu Han

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Cho Yi Ping

LEGAL ADVISER

Wong & Tang Solicitors Units 2001-2, 2012&2310, 20/F & 23/F, CC Wu Building, 302-308 Hennessy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong

AUDITORS

KPMG

Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Financial Reporting Council Ordinance

Certified Public Accountants

8th Floor, Prince's Building, 10 Chater Road

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五年財務摘要 Five Years Financial Summary

截至十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31 December

		二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一五年
		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
經營收入(人民幣百萬元)	Turnover (RMB million)	8,035	7,192	8,507	8,124	8,899
毛利(人民幣百萬元)	Gross profit (RMB million)	982	760	816	755	708
毛利率(%)	Gross profit margin (%)	12.2	10.6	9.6	9.3	8.00
年度溢利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) for the year					
(人民幣百萬元)	(RMB million)	206	62	92	117	(111)
純利/(虧)率(%)	Net profit/(loss) margin (%)	2.56	0.86	1.08	1.44	(1.25)
本公司擁有人應佔溢利/	Profit/(loss) attributable to owners of					
(虧損)(人民幣百萬元)	the Company (RMB million)	134	13	29	54	(154)
每股盈利/(虧損)	Earnings/(loss) per share					
-基本(人民幣元)	- basic (RMB)	0.13	0.01	0.03	0.05	(0.15)
-攤薄(人民幣元)	- diluted (RMB)	0.13	0.01	0.03	0.05	(0.15)

於十二月三十一日

At 31 December

		At 01 December				
		二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一五年
		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
		人民幣百萬元	人民幣百萬元	人民幣百萬元	人民幣百萬元	人民幣百萬元
		RMB million	RMB million	RMB million	RMB million	RMB million
資產淨值	Net assets	2,012	1,828	1,861	1,761	1,705
資產總值	Total assets	4,048	3,903	3,999	3,660	3,725
非控股權益	Non-controlling interest	377	337	319	272	249
負債總值	Total liabilities	2,035	2,075	2,138	1,899	2,020

可溯源 更安心

