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# Corporate Information 公司資料

# **Board of Directors Executive Directors**

Mr. Cheng Chung Hing (Co-Chairman) (2)(3)

Mr. Fung Sing Hong Stephen (Vice Chairman) (FCPA) \*\*

Mr. Song Chuan (Chief Executive Officer) #

Ms. Cheng Ka Man Carman ##

#### **Non-Executive Directors**

Dr. Ma Kai Cheung SBS, BBS (Co-Chairman)

Mr. Sun Kai Lit Cliff BBS, JP

Dr. Ma Wai Mo

Mr. Cheng Tai Po

Mr. Leung Moon Lam BBS\*

Mr. Lin Ching Hua

# **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Mr. Leung Kwan Yuen Andrew GBS, SBS, JP (1)(2)(3)

Mr. Li Wai Keung (1)(2)(3)

Mr. Hui Chiu Chung JP (1)

Mr. Yung Wing Ki Samuel SBS, MH, JP (1)

#### **Chief Financial Officer**

Mr. Tsoi Yiu Ting (FCCA)

# **Company Secretary**

Ms. Tse Man Yu Michelle (FCPA)

#### **Auditor**

Ernst & Young

#### **Legal Advisors**

As to Hong Kong law Baker & McKenzie

As to China law

Commerce & Finance Law Offices

- (1) Member of Audit Committee
- (2) Member of Remuneration Committee
- (3) Member of Nomination Committee
- Re-designated as Non-Executive Director of the Company and ceased to act as Executive Director of the Company with effect from 4 May 2017.
- Appointed as Vice Chairman of the Group and remains as Executive Director of the Company, but ceased to act as Chief Executive Officer of the Group with effect from 4 May 2017.
- # Appointed as Executive Director of the Company and Chief Executive Officer of the Group with effect from 4 May 2017.
- ## Appointed as Executive Director of the Company with effect from 4 May 2017.

# 董事會

# 執行董事

鄭松興先生(*聯席主席)(2)(3)* 馮星航先生(*集團副主席)(FCPA)\*\** 宋川先生(*集團行政總裁)*# 鄭嘉汶女士##

# 非執行董事

馬介璋博士銀紫荊星章、銅紫荊星章(聯席主席)

孫啟烈先生銅紫荊星章、太平紳士

馬偉武博士

鄭大報先生

梁滿林先生銅紫荊星章\*

林璟驊先生

# 獨立非執行董事

梁君彥先生金紫荊星章、銀紫荊星章、太平紳士(1)(2)(3)

李偉強先生(1)(2)(3)

許照中先生太平紳士(1)

容永祺先生銀紫荊星章、榮譽勳章、太平紳士(1)

# 集團首席財務總監

蔡耀庭先生(FCCA)

# 公司秘書

謝文瑜女士(FCPA)

# 核數師

安永會計師事務所

#### 法律顧問

香港法律

貝克 • 麥堅時律師事務所

中國法律

通商律師事務所

- (1) 審核委員會成員
- ② 薪酬委員會成員
- ③ 提名委員會成員
- · 自2017年5月4日起調任為本公司非執行董事,不再擔任本公司執行董事。
- 自2017年5月4日起晉升為集團副主席,並繼續擔任本公司之執行董事,但不再擔任集團行政總裁。
- # 自2017年5月4日起獲委任為本公司執行董事兼集團行政總裁。
- # 自2017年5月4日起獲委任為本公司執行董事。

# Corporate Information (Continued) 公司資料(續)

# **Principal Bankers**

Agricultural Bank of China Limited

Bank of China Limited

Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.

China CITIC Bank Corporation Limited

China Construction Bank Corporation

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited

Industrial Bank Co., Ltd.

Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Co., Ltd.

The Export-Import Bank of China

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

# **Registered Office**

Room 2205, Sun Life Tower

The Gateway, 15 Canton Road

Tsimshatsui

Kowloon

Hong Kong

# **Share Registrar**

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited

Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre

183 Queen's Road East

Wanchai

Hong Kong

# **Listing Information**

# **Share Listing**

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

Stock code: 1668

# **Senior Notes Listing**

The Company's 5.75% 3 years senior notes due 2020

The Company's 6.75% 5 years senior notes due 2021

The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited

#### Website

www.chinasouthcity.com

# **Investor Relations**

Telephone: (852) 3188-3111 Fax: (852) 3188-1323

Email: ir@chinasouthcity.com

# 主要往來銀行

中國農業銀行股份有限公司

中國銀行有限公司

交通銀行股份有限公司

中信銀行股份有限公司

中國建設銀行股份有限公司

中國工商銀行股份有限公司

興業銀行股份有限公司

上海浦東發展銀行股份有限公司

中國進出口銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

# 註冊辦事處

香港

九龍

尖沙咀

廣東道15號港威大廈

永明金融大樓2205室

# 證券登記處

香港中央證券登記有限公司

香港

灣仔

皇后大道東183號

合和中心17樓1712-1716室

# 上市資料

股份上市

香港聯合交易所有限公司

股份代號:1668

# 優先票據上市

本公司於2020年到期的5.75%3年期優先票據本公司於2021年到期的6.75%5年期優先票據

新加坡證券交易所有限公司

# 網站

www.chinasouthcity.com

# 投資者關係

電話:(852)3188-3111

傳真:(852)3188-1323

電郵: ir@chinasouthcity.com

# 華海城

# CHINA SOUTH CITY Shenzhen 深圳



HOBA Furnishing mega store in CSC Shenzhen 於深圳華南城的好百年家居大型門店

Total Planned GFA 總規劃建築面積

2.64

million m² 百萬平方米



Marketing campaign in CSC Shenzhen outlet mall 於深圳華南城奧特萊斯商城舉行的宣傳活動

# **China South City Shenzhen**

China South City Shenzhen ("CSC Shenzhen"), the Group's first project, is strategically located at the heart of the Pearl River Delta region amid an extensive transportation network.

The project is situated at the Pinghu Logistics Park in Longgang District of Shenzhen, occupying a site area of approximately 1.06 million square meters ("sq. m."). As at 31 March 2017, CSC Shenzhen has acquired 100% attributable gross floor area ("GFA") of its total planned GFA of approximately 2.64 million sq. m., and has completed approximately 2.39 million sq. m. of construction with phase I, phase II and part of its phase III properties in operation, covering industries such as textile & clothing, leather & accessories, electronic parts, printing, paper products & packaging, metals and chemicals, hotel supplies, tea & teaware, crossborder products, E-commerce, home furnishing, outlets and newly rolled out ATLANTIS shop selling affordable international luxury goods, etc.

Positioned as a modern large-scale integrated logistics and trading platform to serve the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Big Bay Area, CSC Shenzhen covers a wide spectrum of product range, from raw materials to finished products of various industries and themed products, complemented by comprehensive ancillary facilities and services including offices, residential facilities, outlet mall, conference and exhibition facilities, both bonded and common warehousing, hotels and restaurants, banking and financial services, on-site logistics services in couple of quality testing services, property management, E-commerce platform and on-site government bodies, etc.

# 深圳華南城

深圳華南城為本集團旗下首個項目,策略性位處粵港 澳大灣區,坐擁完善的交通網絡。

項目位於深圳龍崗區平湖物流園區,佔地面積約106萬平方米。截至2017年3月31日,深圳華南城已購得約264萬平方米總規劃建築面積100%的可建建築面積,並已完成約239萬平方米建設,項目一期、二期及部分三期物業已投入運營,經營業態包括紡織服裝、皮革皮具、電子配件、印刷、紙製品及包裝、五金化工、酒店用品、茶葉茶具、跨境商品、電子商務、家居家品、奧特萊斯及新增設的亞特蘭蒂斯國際奢侈品折扣店等。

作為服務粵港澳大灣區的現代化大型綜合商貿物流及商品交易平台,深圳華南城涵蓋廣泛產品種類,由多種行業的原材料到製成品及主題商品,並配以辦公樓、住宅、奧特萊斯商城、會議及展覽設施、保稅倉及普通倉儲、酒店及餐廳、銀行及金融服務、駐場物流及質檢服務、物業管理、電子商貿平台,以及駐場政府機構等綜合配套設施及服務。

Birdview – CSC Shenzhen 深圳華南城鳥瞰圖









Birdview – CSC Shenzhen 深圳華南城鳥瞰圖

# CHINA SOUTH CITY Nanchang

南昌



Plaza 5 in CSC Nanchang 於南昌華南城的5號交易廣場

Total Planned GFA 總規劃建築面積

7.30

million m² 百萬平方米



Cross-border Commodities outlet center in CSC Nanchang outlet mall 於南昌華南城的跨境商品直銷中心

# **China South City Nanchang**

China South City Nanchang ("CSC Nanchang") is located at the transportation hub for the Yangtze River Delta and the Pearl River Delta Economic Zone. Situated in Honggutan New District of Nanchang, the capital of Jiangxi Province, the project is readily accessible to suppliers, manufacturers and merchants via major highways, the largest port on the Gan River and a complete freight network which includes a cargo marshal yard, a container terminus and an international airport, coupled with Nanchang West Railway Station — a principal high-speed rail station located just 1.2 kilometer ("km") from CSC Nanchang.

The project has a total planned land area of approximately 2.81 million sq. m. with a total planned GFA of approximately 7.30 million sq.m.. As at 31 March 2017, CSC Nanchang has acquired land with approximately 4.63 million sq. m. planned GFA, and has completed approximately 1.86 million sq. m. of construction. The trial operations of CSC Nanchang cover industries such as building & decoration materials, small commodities, textile & clothing, leather & accessories, healthy & green products, outlets and newly rolled out ATLANTIS shop selling affordable international luxury goods, etc.

As the first provincial-level E-commerce Model Base in Jiangxi Province and state-level University Students' E-commerce Business Incubator in Nanchang, CSC Nanchang has successfully attracted numerous E-commerce enterprises to move in since its establishment and cooperated with tertiary institutes to proactively consolidate its resources in wholesale and E-commerce, so as to create a closer co-operation between the E-commerce startups and manufacturing enterprises, thereby helping small and medium-sized enterprises ("SMEs") within the project to transform and upgrade.

# 南昌華南城

南昌華南城位於長三角及珠三角經濟區的交通樞紐。項目坐落於江西省省會南昌市的紅谷灘新區,毗連主要高速公路及贛江的最大港口,並擁有完善的貨運網絡,包括鐵路編組站、鐵海聯運集裝箱堆場及國際機場,且距離主要高鐵車站南昌西客站僅1.2公里,為供應商、生產商及商家提供方便的交通連接。

項目總規劃佔地面積約281萬平方米,總規劃建築面積約730萬平方米。截至2017年3月31日,南昌華南城已購得規劃建築面積約463萬平方米的土地,並已完成約186萬平方米建設。南昌華南城試運營的業態包括家居建材、小商品、紡織服裝、皮革皮具、健康綠色產品、奧特萊斯及新增設的亞特蘭蒂斯國際奢侈品折扣店等。

南昌華南城作為江西省首個省級電子商務示範基地及國家級南昌市大學生電子商務創業孵化基地,自成立以來已成功吸納眾多電商企業入駐,並與當地高等院校合作,通過積極整合批發及電商資源,創造電商創業企業與生產企業的緊密對接,協助項目內中小企業進行轉型及升級。



The launch for sale at CSC Nanchang 南昌華南城的開盤活動



Residential properties in CSC Nanchang 於南昌華南城的住宅物業



Birdview – CSC Nanchang 南昌華南城鳥瞰圖

# CHINA SOUTH CITY Nanning

南寧



Residential properties in CSC Nanning 於南寧華南城的住宅物業

# **China South City Nanning**

China South City Nanning ("CSC Nanning") is located at Nanning, the capital of the Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region and a critical gateway between China and the Association of Southeast Asian Nations ("ASEAN") countries. It is easily accessible by railway stations, highways and an international airport. Strategically located in close proximity to Southeast Asia and enjoying the advantage of a tariff waiver on cross-border trade activities within the China-ASEAN Free Trade Area, CSC Nanning endeavors to serve as a key hub for cross-border trade catering to the demand from the Northern Bay Region and Southeast Asia.

The project has a planned net land area of approximately 1.83 million sq. m. with a total planned GFA of approximately 4.88 million sq. m. As at 31 March 2017, CSC Nanning has acquired land with approximately 2.48 million sq. m. planned GFA, and has completed approximately 1.55 million sq. m. of construction. The trial operations of CSC Nanning cover industries such as textiles & clothing, small commodities, ASEAN products, home furnishing, tea & teaware, E-commerce, integrated foodstuff and outlets, etc.

Through organizing a series of exhibitions, such as the China-ASEAN Expo and Light Industrial Exhibition, International Automobile Exhibition and Spring Tea Festival, traffic flow to the project as well as regional brand recognition of the project were enhanced. With government bodies, major banks, hotels and cinema moving in, the ancillary facilities and services of the project have been further enhanced.

Total Planned GFA 總規劃建築面積

4.88

million m² 百萬平方米



The outlet mall in CSC Nanning 於南寧華南城的奧特萊斯商城

# 南寧華南城

南寧華南城位於廣西壯族自治區首府南寧市,是中國與東南亞國家聯盟(「東盟」)成員國之間的重要窗口,項目與火車站、高速公路及國際機場接連,交通便利。坐擁毗鄰東南亞的策略性地理優勢,受惠於中國一東盟自由貿易區於跨境貿易活動豁免關稅的優勢,南寧華南城致力成為重要的跨境貿易樞紐,以滿足北部灣及東南亞地區的需求。

項目的規劃淨佔地面積約183萬平方米,總規劃建築面積約488萬平方米。截至2017年3月31日,南寧華南城已購得規劃建築面積約248萬平方米的土地,並已完成約155萬平方米建設。南寧華南城的試運營業態包括紡織服裝、小商品、東盟產品、家居家品、茶葉茶具、電子商貿、綜合食品及奧特萊斯等。

通過舉辦中國一東盟博覽會輕工展及國際汽車展覽、 春茶節等一系列展會活動帶旺項目人氣,並提升品牌 的區域知名度。隨著各政府機構、各大銀行、酒店及 影院陸續入駐南寧華南城,項目的配套設施及服務得 到進一步完善。



International Food Fair at CSC Nanning 於南寧華南城舉辦的國際美食節



Birdview – CSC Nanning 南寧華南城鳥瞰圖



Birdview – CSC Nanning 南寧華南城鳥瞰圖

# CHINA SOUTH CITY Xi'an 西安



Hardware & machinery trade center in CSC Xi'an 於西安華南城的五金機電交易中心

# China South City Xi'an

China South City Xi'an ("CSC Xi'an") is located at the Xi'an International Trade and Logistics Park in Shaanxi Province. The park is an open economic pilot zone and a core function area for modern service industry, built as a key project by the local government. Its aim is to become the largest international transit hub port and logistics distribution center along the Silk Road Economic Belt and to act as an important strategic platform for the "Belt and Road" initiative.

The project has a total planned land area of approximately 10.0 million sq. m. with a total planned GFA of approximately 17.5 million sq. m.. As at 31 March 2017, CSC Xi'an has acquired land with approximately 4.68 million sq. m. planned GFA, and has completed approximately 1.57 million sq. m. of construction. The trial operations of CSC Xi'an cover industries such as hardware & machinery, textile & clothing, leather & fur, automobile & parts, building & decoration materials, cross-border E-commerce, outlets and Central Asia & ASEAN product exhibition center, etc.

Leveraging its geographical advantage in the starting point of the Silk Road Economic Belt, CSC Xi'an is actively poised to capture the immense opportunities arising from the "Belt and Road" initiative.

Total Planned GFA 總規劃建築面積

**17.5** 

million m² 百萬平方米



Marketing campaign in CSC Xi'an outlet mall 於西安華南城奧特萊斯商城舉行的宣傳活動

# 西安華南城

西安華南城坐落於陝西省西安市國際港務區內。該港 務區是當地政府重點打造的開放型經濟先導區與現代 服務業核心功能區,旨在成為絲綢之路經濟帶上最大 國際中轉樞紐港與商貿物流集散地,是聯接「一帶一 路」戰略的重要平台。

項目總規劃佔地面積約1,000萬平方米,總規劃建築面積約1,750平方米。截至2017年3月31日,西安華南城已購得規劃建築面積約468萬平方米的土地,並已完成約157萬平方米建設。西安華南城試運營的業態包括五金機電、紡織服裝、皮革皮草、汽摩汽配、家居建材、跨境電商、奥特萊斯及中亞與東盟產品展示中心等。

憑藉作為絲綢之路經濟帶起點的地理位置優勢,西安 華南城積極蓄勢,以把握[一帶一路]倡議帶來的龐大 商機。



Birdview – CSC Xi'an 西安華南城鳥瞰圖



Hardware & machinery product trade center in trial operation 試運營中的五金機電交易中心

Subway line 3 passing through CSC Xi'an has commenced trial operation 貫通西安華南城的地鐵3號線已 開始試運營

# 華痴城

# CHINA SOUTH CITY Harbin 哈爾濱



Residential properties in CSC Harbin 於哈爾濱華南城的住宅物業

# Total Planned GFA 總規劃建築面積

**12.0** 

million m² 百萬平方米



ATLANTIS shop in CSC Harbin 於哈爾濱華南城的亞特蘭蒂斯門店

# **China South City Harbin**

Located at the Daowai District of Harbin, the capital of Heilongjiang Province, China South City Harbin ("CSC Harbin") fully utilises its advantageous location in Northeast China, a premier hub for cross-border trade with countries in Northeast Asia.

The project has a planned land area of approximately 10.0 million sq. m. with a total planned GFA of approximately 12.0 million sq. m.. As at 31 March 2017, CSC Harbin has acquired land with approximately 4.74 million sq. m. planned GFA, and has completed approximately 1.17 million sq. m. of construction. Currently, the planned operations of CSC Harbin cover industries such as hardware & construction materials, green food, small commodities, hotel supplies, leather & fur, outlets and newly rolled out ATLANTIS shop selling affordable international luxury goods, etc.

Leveraging its proximity to the China-Russia border geographical location and local industries advantages, CSC Harbin will seize the opportunities arising from the area's development potential and endeavor to become the largest integrated logistics and trade center in Northeast China.

#### 哈爾濱華南城

哈爾濱華南城位於黑龍江省省會哈爾濱市道外區,盡 享中國東北部的地理優勢,是東北亞國家的跨境貿易 主要樞紐。

項目規劃佔地面積約1,000萬平方米,總規劃建築面積約1,200萬平方米。截至2017年3月31日,哈爾濱華南城已購得規劃建築面積約474萬平方米的土地,並已完成約117萬平方米建設。哈爾濱華南城目前規劃經營的業態包括五金建材、綠色食品、小商品、酒店用品、皮革皮草、奧特萊斯及新增設的亞特蘭蒂斯國際奢侈品折扣店等。

利用自身毗鄰中俄邊境的地理位置及當地產業優勢, 哈爾濱華南城將充分把握該區發展潛力所帶來的機 遇,致力成為中國東北部最大的綜合物流及商品交易 中心。



The outlet mall in CSC Harbin 於哈爾濱華南城的奧特萊斯商城



Hardware & machinery trade center in CSC Harbin 於哈爾濱華南城的五金機電交易中心



Birdview – CSC Harbin 哈爾濱華南城鳥瞰圖

# 華海城

# CHINA SOUTH CITY Zhengzhou 鄭州



The extension of subway line 2 passing through CSC Zhengzhou has commenced trial operation 貫通鄭州華南城的地鐵2號線延長線已開始試運營

Total Planned GFA 總規劃建築面積

**12.0** 

million m<sup>2</sup> 百萬平方米



The launch for sale at CSC Zhengzhou 鄭州華南城的開盤活動

# **China South City Zhengzhou**

China South City Zhengzhou ("CSC Zhengzhou") is located at the Airport Economy Zone ("AEZ") of Zhengzhou, the capital of Henan Province. The experimental zone is the only state-level AEZ with a complete network which includes an international airport, high-speed train, intercity train, metro and highway and acts as an integrated transport hub providing seamless connectivity. The project is highly accessible and enjoys extensive transportation links – it is a mere 16 km away from Zhengzhou Xinzheng International Airport and only a couple of kilometers away from the Beijing-Guangzhou Railway Freight Station and the Beijing-Hong Kong-Macao Highway.

The project has a total planned net land area of approximately 7.0 million sq. m. with a total planned GFA of approximately 12.0 million sq. m. As at 31 March 2017, CSC Zhengzhou has acquired land with approximately 8.68 million sq. m. planned GFA, and has completed approximately 2.64 million sq. m. of construction. The project has commenced trial operation since August 2014 with industries covering building & decoration materials, small commodities, hardware & machinery, automobile & parts, non-staple food and E-commerce, etc.

CSC Zhengzhou has received overwhelming support from the local government since its establishment. With more occupants moving in, CSC Zhengzhou will continue to strengthen its value-added services such as E-commerce, logistics & warehousing services and outlet operations to cater to the strong demand for integrated logistics and trade centers in China's inland regions, and provide a convenient trading platform to promote trade among cities in Central China.

#### 鄭州華南城

鄭州華南城位處河南省省會鄭州市的航空港經濟綜合實驗區。該實驗區乃目前全國唯一一個國家級航空港經濟綜合實驗區,是集國際航空、高鐵、城際鐵路、地鐵及高速公路於一體,可實現綜合樞紐的無縫銜接。項目享有廣闊的運輸網絡,四通八達,與鄭州新鄭國際機場相距僅16公里,與京廣鐵路貨運站及京港澳高速公路亦只數公里之遙。

項目總規劃淨佔地面積共約700萬平方米,總規劃建築面積約1,200萬平方米。截至2017年3月31日,鄭州華南城已購得規劃建築面積約868萬平方米的土地,並已完成約264萬平方米建設。項目自2014年8月已展開試運營,經營業態包括建材、小商品、五金機電、汽摩配件、副食品及電子商貿等。

鄭州華南城自成立以來一直獲當地政府的鼎力支持。 隨著越來越多商家入駐,鄭州華南城將不斷豐富包括電子商貿、物流及倉儲服務及奧特萊斯運營等在內的增值服務,致力迎合中國內陸地區對綜合物流及商品交易中心的殷切需求,為華中地區提供便捷的交易平台,促進商貿活動。



Trade center plaza 2 in CSC Zhengzhou 於鄭州華南城的二號交易廣場

Birdview – CSC Zhengzhou 鄭州華南城鳥瞰圖





Birdview – CSC Zhengzhou 鄭州華南城鳥瞰圖

# 華物城

# CHINA SOUTH CITY Hefei 合肥



Residential properties in CSC Hefei 於合肥華南城的住宅物業

Total Planned GFA 總規劃建築面積

**12.0** 

million m² 百萬平方米



Residential property launch for sale in CSC Hefei 於合肥華南城的住宅物業銷售開盤活動

# **China South City Hefei**

China South City Hefei ("CSC Hefei") is located at Hefei, the capital of Anhui Province, a transport and economic hub at the heart of Eastern China. CSC Hefei benefits from its strategic location in the Hefei Taohua Industrial Park, its well-developed infrastructure, as well as a planned transportation system which includes railways, highways and river transportation across China.

The project has a total planned net land area of approximately 10.0 million sq. m. with a total planned GFA of approximately 12.0 million sq. m.. As at 31 March 2017, CSC Hefei has acquired land with approximately 5.00 million sq. m. planned GFA, and has completed approximately 1.49 million sq. m. of construction. Currently, the planned operations of CSC Hefei cover industries such as automobile & parts, hardware, building & decoration materials, textile & clothing, small commodities and non-staple food, etc.

As Hefei further plays its role as the political, economic, cultural and financial center at the heart of East China, CSC Hefei aims to capture opportunities arising from the area and develop into a major large-scale integrated logistics and trade center in the region.

#### 合肥華南城

合肥華南城位處安徽省省會合肥市,為華東地區心臟 地帶的交通及經濟樞紐。坐落於桃花工業園,合肥華 南城盡享完善基礎建設的策略地利,並配備規劃的鐵 路、高速公路及河運運輸系統接連全中國。

項目總規劃淨佔地面積約1,000萬平方米,總規劃建築面積約1,200萬平方米。截至2017年3月31日,合肥華南城已購得規劃建築面積約500萬平方米的土地,並已完成約149萬平方米建設。合肥華南城目前規劃經營的業態包括汽摩汽配、五金、家居建材、紡織服裝、小商品及副食品等。

隨著合肥進一步發揮其作為華東中心地帶的政治、經濟、文化及金融中心的功能,合肥華南城將積極把握該區湧現的機遇,發展成為該地區的主要大型綜合物流及商品交易中心。

Non-staple food and small commodity market in CSC Hefei 於合肥華南城的副食品及小商品市場





Birdview – CSC Hefei 合肥華南城鳥瞰圖



Building & decoration materials market in CSC Hefei 於合肥華南城的家居建材市場

# CHINA SOUTH CITY Chongqing 重慶



The exhibition center in CSC Chongqing 於重慶華南城的展覽中心

Total Planned GFA 總規劃建築面積

13.5

million m² 百萬平方米



Cross-border commodities outlet center in CSC Chongqing 於重慶華南城的跨境商品直銷中心

# **China South City Chongging**

China South City Chongqing ("CSC Chongqing") is strategically located at the Banan District of Chongqing Municipality, the first of the Group's municipal project. The project is highly accessible to the city center and other regions given its strategic location in the Chongqing Highway Logistics Base, the state-level transportation infrastructure and large highway base in the western region.

The project has a total planned net land area of approximately 6.3 million sq. m. with a total GFA of approximately 13.5 million sq. m.. As at 31 March 2017, CSC Chongqing has acquired land with approximately 5.99 million sq. m. planned GFA, and has completed approximately 1.44 million sq. m. of construction. The planned operations of CSC Chongqing cover industries such as small commodities, hardware & machinery, hotel supplies, building & decoration materials, textiles & clothing and automobile & parts, cultural tourism and outlets, etc.

CSC Chongqing is currently under construction. The surrounding transportation network and the growing maturity of business circles in Banan District will lay a good foundation for the future transportation convenience and commercial environment of the project.

#### 重慶華南城

重慶華南城策略性位處重慶市巴南區,為本集團首個落戶直轄市的項目。座擁西部國家級大型交通基建重慶公路物流基地的策略性地利,項目連接完善的高速公路網絡,可連接貫通市中心及全國其他地區。

項目總規劃淨佔地面積約630萬平方米,總規劃建築面積約1,350萬平方米。截至2017年3月31日,重慶華南城已購得規劃建築面積約599萬平方米的土地,並已完成約144萬平方米建設。重慶華南城目前規劃經營的業態包括小商品、五金機電、酒店用品、家居建材、紡織服裝、汽摩汽配、文化旅遊及奧特萊斯等。

重慶華南城目前仍在施工階段。項目周邊交通網絡的 建設,及所處巴南區商圈的日漸成熟,將為重慶華南 城未來的交通及商業氛圍的培養奠定良好的基礎。



Birdview – CSC Chongqing 重慶華南城鳥瞰圖

The outlet mall in CSC Chongqing under development 在建中的重慶華南城奧特萊斯商城





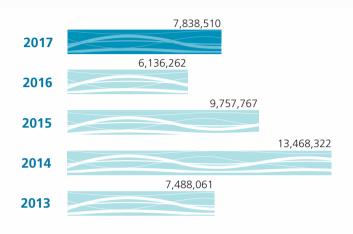
Birdview – CSC Chongqing 重慶華南城鳥瞰圖

# Financial Highlights 財務摘要

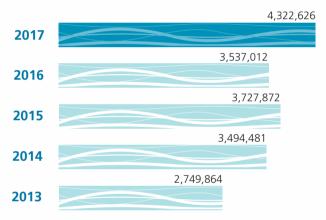
(in HK\$'000千港元)

# Revenue

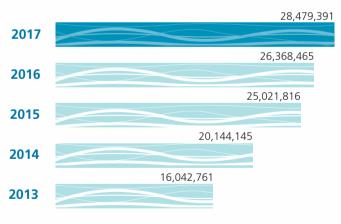
收入



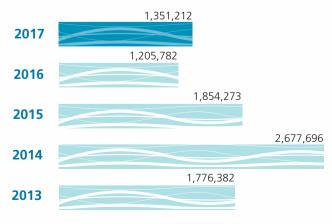
# Profit attributable to owners of the parent 母公司擁有人應佔淨利潤



# Net assets value 資產淨值



# Core net profit attributable to owners of the parent 母公司擁有人應佔核心淨利潤

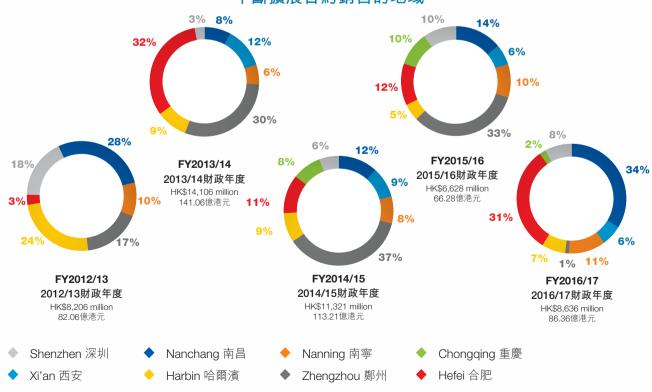


For the year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度		<b>2017</b> <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元	Approximate Change % 概約變幅%
Contracted sales	合約銷售	8,635,650	6,628,147	30.3
Revenue	收入	7,838,510	6,136,262	27.7
Among which, Recurring income	其中:持續性收入	1,597,957	1,420,559	12.5
Gross profit margin	毛利率	45%	48%	
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	母公司擁有人應佔 淨利潤	4,322,626	3,537,012	22.2
Core net profit attributable to owners of the parent*	母公司擁有人應佔 核心淨利潤*	1,351,212	1,205,782	12.1
Earnings per share – Basic	每股盈利-基本	HK53.99 cents港仙	HK44.22 cents港仙	22.1
Cash and bank balances**	現金及銀行存款**	10,490,909	11,686,695	
Proposed final dividend per share	擬派末期股息(每股)	HK5.0 cents港仙	HK5.0 cents港仙	

<sup>\*</sup> Represents the net profit attributable to owners of the parent excluding fair value gains on investment properties and related tax effects and loss on redemption of senior notes.

# **Geographical Diversified Contracted Sales**

不斷擴展合約銷售的地域



代表未計投資物業公平值收益及相關稅務影響和贖回優先票據之虧損的母公司擁有人應佔淨利潤。

<sup>\*\*</sup> Represents cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash. 代表現金及現金等價物及受限制現金。

# Chairman's Statement 主席報告

On behalf of the board of directors ("the Board") of China South City Holdings Limited (the "Company"), together with its subsidiaries ("China South City" or the "Group"), I am pleased to report the audited consolidated annual results of the Group for the fiscal year ended 31 March 2017 ("FY2016/17" or the "Year").

本人謹代表華南城控股有限公司(「本公司」)之董事會(「董事會」),連同其附屬公司(「華南城」或「本集團」),謹此欣然呈報本集團截至2017年3月31日止財政年度(「2016/17財政年度」或「本年度」)經審核的綜合年度業績。

#### **Results and Dividend**

The Year was again challenging in the face of constant changes in the operating environments, but China South City responded in an impeccable manner with considerable success. During the Year, the Central government has continued its structural reforms that are steering the economy positively towards a solid foundation for ensuring long-term growth and sustainability. China's economy remained relatively stable despite facing continued downward pressure and global market uncertainties. China's gross domestic product ("GDP") grew at 6.9% in the first quarter of 2017, slightly faster than the government's target of 6.5% in 2017, and China Manufacturing Purchasing Managers' Index ("PMI") has maintained at 51.2 in May 2017.

Despite the fluctuations in the overall economic environment, the Company continue to capitalize on its flexible business model to make steady progress, achieving growth in both contracted sales and revenue. As a number of projects gradually opening and scaling up, the Group has adjusted its product mix and accelerated the development of residential projects as well as ancillary facilities and services in order to cope with the shifting demand of the market. For the Year, the Group achieved a contracted sales growth of 30.3% to HK\$8,635.7 million (FY2015/16: HK\$6,628.1 million), while revenue increased by 27.7% from HK\$6,136.3 million to HK\$7,838.5 million, out of which recurring income grew by 12.5% to HK\$1,598.0 million (FY2015/16: HK\$1,420.6 million).

Net profit attributable to owners of the parent increased by 22.2% to HK\$4,322.6 million (FY2015/16: HK\$3,537.0 million) while core net profit attributable to owners of the parent (being net profit attributable to owners of the parent excluding fair value gains on investment properties and related tax effects and loss on redemption of senior notes) increased by 12.1% to HK\$1,351.2 million (FY2015/16: HK\$1,205.8 million). Basic earnings per share increased to HK53.99 cents (FY2015/16: HK44.22 cents).

The Board proposed a final dividend of HK5 cents per share for FY2016/17 (FY2015/16: HK5 cents per share), subject to shareholders' approval at the Company's forthcoming Annual General Meeting ("AGM") to be held on 21 August 2017.

# 業績及股息

本年度內,面對運營環境不斷改變,縱然充滿挑戰,然而華南城積極應對,並取得一定成績。中央政府於本年度繼續推進其結構性改革,積極推動經濟,建立穩固基礎,確保長遠增長及持續發展。儘管面臨持續下行壓力及全球市場的不確定因素,中國經濟仍然維持相對穩定。中國於2017年第一季度的國內生產總值增長6.9%,稍快於政府訂下的2017年6.5%的目標,而2017年5月份中國製造業採購經理指數(「PMI」)亦維持51.2水平。

儘管整體經濟環境波動,本公司繼續善用其靈活的商業模式,穩步推進,實現合約銷售及收入雙增長。隨著更多項目逐漸投入運營及規模擴大,本集團調整其產品組合,並加速住宅項目以及配套設施服務的發展,藉以應對市場需求的轉變。於本年度,本集團的合約銷售增長30.3%至86.357億港元(2015/16財政年度:66.281億港元),而收入由61.363億港元增加27.7%至78.385億港元,其中持續性收入增長12.5%至15.980億港元(2015/16財政年度:14.206億港元)。

母公司擁有人應佔淨利潤增加22.2%至43.226億港元(2015/16財政年度:35.370億港元),而母公司擁有人應佔核心淨利潤(即未計投資物業公平值收益及相關稅務影響和贖回優先票據之虧損的母公司擁有人應佔淨利潤)增加12.1%至13.512億港元(2015/16財政年度:12.058億港元)。每股基本盈利增加至53.99港仙(2015/16財政年度:44.22港仙)。

董事會建議派付2016/17財政年度的末期股息每股5港仙(2015/16財政年度:每股5港仙),惟須待股東於2017年8月21日舉行的本公司應屆股東周年大會(「股東周年大會」)批准後,方可作實。

# **Review of the Market and Operations**

# Solid performance driven by flexible business model

China South City has a diversified and flexible business model with a portfolio of projects occupying a strategic footprint in major provincial capitals and municipality in China. Tenants are spread over multiple industries and the Group is able to tactically adjust its sales mix according to the stage of development of the project and market demand in different localities. This allows the Group to smooth-out income streams and mitigates the impacts of cyclical fluctuations in order to ensure long-term business sustainability. The successful replication of the Group's projects across geographies continues to demonstrate the merits of this business model.

During the Year, as business activities grew along with the gradual scaling up and improvement in infrastructure development of the Group's existing projects, the Group saw a strong increase in housing demand and thus strategically stepped up its sales of residential properties. In order to take advantage of this opportunity to augment the sales of our trade centers, the Group has selectively increased its residential land bank in some of our existing projects. The Group recorded a 194.4% increase in residential properties sales in FY2016/17, accounting for 79.0% of total contracted sales (35.0% of total contracted sales in FY2015/16).

# Growing recurring income fosters greater stability

In order to build multiple sustainable earning drivers, the Group continued to implement its strategy of ramping up its recurring businesses including rental, property management, E-commerce, logistics and warehousing services and outlet operations.

Revenue generated from rental, property management, E-commerce, logistics and warehousing services and outlet operations for the Year was HK\$699.7 million, HK\$288.8 million, HK\$213.7 million, HK\$162.0 million and HK\$200.8 million respectively (FY2015/16: HK\$681.3 million, HK\$247.7 million, HK\$202.2 million, HK\$143.4 million and HK\$136.9 million respectively), with a growth of 12.5% of its recurring income when compared to last financial year.

In view of the outlet operations, the Group launched a new outlet chain named ATLANTIS which sells off-season affordable international luxuries and accessories items. During the Year, a total of three ATLANTIS shops were rolled out in Shenzhen, Nanchang and Harbin. As at 31 March 2017, the Group has seven existing outlet malls, together with three ATLANTIS shops, occupying a total operating Gross Floor Area ("GFA") of approximately 321,000 sq. m.. Riding on the success to date, more new outlet malls and ATLANTIS shops are expected to roll out in the coming year in selective locations.

# 市場及運營回顧

# 靈活商業模式驅動穩健表現

華南城擁有多元化且靈活的商業模式,項目戰略性布局於中國主要省會及直轄市。商戶分布在各種業態,故本集團可根據不同地區的項目發展階段及市場需求對其銷售組合作出戰略性調整。此舉使本集團得以穩定收入來源,及減輕週期性波動所帶來的影響,從而確保業務長遠的持續發展。本集團成功把項目複製於其他地區,繼續彰顯此商業模式的優勢。

於本年度內,伴隨本集團現有項目的基礎建設規模逐漸擴大及改善,商業活動得以相應增長,本集團預計住屋需求將會大幅上升,因此戰略性地增加住宅物業銷售。為把握這機遇從而帶動商品交易中心的銷售,本集團選擇性地於部分現有項目增加住宅用地儲備。本集團於2016/17財政年度錄得住宅物業銷售增長194.4%,佔合約銷售總額的79.0%(於2015/16財政年度佔合約銷售總額的35.0%)。

# 持續性收入增長提高穩定性

為豐富可持續盈利來源,本集團繼續貫徹其策略,加 快持續性業務的發展,包括租金、物業管理、電子商 貿、物流及倉儲服務以及奧特萊斯運營等。

於本年度內,來自租金、物業管理、電子商貿、物流及倉儲服務以及奧特萊斯運營的收入分別為6.997億港元、2.888億港元、2.137億港元、1.620億港元及2.008億港元(2015/16財政年度:分別為6.813億港元、2.477億港元、2.022億港元、1.434億港元及1.369億港元),持續性收入較上一財政年度增長12.5%。

於奧特萊斯運營方面,本集團推出了全新奧特萊斯連鎖店一亞特蘭蒂斯,負責銷售非當季的折扣國際奢侈品及配飾。於本年度內,深圳、南昌及哈爾濱共有三家亞特蘭蒂斯門店開幕。截至2017年3月31日,本集團現有七家奧特萊斯商城及三家亞特蘭蒂斯門店,總經營建築面積約為321,000平方米。乘着至今取得的佳績,預期將有更多新奧特萊斯商城及亞特蘭蒂斯門店於來年在選定的地點開業。

# Chairman's Statement (Continued) 主席報告(續)

"Internet Plus" remains a core strategy of China South City's fourth-generation integrated logistics and trading platform. As part of our online-offline initiative, the Group uses E-commerce not only to improve the business of the tenants of its projects, but also to induce online B2B businesses to open physical stores in the Group's projects. To strengthen the development of the Group's E-commerce services, a strategic cooperation agreement was signed during the Year with JD Group, an associate of Tencent Holdings Limited ("Tencent"). The cooperation aimed to foster a long-term and comprehensive partnership on B2B E-commerce, logistics and warehousing services as well as supply chain financing by leveraging the strengths of the two companies.

「互聯網+」仍然是華南城第四代綜合商貿物流及商品交易平台的一項核心戰略。作為線上線下計劃的一部分,本集團利用電子商貿不僅優化其項目商戶的業務,亦引入線上B2B業務在本集團項目中開設實體商舖。為加強本集團電子商貿服務的發展,本集團與騰訊控股有限公司(「騰訊」)的聯營公司一京東集團於本年度簽訂戰略合作協議。該合作旨在運用兩家公司的優勢,在B2B電子商貿、物流及倉儲服務及供應鏈金融等領域促成長遠且全面性的伙伴關係。

China South City's logistics and warehousing services continued to contribute a stable revenue during the Year. The rapid development of E-commerce has changed delivery patterns which makes warehouse location critical, as transportation costs increase markedly when delivery distances increase. The Group's well located facilities in China are well positioned to benefit from this trend. The Group has started to ramp up and upgrade its logistics and warehousing facilities and services in selective locations and plans to expand its logistics and warehousing services through initiatives such as providing customized warehouses to leading third party logistics and E-commerce companies.

於本年度,華南城物流及倉儲服務持續貢獻穩定的收入。電子商貿的快速發展改變了遞送模式,由於運輸成本隨著遞送距離增加而大幅上升,令倉儲選址至關重要。本集團於中國優越地理位置布局的設施正受惠於此趨勢。本集團正選擇性地於若干地點增加及提升其物流及倉儲設施及服務,並計劃透過向領先的第三方物流及電子商貿公司提供訂製倉儲等措施,擴張物流及倉儲服務。

# Striking a balance between business development and financial health

# Besides traditional banking facilities, the Group consistently pursues a financial strategy by diversifying its funding channels with various onshore and offshore capital and inter-bank market instruments in order to optimize its capital structure and debt maturity profile. In addition, the Group proactively adjusts its business development strategies, the pace of land acquisition and other capital expenditure in concurrence with its cash flow from operating and financing activities, in order to preserve liquidity as well as to keep its growth momentum, in return for maximizing shareholder value in the long run by building a strong and stable capital base to sustain its future business development.

#### 平衡業務發展與財務穩健

除傳統的銀行融資外,本集團一貫奉行通過各項境內 及境外資本及銀行間市場工具拓闊融資渠道的財務策 略,藉此優化其資本結構及債務到期組合。此外,本 集團積極調整業務發展戰略、土地收購及其他資本開 支的步伐,以配合運營及融資活動的現金流,從而維 持流動性及保持增長勢頭,通過建立堅實穩定的資本 基礎以維持未來的業務發展,長遠而言實現股東價值 的最大化。

During the Year, the Group has improved its gearing ratios and maintained a strong liquidity position which was supported by its satisfactory contracted sales performance as well as its growing recurring businesses. Selling and distribution expenses and administrative expenses have reduced to 22.6% of revenue in FY2016/17 from 33.3% of revenue in FY2015/16 through various costs and expenses control and staff rationalization measures. The Group also reduced its average financing cost from 6.3% to 6.2% and maintained a relatively high cash balance during the Year in order to mitigate the effect of potential tightening measures in China. As at 31 March 2017, the Group's cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash amounted to HK\$10,490.9 million (as at 31 March 2016: HK\$11,686.7 million).

於本年度,在合約銷售表現及持續性業務增長等方面 錄得較令人滿意表現的支持下,本集團改善了資本 負債比率及維持穩健的流動資金狀況。通過多項成 本和費用控制及精簡人員措施,使得銷售及分銷開 支及行政開支從2015/16財政年度佔收入的33.3%降 至2016/17財政年度的22.6%。本集團於本年度亦將 平均融資成本由6.3%降至6.2%,並保持較高的現金 結餘,以緩和中國潛在緊縮措施的影響。於2017年 3月31日,本集團的現金及現金等價物及受限制現金 為104.909億港元(於2016年3月31日:116.867億港 元)。

# Chairman's Statement (Continued) 主席報告(續)

# Strengthening of the senior management team

The sustainable development of China South City is based on the solid foundation of a visionary Board and an effective management team. As the business becomes more diversified and complex, the Group has been carefully rationalizing its staff structure as well as bringing in new members with relevant experience and successful track record, in order to strengthen its operational capabilities and efficiency.

The Group has promoted Mr. Fung Sing Hong Stephen as the Vice Chairman of the Group and Executive Director, and has appointed Mr. Song Chuan as the Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Group, as well as Ms. Cheng Ka Man Carman as an Executive Director in May 2017. The Group has also appointed new management members for its various businesses. Under the leadership of the Group's Chairman, Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, the management team with outstanding operational skills and expertise will be able to deliver the Group's development strategies more effectively and create value for shareholders.

# **Prospects**

Looking ahead, the Group is still facing uncertainties in the short term due to the changing dynamics of the global economic and political environments as well as industrial transition in China. While adopting a prudent approach in the short term, the Group, taking into account of China's improving economic fundamentals and favorable Central government initiatives, retains its cautiously optimistic outlook in the medium to long term.

Among the government strategies articulated by the Central government in its 13th Five-Year Plan, including urbanization, "Internet Plus" and "Belt and Road", China South City discerns particular benefits accruing from these visionary initiatives, which provides additional impetus for the development of the Group's fourth-generation integrated logistics and trade centers. The Group will also continue to collaborate with local governments to accelerate the transformation of shantytown including the upgrade and relocation of wholesale markets, in order to capitalize on the Group's strategic locations in eight provincial capitals and municipality in China.

# 強化高級管理團隊

華南城的持續發展有賴高瞻遠矚的董事會及高效的管理團隊所奠下的堅實基礎。伴隨業務變得更為多樣化及複雜,本集團審慎地調整其員工架構並增聘具相關經驗及具成功往績的新成員,以提升運營能力及效率。

於2017年5月,馮星航先生獲晉升為本集團副主席兼執行董事。同時,本集團委任宋川先生為執行董事兼集團行政總裁,以及鄭嘉汶女士為執行董事。本集團亦就其多個業務委任新管理成員。在本集團主席、副主席及行政總裁的領導下,具備傑出的運營技能及專業知識的管理團隊,將更有效地實施本集團的發展戰略,為股東創造價值。

# 前景

展望未來,由於全球經濟及政治環境不斷變化,加上中國的產業轉型,本集團短期內仍然面臨不確定因素。儘管本集團短期採取審慎態度,但結合中國經濟基礎日益增長及中央政府有利的倡議,本集團對中長期前景保持審慎樂觀。

對於中央政府在第十三個五年計劃提出有關發展城鎮化、推進「互聯網+」及「一帶一路」建設等策略,華南城洞察此等倡議所帶來的具體利益,為本集團第四代綜合物流及商品交易中心的發展提供更多動力。本集團亦將繼續與地方政府合作以加快棚戶區轉型,包括升級及搬遷批發市場,以善用本集團在中國八個省會及直轄市的戰略布局。

# Chairman's Statement (Continued) 主席報告(續)

China South City has a rich and diverse business model, with trade center being the backbone of the Group's business, supported by assetheavy ancillary facilities including logistics and warehousing facilities, as well as residential and commercial properties. Going forward, the Group will continue to leverage on the scale of its asset-heavy businesses to enhance its asset-light businesses such as outlets, E-commerce and property management. Along with the development of the projects and in accordance with local circumstances and market needs, the Group is going to enrich its business portfolio by providing financial services as well as facilities and services in relation to cultural tourism. The Group strives to create a complete business and living ecosystem for the tenants of its projects.

華南城擁有豐富且多元化的業務模式,當中商品交易中心是本集團業務的支柱,並輔以倉儲物流、住宅和商辦物業等重資產配套設施。展望將來,本集團將繼續運用其重資產業務的規模優勢,以強化奧特萊斯、電子商貿及物業管理等輕資產業務。隨著項目的發展及按當地情況及市場需求,本集團將加入金融服務及文化旅遊相關的設施及服務以豐富其業務組合。本集團致力為項目內的商戶締造一個完整且宜商宜居的生態圈。

In the coming year, the Group will continue to strike a balance between sustainable business development and efficient financial management. The management expects the Group to achieve an annual sales target of HK\$10 billion to HK\$12 billion for the fiscal year ended 31 March 2018 ("FY2017/18"). In relations to recurring business, the Group will strive to keep its growth momentum and develop a more diverse and stable revenue streams.

在未來一年,本集團會繼續可持續業務發展及有效財務管理之間取得平衡。管理層預期本集團截至2018年3月31日止財政年度(「2017/18財政年度」)將實現100億港元至120億港元的年度銷售目標。在持續性業務方面,本集團將致力保持其增長動力,繼續發展多元且穩定的收入來源。

Finally, on behalf of the Board, I wish to express my deepest gratitude to the Group's valued shareholders, customers and business partners for their trust and continued support for the Group. I would also like to thank the management and staff for their dedication and wholehearted commitment, which have helped to make China South City grow from strength to strength.

最後,本人謹代表董事會,向本集團的尊貴股東、客戶以及業務夥伴一直以來對本集團的信任及支持致以 最誠懇的感謝,同時亦感謝管理層及員工對協助華南 城日益壯大所作的貢獻及全心投入。

# **Cheng Chung Hing**

Co-Chairman & Executive Director

Hong Kong, 30 June 2017

#### 鄭松興

聯席主席兼執行董事

香港,2017年6月30日

# Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

# **Overview of Business Model**

China South City has a diversified portfolio of projects occupying a strategic footprint in eight provincial capitals and municipality in China. The Group aims to provide modern, integrated operating platforms with ancillary services to facilitate the business development of SMEs, through utilizing both online and offline channels, in order to provide a comfortable and affordable environment for its tenants to live and entertain in the same locality where they work.

Due to the scale of the Group's project, project development usually spans long economic cycles. Different projects at different stages of development tailor different industries and services according to the needs of local market. While the trade centers and logistics and warehousing are usually the first to be developed in a project, demand for residential housing steps up once the trade centers have gradually opened up and become more mature and accessible. Upon which, the Group develops residential facilities to meet the demand in the projects. The Group may tactically adjusts its sales mix between residential properties and trade centers according to the stage of project development and local demand. The Group selectively retains a portion of its developments, including trade centers, commercial and other ancillary facilities, as investment properties to generate stable and long term revenue stream.

Contributions from outlets operations, E-commerce, trade fairs and exhibitions, as well as the financial services and cultural tourism business will gradually increases in accordance with the increasing activities in and around the projects. These multiple and stable recurring income streams contribute to the long term business sustainability by mitigating the impacts of cyclical fluctuations in the trade center and property markets, which in turn contribute to the long term development of China South City.

# 商業模式概況

華南城擁有多元化的項目組合,戰略性布局於中國八個省會及直轄市。本集團致力提供現代化的綜合運營平台,通過線上及線下渠道及配套服務,協助中小企業開展業務,並為商戶在工作園區提供舒適且實惠的生活及娛樂環境。

鑒於本集團的項目規模,項目開發一般跨越長時間的經濟周期。處於不同發展階段的各項目按當地市場的需求來訂製不同的業態及服務。商品交易中心和物流及倉儲一般為較先開發的項目,當商品交易中心逐漸投入運營,且發展較為成熟及交通日益便利時,住宅需求將逐步提升。因此,本集團開發住宅設施以滿足項目的居住需求。本集團將根據項目開發階段及當地需求,戰略性地調整其住宅物業與商品交易中心之間的銷售組合。本集團選擇性地保留一部分發展項目包括商品交易中心、商業及其他配套設施擬作為投資性物業,以提供穩定且長期的收入來源。

來自奧特萊斯運營、電子商貿、貿易博覽會及展覽會,以及金融服務及文化旅遊業務的貢獻,將隨著項目及其周邊地區的活動日益增加而逐步遞增。這些多元及穩定的持續性收入可減輕商品交易中心市場及房地產市場的週期性波動所帶來的影響,為長遠業務可持續性帶來貢獻,進而有助於華南城業務的長遠發展。

#### **Business Review**

Amid global market changes and uncertainties, it was a challenging year for China South City and the SMEs in the projects. Nonetheless, China's economy remained stable as the government's supply-side structural reforms continued with increased investment in infrastructure and other economic stimulus measures. Key market indicators in the first quarter of 2017 have shown positive trends for both GDP growth and manufacturing PMI. In the meantime, China's housing market strengthened further, lifting demand in residential properties.

Benefitting by the gradual scale-up and improved accessibility to the Group's projects, market demand shifted in favor of more residential properties during the Year. Taking advantage of this trend, the Group has strategically accelerated the development and sales of its residential ancillary which resulted in a strong performance in the Group's contracted sales growth.

While the Group generated more revenue from the sales of residential properties in the Year, trade centers are still the backbone of the Group's business. In response to the change in the market, efforts have been made to reposition certain portion of the Group's properties development portfolio to improve sales and attract new tenants.

Recurring income continued to increase in all income streams, among which, outlet operations revealed a strong growth of 46.7% while the growth in property management and logistics and warehousing business were satisfactory at 16.6% and 12.9% respectively. The growth of rental and E-commerce business were relatively moderate. The growth in all segments of recurring income reflected an increase in business activities in our projects. Since the Group's businesses are mostly denominated in Renminbi, the growth of recurring income could be more prominent and close to 20% instead of 12.5% if taken out the effect of depreciation of Renminbi.

# 業務回顧

面對環球市場的轉變及市場不確定因素,對華南城及項目內的中小企業仍為極具挑戰的一年。但在中國政府持續增加基建投資及其他經濟刺激措施等供應側結構性改革的支持下,中國經濟仍然維持相對穩定。2017年第一季度的國內生產總值增長及製造業採購經理指數等主要市場指標仍然向好。同時,中國房屋市場持續增強,令住宅需求亦不斷增長。

於本年度,受益於本集團項目逐步擴大且交通日益便利,市場對住宅物業的需求相應增加。因此,本集團利用此趨勢,戰略性地加速其住宅配套的開發及銷售,從而令本集團的合約銷售增長有不錯的表現。

儘管本集團於本年度的住宅物業銷售收入增加,惟商 品交易中心仍為本集團的業務支柱。因應市場的變化 本集團調整了部分物業發展組合,以改善銷售及引進 新商戶。

持續性收入中的各個收入來源均繼續增長,其中奧特萊斯運營呈強勁增長達46.7%,而物業管理及物流與倉儲業務的增長分別為16.6%及12.9%,成績亦令人滿意。租賃及電子商貿業務的增長相對溫和。持續性收入中各分部均呈增長,反映項目的業務活動不斷增加。由於本集團的業務主要以人民幣結算,如果剔除人民幣貶值的因素,持續性收入的增長將近20%而非12.5%,增長更見明顯。

During the Year, the Group recorded total revenue of HK\$7,838.5 million (FY2015/16: HK\$6,136.3 million), among which, its recurring income increased 12.5% from HK\$1,420.6 million in FY2015/16 to HK\$1,598.0 million, accounting for 20.4% of total revenue (FY2015/16: 23.2%). Gross profit margin was 45% (FY2015/16: 48%). Net profit attributable to owners of the parent was HK\$4,322.6 million (FY2015/16: HK\$3,537.0 million). Basic earnings per share amounted to HK53.99 cents (FY2015/16: HK44.22 cents).

**Outlet Operations** 

Due to the changing consumer behavior, outlet business offering discounted branded products with quality shopping experience and aftersale services has become more popular and achieved rapid growth in recent years. Operating the Group's outlet business, Shenzhen Huasheng Commercial Development Company Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, continued to generate increasing recurring income and operating cash flow for the Group during the Year.

Since the inception of its first outlet mall in Shenzhen in 2011, the Group has successfully replicated this business to CSC Nanning, CSC Nanchang, CSC Xi'an and CSC Harbin, and extended its outlet operations to Zhengzhou and Dezhou during the Year. These operations have reported encouraging results, with growth recorded in both operating area and number of brand name tenants. The increased foot traffic brought about by visitors to the outlets has augmented the sales and market value of the Group's projects.

於本年度,本集團錄得總收入78.385億港元(2015/16 財政年度:61.363億港元),其中,持續性收入由2015/16 財政年度的14.206億港元增加12.5%至15.980億港元,佔總收入的20.4%(2015/16財政年度:23.2%)。毛利率為45%(2015/16財政年度:48%)。母公司擁有人應佔淨利潤為43.226億港元(2015/16財政年度:35.370億港元)。每股基本盈利為53.99港仙(2015/16財政年度:44.22港仙)。

# 奧特萊斯運營

由於消費者行為的轉變,提供折扣品牌產品、優質購物體驗及售後服務的奧特萊斯業務於近年愈趨普及且快速增長。由本集團之全資附屬公司一深圳華盛商業發展有限公司運營的奧特萊斯業務,於本年度繼續為本集團帶來更多持續性收入及經營現金流。

自2011年於深圳開設其第一家奧特萊斯商城以來,本 集團已成功複製該業務至南寧華南城、南昌華南城、 西安華南城及哈爾濱華南城,本年度更將該業務擴展 至鄭州及德州。此業務的運營業績令人鼓舞,其經營 面積及品牌商戶數目均錄得增長。奧特萊斯客流的增 加亦提高了本集團項目的銷售及市場價值。



The outlet mall in CSC Nanchang 於南昌華南城的奧特萊斯商城



The ATLANTIS shop in CSC Harbin 於哈爾濱華南城的亞特蘭蒂斯門店

During the Year, the outlet operations achieved a gross mall sales turnover of approximately RMB1,072.1 million and generated a recurring income of HK\$200.8 million, with the largest contribution from the outlet malls in CSC Shenzhen. The outlet mall in CSC Xi'an was the second-largest contributor in terms of sales turnover and number of brands. The Xi'an metro subway line 3 commenced trial operation from November 2016 and has been attracting increased visitor traffic that would be a boost to businesses for CSC Xi'an.

於本年度,奧特萊斯運營實現了商城銷售總額約人民 幣10.721億元,創造2.008億港元的持續性收入,其 中最大貢獻來自深圳華南城奧特萊斯商城。就銷售額 及品牌數目而言,西安華南城奧特萊斯商城為第二大 貢獻來源。西安地鐵3號線於2016年11月已投入試運 營,並吸引更多客流,為西安華南城帶來業務增長。

During the Year, the Group successfully launched ATLANTIS which is a brand-new outlet chain, and opened three ATLANTIS shops in Shenzhen, Nanchang and Harbin, ATLANTIS is based on the "Direct Overseas Sourcing" model, specializing in sourcing off-season affordable international luxury items from overseas, in order to meet the rising demand for affordable foreign luxury goods in China.

於本年度,本集團成功推出全新奧特萊斯連鎖店-亞 特蘭蒂斯,並已於深圳、南昌及哈爾濱開設三家門 店,利用「海外直購」模式,提供非當季的國際奢侈 品,滿足國內對外國折扣奢侈品日益增長的需求。

As at 31 March 2017, over 540 renowned domestic and international brands are drawn into the Group's outlets including ATLANTIS, occupying a total operating GFA of approximately 321,000 sq. m.

截至2017年3月31日,於本集團的奧特萊斯及亞特蘭 蒂斯內銷售的知名國內及國際品牌已逾540項,經營 建築面積共約321,000平方米。

# **E-commerce Development**

The empowerment of traditional industries by the integration of internet technology aligns with China's "Internet Plus" strategy, which is one of the key pillars of China South City's ancillary services that provide support to SMEs to raise their operational efficiency and competitiveness.

A key initiative of our Group is to develop its online-offline ecosystem, which leverages E-commerce to improve its tenants' businesses while providing brick-and-mortar space for online businesses to expand their offline presence in our wholesale and trade centers.

The Group's strategic alliances with leading internet firms is key to the successful development of its E-commerce services. In addition to its ongoing partnership with its strategic shareholder Tencent, China South City signed a strategic cooperation agreement with JD Group, an associate of Tencent during the Year.

Combining the strengths of the two companies, the cooperation aims to foster a long-term partnership on B2B E-commerce, logistics and warehousing services and supply chain financing. Under this agreement, a new online B2B industrial metal hardware procurement and trading platform is currently being developed using JD's cloud technology. The initial product will be focused on industrial metal hardware products. This business will provide a one-stop-shop industrial metal hardware procurement and trade service to enterprise clients by working closely

# 電子商貿發展

透過整合互聯網科技活化傳統行業正切合中國的「互 聯網+」策略,亦是華南城配套服務的骨幹之一,從而 為中小企業提供支援,提升其運營效率及競爭力。

發展線上線下生態圈是本集團的重要舉措,利用電子 商貿優化商戶的業務,為商戶線上業務提供實體空 間,以擴大其於我們批發及商品交易中心的線下使 用。

本集團與領先的互聯網公司的戰略結盟是成功發展其 電子商貿服務的關鍵。除與戰略股東騰訊繼續合作 外,華南城已於本年度與騰訊的聯營公司京東集團簽 訂戰略合作協議。

結合兩家公司的優勢,有關合作旨在加強B2B電子商 貿、物流及倉儲服務及供應鏈金融的長期夥伴關係。 根據此協議,現時正利用京東雲端技術開發新的線上 B2B五金工業產品採購及交易平台。初步產品重心將 集中於五金工業類產品。透過與華南城生態圈內的優 質供應商緊密合作,該業務將為企業客戶提供一站式 五金工業品採購交易服務。

with quality suppliers within the China South City's ecosystem.

# **Logistics & Warehousing Services**

The provision of integrated logistics and warehousing services differentiates the Group's logistics and trade centers from the traditional wholesale markets. The Group's logistics and warehouse facilities, strategically located in major provincial capitals and municipality, are well connected to key domestic logistics nodes. The growing maturity of the Group's projects, coupled with China's E-commerce boom, has created a strong demand for its warehousing facilities and logistics services from projects' tenants as well as E-commerce companies and third party logistics providers. In accordance with the needs of project development, the Group has commenced to ramp up and upgrade its logistics and warehousing facilities and services in selective locations with an expectation to further expand this business.

During the Year, revenue from this segment recorded HK\$162.0 million (FY2015/16: HK\$143.4 million), up by 12.9% year-on-year.

# 物流與倉儲服務

提供綜合物流與倉儲服務令本集團的物流及商品交易中心從傳統批發市場中脱穎而出。本集團的物流及倉儲設施戰略性地布局於主要省會及直轄市,連接國內關鍵物流節點。隨著本集團的項目日趨成熟,加上中國電子商貿增長,令項目商戶、電商公司及第三方物流供應商對倉儲設施及物流服務產生強勁需求。因應項目的發展需求,本集團正在若干地點增加及提升其物流及倉儲設施及服務,以期待進一步拓展此業務。

於本年度,此分部錄得收入1.620億港元(2015/16財 政年度:1.434億港元),同比增長12.9%。



Freight forwarding market in CSC Shenzhen 於深圳華南城的貨代市場



Fire brigade in CSC Chongqing 於重慶華南城的專業消防團隊

# **Property Management**

All of the Group's projects are managed by its wholly-owned subsidiary, Shenzhen First Asia Pacific Management Company Limited ("First Asia Pacific") and its corporate partners. First Asia Pacific is one of the very few property management companies that are capable of managing both trade and logistic centers as well as residential properties. The Group intends to position First Asia Pacific as one of the leading property management companies in the future and has embarked on a new plan to gradually lifting its servicing standards and facilities which may include using mobile applications with a range of property management functions.

# 物業管理

本集團所有項目均由其全資附屬公司一深圳第一亞太物業管理有限公司(「第一亞太」)及其企業夥伴所管理。第一亞太為少數能夠同時管理物流及商品交易中心以及住宅物業的物業管理公司之一。本集團有意於未來將第一亞太發展成一家領先的物業管理公司,並已著手逐漸提升其服務標準及設施的新規劃,其中包括使用具備多種物業管理功能的流動應用程式。

The Group has continued to register growth in recurring income and steady cash inflows provided by this segment. During the Year, recurring income from property management increased 16.6% year-on-year to HK\$288.8 million

本集團繼續於此分部錄得持續性收入增長及穩定現金 流入。於本年度,物業管理的持續性收入同比增長 16.6%至2.888億港元。

# **HOBA Furnishing**

The Group engages in the operation of middle-to-high-end quality home furnishing malls through its 75% owned subsidiary, Shenzhen HOBA Home Furnishing Chain Store Co., Ltd. ("HOBA Furnishing") which is listed on the National Equities Exchange and Quotations System, (also known as the "New Third Board") in China.

As at 31 March 2017, HOBA Furnishing operated ten stores, which included two mega stores opened in CSC Shenzhen and CSC Nanning, contributing stable recurring income and operating cash flow to the Group.

#### **Trade Fairs**

Many of the Group's projects has been selected to host important trade fairs and exhibitions organized by various local governments. These events were well received by international and local exhibitors as well as visitors. The success of these events considerably raised the profile of the Group's projects, boosted visitor and business traffic as well as created more business opportunities for the tenants of its trade centers.

#### **Events at a Glance**

# **ITFCEWC cum the Silk Road International Expo**

The 20th Investment & Trade Forum for Cooperation between East & West China ("ITFCEWC") cum 2016 Silk Road International Expo were held in Xi'an in May 2016. During the event, the "Silk Road Commodity Trade Fair" was undertaken by CSC Xi'an to exhibit numerous commodities produced by the countries along the Silk Road. Leveraging its convention and exhibition facilities and easily accessible logistic network, CSC Xi'an not only integrated the resources of countries along the Silk Road but also promoted full cooperation, driving trade and logistics development in Xi'an.

# 好百年家居

本集團透過其擁有75%股權,並於中國的全國中小企業股份轉讓系統(俗稱「新三板」)掛牌的附屬公司一深圳市好百年家居連鎖股份有限公司(「好百年家居」),經營中高檔品質的家居產品廣場。

截至2017年3月31日,好百年家居經營十家門店,其中包括於深圳華南城及南寧華南城開設的兩家大型門店,為本集團貢獻穩定的持續性收入及經營現金流。

# 貿易博覽會

本集團多個項目均獲選舉辦由多個當地政府組織的重要貿易博覽會及展會。該等貿易博覽會及展會反應熱烈,吸引眾多國際及當地的參展商及訪客,而該等活動的成功亦大大提升了本集團項目的知名度,增加訪客及業務流量,同時為商品交易中心的商戶帶來更多商機。

#### 活動回顧

# 西洽會暨絲博會

2016絲綢之路國際博覽會暨第二十屆中國東西部合作與投資貿易洽談會於2016年5月在西安舉行。當中「絲綢之路商品貿易展」由西安華南城承辦,展示絲路沿線國家眾多商品。西安華南城利用自身會議展覽與商貿物流的雙重優勢,一方面為絲路沿線國家的資源整合,另一方面為全方位合作做出積極貢獻,推動西安商貿物流產業的發展。

# **China-ASEAN Expo and Light Industrial Exhibition**

The 13th China-ASEAN Expo and Light Industrial Exhibition, co-hosted by China and the Economic and Trade Departments of ten ASEAN counterparts and the China-ASEAN Expo Secretariat, and organized by the Government of the Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region, took place in CSC Nanning in September 2016 for the 7th consecutive year. This has firmly established CSC Nanning as a hub for light industrial products trading between China and ASEAN countries, strengthening the trade links and cultural exchanges between both sides, and increased the Group's brand recognition in the region and among ASEAN countries.

### The 1st China Commercial Vehicles Fair

The 1st China Commercial Vehicles Fair was held in CSC Chongqing in October 2016. This event is a nation-wide trade fair for commercial vehicles, and also the first large-scale international exhibition at CSC Chongqing after its trial operation. With the success of the event, it has not only enhanced the collaboration of commercial vehicles industries with other industries, but also boosted the commercial vehicles development in Chongqing, bringing a steady flow of trade, logistics, capital and information, as well as business opportunities to CSC Chongqing.

# Central China Commodities Trade Expo cum CSC Zhengzhou International Food Exhibition

The 2nd Central China Commodities Trade Expo cum CSC Zhengzhou International Food Exhibition was held in CSC Zhengzhou in December 2016. This exhibition attracted numerous domestic and overseas exhibitors. Besides, the exhibition successfully demonstrated an operating model of "Wholesale market plus Exhibition", aiming to provide a seamless trading platform for domestic and overseas suppliers and buyers.

# Nanning CSJ Automobile Expo cum Nanning South China International Automobile Exhibition

The 9th Nanning CSJ Automobile Expo cum the 17th Nanning South China International Automobile Exhibition was also held in CSC Nanning in January 2017. The event attracted numerous exhibitors from China and overseas famous automobile brands, which considerably boosted the sales of exhibitors and also created business opportunities for other tenants in CSC Nanning.

# 中國-東盟博覽會輕工展

第十三屆中國一東盟博覽會輕工展由中國和東盟10國政府經貿主管部門及東盟秘書處共同主辦,並由廣西壯族自治區政府承辦,於2016年9月在南寧華南城舉行。該輕工展已連續七年於南寧華南城舉辦。該展會使南寧華南城成為中國與東盟各國之間輕工產品商貿物流的重要平台,有力推動了雙方貿易往來和人文互通,同時加強了本集團品牌於區內乃至東盟成員國間的認受性。

# 首屆中國商用車博覽會

2016年10月首屆中國商用車博覽會於重慶華南城舉行,本屆商用車博覽會是商用車行業的全國性盛會,同時,還為重慶華南城試運營後首個大型國際級展會。展會的成功,不僅推動了商用車和各領域的合作,亦同時促進重慶商用車行業的發展:為重慶華南城帶來持續的商流、物流、資金流、信息流,及為華南城的商家帶來更多商機。

# 中原商品交易博覽會暨鄭州華南城國際食品展覽會

於2016年12月,第二屆中原商品交易博覽會暨鄭州華南城國際食品展覽會在鄭州華南城盛大舉辦,展會吸引了眾多來自國內外的企業應邀參展。本屆展會是華南城「專業市場+展會」運營模式的成功示範,旨在為海內外供應商和採購商提供了一個「零距離」的對接平台。

# 南寧車世界汽車博覽會暨南寧華南國際車

第九屆南寧車世界汽車博覽會暨第十七屆南寧華南國際車展於2017年1月在南寧華南城舉辦。該次活動吸引了國內外眾多知名汽車品牌參展,顯著帶動了汽車參展商的銷售,並為南寧華南城內的其他商戶帶來商機。

#### **Ethnic and Cultural Festival cum Trade Fairs**

The Ethnic and Cultural Festival cum Trade Fair was held in CSC Nanning in the end of March 2017 for the 3rd consecutive year. This event attracted a large number of participants to the project annually. This 12-day event not only significantly boosted the turnover of tenants, but also enhanced the traffic flow and business opportunities, generating an ample cultural brand power of China South City in the region.

# **Financial Management**

The main objective of the Group's financial management is to maximize shareholders' value in the long run by building a strong and stable capital base to sustain the Group's future business development. To achieve this, the Group actively manages its financing structure through different onshore and offshore bank loans as well as inter-bank and capital market instruments in order to achieve an optimal capital structure and maturity profile.

The Group proactively adjusted its business development strategies, the pace of land acquisition and other capital expenditure in concurrence with its cash flows from operating and financing activities, in order to preserve liquidity as well as to keep its growth momentum.

During the Year, the Group has improved its gearing ratios and maintained a strong liquidity position which was supported by its satisfactory contracted sales performance as well as its growing recurring businesses. Selling and distribution expenses and administrative expenses have reduced to 22.6% of revenue in FY2016/17 from 33.3% of revenue in FY2015/16 through various cost and staff rationalization measures.

# 民俗文化商貿節暨博覽會

「"三月三•趕大圩"華南城第三屆民俗文化商貿節」於 2017年3月底在南寧華南城舉辦,該活動已經連續第 三年成功舉辦,每屆活動都能吸引大量遊客。為期12 天的活動不僅顯著帶動了華南城內商戶的銷售額,帶 來大量客流與商機,亦替華南城在區內形成了巨大的 文化品牌影響力。

# 財務管理

本集團的主要財務管理目標是通過建立堅實穩定的資本基礎以維持本集團未來的業務發展,長遠而言實現最大股東價值。為實現該目標,本集團通過不同境內外銀行貸款以及銀行間及資本市場工具積極管理融資架構,以實現最佳資本架構及債務到期組合。

本集團積極調整其業務發展戰略、土地收購、其他資本開支的步伐,以配合運營及融資活動的現金流,從 而維持流動性及保持增長勢頭。

於本年度,在合約銷售表現及持續性業務增長等方面 錄得較令人滿意表現的支持下,本集團改善了資本負 債比率及維持穩健的流動資金狀況。通過多項成本控 制及精簡人員措施,使得銷售及分銷開支及行政開支 從2015/16財政年度佔收入的33.3%降至2016/17財政 年度的22.6%。

Through proactive liability management, the Group has reduced its average financing cost from 6.3% to 6.2% and maintained a relatively high cash balance during the Year to mitigate the effect of potential tightening measures in China. As at 31 March 2017, the Group's cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash amounted to HK\$10,490.9 million (as at 31 March 2016: HK\$11,686.7 million).

透過積極的債務管理,本集團於本年度將其平均融資成本由6.3%降至6.2%,並保持較高的現金結餘,以緩和中國潛在緊縮措施的影響。於2017年3月31日,本集團的現金及現金等價物及受限制現金為104.909億港元(於2016年3月31日:116.867億港元)。

In the offshore financing market, the Group completed the issuances of an aggregate of US\$350 million senior notes due 2021 with an annual coupon rate of 6.75% in September and October 2016. Thereafter, the Group issued a US\$300 million senior notes due 2020 with an annual coupon rate of 5.75% in March 2017. The coupon rates of both issuances were considerably lower than those of the senior notes issued in previous years. During the Year, the Group also announced to redeem the senior notes issued in 2012 ("2012 Notes") and the senior notes issued in 2014 ("2014 Notes"), the coupon rates of which were 13.5% and 8.25% per annum respectively, with an aggregate redeemed principal of US\$525 million. These market exercises helped the Group to lower the average financing cost.

在境外融資市場,本集團於2016年9月及10月完成發行於2021年到期的合共3.5億美元的優先票據,票面年利率為6.75%。此後,本集團於2017年3月發行於2020年到期的3億美元的優先票據,票面年利率為5.75%。上述兩次發行的票面年利率均遠低於以往年度發行的優先票據。於本年度,本集團宣布贖回於2012年發行的優先票據(「2012年票據」)及於2014年發行的優先票據(「2014年票據」),其票面年利率分別為13.5%及8.25%,總贖回面值為5.25億美元。這等市場運作有助本集團降低平均融資成本。

In the onshore financing market, China South International Industrial Material City (Shenzhen) Company Limited ("China South International"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, issued its second tranche of domestic company bonds of 2016 in May 2016, for RMB1.4 billion with a term of three years and an annual coupon rate of 6.85%. Besides, China South International completed the issuance of its first tranche of short-term notes of 2016 in the national inter-bank market of China in September 2016, for RMB1.2 billion with a maturity period of 365 days and an annual coupon rate of 4.9%.

在境內融資市場,本集團全資附屬公司華南國際工業原料城(深圳)有限公司(「華南國際」)於2016年5月發行人民幣14億元的2016年第二期境內公司債券,期限為三年,票面年利率為6.85%。另外,其在2016年9月於中國銀行間市場發行人民幣12億元的2016年第一期短期融資券,期限為365日,票面年利率為4.9%。

The successful multi-channel financings reflected the recognition of the Group's credit profile amongst investors and banks both onshore and offshore. To date, China South City remains a constituent of the Hang Seng Composite MidCap Index and MSCI China Index, which affirms the Group's proven business model and leading position in the market.

成功地從多渠道進行融資反映境內外投資者及銀行對本集團信貸狀況的認可。迄今,華南城仍為恒生綜合中型股指數及MSCI中國指數的成份股,足證本集團成功的商業模式及領先的市場地位。

#### **Strengthening of the Senior Management Team**

To ensure China South City has the optimum mix of executive management resources and operational capabilities to deliver its business strategies in an increasingly complex environment, the Group continues to strengthen its management team during the Year.

During the Year, former Chief Executive Officer Mr. Fung Sing Hong Stephen has been promoted to Vice Chairman of the Group and Executive Director. In his new role, Mr. Fung will assist the Chairman in the overall development planning and strategies of the Group, and will be responsible for formulating capital market financing, merger and acquisition strategies, as well as strategic alliances in operations of the Group, including extending the co-operations with the fellow companies of Tencent.

The Group has also appointed Mr. Song Chuan as the Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Group. Mr. Song has extensive experiences in large-scale enterprise operations, property development and urban operations and is expected to lead the Group to further develop its businesses. In addition, the Group has also appointed Ms. Cheng Ka Man Carman as an Executive Director.

Under the guidance of the Board, the strengthened senior management team is expected to create additional value for shareholders.

#### **Land Bank**

With the Group's unique and flexible business model, the Group intends to retain the commercial properties like logistics and warehousing facilities and hotels, as well as not less than 50% of the trade center units for selfuse or long-term leasing purposes, while the remaining 50% of the trade center units and the residential properties will be sold progressively to generate cash flow for further development.

In view of the continuous trend of outstanding performance of CSC Zhengzhou, in order to support its growth momentum and the Group's revenue base, the Group acquired more than a million square meters of land for CSC Zhengzhou during the Year. In addition, the Group also acquired certain lands for other projects, of which were substantially for residential and logistics and warehousing purpose. During the Year, the Group acquired 2.11 million sq.m. land at an aggregate consideration of RMB2,611.6 million, among which, CSC Zhengzhou accounted for 1.02 million sq.m. at a consideration of approximately RMB1,702.8 million.

#### 強化高級管理層團隊

為確保華南城在日益複雜的環境下,具備集行政管理 資源及營運能力於一身的最佳組合以實現其業務策 略,本集團於本年度繼續加強其管理團隊。

於本年度,前任行政總裁馮星航先生獲晉升為本集團 副主席兼執行董事。在新職務中,馮先生將協助主席 制定本集團整體發展規劃及策略布局,並負責制定資 本市場融資及併購策略,以及本集團業務上的戰略合 作,包括深化與騰訊系內公司的合作。

本集團亦委任宋川先生為執行董事兼集團行政總裁。 宋先生於大型企業營運、物業發展及城市經營方面具 有豐富經驗,相信將能領導本集團進一步拓展業務。 此外,本集團亦已委任鄭嘉汶女士為執行董事。

在董事會的帶領下,強化後的高級管理團隊預期將為 股東創造更大價值。

#### 土地儲備

按本集團獨特且富靈活性的商業模式,本集團將保留物流及倉儲設施、酒店等商業物業及不少於50%的商品交易中心商舖作為自營或長期出租用途,而餘下的50%商品交易中心商舖及住宅物業,本集團將逐步出售,為本集團發展提供所需的現金流。

鄭州華南城的發展一直表現突出,為支持其增長勢頭和本集團的收入基礎,本集團於本年度內為鄭州華南城新購入逾百萬平方米的土地。另外,本集團亦為其他地方的項目增購了若干土地,該等土地的用途以住宅和物流及倉儲為主。於本年度,本集團合共以人民幣26.116億元購入約211萬平方米的土地,其中鄭州華南城以人民幣17.028億元購入約102萬平方米的土地。

Details of the land bank as at 31 March 2017 are as follows:

截至2017年3月31日的土地儲備詳情如下:

Project		Completed P		Properties under Development	Properties to be Completed by FY2017/18 將於2017/18 財政年度	Properties Planned for Future Development on GFA Acquired <sup>(4)</sup> 按已購土地 建築面積 已規劃作	Total Planned GFA <sup>(2)</sup> 總規劃	Total Planno for Acquirec (% to Total Plan 已購土地規劃總	I land <sup>(3)</sup> nned GFA) 建築面積 <sup>(3)</sup>
項目		已竣工		發展中物業	竣工的物業	未來發展物業(4)	建築面積(2)	(佔總規劃建築面	
(sq.m.) (平方米)		Sold 已售	Unsold 未出售		Estimated 估計	Estimated 估計	Estimated 估計		% %
CSC Shenzhen	深圳華南城	809,800	1,582,500	185,000	_	66,700	2,644,000	2,644,000	100%
CSC Nanchang	南昌華南城	1,037,900	826,800	536,100	536,100	2,229,900	7,297,000	4,630,700	63%
CSC Nanning	南寧華南城	477,700	1,076,400	398,900	398,900	527,000	4,880,000	2,480,000	51%
CSC Xi'an	西安華南城	670,900	894,700	228,500	228,500	2,882,500	17,500,000	4,676,600	27%
CSC Harbin	哈爾濱華南城	419,300	749,900	904,200	659,500	2,666,000	12,000,000	4,739,400	39%
CSC Zhengzhou	鄭州華南城	1,099,000	1,542,100	1,570,400	308,600	4,471,200	12,000,000	8,682,700	72%
CSC Hefei	合肥華南城	978,600	507,300	1,739,500	638,800	1,779,200	12,000,000	5,004,600	42%
CSC Chongqing	重慶華南城	227,500	1,210,700	385,200	-	4,166,900	13,500,000	5,990,300	44%
Total	總計	5,720,700	8,390,400	5,947,800	2,770,400	18,789,400	81,821,000	38,848,300	47%

#### Notes:

- (1) Represent the GFA for which the construction of all constituent buildings had been completed and it included properties held for sales, warehouse and trade centers properties held for rental purpose as well as self-use properties.
- (2) Represent the GFA planned upon establishment of the projects. The actual land and GFA to be acquired or built are subject to different factors and may vary subsequently.
- (3) Represent the planned GFA for the land acquired including completed properties and properties under development. The actual GFA to be built may vary subsequently according to needs of the Group.
- (4) Represent the remaining GFA after deducting the completed properties and properties under development from the total planned GFA for acquired land.

#### **China South City Shenzhen**

CSC Shenzhen, the Group's first project, is strategically located at the heart of the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Big Bay Area amid an extensive transportation network. The project is situated at the Pinghu Logistics Park in Longgang District of Shenzhen, occupying an area of approximately 1.06 million sq. m. and comprising a total planned GFA of approximately 2.64 million sq. m..

#### 附註:

- (1) 代表已完成建設的各類型物業的建築面積,包括持作 銷售物業、倉儲及作出租的商品交易中心物業,以及 自用物業。
- (2) 代表項目設立時的規劃建築面積,後續實際取得的土地和建設的面積受多種因素影響,可能會有所變更。
- (3) 代表已購得之土地的規劃建築面積包括已竣工物業及 發展中物業,後續實際建設的面積可能會因應本集團 的需要而有所變更。
- (4) 代表扣除已竣工物業及發展中物業後的已購土地規劃 建築面積餘額。

#### 深圳華南城

深圳華南城為本集團旗下首個項目,策略性地位處粵港澳大灣區的核心地帶,坐擁完善的交通網絡。項目位於深圳龍崗區平湖物流園區,佔地面積約為106萬平方米,總規劃建築面積約264萬平方米。

With the local government further advancing the development of Longgang District as an innovation center in the east of Shenzhen, the district's ancillary facilities such as logistics, health care and education will continue to improve and bring more convenience to occupants of China South City. In addition, transportation facilities around the project have been improving. According to Shenzhen Metro Planning, the subway line 10 which will pass through CSC Shenzhen has commenced construction in 2015 and is expected to be open for traffic by 2020. Upon completion, this subway line will further improve accessibility, generate more business opportunities and uplift visitor traffic for the project. At present, operations of CSC Shenzhen cover industries such as textile & clothing, leather & accessories, electronic parts, printing, paper products & packaging, metals and chemicals, hotel supplies, tea & teaware, crossborder products, E-commerce, outlets and home furnishing etc. During the Year, the Group's new outlet chain, ATLANTIS commenced operation in CSC Shenzhen, which is expected to further enrich the business ecosystem, increase visitor's traffic and business opportunities of the project.

As at 31 March 2017, trade centers and ancillary facilities at phase I, phase II and part of phase III with a total GFA of approximately 2.39 million sq. m. were in operation. The project is currently in phase III development. During the Year, construction of GFA of approximately 77,200 sq. m. of office units was completed. As at 31 March 2017, construction of GFA of approximately 185,000 sq. m. is underway.

In FY2016/17, CSC Shenzhen recorded total Contracted Sales of approximately HK\$645.9 million (FY2015/16: HK\$695.9 million), including a GFA of 300 sq. m. of trade center (mall style) at an average selling price ("ASP") of HK\$29,000/sq. m. (FY2015/16: 4,900 sq. m. at an ASP of HK\$24,600/sq. m.), a GFA of 52,200 sq. m. of office units at an ASP of HK\$12,200/sq. m. (FY2015/16: 49,400 sq. m. at an ASP of HK\$11,600/sq. m.) and there is no sale of residential ancillaries (FY2015/16: 200 sq. m. at an ASP of HK\$10,400/sq. m.).

In FY2016/17, CSC Shenzhen maintained steady occupancy rates and rental rates. As at 31 March 2017, the total occupancy rate of the launched rentable GFA of phase I, phase II, phase III trade center and shops ranged from 76% to 96% (as at 31 March 2016: 58% to 92%), while the average rent rate ranged from HK\$37/sq. m. to HK\$53/sq. m. (as at 31 March 2016: HK\$35/sq. m. to HK\$55/sq. m. respectively).

截至2017年3月31日,總建築面積約239萬平方米的一期、二期及部分三期物業的商品交易中心及配套設施均已投入運營。項目現時正進行第三期發展。於本年度,建築面積約77,200平方米的辦公樓已竣工。截至2017年3月31日,建築面積約185,000平方米的工程已展開建設。

於2016/17財政年度,深圳華南城錄得合約銷售總額6.459億港元(2015/16財政年度:6.959億港元),包括以平均售價29,000港元/平方米售出建築面積300平方米的商品交易中心單位(商場形式)(2015/16財政年度:以平均售價24,600港元/平方米售出4,900平方米);以平均售價12,200港元/平方米售出52,200平方米的辦公樓單位(2015/16財政年度:以平均售價11,600港元/平方米售出49,400平方米的辦公樓單位),本財政年度暫無住宅配套銷售(2015/16財政年度:以平均售價10,400港元/平方米售出200平方米)。

於2016/17財政年度,深圳華南城在總佔用率及租金方面保持平穩。截至2017年3月31日,一期、二期及三期商品交易中心及商舖的總佔用率為已推出之可出租用建築面積的76%至96%(截至2016年3月31日:58%至92%),而其平均租金由37港元/平方米至53港元/平方米(截至2016年3月31日:35港元/平方米至55港元/平方米)。

#### **China South City Nanchang**

CSC Nanchang is located at the transportation hub for the Yangtze River Delta and the Pearl River Delta Economic Zone. Situated in Honggutan New District of Nanchang, the capital of Jiangxi Province, the project is readily accessible to suppliers, manufacturers and merchants via major highways, the largest port on the Gan River and a complete freight network which includes a cargo marshal yard, a container terminus and an international airport, coupled with Nanchang West Railway Station - a principal high-speed rail station located just 1.2 km from CSC Nanchang. As a new business center of Nanchang, Honggutan New District's administrative, commercial and cultural functions are becoming more apparent by the day. In addition, the gradual completion of dailysupporting amenities within the new district is driving visitor traffic and generating business opportunities, laying a solid foundation for the development of CSC Nanchang. During the Year, University Students' E-commerce Business Incubator in CSC Nanchang has been upgraded to state level from provincial level, symbolizing the state recognition on the success of CSC Nanchang in nurturing E-commerce start-ups and assisting SMEs to transform and upgrade their business.

CSC Nanchang has a total planned land area of approximately 2.81 million sq. m. and a total planned GFA of approximately 7.30 million sq. m.. The trial operations of CSC Nanchang cover industries such as building & decoration materials, small commodities, textile & clothing, leather & accessories, healthy & green products and outlets, etc. During the Year, coping with the market demand, CSC Nanchang speeded up the development of ancillary facilities, among which the residential ancillary has been met with strong demands, contributing to a significant increase in the contracted sales. During the Year, the Group's new outlet chain, ATLANTIS commenced operation in CSC Nanchang, which is expected to further enrich the business ecosystem, increase visitor's traffic and business opportunities of the project.

As at 31 March 2017, CSC Nanchang has a total GFA of approximately 1.86 million sq. m. completed, including approximately 1.07 million sq. m. of trade centers, approximately 746,800 sq. m. of residential ancillary and approximately 44,300 sq. m. of warehousing facilities. The construction of CSC Nanchang is still underway during the Year, construction of a GFA of approximately 173,000 sq. m. of trade centers and approximately 161,000 sq. m. of residential ancillary facilities were completed. As at 31 March 2017, construction of a GFA of approximately 536,100 sq. m. is underway and are expected to be completed in FY2017/18.

#### 南昌華南城

南昌華南城位於長三角及珠三角經濟區的交通樞紐。項目坐落於江西省省會南昌市的紅谷灘新區,毗連主要高速公路及贛江的最大港口,並擁有完善的貨運網絡,包括鐵路編組站、鐵海聯運集裝箱堆場及國際機場,且距離主要高鐵車站一南昌西客站僅1.2公里,為供應商、生產商及商家提供方便的交通連接。紅功能日漸顯現,同時新區內生活配套的逐步完善費了客流及商流的聚集,為南昌華南城的發展奠定子帶動了客流及商流的聚集,為南昌華南城的發展奠定子帶動了客流及商流的聚集,為南昌華南城的發展奠定子商務創業孵化基地由省級項目被提升為國家級項目,標誌著國家對南昌華南城在成功培育電子商貿初創企業及協助中小企業升級轉型的認可。

南昌華南城總規劃佔地面積約281萬平方米,總規劃建築面積約730萬平方米。目前試運營的業態包括家居建材、小商品、紡織服裝、皮革皮具、健康綠色食品及奧特萊斯等。於本年度,南昌華南城因應市場需求,加快興建配套設施,其住宅配套項目受當地追捧,帶動合約銷售錄得強勁增長。本年度內,本集團的新奧特萊斯連鎖店一亞特蘭蒂斯已於南昌華南城開業運營,進一步豐富項目生態圈,匯聚更多客流與商機。

截至2017年3月31日,南昌華南城總建築面積約186 萬平方米的建設已竣工,包括約107萬平方米的商品 交易中心、約746,800平方米的住宅配套及約44,300 平方米的倉儲設施。南昌華南城仍然在建設期中。 於本年度,建築面積約173,000平方米的交易中心與 161,000平方米的住宅配套設施已竣工。截至2017年 3月31日,建築面積約536,100平方米的工程已展開建 設,預期可於2017/18財政年度竣工。

In FY2016/17, CSC Nanchang recorded total Contracted Sales of HK\$2,948.6 million (FY2015/16: HK\$905.3 million), including a GFA of 200 sq. m. of trade center (mall style) at an ASP of HK\$9,200/sq. m. (FY2015/16: 700 sq. m. at an ASP of HK\$22,400/sq. m.), a GFA of 30,900 sq. m. of trade center (detached style) at an ASP of HK\$9,000/sq. m. (FY2015/16: 6,800 sq. m. at an ASP of HK\$10,400/sq. m.) and a GFA of 304,800 sq. m. of residential ancillary at an ASP of HK\$8,800/sq. m. (FY2015/16: 101,300 sq. m. at an ASP of HK\$8,100/sq. m.).

於2016/17財政年度,南昌華南城錄得合約銷售總額29.486億港元(2015/16財政年度:9.053億港元),包括以平均售價9,200港元/平方米售出建築面積200平方米的商品交易中心單位(商場形式)(2015/16財政年度:以平均售價22,400港元/平方米售出700平方米),以平均售價9,000港元/平方米售出30,900平方米的商品交易中心單位(單棟式)(2015/16財政年度:以平均售價10,400港元/平方米售出6,800平方米)及以平均售價8,800港元/平方米售出建築面積304,800平方米的住宅配套(2015/16財政年度:以平均售價8,100港元/平方米售出101,300平方米)。

#### **China South City Nanning**

CSC Nanning is located at Nanning, the capital of the Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region and a critical gateway between China and ASEAN countries. It is easily accessible by railway stations, highways and an international airport. Strategically located in close proximity to Southeast Asia and enjoying the advantage of a tariff waiver on cross-border trade activities within the China-ASEAN Free Trade Area, CSC Nanning endeavors to serve as a key hub for cross-border trade catering to the demand from the Northern Bay Region and Southeast Asia.

CSC Nanning has a planned net land area of approximately 1.83 million sg. m. and a total planned GFA of approximately 4.88 million sg. m.. CSC Nanning was conferred as "China-ASEAN Plaza" in 2011, aiming to forge a regional trade and logistics hub. CSC Nanning was awarded as "National AAA Class Tourist Attraction" as well. The project is under trial operations and it covers industries such as textile & clothing, small commodities, ASEAN products, home furnishing, tea & teaware, E-commerce, integrated foodstuff and outlets, etc. Through organizing a series of exhibitions, such as the China-ASEAN Expo and Light Industrial Exhibition, International Automobile Exhibition and Spring Tea Festival, traffic flow to the project as well as regional brand recognition of the project were enhanced. As the Group's nationwide project network maturing, together with further improvement of the ancillary facilities and services, CSC Nanning also proactively adopted measures to enrich tenant mix. During the Year, CSC Nanning also launched residential properties to accommodate the housing demand in and around the project. To assist SMEs in resolving difficulties in obtaining loan, CSC Nanning launched, on a trial basis, a micro-credit service for SMEs in the project, providing them with financial support for the development of businesses during the Year.

#### 南寧華南城

南寧華南城位於廣西壯族自治區首府南寧市,是中國 與東盟成員國之間的重要窗口,項目與火車站、高速 公路及國際機場接連,交通便利。坐擁毗鄰東南亞的 策略性地理優勢,受惠於中國一東盟自由貿易區於跨 境貿易活動豁免關税的優勢,南寧華南城致力成為重 要的跨境貿易樞紐,以滿足北部灣及東南亞地區的需 求。

南寧華南城的規劃淨佔地面積約183萬平方米,總規 劃建築面積約488萬平方米。南寧華南城於2011年被 授予「中國-東盟商品交易中心」,旨在打造成為區域 性商貿物流基地。南寧華南城亦被評定為「國家AAA 級旅遊景區」。項目處於試運營階段,試運營的業態 包括紡織服裝、小商品、東盟產品、家居家品、茶葉 茶具、電子商貿、綜合食品及奧特萊斯等。通過舉辦 中國一東盟博覽會輕工展及國際汽車展覽、春茶節等 一系列展會活動帶旺項目人氣並提升品牌的區域知名 度。隨著本集團在全國的項目網絡布局日漸成熟,配 套設施及服務得到進一步完善,南寧華南城亦採取了 積極的措施,豐富其租戶組合。於本年度,南寧華南 城亦推出住宅項目以回應項目內及周邊的房屋需求。 為協助中小企解決運營過程中貸款困難的問題,南寧 華南城於本年度試點推出針對中小企業的小額貸款服 務,為項目內商家的發展提供金融支持。

The construction of CSC Nanning is still underway and has a total GFA of approximately 1.55 million sq. m. completed, including approximately 896,600 sq. m. of trade centers, approximately 620,700 sq. m. of residential ancillary and approximately 36,800 sq. m. of warehousing facilities. During the Year, construction of a GFA of approximately 159,600 sq. m. of residential ancillary facility was completed. As at 31 March 2017, construction of a GFA of approximately 398,900 million sq. m. is underway and expected to be completed in FY2017/18.

In FY2016/17, CSC Nanning recorded total Contracted Sales of HK\$923.4 million (FY2015/16: HK\$642.8 million), including a GFA of 500 sq. m. of trade center (mall style) at an ASP of HK\$15,700/sq. m. (FY2015/16: 2,100 sq. m. at an ASP of HK\$28,200/sq. m.), a GFA of 130,300 sq. m. of residential ancillary at an ASP of HK\$7,000/sq. m. (FY2015/16: 87,100 sq. m. at an ASP of HK\$6,700/sq. m.), and a GFA of 800 sq. m. of office units at an ASP of HK\$9,200/sq. m. (FY2015/16: 400 sq. m. at an ASP of HK\$9,100/sq. m.).

#### China South City Xi'an

CSC Xi'an is located at the Xi'an International Trade and Logistics Park in Shaanxi Province, built as a key project by the local government, the park is an open economic pilot zone and a core function area for modern service industry, aiming to become the largest international transit hub port and logistics distribution center along the Silk Road Economic Belt and to act as an important strategic platform for the "Belt and Road" initiative. Xi'an International Trade and Logistics Park was brought into and classified as one of the three largest area of the China (Shaanxi) Pilot Free Trade Zone during the Year, which will further promote the economic development of the park.

The project is highly accessible and enjoys geographical advantages via the Xi'an City Expressway and Beijing-Kunming Expressway, Lianyungang-Khorgos Expressway, Shaanxi-Shanghai Expressway, Baotou-Maoming Expressway and other national highways, forming an intricate spider network which opens to all directions.

Leveraging the strategic location of Xi'an International Trade and Logistics Park, CSC Xi'an enjoys access to an extensive transportation network connected to a railway container terminal and the largest bonded area in the north western region of China, along with two planned subway lines that cross the project site. The subway line 3, which passes through CSC Xi'an has commenced trial operations from November 2016. In addition, a new stadium is slated to be built at the International Trade and Logistics Park to host the 14th National Games of the People's Republic of China in 2021, which is expected to greatly boost visitor traffic in the region. This subway line and the new stadium will generate more business opportunities and visitor traffic for the Xi'an International Trade and Logistics Park and further enhance the value of CSC Xi'an.

南寧華南城仍處於開發建設階段,其中總建築面積約155萬平方米的建設已竣工,包括約896,600平方米的商品交易中心、約620,700平方米的住宅配套及約36,800平方米的倉儲設施。於本年度,建築面積約159,600平方米的住宅配套設施已竣工。截至2017年3月31日,建築面積約398,900平方米的工程已展開建設,預期可於2017/18財政年度竣工。

於2016/17財政年度,南寧華南城錄得合約銷售總額 9.234億港元(2015/16財政年度:6.428億港元),包括以平均售價15,700港元/平方米售出建築面積500平方米的商品交易中心(商場形式)(2015/16財政年度:以平均售價28,200港元/平方米售出2,100平方米),及以平均售價7,000港元/平方米售出130,300平方米的住宅配套設施(2015/16財政年度:以平均售價6,700港元/平方米售出87,100平方米),及以平均售價9,200港元/平方米售出800平方米的辦公樓單位(2015/16財政年度:以平均售價9,100港元/平方米售出400平方米)。

#### 西安華南城

西安華南城坐落於陝西省西安市國際港務區內,港務區是當地政府重點打造的開放型經濟先導區與現代服務業核心功能區,旨在成為絲綢之路經濟帶上最大國際中轉樞紐港與商貿物流集散地,是聯接「一帶一路」戰略的重要平台。於本年度內,西安國際港務區被劃入為中國(陝西)自由貿易試驗區三大片區之一,這將進一步推動港務區經濟的發展。

西安市國際港務區交通便利,區位優勢明顯,通往區內的西安繞城高速公路與京昆高速、連霍高速、陝滬高速、包茂高速等全國高速公路網緊密相連,形成 「米」字型高速公路網絡。

西安華南城坐擁西安國際港務區的策略位置,盡享便利交通,接連通往鐵路集裝箱中心及中國西北地區最大保税區的龐大交通網絡,並處於兩條已規劃地下鐵路項目的沿線。根據西安地鐵規劃,途經西安華南城的地鐵3號線已於2016年11月通車試運營。此外,用來舉辦2021年第十四屆中華人民共和國全運會的新體育中心將於國際港務區落成,屆時將為本地區帶來巨大客流。此地鐵線路和體育中心將有利於為國際港務區聚集更多客流與商機,並進一步增加西安華南城項目的價值。

The trial operations of CSC Xi'an cover industries such as machinery & hardware, textile & clothing, leather & fur, automobile & parts, building & decoration materials and cross-border E-commerce, Central Asia & ASEAN product exhibition center, etc. Leveraging its geographical advantage in the starting point of the Silk Road Economic Belt, CSC Xi'an is actively poised to capture the immense opportunities arising from the "Belt and Road" initiative.

試運營的西安華南城項目經營業態包括五金機電、紡織服裝、皮革皮草、汽摩汽配、家居建材、跨境電商及中亞與東盟產品展示中心等。憑藉作為絲綢之路經濟帶起點的地理位置優勢,西安華南城積極蓄勢,以把握「一帶一路」倡議帶來的龐大商機。

CSC Xi'an has a total planned land area of approximately 10.0 million sq. m. and a total planned GFA of approximately 17.5 million sq. m.. The project is currently under construction with a total GFA of approximately 1.57 million sq. m. completed, including approximately 1.49 million sq. m. of trade centers, approximately 55,800 sq. m. of warehousing facilities and approximately 23,300 sq. m. of ancillary facilities. During the Year, construction of a GFA of approximately 209,600 sq. m. of trade centers was completed. As at 31 March 2017, construction of a GFA of approximately 228,500 sq. m. is underway and are expected to be completed in FY2017/18.

西安華南城總規劃佔地面積約1,000萬平方米,總規劃建築面積約1,750萬平方米。項目仍在建設階段,其中總建築面積約157萬平方米已竣工,包括約149萬平方米的商品交易中心、約55,800平方米的倉儲設施,及約23,300平方米的配套設施。於本年度,建築面積約209,600平方米的商品交易中心已竣工。截至2017年3月31日,建築面積約228,500平方米的工程已展開建設,預期可於2017/18財政年度竣工。

In FY2016/17, CSC Xi'an recorded total Contracted Sales of HK\$508.5 million (FY2015/16: HK\$380.0 million), including a GFA of 300 sq. m. of trade center (mall style) at an ASP of HK\$15,900/sq. m. (FY2015/16: 5,000 sq. m. at an ASP of HK\$13,200/sq. m.) and a GFA of 79,200 sq. m. of trade center (detached style) at an ASP of HK\$6,400/sq. m. (FY2015/16: 50,200 sq. m. at an ASP of HK\$6,300/sq. m.).

於2016/17財政年度,西安華南城錄得合約銷售總額5.085億港元(2015/16財政年度:3.800億港元),包括以平均售價15,900港元/平方米售出建築面積300平方米的商品交易中心單位(商場形式)(2015/16財政年度:以平均售價13,200港元/平方米售出5,000平方米),及以平均售價6,400港元/平方米售出建築面積79,200平方米的商品交易中心單位(單幢式)(2015/16財政年度:以平均售價6,300港元/平方米售出50,200平方米)。

#### **China South City Harbin**

## Located at the Daowai District of Harbin, the capital of Heilongjiang Province, CSC Harbin fully utilises its advantageous location in Northeast China, a premier hub for cross-border trade with countries in Northeast Asia. Its proximity to the China-Russia border helps to facilitate economic activities within the region. Leveraging the opportunities arising from the area's development potential, CSC Harbin endeavors to become the largest integrated logistics and trade center in Northeast China. The project has a planned land area of approximately 10.0 million sq. m. and a total planned GFA of approximately 12.0 million sq. m..

#### 哈爾濱華南城

哈爾濱華南城位於黑龍江省省會哈爾濱市道外區,盡享中國東北部的地理優勢,是東北亞國家的跨境貿易主要樞紐。加上鄰近中俄邊界,配合該地區的經濟活動需要,哈爾濱華南城將充分把握該區發展潛力所帶來的機遇,致力成為中國東北部最大的綜合物流及商品交易中心。項目規劃佔地面積約1,000萬平方米,總規劃建築面積約1,200萬平方米。

Leveraging its own geographical location and local industries advantages, CSC Harbin actively promotes the development of regional economy and trade. During the Year, CSC Harbin intensified the co-operation with Russia Khabarovsk City and other merchants, actively building as the core hub for Northeast Asia green food exhibition and trade. Currently, the planned operations of CSC Harbin cover industries such as hardware & construction materials, green food, small commodities, hotel supplies, leather & fur and outlets etc. During the Year, the Group's new outlet chain, ATLANTIS commenced operation in CSC Harbin, which is expected to further enrich the business ecosystem, increase visitor's traffic and business opportunities of the project.

哈爾濱華南城利用自身地理位置及當地產業優勢,積極推進區域經濟貿易的發展。於本年度,哈爾濱華南城深化與俄羅斯哈巴羅夫斯克市等商戶的合作,積極打造成東北亞綠色食品展示交易的核心樞紐。哈爾濱華南城目前規劃經營的業態包括五金建材、綠色食品、小商品、酒店用品、皮革皮草及奧特萊斯等。本年度內,本集團的新奧特萊斯連鎖店一亞特蘭蒂斯已於哈爾濱華南城開業運營,進一步豐富項目生態圈,滙聚更多客流與商機。

CSC Harbin is currently under construction and has a total GFA of approximately 1.17 million sq. m. completed, including approximately 769,800 sq. m. of trade centers, approximately 317,700 sq. m. of residential ancillary, approximately 59,200 sq. m. of warehousing facilities and approximately 22,500 sq. m. of ancillary facilities. During the Year, construction of a GFA of approximately 317,700 sq. m. of residential ancillary facilities was completed. As at 31 March 2017, construction of a GFA of approximately 904,200 sq. m. is underway, of which approximately 659,500 sq. m. are expected to be completed in FY2017/18.

哈爾濱華南城正處於建設期中,其中總建築面積約117萬平方米的建設已竣工,包括約769,800平方米的商品交易中心、約317,700平方米的住宅配套、約59,200平方米的倉儲設施及約22,500平方米配套設施已竣工。於本年度,建築面積約317,700平方米的住宅配套設施已竣工。截至2017年3月31日,建築面積約904,200平方米的工程已展開建設,其中約659,500平方米預期可於2017/18財政年度竣工。

In FY2016/17, CSC Harbin recorded total Contracted Sales of HK\$602.8 million (FY2015/16: HK\$365.7 million), including a GFA of 300 sq. m. of trade center (mall style) at an ASP of HK\$11,200/sq. m. (FY2015/16: 500 sq. m. at an ASP of HK\$15,600/sq. m.), a GFA of 3,500 sq. m. of trade center (detached style) at an ASP of HK\$8,700/sq. m. (FY2015/16: 14,100 sq. m. at an ASP of HK\$9,500/sq. m.) and a GFA of 109,000 sq. m. of residential ancillary at an ASP of HK\$5,200/sq. m. (FY2015/16: 48,800 sq. m. at an ASP of HK\$4,600/sq. m.).

於2016/17財政年度,哈爾濱華南城錄得合約銷售總額6.028億港元(2015/16財政年度:3.657億港元),包括以平均售價11,200港元/平方米出售建築面積300平方米的商品交易中心單位(商場形式)(2015/16財政年度:以平均售價15,600港元/平方米售出500平方米)),以平均售價8,700港元/平方米售出建築面積建3,500平方米的商品交易中心單位(單幢式)(2015/16財政年度:以平均售價9,500港元/平方米售出14,100平方米),及以平均售價5,200港元/平方米售出109,000平方米的住宅配套(2015/16財政年度:以平均售價4,600港元/平方米售出48,800平方米)。

#### **China South City Zhengzhou**

CSC Zhengzhou is located at the Airport Economy Zone ("AEZ") of Zhengzhou, the capital of Henan Province. The experimental zone is the only state-level AEZ with a complete network which includes an international airport, high-speed train, intercity train, metro and highway and acts as an integrated transport hub providing seamless connectivity. The project is highly accessible and enjoys extensive transportation links – it is a mere 16 km away from Zhengzhou Xinzheng International Airport and only a couple of kilometres away from the Beijing-Guangzhou Railway Freight Station and the Beijing-Hong Kong-Macao Highway. The south extension of subway line 2 which connects the downtown area to the AEZ of Zhengzhou and passes through CSC Zhengzhou with three stops, has commenced trial operation. This subway line will generate more business opportunities and visitor traffic for the project.

CSC Zhengzhou has a total planned net land area of approximately 7.0 million sq. m. and a total planned GFA of approximately 12.0 million sq. m.. CSC Zhengzhou continued to expand the logistics and warehousing facilities to meet the local demands. In addition, during the Year, outlet mall in CSC Zhengzhou has commenced operation and is expected to enrich the business diversity of the project. The operations of CSC Zhengzhou cover industries such as building & decoration materials, small commodities, machinery & hardware, automobile & parts, non-staple food and E-commerce, etc.

CSC Zhengzhou is currently under development and has a total GFA of approximately 2.64 million sq. m. completed, including approximately 2.35 million sq. m. of trade centers, approximately 264,100 sq. m. of warehousing facilities and approximately 22,100 sq. m. of ancillary facilities. During the Year, construction of a GFA of approximately 141,800 sq. m. of trade centers and warehousing facilities were completed. As at 31 March 2017, construction of a GFA of approximately 1.57 million sq. m. is underway, of which approximately 308,600 sq. m. are expected to be completed in FY2017/18.

In FY2016/17, CSC Zhengzhou recorded total Contracted Sales of HK\$120.9 million (FY2015/16: HK\$2,171.8 million), including a GFA of 4,200 sq. m. of trade center (mall style) at an ASP of HK\$12,500/sq. m. (FY2015/16: 121,900 sq. m. at an ASP of HK\$12,500/sq. m.) and a GFA of 8,500 sq. m. of trade center (detached style) at an ASP of HK\$8,100/sq. m. (FY2015/16: 77,500 sq. m. at an ASP of HK\$8,300/sq. m.).

#### 鄭州華南城

鄭州華南城位於河南省省會鄭州市的航空港經濟綜合實驗區。該實驗區乃目前全國唯一一個國家級航空港經濟綜合實驗區,是集國際航空、高鐵、城際鐵路、地鐵、高速公路於一體,可實現綜合樞紐的無縫銜接。項目享有廣闊的運輸網絡,四通八達,與鄭州新鄭國際機場相距僅16公里,與京廣鐵路貨運站及京港澳高速公路亦只有數公里之遙。沿鄭州華南城設有三個車站的地鐵2號線南延線已正式試運營,為鄭州華南城聚集更多商流及客流。

鄭州華南城總規劃淨佔地面積約700萬平方米,總規劃建築面積約為1,200萬平方米。鄭州華南城將繼續加強其物流及倉儲等配套設施方面的業務,進一步滿足華南城及周邊市場的需求。此外,本年度內,本集團的奧特萊斯業務已於鄭州華南城開業運營,進一步豐富項目生態圈,匯聚更多客流與商機。鄭州華南城目前運營的業態包括建材、小商品、五金機電、汽摩配件、副食品及電子商貿等。

鄭州華南城正在發展階段,其中建築面積約264萬平方米的建設已竣工,包括約235萬平方米的商品交易中心、約264,100平方米的倉儲設施及約22,100平方米的配套設施。於本年度,建築面積約141,800平方米的商品交易中心及倉儲設施已竣工。截至2017年3月31日,鄭州華南城將展開建築面積約157萬平方米的建設,其中約308,600平方米預期可於2017/18財政年度竣工。

於2016/17財政年度,鄭州華南城錄得合約銷售總額 1.209億港元(2015/16財政年度:21.718億港元),包括以平均售價12,500港元/平方米售出建築面積4,200平方米的商品交易中心單位(商場形式)(2015/16財政年度:以平均售價12,500港元/平方米售出建築面積121,900平方米)及以平均售價8,100港元/平方米售出建築面積8,500平方米的商品交易中心單位(單幢式)(2015/16財政年度:以平均售價8,300港元/平方米售出建築面積77,500平方米)。

#### **China South City Hefei**

CSC Hefei is located at Hefei, the capital of Anhui Province, a transport and economic hub at the heart of Eastern China. CSC Hefei benefits from its strategic location in the Hefei Taohua Industrial Park, its well-developed infrastructure, as well as a planned transportation system which includes railways, highways and river transportation across China. CSC Hefei has a total planned net land area of approximately 10.0 million sq. m. and a total planned GFA of approximately 12.0 million sq. m..

During the Year, coping with the market demand, CSC Hefei speeded up the development of ancillary facilities, among which the residential ancillary has been met with strong demands, contributing to a significant increase in the contracted sales. During the Year, CSC Hefei continues to strengthen its logistics and warehousing business development to meet the demand of logistics and warehousing services at and around the project. At the same time, the construction of outlet mall is underway and in good progress. Currently, the planned operations of CSC Hefei cover industries such as automobile & parts, hardware, building & decoration materials, textile & clothing, small commodities, non-staple food, etc.

CSC Hefei is currently under construction and has a total GFA of approximately 1.49 million sq. m. completed, including approximately 1.14 million sq. m. of trade centers, approximately 322,000 sq. m. of residential ancillary and approximately 20,800 sq. m. of ancillary facilities. During the Year, construction of a GFA of approximately 252,000 sq. m. of trade centers and residential ancillary were completed. As at 31 March 2017, construction of a GFA of approximately 1.74 million sq. m. is underway, of which approximately 638,800 sq. m. are expected to be completed in FY2017/18.

In FY2016/17, CSC Hefei recorded total Contracted Sales of HK\$2,711.1 million (FY2015/16: HK\$819.6 million), including a GFA of 3,600 sq. m. of trade center (detached style) at an ASP of HK\$8,700/sq. m. (FY2015/16: 15,600 sq. m. at an ASP of HK\$8,100/sq. m.) and a GFA of 332,800 sq. m. of residential ancillary at an ASP of HK\$8,100/sq. m. (FY2015/16: 115,300 sq. m. at an ASP of HK\$6,000/sq. m.).

#### 合肥華南城

合肥華南城位處安徽省省會合肥市,為華東地區心臟 地帶的交通及經濟樞紐。坐落於桃花工業園,合肥華 南城盡享完善基礎建設的策略地利,並配備規劃的鐵 路、高速公路及河運運輸系統接連全中國。合肥華南 城總規劃淨佔地面積約1,000萬平方米,總規劃建築 面積約1,200萬平方米。

於本年度,合肥華南城因應市場需求,加快建設配套設施,其中住宅配套項目受當地追捧,帶動合約銷售錄得強勁增長。於本年度,合肥華南城繼續加強其在物流及倉儲的業務的發展,進一步滿足當地的需求,同時,奧特萊斯商城的建設亦穩步進行。目前合肥華南城規劃經營的業態包括汽摩汽配、五金、家居建材、紡織服裝、小商品、副食品等。

合肥華南城正在建設中,其中總建築面積約149萬平方米的建設已竣工,包括約114萬平方米的商品交易中心及約322,000平方米的住宅配套,以及約20,800平方米的配套設施。於本年度,建築面積約252,000平方米的商品交易中心及住宅配套已竣工。截至2017年3月31日,建築面積約174萬平方米的工程已展開建設,其中約638,800平方米預期可於2017/18財政年度竣工。

於2016/17財政年度,合肥華南城錄得合約銷售總額27.111億港元(2015/16財政年度:8.196億港元),以平均售價8,700港元/平方米售出建築面積3,600平方米的商品交易中心單位(單幢式)(2015/16財政年度:以平均售價8,100港元/平方米售出建築面積15,600平方米)及以平均售價8,100港元/平方米售出建築面積332,800平方米的住宅配套(2015/16財政年度:以平均售價6,000港元/平方米售出建築面積115,300平方米)。

#### **China South City Chongqing**

CSC Chongqing is strategically located at the Banan District of Chongqing Municipality, the first of the Group's municipal projects. The project is highly accessible to the city center and other regions given its strategic location in the Chongqing Highway Logistics Base, the state-level transportation infrastructure and large highway base in the western region.

The transportation network around the project has been developed rapidly, coupled with the growing maturity of business circles in Banan district, laying a good foundation for the future transportation convenience and commercial environment of the project. The planned operations of CSC Chongqing cover planned operations such as small commodities, hardware & machinery, hotel supplies, building & decoration materials, textiles & clothing and automobile & parts, cultural tourism and outlets, etc.

CSC Chongqing has a total planned net land area of approximately 6.3 million sq. m. and a total planned GFA of approximately 13.5 million sq. m.. The construction of CSC Chongqing is underway with a total GFA of approximately 1.44 million sq. m. completed, including approximately 1.26 million sq. m. of trade centers and approximately 34,000 sq. m. of ancillary facilities and approximately 145,200 sq. m. of warehousing facilities. During the Year, construction of a GFA of approximately 317,400 sq. m. of warehousing facilities and outlet town were completed. As at 31 March 2017, construction of a GFA of approximately 385,200 sq. m. is underway.

In FY2016/17, CSC Chongqing recorded total Contracted Sales of HK\$174.5 million (FY2015/16: HK\$647.0 million), including a GFA of 21,900 sq. m. of trade center (detached style) at an ASP of HK\$8,000/ sq. m. (FY2015/16: 82,700 sq. m. at an ASP of HK\$7,800/sq. m.).

#### 重慶華南城

重慶華南城策略性地位處重慶市巴南區,為本集團首個落戶直轄市的項目。座擁西部國家級大型交通基建一重慶公路物流基地的策略性地利,項目連接完善的高速公路網絡,可連接貫通市中心及全國其他地區。

重慶華南城周邊的交通網絡建設發展快速,隨著巴南 區商圈的發展漸趨成形,為項目未來的交通配套及商 業環境奠定了良好的基礎。重慶華南城處於試運營階 段,目前規劃經營業態包括小商品、五金機電、酒店 用品、家居建材、紡織服裝、汽摩汽配、文化旅遊及 奧特萊斯等。

重慶華南城總規劃淨佔地面積約630萬平方米,總規劃建築面積約1,350萬平方米。重慶華南城正處於開發建設階段,其中總建築面積約144萬平方米的建設已竣工,包括約126萬平方米的商品交易中心及約34,000平方米配套設施及約145,200平方米倉儲設施。於本年度,建築面積約317,400平方米的倉儲設施及奧特萊斯小鎮已竣工。截至2017年3月31日,建築面積約385,200平方米的工程已展開建設。

於2016/17財政年度,重慶華南城錄得合約銷售總額1.745億港元(2015/16財政年度:6.470億港元),包括以平均售價8,000港元/平方米售出建築面積21,900平方米的商品交易中心單位(單幢式)(2015/16財政年度:以平均售價7,800港元/平方米售出建築面積82,700平方米)。

#### **Financial Review**

For FY2016/17, the Group reported an increase in revenue of 27.7% to HK\$7,838.5 million (FY2015/16: HK\$6,136.3 million), and net profit attributable to owners of the parent increased by 22.2% to HK\$4,322.6 million (FY2015/16: HK\$3,537.0 million). Excluding the effects of fair value gains on investment properties and related tax effects and loss on redemption of senior notes, core net profit attributable to owners of the parent for the Year as adjusted increased by 12.1% to HK\$1,351.2 million (FY2015/16: HK\$1,205.8 million). Basic earnings per share increased to HK53.99 cents (FY2015/16: HK44.22 cents).

#### Revenue

Revenue for the Year increased by 27.7% to HK\$7,838.5 million (FY2015/16: HK\$6,136.3 million). The increase was mainly attributable to more properties were sold and delivered in Nanning, Nanchang and Hefei during the Year and the growing recurring revenue.

#### 財務回顧

於2016/17財政年度,本集團的收入增加27.7%至78.385億港元(2015/16財政年度:61.363億港元);母公司擁有人應佔淨利潤增加22.2%至43.226億港元(2015/16財政年度:35.370億港元)。撇除投資物業公平值收益及相關稅務影響和贖回優先票據之虧損,調整後的本年度母公司擁有人應佔核心淨利潤增加12.1%至13.512億港元(2015/16財政年度:12.058億港元)。每股基本盈利增加至53.99港仙(2015/16財政年度:44.22港仙)。

#### 收入

本年度的收入增加27.7%至78.385億港元(2015/16財政年度:61.363億港元),增加的主要原因是由於本年度內位於南寧、南昌及合肥項目有較多物業銷售及交付,以及持續性收入的增長。

		FY2016/17 2016/17	FY2015/16 2015/16	Change
		財政年度 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	財政年度 HK\$'000 千港元	變幅 %
Sales of properties and finance leas income	e 物業銷售及融資租賃收入	6,240,553	4,715,703	32.3
Sales of trade center units Sales of residential properties Finance lease income	銷售交易中心商舖 銷售住宅物業 融資租賃收入	2,006,196 3,788,019 446,338	2,998,814 1,165,321 551,568	-33.1 225.1 -19.1
Recurring income	持續性收入	1,597,957	1,420,559	12.5
Rental income Property management service income	租金收入 物業管理 服務收入	699,716 288,822	681,314 247,721	2.7 16.6
E-commerce income Other revenue	電子商貿收入 其他收入	213,674 395,745	202,184 289,340	5.7 36.8
		7,838,510	6,136,262	27.7

#### Sales of Properties and Finance Lease income

Revenue from sales of properties increased by 39.1% to HK\$5,794.2 million (FY2015/16: HK\$4,164.1 million). The increase was mainly attributable to the sales and delivery of properties in Nanning, Nanchang and Hefei projects during the Year. Sales for each project are as follows:

#### 銷售物業及融資租賃收入

銷售物業收入增加39.1%至57.942億港元(2015/16財政年度:41.641億港元)。增加的主要原因是由於本年度內位於南寧、南昌及合肥項目有較多物業銷售及交付。各項目的銷售情況如下:

		(before d of sale (HK\$/s	Average selling price (before deduction of sales tax*) (HK\$/sq. m.) 平均售價		GFA sold (sq. m.)		evenue leduction s tax*) nillion 收入	Sales revenue (net of sales tax*) HK\$ million 銷售收入	
		(扣除銷		已售建	-11-11-11		售税前*)	(扣除銷售税後*)	
		(港元/ <sup>-</sup>		(平)		(百萬		(百萬	
		FY2016/17	FY2015/16	FY2016/17	FY2015/16	FY2016/17	FY2015/16	FY2016/17	FY2015/16
		2016/17	2015/16	2016/17	2015/16	2016/17	2015/16	2016/17	2015/16
		財政年度	財政年度	財政年度	財政年度	財政年度	財政年度	財政年度	財政年度
CSC Shenzhen	深圳華南城	32,400	24,600	200	4,900	8.1	120.6	7.6	113.8
CSC Nanchang	南昌華南城								
- Trade center units	- 交易中心商舗	8,000	21,600	79,300	100	632.7	3.1	582.5	2.9
- Residential properties	-住宅物業	8,100	8,000	174,500	26,500	1,411.3	209.3	1,336.0	197.4
CSC Nanning	南寧華南城								
- Trade center units	一交易中心商舖	18,000	24,300	300	1,800	6.0	36.6	4.1	34.5
- Residential properties	-住宅物業	6,700	6,800	142,700	57,200	956.5	386.8	905.9	364.8
CSC Xi'an	西安華南城	5,700	6,400	69,000	94,600	392.0	602.0	356.3	568.3
CSC Harbin	哈爾濱華南城								
- Trade center units	一交易中心商舖	9,300	10,600	6,200	4,900	57.5	52.2	53.3	49.3
- Residential properties	-住宅物業	4,400	-	182,800	-	805.7	-	763.1	-
CSC Zhengzhou	鄭州華南城	10,800	9,400	65,000	131,400	700.7	1,236.2	663.3	1,168.3
CSC Hefei	合肥華南城								
- Trade center units	- 交易中心商舗	8,900	6,500	24,000	7,600	214.1	50.0	195.2	47.2
- Residential properties	-住宅物業	5,700	5,600	142,700	113,300	819.0	638.2	783.0	603.1
CSC Chongqing	重慶華南城	7,200	6,800	21,100	157,100	152.0	1,074.7	143.9	1,014.5
Total	總計	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	907,800	599,400	6,155.6	4,409.7	5,794.2	4,164.1

<sup>\*</sup> Sales tax represents business tax and surcharges on or before 30 April 2016 and valued-added-tax ("VAT") and surcharges after 30 April 2016.

銷售税指在2016年4月30日或之前為營業税及附加費,2016年4月30日後為增值稅及附加費。

Finance lease income derived from the leasing of office towers decreased by 19.1% to HK\$446.3 million (FY2015/16: HK\$551.6 million). The decrease was primarily attributable to the low inventory level of office at CSC Shenzhen.

來自寫字樓租賃的融資租賃收入減少19.1%至4.463 億港元(2015/16財政年度:5.516億港元)。減少的主 因是深圳華南城餘下的寫字樓存量不多所致。

During the Year, the Group entered into finance lease arrangements with tenants for approximately 38,800 sq. m. (FY2015/16: 49,400 sq. m.) at an average price of HK\$12,100/sq. m. (FY2015/16: HK\$11,800/sq. m.).

於本年度,本集團與承租人訂立的融資租賃合同約為38,800平方米(2015/16財政年度:49,400平方米),平均單價為12,100港元/平方米(2015/16財政年度:11,800港元/平方米)。

#### **Rental Income**

# In the long run, the Group intends to retain not less than 50% of the trade center units for self-use or rental purposes and rental income will therefore be an important component of the recurring income. CSC Shenzhen, being the Group's most matured project in its portfolio, contributed substantial part of the rental income. Along with the gradual extension of the trial operations in other projects, these projects will gradually start to contribute rental income. For the HOBA Furnishing megastores opened in CSC Nanning and CSC Shenzhen has now been in its trial operations which helped to enrich the business industries in the projects. During the Year, rental income increased by 2.7% to HK\$699.7 million (FY2015/16: HK\$681.3 million).

## As at 31 March 2017, the total occupancy rate of the launched rentable GFA of phase I, phase II and phase III trade centers and shops of CSC Shenzhen were ranged from 76% to 96% (as at 31 March 2016: 58% to 92%), while the average rental rate ranged from HK\$37/sq. m. to HK\$53/sq. m. (as at 31 March 2016: HK\$35/sq. m. to HK\$55/sq. m.).

#### **Property Management Service Income**

Income from property management services increased by 16.6% to HK\$288.8 million (FY2015/16: HK\$247.7 million). The increase in property management service income was mainly attributable to the increasing GFA of trade center shops and residential properties delivered and put into use during the Year.

#### 租金收入

長遠而言,本集團規劃保留不少於50%的商品交易中心商舖作為自營和出租用途,租金收入將會是本集團持續性收入的重要組成部分。深圳華南城是本集團項目組合中最成熟的項目,也是租金收入的主要貢獻單位。隨著其他項目陸續進入試運營,這些項目也逐漸開始為租金收入作出貢獻。開設於南寧華南城及深圳華南城的大型好百年家居廣場已投入試運營,並豐富了項目的運營業態。於本年度,租金收入增加2.7%至6.997億港元(2015/16財政年度:6.813億港元)。

截至2017年3月31日,深圳華南城一期、二期及三期商品交易中心及商舗的總佔用率為已推出之可出租用建築面積之76%至96%(截至2016年3月31日:分別為58%至92%),而其平均租金由37港元/平方米至53港元/平方米(截至2016年3月31日:35港元/平方米至55港元/平方米)。

#### 物業管理服務收入

物業管理服務收入增加16.6%至2.888億港元(2015/16財政年度:2.477億港元)。物業管理服務收入增加主要是由於在本年度交付及投入使用的交易中心商舗及住宅項目的面積不斷增加。

#### **E-commerce Income**

E-commerce income, derived from the E-commerce services provided to the Group's customers, increased by 5.7% to HK\$213.7 million (FY2015/16: HK\$202.2 million). The online membership programme of the Group were widely appreciated by customers. By joining the programme, occupants will enjoy a wide range of E-commerce service offered by the Group's E-commerce platform, CSC86.com.

#### **Other Revenue**

Other revenue rose by 36.8% to HK\$395.7 million (FY2015/16: HK\$289.3 million). The increase was mainly attributable to the continuous growth of the outlet operations and logistics and warehousing services, with revenue from outlet operations increased 46.7% to HK\$200.8 million (FY2015/16: HK\$136.9 million) while that of logistics and warehousing services increased 12.9% to HK\$162.0 million (FY2015/16: HK\$143.4 million) respectively during the Year.

Increase in income from outlet operations was mainly due to the growth of outlet center business and the increase in operating areas in the established outlets during the Year. The increase in income from logistics and warehousing services was mainly due to the increase in operating areas of warehouse during the Year.

#### **Cost of Sales**

The Group's cost of sales mainly includes construction costs of properties sold, construction costs of properties held for finance lease and rental expenses. During the Year, cost of sales increased by 36.2% to HK\$4,328.4 million (FY2015/16: HK\$3,177.2 million). The increase in cost of sales was basically in line with the increase of GFA of properties sold during the Year.

#### **Gross Profit**

Gross profit increased by 18.6% to HK\$3,510.1 million (FY2015/16: HK\$2,959.1 million). During the Year, gross profit margin decreased to 45% (FY2015/16: 48%) which was mainly due to the change in product mix of sales with a higher portion of residential properties which had a relatively lower profit margin when compared to that of trade center shops.

#### 電子商貿收入

來自為集團客戶提供電子商貿服務的收入於本年度增加5.7%至2.137億港元(2015/16財政年度: 2.022億港元)。本集團推出的線上會員計劃受到客戶的廣泛認可。參與計劃的商戶可專享本集團電子商貿平台一華南城網所提供的多方位電子商貿服務。

#### 其他收入

其他收入增加36.8%至3.957億港元(2015/16財政年度:2.893億港元),增長主要由於本年度奧特萊斯運營和物流及倉儲服務的持續增長所致。奧特萊斯運營的收入增加46.7%至2.008億港元(2015/16財政年度:1.369億港元),物流及倉儲服務的收入增加12.9%至1.620億港元(2015/16財政年度:1.434億港元)。

奧特萊斯中心運營收入增加主要是歸因於其業務量增 長及其運營面積增加。另外,於本年度內,物流及倉 儲服務收入增加主要是歸因於倉儲的運營面積的增 長。

#### 銷售成本

本集團的銷售成本主要包括已售物業建築成本、持作融資租賃物業建築成本及租金支出。在本年度內,銷售成本增加36.2%至43.284億港元(2015/16財政年度:31.772億港元)。銷售成本的增加與本年度已售物業的建築面積增加基本一致。

#### 毛利

毛利增加18.6%至35.101億港元(2015/16財政年度:29.591億港元)。於本年度,毛利率下降至45%(2015/16財政年度:48%),主要由於銷售產品組合中的住宅物業比例較高,而住宅物業的毛利率相對交易中心商舖為低。

#### Other Income and Gains/(Losses)

Other income and gains decreased by 31.9% to HK\$726.0 million (FY2015/16: HK\$1,066.2 million), mainly attributable to the decrease in government grants (FY2016/17: HK\$841.4 million while FY2015/16: HK\$1,001.1 million) and the loss of redemption of 2012 Notes and 2014 Notes of HK\$178.3 million, whereas such item did not exist last fiscal year.

#### **Fair Value Gains on Investment Properties**

The fair value gains on investment properties increased by 40.7% to HK\$4,549.5 million (FY2015/16: HK\$3,232.7 million). The increase was mainly contributed by the addition of new investment properties at the existing projects.

#### **Selling and Distribution Expenses**

Selling and distribution expenses decreased by 27.8% to HK\$624.6 million (FY2015/16: HK\$864.7 million). The decrease was mainly attributable to the effective cost control measures taken as to marketing activities for promoting the sales of properties during the Year.

#### **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses decreased by 2.6% to HK\$1,146.3 million (FY2015/16: HK\$1,177.2 million). The decrease was primarily due to the Group's optimisation of human resources and the effective control of administrative costs. Besides, during the Year, the Group granted 70,500,000 share options to certain employees. Together with the share options granted in prior years, share options expenses of HK\$30.6 million (FY 2015/16: HK\$29.3 million) were recorded.

#### **Finance Costs**

Finance costs increased by 72.8% to HK\$275.5 million (FY2015/16: HK\$159.4 million). The increase was mainly attributable to less amount of interest expenses being capitalized during the Year. As at 31 March 2017, the Group's weighted average financing cost was 6.2%, as compared with 6.3% at the end of March 2016.

#### 其他收入及收益/(虧損)

其他收入及收益減少31.9%至7.260億港元(2015/16 財政年度:10.662億港元),主要為來自於政府的發 展資金合共8.414億港元(2015/16財政年度:10.011 億港元)的減少及贖回2012年票據及2014年票據之虧 損合共1.783億港元所致,而上一財政年度並沒有此 項目。

#### 投資物業公平值收益

投資物業公平值收益增加40.7%至45.495億港元 (2015/16財政年度:32.327億港元),主要是由於現 有項目增加新投資性物業。

#### 銷售及分銷開支

銷售及分銷開支減少27.8%至6.246億港元(2015/16 財政年度:8.647億港元),主要由於本年度內在物業 銷售推廣方面作出多項成本管理措施奏效。

#### 行政開支

行政開支減少2.6%至11.463億港元(2015/16財政年度:11.772億港元),主要由於本集團優化人力資源結構及有效控制行政成本。另外,於本年度,本集團向若干僱員授出70,500,000份購股權。連同以前年度授出的購股權,購股權開支錄得3,060萬港元(2015/16財政年度:2,930萬港元)。

#### 融資成本

融資成本增加72.8%至2.755億港元(2015/16財政年度:1.594億港元),主要歸因於本年內資本化的利息減少。於2017年3月底,本集團的加權平均融資成本為6.2%,而於2016年3月底的加權平均融資成本則為6.3%。

#### Tax

Tax expenses recorded an increase of 65.6% to HK\$2,269.3 million (FY2015/16: HK\$1,370.5 million). The increase in tax expenses was basically in line with the increase of revenue and fair value increment of investment properties during the Year.

#### **Prepayments, Deposits and Other Receivables**

Prepayments, deposits and other receivables increased by 46.6% to HK\$1,066.8 million (31 March 2016: HK\$727.7 million), which was mainly due to the combined effect of (i) increase in deposits paid for construction of new projects, and (ii) increase in VAT receivable as a result of business tax to VAT reform in PRC during the Year.

#### **Trade and Other Payables**

Trade and other payables increased by 26.3% to HK\$16,763.2 million (31 March 2016: HK\$13,269.7 million). The increase was mainly due to the increase in deposits and receipts in advance during the Year. As at 31 March 2017, the balance of construction fees and retention payable and deposits received and receipts in advance were HK\$5,988.9 million and HK\$8,099.5 million, respectively.

#### **Liquidity and Financial Resources**

The Group finances its development and operations primarily through internally generated funds, bank and other borrowings, and the issuance of different notes on-shore and off-shore, which includes but not limited to senior notes, short-term notes, medium-term notes, corporate bonds and domestic company bonds.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had HK\$10,490.9 million cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash (31 March 2016: HK\$11,686.7 million), among which non-restricted cash and cash equivalents amounted to HK\$8,022.0 million (31 March 2016: HK\$9,327.8 million). The Group's cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash were primarily denominated in Renminbi, HK dollars and US dollars.

#### 税項

税項開支錄得增加65.6%至22.693億港元(2015/16財政年度:13.705億港元)。税項開支的增加與本年度的收入及投資物業公平值收益增加基本一致。

#### 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

預付款項、按金及其他應收款項增加46.6%至10.668 億港元(2016年3月31日:7.277億港元),這主要是 歸因於(i)新項目的工程按金增加,及(ii)年內國內營改 增改革以至應收增值税款的增加。

#### 貿易及其他應付款項

貿易及其他應付款項增加26.3%至167.632億港元(2016年3月31日:132.697億港元),這主要是歸因於本年度內按金及預收款項的增加。於2017年3月31日,應付建築費用及保留金以及按金及預收款項分別為59.889億港元及80.995億港元。

#### 流動性及財務資源

本集團主要透過內部產生的資金、銀行及其他借貸, 在境內外不同的票據發行,包括但不限於優先票據、 短期融資券、中期票據、企業債券和境內公司債券等 融資撥付其業務發展及運營所需資金。

#### 現金及現金等價物及受限制現金

於2017年3月31日,本集團持有現金及現金等價物以及受限制現金104.909億港元(2016年3月31日:116.867億港元),當中不受限制現金及現金等價物為80.220億港元(2016年3月31日:93.278億港元)。本集團持有的現金及現金等價物以及受限制現金主要以人民幣、港元及美元為單位。

#### **Borrowing and Charges on the Group's Assets**

As at 31 March 2017, the total interest bearing debts of the Group was HK\$32,772.9 million (31 March 2016: HK\$33,808.6 million) which included interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, senior notes, short-term notes, medium-term notes, corporate bonds and domestic company bonds.

#### Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings

The Group had aggregated interest-bearing bank and other borrowings of HK\$13,412.5 million as at 31 March 2017 (31 March 2016: HK\$16,622.7 million), of which HK\$7,042.6 million will be repayable within one year or on demand, HK\$3,571.8 million will be repayable in the second year, HK\$2,545.2 million will be repayable in the third to fifth years and HK\$252.8 million will be repayable after five years. As at 31 March 2017, the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings of approximately HK\$10,579.7 million were secured by certain buildings, investment properties, properties under development, properties held for sales and bank deposits with a total carrying value of approximately HK\$25,624.6 million.

Except for a bank loan with balance of HK\$300 million denominated in HK dollars and bears interest at floating rates of HIBOR+2.65% as at 31 March 2016, all interest-bearing bank and other borrowings of the Group were denominated in Renminbi with interest rates range from 4.4% to 6.2% (31 March 2016: 3.3% to 7.5%) per annum. Furthermore, as at 31 March 2017, the Group had unused banking facilities of approximately HK\$5,376.5 million. The Group will deploy these banking facilities as appropriate, depending on project development needs and working capital status.

#### 借貸及本集團資產抵押

於 2017 年 3 月 31 日 , 本 集 團 的 計 息 債 務 總 額 為 327.729 億港元 (2016年 3 月 31 日 : 338.086 億港元) , 其中包括計息銀行及其他借貸、優先票據、短期融資券、中期票據、企業債券以及境內公司債券。

#### 計息銀行及其他借貸

本集團於2017年3月31日的計息銀行及其他借貸合計為134.125億港元(2016年3月31日:166.227億港元),其中70.426億港元須於一年內或應要求償還、35.718億港元須於第二年償還、25.452億港元須於第三至第五年償還及2.528億港元須於五年後償還。於2017年3月31日,本集團的計息銀行及其他借貸中約105.797億港元是以若干樓宇、投資物業、發展中物業、持作銷售物業及銀行存款作抵押,其賬面總值約為256.246億港元。

除於2016年3月31日按香港銀行同業拆息加2.65%利率計息的3億港元銀行貸款以港元為單位外,本集團所有計息銀行及其他借貸均以人民幣為單位,並按每年4.4%至6.2%的利率計息(2016年3月31日:3.3%至7.5%)。此外,於2017年3月31日,本集團持有備用銀行融資約53.765億港元。本集團將於適當時候視乎項目發展需要及營運資金狀況調配此等銀行融資。

#### **Issuance of Notes**

#### **Senior Notes**

In October 2012, the Company issued the 2012 Notes due in October 2017 with a nominal value of US\$125 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$975 million) at a coupon rate of 13.5% per annum for the purpose of funding its properties under development and properties planned for future development, and refinancing a portion of its existing debt and for general corporate purposes. In April 2016, the Company has fully early redeemed this senior notes at premium in accordance to the terms and conditions of this notes.

In January 2014, the Company issued the 2014 Notes due in January 2019 with a nominal value of US\$400 million (equivalents to approximately HK\$3,120 million) at a coupon rate of 8.25% per annum for the purpose of redeeming all of the outstanding senior notes due in January 2016, with which the coupon rate was 13.5% per annum, and for general corporate purposes. In February 2017 and April 2017, the Company has early redeemed each of US\$200 million of this senior notes respectively, in a total of US\$400 million, at premium in accordance with the terms and conditions of this notes.

In September and October 2016, the Company issued senior notes due in September 2021 with a nominal value of US\$200 million (equivalents to approximately HK\$1,560 million) and US\$150 million (equivalents to approximately HK\$1,170 million) respectively, in a total of US\$350 million (equivalents to approximately HK\$2,730 million) at a coupon rate of 6.75% per annum for the purpose of refinancing existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.

In March 2017, the Company issued senior notes due in March 2020 with a nominal value of US\$300 million (equivalents to approximately HK\$2,340 million) at a coupon rate of 5.75% per annum for the purpose of refinancing existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.

As at 31 March 2017, the carrying value of senior notes were HK\$6,426.0 million. The senior notes are jointly guaranteed by certain subsidiaries and secured by pledges of share of certain subsidiaries.

#### 票據之發行

#### 優先票據

於2012年10月,本公司發行於2017年10月到期面值1.25億美元(相當於約9.75億港元)票面年利率為13.5%的2012年票據,以撥付其發展中物業及已規劃作未來發展物業所需資金,並為部分現有債項再融資及作一般公司用途。於2016年4月,本公司根據此優先票據的條款以溢價全數提早贖回此優先票據。

於2014年1月,本公司發行於2019年1月到期面值4億美元(相當於約31.2億港元)票面年利率為8.25%的2014年票據,主要用作贖回所有於2016年1月到期票面年利率為13.5%尚未贖回的優先票據及一般公司用途。於2017年2月及2017年4月本公司各分別根據此優先票據的條款以溢價提早贖回面值2億美元合共4億美元之優先票據。

本公司分別於2016年9月及10月,發行於2021年9月 到期面值2億美元(相當於約15.6億港元)及1.5億美元 (相當於約11.7億港元),合共3.5億美元(相當於27.3 億港元)票面年利率為6.75%的優先票據,主要用作 現有債務的再融資及一般公司用途。

本公司於2017年3月,發行於2020年3月到期面值3億美元(相當於約23.4億港元)票面年利率為5.75%的優先票據,主要用作現有債務的再融資及一般公司用途。

於2017年3月31日,優先票據的賬面值為64.260億港元。優先票據由若干附屬公司共同擔保,並由若干附屬公司之股份作抵押擔保。

#### **Short-Term Notes**

In September 2014, China South International obtained the relevant approval for issuing the short-term notes in the national inter-bank market in the PRC with a maximum principal amount of RMB4.3 billion. In September 2015, China South International issued the first tranche of the short-term notes of 2015 ("2015 First Tranche STN") with a total principal amount of RMB2.1 billion with a maturity period of 1 year and at an interest rate of 4.3% per annum. The proceeds thereof were to be used for replacement of bank borrowings of the Group. The 2015 First Tranche STN have been repaid in September 2016. In September 2016, China South International issued the first tranche of the short-term notes of 2016 with a total principal amount of RMB1.2 billion with a maturity period of 1 year and at an interest rate of 4.9% per annum. The proceeds thereof were to be used for general corporate purpose and repaying part of the bank loans of the Group.

#### **Medium-Term Notes**

In April 2014, China South International obtained the relevant approval for the issuing the medium-term notes in the national inter-bank market in the PRC with a maximum principal amount of RMB4 billion. In May 2014, China South International issued the first tranche of the mediumterm notes of 2014 with a total principal amount of RMB1 billion with a maturity period of 5 years and at an interest rate of 7.5% per annum. The proceeds thereof were to be used for repaying part of short-term bank loans of the Group. In September 2014, China South International issued the second tranche of the medium-term notes of 2014 with a total principal amount of RMB1 billion with a maturity period of 5 years and at an interest rate of 8.4% per annum. The proceeds thereof were to be used for repaying part of bank loans of the Group. In July 2015, China South International issued the first tranche of the medium-term notes of 2015 with a total principal amount of RMB2 billion with a maturity period of 3 years and at an interest rate of 7.0% per annum. The proceeds thereof were to be used for replacement of bank loans of the Group and the construction of CSC Nanning project.

#### **Corporate Bonds**

In March 2015, China South International obtained the relevant approval for issuing the corporate bonds in a maximum principal amount of RMB1.5 billion in the PRC. In April 2015, China South International issued the corporate bonds with a total principal amount of RMB1.5 billion with a term of up to 6 years in maximum and at an interest rate of 7.0% per annum. The proceeds thereof were to be used for funding the development of CSC Zhengzhou project.

#### 短期融資券

於2014年9月,華南國際取得於中國銀行間市場發行本金總額最多為人民幣43億元之短期融資券的相關批准。於2015年9月,華南國際發行2015年第一期短期融資券,本金總額為人民幣21億元,期限為1年,年利率為4.3%,該發行所得款項主要用作置換本集團的銀行貸款。2015年第一期短期融資券已於2016年9月償還。於2016年9月,華南國際發行2016年第一期短期融資券,本金總額為人民幣12億元,期限為1年,年利率為4.9%,該發行所得款項主要用作補充流動資金及償還本集團的部分銀行貸款。

#### 中期票據

於2014年4月,華南國際取得於中國銀行間市場發行本金總額最多為人民幣40億元之中期票據的相關批准。於2014年5月,華南國際發行2014年第一期中期票據,本金總額為人民幣10億元,期限為5年,年利率為7.5%,該發行所得款項主要用作償還本集團的部分短期銀行貸款。於2014年9月,華南國際發行2014年第二期中期票據,本金總額為人民幣10億元,期限為5年,年利率為8.4%,該發行所得款項主要用作償還本集團的部分銀行貸款。於2015年7月,華南國際發行2015年第一期中期票據,本金總額為人民幣20億元,期限為3年,年利率為7.0%,該發行所得款項主要用作置換本集團的銀行貸款及南寧華南城項目之發展。

#### 企業債券

於2015年3月,華南國際取得於中國發行本金總額最多為人民幣15億元之企業債券的相關批准。於2015年4月,華南國際發行該企業債券,本金總額為人民幣15億元,期限為最長6年,年利率為7.0%,該發行所得款項主要用作興建鄭州華南城項目之發展。

#### **Domestic Company Bonds**

In December 2015, China South International obtained the relevant approval for issuing the domestic company bonds in a maximum principal amount of RMB4.4 billion in the PRC. In January 2016, China South International issued the first tranche of the domestic company bonds of 2016 with a total principal amount of RMB3.0 billion with a term of 3 years and at an interest rate of 5.98% per annum. The proceeds thereof were to be used for repaying part of bank loans of the Group and for general working capital. In May 2016, China South International issued the second tranche of the domestic company bonds of 2016 with a total principal amount of RMB1.4 billion with a term of 3 years and at an interest rate of 6.85% per annum. The proceeds thereof were to be used for repaying part of bank loans of the Group and for general working capital.

As at 31 March 2017, the carrying value of China South International's short-term notes were HK\$1,353.2 million, medium-term notes were HK\$4,723.0 million, corporate bonds were HK\$1,778.7 million and domestic company bonds were HK\$5,079.4 million respectively.

#### **Gearing Ratio**

The Group's gearing ratio (net debt divided by total equity) was 78.2% as at 31 March 2017 and 83.9% as at 31 March 2016. The total liabilities over total assets ratio was 68.0% as at 31 March 2017 (31 March 2016: 68.4%).

#### **Net Current Assets and Current Ratio**

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had net current assets of HK\$7,485.0 million (31 March 2016: HK\$10,971.0 million) at a current ratio of 1.25 (31 March 2016: 1.39).

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

The Group has provided guarantees with respect to banking facilities granted by certain banks in connection with mortgage loans entered into by purchasers of the Group's trade centers and residential properties and bank loans entered into by lessees of the Group's residential and commercial properties. The guarantees granted to purchasers of trade centers and residential properties will be released when the purchasers obtain building ownership certificates, which will then be pledged to the banks. For leased residential and commercial properties, the guarantees will be released accordingly when the lessees repaid the loan. As at 31 March 2017, the guarantees amounted to HK\$9,396.3 million (31 March 2016: HK\$5,805.4 million).

#### 境內公司債券

於2015年12月,華南國際取得於中國發行本金總額最多為人民幣44億元之境內公司債券的相關批准。於2016年1月,華南國際發行2016年第一期境內公司債券,本金總額為人民幣30億元,期限為3年,年利率為5.98%。該發行所得款項主要用作置換本集團的銀行貸款及一般營運資金。於2016年5月,華南國際發行2016年第二期境內公司債券,本金總額為人民幣14億元,期限為3年,年利率為6.85%。該發行所得款項主要用作置換本集團的銀行貸款及一般營運資金。

於2017年3月31日,華南國際短期融資券的賬面值為13.532億港元、中期票據的賬面值為47.230億港元、企業債券的賬面值為17.787億港元及境內公司債券的賬面值為50.794億港元。

#### 資本負債比率

本集團於2017年3月31日和2016年3月31日的資本 負債比率(債務淨額除權益總額)分別為78.2%和 83.9%。2017年3月31日,總負債對總資產比率為 68.0%(2016年3月31日:68.4%)。

#### 流動資產淨值及流動比率

於2017年3月31日,本集團流動資產淨值為74.850億港元(2016年3月31日:109.710億港元),流動比率為1.25(2016年3月31日:1.39)。

#### 或然負債

本集團為其交易中心及住宅物業買家與銀行訂立的按揭貸款以及其住宅及商業物業承租人與銀行訂立的銀行貸款提供擔保。授予買家的擔保將於買家取得房地產所有權證,並於其後抵押予銀行時解除。就租賃住宅及商業物業而言,擔保將於承租人償還貸款時相應解除。於2017年3月31日,擔保金額為93.963億港元(2016年3月31日:58.054億港元)。

#### **Commitments**

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had future capital expenditure contracted but not yet provided for in the amount of HK\$8,787.7 million (31 March 2016: HK\$7,350.5 million).

## Acquisition and Disposal of Subsidiary and Associated Companies

The Group had no material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries and associated companies during the Year.

#### Foreign Exchange Risk

The Group conducts its business primarily in Renminbi. The income and bank deposits of the Group were substantially denominated in Renminbi to meet the Group's development and operation needs in the PRC. As at 31 March 2017, among the Group's total interest bearing debts of HK\$32,772.9 million, approximately HK\$6,426.0 million were denominated in US dollars and the rest were in Renminbi. The Group does not have material exposure to foreign exchange risk and no foreign currency hedging was done during the Year. The Group will monitor its foreign currency exposure and consider hedging arrangement if such need arise.

#### **Economic, Commercial and Other Risks**

The Group may be exposed to the risk of negative developments in national and regional economies, property and financial markets. It may result in reductions in sales prices of the properties, rent rates and occupancy rates of properties, and demand for ancillary services and facilities it provides. It may also result in recession, inflation, deflation and currency fluctuations as well as restrictions in the availability of credit, increases in financing and other operating costs. The development of the Group's projects may subject to market risks as it usually takes time to complete. Though the Group appoints quality partners for the development of its projects, it may still be subject to associated risk of the quality and safety of the products and services provided by the Group. The Group may also be subject to a number of regulatory environments in the territories in which it operates. Changes in the regulatory approach to such matters as ownership of assets and businesses, regulations related to development and operations, exchange controls, tax rules and employment legislation may impact the business of the Group. Changes in the political environment in such territories may also affect the Group. The management of the Group will keep abreast of the environment and policy changes and make the necessary adjustments in response to such changes, if any. Further steps taken by the Group to manage the financial risk are set out in note 46 to the financial statements.

#### 承擔

於2017年3月31日,本集團的已訂約但未計提撥備的 未來資本開支金額為87.877億港元(2016年3月31日: 73.505億港元)。

#### 收購及出售附屬公司及聯營公司

本集團於本年度並無任何收購及出售附屬公司及聯營 公司的重大項目。

#### 外匯風險

本集團之業務主要以人民幣進行。本集團之收入及銀行存款大部分為人民幣,以滿足其在國內的發展和運營所需。截至2017年3月31日,在本集團327.729億港元之總計息借貸中,大約64.260億港元之計息借貸為美元借款,餘額為人民幣借款。本集團並沒有重大的外匯風險,在本年度內並沒有進行匯率對沖之安排。本集團將留意其匯率風險,並在需要時適時作出匯率對沖之安排。

#### 經濟、商業及其他風險

本集團或會受到來自國家與區域經濟、房地產及金融 市場負面發展風險的影響。該等風險或會導致物業銷 售價格、物業租金及佔有率下降,以及對其提供的配 套服務與設施需求的下降。其亦或會導致經濟衰退、 通貨膨脹、通貨緊縮及匯價波動,以及信貸受限、融 資及其他運營成本上升。由於本集團的項目開發需 時,其或受到市場風險影響。儘管本集團委聘優質合 作夥伴進行項目開發,但仍可能受其提供產品與服務 之品質及安全性所帶來風險的影響。本集團於其運營 的地區亦可能受一系列監管環境影響,包括資產及業 務的擁有權、涉及開發及運營的法規、外匯管制、税 收規則及勞動法規等監管方式的變化或會影響本集團 的業務。當地政策環境的變化亦可能會影響本集團的 業務。本集團管理層將因應該等變化作出適時調整, 以與市場環境及政策變化保持一致。本集團進一步管 理財務風險的辦法載於財務報表附註46內。

#### **Land for Projects and Restriction on Sales**

The Group signs project agreements with local governments prior to the development of all projects in order to outline the long term blueprints of relevant projects. These agreements generally set out the size and use of lands and the related development plans. However, the actual acquisition of lands, land area and terms and conditions of such acquisition are subject to the relevant regulations and local governments' requirements, the Group's development plans and the results of the relevant public tender, auction and listing. Since the development of each of these projects may last for more than ten years, the Group and the local government may agree to adjust the details of these agreements to align with the actual needs of project developments.

The progress of the land acquisition and project development depend on the progress of the Group's planning, as well as the procedural formalities as determined by the local government departments. As the procedures and requirements set by different local governments vary, the Group may adjust the development of each project according to relevant conditions. In view of its substantial land bank and flexibility in project planning, the Group believes such circumstances will not have material impact on its development as a whole.

Pursuant to certain project and land related contracts and documents, some of the land acquired by the Group may have sales restrictions on properties built on it. These include the saleable area of trade centers of CSC Shenzhen is limited to 30% of the total buildable GFA of properties built on the relevant parcels of land. The saleable area of trade centers and warehousing facilities built on certain parcels of land acquired by CSC Nanchang and CSC Nanning in 2010 are limited to 60% of the relevant total buildable GFA. The saleable area of trade centers built by CSC Hefei and CSC Chongqing are limited to 50% of their relevant total buildable GFA. The saleable area of trade centers of phase I and future phases of CSC Zhengzhou are limited to 60% and 50% respectively of its relevant total buildable GFA. According to the Group's business model, the Group intends to hold not less than 50% of trade centers and commercial facilities for leasing and self-use, the related sales restrictions will not have significant impact to the Group.

#### 項目土地及銷售限制

本集團在發展各項目前均與當地政府簽訂項目協議, 以勾劃相關項目長遠的概要藍圖,該等協議一般會就 項目土地規模、性質及發展作概要約定,但實質土地 的取得、土地面積及取得之條款將按相關規定、當地 政府要求、本集團的發展規劃及招拍掛的結果為準。 由於各項目的發展期間可能超過十年,本集團及當地 政府可能會因應項目發展的需要而協商調整協議內 容。

本集團項目土地的取得及建設的進度,除視乎內部之規劃外,亦視乎項目當地政府部門各程序之手續。各地政府的程序和要求各異,因此,本集團對各項目的發展將視乎有關情況而作相應的調整和配合,但由於本集團的項目用地充裕,規劃上具較強的彈性,本集團認為有關情況對本集團的整體發展影響不大。

根據若干項目及土地相關合同和文件,部分項目土地所建之物業存在銷售限制,包括深圳華南城相關地塊上的交易中心的可銷售面積限於總可建建築面積的30%;南昌華南城和南寧華南城於2010年取得的若干土地,其上建設的交易中心及倉儲設施的可銷售面積限於該等物業總可建建築面積的60%;合肥華南城及重慶華南城建設的交易中心的可銷售面積限於該等物業總可建建築面積的50%;鄭州華南城建設的一期及以後各期的交易中心的可銷售面積分別限於該等物業總可建建築面積的60%及50%。按本集團商業模式,本集團規劃持有不少於50%交易中心及商業配套設施作租賃和自用,有關銷售限制對本集團的影響不大。

#### **General Mandate Issue**

#### **Update on Use of Proceeds**

On 15 January 2014, the Company entered into the Investment and Cooperation Agreement (the "Agreement") with THL H Limited ("THL"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tencent, a company listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Pursuant to such Agreement and the general mandate granted to the Directors at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 21 August 2013, THL has subscribed for 680,300,000 shares of the Company at a price of HK\$2.20 per share ("Subscription Shares") on 23 January 2014 with a total consideration of approximately HK\$1,500 million. In addition, the Company has granted an option to THL to subscribe for a further 244,800,000 shares at the price of HK\$3.50 per share (subject to adjustments (if any)) ("Option"). On 23 September 2014, THL noticed the Company to exercise the Option at the option price of HK\$3.36 per share at the total consideration of approximately HK\$822.5 million (as adjusted by the dividend declared by the Company) and the Company issued and allotted such shares to THL accordingly. Details of the Agreement are set out in the announcements dated 15 January 2014, 23 January 2014, 23 September 2014 and 29 September 2014 respectively.

The net proceeds from the Subscription Shares and the exercise of Option were in an aggregate of approximately HK\$2,319.2 million. As at 31 March 2017, the net proceeds thereof have been fully utilized on business related to E-commerce, logistics and general corporate purposes.

#### **Human Resources**

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had a workforce of approximately 6,420 people. The number of the Group's staff decreased by approximately 7.4% from 6,930 people as at 31 March 2016. The Group aims to recruit, retain and develop competent individuals who are committed to the Group's long-term success and growth. Remunerations and other benefits of employees are reviewed annually in response to both market conditions and trends, and are based on qualifications, experience, responsibilities and performance. In addition to basic salaries and other staff benefits, discretionary bonuses and share options may be awarded to employees who display outstanding performance and contributions to the Group. During the Year, the Company granted 70,500,000 share options to the certain employees of the Group.

#### 一般授權發行

#### 所得款用途的最新情況

於2014年1月15日,本公司與THL H Limited(「THL」)(為騰訊,一家於香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市公司之全資附屬公司)訂立投資及合作協議(「協議」)。根據該協議及本公司於2013年8月21日舉行的股東周年大會上授予董事之一般授權,THL於2014年1月23日以每股2.20港元認購680,300,000股本公司股份(「認購股份」),總代價約為15億港元。此外,本公司亦以購股權行使價每股3.50港元(可予調整(如有))向THL授出購股權以進一步認購244,800,000股股份(「購股權」)。於2014年9月23日,THL通知本公司以購股權價格每股3.36港元(按本公司宣派之股息已作調整)之總代價約為8.225億港元行使購股權,本公司據此發行及配發相關股份。有關該協議之詳情分別載於2014年1月15日、2014年1月23日、2014年9月23日及2014年9月29日之公告內。

有關認購股份及行使購股權所得之款項合共約為 23.192億港元。截至2017年3月31日,所得之款項已 悉數用於與電子商貿、物流業務有關之業務及一般公 司用途。

#### 人力資源

於2017年3月31日,本集團有僱員約6,420人。本集團僱員人數較2016年3月31日的6,930人減少約7.4%。本集團旨在招聘、挽留及培訓該等致力於本集團長遠成功及增長的人員。僱員的薪酬及其他福利乃參考市況及市場趨勢,以及按彼等的資歷、經驗、職責及表現每年進行檢討。除基本薪金及其他員工福利外,表現優秀且為本集團作出貢獻的僱員亦可獲獎勵酌情花紅及購股權。於本年度,本公司向若干僱員授出70,500,000份購股權。

## Project Portfolio 項目組合

## Properties held for sale/finance lease 持作銷售/融資租賃物業

			Acquired land			
		Group's	area		Approx. GFA	-
Project	Location	Interest	-	Description	(sq. m.)	Year
	ed mil		已購土地面積	- <del>-</del>	概約建築面積	\\ - <b>-</b> 10
項目	地點	本集團權益	(平方米)	内容	(平方米)	竣工年份
China South City Shenzhen 深圳華南城	No. 1 Hua Nan Main Road, Pinghu, Longgang District, Shenzhen, China	100%	1,060,000	Phase I trade centers 一期交易中心	1,000	2004
	中國深圳市龍崗區平湖 華南大道一號			Phase II residential facilities 二期住宅配套設施	1,200	2008
				Phase II commercial and other ancillary facilities 二期商業及其他配套設施		
				Phase II trade centers 二期交易中心	200	2009
				Phase III commercial and other ancillary facilities 三期商業及其他配套設施		
				Phase III trade centers 三期交易中心	42,500	2016
				Logistics zone commercial and other ancillary facilities 物流園區商業及其他配套設施		
				<ul><li>Office tower</li><li>辦公樓</li></ul>	37,800	2015, 2016
China South City Nanchang 南昌華南城	No. 1, Huanan Avenue, Honggutan New District, Nanchang City,	100%	1,726,000	Phase I trade centers 一期交易中心	226,800	2012, 2014, 2015, 2016
	Jiangxi Province, China 中國江西省南昌市紅谷灘新區 華南大道一號			Phase I residential facilities 一期住宅配套設施	6,600	2012, 2015, 2017

## Properties held for sale/finance lease 持作銷售/融資租賃物業

			Acquired land			
		Group's	area		Approx. GFA	Completion
Project	Location	Interest	(sq. m.)	Description	(sq. m.)	Year
			已購土地面積		概約建築面積	
項目	地點	本集團權益	(平方米)	內容	(平方米)	竣工年份
China South City Nanning 南寧華南城	No. 56, Shajing Avenue, Jiangnan District, Nanning City, Guangxi	100%	890,000	Phase I trade centers 一期交易中心	87,600	2012
	Zhuang Autonomous Region, China 中國廣西壯族自治區南寧市 江南區沙井大道56號			Phase I residential facilities 一期住宅配套設施	64,600	2013, 2017
China South City Xi'an 西安華南城	No. 8, Port Avenue, Xi'an International Trade & Logistics Park, Xi'an City, Shaanxi Province, China 中國陝西省西安市西安國際港務區港務大道8號	100%	1,926,000	Phase I trade centers 一期交易中心	568,000	2013, 2015, 2017
China South City Harbin 哈爾濱華南城	Tuanjie Town, Daowei District, Harbin City, Heilongjiang Province, China	100%	1,898,000	Phase I trade centers 一期交易中心	95,600	2014
	中國黑龍江省哈爾濱市道外區 團結鎮			Phase I residential facilities 一期住宅配套設施	58,000	2016
China South City Zhengzhou 鄭州華南城	Longhu Town, Xinzheng City, Zhengzhou City, Henan Province, China 中國河南省鄭州市新鄭市 龍湖鎮	100%	3,168,000	Phase I trade centers 一期交易中心	570,900	2014, 2016
China South City Hefei 合肥華南城	Fanhua Avenue, Taohua Industrial Park, Feixi County of Hefei City, Auhui Province, China	100%	1,907,000	Phase I trade centers 一期交易中心	141,300	2014, 2015
	中國安徽省合肥市肥西桃花工業園繁華大道			Phase I residential facilities 一期住宅配套設施	100	2016
China South City Chongqing 重慶華南城	No. 1 Dongcheng Avenue, Nanpeng, Banan District, Chongqing Municipality, China 中國重慶市巴南區 南彭東城大道一號	100%	2,425,000	Phase I trade centers 一期交易中心	748,100	2015, 2016

#### Properties for Investment 投資物業

Project	Location	Group's Interest	Description	Approx. GFA <sup>(1)</sup> (sq. m.)	Lease Term
項目	地點	本集團權益	內容	概約建築面積(1)	契約年期
China South City Shenzhen 深圳華南城	No. 1 Hua Nan Main Road, Pinghu, Longgang District, Shenzhen, China 中國深圳市龍崗區平湖	100%	Phase I trade centers —期交易中心 Phase I commercial and other	167,100	Medium Term Lease 中期契約
	華南大道一號		ancillary facilities 一期商業及其他配套設施 — Business centers — 商務中心	22,400	Medium Term Lease 中期契約
			<ul><li>Hotel properties</li><li>一酒店物業</li></ul>	32,100	Medium Term Lease 中期契約
			Phase II trade centers 二期交易中心	352,800	Medium Term Lease 中期契約
			Phase II commercial and other ancillary facilities 二期商業及其他配套設施		
			— Office tower — 辦公樓	15,100	Medium Term Lease 中期契約
			— Shopping plaza — 商場	15,200	Medium Term Lease 中期契約
			Phase III trade centers 三期交易中心	267,400	Medium Term Lease 中期契約
			Phase III commercial and other ancillary facilities 三期商業及其他配套設施		
			<ul><li>一 Office tower</li><li>一 辦公樓</li></ul>	4,400	Medium Term Lease 中期契約
			— Residential properties — 住宅物業	32,100	Medium Term Lease 中期契約
			Logistics zone commercial and other ancillary facilities 物流園區商業及其他配套設施		
			一 Hotel properties 一 酒店物業	7,000	Medium Term Lease 中期契約

## Properties for Investment 投資物業

		Group's		Approx. GFA <sup>(1)</sup>	
Project	Location	Interest	Description	(sq. m.) 概約建築面積 <sup>⑴</sup>	Lease Term
項目	地點	本集團權益	內容	(平方米)	契約年期
China South City Nanchang 南昌華南城	No. 1 Huanan Avenue, Honggutan New District, Nanchang City, Jiangxi Province, China 中國江西省南昌市紅谷灘新區 華南大道一號	100%	Phase I trade centers 一期交易中心	189,800	Medium Term Lease 中期契約
China South City Nanning 南寧華南城	No. 56 Shajing Avenue, Jiangnan District, Nanning City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region, China 中國廣西壯族自治區南寧市 江南區沙井大道56號	100%	Phase I trade centers 一期交易中心	568,500	Medium Term Lease 中期契約
China South City Xi'an 西安華南城	No. 8, Port Avenue, Xi'an International Trade & Logistics Park, Xi'an City, Shaanxi Province, China 中國陝西省西安市西安國際港務區港務大道8號	100%	Phase I trade centers 一期交易中心	112,700	Medium Term Lease 中期契約
China South City Harbin 哈爾濱華南城	Tuanjie Town, Daowei District, Harbin City, Heilongjiang Province, China 中國黑龍江省哈爾濱市道外區 團結鎮	100%	Phase I trade centers 一期交易中心	579,900	Medium Term Lease 中期契約
China South City Zhengzhou 鄭州華南城	Longhu Town, Xinzheng City, Zhengzhou City, Henan Province, China 中國河南省鄭州市新鄭市 龍湖鎮	100%	Phase I trade centers 一期交易中心	671,900	Medium Term Lease 中期契約
China South City Hefei 合肥華南城	Fanhua Avenue, Taohua Industrial Park, Feixi County of Hefei City, Auhui Province, China 中國安徽省合肥市肥西桃花工業園 繁華大道	100%	Phase I trade centers 一期交易中心	349,400	Medium Term Lease 中期契約
China South City Chongqing 重慶華南城	No. 1 Dongcheng Avenue, Nanpeng, Banan District, Chongqing Municipality, China 中國重慶市巴南區 南彭東城大道一號	100%	Phase I trade centers 一期交易中心	47,700	Medium Term Lease 中期契約

Note: 附註:

<sup>(1)</sup> 概約建築面積不包括地底設施面積。 (1) The approximate GFA does not include the area of underground facilities.

## Properties under Development – with Land use Rights Certificates 發展中物業-具備土地使用權證書

	Project/Location	Group's Interest	Approx. Acquired land area <sup>(1)</sup> (sq. m.) 概約已購土	Total Planned GFA <sup>(2)</sup> (sq. m.) 規劃總	Desc	ription	Properties under Development (sq. m.)	Stage of completion	Estimated completion calendar year
	項目/地點	本集團權益	地面積⑴(平方米)	建築面積(2)	內容		發展中物業 (平方米)	完成階段	預計竣工曆年
1.	China South City Shenzhen 深圳華南城 No. 1 Hua Nan Main Road, Pinghu, Longgang District, Shenzhen, China 中國深圳市龍崗區平湖 華南大道一號	100%	1,060,000	2,644,000	a. b.	Trade centers, warehouse and other ancillary facilities 交易中心,倉儲及其他配套設施 Remaining portions 餘下部分	185,000	Foundation work and superstructure in progress 地基工程及上蓋工程進行中 Planning 規劃中	2017-2020
2.	China South City Nanchang 南昌華南城 No. 1, Huanan Avenue, Honggutan New District, Nanchang City, Jiangxi Province, China 中國江西省南昌市紅谷灘新區 華南大道一號	100%	1,726,000	4,630,700	a. b.	Trade centers, residential, commercial, warehouse and other ancillary facilities 交易中心,住宅,商業,倉儲及其他配套 設施  Remaining portions  錄下部分	536,100	Foundation work and superstructure in progress 地基工程及上蓋工程進行中 Planning 規劃中	2017-2018
3.	China South City Nanning 南寧華南城 No. 56, Shajing Avenue, Jiangnan District, Nanning City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region, China 中國廣西壯族自治區南寧市	100%	890,000	2,480,000	a. b.	Trade centers, residential, commercial, warehouse and other ancillary facilities 交易中心,住宅,商業,倉儲及其他配套 設施	398,900	Foundation work and superstructure in progress 地基工程及上蓋工程進行中	2017-2018
4.	江南區沙井大道56 號  China South City Xi'an 西安華南城  No.8, Port Avenue, Xi 'an International Trade & Logistics Park, Xi 'an City, Shaanxi Province, China 中國陝西省西安市西安國際港務區	100%	1,926,000	4,676,600	a. b.	餘下部分 Trade centers, commercial, warehouse and other ancillary facilities 交易中心,商業,倉儲及其他配套設施 Remaining portions 餘下部分	228,500	規劃中 Foundation work and superstructure in progress 地基工程及上蓋工程進行中 Planning 規劃中	2017-2018
5.	港務大道8 號  China South City Harbin 哈爾濱華南城 Tuanjie Town, Daowei District, Harbin City, Heilongjiang Province, China 中國黑龍江省哈爾濱市道外區團結鎮	100%	1,898,000	4,739,400	a.	Trade centers, residential, commercial, warehouse and other ancillary facilities 交易中心,住宅,商業,倉儲及其他配套 設施	904,200	Foundation work and superstructure in progress 地基工程及上蓋工程進行中	2017-2019
					b.	Remaining portions 餘下部分	-	Planning 規劃中	-

## Properties under Development – with Land use Rights Certificates 發展中物業-具備土地使用權證書

	Project/Location	Group's Interest	Approx. Acquired land area <sup>(1)</sup> (sq. m.) 概約已購土	Total Planned GFA <sup>(2)</sup> (sq. m.) 規劃總	Des	cription	Properties under Development (sq. m.)	Stage of completion	Estimated completion calendar year
	項目/地點	本集團權益	地面積(1)	建築面積⑵ (平方米)	內容	I.	發展中物業 (平方米)	完成階段	預計竣工曆年
6.	China South City Zhengzhou 鄭州華南城 Longhu Town, Xinzheng City, Zhengzhou City, Henan Province, China	100%	3,168,000	8,682,700	a.	Trade centers, residential, commercial, warehouse and other ancillary facilities 交易中心,住宅,商業,倉儲及其他配套 設施	1,570,400	Foundation work and superstructure in progress 地基工程及上蓋工程進行中	2017-2020
	中國河南省鄭州市新鄭市龍湖鎮				b.	Remaining portions 餘下部分	-	Planning 規劃中	-
7.	China South City Hefei 合肥華南城 Fanhua Avenue, Taohua Industrial Park, Feixi County of Hefei City, Auhui Province, China	100%	1,907,000	5,004,600	a.	Trade centers, residential, commercial, warehouse and other ancillary facilities 交易中心・住宅・商業・倉儲及其他配套 設施	1,739,500	Foundation work and superstructure in progress 地基工程及上蓋工程進行中	2017-2019
	中國安徽省合肥市肥西 桃花工業園繁華大道				b.	Remaining portions 餘下部分	-	Planning 規劃中	-
8.	China South City Chongqing 重慶華南城 No. 1 Dongcheng Avenue, Nanpeng,	100%	2,425,000	5,990,300	a.	Trade centers and other ancillary facilities 交易中心及其他配套設施	385,200	Foundation work and superstructure in progress 地基工程及上蓋工程進行中	2018-2019
	Banan District, Chongqing Municipality, China 中國重慶市巴南區南彭東城大道一號				b.	Remaining portions 餘下部分	-	Planning 規劃中	-

#### Notes:

(1) Represent the land area acquired by the Group as at 31 March 2017.

(2) Represent the planned GFA for the land acquired including completed properties and properties under development. The actual GFA to be built may vary subsequently according to needs of the Group.

#### 附註:

(1) 代表本集團於2017年3月31日已購得之土地。

(2) 代表已購得之土地的規劃建築面積包括已竣工物業 及發展中物業,後續實際建設的面積可能會因應本 集團的需要而有所變更。

### Five Years' Financial Summary 五年財務概要

					d 31 March 1日止年度	
		2017 HK\$′000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>RESULTS</b> Revenue	<b>業績</b> 收入	7,838,510	6,136,262	9,757,767	13,468,322	7,488,061
Gross Profit	毛利	3,510,145	2,959,053	5,175,530	6,547,164	4,176,695
Profit before tax Income tax expenses	税前利潤 所得税開支	6,592,254 (2,269,292)	4,904,233 (1,370,457)	5,859,489 (2,144,709)	6,168,828 (2,472,478)	4,473,136 (1,606,468)
Profit for the year	本年度利潤	4,322,962	3,533,776	3,714,780	3,696,350	2,866,668
Attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	下列各方應佔: 母公司擁有人 非控股權益	4,322,626 336	3,537,012 (3,236)	3,727,872 (13,092)	3,494,481 201,869	2,749,864 116,804
Core net profit attributable to owners of the parent*	母公司擁有人應佔核心 淨利潤*	1,351,212	1,205,782	1,854,273	2,677,696	1,776,382
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES Non-current assets Current assets	<b>資產及負債</b> 非流動資產 流動資產	51,889,666 37,086,167	44,393,168 38,992,163	38,990,032 34,263,939	29,918,774 30,042,168	23,917,451 18,427,574
Total assets	資產總值	88,975,833	83,385,331	73,253,971	59,960,942	42,345,025
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動負債 非流動負債	29,601,179 30,895,263	28,021,173 28,995,693	28,345,624 19,886,531	24,243,429 15,573,368	15,374,448 10,927,816
Total liabilities	負債總額	60,496,442	57,016,866	48,232,155	39,816,797	26,302,264
Equity attributable to owners of parent Non-controlling interests	母公司擁有人應佔 權益 非控股權益	28,298,254 181,137	26,178,517 189,948	24,866,969 154,847	19,969,505 174,640	15,853,253 189,508
Total equity	權益總額	28,479,391	26,368,465	25,021,816	20,144,145	16,042,761
Earnings per share attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent	歸屬於母公司普通股 權益持有人之 每股盈利					
Basic	基本	HK53.99 cents 港仙	HK44.22 cents 港仙	HK48.73 cents 港仙	HK55.71 cents 港仙	HK45.62 cents 港仙
Diluted	攤薄	HK53.96 cents 港仙	HK44.05 cents 港仙	HK45.27 cents 港仙	HK47.93 cents 港仙	HK45.60 cents 港仙

<sup>\*</sup> Represents the net profit attributable to owners of the parent excluding fair value gains on investment properties and their respective related tax effects, fair value gain on derivative financial instrument and loss on redemption of senior notes.

<sup>·</sup> 代表未計投資物業公平值收益及相關稅務影響、衍生 金融工具公平值收益和贖回優先票據之虧損的母公司 擁有人應佔淨利潤。

## Biographical Details of Directors and Key Management 董事及主要管理層履歷

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. CHENG Chung Hing, aged 56, is our Co-Chairman and an Executive Director. He is a co-founder of our Group and has been a Director since 2 August 2002. He is primarily responsible for formulating the overall strategies and assessing the performance of the Group as well as providing leadership for the Board. He has more than 34 years of management experience in the manufacturing, wholesale and distribution businesses. Mr. Cheng has been awarded the "Young Industrialist Awards of Hong Kong 1997" from the Federation of Hong Kong Industries, the Distinguished International Entrepreneur of the Year Award 1997 from San Francisco State University and the Chinese Outstanding Entrepreneur Award 2008 from the China Enterprise Confederation and the China Enterprise Directors Association. Mr. Cheng is the vice chairman of the China Chamber of International Commerce, a standing member of the 10th and 11th Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference and a member of the 3rd, the 4th and the 5th Shenzhen Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference. Mr. Cheng is also presently the foundation honorary chairman of Gem and Jewelry Committee of China General Chamber of Commerce, a standing member of the China Enterprise Confederation and the China Enterprise Director Association, vice president of the China Federation of Logistics and Purchasing, vice president of the Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region Federation of Industry and Commerce, vice president of the Guangxi Overseas Friendship Assocation, vice president of the China Chamber of International Commerce Shenzhen, chairman of the Shenzhen Logistics and Supply Chain Management Association, vice chairman of the Federation of Shenzhen Industries, honorary life president of the Hong Kong Gemstone Manufacturers' Association Limited, honorary chairman of Zhejiang Pearl Trade Association and member of the Shenzhen Overseas Friendship Association. Mr. Cheng was the chairman and non-executive director of Man Sang Jewellery Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange") (stock code: 1466) until his resignation effective from 10 December 2016 and he was the chairman and non-executive director of Man Sang International Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of The Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock code: 938) until his resignation effective from 16 October 2014. He was also the director of China Metro-Rural Holdings Limited (formerly known as Man Sang International (B.V.I.) Limited), a company listed on the New York Stock Exchange MKT (ticker symbol: CNR) until his resignation effective from 5 December 2013. Mr. Cheng is the father of Ms. Cheng Ka Man Carman, an Executive Director, and a younger brother of Mr. Cheng Tai Po, a Non-Executive Director.

#### 執行董事

鄭松興先生,56歲,聯席主席兼執行董事。彼為本集 團的創辦人之一,自2002年8月2日獲委任為董事, 主要負責制定本集團的整體策略及評估本集團的業 績,並領導董事會。彼在製造及批發分銷業務方面 擁有逾34年管理經驗。鄭先生獲香港工業總會頒發 1997年香港青年工業家獎、獲三藩市州立大學頒發 Distinguished International Entrepreneur of the Year Award 1997,以及獲中國企業聯合會及中國企業家協 會頒發2008年中國優秀企業家獎。鄭先生為中國國際 商會副會長、中國人民政治協商會議廣西壯族自治區 第十屆及第十一屆委員會常務委員以及中國人民政治 協商會議廣東省深圳市第三屆、第四屆及第五屆委員 會委員。彼現時亦為中國商業聯合會珠寶首飾委員會 名譽創會會長、中國企業聯合會及中國企業家協會常 務委員、中國物流與採購聯合會副會長、廣西壯族自 治區工商聯副主席、廣西海外聯誼會副會長、深圳國 際商會副會長、深圳市物流與供應鏈管理協會會長、 深圳工業總會副會長、香港寶石廠商會永遠名譽會 長、浙江省珍珠行業協會名譽會長及深圳海外聯誼會 會員。鄭先生曾為民生珠寶控股有限公司(一家於香 港聯合交易所有限公司(「香港聯交所」)主板上市之公 司,股份代號:1466)之主席兼非執行董事至2016年 12月10日辭任為止,及彼曾為民生國際有限公司(一 家於香港聯交所主板上市之公司,股份代號:938)的 主席兼非執行董事至2014年10月16日辭任為止。彼 亦曾為China Metro-Rural Holdings Limited(前稱Man Sang International (B.V.I.) Limited)(一家於紐約交易所 MKT上市的公司,股份代號: CNR)的董事至2013年 12月5日辭任為止。鄭先生為執行董事鄭嘉汶女士之 父親,非執行董事鄭大報先生之胞弟。

## Biographical Details of Directors and Key Management (Continued) 董事及主要管理層履歷(續)

Mr. FUNG Sing Hong Stephen, aged 52, is our Vice Chairman of the Group and an Executive Director. Mr. Fung joined our Group in July 2006 and since then he acted as the Group's Chief Financial Officer until 19 May 2016. He has been an Executive Director since August 2014. Mr. Fung had been the Chief Executive Officer of the Group since 1 January 2016 until he was appointed as the Vice Chairman of the Group on 4 May 2017. Mr. Fung is primarily responsible for assisting the Chairman in formulating the overall development planning and strategies of the Group and will be responsible for formulating capital market financing, merger and acquisition strategies, as well as strategic co-operations in e-commerce, logistics and commercial operations, including extending the co-operations with Tencent, Mr. Fung graduated from the University of Wales, United Kingdom with a Master degree in Business Administration. He is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Chartered Global Management Accountants, and is also the vice president of Hong Kong Business Accountants Association and a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors. Mr. Fung has more than 24 years of experience in financial management, mergers and acquisitions, capital markets financing and corporate restructuring. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Fung was an executive director and the chief financial officer of Guangdong Investment Limited ("GDI"). Before joining GDI, Mr. Fung served as an executive director and the chief financial officer of Guangdong Land Holdings Limited (formerly known as Kingway Brewery Holdings Limited) ("GDL"). Both GDI and GDL are companies listed on the Main Board of The Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock codes: 270 and 124, respectively). Mr. Fung was also a key member of the Guangdong Enterprises (Holdings) Limited ("GDE") restructuring team and has been extensively involved in the US\$5.3 billion debt restructuring of GDE.

**馮星航先生**,52歲,集團副主席兼執行董事。馮先生 於2006年7月加入本集團,並由加入本集團至2016年 5月19日擔任本集團首席財務總監,馮先生由2014年 8月出任執行董事,並於2016年1月1日至2017年5月4 日期間擔任本集團行政總裁。馮先生於2017年5月4日 晉升為集團副主席。馮先生主要負責協助主席制定集 團發展規劃和戰略佈局,並負責制定資本市場融資及 收購合併策略,以及本集團在電子商務、物流、商業 運作等方面的戰略合作,包括深化與騰訊系公司的合 作。馮先生畢業於英國威爾斯大學,持有工商管理碩 士學位。彼為香港會計師公會資深會員、美國執業會 計師公會會員和全球特許管理會計師公會會員,及亦 為香港商界會計師協會之副會長及香港董事學會資深 會員。馮先生於財務管理、合併及收購、資本市場融 資及企業重組方面擁有超過24年經驗。加入本集團之 前,馮先生為粵海投資有限公司(「粵海投資」)執行董 事及財務總監。在加入粵海投資前,馮先生擔任粵海 置地控股有限公司(前稱金威啤酒集團有限公司)(「粵 海置地」)執行董事及財務總監。粤海投資及粤海置地 均為香港聯交所主板上市的公司(股份代號分別為270 及124)。馮先生亦曾為粵海企業(集團)有限公司(「粵 海企業」)重組隊伍的主要成員,廣泛地參與粵海企業 涉及53億美元的債務重組。

Mr. SONG Chuan, aged 52, has been an Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Group since 4 May 2017. He is primarily responsible for the overall operations and management of the Group. Mr. Song graduated from the PRC National University of Defense Technology, Department of Electronic Science and Technology, with a Master degree in Communication and Electronic Systems. Mr. Song has extensive experience in property development, urban operations, large-scaled enterprises operations and executive management as well as business management. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Song was the chairman of CITIC Urban Development & Operation Co. Limited and the chief executive officer of CITIC Real Estate Co. Limited.

宋川先生,52歲,自2017年5月4日獲委任為本集團 行政總裁兼執行董事,主要負責本集團之整體運營及 行政管理。宋先生畢業於中國國防科學技術大學電子 技術系,持通信與電子系統專業碩士學位。宋先生於 房地產開發、城市運營、大型企業運營和行政管理, 及商業管理等方面擁有豐富經驗。於加入本集團前, 宋先生歷任中信城市開發運營有限責任公司之董事長 及中信房地產股份有限公司之總裁等職務。

## Biographical Details of Directors and Key Management (Continued) 董事及主要管理層履歷(續)

Ms. CHENG Ka Man Carman, aged 28, has been an Executive Director since 4 May 2017. She is primarily responsible for the administration and operations of the Group. Ms. Cheng graduated from the University of London with a Bachelor of Science degree in Finance and Business Economics. She also obtained a Master of Science in Management degree from the Imperial College London and a Master of Philosophy degree in Real Estate Finance from the University of Cambridge. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Cheng was an executive director of Man Sang International Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of The Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock code: 938). She had also worked in a leading investment firm in Asia. Ms. Cheng is the daughter of Mr. Cheng Chung Hing, the Co-Chairman and Executive Director and the niece of Mr. Cheng Tai Po, a Non-Executive Director of the Company.

鄭嘉汶女士,28歲,自2017年5月4日獲委任為執行董事,主要負責本集團的行政工作,並參與本集團的運營工作。鄭女士畢業於英國倫敦大學取得金融及商業經濟學學士學位,彼亦取得英國帝國理工學院之管理學碩士學位及英國劍橋大學之房產金融碩士學位。於加盟本集團前,鄭女士為民生國際有限公司(一家位於香港聯交所主板上市的公司,股份代號:938)之執行董事。彼亦曾於一間亞洲領先的投資公司任職。鄭女士是本公司之聯席主席兼執行董事鄭松興先生的女兒,及本公司非執行董事鄭大報先生之侄女。

#### **Non-Executive Directors**

Dr. MA Kai Cheung, SBS, BBS, aged 75, is our Co-Chairman and a Non-Executive Director. He is a co-founder of our Group and has been a Director since 2 August 2002. He is primarily responsible for advising on the formulation of the Group's general business models, development strategies and the resolution of major issues. Dr. Ma has more than 45 years of management experience in garment distribution and manufacturing businesses. Dr. Ma was awarded a Bronze Bauhinia Star (BBS) and a Silver Bauhinia Star (SBS) by the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in 2003 and 2009 respectively. He was also a member of the 9th, 10th and 11th National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference. Dr. Ma is currently the permanent honorary president of Shenzhen Overseas Chinese International Association, the permanent honorary president of Hong Kong Chiu Chow Chamber of Commerce Limited, the chairman of Federation of Hong Kong Guangdong Community Organizations, the permanent honorary president of Hong Kong & Kowloon Chiu Chow Public Association and the permanent honorary chairman of Federation of Hong Kong Chiu Chow Community Organizations. Dr. Ma received an Honorary Doctoral degree in Philosophy from the Morrison University in the United States in 2004. He received a fellowship from the Asian Knowledge Management Association in 2008. Dr. Ma is also the Honorary chairman of Carrianna Group Holdings Company Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of The Hong Kong Stock Exchange (Stock code: 126).

#### 非執行董事

馬介璋博士,銀紫荊星章、銅紫荊星章,75歲,聯席主 席兼非執行董事。彼為本集團的創辦人之一,自2002 年8月2日獲委任為董事,主要負責就制定本集團的整 體業務模式、發展策略及重大事項提供意見。馬博士 在成衣分銷及製造業方面擁有逾45年管理經驗。馬博 士分別於2003年及2009年獲香港特別行政區政府頒 授銅紫荊星章及銀紫荊星章,並為中國人民政治協商 會議全國委員會第九屆、第十屆及第十一屆委員。馬 博士現為深圳市僑商國際聯合會永遠名譽會長、香港 潮州商會永遠名譽會長、香港廣東社團總會會長、香 港九龍潮州公會永遠榮譽主席及香港潮屬社團總會永 遠名譽主席。馬博士於2004年獲美國莫里森大學頒授 榮譽哲學博士學位。彼於2008年獲亞洲知識管理協 會頒授院士名銜。馬博士亦為佳寧娜集團控股有限公 司(一家於香港聯交所主板上市的公司,股份代號: 126)之名譽主席。

## Biographical Details of Directors and Key Management (Continued) 董事及主要管理層履歷(續)

Mr. SUN Kai Lit Cliff, BBS, JP, aged 63, is a Non-Executive Director. He is a co-founder of our Group and has been a Director since 2 August 2002. He is primarily responsible for advising on the formulation of the Group's general business models, development strategies and the resolution of major issues. Mr. Sun is an Adjunct Professor of City University of Hong Kong and has over 37 years of management experience in the business of wholesale distribution and manufacturing of kitchenware and other metal and plastic products. He was appointed as Justice of the Peace (JP) and was awarded a Bronze Bauhinia Star (BBS) by the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in 2003 and 2006 respectively. At present, Mr. Sun is a member of the 11th Zhejiang Committee of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference. He is also the honorary chairman of the Federation of Hong Kong Industries, the honorary chairman of The Hong Kong Exporters' Association, the honorary chairman of the Hong Kong Q Mark Council, the honorary president of the Hong Kong Plastics Manufacturers Association Limited, Supervisor of Guangdong Overseas Chinese Enterprises Association, the president of Shenzhen Overseas Chinese International Association and the president of the CPPCC (Shenzhen) Hong Kong and Macao Members Association Limited. Mr. Sun is currently the chairman of Kinox Enterprises Limited and Kin Hip Metal and Plastic Factory Limited, and is an independent non-executive director of Ka Shui International Holdings Ltd (stock code: 822) and Wisdom Education International Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 6068), both are listed on the Main Board of The Hong Kong Stock Exchange. He was an independent non-executive director of Ming Fai International Holdings Limited (stock code: 3828) until his retirement effective from 29 March 2016.

孫啟烈先生,銅紫荊星章、太平紳士,63歲,非執行董 事。彼為本集團的創辦人之一,自2002年8月2日獲委 任為董事,主要負責就制定本集團的整體業務模式、 發展策略及重大事項提供意見。孫先生為香港城市大 學客席教授,於廚具及其他金屬及塑膠產品批發分銷 及製造業方面擁有逾37年的管理經驗。彼分別於2003 年及2006年獲香港特別行政區政府委任為太平紳士及 頒授銅紫荊星章。孫先生現時為中國人民政治協商會 議第十一屆浙江省委員會委員。彼同時亦為香港工業 總會名譽會長、香港出口商會名譽主席、香港優質產 品標誌局名譽主席、香港塑膠業廠商會有限公司名譽 會長、廣東省僑商投資企業協會監事長、深圳市僑商 國際聯合會會長及深圳市政協歷屆港澳委員聯誼會有 限公司會長。孫先生現為建樂士企業有限公司及建業 五金塑膠廠有限公司的董事長,及為在香港聯交所主 板上市之嘉瑞國際控股有限公司(股份代號:822)和 睿見教育國際控股有限公司(股份代號:6068)的獨立 非執行董事。彼曾為明輝國際控股有限公司(股份代 號:3828)的獨立非執行董事至2016年3月29日退任 為止。

Dr. MA Wai Mo, aged 72, is a Non-Executive Director. He is a cofounder of our Group and has been a Director of the Company since 2 August 2002. He is primarily responsible for advising on the formulation of the Group's general business models, development strategies and the resolution of major issues. He has more than 38 years of management experience in the printing and packaging, manufacturing, wholesale and distribution businesses. Dr. Ma was a member of the 3rd and the 4th Shenzhen Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, the chairman of the 13th, 14th, 16th and 17th Hong Kong Corrugated Paper Manufacturers' Association. Currently, he is a member of the Committee of Foreign and Overseas Chinese Affairs, the Standing Committee of Shenzhen Municipal People's Congress, the honorary chairman of the 2nd and 3rd Chaoyang District Shantou City Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, the vice chairman of the 7th general committee of the China Packaging Federation, the honorary chairman of the 7th and 8th Shenzhen Packaging Association, the vice president of the 7th and the 8th Guangdong Printing Association, the executive vice president of the Guangdong Overseas Chinese Enterprises Association, the honorary founding president and the executive vice president of Shenzhen Overseas Chinese International Association, and the permanent honorary chairman of the Shenzhen Graphic Society. Dr. Ma is also the chairman of Luk Ka International Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Luk Ka Overseas Investments Limited. Dr. Ma was awarded the World's Outstanding Chinese in 2005 and received an Honorary Doctor of Science degree from Armstrong University in the same year. Dr. Ma was awarded the Bisheng Printing Outstanding Achievement Award by the Printing Technology Association of China in 2013 and the Global Outstanding Chinese Award by the Global Outstanding Chinese Association in 2014.

馬偉武博士,72歲,非執行董事。彼為本集團的創 辦人之一,自2002年8月2日獲委任為本公司董事。 彼主要負責就制定本集團的整體業務模式、發展策略 及重大事項提供意見。馬博士在印刷及包裝、製造及 批發分銷業務方面擁有逾38年的管理經驗。馬博士 曾為中國人民政治協商會議廣東省深圳市第三屆及第 四屆委員會委員、香港瓦通紙業廠商會第十三屆、第 十四屆、第十六屆及十七屆會長。現時,馬博士為深 圳市人大常委會外事僑務工作委員會委員、中國人民 政治協商會議汕頭市潮陽區第二屆及第三屆政協名譽 主席、中國包裝聯合會第七屆理事會副會長、深圳市 包裝行業協會第七屆及第八屆榮譽會長、第七屆及第 八屆廣東省印刷複製業協會副會長、廣東省僑商投資 企業協會常務副會長、深圳市僑商國際聯合會創會名 譽會長及常務副會長,以及深圳市印刷學會永遠榮譽 會長。馬博士同時亦為Luk Ka Overseas Investments Limited的全資附屬公司力嘉國際集團有限公司董事 長。於2005年,馬博士獲選為世界傑出華人,並於同 年獲Armstrong University頒授榮譽科學博士學位。馬 博士另於2013年獲中國印刷技術協會頒授畢昇印刷傑 出成就獎,並於2014年獲全球傑出華人總會頒授第二 屆全球傑出華人獎。

Mr. CHENG Tai Po, aged 65, is a Non-Executive Director. He has been a Director since 30 April 2010 and is primarily responsible for advising on the formulation of the Group's general business models, development strategies and the resolution of major issues. Mr. Cheng has over 34 years of experience in manufacturing, wholesale and distribution businesses. He is a board member of the Zhanjiang Ocean University, China, a general committee member of the Hong Kong Jewelry Manufacturers' Association, the chairman of Hong Kong Overseas Puning Sheshan Clansmen Association and the permanent honorary president of Hong Kong Association of Jie Yang Federation of Returned Overseas Chinese Limited. Mr. Cheng has been the executive director and deputy chairman of Man Sang International Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of The Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock code: 938), since August 1997 and has been re-designated as chairman and non-executive director since 16 October 2014 until his retirement effective from 31 March 2016, and the director and vice-chairman of China Metro-Rural Holdings Limited (formerly known as Man Sang International (B.V.I) Limited), a company listed on the New York Stock Exchange MKT (ticker symbol: CNR) until his retirement effective from 5 September 2014. Mr. Cheng is an elder brother of Mr. Cheng Chung Hing, the Co-Chairman and Executive Director, and is an uncle of Ms. Cheng Ka Man Carman, the Executive Director of the Company.

海洋大學校董、香港珠寶製造業廠商會之理事、香港海外普寧社山同鄉聯會會長及香港揭陽僑聯聯誼會之永遠名譽主席。鄭先生自1997年8月出任民生國際有限公司(一家於香港聯交所主板上市的公司,股份代號:938)之執行董事及副主席,並於2014年10月16日獲調任為主席兼非執行董事至2016年3月31日退任為止,以及為China Metro-Rural Holdings Limited(前稱Man Sang International (B.V.I.) Limited)(一家於紐約交易所MKT上市之公司,股份代號:CNR)之董事及副主席至2014年9月5日退任為止。鄭先生為本公司之聯席主席兼執行董事鄭松興先生之胞兄,及執行董事鄭嘉汶女士之伯父。

鄭大報先生,65歲,非執行董事。自2010年4月30日

獲委任為董事,主要負責就制定本集團的整體業務模

式、發展策略及重大事項提供意見。鄭先生於製造及

批發分銷業務方面擁有逾34年的經驗。彼為中國湛江

Mr. LEUNG Moon Lam, BBS, aged 61, is a Non-Executive Director. He is a co-founder of our Group and has been a Director of the Company since June 2002. Mr Leung was re-designated from Executive Director to Non-Executive Director on 4 May 2017. Mr. Leung was also the Chief Executive Officer of the Group from November 2009 to 1 January 2016. Mr. Leung is primarily responsible for advising on the formulation of the Group's business models and development strategies and resolution of major issue. He has more than 34 years of management experience in the garment manufacturing, wholesale and distribution businesses. Mr. Leung was award a Bronze Bauhinia Star (BBS) by the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in 2017. Mr. Leung received the Chinese Outstanding Entrepreneur Award 2008 from the China Enterprise Confederation and the China Enterprise Directors Association. Mr. Leung was a member of the 2nd, 3rd and the 4th Shenzhen Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference and a member of the 10th Liaoning Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference. He was also the chairman of the 7th Shenzhen Textile Industry Association Committee. Mr. Leung was appointed as a member of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference in February 2013. Mr. Leung is also presently a member of the Consultative Committee on Economic and Trade Co-operation between Hong Kong and the Mainland, the vice chairman of the Jiangxi Chinese Overseas Friendship Association, and honorary chairman of the Shenzhen Longgang Charity Association, the Honorary Professor of Business of Hang Seng Management College (formerly known as "Hang Seng School of Commerce") and the president of the Federation of Hong Kong Shenzhen Associations. Mr. Leung is the chairman of Wetter (China) Limited and Kings Faith International Limited.

本集團的創辦人之一,自2002年6月獲委任為本公司 董事。於2017年5月4日梁先生由執行董事調任為非執 行董事。梁先生由2009年11月至2016年1月1日出任 集團行政總裁。梁先生主要負責就制定本集團的整體 業務模式、發展策略及重大事項提供意見。彼於服裝 製造及批發分銷業務方面擁有逾34年管理經驗。梁先 生於2017年獲香港特別行政區政府頒授銅紫荊星章。 梁先生獲中國企業聯合會及中國企業家協會頒發2008 年中國優秀企業家獎。梁先生曾為中國人民政治協商 會議廣東省深圳市第二屆、第三屆及第四屆委員會委 員及遼寧省第十屆委員會委員及深圳市紡織行業協會 第七屆委員會會長。梁先生於2013年2月獲委任為中 國人民政治協商會議全國委員會委員,並現為香港與 內地經貿合作諮詢委員會成員、江西海外聯誼會副理 事長、深圳市龍崗區慈善會名譽會長、香港恒生管理 學院(前稱「恒生商學書院」)榮譽商學教授以及香港深 圳社團總會之會長。梁先生亦為香港匯達(中國)有限 公司及京暉國際有限公司的董事長。

Mr. LIN Ching Hua, aged 44, has been a Non-Executive Director since 28 June 2014. He is primarily responsible for advising on the formulation of the Group's general business models, development strategies and the resolution of major issues. Mr. Lin joined Tencent Group ("Tencent Group" includes Tencent Holdings Limited, shares of which are listed on the Main Board of The Hong Kong Stock Exchange with stock code no. 700, and its subsidiaries) in April 2013. He is currently the vice president of Tencent Group and is the general manager of Strategy Development Department and Social and Performance Advertisement Department. Mr. Lin is mainly responsible to establish the strategic platform of Tencent, to formulate the business development strategies of the Tencent Group, and to lead the research and development of various business models in the Tencent Group and the business cooperation with external strategic partners who the Tencent Group has equity investments. Mr. Lin has taken a crucial and leading role in promoting Tencent's strategic initiatives, including Weixin commercialization, important strategic investments and cooperations, and the business planning and development in internet finance, and resources integration and product innovation on social advertisement. Before joining Tencent, Mr. Lin was a partner at Mckinsey & Company, Inc. and general manager of its branch in Taiwan. Mr. Lin mainly served clients and performed research in technology sector, including hi-tech manufacturing, internet service, telecommunication and media during his 12 years with McKinsey. His various research received wide coverage in a number of Business and Financial media in China. Before joining McKinsey, Mr. Lin worked at Deloitte Consulting Inc., Taiwan Office, as a consultant. He received his MBA degree from Harvard Business School in 2001.

林璟驊先生,44歳,自2014年6月28日獲委任為非執 行董事,主要負責就制定本集團的整體業務模式、發 展策略及重大事項提供意見。林先生於2013年4月加 入騰訊集團(「騰訊集團」包括其股份於香港聯交所主 板上市,股份代號為700之騰訊控股有限公司及其附 屬公司)。彼現任騰訊集團副總裁,並兼任戰略發展 部及社交與效果廣告部總經理。林先生主要負責騰訊 戰略平台的構建、業務發展戰略的擬定,主導騰訊集 團各項商業模式的創新以及對外投資的業務合作等工 作。林先生在近期的騰訊微信商業化、重要的戰略投 資合作、互聯網金融業務規劃與推進,以及在騰訊集 **專**社交廣告整合與產品創新等關鍵領域均承擔主要推 動領導職責。在加入騰訊前,林先生為麥肯錫全球合 夥人及台灣分公司的總經理。在麥肯錫的12年間, 林先生主要服務和研究的領域包括高科技產品、互聯 網、通信和媒體等行業,其領導的多項研究成果在國 內的多家財經與商業經營權威媒體發表。在加入麥肯 錫前,林先生曾在台灣的勤業管理顧問公司擔任咨詢 師,並於2001年取得哈佛大學商學院的MBA學位。

### **Independent Non-executive Director**

Mr. LEUNG Kwan Yuen Andrew, GBS, SBS, JP, aged 66, has been an Independent Non-Executive Director since 4 September 2009. He has more than 37 years of management experience in the textile manufacturing, wholesale and distribution businesses. Mr. Leung was elected as the President of the Sixth Legislative Council of Hong Kong on 12 October 2016 and he is currently a member of the Industrial (First) Functional Constituency of the Legislative Council of Hong Kong and is also a member of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference. Mr. Leung is currently the honorary chairman of Textile Council of Hong Kong, the honorary president of the Federation of Hong Kong Industries, a fellow member of the Textiles Institute as well as the Clothing and Footwear Institute in the United Kingdom. He was a council member of the Hong Kong Trade Development Council. In addition, Mr. Leung is also an independent non-executive director of Dah Sing Banking Group Limited (stock code: 2356) and Harbour Centre Development Limited (stock code: 51), both are companies listed on the Main Board of The Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Mr. Leung was the chairman and director of Sun Hing Knitting Factory Limited until his resignation effective from 28 February 2017.

Mr. LI Wai Keung, aged 60, has been an Independent Non-Executive Director since 4 September 2009. Mr. Li has more than 39 years of experience in financial management. Mr. Li graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic and holds a Master degree in Business Administration from the University of East Asia, Macau, currently known as the University of Macau. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the president of Hong Kong Business Accountants Association. Mr. Li is the executive director and chief financial officer of Guangdong Holdings Limited, executive director of Guangdong Land Holdings Limited (formerly known as Kingway Brewery Holdings Limited) ("GDL"), non-executive director of Guangdong Investment Limited ("GDI") and an independent non-executive director of Shenzhen Investment Limited ("SZ Investment") and Hans Energy Company Limited ("Hans"). GDL, GDI, SZ Investment and Hans are companies listed on the Main Board of The Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock codes: 124, 270, 604 and 554 respectively). He is a director of Shenzhen City Airport (Group) Company Limited, the chairman of the Council of the Hong Kong Chinese Orchestra Limited, a member of China Overseas Friendship Association and the vice chairman and secretary of the Financial and Accounting Affairs Steering Committee of the Hong Kong Chinese Enterprises Association. He was appointed as Advisor of Management Accounting of the Ministry of Finance, PRC since 21 July 2014. Mr. Li had worked for Henderson Land Development Company Limited (stock code: 12).

## 獨立非執行董事

梁君彥先生,金紫荊星章、銀紫荊星章、太平紳士,66歲,自2009年9月4日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼於紡織品製造、批發及分銷業務方面擁有逾37年管理經驗。梁先生於2016年10月12日獲當選為第六屆香港立法會主席,彼現為香港立法會工業界(第一)功能界別成員,亦為中國人民政治協商會議全國委員會長、香港工業總會名譽會長、英國的紡織學會吳及製衣業及鞋類學會資深會員。彼曾為香港貿易發展局理事會成員。此外,梁先生為於香港聯交所主板上市之大新銀行集團有限公司(股份代號:2356)及海港企業有限公司(股份代號:51)的獨立非執行董事。梁先生曾為新興織造廠有限公司主席及董事至2017年2月28日辭任為止。

李偉強先生,60歲,自2009年9月4日獲委任為獨立 非執行董事。李先生擁有逾39年財務管理經驗。李 先生畢業於香港理工學院,並持有澳門東亞大學(現 稱為澳門大學)工商管理碩士學位。彼為英國特許公 認會計師公會及香港會計師公會資深會員,以及香港 商界會計師協會會長。李先生現為粵海控股集團有限 公司的執行董事兼財務總監,粵海置地控股有限公司 (前稱金威啤酒集團有限公司)(「粵海置地」)執行董 事,同時亦為粵海投資有限公司(「粵海投資」)之非執 行董事、深圳控股有限公司(「深圳控股」)及漢思能源 有限公司(「漢思」)之獨立非執行董事。粤海置地、粤 海投資、深圳控股及漢思均為在香港聯交所主板上市 的公司(股份代號分別為124, 270, 604及554)。彼為 深圳市機場(集團)有限公司董事、香港中樂團有限公 司理事會主席、中華海外聯誼會理事及香港中國企業 協會財會專業委員會副主任委員兼副秘書長,於2014 年7月21日獲聘為中華人民共和國財政部管理會計咨 詢專家。李先生曾任職於恆基兆業地產有限公司(股 份代號:12)。

Mr. HUI Chiu Chung, JP, aged 70, has been an Independent Non-Executive Director since 11 April 2011. Mr. Hui has over 46 years of experience in the securities and investment industry. He has served as a council member and vice chairman of The Hong Kong Stock Exchange, a member of the Advisory Committee of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission, a director of the Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited, a member of the Listing Committee of The Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited, an appointed member of the Securities and Futures Appeal Tribunal, a member of the Standing Committee on Company Law Reform and an appointed member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants Investigation Panel A for a number of years. He was also a member of the Committee on Real Estate Investment Trusts of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission and a member of Government "Appointees" (independent member) of Appeal Panel of the Travel Industry Council of Hong Kong. Mr. Hui was appointed by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region a Justice of the Peace (JP) in 2004 and was also appointed as a member of the Zhuhai Municipal Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference in 2006. He is a fellow member of The Hong Kong Institute of Directors and a senior fellow member of Hong Kong Securities and Investment Institute. Mr. Hui also serves as a non-executives director of Luk Fook Holdings (International) Limited (stock code: 590) and an independent non-executive director of Zhuhai Holdings Investment Group Limited (formerly known as Jiuzhou Development Company Limited) (stock code: 908), Lifestyle International Holdings Limited (stock code: 1212), Gemdale Properties and Investment Corporation Limited (formerly known as Frasers Property (China) Limited) (stock code: 535), SINOPEC Engineering (Group) Co., Limited (stock code: 2386), Agile Property Holdings Limited (stock code: 3383) and FSE Engineering Holdings Limited (stock code: 331), whose shares are listed on The Hong Kong Stock Exchange. He was an independent non-executive director of Chun Wo Development Holdings Limited (now known as Asia Allied Infrastructure Holdings Limited) (stock code: 711) and Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (stock code: 388) until his resignation effective from 1 February 2015 and his retirement effective from 29 April 2015 respectively.

許照中先生,太平紳士,70歳,自2011年4月11日獲 委任為獨立非執行董事。許先生具備逾46年之證券及 投資經驗。彼多年來曾出任香港聯交所理事會理事及 副主席、香港證券及期貨事務監察委員會諮詢委員會 委員、香港中央結算有限公司董事、香港交易及結算 所有限公司上市委員會委員、證券及期貨事務上訴審 裁處委員、公司法改革常務委員會委員及香港會計師 公會調查小組A組委員。彼曾為香港證券及期貨事務 監察委員會房地產投資信託基金委員會委員及香港旅 遊業議會上訴委員會獨立委員。許先生於2004年獲 香港特區政府頒授太平紳士榮銜,並於2006年獲中 國珠海市人民政治協商會議委仟為政協委員。彼為香 港董事學會資深會員和香港證券及投資學會傑出資深 會員。許先生亦為股份於香港聯交所上市之六福集團 (國際)有限公司(股份代號:590)之非執行董事,以 及為珠海控股投資集團有限公司(前稱九洲發展有限 公司)(股份代號:908)、利福國際集團有限公司(股 份代號:1212)、金地商置集團有限公司(前稱星獅地 產(中國)有限公司)(股份代號:535)、中石化煉化工 程(集團)股份有限公司(股份代號:2386)、雅居樂地 產控股有限公司(股份代號:3383)及豐盛機電控股有 限公司(股份代號:331)之獨立非執行董事。彼曾為 俊和發展集團有限公司(現稱亞洲聯合基建控股有限 公司)(股份代號:711)和香港交易及結算所有限公司 (股份代號:388)之獨立非執行董事,分別至2015年 2月1日退任及2015年4月29日任滿為止。

Mr. YUNG Wing Ki Samuel, SBS, MH, JP, aged 58, has been an Independent Non-Executive Director since 1 March 2013. Mr. Yung has over 35 years of experience in insurance sector. He was awarded an EMBA from the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology and has attained certain professional qualifications, including Certified Financial Planner, Registered Financial Consultant, fellow Chartered Financial Practitioner, Chartered Life Practitioner, Certified Manager of Financial Advisor and Chartered Insurance Agency Manager. Mr. Yung is currently an executive district director of AIA International Limited and an independent non-executive director of China Overseas Insurance Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of China Overseas Holdings Group, and is also an independent non-executive director of China Overseas Property Holdings Limited (stock code: 2669), a company listed on the Main Board of The Hong Kong Stock Exchange. He was an independent non-executive director of Camsing International Holding Limited (formerly known as Fittec International Group Limited) (stock code: 2662) until his resignation effective from 31 May 2016, a company listed on the Main Board of The Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Mr. Yung is also presently a member of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, the founding president of Hong Kong Professionals and Senior Executives Association and the chairman or committee member of several Government committees and non-governmental organizations. Mr. Yung was elected the "Ten Outstanding Young Persons Award" in 1994. He was also a Municipal Commission Standing member of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference of Jilin, Standing Committee member of All-China Youth Federation, member of Commission on Strategic Development of the HKSAR, member of Central Policy Unit, Chairman of Hong Kong United Youth Association, chairman of The Outstanding Young Persons' Association, director & chairman of International Committee of General Agents & Managers Association International, co-chairman of the Asia Pacific Financial Services Association and president of The Life Underwriters Association of Hong Kong, president of General Agents and Managers Association of Hong Kong and chairman of Betting and Lotteries Commission.

容永祺先生,銀紫荊星章、榮譽勳章、太平紳士,58 歲,自2013年3月1日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。容 先生於保險業方面擁有逾35年經驗,獲香港科技大學 頒授高層管理人員工商管理碩士, 並取得若干專業資 格,包括認可財務策劃師、認證財務顧問師、註冊特 許財務策劃師、特許壽險策劃師、認可財務經理顧問 及特許壽險營業經理等。容先生現為友邦保險(國際) 有限公司區域執行總監,以及中國海外保險有限公司 (中國海外集團旗下之一間全資附屬公司)之獨立非執 行董事,彼亦為一家在香港聯交所主板上市之中海物 業集團有限公司(股份代號:2669)之獨立非執行董 事。彼曾為一家在香港聯交所之主板上市公司之承興 國際控股有限公司(前稱奕達國際集團有限公司)(股 份代號:2662)之獨立非執行董事至2016年5月31日 辭任為止。此外,容先生亦現為全國政協委員、香港 專業及資深行政人員協會創會會長及其他多個政府委 員會及社會服務團體的主席或委員。容先生曾於1994 年獲選為香港「十大傑出青年」,亦曾任吉林省政協常 委、全國青聯常委、特區政府策略發展委員會委員 中央政策組成員、香港青年聯會主席、傑出青年協會 主席、國際人壽保險經理協會董事兼國際委員會主 席、亞太財務策劃聯會聯席主席、香港人壽保險從業 員協會會長、香港人壽保險經理協會會長及博彩及獎 券事務委員會主席等。

# **Key Management**

Mr. TSOI Yiu Ting, aged 44, was appointed as the Group's Chief Financial Officer on 19 May 2016. He is primarily responsible for the overall financial management of the Group, establishing and maintaining investor relations and executing the Group's capital market financing, mergers and acquisitions and business cooperation. Mr. Tsoi has more than 18 years of experience in corporate finance and investment banking, specializing in initial public offerings, mergers and acquisitions as well as equity and debt financing for companies in the real estate, manufacturing and technologies sectors in Hong Kong and China. Before joining the Group, Mr. Tsoi was the head of Hong Kong Corporate Finance of JP Morgan. Other positions he had held before that include director of Corporate Finance of ABN AMRO and vice president of Corporate Finance of Cazenove Asia. He also worked at the Listing Division of The Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Mr. Tsoi holds a Bachelor of Business Administration degree from the Chinese University of Hong Kong and a Master of Business Administration degree from London Business School. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants.

Ms. TSE Man Yu, aged 46, is the Company Secretary and the Group's Deputy Chief Financial Officer. Ms. Tse joined our Group in February 2008. She assists the chief financial officer in offshore financing, merger and acquisition and business cooperation of the Group, and is responsible for company secretarial duties and investor relations. Ms. Tse is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group. Ms. Tse graduated from the City University of Hong Kong with a Bachelor of Science (Honours) degree in Finance. She is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Ms. Tse has more than 21 years of experience in financial management, mergers and acquisitions, corporate finance and asset management. Prior to joining our Group, Ms. Tse was the assistant chief financial officer of GDI which is a company listed on the Main Board of The Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock code: 270). Ms. Tse was an alternate director of Guangdong Development Fund Limited ("GDF"), which was a company listed on the London Stock Exchange (code: gdf), and a director of Guangdong Investment Management Limited, which was the fund manager of GDF. Ms. Tse had also been a senior corporate finance executive of Tung Fong Hung (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 279) and Sing Pao Media Group Limited (stock code: 164), both companies were listed on the Main Board of The Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

### 主要管理層

寮耀庭先生,44歲,於2016年5月19日獲委任為集團 首席財務總監。彼主要負責本集團的整體財務管理、 建立和維護投資者關係、執行本集團資本市場融資、 收購合併及業務合作項目。蔡先生擁有逾18年企業 融資及投資銀行經驗,於中國及香港的房地產、工業 製造及科技企業的上市、股權與債務融資及收購合併 方面擁有豐富經驗。於加入本集團前,蔡先生為摩根 大通香港企業融資部董事及嘉誠亞洲企業融資部副總 裁。彼亦曾於香港聯交所上市科工作。蔡先生持有香 港中文大學工商管理學士學位及倫敦商學院工商管理 碩士學位,並為英國特許會計師公會註冊資深會員。

謝文瑜女士,46歲,公司秘書及集團副財務總監。 謝女士於2008年2月加入本集團。彼協助集團首席財 務總監進行本集團的境外融資、收購合併和業務合作 項目,並負責公司秘書事務和投資者關係。謝女士現 亦為本集團若干附屬公司之董事。謝女士畢業於香港 城市大學,取得財務學榮譽理學士學位。彼為英國特 許公認會計師公會及香港會計師公會資深會員。謝女 士於財務管理、合併及收購、企業財務及資產管理方 面擁有超過21年經驗。加入本集團之前,謝女士為 粤海投資有限公司(一家於香港聯交所主板上市的公 司,股份代號:270)的助理財務總監。謝女士曾為 Guangdong Development Fund Limited (「GDF」) ( — 家曾於倫敦證券交易所上市的公司,代號:gdf)替任 董事及Guangdong Investment Management Limited (GDF的基金經理)董事。謝女士亦曾任在香港聯交所 主板上市之東方紅集團有限公司(股份代號:279)及 成報傳媒集團有限公司(股份代號:164)的高級企業 融資人員。

Ms. JIANG Ling, aged 44, is the Group's Vice President. She joined our Group in November 2003, and is responsible for the Group's strategic development, including policy research, project planning, land resources planning and management and public relations. Ms. Jiang graduated from the Department of Journalism, Huazhong University of Science and Technology in 1994. She later completed Advanced Business Management Course at HSBC Business School, Peking University in 2009, the postgraduate course in fashion buying at Hong Kong Institute of Fashion Buying in 2011, and the Advanced Capital Management (Investment and Financing) Course at Shenzhen Tsinghua University Research Institute in 2016. She has also attained the qualification of senior planner from the Ministry of Labor and Social Security of the People's Republic of China (which has been renamed as the Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security of the People's Republic of China). Ms. Jiang has over 17 years of management experience in the property industry and has experience in the media industry. She was the manager of the development department of Shanghai Chenghuang Temple Fuyoumen Small-Commodities Market Corporation Limited, the director of Shenzhen Column Editorial Department, Hong Kong Ta Kung Pao and the general manager of Shenzhen Tongyuan Nanling Cultural and Creative Park Corporation Limited.

姜玲女士,44歲,集團副總裁。姜女士於2003年11 月加入本集團。彼負責本集團的戰略發展工作,包括 政策研究、項目策劃、土地資源規劃與管理及公共關 係等事務。姜女士於1994年畢業於華中理工大學(現 為華中科技大學)新聞系,並於2009年於北京大學匯 豐商學院完成高級工商管理課程,其後於2011年於香 港時尚買手學院修畢時尚買手研究生課程,於2016年 於深圳清華大學研究院完成資本經營(投融資)高級研 修班(第29期)課程,並持有中華人民共和國勞動和社 會保障部(現稱中華人民共和國人力資源和社會保障部)頒發的高級策劃師資格。姜女士於產業地產行業 擁有愈17年管理經驗,亦擁有傳媒行業經驗。姜女士 曾擔任上海市城隍廟福佑門小商品批發市場有限公司 開發部經理、香港大公報深圳專欄採編部主任及深圳 市同源南嶺文化創意園有限公司總經理。

Ms. LIU Qiang, aged 47, is the Group's Vice President. Ms Liu joined our Group in December 2007, and is responsible for the Group's construction project management, including cost management, tender management and construction management. Ms. Liu graduated from Wuhan University of Technology in 1992 with a Bachelor of Engineering degree in Architecture and holds a qualification of senior engineer. Ms. Liu later passed accounting professional examination held by Ministry of Personnel of the People's Republic of China and became a qualified certified public accountant in 1998. She hence attained the qualification of cost engineer from Ministry of Personnel and Ministry of Construction of the People's Republic of China, certified public valuer from Ministry of Personnel and Ministry of Finance of the People's Republic of China and registered consulting engineer from Ministry of Personnel and National Development and Reform Commission of the People's Republic of China in 2000, 2001 and 2004 respectively. Ms. Liu has over 14 years of management experience in the construction industry. She had worked for Shenzhen Chengxinhang Engineering Consulation Company Limited.

**劉強女士**,47歲,集團副總裁。劉女士於2007年12 月加入本集團,負責本集團工程建設管理,包括成本 管理、招標管理、施工管理等事務。劉女士於1992 年畢業於武漢工業大學(現名武漢理工大學)建築工程 系,取得工學學士學位,並持有高級工程師資格。劉 女士其後通過全國專業技術統一考試,於1998年取 得會計師資格。彼並分別於2000年、2001年及2004 年取得中華人民共和國人事部和建設部頒發的造價工 程師註冊資格、中華人民共和國人事部和財政部頒發 的資產評估師註冊資格及中華人民共和國人事部和國 家發展和改革委員會頒發的諮詢工程師(投資)執業資 格。劉女士於建築行業擁有逾14年管理經驗。彼曾任 職深圳市誠信行工程諮詢有限公司。

Mr. ZHANG Xue Fang, aged 53, is the Group's Vice President. He joined our Group in May 2007, and is responsible for the overall operation and daily management of CSC Nanchang and CSC Harbin. Mr. Zhang graduated from Jinggangshan University in 1981, majoring in Chinese and also completed a postgraduate program at the School of International Politics in Shandong University in 1999. He is currently the member of Jiangxi Writers Association and the chairman of Jiangxi Electronic Commerce Association, the vice president of Jiangxi Management Society and the vice chairman of Jiangxi Enterprise Federation of Literature. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Zhang held senior managerial positions with a large-scale national defense industrial corporation in Jiangxi, was a chancellor of Jiangxi National Defense Industrial Staff University, an adjunct professor of Jiangxi Normal University and a general manager of Yuan Wang Group. He was also engaged in property development education, and was an executive council member of China Market Economics Society.

章學方先生,53歲,集團副總裁。彼於2007年5月加入本集團,負責南昌華南城及哈爾濱華南城的整體運營及日常管理工作。章先生於1981年畢業於井崗山大學,主修中文,並於1999年於山東大學國政學院修畢研究生課程。彼現為江西省作家協會會員,並擔任江西省電子商務協會理事長、江西省管理學會副會長及江西省企業文聯副主席等社會職務。在加入本集團前,章先生曾先後擔任江西國防工業大型企業的高管職位、江西國防工業職工大學校長、江西師範大學的客座教授,以及遠望集團公司總經理。彼亦曾從事有關教育的地產開發工作及曾為中國市場經濟研究會的常務理事。

Mr. DUAN Bin, aged 48, is the Group's Vice President. Mr. Duan joined our Group in May 2015, and is responsible for the Group's architectural design and planning, including project overall planning, architectural design and technique and residential property development. Mr. Duan graduated from Southeast University with a Bachelor degree in Architecture. He holds the qualifications of PRC Class 1 registered architect and senior engineer (professor grade). Mr. Duan has many years of management experience in the architectural planning and design and the property development industry. Before joining the Group, he was the deputy architect of Institute of Shanghai Architectural Design and Research Co., Ltd., the deputy general manager of the technology management and product research and development department of the Greenland Group, the deputy general manager of Liaoning real estate business unit of Greenland Group, and the vice president of Nanjing Central Emporium (Group) Stocks Co., Ltd.

段斌先生,48歲,集團副總裁。段先生於2015年5月加入本集團,負責本集團的建築規劃設計管理工作,包括項目總體規劃、建築設計、工程技術及住宅地產開發等事務。彼畢業於東南大學建築系,並持有中華人民共和國一級註冊建築師及高級工程師(教授級)資格。段先生於建築規劃設計及房地產行業擁有多年管理經驗。於加入本集團前,彼曾擔任上海建築設計研究院有限公司副建築師、綠地集團技術管理產品研發部副總經理、綠地集團遼寧房地產事務部副總經理及南京中央商場(集團)股份有限公司副總裁。

**Mr. XIAO Hui**, aged 57, is the Group's Vice President. Mr. Xiao joined our Group in January 2016, and is responsible for the Group's trade center management, including trade center related policies setting, product pricing, sales, marketing and operations, Mr. Xiao has many years of managerial experience in industrial and domestic and foreign trade, electronic business and textile business. Before joining the Group, Mr. Xiao was the general manager of Shantou Textile Industry Import and Export Corporation, the deputy general manager of Guangdong Shantou Textile Industry Corporation, the general manager of Shenzhen Huaqiang Electronic World Development Co., Ltd., the chairman of Shenzhen Xinyontong Internet Technology Co., Ltd., the general manager of Shenzhen Baoan Saige Electronic Market Management Co., Ltd., the president of Jinshuifeng Industrial Co., Ltd..

肖琿先生,57歲,集團副總裁。肖先生於2016年1月加入本集團。負責本集團的專業市場管理工作,包括專業市場相關政策制定、產品定價、行銷及招商運營等事務。肖先生於工業及國內外貿易,電子商務、紡織企業擁有多年管理運營經驗。於加入本集團前,肖先生曾擔任汕頭紡織工業進出口公司總經理、汕頭紡織工業總公司副總經理、深圳華強電子世界發展有限公司總經理、深圳市實安賽格電子市場管理有限公司總經理、廣東金穗豐實業有限公司總裁。

# Report of the Directors 董事會報告

The Board hereby presents this annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the fiscal year ended 31 March 2017.

董事會謹此呈列本集團截至2017年3月31日止財政年度的年報及經審核綜合財務報表。

#### **Principal Activities**

The principal activities of the Group is developing and operating large-scale integrated logistics and trade centers in China, providing a comprehensive trading platform of raw materials and finished products for domestic and international wholesale suppliers, traders, manufacturers and distributors. With its unique business model, the Group not only sells and leases well-designed, high quality trade center units for businesses to display and sell their products, but also provides trade center occupants and their customers with a full range of facilities and services such as E-commerce services, outlet operations, logistics and warehousing services, property management, offices, residential facilities, convention and exhibition facilities, hotels, restaurants, banking services, on-site government services in a bid to offer one-stop convenient supply chain solutions. The successful business model was first pioneered by CSC Shenzhen and has been replicated to other provincial capitals and municipality across China such as Nanchang, Nanning, Xi'an, Harbin, Zhengzhou, Hefei and Chongqing, forming a strategic network covering key domestic logistic nodes. At the same time, through the cooperation with Tencent, the Group is actively building an O2O business eco-system to facilitate the industrial upgrade of the occupants. Details of the principal activities of the principal subsidiaries and associates are set out under Management Discussion and Analysis as well as in notes 1 and 18 to the financial statements of this annual report respectively.

### **Results and Dividends**

The Group's results for the fiscal year ended 31 March 2017 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group at that date are set out under Management Discussion and Analysis as well as in the consolidated financial statements on pages 136 to 252 of this annual report respectively.

The Board recommends the payment of a final dividend of HK5.0 cents per share in respect of FY2016/17 (FY2015/16: HK5.0 cents). Subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") at the forthcoming AGM to be held on 21 August 2017, the proposed final dividend will be distributed on or about 11 September 2017 to Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 29 August 2017.

### 主要業務

本集團的主要業務為在中國開發及經營大型綜合物流 及商品交易中心,為內地和國際批發供應商、貿易 商、製造商及分銷商提供原材料和製成品的全方位交 易平台。憑藉其獨特的業務模式,本集團不僅銷售及 出租設計優良、高質的交易中心商舖,供企業展示和 出售其產品,亦為交易中心商戶與其客戶提供完善的 設施及服務,包括電子商貿服務、奧特萊斯運營、倉 儲物流服務、物業管理、辦公樓、住宅設施、會議展 覽設施、酒店、餐廳、銀行服務、駐場政府服務等, 藉此提供一站式便捷供應鏈解決方案。這源自深圳華 南城的成功業務模式已複製至南昌、南寧、西安、哈 爾濱、鄭州、合肥及重慶等中國省會及直轄城市,形 成一個覆蓋中國關鍵物流節點的戰略網絡。與此同 時,通過與騰訊的合作,本集團正在積極打造O2O商 貿生態系統,從而促進商戶的產業升級。主要附屬公 司及聯營公司的主要業務之詳情分別載於本年報內的 管理層討論及分析,以及財務報表附註1及18。

### 業績及股息

本集團截至2017年3月31日止財政年度的業績及本公司與本集團於該日的事務狀況已分別載於本年報內的管理層討論及分析,以及第136至252頁之綜合財務報表。

董事會建議派付2016/17財政年度的末期股息每股5.0港仙(2015/16財政年度:5.0港仙)。待本公司股東(「股東」)於2017年8月21日舉行的應屆股東周年大會上批准後,建議末期股息將於2017年9月11日或其前後派付予於2017年8月29日名列本公司股東名冊之股東。

The register of members of the Company will be closed from 25 August 2017 to 29 August 2017, both days inclusive. In order to be qualified for the proposed final dividend, all properly completed transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged for registration with the Company's share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on 24 August 2017.

本公司將由2017年8月25日至2017年8月29日(包括首尾兩天)期間暫停辦理股份過戶登記。為符合資格獲派付建議末期股息,所有填妥之股份過戶文件連同相關股票證書最遲須於2017年8月24日下午4時30分前遞交本公司之股份過戶登記處香港中央證券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-1716室。

#### **Business Overview**

The business overview of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2017 are provided in the Chairman's Statement, the Management Discussion and Analysis and the Environmental, Social and Governance Report of this annual report.

# **Share Capital**

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company during the Year are set out in note 36 to the financial statements.

#### Reserves

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the Year are set out in the section headed "Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity" and in note 48 to the financial statements, respectively.

#### **Distributable Reserves**

Details of the Company's reserves available for distribution as at 31 March 2017, calculated in accordance with Part 6 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong), amounted to approximately HK\$584.7 million (31 March 2016: HK\$888.2 million), of which HK\$400.3 million (31 March 2016: HK\$400.0 million), subject to the adjustment with the number of shares which may be allotted after the date of this report but before the date of book close, has been proposed as final dividend for the fiscal year under review, are disclosed in note 48 to the financial statements.

#### **Senior Notes**

The information of the outstanding senior notes issued by the Company during the reporting period is as below:

In October 2012, the Company issued senior notes due in October 2017 with a nominal value of US\$125 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$975 million) at a coupon rate of 13.5% per annum ("2012 Notes") for the purpose of funding its properties under development and properties planned for future development, and refinancing a portion of its existing debt and for general corporate purposes. In April 2016, the Company has early fully redeemed and cancelled the 2012 Notes and delisted such notes from the official list of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("Singapore Exchange") accordingly.

#### 業務回顧

本集團截至2017年3月31日止年度的業務回顧已於本年報內的主席報告、管理層討論及分析,以及環境、社會與管治報告闡述。

#### 股本

本公司於本年度內的股本變動詳情載於財務報表附註 36。

#### 儲備

本集團及本公司於本年度內的儲備變動詳情分別載於 「綜合權益變動表」及財務報表附註48。

#### 可分派儲備

本公司按照香港公司條例(香港法例第622章)第6部 計算於2017年3月31日的可分派儲備約為5.847億港 元(2016年3月31日:8.882億港元),並建議動用當 中4.003億港元(2016年3月31日:4.0億港元)作本年 度末期股息(股票數目可能會於本報告發佈後並在股 份暫停辦理股份過戶登記前因應配發股份而有所調 整),有關詳情載於財務報表附註48。

#### 優先票據

於本報告期內,本公司已發行的優先票據情況如下:

於2012年10月,本公司發行於2017年10月到期面值1.25億美元(相當於約9.75億港元)票面年利率為13.5%的優先票據(「2012年票據」),以撥付其發展中物業及已規劃作未來發展物業所需資金,並為部分現有債項再融資及作一般公司用途。於2016年4月,本公司已提早全數贖回及註銷2012年票據,並在新加坡證券交易所有限公司(「新加坡交易所」)的官方名單中刪除該票據。

In January 2014, the Company issued senior notes due in January 2019 with a nominal value of US\$400 million (equivalents to approximately HK\$3,120 million) at a coupon rate of 8.25% per annum ("2014 Notes") for the purposed of redeeming all of the then outstanding senior notes due in January 2016, with which the coupon rate was 13.5% per annum and for general corporate purposes. In February 2017 and April 2017, the Company has early redeemed the 2014 Notes with an aggregate amount of US\$400 million. In April 2017, such fully redeemed Notes were cancelled and delisted from the official list of the Singapore Exchange accordingly.

於2014年1月,本公司發行於2019年1月到期面值4億 美元(相當於約31.2億港元)票面年利率為8.25%的優 先票據(「2014年票據」),主要用作贖回所有於2016 年1月到期票面年利率為13.5%當時尚未贖回的優先 票據及作一般公司用途。本公司分別於2017年2月 及2017年4月提早贖回合共4億美元2014年票據。於 2017年4月,該已全數贖回的票據已被註銷,並從新 加坡交易所的官方名單中刪除。

In September and October 2016, the Company issued senior notes due in September 2021 with a nominal value of US\$200 million (equivalents to approximately HK\$1,560 million) and US\$150 million (equivalents to approximately HK\$1,170 million) respectively, in a total of US\$350 million (equivalents to approximately HK\$2,730 million) at a coupon rate of 6.75% per annum ("2016 Notes") for the purpose of refinancing existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.

本公司分別於2016年9月及10月,發行於2021年9月 到期面值2億美元(相當於約15.6億港元)及1.5億美 元(相當於約11.7億港元),合共3.5億美元(相當於約 27.3億港元)票面年利率為6.75%的優先票據(「2016 年票據」),主要用作現有債務的再融資及一般公司用 途。

In March 2017, the Company issued senior notes due in March 2020 with a nominal value of US\$300 million (equivalents to approximately HK\$2,340 million) at a coupon rate of 5.75% per annum ("2017 Notes") for the purpose of refinancing existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.

於2017年3月,本公司發行於2020年3月到期面值3億 美元(相當於約23.4億港元)票面年利率為5.75%的優 先票據(「2017年票據」),主要用作現有債務的再融資 及一般公司用途。

Further details of the Senior Notes are set out in note 31 to the financial statements.

優先票據之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註31。

#### **Property, Plant and Equipment**

# Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group

# during the Year are set out in note 13 to the financial statements.

# 物業、廠房及設備

本集團於本年度內的物業、廠房及設備變動詳情載於 財務報表附註13。

#### **Donations**

# During the Year, in order to care about the society where the Group operates its business, the Group made charitable donations totaling approximately HK\$14.3 million (FY2015/16: HK\$2.4 million) to various charitable organizations.

#### 捐款

於本年度內,本集團向各慈善機構合共捐出約1,430 萬港元(2015/16財政年度:240萬港元)的慈善捐款, 以關顧本集團有業務營運的社區。

# **Subsidiaries**

# Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at 31 March 2017 are set out in note 1 to the financial statements.

# 附屬公司

本公司於2017年3月31日的主要附屬公司詳情載於財務報表附註1。

#### **Directors**

The Directors during the Year and up to the date of this report are:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Cheng Chung Hing (Co-Chairman)

Mr. Fung Sing Hong Stephen (Vice Chairman)(2)

Mr. Song Chuan (Chief Executive Officer)(3)

Ms. Cheng Ka Man Carman<sup>(4)</sup>

#### **Non-Executive Directors**

Dr. Ma Kai Cheung (Co-Chairman)

Mr. Sun Kai Lit Cliff

Dr. Ma Wai Mo

Mr. Cheng Tai Po

Mr. Leung Moon Lam<sup>(1)</sup>

Mr. Lin Ching Hua

### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Mr. Leung Kwan Yuen Andrew

Mr. Li Wai Keung

Mr. Hui Chiu Chung

Mr. Yung Wing Ki Samuel

#### Notes:

- Mr. Leung Moon Lam has been re-designated as Non-Executive Director of the Company and ceased to act as Executive Director of the Company with effect from 4 May 2017.
- (2) Mr. Fung Sing Hong Stephen has been appointed as Vice Chairman of the Group and remains as Executive Director of the Company; but ceased to act as Chief Executive Officer of the Group with effect from 4 May 2017.
- (3) Mr. Song Chuan has been appointed as Executive Director of the Company and Chief Executive Officer of the Group with effect from 4 May 2017.
- (4) Ms. Cheng Ka Man Carman has been appointed as Executive Director of the Company with effect from 4 May 2017.

The Company's Articles provide rotation and re-election for all Directors. In accordance with the Articles, at each annual general meeting of the Company, one-third of the Directors for the time being, or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation. The Articles also provide that any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy on the Board shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible to offer for re-election, and any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible to offer for re-election.

#### 董事

於本年度內及截至本報告日期之董事包括:

#### 執行董事

鄭松興先生(*聯席主席*) 馮星航先生(*集團副主席*)<sup>(2)</sup> 宋川先生(*集團行政總裁*)<sup>(3)</sup> 鄭嘉汶女士<sup>(4)</sup>

# 非執行董事

馬介璋博士(聯席主席)

孫啟烈先生

馬偉武博士

鄭大報先生

梁滿林先生(1)

林璟驊先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

梁君彥先生

李偉強先生

許照中先生

容永祺先生

#### 附註:

- (1) 梁滿林先生由2017年5月4日起調任為本公司非執行董事,不再擔任本公司執行董事。
- (2) 馮星航先生由2017年5月4日起晉升為集團副主席,並 繼續擔任本公司之執行董事,但不再擔任集團行政總 裁。
- (3) 宋川先生由2017年5月4日起獲委任為本公司執行董事 兼集團行政總裁。
- (4) 鄭嘉汶女士由2017年5月4日起獲委任為本公司執行董事。

本公司章程規定全體董事須輪席退任及重選連任。根據章程規定,於本公司各屆股東周年大會上,當時三分之一的董事(或倘人數並非三或三的倍數,則為最接近但不少於三分之一的人數)須輪席退任。章程亦規定任何由董事會委任的董事若是為填補董事會臨時空缺,其任期僅直至本公司下次股東大會,屆時將符合資格重選連任。

The Board has received an annual confirmation of independence from each of the independent non-executive Directors pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules governing the Listing of Securities on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). The Board considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據香港聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條編製的年度獨立確認書。董事會認為全體獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人士。

The list of names of all directors who have served on the boards of the subsidiaries of the Company during the Year and up to the date of this report is available on the Company's website.

於本年度內及截至本報告日期,所有出任本公司附屬公司董事會的董事姓名名單已載於本公司網站。

#### **Directors' Service Contracts**

Each of the executive Directors has entered into service contract with the Company while each of the Non-Executive Directors and Independent Non-Executive Directors has entered into letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years. The service contract and the letter of appointment may be terminated by either party thereto by giving not less than one month's prior written notice.

None of the Directors has entered into any service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

# **Directors' Interests in Contracts of Significance**

None of the Directors had a material beneficial interest, whether directly or indirectly, in any significant contract to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries, its holding companies or a subsidiary of its holding companies was a party during the Year or as at 31 March 2017.

# **Biographical Information of Directors and Key Management**

The biographical information of the Directors and Key Management of the Company is set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Key Management" on pages 67 to 79 of this annual report.

# **Enforcement of the Deed of Non-Competition**

Pursuant to the deed of non-competition dated 4 September 2009 ("Non-Competition Undertaking") entered into by each of Mr. Cheng Chung Hing and Mr. Leung Moon Lam, each of them has undertaken with the Company (for itself and on behalf of each other member of the Group) that so long as the Company is listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and so long as any of:

- in respect of Mr. Cheng Chung Hing, he remains as the controlling Shareholder or a Director of the Company;
- (ii) in respect of Mr. Leung Moon Lam, he remains as a Director of the Company;

#### 董事服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約,而本公司亦與 各非執行董事及獨立非執行董事訂立委任函,該服務 合約及委任函為期三年。任何一方可向對方事先發出 不少於一個月書面通知終止該合約或委任函。

董事與本公司概無訂立任何本公司於一年內不作賠償 (法定賠償除外)而不可終止的服務合約。

### 董事於重大合約的權益

於本年度內或於2017年3月31日,概無董事於本公司 或其任何附屬公司、其控股公司或其控股公司的附屬 公司訂立的任何重大合約中直接或間接擁有重大實際 權益。

# 董事及主要管理層履歷

本公司董事及主要管理層的履歷資料載於本年報第67 至79頁「董事及主要管理層履歷」一節。

#### 履行不競爭契據

根據鄭松興先生及梁滿林先生各自於2009年9月4日訂立的不競爭契據(「不競爭承諾」),彼等各自向本公司(就其本身及代表本集團各其他成員公司)承諾,只要本公司仍於香港聯交所主板上市,且以下其中一項仍生效:

- (i) 有關鄭松興先生,當彼仍為本公司之控股股東或 董事;
- ii) 有關梁滿林先生,當彼仍為本公司之董事;

that he shall not, and shall procure his associates not to, either alone or jointly with any other person or entity, or for any other person, firm or company, or as principal, partner, director, employee, consultant or agent through any body corporate, partnership, joint venture or other contractual arrangement, be engaged, invested, or otherwise involved, whether as a shareholder, director, employee, partner, agent or otherwise, directly or indirectly, in the carrying on of any business in any form or manner in China that is in competition or is likely to be in competition, directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group, unless those business opportunities have been first offered to the Group upon terms which are fair and reasonable and the Board has declined such opportunities, in accordance with the provisions of the Non-Competition Undertaking, Mr. Cheng Chung Hing and Mr. Leung Moon Lam or any of them or their respective associates may pursue such opportunities.

彼等各自將不會及促使其聯繫人不會就其本身或聯同任何其他人士或實體或代任何人士、企業或公司,或以其主事人、合夥人、董事、僱員、顧問或代理身分透過任何法人團體、合作夥伴、合營企業或其他合約安排,以股東、董事、僱員、合夥人、代理或其他合約安排,以股東、董事、僱員、合夥人、代理或其他身份直接或間接於中國以任何形式或方式經營、投資或以其他方式涉足與本集團業務直接或間接構成競爭或可能構成競爭的任何業務,除非該等商機按公平合理的條款首先向本集團提出及由董事會拒絕該等商機後,根據不競爭承諾的條文,鄭松興先生及梁滿林先生或彼等任何一方或彼等各自的聯繫人才可尋求該等商機。

The Company has received an annual confirmation from Mr. Cheng Chung Hing and Mr. Leung Moon Lam confirming their compliance with the Non-Competition Undertaking during the Year. The Independent Non-Executive Directors have reviewed their compliance with the Non-Competition Undertaking during the Year.

本公司已接獲鄭松興先生及梁滿林先生確認有關彼等 於本年度內已遵守不競爭承諾。獨立非執行董事已檢 討彼等於本年度內已遵守不競爭承諾。

#### **Directors' Emoluments**

Particulars of the Directors' emoluments for the fiscal year ended 31 March 2017 are set out in note 8 to the financial statements.

# **Directors' Interests in Competing Business**

Save as disclosed above, the Company has received confirmations from all Directors that none of them have engaged or were interested in any business which were in competition or were likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group during the Year.

#### 金陋書董

截至2017年3月31日止財政年度之董事酬金詳情載於 財務報表附註8。

#### 董事於競爭業務之權益

除上文披露者外,本公司已接獲所有董事確認彼等於 本年度內,並無從事與本集團業務直接或間接競爭之 業務或於可能存在競爭之業務中擁有權益。

# Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests in **Securities**

As at 31 March 2017, the interests and short positions of the Directors in the shares of the Company (the "Shares"), underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) as recorded in the register maintained by the Company under section 352 of the SFO or as notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") were as follows:

董事及主要行政人員於證券的權益

於2017年3月31日,董事於本公司或其任何相聯法團 (定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部) 的本公司股份(「股份」)、相關股份及債權證中擁有載 入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條須予存置的登 記冊,或根據上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守 則(「標準守則」)須知會本公司及香港聯交所的權益及 淡倉如下:

# Long Position in the Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company

於本公司股份及相關股份的好倉

		Number of Shares held 所持有股份數目					Approximate percentage of the Company's total number of issued Shares <sup>(8)</sup>
Name of Directors	Class of Shares	Corporate Personal Family Share interest interest options Total					
董事姓名	股份類別	公司權益	個人權益	家族權益	購股權	總計	百分比(8)
Cheng Chung Hing 鄭松興	Ordinary Shares 普通股	1,778,196,831 <sup>(1)</sup>	79,000,000	-	-	1,857,196,831	23.19%
Cheng Tai Po 鄭大報	Ordinary Shares 普通股	588,984,145 <sup>(2)</sup>	4,936,000	-	-	593,920,145	7.41%
Leung Moon Lam 梁滿林	Ordinary Shares/Share Options 普通股/購股權	463,899,770 <sup>(3)</sup>	-	2,000,000	69,300,000 <sup>(4)</sup>	535,199,770	6.68%
Ma Kai Cheung 馬介璋	Ordinary Shares 普通股	138,966,649 <sup>(5)</sup>	-	-	-	138,966,649	1.73%
Ma Wai Mo 馬偉武	Ordinary Shares 普通股	126,197,662 <sup>(6)</sup>	-	-	-	126,197,662	1.57%
Sun Kai Lit Cliff 孫啟烈	Ordinary Shares 普通股	125,241,662 <sup>(7)</sup>	-	-	-	125,241,662	1.56%
Fung Sing Hong Stephen 馮星航	Ordinary Shares/Share Options 普通股/購股權	-	9,200,000	-	155,990,000 <sup>(4)</sup>	165,190,000	2.06%
Li Wai Keung 李偉強	Share Options 購股權	-	-	-	2,000,000 <sup>(4)</sup>	2,000,000	0.02%
Leung Kwan Yuen Andrew 梁君彥	Share Options 購股權	-	-	-	2,000,000 <sup>(4)</sup>	2,000,000	0.02%
Hiu Chiu Chung 許照中	Share Options 購股權	-	-	-	2,000,000 <sup>(4)</sup>	2,000,000	0.02%
Yung Wing Ki Samuel 容永祺	Share Options 購股權	-	-	-	2,000,000 <sup>(4)</sup>	2,000,000	0.02%

#### Notes:

(1) Mr. Cheng Chung Hing is interested in 100% of the issued share capital of Accurate Gain Developments Limited which in turn holds 1,778,196,831 Shares and is therefore deemed to be interested in the aforesaid 1,778,196,831 Shares. Mr. Cheng is a director of Accurate Gain Developments Limited. Mr. Cheng Chung Hing is the younger brother of Mr. Cheng Tai Po.

On 29 April 2017, Accurate Gain Developments Limited purchased 250,000,000 Shares and 124,952,000 Shares from Kings Faith International Limited and Pacific Alliance Asia Opportunity Fund L.P., respectively. Upon completion of the transactions, Accurate Gain Developments Limited increased the voting rights of the Company from 22.20% to 26.89%.

Together with Mr. Cheng Chung Hing's personal interests, Mr. Cheng Chung Hing was deemed to have 27.87% of the voting rights of the Company after such transactions.

- (2) Mr. Cheng Tai Po is interested in 100% in the issued share capital of Proficient Success Limited which in turn holds 588,984,145 Shares and is therefore deemed to be interested in the aforesaid 588,984,145 Shares. Mr. Cheng is a director of Proficient Success Limited. Mr. Cheng Tai Po is the elder brother of Mr. Cheng Chung Hing.
- (3) Mr. Leung Moon Lam owns 100% of the issued share capital of Kings Faith International Limited which in turn holds 463,899,770 Shares and is therefore deemed to be interested in the aforesaid 463,899,770 Shares. Mr. Leung Moon Lam is a director of Kings Faith International Limited.

On 29 April 2017, Kings Faith International Limited sold 250,000,000 Shares to Accurate Gain Developments Limited. Upon completion of the transaction, Kings Faith International Limited held 213,899,770 Shares, representing 2.67% of the issued shares of the Company.

Together with Mr. Leung Moon Lam's family interests, Mr. Leung Moon Lam was deemed to have 2.69% of the voting rights of the Company after such transaction.

(4) The relevant interests are share options granted to Mr. Leung Moon Lam, Mr. Fung Sing Hong Stephen, Mr. Li Wai Keung, Mr. Leung Kwan Yuen Andrew, Mr. Hui Chiu Chung and Mr. Yung Wing Ki Samuel pursuant to the Company's share option scheme adopted on 4 September 2009. Further details of the share option scheme are set out in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" in this report.

#### 附註:

(1) 由於鄭松興先生擁有Accurate Gain Developments Limited已發行股本100%股份權益,而該公司持有 1,778,196,831股股份,故鄭松興先生被視為持有上述 1,778,196,831股股份的權益。鄭先生為Accurate Gain Developments Limited的董事。鄭松興先生為鄭大報先 生之胞弟。

於 2017 年 4 月 29 日 · Accurate Gain Developments Limited 分別向京暉國際有限公司及 Pacific Alliance Asia Opportunity Fund L.P. 購 買 250,000,000 股 及 124,952,000 股股份。於該等交易完成後 · Accurate Gain Developments Limited 持有本公司的投票權由 22.20%增加至26.89%。

連同鄭松興先生的個人權益,於該等交易後鄭松興先生被視為持有本公司27.87%投票權。

- (2) 由於鄭大報先生擁有Proficient Success Limited已發行股本的100%股份權益,而該公司持有588,984,145股股份,故鄭大報先生被視為持有上述588,984,145股股份的權益。鄭先生為Proficient Success Limited的董事。鄭大報先生為鄭松興先生之胞兄。
- (3) 由於梁滿林先生擁有京暉國際有限公司已發行股本的 100%權益,而該公司持有463,899,770股股份,故梁 滿林先生被視為持有上述463,899,770股股份的權益。 梁滿林先生為京暉國際有限公司之董事。

於2017年4月29日京暉國際有限公司轉讓其持有之250,000,000股股份予Accurate Gain Developments Limited。於該交易完成後,京暉國際有限公司持有213,899,770股股份,佔本公司已發行股份之2.67%。

連同梁滿林先生的家族權益,於該交易後梁滿林先生 被視為持有本公司2.69%投票權。

(4) 有關之權益是指根據本公司於2009年9月4日採納之 購股權計劃而授予梁滿林先生、馮星航先生、李偉強 先生、梁君彥先生、許照中先生及容永祺先生之購股 權。購股權計劃之進一步詳情載於本報告之「購股權計 劃」一節內。

- (5) Dr. Ma Kai Cheung, as beneficial owner and beneficiary of trust and through the interest of his spouse, being interested in 41.45% of the issued share capital of Carrianna Group Holdings Company Limited which through a number of intermediaries, wholly owns Carrianna Development Limited, Dr. Ma Kai Cheung is therefore deemed to be interested and duplicated interested in an aggregate of 138,966,649 Shares held by Carrianna Development Limited via its holding company. Dr. Ma is a director of each of Carrianna Group Holdings Company Limited, Carrianna Development Limited, Sincere United Holdings Limited, Carrianna Holdings Limited, Gartrend Development Limited and Carrianna (BVI) Limited.
- (6) By virtue of Dr. Ma Wai Mo's 50% shareholding interests in Luk Ka Overseas Investments Limited which is interested in 100% interests in Luk Ka International Limited, Dr. Ma is deemed to be interested and duplicated in the interest in the same 126,197,662 Shares held by Luk Ka International Limited.
- (7) Mr. Sun Kai Lit Cliff owns the entire interests in Kinox Holdings Limited and is therefore deemed to be interested in the 125,241,662 Shares held by Kinox Holdings Limited.
- (8) The percentage shareholding is calculated on the basis of 8,006,321,999 Shares issued as at 31 March 2017.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2017, to the knowledge of the Directors, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be: (i) notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which the Directors and chief executive were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); (ii) entered in the register kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO; or (iii) notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

#### **Substantial Shareholders' Interests in Securities**

As at 31 March 2017, to the knowledge of the Directors, the following persons (other than a Director or chief executive of the Company) had or were deemed or taken to have interests or short position in the Shares or underlying Shares which were required to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

- (5) 由於馬介璋博士為實益擁有人及信託受益人,並透過其配偶的權益,持有佳寧娜集團控股有限公司已發行股本中41.45%之股份權益,而佳寧娜集團控股有限公司透過若干中間控股公司全資擁有Carrianna Development Limited,馬介璋博士故被視為透過其控股公司於 Carrianna Development Limited 持有合共138,966,649股股份中擁有權益及權益重疊。馬介璋博士為佳寧娜集團控股有限公司、Carrianna Development Limited 、 Sincere United Holdings Limited、佳寧娜集團有限公司、嘉堅發展有限公司及Carrianna (BVI) Limited的董事。
- (6) 由於馬偉武博士擁有Luk Ka Overseas Investments Limited的50%股份權益,而該公司擁有力嘉國際集團 有限公司的100%權益,故馬博士被視為於力嘉國際集 團有限公司而持有126,197,662股股份中擁有權益及權 益重疊。
- (7) 由於孫啟烈先生擁有Kinox Holdings Limited 之全部權益,故被視為於Kinox Holdings Limited 所持有125,241,662股股份中擁有權益。
- (8) 股本百分比乃根據於2017年3月31日已發行之 8,006,321,999股股份計算。

除上文所披露者外,於2017年3月31日,據董事所知,概無董事或本公司主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有任何:(i)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部須知會本公司及香港聯交所的權益或淡倉(包括董事及主要行政人員根據證券及期貨條例相關條文被當作或被視為擁有之權益及淡倉);(ii)本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄於登記冊之任何權益或淡倉;或(iii)根據標準守則須知會本公司及香港聯交所之任何權益或淡倉。

# 主要股東於證券的權益

於2017年3月31日,據董事所知,以下人士(董事或本公司主要行政人員除外)於股份或相關股份中擁有或被視為或當作擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部條文須向本公司披露,或載入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予存置的登記冊的權益或淡倉:

# **Long Position in the Shares**

# 於股份中的好倉

Name 姓名/名稱	Nature of interest 權益性質	Number of Shares or underlying Shares held 所持股份 或相關 股份數目	Approximate percentage of the Company's total number of issued Shares <sup>(6)</sup> 佔本公司已發行股份總數 概約百分比 <sup>(6)</sup>
Accurate Gain Developments Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,778,196,831(1)	22.20%
Mr. Chen Hong Tian 陳紅天先生	Deemed interest in controlled corporation 被視作受控制法團權益	710,264,000 <sup>(2)</sup>	8.87%
Mrs. Chen Li Ni Yao 陳姚麗妮女士	Deemed interest in controlled corporation 被視作受控制法團權益	710,264,000 <sup>(2)</sup>	8.87%
Chen Family Assets Management Company Limited	Deemed interest in controlled corporation 被視作受控制法團權益	710,264,000 <sup>(2)</sup>	8.87%
Chen's International Investment Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	710,264,000 <sup>(2)</sup>	8.87%
Naspers Limited	Deemed interest in controlled corporation 被視作受控制法團權益	925,100,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	11.55%
MIH TC Holdings Limited	Deemed interest in controlled corporation 被視作受控制法團權益	925,100,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	11.55%
Tencent Holdings Limited 騰訊控股有限公司	Deemed interest in controlled corporation 被視作受控制法團權益	925,100,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	11.55%
THL H Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	925,100,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	11.55%
Proficient Success Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	588,984,145 <sup>(4)</sup>	7.35%
Kings Faith International Limited 京暉國際有限公司	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	463,899,770 <sup>(5)</sup>	5.79%

#### Notes:

- (1) Mr. Cheng Chung Hing own 100% of the issued share capital of Accurate Gain Developments Limited. On 29 April 2017, Accurate Gain Developments Limited purchased 250,000,000 Shares and 124,952,000 Shares from Kings Faith International Limited and Pacific Alliance Asia Opportunity Fund L.P., respectively. Upon completion of the transactions, Accurate Gain Developments Limited increased the voting rights of the Company from 22.20% to 26.89%.
- (2) Chen's International Investment Limited is wholly owned by Chen Family Assets Management Company Limited. Mr. Chen Hong Tian and Mrs. Chen Li Ni Yao each owns 50% of the issued share capital of Chen Family Assets Management Company Limited.
  - After 31 March 2017, Chen's International Investment Limited disposed some of the Shares it held. As at 4 July 2017, it held 397,518,000 Shares, representing 4.96% of the issued shares of the Company.
- (3) THL H Limited ("THL") is wholly owned by Tencent Holdings Limited ("Tencent"). Tencent is owned as to 33.25% by MIH TC Holdings Limited which is indirectly controlled by Naspers Limited.
- (4) Mr. Cheng Tai Po own 100% of the issued share capital of Proficient Success Limited
- (5) These 463,899,770 Shares are held by Kings Faith International Limited which in turn is 100% owned by Mr. Leung Moon Lam. On 29 April 2017, Kings Faith International Limited sold 250,000,000 Shares held by it to Accurate Gain Developments Limited. Upon completion of the transaction, Kings Faith International Limited held 213,899,770 Shares, representing 2.67% of the issued shares of the Company.
- (6) The percentage shareholding is calculated on the basis of 8,006,321,999 Shares issued as at 31 March 2017.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2017, to the knowledge of the Directors or chief executive of the Company, no other person (other than a Director or chief executive of the Company) had, or were deemed or taken to have interest or short position in the Shares or underlying Shares which were required to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

# **Information on Share Options Share Option Scheme**

The Company has adopted a share option scheme on 4 September 2009 (the "Share Option Scheme"). The major terms of the Share Option Scheme are summarized as follows:

1. The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentives to eligible persons for their contribution to the Group and to enable the Group to recruit high-calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group.

#### 附註:

- (1) 鄭松興先生擁有Accurate Gain Developments Limited 已發行股本的100%股份權益。於2017年4月29日,Accurate Gain Developments Limited分別向京暉國際有限公司及Pacific Alliance Asia Opportunity Fund L.P.購買250,000,000股及124,952,000股股份。於該等交易完成後,Accurate Gain Developments Limited持有本公司的投票權由22.20%增加至26.89%。
- (2) Chen's International Investment Limited 由 Chen Family Assets Management Company Limited 全資擁有。陳 紅天先生及陳姚麗妮女士各擁有 Chen Family Assets Management Company Limited 已發行股本的 50% 權 益。
  - Chen's International Investment Limited於2017年3月31 日後曾出售其持有的股份。於2017年7月4日,其持有 397.518,000股股份,佔本公司已發行股份的4.96%。
- (3) THL H Limited (「THL」)由騰訊控股有限公司(「騰訊」)全 資擁有。騰訊由MIH TC Holdings Limited擁有33.25% 之權益・而 MIH TC Holdings Limited 則由 Naspers Limited間接控制。
- (4) 鄭大報先生擁有Proficient Success Limited已發行股本的100%股份權益。
- (5) 該463,899,770股股份由京暉國際有限公司持有,其 100%由梁滿林先生擁有。於2017年4月29日京暉國際 有限公司轉讓其持有之250,000,000股股份予Accurate Gain Developments Limited。於該交易完成後,京暉國 際有限公司持有213,899,770股股份,佔本公司已發行 股份之2.67%。
- (6) 股本百分比乃根據於2017年3月31日已發行之 8,006,321,999股股份計算。

除上文所披露者外,於2017年3月31日,據董事或本公司主要行政人員所知,概無其他人士(董事或本公司主要行政人員除外)於股份或相關股份中擁有或被視為或被當作擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部之條文須向本公司披露,或根據證券及期貨條例第336條載入本公司存置的登記冊之權益或淡倉。

#### 有關購股權的資料 購股權計劃

本公司已於2009年9月4日採納了一套購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),購股權計劃的主要條款摘錄如下:

 該購股權計劃旨在獎勵合資格人士對本集團所作 貢獻,並使本集團得以招聘優秀員工及吸引人 才。

- 2. The Board may at its discretion grant options to directors, employees, officers, agents, consultants or representatives of the Group.
- 3. The total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all share options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme must not exceed 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time. The total number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% in nominal amount of the issued Shares as at the date of commencement of the listing of Shares on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange unless with the prior approval from the Shareholders. The Share Option Scheme limit was refreshed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 21 August 2013, and hence the maximum number of the Shares available for issue upon exercise of all share options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme is 328,632,400 Shares, representing approximately 4.10% of the total number of issued Shares of the Company as at 31 March 2017.
- 4. The total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon the exercise of share options granted under the Share Option Scheme (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding share options) to each grantee in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of grant. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to approval of the Shareholders.
- 5. The period during which a share option may be exercised will be determined by the Directors at their absolute discretion, save that no share option may be exercised more than 10 years after grant.
- 6. The consideration paid by each grantee for each grant of options is HK\$1.
- 7. The exercise price in relation to each share option will be determined by the Directors at their absolute discretion and shall not be less than the highest of: (i) the official closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotation sheet of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing prices of the Shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Shares on the date of grant.
- 8. The Share Option Scheme will expire on 29 September 2019 after which no further options will be granted under the Share Option Scheme. In respect of the options granted and accepted prior to such expiration and not then exercised, they shall continue to be valid and exercisable subject to and in accordance with the Share Option Scheme.

- 2. 董事會有權酌情向本集團之董事、僱員、高級職員、代理、顧問或代表授出購股權。
- 3. 因購股權計劃項下已授出但尚未行使之所有購股權獲行使而可予發行的股份總數,不得超過不時已發行股份的30%。除獲本公司股東預先批准,否則根據購股權計劃可予授出的購股權所涉及之股份總數,不得超過股份於香港聯交所上市之日期的已發行股份面值的10%。購股權計劃上限已於2013年8月21日舉行之本公司股東周年大會上更新,因此根據購股權計劃項下可予授出的所有購股權獲行使而可供發行的股份總數為328,632,400股,相當於本公司於2017年3月31日已發行股份總數約4.10%。
- 4. 因購股權計劃項下已授出購股權(包括已行使、 註銷及未行使之購股權)獲行使而於任何12個月 期間至授出日期止向各承授人發行及即將發行 的股份總數,不得超過本公司於授出日期已發行 股本的1%。如要進一步授出超過此限額的購股 權,須獲股東批准。
- 董事可全權酌情決定購股權的行使期,惟以購股 權獲授出後10年為限。
- 各承授人須支付1港元作為每次獲授購股權的代價。
- 7. 董事可全權酌情決定各購股權的行使價,惟不得低於下列各項之最高者:(i)股份於授出日期在香港聯交所每日報價表所列官方收市價;(ii)股份於緊接授出日期前五個營業日在香港聯交所每日報價表所列平均收市價;及(iii)股份於授出日期的面值。
- 8. 股權計劃將於2019年9月29日終止,其後將不能 根據購股權計劃進一步授出購股權。根據購股權 計劃並在其規限下,於該終止前已授出並獲接納 惟當時並未行使之購股權將仍然有效及可行使。

The table below summarized the details of the movements in the share options granted pursuant to the Share Option Scheme during the Year:

於本年度內根據購股權計劃授出購股權的變動詳情摘 錄於下表之內:

			Numl	per of Share Opti 購股權數目	ons			
Name	Date of Grant	As at 1 April 2016 於 2016 年	Granted	Exercised	Cancelled/ Lapsed	As at 31 March 2017 於 2017 年	Exercise Price	Exercisable Period
名稱	授出日期	4月1日	已授出	已行使	已註銷 / 失效	3月31日	<b>行使價</b> HK\$ 港元	行使期
Directors 董事								
Leung Moon Lam 梁滿林	30/6/2014	34,650,000 34,650,000	-	-	-	34,650,000 34,650,000	4.07 4.07	30/6/2014-29/6/2019 30/6/2015-29/6/2019
Fung Sing Hong Stephen	27/6/2013	8,000,000	-	-	-	8,000,000	1.69	27/6/2014-26/6/2018
馮星航	17/2/2014	19,000,000	-	-	-	19,000,000	4.14	17/2/2014-16/2/2019
		19,000,000	_	-	-	19,000,000	4.14	17/2/2015-16/2/2019
	30/6/2014	15,000,000	_	_	-	15,000,000	4.07	30/6/2014-29/6/2019
		15,000,000	-	-	-	15,000,000	4.07	30/6/2015-29/6/2019
	13/1/2016	39,995,000	-	-	-	39,995,000	1.528	13/1/2016-12/1/2021
		39,995,000	_	-	-	39,995,000	1.528	13/1/2017-12/1/2022
Leung Kwan Yuen Andrew	17/2/2014	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000	4.14	17/2/2014-16/2/2019
梁君彥		1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000	4.14	17/2/2015-16/2/2019
Li Wai Keung	17/2/2014	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000	4.14	17/2/2014-16/2/2019
李偉強		1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000	4.14	17/2/2015-16/2/2019
Hui Chiu Chung	17/2/2014	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000	4.14	17/2/2014-16/2/2019
許照中		1,000,000	_	-	-	1,000,000	4.14	17/2/2015-16/2/2019
Yung Wing Ki Samuel	17/2/2014	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000	4.14	17/2/2015-16/2/2019
容永祺		1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000	4.14	17/2/2016-16/2/2019
Employees	11/4/2011	7,000,000	-	(7,000,000)	-	-	1.29	11/4/2011-10/3/2016
僱員	27/6/2013	1,500,000	_	_	-	1,500,000	1.69	27/6/2013-26/6/2018
		2,500,000	-	-	-	2,500,000	1.69	27/6/2014-26/6/2018
		1,950,000	_	-	(700,000)	1,250,000	1.69	27/6/2015-26/6/2018
	17/2/2014	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000	4.14	17/2/2015-16/2/2019
		1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000	4.14	17/2/2016-16/2/2019
	30/6/2014	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000	4.07	30/6/2015-29/6/2019
		1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000	4.07	30/6/2016-29/6/2019
	22/8/2016	-	23,500,000	-	(1,250,000)	22,250,000	1.75	22/8/2016-21/8/2021
		-	35,250,000	-	(1,250,000)	34,000,000	1.75	22/8/2017-21/8/2022
		-	11,750,000	_	-	11,750,000	1.75	22/8/2018-21/8/2023
		250,240,000	70,500,000	(7,000,000)	(3,200,000)	310,540,000		

#### Notes:

- The closing price of the Shares immediately before the date on which the share options granted on 22 August 2016 was HK\$1.75 per Share.
- The weighted average closing price of the Shares immediately before the date on which the share options were exercised was approximately HK\$1.57 per Share.
- 3. Details of the Share Option Scheme is set out in note 37 to the financial statements.

# 附註:

- 1. 緊接於2016年8月22日授出購股權日期前本公司股份 收市價為每股1.75港元。
- 2. 緊接購股權行使日期前本公司股份加權平均收市價為 每股1.57港元。
- 3. 購股權計劃的詳情載於財務報表附註37。

# Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares or Debt Securities

Save as disclosed in the sections headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests in Securities" and "Information on Share Options" in this report and in note 37 to the financial statements, at no time during the Year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or chief executives of the Company (including their spouses or children under 18 years of age) to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

#### **General Mandate Issue**

# **Update on Use of Proceeds**

On 15 January 2014, the Company entered into the Investment and Cooperation Agreement (the "Agreement") with THL, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tencent, a company listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Pursuant to the such Agreement and the general mandate granted to the Directors at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 21 August 2013, THL has subscribed for 680,300,000 Shares of the Company at a price of HK\$2.20 per share ("Subscription Share") on 23 January 2014 with a total consideration of approximately HK\$1,500 million. In addition, the Company has granted an option to THL to subscribe for a further 244,800,000 Shares at the price of HK\$3.50 per Share (subject to adjustments (if any)) ("Option"). On 23 September 2014, THL noticed the Company to exercise the Option at the option price of HK\$3.36 per Share at the total consideration of approximately HK\$822.5 million (as adjusted by the dividend declared by the Company) and the Company issued and allotted such shares to THL accordingly. Details of the Agreement are set out in the announcements dated 15 January 2014, 23 January 2014, 23 September 2014 and 29 September 2014 respectively.

The net proceeds from the Subscription Shares and the exercise of Option were in an aggregate of approximately HK\$2,319.2 million. As at 31 March 2017, the net proceeds thereof have been fully utilized on business related to E-commerce, logistics and general corporate purposes.

# 董事認購股份或債務證券的權利

除本報告「董事及主要行政人員於證券的權益」及「有關購股權的資料」章節及財務報表附註37所披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司於本年度內任何時候概無進行任何安排,致使董事或本公司主要行政人員(包括彼等的配偶或18歲以下的子女)透過收購本公司或任何其他法人團體的股份或債權證獲取利益。

# 一般授權發行

#### 所得款用途的最新情況

於2014年1月15日,本公司與THL(為騰訊,一家於香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市公司之全資附屬公司)訂立投資及合作協議(「協議」)。根據該協議及本公司於2013年8月21日舉行的股東周年大會上授予董事之一般授權,THL於2014年1月23日以每股2.20港元認購680,300,000股本公司股份(「認購股份」),總代價約為15億港元。此外,本公司亦以購股權行使價每股3.50港元(可予調整(如有))向THL授出購股權以進一步認購244,800,000股股份(「購股權」)。於2014年9月23日,THL通知本公司以購股權價格每股3.36港元(按本公司宣派之股息已作調整)之總代價約為8.225億港元行使購股權,本公司據此發行及配發相關股份。有關該協議之詳情分別載於2014年1月15日、2014年1月23日、2014年9月23日及2014年9月29日之公告內。

有關認購股份及行使購股權所得之款項合共約為23.192億港元。截至2017年3月31日,所得之款項已悉數用於與電子商貿、物流業務有關之業務及一般企業用途。

# **Issuance of Debt Securities by a Subsidiary Short-Term Notes**

In September 2014, China South International obtained the relevant approval for issuing the short-term notes in the national inter-bank market in the PRC with a maximum principal amount of RMB4.3 billion. In October 2014, China South International issue the first tranche of shortterm notes of 2014 ("2014 First Tranche STN") with a total principal amount of RMB2.2 billion with a maturity period of 1 year and at an interest rate of 5.4% per annum. The proceeds thereof were to be used for repaying part of bank loans of the Group. The 2014 First Tranche STN have been repaid in October 2015. In September 2015, China South International issue the first tranche of short-term notes of 2015 ("2015 First Tranche STN") with a total principal amount of RMB2.1 billion with a maturity period of 1 year and at an interest rate of 4.3% per annum. The proceeds thereof were to be used for replacement of bank borrowings of the Group. The 2015 First Tranche STN have been repaid in September 2016. In September 2016, China South International issued the first tranche of the short-term notes of 2016 ("2016 First Tranche STN") with a total principal amount of RMB1.2 billion with a maturity period of 1 year and at an interest rate of 4.9% per annum. The proceeds thereof were to be used for general corporate purpose and repaying part of the bank loans of the Group.

As at 31 March 2017, the carrying value of China South International's short-term notes was HK\$1,353.2 million. As assessed by Dagong Globa Credit Rating Co., Ltd. ("Dagong Global"), China South International and 2016 First Tranche STN were given "AA" and "A-1" rating respectively.

Further details of the short-term notes are set out in note 30 to the financial statements.

# 附屬公司發行債務證券 短期融資券

於2014年9月,華南國際取得於中國銀行間市場發行本金總額最多為人民幣43億元之期短期融資券的相關批准。於2014年10月,華南國際發行2014年第一期短期融資券,本金總額為人民幣22億元,期限為1年,年利率為5.4%,該發行所得款項主要用作償還部分本集團的銀行貸款。2014年第一期短期融資券已於2015年10月償還。於2015年9月,華南國際發行2015年第一期短期融資券,本金總額為人民幣21億元,期限為1年,年利率為4.3%,該發行所得款項主要用作置換本集團的銀行貸款。2015年第一期短期融資券已於2016年9月償還。於2016年9月,華南國際發行2016年第一期短期融資券,本金總額為人民幣12億元,期限為1年,年利率為4.9%,該發行所得款項主要用作補充流動資金及償還本集團的部分銀行貸款。

於2017年3月31日,華南國際短期融資券的賬面值為13.532億港元。經大公國際資信評估有限公司(「大公國際」)評定,華南國際及2016年第一期短期融資券的信用評級分別為「AA」級及「A-1」級。

短期融資券之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註30。

#### **Medium-Term Notes**

In April 2014, China South International obtained the relevant approval for issuing the medium-term notes in the national inter-bank market in the PRC with a maximum principal amount of RMB4 billion. In May 2014, China South International issued the first tranche of the medium-term notes of 2014 ("2014 First Tranche MTN") with a total principal amount of RMB1 billion with a maturity period of 5 years and at an interest rate of 7.5% per annum. The proceeds thereof were to be used for repaying part of short-term bank loans of the Group. In September 2014, China South International issued the second tranche of the medium-term notes of 2014 ("2014 Second Tranche MTN") with a total principal amount of RMB1 billion with a maturity period of 5 years and at an interest rate of 8.4% per annum. The proceeds thereof were to be used for repaying part of bank loans of the Group. In July 2015, China South International issued the first tranche of the medium-term notes of 2015 ("2015 First Tranche MTN") with a total principal amount of RMB2 billion with a maturity period of 3 years and at an interest rate of 7.0% per annum. The proceeds thereof were to be used for replacement of bank loans of the Group and the construction of CSC Nanning project.

As at 31 March 2017, the carrying value of China South International's medium-term notes was HK\$4,723.0 million. As assessed by Dagong Global, China South International, 2014 First Tranche MTN, 2014 Second Tranche MTN and 2015 First Tranche MTN, all were given "AA" rating respectively.

Further details of the medium-term notes are set out in note 32 to the financial statements.

#### **Corporate Bonds**

In March 2015, China South International obtained the relevant approval for issuing the corporate bonds in a maximum principal amount of RMB1.5 billion in the PRC. In April 2015, China South International issued the corporate bonds with a total principal amount of RMB1.5 billion with a term of up to 6 years in maximum and at an interest rate of 7.0% per annum. The proceeds thereof were to be used for funding the development of CSC Zhengzhou project.

As at 31 March 2017, the carrying value of China South International's corporate bonds was HK\$1,778.7 million. As assessed by Pengyuan Credit Rating Co., Ltd., China South International and the corporate bonds were given "AA" and "AA+" rating respectively.

Further details of the corporate bonds are set out in note 33 to the financial statements.

## 中期票據

於2014年4月,華南國際取得於中國銀行間市場發行本金總額最多為人民幣40億元之中期票據的相關批准。於2014年5月,華南國際發行2014年第一期中期票據,本金總額為人民幣10億元,期限為5年,年利率為7.5%。該發行所得款項主要用作償還本集團的部分短期銀行貸款。於2014年9月,華南國際發行2014年第二期中期票據,本金總額為人民幣10億元,期限為5年,年利率為8.4%。該發行所得款項主要用作償還本集團的部分銀行貸款。於2015年7月,華南國際發行2015年第一期中期票據,本金總額為人民幣20億元,期限為3年,年利率為7.0%。該發行所得款項主要用作置換本集團的銀行貸款及南寧華南城項目之發展。

於2017年3月31日,華南國際中期票據的賬面值為47.230億港元。經大公國際評定,華南國際、2014年第一期中期票據、2014年第二期中期票據及2015年第一期中期票據的信用評級均為「AA」級。

中期票據之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註32。

### 企業債券

於2015年3月,華南國際取得於中國發行本金總額最多為人民幣15億元之企業債券的相關批准。於2015年4月,華南國際發行該企業債券,本金總額為人民幣15億元,期限為最長6年,年利率為7.0%。該發行所得款項主要用作興建鄭州華南城項目之發展。

於2017年3月31日,華南國際企業債券的賬面值為 17.787億港元。經鵬元資信評估有限公司評定,華南 國際及企業債券的信用評級分別為「AA」級及「AA+」 級。

企業債券之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註33。

# **Domestic Company Bonds**

In December 2015, China South International obtained the relevant approval for issuing the domestic company bonds in a maximum principal amount of RMB4.4 billion in the PRC. In January 2016, China South International issued the first tranche of the domestic company bonds of 2016 ("2016 First Tranche of DCB") with a total principal amount of RMB3.0 billion with a term of 3 years and at an interest rate of 5.98% per annum. The proceeds thereof were to be used for repaying part of bank loans of the Group and for general working capital. In May 2016, China South International issued the second tranche of the domestic company bonds of 2016 ("2016 Second Tranche of DCB") with a total principal amount of RMB1.4 billion with a term of 3 years and at an interest rate of 6.85% per annum. The proceeds thereof were to be used for repaying part of bank loans of the Group and for general working capital.

As at 31 March 2017, the carrying value of China South International's domestic company bonds was HK\$5,079.4 million. As assessed by Golden Credit Rating International Co., Ltd., China South International was given "AA" rating, and the 2016 First Tranche of DCB and 2016 Second Tranche of DCB, both were given "AA+" rating respectively.

Further details of the domestic company bonds are set out in note 34 to the financial statement.

#### **Connected Transaction**

The Company had not entered into any connected transaction during the Year which is required to be disclosed under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Related party transactions entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 March 2017 which constituted connected transactions or continuing connected transactions are disclosed in note 43 to the financial statements.

#### 境內公司債券

於2015年12月,華南國際取得於中國發行本金總額 最多為人民幣44億元之境內公司債券的相關批准。於 2016年1月,華南國際發行2016年第一期境內公司債 券,本金總額為人民幣30億元,期限為3年,年利率 為5.98%。該發行所得款項主要用作置換本集團的銀 行貸款及一般營運資金。於2016年5月,華南國際發 行2016年第二期境內公司債券,本金總額為人民幣14 億元,期限為3年,年利率為6.85%。該發行所得款 項主要用作置換本集團的銀行貸款及一般營運資金。

於2017年3月31日,華南國際境內公司債的賬面值為50.794億港元。經東方金誠國際信用評估有限公司評定,華南國際的信用評級為「AA」級,而2016年第一期境內公司債券及2016年第二期境內公司債券的信用評級均為「AA+」級。

境內債券之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註34。

#### 關聯交易

本公司於本年度內沒有進行根據上市規則第14A章需要披露之關連交易。截至2017年3月31日止,構成關連交易或持續關連交易之本集團關聯交易載於財務報表附註43。

# **Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Listed Securities**

In April 2016, the Company has early fully redeemed the 2012 Notes at the redemption price equal to 106.750% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest to (but not including) the redemption date. Upon such redemption, such fully redeemed 2012 Notes were cancelled and delisted from the Singapore Exchange accordingly.

In addition, the Group purchased US\$20 million of the 2014 Notes from the open market during the Year and in February and April 2017, the Company has early redeemed the 2014 Notes with an aggregate amount of US\$400 million at the redemption price equal to 104.1250% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest to (but not including) the redemption date. In April 2017, such fully redeemed Notes were cancelled and delisted from the Singapore Exchange accordingly.

Further information of the senior notes is set out in the section headed "Senior Notes" and note 31 to the financial statements of this report.

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Year.

#### **Bank Borrowings**

Details of the Group's bank borrowings as at 31 March 2017 are set out in note 29 to the financial statements.

#### **Major Customers and Suppliers**

The aggregate sales to the Group's five largest customers were less than 10% of the Group's total revenue. The aggregate purchases from the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for approximately 54% (FY2015/16: 54%) of the Group's total purchases and purchases from the largest supplier accounted for approximately 15% (FY2015/16: 15%) of the Group's total purchases for the fiscal year ended 31 March 2017.

None of the Directors, their associates, or any Shareholders which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's total number of issued Shares has any interests in the Group's five largest suppliers or customers.

#### **Corporate Governance**

The Company is committed to achieving high standard of corporate governance. Detailed information on the Company's corporate governance principles and practices are set out in the Corporate Governance Report as contained in this annual report.

# 購買、出售或贖回上市證券

於2016年4月,本公司提早全數贖回2012年票據,贖回價為相等於該票據本金額的106.750%,另加截至贖回日期(但不包括該日)的累計及未支付的利息。於該贖回後,該已全數贖回的2012年票據已被註銷,並自新加坡交易所的官方名單中刪除。

另外,本集團於本年度自公開市場購買2,000萬美元2014年票據,並分別於2017年2月及4月提早贖回合共4億美元2014年票據,贖回價為相等於該票據本金額的104.1250%,另加截至贖回日期(但不包括該日)的累計及未支付的利息。於2017年4月,該已全數贖回的票據已被註銷,並自新加坡交易所的官方名單中刪除。

優先票據的進一步資料截於本報告「優先票據」一節內 及財務報表附註31。

除上述披露者外,本公司及其任何附屬公司於本年度 內概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

### 銀行借貸

於2017年3月31日,本集團銀行借貸詳情載於財務報 表附註29。

#### 主要客戶及供應商

本集團五大客戶總銷售額佔本集團總收入少於10%。 截至2017年3月31日止財政年度,本集團五大供應商 總採購額約佔本集團總採購額約54%(2015/16財政年 度:54%),而最大供應商採購額約佔本集團總採購 額15%(2015/16財政年度:15%)。

董事知悉,概無擁有本公司已發行股份總數超過5%的董事、其聯繫人或任何股東於本集團五大供應商或客戶中擁有任何權益。

#### 企業管治

本公司致力實現高標準的企業管治。有關本公司之企 業管治原則及常規載於本年報的企業管治報告內。

## **Environmental, Social and Governance**

The Group is committed to fulfilling its corporate social responsibility in community affairs, environmental protection and corporate governance during its business operation in order to achieve its sustainable development. The Company's Environmental, Social and Governance Report is set out in this annual report.

#### **Public Float**

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules.

### **Five Year's Financial Summary**

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five fiscal years is set out on page 66 of this annual report.

### **Management Contract**

During the Year, no contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Year.

### **Events after the Reporting Period**

The events after the reporting period are set out in note 47 to the financial statements.

#### **Auditor**

The financial statements have been audited by Messrs. Ernst & Young who will retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM. A resolution for the re-appointment of Messrs. Ernst & Young as auditor of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

For and on behalf of the Board
CHENG CHUNG HING

Co-Chairman & Executive Director

Hong Kong, 30 June 2017

# 環境、社會與管治

本集團在運營過程中致力履行自身在參與社會活動、 環境保護及公司管治的企業社會責任,以達至集團的 可持續發展。本公司之環境、社會與管治報告載於本 年報內。

### 公眾持股量

根據本公司的公開資料及據董事於本報告刊發前之最 後實際可行日期所知,本公司已根據上市規則維持本 公司股份足夠的公眾持股量。

# 五年財務概要

本集團過去五個財政年度的業績及資產與負債摘要載 於年報第66頁。

### 管理合約

於本年度內,本公司並無就全盤業務或其中任何重要 部分簽訂或存有任何管理及行政合約。

### 報告期間結束後事項

本報告日期後事項詳情載於財務報表附註47。

#### 核數師

財務報表由安永會計師事務所審核,其將退任並符合 資格於應屆股東周年大會重選連任。續聘安永會計師 事務所為本公司獨立核數師之決議案將於應屆股東周 年大會提呈。

謹代表董事會

#### 鄭松興

聯席主席兼執行董事

香港,2017年6月30日

# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Company recognizes the value and importance of achieving high standard of corporate governance to enhance the corporate performance accountability and is committed to doing so. To the best knowledge and belief of the Directors, the Company has complied with the applicable code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Hong Kong Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") during the Year, save and except for the following deviation:

本公司認同實現高標準的企業管治以提高企業業績的問責制的價值及重要性,並會致力達成此目標。據本公司董事深知及確信,本公司於本年度內已遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄14所載企業管治守則(「管治守則」)之適用守則條文,惟以下守則條文除外:

#### The Board of Directors

# **Board Composition**

As at 31 March 2017, the Board comprises twelve Directors, including three Executive Directors, five Non-Executive Directors and four Independent Non-Executive Directors.

### Non-compliances with the Listing Rules

On 4 May 2017, Mr. Leung Moon Lam was re-designated as a Non-Executive Director and ceased to be an Executive Director. At the same time, the Company appointed Mr. Song Chuan as the Chief Executive Officer of the Group and an Executive Director, as well as appointed Ms. Cheng Ka Man Carman as an Executive Director. Upon which, the Board comprises of fourteen Directors, including four Executive Directors, six Non-Executive Directors and four Independent Non-Executive Directors. As a result, the number of Independent Non-Executive Directors is less than one-third of the Board as required under Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules.

The Company will use its best endeavours to meet the relevant requirement under Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules within three months from 4 May 2017 by, inter alia, identifying a suitable candidate in terms of his professionals, experiences, skills and qualifications to be appointed as an additional Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company. Further announcement will be made by the Company in accordance to the requirements of the Listing Rules when appropriate.

The brief biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of the Directors and Key Management" on pages 67 to 79 of this annual report.

### 董事會

#### 董事會組成

於2017年3月31日,董事會由十二名董事組成,包括 三名執行董事、五名非執行董事及四名獨立非執行董 事。

#### 不符合上市規則之處

於2017年5月4日起梁滿林先生調任為本公司非執行董事,不再擔任本公司執行董事;同時,本公司委任宋川先生為集團行政總裁兼執行董事,並委任鄭嘉汶女士為本公司執行董事;概此,本公司董事會由十四名董事組成,包括四名執行董事、六名非執行董事及四名獨立非執行董事。概此,本公司之獨立非執行董事之人數少於上市規則第3.10A條所規定的應佔董事會至少三分之一的要求。

本公司將致力於自2017年5月4日起計三個月內符合上市規則第3.10A條之要求,其中包括物色具備合適的專業、經驗、技能及資格的人選新增為本公司的獨立非執行董事。本公司將按上市規則要求於適當時作出進一步有關公告。

董事履歷詳情載於本年報第67至79頁「董事及主要管理層履歷」一節。

# **Independent Non-Executive Director**

During the Year, the Board has at all times met the requirements of Rules 3.10(1), 3.10(2) and 3.10(A) of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three Independent Non-Executive Directors and representing at least one-third of the board with at least one Independent Non-Executive Director possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise.

During the Year, all existing Independent Non-Executive Directors have made an annual confirmation of independence in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that each of the Independent Non-Executive Directors to be independent.

#### **Role and Function**

The Board is responsible for overall strategic formulation and performance monitoring of the Group. It delegates day-to-day operations of the Group to the executive Directors and key senior management within the control and authority framework set by the Board. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. Further details of these committees are set out in this report.

#### **Relationship between Directors**

- Mr. Cheng Tai Po is an elder brother of Mr. Cheng Chung Hing and the uncle of Ms. Cheng Ka Man Carman.
- Ms. Cheng Ka Man Carman is the daughter of Mr. Cheng Chung Hing and the niece of Mr. Cheng Tai Po.

### **Change in Information of Directors**

The change in the information of Directors since the publication of the 2016/17 interim report up to the date of this annual report is set out below pursuant to Rule 13.51(B)(1) of the Listing Rules:

- Mr. Fung Sing Hong Stephen has been appointed as Vice Chairman
  of the Group and remains as Executive Director of the Company,
  but ceased to act as Chief Executive Officer of the Group with effect
  from 4 May 2017.
- Mr. Song Chuan has been appointed as Chief Executive Officer of the Group and Executive Director with effect from 4 May 2017.

## 獨立非執行董事

於本年度內,董事會於任何時間一直符合上市規則第 3.10(1)、3.10(2)及3.10(A)條的要求,委任最少三名獨 立非執行董事並佔董事會成員人數至少三分之一,而 最少一名獨立非執行董事須具備適當專業資格,或會 計或相關財務管理專業知識。

於本年度內,全體獨立非執行董事已根據上市規則第 3.13條之規定,各自就其獨立性作出年度確認。本公 司認為各獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

#### 角色及職能

董事會負責制定本集團的整體策略及監察其表現,並委派執行董事及主要高級管理人員在董事會設定的控制範圍及職權框架內處理本集團的日常運作。此外,董事會亦將若干責任委派予審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會。該等委員會的進一步詳情載於本報告內。

### 與董事的關係

- 鄭大報先生為鄭松興先生的胞兄,及鄭嘉汶女士 的伯父。
- 鄭嘉汶女士為鄭松興先生的女兒,及鄭大報先生 的侄女。

### 董事資料變動

根據上市規則第13.51(B)(1)條,於2016/17中期報告刊發後至本年報日期的董事資料變動載列如下:

- 馮星航先生自2017年5月4日起晉升為集團副主席,並繼續擔任本公司之執行董事,但不再擔任本集團行政總裁。
- 宋川先生自2017年5月4日起獲委任為集團行政 總裁兼執行董事。

- Ms. Cheng Ka Man Carman has been appointed as Executive Director with effect from 4 May 2017.
- Mr. Sun Kai Lit Cliff has been appointed as Adjunct Professor of City University of Hong Kong with effect from 1 February 2017. Mr. Sun has been nominated as Supervisor of Guangdong Overseas Chinese Enterprises Association.
- Mr. Leung Moon Lam has been re-designated as Non-Executive Director of the Company and ceased to act as Executive Director of the Company with effect from 4 May 2017. Mr Leung was award a Bronze Bauhinas Star (BBS) by the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in 2017.

Details of the appointments and the re-designation of Mr. Fung Sing Hong Stephen, Mr. Song Chuan, Ms. Cheng Ka Man Carman and Mr. Leung Moon Lam are set out in the announcement dated 4 May 2017.

# Compliance with the Model Code for Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code of the Listing Rules as a code of conduct of the Company for Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the fiscal year ended 31 March 2017. Employees who are, or likely to be, in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the Company or its Shares are required to prohibit from dealing in shares of the Company during the black-out period.

- 鄭嘉汶女士自2017年5月4日起獲委任為執行董事。
- 孫啟烈先生自2017年2月1日起獲委任為香港城市大學客席教授。孫先生獲委任為廣東省僑商投資企業協會監事長。
- 梁滿林先生自2017年5月4日起調任為本公司非執行董事,不再擔任本公司執行董事。梁先生於 2017年獲香港特別行政區政府頒授銅紫荊星章。

有關馮星航先生、宋川先生、鄭嘉汶女士和梁滿林先生之委任及調任詳情載於2017年5月4日之公告內。

### 遵守董事進行證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則所載的標準守則,作為本公司董事進行證券交易的標準。本公司已向全體董事作出具體查詢後,董事於截至2017年3月31日止財政年度內一直遵守標準守則所載的規定準則。擁有或可能擁有有關本公司或其股份的未公佈股價敏感資料的僱員不得於禁售期內買賣本公司股份。

# Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

# 企業管治報告(續)

### **Board Meetings**

During the Year, four Board meetings were convened by the Company. The attendance of the Directors at the Board meetings was as follows:

# 董事會會議

於本年度內,本公司共召開四次董事會會議,董事會 會議的董事出席情況如下:

> Number of Attendance/ meeting held<sup>(3)</sup> 出度/顯行

		出席/舉行
Directors	董事	會議次數⑶
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Cheng Chung Hing (Co-Chairman)	鄭松興先生 <i>(聯席主席)</i>	4/4
Mr. Leung Moon Lam <sup>(1)</sup>	梁滿林先生(1)	4/4
Mr. Fung Sing Hong Stephen (Chief Executive Officer)(2)	馮星航先生( <i>集團行政總裁)</i> 四	4/4
Non-Executive Directors	非執行董事	
Dr. Ma Kai Cheung <i>(Co-Chairman)</i>	馬介璋博士 <i>(聯席主席)</i>	1/4
Mr. Sun Kai Lit Cliff	孫啟烈先生	4/4
Dr. Ma Wai Mo	馬偉武博士	4/4
Mr. Cheng Tai Po	鄭大報先生	4/4
Mr. Lin Ching Hua	林璟驊先生	3/4
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Leung Kwan Yuen Andrew	梁君彥先生	3/4
Mr. Li Wai Keung	李偉強先生	4/4
Mr. Hui Chiu Chung	許照中先生	4/4
Mr. Yung Wing Ki Samuel	容永祺先生	4/4

#### Notes:

- Mr. Leung Moon Lam has been re-designated as Non-Executive Director of the Company and ceased to act as Executive Director of the Company with effect from 4 May 2017.
- (2) Mr. Fung Sing Hong Stephen has been appointed as Vice Chairman of the Group and remains as Executive Director of the Company, but ceased to act as Chief Executive Officer of the Group with effect from 4 May 2017.
- (3) The attendance figure represents actual attendance/the number of meetings a director is entitled to attend.

The Directors are provided with agenda and relevant Board materials related to the agenda in advance before the meeting. They can access to the senior management and the company secretary of the Company at all time and, upon reasonable request, seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense.

#### 附註:

- (1) 梁滿林先生自2017年5月4日起調任為本公司非執行董事,不再擔任本公司執行董事。
- (2) 馮星航先生自2017年5月4日起晉升為集團副主席,並 繼續擔任本公司之執行董事,但不再擔任集團行政總 裁。
- (3) 出席數字為董事實際出席有關會議的次數/有資格出席的次數。

會議舉行前,董事預先獲提供議程及與議程相關的董 事會資料。彼等可隨時與本公司高級管理人員及公司 秘書接洽,在合理情況下尋求獨立專業意見,費用由 本公司承擔。

# **Appointment and Re-election of Directors**

Each of the Executive Directors has entered into service contract with the Company while each of the Non-Executive Directors and Independent Non-Executive Directors has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years.

The Company's Articles provide rotation and re-election for all Directors. In accordance with the Articles, at each annual general meeting of the Company, one-third of the Directors for the time being, or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation. The Articles also provide that any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy on the Board shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible to offer for re-election, and any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible to offer for re-election.

#### Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

To ensure a balance of power and authority, the roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer are segregated. During the Year, Mr. Cheng Chung Hing and Dr. Ma Kai Cheung are Co-Chairman of the Company and they provide leadership for the Board and ensure the proper and effective functioning of the Board in the discharge of its responsibilities, while Mr. Fung Sing Hong Stephen during his tenure of office as the Chief Executive Officer, is accountable to the Board for the overall implementation of the Company's strategies and the coordination of overall business operations of the Group.

#### **Board Committees**

The Board has established three committees, namely, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, to handle particular responsibilities of the Board and the Company's affairs. All board committees of the Company are established with specific written terms of reference which have been published at the websites of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the Company respectively. The board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense.

### 委任及重選董事

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約,而各非執行董 事及獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立委任函,為期三 年。

本公司章程規定全體董事須輪席退任及重選連任。根據章程規定,於本公司各屆股東周年大會上,當時三分之一的董事(或倘人數並非三或三的倍數,則為最接近但不少於三分之一的人數)須輪席退任。章程亦規定任何由董事會委任的董事若是為填補董事會臨時空缺,其任期僅直至本公司下次股東大會,屆時將符合資格重選連任;而任何由董事會委任的董事以作為董事會新增成員,其任期僅直至本公司下次股東周年大會,屆時將符合資格重選連任。

#### 主席及行政總裁

為確保權力及職權平衡,主席及行政總裁的職責有所區分。於本年度,鄭松興先生及馬介璋博士為本公司的聯席主席,彼等領導董事會,並確保董事會於履行其職責時能正確有效地運作,而馮星航先生於其任內出任本集團行政總裁期間就履行本公司整體策略及協調本集團的整體業務運作向董事會負責。

### 董事委員會

董事會成立三個委員會,包括審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會,負責處理董事會及本公司的特定事務。本公司所有董事委員會均訂有明確的書面職權範圍,相關職權範圍書已分別刊發於香港聯交所及本公司網站。董事委員會獲提供足夠資源以履行其職責,並可在合理情況下尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司承擔。

#### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee is responsible for the review and supervision of the Group's financial reporting process, risk management and internal controls system and review of the Company's financial statements. The written terms of reference are in line with the provisions under the CG Code and the roles and the responsibilities delegated to the Audit Committee by the Board, which include to determine the appropriate corporate governance practices applicable to the Group's circumstances and to ensure processes and procedures are in place to achieve the Group's corporate governance objectives.

During the Year, the Audit Committee consists of Mr. Li Wai Keung as chairman, Mr. Leung Kwan Yuen Andrew, Mr. Hui Chiu Chung and Mr. Yung Wing Ki Samuel. All the Audit Committee members are Independent Non-Executive Directors. During the Year, two meetings of Audit Committee were held to review the FY2015/16 annual results and the FY2016/17 interim results of the Group before submission to the Board.

During FY2016/17, the Audit Committee had reviewed the risk management and internal control system, connected transactions, interim results and annual results of the Group and the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group. The attendance of the Directors at the Audit Committee meetings was as follows:

#### 審核委員會

審核委員會負責檢討及監察本集團的財務申報程序、 風險管理及內部監控系統及審閱本公司的財務報表。 其書面職權範圍與管治守則項下規定及董事會指派審 核委員會的職責及職務相符,其中包括負責釐定適用 於本集團情況的恰當企業管治常規、並確保現時流程 及程序可達致本集團企業管治的目的。

於本年度內,審核委員會由李偉強先生(主席)、梁君 彥先生、許照中先生及容永祺先生組成。審核委員會 所有成員均為獨立非執行董事。於本年度內,曾召開 兩次審核委員會會議,於提交董事會前已審閱本集團 2015/16財政年度業績及2016/17財政年度中期業績。

於2016/17財政年度,審核委員會已審閱本集團的風險及內部監控系統、關連交易、中期業績及全年業績以及本集團採納的會計原則及慣例。審核委員會會議的董事出席情況如下:

Directors	董事	Number of attendance/ meeting held 出席/舉行 會議次數
Mr. Li Wai Keung (Chairman)	李偉強先生(主席)	2/2
Mr. Leung Kwan Yuen Andrew	梁君彥先生	2/2
Mr. Hui Chiu Chung	許照中先生	2/2
Mr. Yung Wing Ki Samuel	容永祺先生	2/2

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for making recommendations on the Directors' and senior management's remuneration and other benefits. The remuneration of all Directors and senior management is subject to regular monitoring by the Remuneration Committee so as to ensure that the level of their remuneration and compensation are reasonable. The specific written terms of reference are in line with the provisions of the CG Code.

The Remuneration Committee comprises two Independent Non-Executive Directors and one Executive Director, including Mr. Li Wai Keung as chairman, Mr. Leung Kwan Yuen Andrew and Mr. Cheng Chung Hing.

The primary goal of the Group's remuneration policy for Executive Directors is to enable the Company to retain and motivate Executive Directors by linking their compensation with their individual performance as measured against the Group's corporate objectives and operating results, taking into account also the comparable market conditions. The principal elements of the remuneration package of an Executive Director include basic salary, performance and/or discretional bonus, participation in the Share Option Scheme and other benefits. The remuneration of Non-Executive Directors (including Independent Non-Executive Directors) includes mainly the director's fee and participation in the Share Option Scheme which is a matter for the Board to decide by reference to their duties and responsibilities and the comparable market conditions.

During the Year, one Remuneration Committee meeting was held to review the structure of the remunerations for Directors of the Company and the grant of share options under the Share Option Scheme to Director of the Company. The attendance of the Directors at the Remuneration Committee meeting was as follows:

#### 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會負責就董事及高級管理人員薪酬及其他福利提出建議。薪酬委員會定期監察全體董事及高級管理人員的薪酬,確保彼等的薪酬水平及補償屬合理。 其明確書面職權範圍符合管治守則規定。

薪酬委員會由兩名獨立非執行董事及一名執行董事組成,包括李偉強先生(主席)、梁君彥先生及鄭松興先生。

本集團的執行董事薪酬政策主要目的為讓本公司執行董事的酬金與彼等的個人表現及本集團的企業目標和經營業績掛鈎,同時考慮可資比較市場情況,藉以挽留及激勵執行董事。執行董事的薪酬待遇主要包括基本薪金、績效及/或酌定花紅,參與購股權計劃及其他福利。非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)的薪酬主要包括董事袍金及參與購股權計劃,並由董事會經參照彼等的職責及可資比較市場情況後釐定。

於本年度內,曾召開一次薪酬委員會會議,以審閱本公司董事的薪酬架構及根據購股權計劃授予董事購股權事宜。薪酬委員會會議的董事出席情況如下:

Directors	董事	Number of attendance/ meeting held 出席/舉行 會議次數
Mr. Li Wai Keung <i>(Chairman)</i>	李偉強先生(主席)	1/1
Mr. Leung Kwan Yuen Andrew	梁君彥先生	1/1
Mr. Cheng Chung Hing	鄭松興先生	1/1

#### **Nomination Committee**

The Nomination Committee is responsible for making recommendation to the nomination of Directors with a view for the appointment of suitable individuals with relevant expertise and experience to enhance the constitution of the Board and to contribute to the Board. The specific written terms of reference are in line with the provisions of the CG Code.

The Nomination Committee comprises two Independent Non-Executive Directors and one Executive Director, including Mr. Leung Kwan Yuen Andrew as chairman, Mr. Li Wai Keung and Mr. Cheng Chung Hing. During the Year, one Nomination Committee meeting was held to review the structure, size and composition of the Board, including the skill, knowledge, experience and diversity of background of its members, and the re-designation of senior management of the Company. The attendance of the Directors at the Nomination Committee meeting was as follows:

# 提名委員會

提名委員會負責就董事提名提供建議,以委任具備相關專業知識及經驗的適當人選,以強化董事會成員架構,為董事會作出貢獻。其明確書面職權範圍符合管治守則規定。

提名委員會由兩名獨立非執行董事及一名執行董事組成,包括梁君彥先生(主席)、李偉強先生及鄭松興先生。於本年度內,提名委員會曾召開一次會議,以檢討董事會結構、人數及構成,包括董事會成員的技能、知識、經驗及背景的多樣性,以及本公司高級管理層之調任。提名委員會會議的董事出席情況如下:

Directors	董事	Number of attendance/ meeting held 出席/舉行 會議次數
Mr. Leung Kwan Yuen Andrew (Chairman)	梁君彥先生(主席)	1/1
Mr. Li Wai Keung	李偉強先生	1/1
Mr. Cheng Chung Hing	鄭松興先生	1/1

#### **Board Diversity Policy**

The Company seeks to achieve Board diversity by adopting a board diversity policy which stipulates that when identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Directors, the Nomination Committee will consider the benefits of all aspects of diversity including, but not limited to, a number of factors, such as age, race, cultural and educational background, professional and business-related experience, reputation of candidates for integrity and his/her accomplishment, skills, knowledge and length of service, in order to maintain an appropriate range of balance of skills, experience and background on the Board. The appointments of Directors will base on meritocracy and take into account the aforesaid factors as a whole for the benefits of the Company, as well as taking into consideration its own business model and specific needs from time to time.

#### **Directors' and Officers' Insurance**

During the Year, the Company has arranged appropriate Directors' and Officers' liabilities insurance coverage in respect of legal action against its Directors and officers.

#### 董事會成員多元化政策

為達至董事會成員多元化,本公司採納董事會成員多元化政策,當提名委員會物色具備合適資格擔任董事之人士時,將考慮多元化在各方面的裨益,包括但不限於一些因素例如年齡、種族、文化及教育背景、專業及業務相關經驗、候選人的誠信度及彼之成就、技能、知識及服務任期,以使董事會具備合適且比例均稱的專門技術、經驗及背景。董事之委任將以有能者居之為原則,並就本公司的利益整體考慮上述因素,及不時考慮本公司本身的業務模式及具體需要。

#### 董事及要員責任保險

於本年度內,本公司就董事及高級職員可能會面對的 法律行動,已安排投保適當的董事及高級職員責任保 險。

## **Risk Management and Internal Control**

The Board is responsible for overseeing the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and reviewing its effectiveness. A defined management structure with specified limits of authority and responsibilities is developed for safeguarding assets against unauthorized use or disposition, the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publications and the compliance of applicable laws, rules and regulations.

An internal audit department has been established to perform regular financial and operational reviews and recommend necessary actions to the relevant management. The works carried out by the internal audit department ensure the risk management and internal control systems are in place and function properly as intended. The results of the internal audit and reviews are reported to the executive Directors and Audit Committee of the Company. The Directors have reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems and are satisfied with the adequacy of the systems of risk management and internal control of the Group during the Year.

For the annual review on the risk management and internal controls, the Audit Committee considered the internal control report and risk management report were satisfied as to effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. There were no matters of material concerns relating to financial, operational or compliance controls. The Board is satisfied with the adequacy and the effectiveness of the systems of the risk management and internal control of the Group during the Year.

#### **Independent Auditor's Remuneration**

The Group's independent auditor is Messrs. Ernst & Young. For FY2016/17, the remuneration paid and payable by the Group to the independent auditor in respect of audit and non-audit services provided by them were as follows:

#### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責監督本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統,並檢討其有效性。本公司已制定明確界定的管理架構,並訂明職權範圍及職責,以防止未經授權使用或處置資產、確保維持妥善會計記錄,以提供可靠財務資料供內部使用或刊發,並遵守適用法例、規則及法規。

內部審核部門已經成立,以定期進行財務及運營檢討,並向有關管理人員建議所需行動。內部審核部門所進行的工作乃為確保風險管理及內部監控系統合適地進行,並按擬定功能有效運作。內部審核及審閱的結果會向本公司執行董事及審核委員會報告。董事已審閱本集團風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性,並信納本集團於本年度內的風險管理及內部監控系統屬足夠。

就風險及內部監控的年度審閱而言,審核委員會審議 內部監控報告及風險管理報告,並信納本集團風險及 內部監控系統屬有效,且並無有關財務、運營或合規 監控而須高度關注的事宜。董事會信納本集團於本年 度的風險管理及內部監控系統屬足夠及有效性。

#### 獨立核數師酬金

本集團的獨立核數師為安永會計師事務所。截至 2016/17財政年度,本集團向獨立核數師就彼等所提 供審核及非審核服務已付及應付的酬金如下:

		HK\$'000
		千港元
Audit and review services	審核及審查服務	4,100
Non-audit services	非審核服務	840

## **Directors' Responsibility**

Every newly appointed Director will receive briefings and comprehensive induction on appointment to ensure understanding of the Directors' responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements. Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to refresh their knowledge and skills and the Company organizes appropriate directors' training to Directors to help ensure they are apprised of the role, functions and duties being a director of the Company.

The Directors are aware that they should give sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company and they are continually adapted with regulatory developments and business development of the Group to discharge their responsibilities. The Directors' knowledge and skills are continuously developed and refreshed by, inter alia, the following means:

- (1) Attending training session organized by and/or reading materials provided by the Company, as regards to legal and regulatory changes and matters relevant to the Directors in discharging their duties, including the laws, rules and regulations relating to the corporate governance;
- (2) Participating in continuous professional training seminars/ conferences/courses/workshops on subjects relating to directors' duties and corporate governance, and rules and regulatory changes, organized by the other companies, professional bodies or government authorities; and
- (3) Reading news, journal, magazine or other reading materials from time to time as regards to legal and regulatory changes, economics and matters relevant to the Directors in discharging their duties.

#### 董事責任

每位新獲委任董事將會接獲一份有關委任的綜合資料,藉此可確保其瞭解在上市規則和相關監管規定下之董事責任和義務。董事鼓勵參與持續專業發展以更新其知識和技能,而本公司亦會在適當時組織及安排董事培訓,藉以確保他們瞭解作為本公司董事之角色、職能及責任。

董事知悉彼等須付出足夠時間及注意力以處理本公司 事務,及彼等獲持續提供最新的上市規則發展及本集 團的業務發展,以助彼等履行職務。透過(其中包括) 以下形式以持續發展並更新董事之知識及技能:

- (1) 參加由本公司舉辦之董事培訓講座和閱覽所提供 的相關資料,內容有關法律及規管變動,以及董 事履行其職責之相關事項,包括企業管治事項之 法例、規則及規例:
- (2) 參與由其他公司、專業團體或政府機構舉辦有關董事職責和企業管治,及法規和監管變更有關的課題或持續專業培訓講座、會議、課程或研討會;及
- (3) 不時閱讀就有關法律及規管變更、經濟,以及其 他有關董事履行其責任相關事宜之新聞、期刊、 雜誌或其他閱讀資料。

According to the records provided by the Directors, the Directors received the following trainings during the Year:

根據董事所提供的記錄,於本年度內,董事參與之培 訓如下:

Directors	董事	Type of Training 培訓類型
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Cheng Chung Hing (Co-Chairman)	鄭松興先生(聯席主席)	(1)
Mr. Leung Moon Lam <sup>(i)</sup>	梁滿林先生()	(1)
Mr. Fung Sing Hong Stephen (Chief Executive Officer)(ii)	馮星航先生(集團行政總裁) <sup>(11)</sup>	(1) & (3)
Non-Executive Directors	非執行董事	
Dr. Ma Kai Cheung <i>(Co-Chairman)</i>	馬介璋博士( <i>聯席主席)</i>	(3)
Mr. Sun Kai Lit Cliff	孫啟烈先生	(1) & (2)
Dr. Ma Wai Mo	馬偉武博士	(1)
Mr. Cheng Tai Po	鄭大報先生	(1) & (2)
Mr. Lin Ching Hua	林璟驊先生	(3)
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Leung Kwan Yuen Andrew	梁君彥先生	(1)
Mr. Li Wai Keung	李偉強先生	(1)
Mr. Hui Chiu Chung	許照中先生	(1), (2) & (3)
Mr. Yung Wing Ki Samuel	容永祺先生	(2) & (3)

#### Notes:

- (i) Mr. Leung Moon Lam has been re-designated as Non-Executive Director of the Company and ceased to act as Executive Director of the Company with effect from 4 May 2017.
- (ii) Mr. Fung Sing Hong Stephen has been appointed as Vice Chairman of the Group and remains as Executive Director of the Company, but ceased to act as Chief Executive Officer of the Group with effect from 4 May 2017.

# Directors' and Auditor's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for FY2016/17 which were prepared in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards.

The reporting responsibility of the independent auditor of the Company on the consolidated financial statements of the Group is set out in the independent auditor's report on pages 129 to 135.

#### 附註:

- (i) 梁滿林先生自2017年5月4日起調任為本公司非執行董事,不再擔任本公司執行董事。
- (ii) 馮星航先生自2017年5月4日起晉升為集團副主席,並 繼續擔任本公司之執行董事,但不再擔任本集團行政 總裁。

## 董事及核數師就財務報表承擔的責任

董事及核數師確認其對編製本集團2016/17財政年度 綜合財務報表的責任,並已按照法定規定及適用會計 準則編製。

本公司獨立核數師對本集團綜合財務報表的申報責任 載於第129至135頁的獨立核數師報告內。

# Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

#### **Company Secretary**

Ms. Tse Man Yu has been the Company Secretary of the Company since 2008. She is a full time employee of the Company with professional qualifications and extensive experience, and has adequate working knowledge on the Company to discharge her duty as the Company Secretary. During the Year, Ms. Tse confirmed that she has received relevant professional training of not less than 15 hours to update her skills and knowledge.

#### **Communication with Shareholders and Noteholders**

The Company believes that effective communication with shareholders, noteholders and other investment community is essential. During the Year, the Executive Directors, Chief Financial Officer and team of investor relations of the Group held regular briefings, press conferences and analysts meetings of interim and annual results, attended investor forums and participated in roadshows, conducted meetings and visits to projects of the Group with the institutional investors and financial analysts in China, Hong Kong and overseas countries to keep them abreast of the Group's business and development. Investors can also communicate with the Company through email at ir@chinasouthcity.com.

The shareholders' meeting provides a useful platform for the shareholders to exchange views with the Board. The Directors and Chief Financial Officer of the Group will attend the shareholders' meetings to answer the questions raised by the shareholders. Shareholders can also direct their enquiries and proposals to the Company. The contact details of the Company are set out in the "Contact Us" section of the Company's website at www.chinasouthcity.com.

#### **Shareholders' Right**

Pursuant to the new Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong), shareholders of the Company holding not less than 5% of the total voting rights of all the members having a right to vote at general meeting may request the Directors to call a general meeting. The request must state the general nature of business to be dealt with at the meeting and may be sent to the Company in hard copy form or in electronic form and must be authenticated by the person or persons making it in accordance with the provisions under sections 566 to 568 of the New Companies Ordinance and the Company's Articles.

#### 公司秘書

謝文瑜女士自2008年起出任本公司之公司秘書。彼為本公司全職僱員,具有專業資格和資深經驗,及具備足夠的工作經驗,以履行公司秘書的職責。於本年度內,謝女士確認彼已接受不少於15小時之相關專業培訓以更新其技能和知識。

#### 與股東及票據持有人溝通

本公司認為,與股東、票據持有人及其他投資團體作出有效溝通乃至關重要。於本年度內,執行董事、集團首席財務總監及投資者關係團隊定期舉行簡報會、新聞發佈會以及中期及年度業績分析會議、於中國、香港及海外國家出席投資者論壇,與機構投資者及財務分析員參與路演、舉行會議及參觀本集團之項目,讓彼等能了解本集團的業務及最新發展。投資者亦可透過電郵ir@chinasouthcity.com與本公司聯絡。

股東會議提供具裨益的平台,供股東與董事會互相交流意見。董事及集團首席財務總監將出席股東大會解答股東提出的提問。股東亦可以向本公司提出諮詢及建議。本公司的聯絡詳情載於本公司網站www.chinasouthcity.com「聯絡我們」一節。

#### 股東權利

根據新《公司條例》(香港法例第622章),本公司全體有權於股東會議上投票並持有本公司總投票權不少於5%的股東均可要求董事召開股東會議。有關請求需明述將會於會上處理之事務,並獲該提出要求的人士認證後,可採用書面或電子形式送交予本公司,並須根據新《公司條例》第566至568條的規定以及本公司章程進行。

Attendance of the Directors at the annual general meeting of the Company which was held on 22 August 2016 was as follows:

董事於2016年8月22日舉行之本公司股東周年大會的 出席情況如下:

		Number of attendance/ meeting held 出席/舉
Directors	董事	會議次數
<b>Executive Directors</b>	執行董事	
Mr. Cheng Chung Hing (Co-Chairman)	鄭松興先生(聯席主席)	1/1
Mr. Leung Moon Lam <sup>(1)</sup>	梁滿林先生(1)	1/1
Mr. Fung Sing Hong Stephen (Chief Executive Officer)(2)	馮星航先生(集團行政總裁) <sup>(2)</sup>	1/1
Non-Executive Directors	非執行董事	
Dr. Ma Kai Cheung <i>(Co-Chairman)</i>	馬介璋博士( <i>聯席主席)</i>	1/1
Mr. Sun Kai Lit Cliff	孫啟烈先生	1/1
Dr. Ma Wai Mo	馬偉武博士	1/1
Mr. Cheng Tai Po	鄭大報先生	1/1
Mr. Lin Ching Hua	林璟驊先生	1/1
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Leung Kwan Yuen Andrew	梁君彥先生	1/1
Mr. Li Wai Keung	李偉強先生	1/1
Mr. Hui Chiu Chung	許照中先生	1/1
Mr. Yung Wing Ki Samuel	容永祺先生	1/1

#### Notes:

- (1) Mr. Leung Moon Lam has been re-designated as Non-Executive Director of the Company and ceased to act as Executive Director of the Company with effect from 4 May 2017.
- (2) Mr. Fung Sing Hong Stephen has been appointed as Vice Chairman of the Group and remains as Executive Director of the Company, but ceased to act as the Chief Executive Officer of the Group with effect from 4 May 2017.

Published documents together with the latest corporate information and news are available on the Company's website at www.chinasouthcity.com.

#### 附註:

- (1) 梁滿林先生自2017年5月4日起調任為本公司非執行董事,不再擔任本公司執行董事。
- (2) 馮星航先生自2017年5月4日起晉升為集團副主席,並 繼續擔任本公司之執行董事,但不再擔任集團行政總 裁。

有關發佈文件連同最新的公司資料及新聞,可瀏覽本公司網站www.chinasouthcity.com。

# Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會與管治報告

#### **Our Philosophy**

China South City is a leading developer and operator of large-scale integrated logistics and trade centers in China. Through out its years of operation and development, China South City has adhered to its business philosophy of "Integrity, Harmony, Win-win and Sharing" and has endeavored to provide an integrated trade and logistics ecosystem for small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs). On the one hand, it assists local governments to upgrade old markets by providing modern wholesale marketplaces that promote regional economic transformation and development. On the other hand, it provides one-stop comprehensive value-added services for SMEs in China South City projects, thereby help such businesses reduce their operating costs and enhance their competitiveness through operating initiatives of "Stabilizing, Supporting, Assisting and Flourishing Business".

The Group strives to keep a close communication with its stakeholders during the operation, in order to raise the level of corporate governance. The Group endeavors to attain sustainable development by creating a favorable working environment for its employees, assisting its customers in improving their operational competitiveness and continuously minimizing the environmental impact of its business operations.

#### **Workplace Quality**

Talents are the prime impetus for achieving sustainable corporate development. Adhering to a people-oriented management philosophy, China South City aims to attract and cultivate talents by providing them an extensive platform to grow. The Group complies with national and local labor laws and regulations, as well as upholds principles of equitability and fairness. During the Year, the Group continued with its efforts to achieve a win-win situation for both employees and corporate development, by effectively allocating human resources and standardizing collaborative relationships among the employees.

#### **Employee Overview**

China South City strives to best allocate its resources and adjust its team structure according to the actual needs of the business development. During the Year, the Group optimized the employee structure, retrenched part of employees whose were not in line of business development. On the other hand, engaged qualified candidates through campus and public recruitment as well as internal referrals in accordance with the expounding business need, upholding the principle of fairness.

#### 集團理念

華南城是中國領先的大型綜合物流及商品交易中心的開發商及運營商。經過多年的經營和發展,華南城一直堅持[誠信、和諧、共贏、分享]的經營理念,致力為中小企業提供一個綜合商貿物流的生態圈。本集團一方面通過建設現代化的批發市場,協助當地政府進行舊市場改造升級,振興區域經濟轉型與發展,另一方面亦向入駐華南城項目的中小企提供一站式的全面增值服務,通過[穩商、助商、扶商、富商]的營商措施,協助中小企業降低運營成本,以提升競爭力。

本集團在運營過程中致力與持份者保持緊密溝通,以 提升企業管治水平。本集團通過為員工提供良好的工 作環境,協助客戶提升運營競爭力,不斷努力將業務 運營對環境的影響減至最低,以達至可持續發展的目 標。

#### 工作環境質素

人才是推動企業實現可持續發展的原動力。華南城貫徹「以人為本」的管理理念,以吸納及培養人才為目標,為員工成長創造最廣闊的平台。同時,本集團遵守國家及相關公司所在地的勞動法律法規,堅持公正和公平的的原則。於本年度內,本集團繼續致力於通過有效配置人力資源,規範員工協作關係,實現員工和企業發展的雙贏。

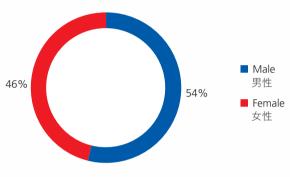
#### 員工概況

華南城根據業務發展的實際需要來分配資源及調整團隊架構。於本年度內,本集團因應業務的需要精簡員工架構,解聘了部分與業務發展不相配的員工,同時,就擴展中的業務,本集團分別通過校園招聘、公開招聘及內部推薦等不同方式聘用符合資格的人士。在這些過程中,本集團堅持公平公正的原則。

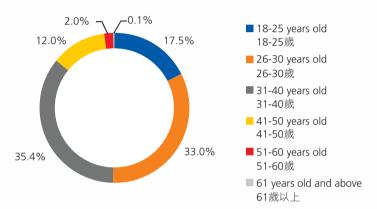
Total Number of Employees (by Type of Engagement) as at 31 March 2017: 截至2017年3月31日止,按聘用類型劃分的僱員人數:

Total	Full-time	Part-time
總人數	全職	兼職
6,420	6,418	2





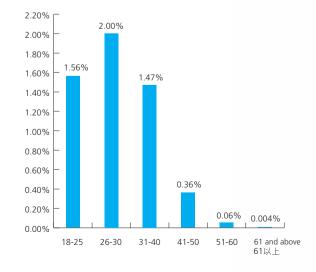
# Total Number of Employees (by Age) as at 31 March 2017 截至2017年3月31日按年齡劃分的僱員總數



During the Year, the monthly employee turnover rate by gender of the Group was 2.47% for female employees and 2.98% for male employees; while the monthly employee turnover rate by region was 5.45% in Mainland China regions and 0.001% in Hong Kong.

於本年度,本集團按性別劃分月度僱員流失率,女性僱員流失率為2.47%,男性僱員流失率為2.98%;按地區劃分月度僱員流失率,國內地區僱員流失率為5.45%,香港地區僱員流失率為0.001%。

Average Monthly Employee Turnover (by Age) during the Year 本年度按年齡組別劃分平均月度僱員流失率



## **Employee Development and Training**

China South City believes that talents are the most important driving force to its sustainable development. Learning serves as the principal means for employees to acquire sustainable development and creativity. Hence, corporates have the responsibility to provide their employees with opportunities for continuous improvement.

During the Year, the Group continue to enhance its staff training system by developing a four-part system that incorporated orientation, professional skills training, capability development and professional competence for managers. Apart from that, the Group provided adequate on-the-job trainings for its employees through a wide array of activities, such as lectures, outward bound and experiences sharing etc. In addition, to record and monitor the effect of training, the Group made attained trainings hours as one of the departmental appraisal criterias, in order to create an environment for employees to attain training. During the Year, average training hours of the Group's employees were 28.47 hours.

#### 員工發展及培訓

華南城相信,人才是企業最重要的持續發展動力。學習是使員工具備持續性發展及創造能力的主要途徑, 因此企業有責任為員工創造不斷提升的機遇。

於本年度內,本集團繼續深化員工培訓制度,為各級員工提供包括新入職培訓、職業技能發展、管理生培訓、管理層能力發展等四部分內容在內的培訓體系,並通過包括知識講座、戶外拓展及經驗分享計劃等豐富多樣的實地培訓,為員工提供充分的在職教育。同時,為紀錄和監察培訓效果,本集團將培訓時數納入部門考核的標準,以鼓勵員工積極學習,致力營造良好的員工培訓環境。於本年度內,本集團員工整體的平均培訓時數為28.47小時。



Outward bound training for fresh graduates in 2016 2016年度應屆畢業生參與野外拓展訓練



Internal training 內部培訓

#### Training Hours (by Type of Staff) in FY2016/17 2016/17財政年度按員工類別劃分的培訓時數

		Basic Level 基層員工	Middle Level 中層管理	Senior Level 高層管理	Total 總數
Number of Hours	小時	144,242.7	36,166	2,385.5	182,794.2
Percentage	百分比	78.91%	19.79%	1.30%	100%

The Group also promotes self learning among its employees, building a training philosophy of developing a learning-oriented community. The training result is significant since its launch of E-learning system. During the Year, employees received an average of no less than 6 hours of training through the E-learning system, which helped them to keep abreast of the latest course and information, regardless of time and location.

本集團亦全面提倡員工進行自主學習,並推出線上學習系統(E-learning),培訓效果顯著。於本年度內,員工通過線上學習系統的人均培訓時數不低於6小時,讓員工更方便地分配時間去參與課程及了解最新的資訊。

In respect of the remuneration and fringe benefits of the employees of the Group, externally it references to general economic environment and pay level of the industry, while internally it upholds the principles of fairness and competitiveness, and with reference to position, individual capability, performance and education and professional qualifications. According to the position, responsibility and job nature, the Company applies three different categories of remuneration, including an annual salary scheme with reference to the Company's operating results of the year, a performance-based salary scheme with reference to annual and quarterly performance, and a commission-based salary scheme with reference to sales performance.

本集團僱員的薪酬和福利水平,對外結合整體經濟環境與同行業薪酬水平,對內保持公平及競爭性,並結合職位、個人能力、業績、學歷及專業資格等而釐定。根據職位、職責和工作性質的不同,公司採用三種不同薪酬類別,包括與企業年度經營業績相關的年薪制、與年度及季度績效相關的崗位績效工資制及與銷售業績相關的提成工資制。

In respect of career development and promotion opportunity, the Group maintains a fair competition and a diversified employee development scheme, with no discrimination against or even dismissal of employees over their gender, age, marital status, religious belief, ethnicity, nationality and health. The Group has a leave system in place in accordance with local labor laws and regulations, which covers sick leave, casual leave, marriage leave, funeral leave, maternity leave, breast feeding leave, annual leave, injury leave and statutory holidays, refining the fringe benefit system for the employees. Also, the fringe benefit system is under continuous improvement, in an effort to take care of the employees, enrich the variety of corporate culture activities, and increase the sense of belonging among the employees in an all-round manner.

在職業發展及晉升機會方面,本集團保持內部公平競爭及員工多元化發展計劃,不因性別、年齡、婚姻狀況、宗教信仰、種族、國籍及身體狀況而歧視甚至解聘任何員工。本集團及相關公司按照所在地勞動法建立包括病假、事假、婚假、喪假、產假、哺乳假、年休假、工傷假、法定節日假等假期制度,完善員工福利體系。同時,通過不斷完善員工福利體系,關愛員工,豐富企業文化活動,全方位提升員工的歸屬感。

In addition to the basic social insurance program, the Group provides various benefits, including:

- Annual health check-up for the employees
- Employee discounts for the products and services provided by the Group
- Group accident insurance for employees who take regular business trips or whose position involves the risk of potential accidents

除基本的社保體系外,本集團亦提供各類額外福利, 包括:

- 每年組織員工進行健康體檢
- 可享受以員工優惠價格購買本集團提供的商品和 服務
- 為經常出差或可能涉及到意外的崗位的員工提供 商業團體意外保險

#### **Effective Communication**

China South City values the advice and suggestion of its employees in their career development, and encourages them to provide feedback. The Group is committed to make active response to employees' view through various channels and work out solutions to continuously improve its working environment. At the Group level, China South City has set up a hotline through which employees can express their views; at project company level, employees can timely express their views through public e-mail, WeChat, hotline, employee satisfaction surveys and a suggestions box.

To facilitate effective mutual communication, the Group bases on human resources policy such as "Performance Management Proposal", the "Unified Regulations on Performance and Implementation", and the "Rewards and Punishments on Employee Conduct" to regularly assess the performance of its employees and feedback the Group's expectation of them, in turn to improve the employees' individual performance and the Group's core competitiveness and motivate constant self-improvement and breakthrough of employees, which will achieve a win-win situation for both the Group and its employees.

#### Occupational Safety and Health for Employees

The Group endeavors to provide a healthy and safe working environment for its employees, and encourages them to strike a work life balance. To further facilitate its safety management in construction, operation and development, the Group provides regular courses and training on occupational safety for its employees, particularly for those involved in construction and fire services, so as to raise the awareness of safety precautions. With a robust response system in place, the Group provides advance payment for the medical expenses of wounded or sick employees in the first instance, and timely reports to the Human Resources and Social Security Bureau (人力資源和社會保障局). Also, the Group delegates its labor union personnel to visit the affected employee, console their family members, and seek the best treatment plan with medical institutions.

#### 有效溝通

華南城重視員工在職業發展中提出的意見及建議,並 鼓勵員工提供反饋,通過主動提供多樣化的渠道聆聽 員工訴求,並積極尋求解決方案以不斷改善工作環 境。於集團層面,華南城設立聆聽熱線,員工可直接 撥打熱線表達訴求。於項目公司層面,員工亦可通過 公開郵箱、微信平台、電話熱線、員工滿意度問卷調 查及意見箱等形式及時反映其訴求。

為促進有效的雙向溝通,本集團通過《績效管理方案》、《績效實施統一規定》及《員工日常行為獎懲》等人力資源政策,定期評估員工表現,並向員工反饋企業期望,促進員工個人崗位業績及提升集團核心競爭力,以督促員工不斷實現自我提升及突破,從而達到企業與員工發展共贏的局面。

## 員工職業安全及健康

本集團致力於為員工提供健康與安全的工作環境,並 鼓勵員工尋求工作與健康生活的平衡。為進一步促進 本集團在建設、運營及發展中的安全管理工作,本集 團通過定期向涉及施工、消防的相關員工,提供職業 安全教育課程及培訓,以提升其自我安全防範意識。 本集團亦通過一套完善的應對系統,於事故的第一時 間為傷病員工墊付工傷醫療費用,並及時向人力資源 和社會保障局溝通申報。同時本集團會派出公會人員 進行傷病員工慰問探訪,做好員工家屬的心理輔導, 並與醫療機構配合,尋求最佳治療方案。

		Male 男性	Female 女性	Total 整體
Rate of work-related injuries per thousand employees	每千名員工的工傷率	1.56	0.31	1.87
Number of working days lost due to work-related injuries	因工傷損失工作日數	470	50	520

In addition, the Group has provided its employees with various cultural and recreational activities during the Year, so as to foster the sense of belonging and team spirit among employees and develop a harmonious corporate culture. Such activities include:

此外,本集團於本年度內繼續為員工提供形式多樣的 文化康樂活動,以提升其企業歸屬感及團隊精神,從 而建立和睦共事的企業文化,包括:

- Employee birthday parties
- Singing contests The Voice of China South City (華南城好聲音)
- Spring Dinner (春茗會) Experiencing the feeling of being home
- Sports activities, such as fun sports day and marathons
- Employee dormitories equipped with gyms, to encourage employees doing exercise after work

- 員工生日慶祝活動
- 歌唱比賽-華南城好聲音
- 春茗會-感受集團[家]的氛圍
- 趣味運動會及馬拉松比賽等體育活動
- 員工宿舍配備健身房,鼓勵全員工餘健身



Final of "The Voice of China South City" 「華南城好聲音」決賽



Spring Dinner for China South City employees 華南城集團員工春茗會



Fun Sports Day for China South City employees 華南城員工趣味運動會



Fun Sports Day for China South City employees 華南城員工趣味運動會

#### **Our Awards**

During the Year, China South City obtained the following honours for its human resources management:

#### 企業獎項

本年度內,華南城總部及項目獲得的人力資源管理獎項如下:

Award Winner 獲獎機構	Award 獎項	Institutions 頒發機構
CSC Nanning 南寧華南城	China Best Employer Award 2016 The Top 10 of China Annual Best Employers in Nanning 2016中國年度最佳僱主 南寧最佳僱主10強	Zhaopin.com and Peking University Research Center on Corporate Social Responsibility and Employer Brand Communication 智聯招聘網及北京大學企業社會責任與僱主品牌傳播 研究中心
CSC Shenzhen 深圳華南城	Park of the Year for Harmonious Labor Relations (2016) 2016年度勞動關係和諧園區	Office of the Leading Work Group of Further Preventing and Regulating Labor Disputes and Building Harmonious Labor Relations, Longgang District, Shenzhen 深圳市龍崗區深化勞資糾紛預防調節構建和諧勞動關係工作領導小組辦公室
CSC Hefei 合肥華南城	2016 Best Learning-oriented Organization in Anhui 2016年度安徽企業評選最佳學習型組織	Department of Human Resources and Social Security of Anhui Province and goodjobs.cn 安徽省人力資源與社會保障廳以及新安人才網

#### **Labor Standards**

The Group strictly complies with the PRC government's "Provisions on the Prohibition of Child Labor" and does not hire any employees under the age of 16. During the Year, there is no incident of child labor, forced labor and harassment.

#### **Environmental Protection**

China South City is aware of the potential impact on eco-environment which may be brought by the development of business. Therefore, to ensure sustainable development and protect the environment, the Group adheres the philosophy of energy saving and emissions reduction into the entire process of its development and operation, ensuring its compliance with applicable laws and regulations on environmental protection. In addition, the Group has rolled out multiple recycling and reuse projects throughout its daily operation, to raise the environmental awareness of employees, business tenants and residents. From product design, green construction to operation, China South City is committed to reducing its environmental impact through various green measures.

#### 勞工準則

本集團嚴格遵守中國政府的《禁止使用童工條例》,並不會僱用任何16歲或以下的人士。於本年度內,本集團並未發生僱用童工和強迫勞工及騷擾相關事件。

#### 環境保護

華南城深明企業發展可能對生態環境造成影響。為確保可持續發展及保護生態環境,本集團將節能減排的理念貫穿於開發運營的過程,確保符合所適用的環境保護法律法規。本集團在日常運營中推行多項循環再用計劃以提高員工、商戶及住戶的環保意識。華南城致力通過從產品的設計到綠色施工及運營等各項環保舉措減低對環境的影響。

## **Environmentally Friendly Design**

All design and construction of China South City are complied with the national standards on energy-saving buildings and have passed third-party inspection, as well as energy-saving acceptance checks by the government upon project completion. During its project design, the Group maximizes the application of energy-saving and environmental friendly materials, and adopts energy-saving solutions to reduce carbon emissions. For instance, at CSC Zhengzhou, residential projects are designed with an integrated insulation structure which combines insulation and enclosure functions of a building. Such design, with its greater durability and new fire prevention technology, serves as an important solution to the quality and fire safety issues commonly seen in the projects of energy-saving insulation buildings. Also in line with the national measures of energy saving and emissions reduction, the design is of great significance to ramping up the energy-saving capacity of buildings and facilitating the transformation and upgrade of the construction sector.

The Group applied the national standards on energy-saving buildings to its building design and construction in its projects. During the Year, several projects of the Group obtained the National Award for Green Building Design (One Star) (國家一星級綠色建築設計獎項).

## 環保設計

華南城的建築設計及施工均按照國家節能建築標準及 通過第三方節能審查,項目竣工時亦會通過政府節能 驗收。本集團在項目設計過程中,均儘量選用節能環 保材料:及採用節能方案以減少碳排放。以鄭州華南 城為例,鄭州住宅項目採用保溫與結構一體化設計, 實現建築保溫功能與建築圍護功能於一體,具有較強 的耐久性且兼備先端的防火技術,能有效解決建築節 能保溫工程上遇到的質量和消防安全問題,並符合國 家節能減排的政策,對於提高建築節能水平、促進建 築領域轉型升級具有重要意義。

本集團的項目建築均按照國家節能建築標準進行設計、施工。於本年度內,本集團多個項目均獲得國家 一星級綠色建築設計獎項。

Subsidiary 子公司	Project Name 項目名稱	Construction Scale (1,000 m²) 建築規模(千平方米)	Certificate 獲取證書
	E04 (Boutique Market) E04(精品市場)	173.0	Certificate of Green Building Design Label (One Star)  —星級綠色建築設計
CSC Nanchang 南昌華南城	F02 (Public Buildings) F02(公共建築)	13.8	Certificate of Green Building Design Label (One Star) 一星級綠色建築設計
	F02 (Residential Buildings) F02(居住建築)	683.8	Certificate of Green Building Design Label (One Star) 一星級綠色建築設計
CSC Xi'an	Boutique Zone E 精品E區	683.9	Certificate of Green Building Design Label (One Star) 一星級綠色建築設計
西安華南城	Boutique Zone D 精品D區	233.6	Certificate of Green Building Design Label (One Star) 一星級綠色建築設計
CSC Shenzhen 深圳華南城	Plaza 4 4號交易廣場		Certificate of Green Building Design Label (One Star) 一星級綠色建築設計

# **Environmental Friendly Facilities**

To better incorporate the philosophy of sustainable development into its daily operation and management, the Group proactively promotes application of energy-saving equipment in each project. For instance, in CSC Shenzhen, in terms of the energy-saving measures for air conditioning, during a specific period, the Group applies a variable-frequency control and integrated optimization control system to the refrigeration pumps, cooling pumps and cooling towers in Plaza 2 of CSC Shenzhen. During such periods, Plaza 2 saves 544,200 kWh of electricity on average. In terms of the measures for saving electricity, energy-saving lamps have been installed in Plazas 1 and 2, phase 1 of the wholesale market and administrative building in CSC Shenzhen, saving over 3,600,000 kWh of electricity during the Year.

Also during the Year, the Group started its energy-saving cooperation with Singyes Solar Technologies Holdings Limited. In terms of electricity-saving measures, a 2MW photovoltaic system was installed at the roof top of Plaza 4 of CSC Shenzhen, generating over 950,000 kWh of electricity in aggregate.

During the Year, there is no incident of breach in laws and regulations in relation to emitting exhaust and greenhouse gases, discharging sewage into water or land, and generating hazardous or non-hazardous wastes.

#### **Education on Environmental Protection**

To make best use of resources, the Group is proactive in implementing a green office in its daily management and operation. Employees have been educated on environmental protection to boost their environmental awareness. They have been encouraged to apply environmental protection through managing office supplies consumption, water and energy saving and simplifying the workflow.

#### 環保設施

為將可持續發展的理念更融入日常運營及管理,本集團積極推動各項目使用節能設備。以深圳項目為例,於空調節能措施方面,本集團於特定期間對深圳華南城二號交易廣場的冷凍泵、冷卻泵、冷卻塔實行變頻控制及應用集成優化控制系統,並在該期間平均節電近54.42萬度。於節電措施方面,深圳華南城一號交易廣場、二號交易廣場、專業批發市場一期及行政樓通過安裝LED節能燈,年度內有效節電逾360萬度。

於本年度內,本集團與興業太陽能技術控股有限公司 就節約能源領域展開合作,於深圳華南城四號交易廣 場屋頂設置了2MW太陽能光伏發電項目,該項目累 計發電逾95萬度。

於本年度內,本集團並無有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、 向水及土地的排污、有害及無害廢棄物的產生的法律 及規例的違規行為。

#### 環保教育

為善用資源,本集團於日常管理以及運營操作方面積極實行綠色辦公,通過對員工進行環保教育,提高其環保意識,並鼓勵員工通過在辦公用品消耗管理、節水節能及簡化工作流程方面積極實踐環保。

#### **Civilized Construction**

Highly attentive to the impact on the environment and communities during its project development, the Group strictly complies with all applicable laws and regulations on environmental protection and has formulated a set of civilized construction standards and monitoring measures, including the "Construction Sites Safety and Civilized Construction Standard of China South City" (《華南城集團施工現場安全文明施工管理標準》) and the "Construction Project Safety and Civilized Construction Evaluation Methods of China South City (Trial)" (《華南城建設工程安全文明施工專項評比辦法 (試行)》), in order to advocates civilized and green construction and strives to establish a better business environment in a more environmental friendly manner.

In respect of managing dust pollution, green management has taken place at construction sites. Cement and other construction material which are easily blown into the air are sealed and stored; and the construction waste is discharged and transported through special airtight refuse passages or containers. Construction sites are also equipped with enclosed waste stations where construction waste and domestic waste are classified and stored.

In respect of managing sewage discharge, sedimentation tanks has been built at the cleaning space for concrete carrier vehicles. Sewage goes through technical treatment before being recycled. The remainder of processed water is discharged into municipal sewage pipelines or recycled for dust-removal sprinkling. Oil, thinner and paint in construction sites must be stored in store rooms whose ground must have received antiseepage treatment preventing any groundwater pollution.

In respect of managing solid waste discharge, the Group requires the constructor to timely remove the solid waste generated during its construction process and utilize or dispose of such wastes according to the regulations. Furthermore, the Group enhances the recycling and reuse of construction and demolition wastes during on-site operations.

In respect of environmental protection of the community, the Group also requires its contractors to establish relevant non-instructive construction measures preventing dust, noise and light pollution, traffic congestion at the construction sites, minimizing the impact to the community.

#### 文明施工

本集團非常重視項目開發過程中對環境及社區造成的影響,嚴格遵守所適用的環境保護法律法規,並制定了文明施工的準則,包括《華南城集團施工現場安全文明施工管理標準》及《華南城建設工程安全文明施工專項評比辦法(試行)》等,以倡導文明及綠色施工,致力採用更為環保的方式以建立一個更好的營商環境。

於廢氣揚塵污染管理方面,施工現場已進行綠化管理。水泥和其他易飛揚顆粒建築材料密閉存放,施工垃圾清運採用封閉式專用垃圾通道或封閉式容器吊運。施工現場設密閉式垃圾站,施工垃圾及生活垃圾分類存放。

於污水排放管理方面,混凝土運輸車清洗處設沉澱 池,廢水經技術處理後回收使用,使用不完的方可排 入市政污水管線或回收用於灑水除塵。施工現場的油 料、稀料、油漆等,必須存放於庫房內,庫房地面必 須進行防滲處理,避免污染地下水體。

於固體廢棄物排放管理方面,本集團要求施工單位及 時清運工程施工過程中產生的固體廢物,並按照法規 進行利用或者處置,並在現場操作中加強建築垃圾和 建築物拆除產生的廢棄物的回收及再利用。

於社區環保方面,本集團亦要求承建商制定相關施工 不擾民措施,做好施工現場的防粉塵、防噪音、防光 污染、防交通擁塞,從而進一步降低對社區居民生活 的影響。

## **Operating Practices**

Through close cooperation with its suppliers and contractors, the Group endeavors to provide its customers with high quality products and services. All employees are required to comply with the Group's anti-bribery and anti-corruption policies so as to avoid violations of laws and regulations.

#### **Supply Chain Management**

The Group attaches great importance to product quality and cost control, with most of its procurement going through a tendering process. The Group implements a series of unbiased, fair, just and transparent tendering processes and a supervisory mechanism, to ensure quality of supplied products and services, and professionalism during performance of agreements. In selecting contractors, the Group takes into account of contractor's environmental awareness and social responsibility.

The following chart details the number of the Group's suppliers by region during the Year:

# 運營慣例

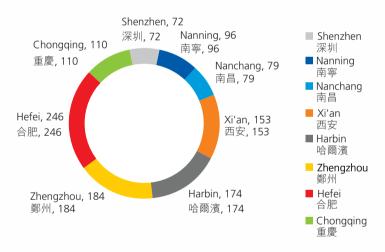
本集團通過與供應商及承建商緊密合作,竭誠為客戶 提供高效優質的產品及服務,並要求員工時刻遵守公 司反貪污及賄賂的政策,以避免違規行為。

#### 供應鏈管理

本集團重視產品的質量及成本的控制,大部分的採購 均通過招標進行。本集團採用一系列不偏不倚、公 平、公正、公開的招投標流程及監督機制,確保其供 應產品與服務的品質以及履約過程的專業性。在選擇 承建商時,本集團亦會將承建商的環保意識及社會責 任感納入考量範圍。

本年度內,集團按地區劃分的供應商數目詳見如下:

## Number of Suppliers by Region 按地區劃分的供應商數目



#### **Product Liabilities**

Apart from developing properties, China South City actively cultivates the market in order to provide a favorable business environment for its tenants. In this regard, the Group values the advice and suggestions from its tenants and seeks to communicate with them through different channels. During the Year, the Group further refined the implementation rules of customer satisfaction surveys for its regional subsidiaries. The Group can learn the extent of customer satisfaction of China South City in respect of product planning and design, construction quality, business operation, property management and customer service through the customer satisfaction surveys. Accordingly, specific targets are set, to drive the continuous improvement of management and services, so as to raise customer satisfaction and loyalty. During the Year, the Group's customer service center received a total of 472 complaints.

In addition, along with business development, the Group has successively set up departments or chambers of commerce at its project companies, aiming to build a platform for smooth communication, and to enhance mutual understanding and trust between China South City and its tenants.

Regarding the protection of customer information and privacy, the Group uploads its customers' personal information to the CRM System, and assigns special personnel to be responsible for the usage of CRM accounts, any access to information must go through a multi-levels approval procedure.

In respect of product quality control, the Group's commercial operation and management department organizes regular product safety training to promote the national laws and regulations on quality control. The Group also invites quality control authorities for regular sampling inspection.

In addition, the Group has also formulated its after-sales service policies. The customer service department has assigned special personnel to be responsible for handling the after-sales issues with reference to the "Customer Complaint Handling System". In case of special matters, specific customer service personnel would report the matter to the Company's management for further action.

In respect of protection of intellectual property rights, the Group's operating systems are formally authorised by relevant products. The Group has also issued the "China South City Management Information Backup and Recovery Standards" to effectively protect the completeness of core business information.

#### 產品責任

華南城在開發物業之餘亦積極培育市場,為入駐商戶提供良好的營商環境。為此本集團十分重視商戶的意見及建議,並通過各種渠道尋求與商戶的溝通。本年度內,本集團進一步細化完善了地區公司客戶滿意度的調查實施細則,通過進行客戶滿意度的調查,瞭解客戶對華南城產品在規劃設計與工程質量、商業經營、物業管理及客戶服務等方面的滿意度,制訂專項提升目標,以促進管理與服務的持續改善,提升客戶滿意度和忠誠度。本年度內,本集團客戶服務中心共收到共472宗投訴。

此外,隨著業務的發展,本集團各地的項目公司陸續 成立為商戶服務的部門或商會組織,旨在為華南城與 商戶之間建立有效溝通的平台及增進彼此之間的理解 與信任。

本集團於保障消費者資料及私隱方面,將客戶個人私 隱資料均上傳明源系統,並由專人負責明源賬戶的使 用。如需存取任何相關信息,需取得多重審批同意。

於產品質量檢定方面,本集團商業運營管理部定期組織[商品安全培訓],宣傳國家質檢的相關法律條規,並邀請質檢部門,定期進行抽樣檢查。

此外,本集團亦制定售後服務政策,由客戶服務部委派專人負責處理客戶的售後問題,基本流程參照《客戶投訴處理制度》執行。如遇特殊事項,由客戶服務專人進行請示上報,由公司管理層決議處理。

於保障知識產權方面,本集團所使用的作業系統都有相關產品的正式授權,並發布《華南城數據備份與恢復管理規範》有效保障核心業務數據的完整性。

As more CSC projects put into trial operation, safety management has become an important part of the Group's development. During the Year, the Group continued to intensify its fire safety and prevention management, and specifically formulated the "China South City Manual of Fire Safety and Prevention System and Standards". The specialists of Production Safety Supervision and Management Office also participates in safety related work such as project planning, blueprint design, construction, inspection and acceptance and fire safety, so that the implementation rules can be applied throughout the project operation. The Group has arranged safety teams for regular inspection and safety assessment. During the Year, China South City, together with the armedpolice fire department, promoted fire safety knowledge and training to its employees, tenants and residents, and held fire drills with fire authorities during which participants were introduced to the usage of firefighting equipments and firefighting methods, precautions against safety hazards, and self-rescue knowledge.

隨著華南城越來越多的項目投入試運營,安全管理成為本集團發展中的重要一環。於本年度內,本集團繼續深化消防安全管理工作,制定《華南城集團安全消防制度標準手冊》。安全生產監督管理辦公室專員亦參與工程規劃、圖紙設計、施工、驗收及消防安全等安全相關專項工作,將實施細則貫穿到項目整體運營中,同時安排安全小組定期巡查及進行安全考核。於本年度內,華南城亦聯同武警消防部門向華南城員工、商家及住戶進行消防知識宣傳與培訓,並聯合消防部門進行聯合演習,介紹消防器材的使用、滅火方法及安全隱患注意事項、應急自救常識等。



Fire drill at CSC Shenzhen 於深圳華南城進行消防演習



Joint Inspection with Fire Department at CSC Zhengzhou 鄭州華南城配合消防部門進行聯合檢查

#### **Professional Ethics**

The Group strictly prohibits any acts of bribery and corruption within its business operation. The staff manuals applicable to China South City is prepared in accordance with national laws and regulations and ethical requirements of the industry, to regulate any abuse of power, malpractice, bribery and corruption. For proper risk prevention, the Group has set up the mailboxes for public complaints and reporting at each subsidiaries, and provided an email account and a telephone number for complaints and reporting on the homepage of the office website. All the complaints and reporting are then handled and investigated by dedicated personnel from the Group's customer service center and the inspection and auditing department after categorizing the cases. If the reported behavior involve criminal acts, such cases will be referred to the judiciary authorities for handling according to the laws.

#### **Community Engagement**

Over the years, the Group has been actively engaged in community charity affairs to fulfill its corporate social responsibility and strive for harmonious development between enterprise and the community.

#### **Charity Donations**

The Group cares about the society it operates and made an aggregate charitable donation of approximately HK\$14.3 million to various charitable organizations during the year. China South City, together with Shenzhen Charity Foundation, established the Shenzhen Charity Foundation – China South City Charity Fund, aiming to "promote community development, improve community environment". The foundation focuses on people's livelihood, poverty relief, disaster relief, environmental protection, education, medical assistance, children care and other charitable items. It obtained awards such as the "Glorious Enterprise Award in Guangdong Province", "Pengcheng Charity Corporate Donor: Silver Award" and "Outstanding Company for Fulfilling Corporate Social Responsibility". During the Year, the foundation participated the following charity activities:

- Poverty Alleviation Day of Guangdong Province
- Poverty Alleviation of Anhui Province
- Poverty Alleviation Day of Guangdong & Shenzhen Charity Donation Activities
- Poverty Alleviation of Jiangxi Province

## 職業道德

本集團嚴禁在運營過程中有任何賄賂及貪腐行為。本 集團根據國家法律法規及行業道德要求制定員工手 冊,規範濫用職權、營私舞弊、行賄受賄等行為。為 做好風險防範工作,本集團在各附屬公司設立公開投 訴舉報信箱,並於辦公系統首頁設立投訴舉報郵箱及 舉報受理電話。所有投訴舉報,由本集團的客服中 心、督查審計部的監察專門崗位,於接收匯報後,區 別情況調查處理。若被舉報行為涉及犯罪的,將依法 移送司法機關處理。

## 社區參與

本集團多年來一直積極參與社區公益事務,體現企業 社會責任,致力推動企業與社區的和諧發展。

#### 慈善捐助

本集團關愛其所處之社區,並於本年度內向各慈善機構合共捐出約1,430萬港元的慈善捐款。華南城與深圳市慈善會攜手成立深圳市慈善會•華南城慈善基金,該慈善基金堅持「推動社會發展,改善社會環境」的宗旨,致力關注民生、扶貧濟困、賑災救援、環境保護、教育事業、醫療救助、兒童關愛等公益慈善項目。並先後獲得「廣東省光彩事業獎」、「鵬城慈善捐贈企業銀獎」、「履行社會責任優秀企業」等榮譽。於本年度內,深圳市慈善會•華南城慈善基金參與以下的活動包括:

- 廣東省扶貧濟困日
- 安徽省扶貧濟困
- 廣東扶貧救濟日暨深圳公益慈善月捐贈活動
- 江西省扶貧濟困

#### **Cultural and Recreational Activities**

#### 1. CSC Nanning – The 1st Fun Sports Day

To foster a closer relationship between China South City and its tenants and proprietors, creating a harmonious business atmosphere and increasing the popularity of the park, CSC Nanning hosted "The 1st Fun Sports Day at CSC Nanning" during the period of 19 November to 28 December 2016. This activity attracted over 300 participants, including CSC Nanning employees, various tenants and the proprietors of Jiangnan Mansion (江南華府).

#### 文化康樂活動

#### 1、 南寧華南城-首屆全民趣味運動會

為進一步拉近華南城與商家和業主的關係,締造和諧的商業氣氛,提升園區人氣,南寧華南城於2016年11月19日至12月28日期間舉辦「南寧華南城首屆全民趣味運動會」。活動共吸引超過300名來自南寧華南城各業態的在職員工、各場館商戶及江南華府業主參與。



The 1st Fun Sports Day in CSC Nanning 於南寧華南城舉辦的首屆全民趣味運動會



The Shenzhen final of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Hundred-Street Thousand-Town Table Tennis Contest of Guangdong province 廣東省第二屆百街千鎮乒乓球深圳市決賽

#### **Serving Community**

#### CSC Shenzhen Won Two Gold and One Silver from its Table Tennis Team

The China South City Pinghu Street Team won the gold medal in the women's group match at the Shenzhen Final of the 2nd Hundred-Street Thousand-Town Table Tennis Contest of Guangdong Province (廣東省第二屆百街千鎮乒乓球賽深圳市決賽), which was coorganized by Shenzhen Bureau of Recreational and Sports Activities and Tourism (深圳市文體旅遊局) and Shenzhen Table Tennis Association (深圳市乒乓球協會). China South City Team also won the championship in mixed doubles at the Table Tennis Association Cup of Longgang District, Shenzhen. In addition, China South City was first runner-up at the table tennis match in the "Mass Fitness" series of activities in Longgang District, Shenzhen.

#### 服務社區

#### 1、 深圳華南城乒乓球隊兩冠一亞展風采

平湖街道華南城代表隊在深圳市文體旅遊局主辦、深圳市乒乓球協會承辦的廣東省第二屆百街千鎮乒乓球賽深圳市決賽中技壓群芳,摘得女子團體金牌。此外,在深圳市龍崗區「戶協杯」比賽中,華南城混合團體勇奪冠軍,在深圳市龍崗區「全民健身」系列活動乒乓球比賽中,華南城代表隊也贏得亞軍的好成績。

#### 2. The Launch of HOBA Charity Visit to Children's Homes

CSC Shenzhen-HOBA joined hands with charity organizations in Shenzhen to organize "Walking into Children's Homes with Love", aiming to bring warmth and blessings to the children of welfare homes, presenting care to underprivileged communities by action.

#### 2、 好百年兒童福利院公益行啟幕

深圳華南城 • 好百年與深圳市慈濟慈善機構組織 共同舉辦「走進兒童福利院獻愛心」的公益活動, 將溫暖與祝福帶給了福利院的兒童,以實際行動 為社會弱勢群體傳送關懷。



HOBA's "Walking into Children's Home with Love" charity visit 好百年「走進兒童福利院獻愛心」公益探訪



Tree planting activity in CSC Nanchang 於南昌華南城舉辦的「軍民同建常青林」植樹活動

# 3. CSC Nanchang Collaborated with Armed Police Officers for Voluntary Tree Planting

Over 110 participants from CSC Nanchang and four teams of armed police officers have joined a tree planting activity. This activity started the popular annual activity of voluntary tree planting across CSC Nanchang.

# 3、 南昌華南城與武警官兵攜手舉辦義務植樹活動

南昌華南城的員工,加上武警四支隊武警官兵 共110多人參與南昌華南城「軍民共建常青林」活 動,掀起了南昌華南城每年一度的義務植樹活動 熱潮。

# 4. CSC Nanning Volunteer Team Visits Nanning Renyi Elderly Home

A volunteer team formed by CSC Nanning, South City Community and China South City tenants visited the elderly of Nanning Renyi Elderly Home and presented heart warming gifts and received a warm welcome from the elderly. The Group strives to spread its positive energy through such public welfare activities.

#### 4、 南寧華南城義工隊探訪南寧仁義養老院

來自南寧華南城、華南社區以及華南城商戶等的 義工隊前往南寧市仁義養老院進行探訪,並為長 者帶來了綿薄之禮,受到長者的熱烈歡迎。本集 團希望通過此類公益活動傳播企業正能量。



CSC Nanning volunteer team visited an elderly home 南寧華南城義工隊走進養老院



Blood donation campaign at CSC Nanning 南寧華南城捐血活動

#### 5. CSC Nanning Participates in Blood Donation Campaign

To fulfill its social responsibility and offer its love as a corporate citizen, CSC Nanning joined hands with Nanning Central Blood Center for a voluntary blood donation campaign. Employees, tenants and community residents of CSC Nanning actively joined this charity activity, expressing love and altruistic contribution through their action.

#### 5、 南寧華南城舉辦捐血活動

為踐行社會責任,奉獻企業愛心,南寧華南城與 南寧市中心血站合作舉辦捐血活動。活動當日, 多名南寧華南城員工、商戶及社區群眾積極參 與,以實際行動表達愛心與無私的奉獻。

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# 獨立核數師報告



#### To the members of China South City Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China South City Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 136 to 252, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2017, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2017, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key audit matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

#### 致華南城控股有限公司各股東

(於香港註冊成立之有限公司)

#### 意見

我們已審核華南城控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(「貴集團」)載於第136至252頁的綜合財務報表,當中載有於二零一七年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表、及截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒布之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而公允地反映了 貴集團於二零一七年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例妥為編制。

## 意見之基礎

我們根據香港會計師公會頒布之香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審核。根據該等準則下,我們的責任於本報告內核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔之責任一節中進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會之專業會計師操守守則(「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已根據守則履行其他道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審核憑證能足夠及能適當地為我們的審核意見提供基礎。

#### 關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項根據我們的專業判斷,認為對我們審核本期間綜合財務報表最為重要之事項。該等事項是在我們對綜合財務報表整體進行審核並形成意見之背景下處理,我們不會對該等事項提供單獨意見。我們對下述每一事項在審核中是如何處理之描述亦以此為背景。

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

獨立核數師報告(續)

## **Key audit matters** (Continued)

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's* responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

#### Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項

#### Fair value of investment properties 投資物業之公平值

As of 31 March 2017, the carrying amount of investment properties was HK\$42,191,542,000. Fair value gains on investment properties amounted to HK\$4,549,509,000, which accounted for 69.0% of profit before tax of the Group. The Group engaged an external valuation expert to perform valuation of the Group's investment properties to estimate their fair values as at 31 March 2017. The fair values of investment properties were determined principally using the income capitalisation method by capitalising the rental income derived from the existing tenancies with due provisions for the reversionary income potential of the properties. The determination of application of the valuation technique, future rental income and renting rate involved significant management judgement and estimates.

The related disclosures are included in notes 3 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

於二零一七年三月三十一日,投資物業的賬面值為42,191,542,000港元。投資物業之公平值收益為4,549,509,000港元,佔 貴集團稅前利潤之69.0%。 貴集團委聘外部估值專家進行 貴集團投資物業於二零一七年三月三十一日的估值。投資物業公平值主要按收入資本化法釐定,方法是將現有租賃所得的租金收入資本化,並就物業的潛在可復歸收入計提適當撥備。決定估值技術的運用、未來租金收入及出租率涉及重大的管理層判斷及估計。

相關披露載於綜合財務報表附註3及14。

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

我們已履行本報告中*核數師審核綜合財務報表之責任* 一節中所述的責任,包括有關該等事項之責任。因 此,我們的審核包括執行旨在應對綜合財務報表存有 重大錯誤陳述風險評估而設定之程序。審核程序的結 果包括處理以下事項的程序,為我們就隨附的綜合財 務報表的審核意見提供基礎。

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 該事項在審計中如何處理

Our audit procedures included evaluating the valuation process and the independence and expertise of the external valuation expert. We assessed the related data of the property as used by the external valuation expert as inputs for the valuations by comparing to the historical data and market index. We also involved our valuation specialists to assist us in evaluating the valuation methodology and the underlying assumptions which principally included the market unit rental rate and capitalisation rate. We further assessed the adequacy of the disclosures of the valuations of investment properties in the consolidated financial statements.

我們的審核程序包括評估估值程序及外部估值專家的 獨立性及專業性。我們比較歷史數據及市場指數,從 而評估外部估值專家用於估值中有關物業資料投入。 我們亦委託我們的評估專家協助評定評估的方法及包 括市場單位租金率及資本化比率等主要基礎假設。我 們亦評估在綜合財務報表中對投資物業估值披露的充 分性。

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued) 獨立核數師報告(續)

#### **Key audit matters** (Continued)

# Key audit matter

關鍵審核事項

## Impairment of trade receivable balances 應收貿易賬款減值

As at 31 March 2017, the carrying amount of trade receivables was HK\$1,238,228,000, with the overdue amount of HK\$518,813,000. The Group estimates the impairment allowances for trade receivables by assessing the recoverability based on historical recovery of the overdue trade receivables of respective ages and related prevailing market conditions. This requires the use of significant estimates and judgements.

The related disclosures are included in notes 3 and 24 to the consolidated financial statements.

於二零一七年三月三十一日,應收貿易賬款賬面值為1,238,228,000港元,包含逾期金額518,813,000港元。 貴集團以個別賬齡的逾期賬款之歷史回收紀錄及普遍的市場條件評估應收貿易賬款的可回收性,從而估計應收貿易賬款減值撥備。此涉及重大判斷及估計之使用。

相關披露載於綜合財務報表附註3及24。

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 該事項在審計中如何處理

We obtained an understanding of management's analysis of the recoverability of trade receivables. We evaluated the accuracy of the ageing analysis prepared by management by checking to the related sales invoices, and the credit terms specified in the related sales contracts. We also assessed the historical settlement history and checked the settlement received subsequent to the year end with respective bank slips on a sampling basis.

我們對管理層對應收貿易賬款可回收性分析作出了解。我們核對有關的銷售發票及銷售合同上的信貸期,以評估管理層編制的賬齡分析的準確性。我們亦分析過往還款紀錄及以樣本方式核對期後回款的銀行賬單。

## Other information included in the Annual Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 年報中所載之其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料承擔責任。其他資料包括年報所載資料,惟不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表作出之意見並不涵蓋其他資料, 我們亦不會就其他資料發表任何形式之鑒證結論。

就審核綜合財務報表而言,我們的責任為閱讀其他資料,及在此過程中,考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審核過程中所了解的情況有重大不符,或者似乎有重大錯誤陳述。基於我們已執行之工作,如我們認為其他資料出現重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告有關事實。就此而言,我們並無需報告任何事項。.

## 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒布之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例規定編製綜合財務報表使 其真實而公允地列報,及制訂董事認為必要之相關內 部監控,以使綜合財務報表之編製不會存在由於欺詐 或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事須負責評估 貴集團持續經營之能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關之事項。除非 貴公司董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

貴公司董事在審核委員會協助下履行監督 貴集團財務報告過程之責任。

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the
  consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error,
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks,
  and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
  provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
  from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
  omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

## 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

我們的目標為對整體綜合財務報表是否不存在由於欺 詐或錯誤而導致之任何重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證, 並發出載有我們意見的核數師報告。我們根據香港公 司條例第405條,僅向整體股東報告,而不作其他用 途。我們概不就本報告之內容對任何其他人士承擔任 何責任或負責。

合理保證是高水平的保證,惟根據香港審計準則進行 之審核工作不能保證總能察覺所存在之重大錯誤陳 述。錯誤陳述可因欺詐或錯誤產生,如按合理預期情 況下可影響使用者根據綜合財務報表作出之經濟決定 時,則被視為重大錯誤陳述。

在根據香港審計準則進行審核之過程中,我們運用了 專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述之風險、設計及執行審核程序以應對該等風險,以及獲取充足和適當之審核憑證,作為我們意見之基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述或凌駕內部監控之情況,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致之重大錯誤陳述之風險較因錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述之風險為高。
- 了解與審核相關之內部監控,以設計適當之審核程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部監控之有效性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策之恰當性及作出會計估 計和相關披露之合理性。

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

# 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔之責任 (續)

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎之恰當性作出結論,並根據所獲取之審核憑證,決定是否存在與事件或情況有關之重大不確定性,而可能對 貴集團持續經營之能力構成重大疑慮。如我們認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中之相關披露,或倘有關之披露不足,則修改吾等之意見。我們的結論是基於截至核數師報告日期止所取得的審核憑證。然而,未來事件或情況可能導致 貴集團無法持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表之整體列報方式、結構及內容,包括披露資料,以及綜合財務報表是否公允反映相關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團實體或業務活動之財務資料獲取充分 及適當的審核憑證,以對綜合財務報表發表意 見。我們負責指導、監督和執行集團審核。我們 對審核意見承擔全部責任。

我們與審核委員會溝通計劃審計範圍、時間安排及重 大審核發現等事項,包括我們在審核期間識別出內部 監控之任何重大缺陷。

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已符合有關獨立性之相關道德要求,並與彼等溝通所有合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性之關係及其他事宜,以及相關防範措施(如適用)。

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued) 獨立核數師報告(續)

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Law Kwok Kee.

# 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

就與審核委員會溝通之事項中,我們釐定對本期綜合 財務報表之審核最為重要之事項,因而構成關鍵審核 事項。我們於核數師報告中描述該等事項,除非法律 法規不允許公開披露該等事項,或在極端罕見之情況 下,若合理預期下於我們報告中溝通某事項造成之負 面後果將會超過其產生之公眾利益,我們將不會在報 告中溝通該事項。

本獨立核數師報告之審核項目合伙人為羅國基。

#### **Ernst & Young**

Certified Public Accountants 22/F, CITIC Tower 1 Tim Mei Avenue Central Hong Kong

30 June 2017

#### 安永會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港 中環 添美道1號 中信大廈22樓

2017年6月30日

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS 綜合損益表

Year ended 31 March 2017 截至2017年3月31日止年度

## For the year ended 31 March

			截至 <b>3月31</b> 日止年度		
			2017	2016	
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		附註	千港元 ————————————————————————————————————	千港元	
REVENUE	收入	5	7,838,510	6,136,262	
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(4,328,365)	(3,177,209)	
Gross profit	毛利		3,510,145	2,959,053	
Other income and gains/(losses)	其他收入及收益/(虧損)	5	726,027	1,066,242	
Fair value gains on investment properties	投資物業公平值收益	5	4,549,509	3,232,699	
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支		(624,629)	(864,670)	
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(1,146,292)	(1,177,180)	
Other expenses	其他開支		(147,028)	(152,525)	
Finance costs	融資成本	7	(275,478)	(159,386)	
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	税前利潤	6	6,592,254	4,904,233	
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	10	(2,269,292)	(1,370,457)	
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	本年度利潤		4,322,962	3,533,776	
Attributable to:	下列各方應佔:				
Owners of the parent	母公司擁有人		4,322,626	3,537,012	
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		336	(3,236)	
			4,322,962	3,533,776	
EARNINGS PER SHARE	歸屬於母公司普通股				
ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY	權益持有人之				
EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT	每股盈利	12			
Doois	<del>甘 ★</del>				
Basic for profit for the year	基本		UVE2 00 conto#/l	LIVAA 22 contoi#/ill	
– for profit for the year	一本年度利潤		HK53.99 cents港仙	HK44.22 cents港仙	
Diluted	<b>攤</b> 蒲				
– for profit for the year	無海 一本年度利潤		HK53.96 cents港仙	HK44.05 cents港仙	
- for profit for the year	个十汉州		III(35.30 Cellt3/6)Щ	111/44.00 (世間)(空間)	

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合全面收益表

Year ended 31 March 2017 截至2017年3月31日止年度

#### For the year ended 31 March

		ror the year er	iaca 51 marcii
		截至3月3	1日止年度
		2017	2016
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元_
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	本年度利潤	4,322,962	3,533,776
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	其他全面虧損		
Other comprehensive loss to be reclassified to	將於其後期間重分類至損益的		
profit or loss in subsequent periods:	其他全面虧損:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign	換算海外業務的		
operations	匯兑差額	(1,853,190)	(1,092,050)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR	本年度除税後		
THE YEAR, NET OF TAX	其他全面虧損	(1,853,190)	(1,092,050)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	本年度總全面收入		
FOR THE YEAR		2,469,772	2,441,726
Attributable to:	下列各方應佔:		
Owners of the parent	母公司擁有人	2,482,231	2,453,167
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(12,459)	(11,441)
		2,469,772	2,441,726

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

31 March 2017 2017年3月31日

			31 March 2017	31 March 2016
			2017年3月31日	2016年3月31日
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元_
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	13	1,454,909	1,507,155
Investment properties	投資物業	14	42,191,542	34,814,188
Properties under development	發展中物業	15	4,493,810	4,252,854
Prepaid land lease payments	預付土地出租金	16	1,146,108	996,351
Goodwill	商譽	17	34,128	34,128
Investments in associates	於聯營公司的投資	18	82,497	60,310
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售金融投資	19	175,512	175,512
Other long-term receivables	其他長期應收款項	20	5,926	4,179
Deposits paid for purchase of land use rights	購買土地使用權支付的按金	21	15,235	403,144
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	35	2,289,999	2,145,347
Deferred tax assets	<b>应及7007</b>	33	2,203,333	2,173,371
Total was assumed assets	小方私次含/血/左		E4 000 CCC	44 202 460
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		51,889,666	44,393,168
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Properties held for finance lease	持作融資租賃物業		305,240	168,524
Properties held for sale	持作銷售物業	22	23,847,433	25,179,046
Inventories	存貨	23	137,555	53,535
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	24	1,238,228	1,149,273
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	25	1,066,802	727,725
Held-for-trading investments	透過損益以公平值列賬之			
at fair value through profit or loss	持作買賣投資	26	-	27,365
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	現金及現金等價物及受限制現金	27	10,490,909	11,686,695
Total current assets	流動資產總值		37,086,167	38,992,163
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	28	16,763,218	13,269,724
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借貸	29	7,042,625	7,656,878
Short-term notes	短期融資券	30	1,353,240	2,525,460
Tax payables	應付税項	30	4,442,096	4,569,111
rux payables	/& 1 1 // Ur ×		4,442,030	4,303,111
Takal samusak KabiKata	☆毛 <i>色</i> /末/伸带		20.504.470	20.024.472
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		29,601,179	28,021,173
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		7,484,988	10,970,990
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總值減流動負債		59,374,654	55,364,158

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued) 綜合財務狀況表(續)

31 March 2017 2017年3月31日

			31 March 2017	31 March 2016
			2017年3月31日	2016年3月31日
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借貸	29	6,369,837	8,965,863
Senior notes	優先票據	31	6,425,992	4,113,363
Medium-term notes	中期票據	32	4,723,000	5,026,696
Corporate bonds	企業債券	33	1,778,744	1,891,219
Domestic company bonds	境內公司債券	34	5,079,429	3,629,086
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	35	6,518,261	5,369,466
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		30,895,263	28,995,693
Net assets	資產淨值		28,479,391	26,368,465
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	母公司擁有人應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	36	7,054,362	7,043,784
Other reserves	其他儲備	38	21,243,892	19,134,733
			28,298,254	26,178,517
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		181,137	189,948
-				
Total equity	權益總額		28,479,391	26,368,465

CHENG CHUNG HING 鄭松興

Director 董事

FUNG SING HONG STEPHEN 馮星航

Director 董事

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

# 綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 March 2017 截至2017年3月31日止年度

# Attributable to owners of the parent

			<b>母公司擁有人應佔</b>									
		Note 附註	Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Statutory surplus reserve 法定 盈餘儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 Note (i) 附註(i)	Share option reserve 購股權 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Exchange fluctuation reserve 匯兑 波動儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Revaluation reserve 重估 儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Retained profits 保留利潤 HK\$*000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元	Non- controlling interests 非控股 權益 HK\$'000 千港元	Total equity 權益總額 HK\$*000 千港元
At 1 April 2015 Profit for the year Other comprehensive loss for the year: Exchange differences on translation of	於2015年4月1日 本年度利潤 本年度其他全面虧損: 換算海外業務的		7,034,761 -	1,081,080	112,767 -	1,458,025	(227,479)	286,456 –	15,121,359 3,537,012	24,866,969 3,537,012	154,847 (3,236)	25,021,816 3,533,776
foreign operations	匯兑差額			-	-	(1,083,845)	-	-	-	(1,083,845)	(8,205)	(1,092,050)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度總全面收入		-	-	-	(1,083,845)	- (46.542)	-	3,537,012	2,453,167	(11,441)	2,441,726
Capital contribution from non-controlling shareholders Exercise of share options	非控股股東的資本出資 行使購股權	37	9.023	-	(1,164)	-	(46,542)	-	-	(46,542) 7.859	46,542	7,859
Lapse of share options	1J 使胂放惟 購股權失效	3/	9,023	_	(1,104)	_	_	_	126	7,039	-	7,039
Equity-settled share option arrangement	以權益結算的購股權安排	37	_	_	29,341	_	_	_	-	29,341	_	29,341
Shares repurchased	股份回購	37	_	_	-	_	_	_	(11,602)	(11,602)	_	(11,602)
Final 2015 dividend paid	已付2015年末期股息		-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,120,675)	(1,120,675)	-	(1,120,675)
Transfer from retained profits	轉撥自保留利潤			263,686	-	-	-	-	(263,686)	-	-	-
At 31 March 2016	於2016年3月31日		7,043,784	1,344,766*	140,818*	374,180*	(274,021)*	286,456*	17,262,534*	26,178,517	189,948	26,368,465

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Continued) 綜合權益變動表(續)

Year ended 31 March 2017 截至2017年3月31日止年度

# Attributable to owners of the parent 母公司擁有人應佔

			44 引張行八応山									
		Note	Share capital 股本 HK\$'000	Statutory surplus reserve 法定 盈餘儲備 HK\$'000	Share option reserve 購股權 儲備 HK\$'000	Exchange fluctuation reserve 匯兑 波動儲備 HK\$'000	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000	Revaluation reserve 重估 儲備 HK\$'000	Retained profits  保留利潤 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests 非控股 權益 HK\$'000	Total equity 權益總額 HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元 Note (i) 附註(i)	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2016 Profit for the year Other comprehensive loss for the year: Exchange differences on translation of	於2016年4月1日 本年度利潤 本年度其他全面虧損: 換算海外業務的		7,043,784	1,344,766 -	140,818 –	374,180 -	(274,021)	286,456 -	17,262,534 4,322,626	26,178,517 4,322,626	189,948 336	26,368,465 4,322,962
foreign operations	匯兑差額			-	-	(1,840,395)	-	-	-	(1,840,395)	(12,795)	(1,853,190)
Total comprehensive income for the year Capital contribution from non-controlling	本年度總全面收入 非控股股東的資本出資		-	-	-	(1,840,395)	-	-	4,322,626	2,482,231	(12,459)	2,469,772
shareholders	JI 9# IL IA-00 I#-V		-	-	-	-	- (4.000)	-	-	(4.000)	36,676	36,676
Acquisition of non-controlling interest	收購非控股權益 (5.14 # 10.14		-	-	(4.540)	-	(1,820)	-	-	(1,820)	(33,028)	(34,848)
Exercise of share options	行使購股權	37	10,578	-	(1,548)	-	-	-	-	9,030	-	9,030
Lapse of share options	購股權失效		-	-	(637)	-	-	-	637	-	-	-
Equity-settled share option arrangement	以權益結算的購股權安排	37	-	-	30,612	-	-	-	- (400.045)	30,612	-	30,612
Final 2016 dividend paid Transfer from retained profits	已付2016年末期股息 轉撥自保留利潤			- 246,281	-	-	-	-	(400,316) (246,281)	(400,316) –	-	(400,316)
At 31 March 2017	於2017年3月31日		7,054,362	1,591,047*	169,245*	(1,466,215)*	(275,841)	286,456*	20,939,200*	28,298,254	181,137	28,479,391

- \* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated other reserves of HK\$21,243,892,000 (31 March 2016: HK\$19,134,733,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.
- \* 該等儲備賬包括綜合財務狀況表所載的綜合其 他儲備21,243,892,000港元(2016年3月31日: 19,134,733,000港元)。

#### Note:

(i) In accordance with the PRC Company Law, the Company's subsidiaries registered in the PRC are required to appropriate 10% of the annual statutory profit after tax (after offsetting any prior years' losses) to the statutory surplus reserve. When the balance of this reserve fund reaches 50% of the entity's registered capital, any further appropriation is optional. The statutory surplus reserve can be utilised to offset prior years' losses or to increase capital. However, the balance of the statutory surplus reserve must be maintained at a minimum of 25% of the registered capital after such usages.

#### 附註:

(i) 根據中國公司法,本公司於中國註冊的附屬公司須將 年度法定稅後利潤(經抵銷任何過往年度虧損後)的 10%撥入法定盈餘儲備。當儲備資金結餘達至實體註 冊資本的50%時,可以選擇是否再次撥入資金。法 定盈餘儲備可用於抵銷過往年度虧損或增加資本。然 而,法定盈餘儲備於作出該等用途後的結餘必須最少 維持於註冊資本的25%。

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 March 2017 截至2017年3月31日止年度

# For the year ended 31 March

3,282,768

1,187,337

			Tor the year ended 51 Ward			
			截至3月31日」			
			2017	2016		
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		附註	千港元	千港元		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動現金流量					
Profit before tax	税前利潤		6,592,254	4,904,233		
Adjustments for:	調整:		0,332,234	4,304,233		
Finance costs	融資成本	7	275,478	159,386		
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	5	(71,603)	· ·		
		5	(71,003)	(85,947)		
Loss on disposal of items of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備項目	C	4 700	C1		
plant and equipment	虧損	6	1,708	61		
Depreciation	折舊	6	137,317	150,885		
Amortisation of prepaid land lease payments	預付土地出租金攤銷	6	27,020	23,618		
Changes in fair value of investment properties	投資物業公平值變動	5	(4,549,509)	(3,232,699)		
Provision for impairment of trade receivables	應收貿易賬款減值撥備	6	73,885	96,660		
Loss on disposal of a joint venture	處置一家合營公司虧損	6	_	4,959		
Loss on disposal of subsidiaries	處置附屬公司虧損	6	-	444		
Loss on redemption of the 2012 Notes and	贖回2012年票據及					
2014 Notes	2014年票據之虧損	5	178,317	-		
Gain on purchase of the 2014 Notes	購買2014年票據之收益	5	(597)	-		
Fair value (gains)/losses on held-for-trading	透過損益以公平值列賬之					
investments at fair value through profit or loss,	持作買賣投資的公平值					
net	(收益)/虧損,淨額	5	(3,770)	5,525		
Dividend income from held-for-trading investments	透過損益以公平值列賬之					
at fair value through profit or loss	持作買賣投資的股息收入		(1,014)	(1,053)		
Equity-settled share option expense	以權益結算的購股權開支	6	30,612	29,341		
			2,690,098	2,055,413		
(Increase)/decrease in properties held for sale	持作銷售物業(增加)/減少		(1,687,649)	1,846,657		
Decrease in properties held for	持作融資租賃物業減少					
finance lease			135,524	233,976		
Increase in inventories	存貨增加		(100,187)	(10,778)		
(Increase)/decrease in other long-term receivables	其他長期應收款項(增加)/減少		(1,469)	4,342		
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	應收貿易賬款(增加)/減少		(234,419)	328,128		
Increase in prepayments,	預付款項、按金及其他					
deposits and other receivables	應收款項增加		(8,768)	(195,225)		
Increase in restricted cash	受限制現金增加		(256,917)	(993,890)		
Increase/(decrease) in trade and	貿易及其他應付款項					
other payables	增加/(減少)		3,622,321	(599,346)		
Cash generated from operations	經營所得的現金		4,158,534	2,669,277		
Overseas taxes paid	已付海外税項		(875,766)	(1,481,940)		

經營活動現金流入淨額

Net cash flows from operating activities

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) 綜合現金流量表(續)

Year ended 31 March 2017 截至2017年3月31日止年度

### For the year ended 31 March

截至:			
<b>在</b>	2 🗆 21	ни	- 12 12

			2017	2016
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營活動現金流入淨額		3,282,768	1,187,337
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動現金流量			
Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備項目		(39,284)	(38,390)
Dividends received from held-for-trading investments at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益以公平值列賬之 持作買賣投資已收股息		1,014	1,053
Proceeds from disposal of held-for-trading investments at fair value through profit or loss	出售透過損益以公平值列賬之 持作買賣投資所得款項		31,135	-
Proceeds from disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備項目 所得款項		11,826	6,392
Purchase of an available-for-sale investment	購買ー可供出售金融投資		(25.042)	(12)
Increase in amounts due from associates Acquisition of non-controlling interests	應收聯營公司增加 收購非控股權益		(25,943) (34,848)	(26,760) –
Proceeds received from disposal of subsidiaries Additions to properties under development	出售附屬公司所得款項 發展中物業添置		(2,105,868)	10,246 (5,423,894)
Additions to properties under development  Additions to prepaid land lease payments	發展中初某が直 預付土地出租金增加		(2,103,668)	(83,019)
Interest received	已收利息	5	71,603	85,947
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資活動現金流出淨額		(2,301,007)	(5,468,437)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動現金流量			
Issue of short-term notes	發行短期融資券	30	1,395,187	2,559,480
Payment for interests on short-term notes Repayment of short-term notes	短期融資券利息付款 償還短期融資券		(111,524) (2,446,897)	(135,995) (2,698,740)
Issue of senior notes	<b>食風が からまた からまた からまた からまた からまた からまた からまた からまた</b>	31	4,930,000	(2,030,740)
Payment for interests on senior notes	優先票據利息付款	31	(336,667)	(389,024)
Redemption of the 2012 Notes and 2014 Notes	贖回2012年票據及2014年票據	31	(2,652,420)	_
Purchase of the 2014 Notes Payment of consent fee for 2014 Notes	購買2014年票據 支付2014年票據同意費	31 31	(154,128) (23,193)	_
Issue of medium-term notes	發行中期票據	32	(23,133)	2,415,662
Payment for interests on medium-term notes	中期票據利息付款	32	(350,637)	(196,953)
Issue of corporate bonds	發行企業債券	33	(400.404)	1,787,980
Payment for interests on corporate bonds Issue of domestic company bonds	企業債券利息付款 發行境內公司債券	33 34	(123,134) 1,615,390	- 3,582,545
Payment for interests on domestic company bonds	境內公司債券利息付款	34	(206,830)	5,562,5 <del>4</del> 5 -
New bank and other borrowings	新借銀行及其他貸款		6,218,187	10,800,504
Repayment of bank and other borrowings	償還銀行及其他貸款		(8,393,172)	(9,051,904)
Exercise of share options Capital contribution from a non-controlling	行使購股權 非控股股東出資		9,030	7,859
shareholder	RR /O □ R#	26	36,676	(44.502)
Shares repurchased Dividends paid	股份回購 分派股息	36	(400,316)	(11,602) (1,120,675)
Interest paid	已付利息		(784,145)	(990,380)
Net cash flows (used in)/from financing activities	融資活動現金(流出)/流入淨額		(1,778,593)	6,558,757
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND	現金及現金等價物(減少)/			
CASH EQUIVALENTS	增加淨額		(796,832)	2,277,657
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	年初的現金及現金等價物 匯率變動影響淨額	27	9,327,807 (508,955)	7,253,469 (203,319)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR			8,022,020	9,327,807
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF	現金及現金等價物結餘分析			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	27	8,022,020	9,327,807

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2017 2017年3月31日

#### 1. Corporate and Group Information

China South City Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong. The registered office of the Company is located at Room 2205, 22/F, Sun Life Tower, The Gateway, 15 Canton Road, Tsimshatsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

During the year, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") were principally engaged in the development and operation of large-scale integrated logistics and trade centers, development of residential and commercial ancillary facilities, property management and the provision of E-commerce, outlet operations, logistics and warehousing services.

#### Information about subsidiaries

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows:

### 1. 公司及本集團資料

華南城控股有限公司(「本公司」)在香港註冊成立 為有限公司。本公司註冊辦事處位於香港九龍 尖沙咀廣東道15號港威大廈永明金融大樓22樓 2205室。

年內,本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要 從事發展及經營大型綜合物流及商品交易中心、 開發商住配套設施、物業管理以及提供電子商 貿、奧特萊斯運營、物流及倉儲服務。

#### 附屬公司資料

本公司的主要附屬公司詳情如下:

	Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/註冊及 經營地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary/registered share capital as at 31 March 2017於2017年3月31日已發行普通/註冊	Date of incorporation/ registration 註冊成立/	equity at to the (	ntage of ttributable Company 司應佔 百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
						Indirect	
_					直接	間接 %	
	China South International Industrial Materials City (Shenzhen) Company Limited (ii)(iv) ("China South International") 華南國際工業原料城(深圳)有限公司(ii)(iv)	The People's Republic of China ("PRC")/ Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	HK\$2,200,000,000 2,200,000,000港元	18 December 2002 18–12–2002	100	-	Development and operation of integrated logistics trade centers 綜合商貿物流及商品交易中心 開發及運營
	(「華南國際」)						
	Nanchang China South City Company Limited (i)(iv) 南昌華南城有限公司(i)(iv)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	Renminbi ("RMB") 1,100,000,000 人民幣1,100,000,000元	16 November 2007 16–11–2007	-	100	Development and operation of integrated logistics trade centers 綜合商貿物流及商品交易中心 開發及運營
	Nanning China South City Company Limited (iii)(iv) 南寧華南城有限公司(iii)(iv)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB1,000,000,000 人民幣1,000,000,000元	28 August 2009 28-08-2009	-	100	Development and operation of integrated logistics trade centers 綜合商貿物流及商品交易中心開發及運營

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# 1. Corporate and Group Information (Continued) Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

### 1. 公司及本集團資料(續) 附屬公司資料(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/註冊及 經營地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital as at 31 March 2017 於2017年3月31日已發行普通/註冊 股本面值	Date of incorporation/registration 註冊成立/註冊日期	equity at to the ( 本公	itage of tributable Company 司應佔 百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
				Direct 直接 %	Indirect 間接 %	
Xi'an China South City Company Limited (iii) 西安華南城有限公司(iii)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB1,000,000,000 人民幣1,000,000,000元	12 November 2009 12–11–2009	-	100	Development and operation of integrated logistics trade centers 綜合商貿物流及商品交易中心開發及運營
Harbin China South City Company Limited (iii) 哈爾濱華南城有限公司(iii)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB1,500,000,000 人民幣1,500,000,000元	9 January 2012 09–01–2012	-	100	Development and operation of integrated logistics trade centers
						綜合商貿物流及商品交易中心 開發及運營
Harbin Baolitong Market Development Management Company Limited (iii) 哈爾濱寶力通市場開發管理有限公司(iii)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB500,000,000 人民幣500,000,000元	22 December 2011 22–12–2011	_	100	Development and operation of integrated logistics trade centers 綜合商貿物流及商品交易中心 開發及運營
Zhengzhou China South City Company Limited (iii)(iv) 鄭州華南城有限公司(iii)(iv)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB1,000,000,000 人民幣1,000,000,000元	17 May 2012 17–05–2012	-	100	Development and operation of integrated logistics trade centers 綜合商貿物流及商品交易中心開發及運營
Hefei China South City Company Limited (ii)(iv) 合肥華南城有限公司(ii)(iv)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB600,000,000 人民幣600,000,000元	25 December 2012 25–12–2012	-	100	Development and operation of integrated logistics trade centers 綜合商貿物流及商品交易中心 開發及運營
Chongqing China South City Company Limited (ii)(iv) 重慶華南城有限公司(ii)(iv)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB800,304,400/ RMB1,000,000,000 人民幣800,304,400元/ 人民幣1,000,000,000元	27 December 2013 27–12–2013	-	100	Development and operation of integrated logistics trade centers 綜合商貿物流及商品交易中心開發及運營

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# 1. Corporate and Group Information (Continued) Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

### 1. 公司及本集團資料(續) 附屬公司資料(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/註冊及	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital as at 31 March 2017 於2017年3月31日已發行普通/註冊	Date of incorporation/ registration 註冊成立/ 註冊日期	equity at to the ( 本公	ntage of ttributable Company 司應佔 百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
				Direct 直接 %	Indirect 間接 %	
Shenzhen Huasheng Commercial Development Company Limited (iii) 深圳華盛商業發展有限公司(iii)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB50,000,000/ RMB100,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元/ 人民幣100,000,000元	19 November 2010 19–11–2010	-	100	Management of outlet operations 奧特萊斯商場運營管理
Shenzhen China South City E-Commerce Technology Company Limited (ii) 深圳華南城網科技有限公司(ii)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB100,000,000 人民幣100,000,000元	19 April 2012 19–04–2012	-	100	Development, operation and management of E-commerce platform 電子商貿平台開發、運營及管理
Shenzhen First Asia Pacific Property Managemer Company Limited (i) 深圳第一亞太物業管理有限公司(i)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元	31 December 2003 31–12–2003	2.5	97.5	Provision of property management services 提供物業管理服務
Qianlong Logistics Group Limited (iii) 乾龍物流集團有限公司(iii)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB200,000,000 人民幣200,000,000元	2 July 2004 02–07–2004	-	100	Provision of logistics services 提供物流服務
Shenzhen HOBA Home Furnishing Chain Store Company Limited (iii) 深圳市好百年家居連鎖股份有限公司(iii)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB480,000,000 人民幣480,000,000元	12 October 2001 12–10–2001	-	75	Furnishing market operation 家居廣場運營

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# 1. Corporate and Group Information (Continued) Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

#### 1. 公司及本集團資料(續) 附屬公司資料(續)

	Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/註冊及 經營地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital as at 31 March 2017 於2017年3月31日已發行普通/註冊 股本面值	Date of incorporation/ registration 註冊成立/ 註冊日期	equity at to the O 本公	tage of tributable Company 司應佔 百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
					Direct	Indirect	
					直接	間接	
_					%	%	
	China South City Management Company	Hong Kong	HK\$1	9 November 2007	_	100	Provision of management services
	Limited	香港	1港元	09-11-2007			提供管理服務
	華南城管理有限公司						
	China South City Group Company Limited (iii)	PRC/Mainland China	RMB300,000,000	20 July 2004	-	100	Investment holding
	華南城集團有限公司(iii)	中國/中國大陸	人民幣300,000,000元	20-07-2004			投資控股

#### Notes:

- (i) Sino-foreign equity joint ventures under PRC law.
- (ii) Wholly-foreign-owned enterprises under PRC law.
- (iii) Limited companies under PRC law.
- Pursuant to certain project and land related contracts signed by the subsidiaries of the Group and the local governments, as well as pursuant to the requirements of the local governments and the local authorities related to the relevant public tender, auction and listing, some of the land acquired have sales restrictions on properties built on it. The saleable area of trade centers of CSC Shenzhen is limited to 30% of the total buildable gross floor area ("GFA") of properties built on the relevant parcels of land. The saleable area of trade centers and logistics facilities built on certain parcels of land acquired by CSC Nanchang and CSC Nanning in 2010 is limited to 60% of the relevant total buildable GFA. The saleable area of trade centers built by CSC Hefei and CSC Chongging is limited to 50% of their relevant total buildable GFA. The saleable area of trade centers of phase I and future phases of CSC Zhengzhou is limited to 60% and 50% respectively of the relevant total buildable GFA. Except for the restrictions mentioned herein, there is no sales restriction on other parcels of land acquired by the Group.

#### 附註:

- (i) 中國法律下的中外合資經營公司。
- (ii) 中國法律下的外商獨資企業。
- (iii) 中國法律下的有限公司。
- (iv) 根據本集團附屬公司與當地政府簽訂的若干項目及土地相關合同,以及根據當地政府或招拍掛相關部門的文件要求,部分項目所建物業存在銷售限制,包括深圳華南城相關地塊上的交易中心的可銷售面積限於總可建建築面積的30%;南昌華南城和南寧華南城於2010年取得的若干土地,其上建設的交易中心及倉儲設施的可銷售面積限於該等物業總可建建築面積的60%;合肥華南城及重慶華南城建設的交易中心的可銷售面積限於該等物業總可建建築面積的50%;鄭州華南城建設的一期及以後各期的交易中心的可銷售面積分別限於該等物業總可建建築面積的60%及50%。除上述情況之外,本集團的其他土地並沒有銷售限制。

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#### 2.1 Basis of Preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties and held-for-trading investments at fair value through profit or loss, which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2017. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variance returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangement; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

#### 2.1 編製基準

該等財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒布之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(當中包括所有香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋)、香港公認會計原則及香港公司條例之規定而編製,並按歷史成本法編製,惟投資物業及透過損益以公平值列賬之持作買賣投資按公平值計量則除外。除另有說明外,此等財務報表以港元呈列,所有數值均已四捨五入至最接近千位數。

#### 綜合基準

合併財務報表包括本集團截至2017年3月31日止年度的財務報表。附屬公司為本公司直接或間接控制的實體(包括結構性實體)。當本集團承受或享有參與投資對象業務所得的可變回報,且能透過對投資對象的權力(即賦予本集團現有能力主導投資對象相關活動的既存權利)影響該等回報時,即取得控制權。

倘本公司直接或間接擁有少於投資對象大多數的 投票或類似權利,則本集團於評估其是否擁有對 投資對象的權力時,會考慮一切相關事實及情 況,包括:

- (a) 與投資對象其他投票持有人的合約安排;
- (b) 其他合約安排所產生的權利;及
- (c) 本集團的投票權及潛在投票權。

附屬公司的財務報表乃就與本公司相同的報告期間採納一致的會計政策編製。附屬公司的業績由本集團取得控制權當日起綜合計算,並會繼續綜合,直至該等控制權終止。

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### 2.1 Basis of Preparation (Continued)

#### Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

#### 2.1 編製基準(續)

#### 綜合基準(續)

即使會導致非控股權益出現虧蝕結餘,損益及其他全面收入的各個組成部分仍會歸屬於本集團母公司擁有人及非控股權益。

所有集團內公司間資產、負債、權益、收入及 開支以及與本集團成員公司間交易有關的現金 流,將於綜合時悉數對銷。

倘事實或情況顯示上文所述三個控制因素中有一個或以上出現變動,則本集團將重新評估其是否仍控制該投資對象。於附屬公司擁有權權益的變動(並無喪失控制權)於入賬時列作權益交易。

倘本集團失去附屬公司的控制權,則會終止確認 (i)該附屬公司的資產(包括商譽)及負債;(ii)任何 非控股權益的賬面值;及(iii)計入權益的累計匯 兑差額;並確認(i)已收代價的公平值;(ii)任何獲 保留投資的公平值;及(iii)其因而產生計入損益 的盈餘或虧蝕。先前已於其他全面收入確認的本集團應佔部分,乃按照本集團直接出售相關資產 及負債時所規定的相同基準,在適當的情況下重新分類至損益或保留利潤。

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### 2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The Group has adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 (2011)	Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception	香港財務報告準則 第10號,香港財務 報告準則第12號及 香港會計準則第28號	投資實體:應用綜合豁免
		(2011年)之修訂	
Amendments to HKFRS 11	Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations	香港財務報告準則 第11號之修訂	收購合營業務權益的會計方法
HKFRS 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts	香港財務報告準則	監管遞延賬目
		第14號	
Amendments to HKAS 1	Disclosure Initiative	香港會計準則第1號 之修訂	披露計劃
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38	Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation	香港會計準則第16號及 香港會計準則第38號 之修訂	澄清折舊及攤銷的可接受方法
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 41	Agriculture: Bearer Plants	香港會計準則第16號及 香港會計準則第41號 之修訂	農業:生產性植物
Amendments to HKAS 27 (2011)	Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements	香港會計準則第27號之 修訂(2011年)	獨立財務報表之權益法
Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle	Amendments to a number of HKFRSs	2012年至2014年週期之 年度改進	多項香港財務報告準則之 修訂

2.2 會計政策的變更及披露

訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則。

本集團已於本年度之財務報表中首次採納以下新

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### **2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures**

#### (Continued)

Except for the amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 (2011), amendments to HKFRS 11, HKFRS 14, amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 41, amendments to HKAS 27 (2011), and certain amendments included in the *Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle*, which are not relevant to the preparation of the Group's financial statements, the nature and the impact of the amendments are described below:

- (a) Amendments to HKAS 1 include narrow-focus improvements in respect of the presentation and disclosure in financial statements. The amendments clarify:
  - (i) the materiality requirements in HKAS 1;
  - that specific line items in the statement of profit or loss and the statement of financial position may be disaggregated;
  - (iii) that entities have flexibility as to the order in which they present the notes to financial statements; and
  - (iv) that the share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method must be presented in aggregate as a single line item, and classified between those items that will or will not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss.

Furthermore, the amendments clarify the requirements that apply when additional subtotals are presented in the statement of financial position and the statement of profit or loss. The amendments have had no significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

#### 2.2 會計政策的變更及披露(續)

除與編製本集團財務報表無關之香港財務報告 準則第10號、香港財務報告準則第12號及香港 會計準則第28號(2011年)之修訂、香港財務報 告準則第11號之修訂、香港財務報告準則第14 號、香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則第41 號之修訂、香港會計準則第27號之修訂(2011年)及2012年至2014年週期之年度改進所載若干 項修訂外,該等修訂之性質及影響説明如下:

- (a) 香港會計準則第1號之修訂載有對財務報表 的呈報及披露範疇內具針對性的改進。該 等修訂釐清:
  - (i) 香港會計準則第1號內的重大性規定;
  - (ii) 損益表及財務狀況表內之特定項目可 予細分;
  - (iii) 實體就彼等呈列財務報表附註的順序 擁有靈活性;及
  - (iv) 使用權益法入賬的分佔聯營公司及合 營公司的其他全面收益必須作為單獨 項目匯總呈列,並且將會或不會在其 後重新分類至損益的該等項目進行歸 類。

此外,該等修訂釐清於財務狀況表及損益 表內呈列額外小計時適用的規定。該等修 訂並無對本集團的財務報表產生重大影響。

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## **2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures**

#### (Continued)

- (b) Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 clarify the principle in HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 that revenue reflects a pattern of economic benefits that are generated from operating a business (of which the asset is part) rather than the economic benefits that are consumed through the use of the asset. As a result, a revenue-based method cannot be used to depreciate property, plant and equipment and may only be used in very limited circumstances to amortise intangible assets. The amendments are applied prospectively. The amendments have had no impact on the financial position or performance of the Group as the Group has not used a revenue-based method for the calculation of depreciation of its non-current assets.
- (c) Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle issued in October 2014 sets out amendments to a number of HKFRSs. Details of the amendments are as follows:
  - HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations: Clarifies that changes to a plan of sale or a plan of distribution to owners should not be considered to be a new plan of disposal, rather it is a continuation of the original plan. Accordingly, there is no change in the application of the requirements in HKFRS 5. The amendments also clarify that changing the disposal method does not change the date of classification of the non-current assets or disposal group held for sale. The amendments are applied prospectively. The amendments have had no impact on the Group as the Group did not have any non-current assets or disposal group held for sale during the year.

#### 2.2 會計政策的變更及披露(續)

- (b) 香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則第38號之修訂澄清香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則第38號中的原則,即收益反映自經營業務(資產為其一部分)產生的經濟利益而非通過使用資產消耗的經濟利益的模式。因此,收益法不得用於折舊物業、廠房及設備,並且僅在非常有限的情況下可用於攤銷無形資產。該等修訂獲提前應用。該等修訂不會對本集團之財務狀況或表現產生影響,原因是本集團並未使用收益法計算其非流動資產之折舊。
- (c) 於2014年10月頒布之香港財務報告準則 2012年至2014年週期之年度改進載列多項 香港財務報告準則之修訂。修訂本詳情如 下:
  - 香港財務報告準則第5號持作銷售之非流動資產及終止經營業務:澄清擁有人銷售計劃或分配計劃之改變不得視為新出售計劃,而是原有計劃之延續。因此,香港財務報告準則第5號之應用並無發生任何改變。該等修訂亦澄清出售方法之改變對持作出售非流動資產或出售集團之分類日期並無影響。該等修訂將於未來適用。由於年內本集團並無任何持作出售之非流動資產或出售集團,故該等修訂對本集團並無任何影響。

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### 2.3 Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong **Financial Reporting Standards**

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial

Classification and Measurement of Share- based Payment Transactions <sup>2</sup>
Applying HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments with HKFRS 4 Insurance Contracts <sup>2</sup>
Financial Instruments?

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to Sale or Contribution of Assets between HKFRS 10 and an Investor and its Associate or Joint HKAS 28 (2011) Venture4

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers<sup>2</sup>

Clarifications to HKFRS 15 Revenue from Amendments to

Contracts with Customers<sup>2</sup>

HKFRS 16 Leases3

Amendments to HKAS 7 Disclosure Initiative<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for HKAS 12 Unrealised Losses<sup>1</sup> Transfers of Investment Property<sup>2</sup> Amendments to

HKAS 40

HKFRS 15

Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities1 Amendments to

HKFRS 12 included in Annual Improvements 2014-2016 Cycle

Amendments to First-time Adoption of Hong Kong HKFRS 1 included in Financial Reporting Standards<sup>2</sup>

Annual Improvements 2014-2016 Cycle

Amendments to Investments in Associates and Joint

HKAS 28 included in Ventures<sup>2</sup>

Annual Improvements 2014-2016 Cycle

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019

No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption

#### 2.3 已頒布但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則

本集團並未於此等財務報表中採納以下已頒布但 尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則:

香港財務報告準則	釐清及計量以股份為基
第2號之修訂	礎付款之交易2
香港財務報告準則	採用香港財務報告準則
第4號之修訂	第4號保險合約時一併
	應用香港財務報告準

則第9號金融工具2

香港財務報告準則 金融工具2

第9號

香港財務報告準則 投資者與其聯營公司或 第10號及香港會計 合營企業之間的資產 準則第28號 出售或注資4

(2011年)之修訂

香港財務報告準則 客戶合約收益2

第15號

香港財務報告準則 對香港財務報告準則 第15號之修訂 第15號客戶合約收益

*之潛清*2 租賃3

香港財務報告準則

第16號

香港會計準則第7號 披露計劃1

之修訂

香港會計準則第12號 就未實現虧損確認遞延 税項資產1 之修訂

香港會計準則 投資物業轉讓2

第40號之修訂

其他實體權益披露1 香港財務報告準則

第12號之修訂 (納入2014至2016

年週期之年度改進)

香港財務報告準則 首次執行香港財務報告 第1號之修訂 準則2

(納入2014至2016

年週期之年度改進)

香港會計準則 於聯營公司及合營公司 第28號之修訂 之投資2

(納入2014至2016 年週期之年度改進)

於2017年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生效

於2018年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生效

於2019年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生效

尚未釐定強制生效日期惟可予以採納

31 March 2017 2017年3月31日

# 2.3 Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is as follows:

The HKICPA issued amendments to HKFRS 2 in August 2016 that address three main areas: the effects of vesting conditions on the measurement of a cash-settled share-based payment transaction; the classification of a share-based payment transaction with net settlement features for withholding a certain amount in order to meet the employee's tax obligation associated with the share-based payment; and the accounting where a modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment transaction changes its classification from cash-settled to equity-settled. The amendments clarify that the approach used to account for vesting conditions when measuring equity-settled share-based payments also applies to cash-settled share-based payments. The amendments introduce an exception so that a share-based payment transaction with net share settlement features for withholding a certain amount in order to meet the employee's tax obligation is classified in its entirety as an equity-settled share-based payment transaction when certain conditions are met. Furthermore, the amendments clarify that if the terms and conditions of a cash-settled share-based payment transaction are modified, with the result that it becomes an equity-settled share-based payment transaction, the transaction is accounted for as an equity-settled transaction from the date of the modification. The Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 April 2018. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

In September 2014, the HKICPA issued the final version of HKFRS 9, bringing together all phases of the financial instruments project to replace HKAS 39 and all previous versions of HKFRS 9. The standard introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 9 from 1 April 2018. The Group is currently assessing the impact of the standard.

# 2.3 已頒布但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

預期將適用於本集團的香港財務報告準則的進一 步資料如下:

香港會計師公會於2016年8月頒布香港財務報告 準則第2號,針對三個主要範疇:歸屬條件對於 計量現金結算股份付款的交易的影響; 設有淨額 結算功能(以便為履行僱員稅務義務而就股份付 款預扣若干金額)的股份付款交易的分類;當股 份付款交易條款及條件之修改使該交易的分類由 現金結算改為權益結算時的會計處理。該等修訂 澄清,計量權益結算股份支付的付款時對於歸屬 條件的處理方法亦適用於現金結算股份支付的付 款。該等修訂引入一項豁免,在符合若干條件的 情況下,設有股份淨額結算功能(以便為履行僱 員税務義務而預扣若干金額)的股份付款交易可 以整項歸類為權益結算股份付款交易。此外,該 等修訂澄清,倘現金結算股份付款交易因其條款 及條件被修訂而變為權益結算股份付款交易,則 該項交易自修訂日期起入賬列為權益結算交易。 本集團預期於2018年4月1日採納該等修訂。預 期該等修訂不會對本集團的財務報表產生任何重 大影響。

於2014年9月,香港會計師公會頒布香港財務報告準則第9號的最終版本,將金融工具項目的所有階段集於一起以代替香港會計準則第39號及香港財務報告準則第9號的全部先前版本。該準則引入分類及計量、減值及對沖會計處理的新規定。本集團預期自2018年4月1日起採納香港財務報告準則第9號。本集團目前正在評估該準則的影響。

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# 2.3 Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011) address an inconsistency between the requirements in HKFRS 10 and in HKAS 28 (2011) in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss when the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The previous mandatory effective date of amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011) was removed by the HKICPA in January 2016 and a new mandatory effective date will be determined after the completion of a broader review of accounting for associates and joint ventures. However, the amendments are available for application now.

HKFRS 15 establishes a new five-step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under HKFRS 15, revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The principles in HKFRS 15 provide a more structured approach for measuring and recognising revenue. The standard also introduces extensive qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements, including disaggregation of total revenue, information about performance obligations, changes in contract asset and liability account balances between periods and key judgements and estimates. The standard will supersede all current revenue recognition requirements under HKFRSs. In June 2016, the HKICPA issued amendments to HKFRS 15 to address the implementation issues on identifying performance obligations, application guidance on principal versus agent and licences of intellectual property, and transition. The amendments are also intended to help ensure a more consistent application when entities adopt HKFRS 15 and decrease the cost and complexity of applying the standard. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 15 on 1 April 2018 and is currently assessing the impact of HKFRS 15 upon adoption.

# 2.3 已頒布但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28 號(2011年)之修訂針對香港財務報告準則第10 號及香港會計準則第28號(2011年)之間有關投 資者與其聯營公司或合營公司之間的資產出售或 注資兩者規定的不一致性。該等修訂規定,當投 資者與其聯營公司或合營公司之間的資產出售或 注資構成一項業務時,須確認全數收益或虧損。 當交易涉及不構成一項業務的資產時,由該交 易產生的收益或虧損於該投資者的損益內確認, 惟僅以不相關投資者於該聯營公司或合營公司的 權益為限。該等修訂即將應用。香港會計師公會 已於2016年1月撤銷香港財務報告準則第10號及 香港會計準則第28號(2011年)之修訂的前強制 生效日期, 並將於完成對聯營公司及合營公司會 計處理的更廣泛檢討後釐定新強制生效日期。然 而,現時該等修訂可供應用。

香港財務報告準則第15號建立一個新的五步模 式,以將客戶合約收益入賬。根據香港財務報告 準則第15號,收益按能反映實體預期就向客戶 轉讓貨物或服務而換取有權獲得的代價金額確 認。香港財務報告準則第15號的原則為計量及 確認收益提供更加系統的方法。該準則亦引入廣 泛的定性及定量披露規定,包括分拆收益總額, 關於履行責任、不同期間之間合約資產及負債賬 目結餘的變動以及主要判斷及估計的資料。該準 則將取代香港財務報告準則項下所有現時收益確 認的規定。2016年6月,香港會計師公會頒布香 港財務報告準則第15號之修訂,針對識別履約 責任的執行問題、有關委託人與代理人及知識產 權許可使用的應用指引,以及過渡方法。該等修 訂亦擬協助確保實體在採用香港財務報告準則第 15號時能夠貫徹應用此準則,以及降低應用準 則的成本及化繁為簡。本集團預期於2018年4月 1日採納香港財務報告準則第15號,目前正評估 採納香港財務報告準則第15號的影響。

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# 2.3 Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

HKFRS 16 replaces HKAS 17 Leases, HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, HK(SIC)-Int 15 Operating Leases - Incentives and HK(SIC)-Int 27 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease. The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to recognise assets and liabilities for most leases. The standard includes two recognition exemptions for lessees – leases of low-value assets and short-term leases. At the commencement date of a lease, a lessee will recognise a liability to make lease payments (i.e., the lease liability) and an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term (i.e., the right-of-use asset). The right-of-use asset is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses unless the right-of-use asset meets the definition of investment property in HKAS 40. The lease liability is subsequently increased to reflect the interest on the lease liability and reduced for the lease payments. Lessees will be required to separately recognise the interest expense on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on the right-of-use asset. Lessees will also be required to remeasure the lease liability upon the occurrence of certain events, such as change in the lease term and change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine those payments. Lessees will generally recognise the amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset. Lessor accounting under HKFRS 16 is substantially unchanged from the accounting under HKAS 17. Lessors will continue to classify all leases using the same classification principle as in HKAS 17 and distinguish between operating leases and finance leases. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 16 on 1 April 2019 and is currently assessing the impact of HKFRS 16 upon adoption.

# 2.3 已頒布但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號取代香港會計準則第 17號租賃、香港(國際財務報告解釋委員會)解 釋公告第4號確定一項安排是否包含租賃、香港 (常設解釋委員會)解釋公告第15號經營租賃-激勵措施,以及香港(常設解釋委員會)解釋公告 第27號評價涉及租賃法律形式交易的實質。該 項準則載列確認、計量、呈列及披露租賃的原 則,並要求承租人就絕大多數租賃確認資產及負 債。該準則包含兩項對承租人的豁免-低值資產 及短期租賃。承租人將於租賃開始當日確認一項 作出租賃付款的負債(即租賃負債)及一項代表租 賃期內使用相關資產的權利之資產(即使用權資 產)。除非使用權資產符合香港會計準則第40號 對於投資物業的定義,否則,其後使用權資產須 按成本減累計折舊及任何減值虧損計算。其後, 租賃負債的增加乃反映租賃負債的利息,或因租 賃付款而減少。承租人將須分開確認租賃負債的 利息開支及使用權資產的折舊開支。若干事件發 生(如租賃期改變及未來租賃付款因用以釐定該 付款的指數或費率有所變動而改變)後,承租人 亦須重新計量租賃負債。承租人一般會將重新計 算的租賃負債金額確認為使用權資產的調整。香 港財務報告準則第16號大致保留香港會計準則 第17號對出租人的會計要求。出租人將繼續採 用香港會計準則第17號所載的相同分類原則將 所有租賃分類,分為經營租賃或融資租賃。本集 團預期於2019年4月1日採納香港財務報告準則 第16號,目前正評估採納香港財務報告準則第 16號的影響。

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# 2.3 Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 7 require an entity to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes. The amendments will result in additional disclosure to be provided in the financial statements. The Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 April 2017.

Amendments to HKAS 12 were issued with the purpose of addressing the recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses related to debt instruments measured at fair value, although they also have a broader application for other situations. The amendments clarify that an entity, when assessing whether taxable profits will be available against which it can utilise a deductible temporary difference, needs to consider whether tax law restricts the sources of taxable profits against which it may make deductions on the reversal of that deductible temporary difference. Furthermore, the amendments provide guidance on how an entity should determine future taxable profits and explain the circumstances in which taxable profit may include the recovery of some assets for more than their carrying amount. The Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 April 2017.

# 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Investments in associates

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

# 2.3 已頒布但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

香港會計準則第7號之修訂規定實體的披露讓財務報表使用者能夠評估融資活動產生的負債的變動,包括現金流量引致之變動及非現金變動。該等修訂將導致在財務報表作出額外披露。本集團預期於2017年4月1日採納該等修訂。

頒布香港會計準則第12號之修訂旨在針對就按公平值計量之債務工具的未變現虧損確認遞延稅項資產,惟該等修訂亦可更廣泛應用於其他情況。該等修訂澄清,當實體在評估是否將有足夠應課稅溢利抵銷可扣減臨時差額之時,必須考慮稅法是否限制其於撥回可扣減臨時差額時可能用以扣減差額的應課稅溢利的來源。此外,該等修訂就實體應如何釐定未來應課稅溢利提供指引,並說明應課稅溢利可包括以高於賬面值收回若干資產的情況。本集團預期於2017年4月1日採納該等修訂。

### 2.4 重大會計政策概要

於聯營公司的投資

聯營公司為本集團一般擁有不少於20%股本投票權的長期權益,並能對其發揮重大影響力的實體。重大影響力為參與投資對象財政及經營政策決策的權力,但並非控制或共同控制該等政策。

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### **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### (Continued)

#### Investments in associates (Continued)

The Group's investments in associates are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associates are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated other comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates is included as part of the Group's investments in associates.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method. In all other cases, upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

When an investment in an associate is classified as held for sale, it is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations*.

#### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 於聯營公司的投資(續)

本集團於聯營公司的投資乃按以權益會計法計算 之本集團應佔資產淨值減任何減值虧損於綜合財 務狀況表內列賬。

倘出現任何不相符的會計政策,即會作出調整加 以修正。

本集團應佔聯營公司收購後業績和其他全面收入 分別計入合併損益表及合併其他全面收入內。此 外,倘直接於聯營公司的權益確認變動,則本集 團會於綜合權益變動表確認其應佔的任何變動 (如適用)。本集團與其聯營公司進行交易而出現 的未實現利益及虧損會互相抵銷,金額以本集團 於聯營公司的投資為限,但如果未實現虧損證明 所轉讓資產發生減值則除外。收購聯營公司產生 的商譽計入本集團於聯營公司的投資的一部分。

倘於聯營公司的投資變為於合營企業的投資或出現相反情況,則不會重新計量保留權益。反之,該投資繼續根據權益法入賬。在所有其他情況下,對聯營公司失去重大影響力或對合營企業失去共同控制後,本集團按其公平值計量及確認任何保留投資。於失去重大影響力或共同控制後聯營公司的賬面值與保留投資及來自出售所得款項之公平值之間的差額於損益內確認。

當聯營公司的投資被視為持作銷售,將會以香港 財務報告準則第5號*持作待售之非流動資產及非 持續業務*計量。

31 March 2017 2017年3月31日

### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (Continued)

### **Business combinations and goodwill**

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

#### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 業務併購及商譽

業務併購乃使用收購法入賬。所轉讓之代價乃以收購日期之公平值計量,該公平值為本集團所轉讓之資產於收購日期之公平值、本集團自被收購方之前年度擁有人承擔之負債,及本集團發行以換取被收購方控制權之股權之總和。就各業務合併而言,本集團選擇以公平值或被收購方可識別資產淨值之應佔比例,計算於被收購方中現時屬擁有權權益並賦予其持有人權利可於清盤時按比例分佔資產淨值之非控股權益。非控股權益之所有其他部分按公平值計量。有關收購成本於產生時支銷。

當本集團收購一項業務時,會根據合約條款、於 收購日期之經濟環境及相關條件,評估將承接之 金融資產及負債,以作出適合之分類及指定用 途。此包括將被收購方主合約中之嵌入式衍生工 具分開計算。

倘業務併購分階段進行,先前持有股權應按收購 日期公平值計入收益表重新計量及任何產生之收 益或虧損確認於損益。

由收購方將予轉讓的任何或然代價將按收購日期 的公平值確認。分類為資產或負債之或然代價按 公平值計量,而公平值變動於損益確認。倘或然 代價歸類為權益毋須重新計量,其日後結算於權 益列賬。

商譽起初按成本計量,即已轉讓代價、已確認非 控股權益及本集團先前持有的被收購方股權之公 平值之總和,超逾與所收購可識別資產淨值及所 承擔負債的差額。倘此代價及其他項目的總和低 於所收購資產淨值的公平值,於評估後其差額將 於收益表內確認為議價購買收益。

31 March 2017 2017年3月31日

# **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### (Continued)

#### **Business combinations and goodwill** (Continued)

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 March. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

#### Fair value measurement

The Group measures its investment properties and held-for-trading investments at fair value through profit or loss at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

#### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 業務併購及商譽(續)

於初始確認後,商譽按成本減任何累計減值虧損計量。商譽須每年作減值測試,倘有事件發生或情況改變顯示賬面值有可能減值,則會更頻密地進行檢討。本集團於3月31日進行商譽的年度減值測試。為進行減值測試,因業務合併而購入的商譽自購入之日被分配至預期可從合併產生的協同效益中獲益的本集團各個現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別,而無論本集團其他資產或負債是否已分配予該等單位或單位組別。

減值乃通過評估與商譽相關之現金產生單位(或 現金產生單位組別)之可收回金額釐定。倘現金 產生單位(或現金產生單位組別)之可收回金額低 於賬面值時,減值虧損則予以確認。已就商譽確 認之減值虧損不得於其後期間撥回。

倘商譽被分配為現金產生單位(或現金產生單位組別)之一部分,而該單位內部分業務被出售,則出售業務相關商譽於釐定出售業務收益或虧損時列入業務之賬面值。在這些情況下出售之商譽根據已出售業務及所保留現金產生單位部分之相對價值計算。

#### 公平值計量

本集團於各報告期末透過損益以公平值計量投資物業及持作買賣投資。公平值為市場參與者於計量日期在有序交易中出售資產所收取的價格或轉讓負債所支付的價格。公平值計量乃假設出售資產或轉讓負債的交易於資產或負債主要市場(在無主要市場情況下)最具優勢市場進行而作出。主要或最具優勢市場須為本集團可進入之市場。資產或負債的公平值乃基於市場參與者於資產或負債定價所用的假設計量(即假設市場參與者會以最佳經濟利益行事)。

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# **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### (Continued)

#### Fair value measurement (Continued)

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

#### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 公平值計量(續)

非金融資產的公平值計量須計及市場參與者透過 最大限度使用該資產達致最佳用途,或將該資產 出售予將最大限度使用該資產達致最佳用途的其 他市場參與者以產生經濟利益的能力。

本集團採納適用於不同情況且具備充分數據以供 計量公平值的估值方法,以盡量使用相關可觀察 元素及盡量減少使用不可觀察元素。

所有於財務報表計量或披露公平值的資產及負債 乃基於對公平值計量整體而言屬重大的最低層輸 入數據按以下公平值層級分類:

- 第一級 基於相同資產或負債於活躍市場的 報價(未經調整)
- 第二級 一 按估值技術計量,而對公平值計量 而言屬重大的最低層元素可直接或 間接觀察得出
- 第三級 按估值技術計量,而對公平值計量 而言屬重大的最低層元素不可觀察 得出

就按經常性基準於財務報表確認的資產及負債而 言,本集團透過於各報告期末重新評估分類(基 於對公平值計量整體而言屬重大的最低層元素) 確定是否發生不同層級轉移。

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## **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### (Continued)

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, financial assets, investment properties and goodwill), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

#### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 非金融資產減值

倘有跡象顯示減值存在,或當必須為資產(存貨、金融資產、投資物業及商譽除外)作出年度減值測試時,則會估計資產的可收回金額。資產的可收回金額為資產或現金產生單位的使用價值與其公平值減出售成本兩者的較高者,並就個別資產而釐定,惟不可產生大體上獨立於其他資產或資產組別的現金流入的資產則除外,在此情況下,可收回金額就資產所屬的現金產生單位而釐定。

僅於資產的賬面值超逾其可收回金額時,減值虧 損方予確認。評估使用價值時,估計日後現金流 量乃使用可反映金額時間值的現行市場評估及該 資產特有的風險的稅前折現率折現至現值。減值 虧損於其產生期間自收益表與該減值資產功能一 致的該等費用類別內扣除。

於各申報日期結束時均評估是否有任何跡象顯示於過往確認的減值虧損可能不再存在或可能已經減少。如該等跡象存在,則會估計可收回金額。僅於用作釐定資產的可收回金額的估計出現變動時,資產(商譽除外)過往確認的減值虧損方可撥回;惟撥回金額不得高於(倘該資產於過往年度未有確認減值虧損)將可釐定的賬面值(扣除任何折舊/攤銷)。有關減值虧損的撥回於產生期間計入損益表,但如該資產按重估金額列賬,則減值損失撥回會根據該重估資產的有關會計政策列賬。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### (Continued)

#### **Related parties**

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person:
  - has control or joint control over the Group; (i)
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
  - the entity and the Group are members of the same (i)
  - one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
  - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
  - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
  - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

#### 關連人士

有關人士在下列情況下被視為與本集團有關連:

- (a) 該人士為一名人士或該人士之近親,而該 人士:
  - 控制或共同控制本集團; (i)
  - 對本集團有重大影響力;或 (ii)
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司的其中一名 主要管理層成員;

或

- (b) 該人士為符合下列任何一項條件之實體:
  - 該實體與本集團屬同一集團之成員公 司;
  - 該實體為另一家實體之聯營公司或合 營企業(或另一家實體之母公司、附 屬公司或同系附屬公司);
  - (iii) 該實體與本集團均為同一第三方之合 營企業;
  - (iv) 該實體為第三方實體之合營企業,而 另一家實體則為該第三方實體的聯營 公司;
  - (v) 該實體為就本集團或與本集團有關連 之實體之僱員之利益而設之離職後福 利計劃;
  - (vi) 該實體受(a)項所識別之人士控制或共 同控制;
  - (vii) 於(a)(i)項所識別之人士對該實體有重 大影響力或屬該實體(或該實體之母 公司)之主要管理層成員之一;及
  - (viii) 實體或實體作為集團任何成員公司其 中一部分向本集團或本集團的母公司 提供主要管理人員服務。

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### **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### (Continued

#### Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Buildings 3% to 9% Furniture, fixtures and equipment 9% to 18% Motor vehicles 9% to 18%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

#### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 物業、廠房和設備及折舊

物業、廠房及設備(除在建工程外)乃按成本減累計折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。物業、廠房及設備項目的成本包括其購買價及使其投入現時運作狀況及將其運往擬定用途地點的任何直接應佔成本。

物業、廠房及設備項目投入使用後所產生的開支,如維修保養費用,通常於產生期間在收益表扣除。在符合確認條件的情況下,大的檢修開支於資產賬面值資本化,作為置換。倘大部分物業、廠房及設備須定期置換,本集團確認該等部分為具備特定可使用年期及據此折舊之個別資產。

折舊乃以直線法於估計可使用年期撇銷各物業、 廠房及設備項目的成本至其剩餘價值計算。就此 而言使用的主要年率如下:

樓宇3%至9%傢俬、裝置及設備9%至18%汽車9%至18%

倘物業、廠房及設備項目的部分有不同的可使用 年期,則該項目的成本以合理基準在該等部分之 間分配,而各部分將會分開折舊。至少於各財政 年結日檢討剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法, 並在適當情況下調整。

物業、廠房及設備項目包括初步確認之任何重大部分於出售或預期不會從使用或出售有關項目而取得未來經濟利益時終止確認。於終止確認資產的年度內在收益表確認的任何出售或報廢該等項目的盈虧乃指銷售所得款項淨額與有關資產賬面值的差額。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

### Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (Continued)

Construction in progress represents buildings under construction, which is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction and capitalised borrowing costs on related borrowed funds during the period of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

#### **Investment properties**

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including the leasehold interest under an operating lease for a property which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the statement of profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the year of the retirement or disposal.

If a property occupied by the Group as an owner-occupied property becomes an investment property, the Group accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under "Property, plant and equipment and depreciation" up to the date of change in use, and any difference at that date between the carrying amount and the fair value of the property is accounted for as a revaluation in accordance with the policy stated under "Property, plant and equipment and depreciation" above. For a transfer from properties under development or properties held for sales to investment properties, any difference between the fair value of the property at that date and its previous carrying amount is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

#### 物業、廠房和設備及折舊(續)

在建工程指在建中的大廈,以成本減去任何減值 虧損列賬,且不予折舊。成本包括直接建築成本 及建築期間相關借貸的資本化借貸成本。在建工 程於落成及可予使用時,會重新分類至適當的類 別,如物業、廠房及設備。

#### 投資物業

投資物業指為賺取租金收入及/或資本增值目的 而持有的土地及樓宇權益(包括符合投資物業定 義的物業的經營租賃下的租賃權益),但不包括 用作生產或供應貨品或提供服務或行政管理用 途;或用作於日常業務過程中出售的土地及樓宇 權益。該等物業初步按成本(包括交易成本)計 量。初步確認後,投資物業按反映於報告期末市 場狀況的公平值列賬。

投資物業公平值變動產生的盈虧,會於產生年度 計入損益表。

報廢或出售投資物業產生的任何盈虧,會於報廢 或出售的年度在損益表確認。

若本集團擁有的自用物業轉變為投資物業,本集 團將根據「物業、廠房和設備及折舊」的政策把該 等物業入賬,直至改變用途當日,並計算物業 在該日的賬面值與公平值之間的差額根據上述 「物業、廠房和設備及折舊」所載政策確認的重估 賬。就將發展中物業或持作銷售物業轉為投資物 業而言,物業在該日的公平值與其先前賬面值之 間的差額於損益表確認。

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### **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### (Continued)

#### **Properties under development**

Properties under development are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises the land costs, construction costs, capitalised borrowing costs and other costs directly attributed to such properties during the period of construction.

Properties under development are initially classified as non-current assets and transferred to current assets under the category of properties held for sale when the construction of the relevant properties commences and the construction period of the relevant property development project is expected to complete within normal operating cycle.

#### Leases

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group, other than legal title, are accounted for as finance leases. At the inception of a finance lease, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payments and recorded together with the obligation, excluding the interest element, to reflect the purchase and financing. Assets held under capitalised finance leases, including prepaid land lease payments under finance leases, are included in property, plant and equipment, and depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets. The finance costs of such leases are charged to the statement of profit or loss so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge over the lease terms.

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets, and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the statement of profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under operating leases net of any incentives received from the lessor are charged to the statement of profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Prepaid land lease payments under operating leases are initially stated at cost and subsequently recognised on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

#### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 發展中物業

發展中物業按成本值及可變現淨值兩者的較低者 列賬。成本包括土地成本、發展開支、借貸成本 及其他於建築期間該等物業應佔的直接成本。

起始時發展中物業分類為非流動資產,並於有關物業的建設開始及有關發展項目之預計施工期於正常營運週期內結轉至流動資產中的持作銷售物業。

#### 租賃

凡資產所有權(除法定業權外)的絕大部分回報及 風險轉移予本集團,均列為融資租賃。於融資租 賃生效時,租賃資產之成本按最低應付租金之現 值資本化,並連同承擔(不包括利息部分)入賬, 以反映購入及融資情況。根據資本化融資租約持 有之資產(包括融資租約項下之預付土地租賃款 項)均計入物業、廠房及設備,並於租期與資產 之估計可使用年期(以較短者為準)內折舊。有關 租賃之融資成本於收益表扣除,以便於租期內按 固定比率扣除。

凡資產所有權的絕大部分回報及風險仍歸出租人所有,則有關租賃列為經營租賃。倘本集團為出租人,則本集團根據經營租賃出租的資產計入非流動資產,而經營租賃下的應收租金則以直線法於租賃期內計入收益表。倘本集團為承租人,則經營租賃下的應付租金以直線法於租賃期內在收益表扣除。

經營租賃下的預付土地出租金初步按成本列賬, 其後則以直線法於租賃期內確認。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### (Continued)

#### Investments and other financial assets Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale financial investments, or loans and receivables. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets, except in the case of financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

#### Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held-for-trading. Financial assets are classified as held-fortrading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value presented as other income and gains. These net fair value changes do not include any dividends or interest earned on these financial assets, which are recognised in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

Financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the date of initial recognition and only if the criteria in HKAS 39 are satisfied.

## 投資及其他金融資產

#### 初次確認及計量

金融資產於初始確認時分類為以公平值列值計入 損益表的金融資產及可供出售金融投資,或貸款 及應收賬款。金融資產於初次確認時以公平值及 收購金融資產應佔交易成本計量,惟以公平值列 值計入損益表的金融資產除外。

所有金融資產常規買賣均於交易日確認,即本集 團承諾購買或出售該項資產的日期。常規買賣乃 指需按法規規定或市場慣例在一定期間內轉移資 產的金融資產買賣交易。

#### 其後計量

金融資產的其後計量視其以下分類而定:

#### 透過損益以公平值列賬的金融資產

透過損益以公平值列賬之金融資產,包括持作買 賣的金融資產。倘金融資產的收購目的為於短期 內出售,則分類為持作買賣。

透過損益以公平值列賬之金融資產於財務狀況表 按公平值列賬,而公平值之正變動淨額列為其他 收入及收益。該等公平淨值變動並未包括根據下 文「收入確認」所載政策確認的該等金融資產的任 何股息或所賺取的利息。

僅當符合香港會計準則第39號的條件時,在初 步確認時指定為按公平值計入損益的金融資產方 於初步確認日期指定。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(Continued)

# Investments and other financial assets (Continued) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in other income and gains in the statement of profit or loss. The loss arising from impairment is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in finance costs for loans and in other expenses for receivables.

#### Available-for-sale financial investments

Available-for-sale financial investments are non-derivative financial assets in listed and unlisted equity investments and debt securities. Equity investments classified as available for sale are those which are neither classified as held-for-trading nor designated as at fair value through profit or loss. Debt securities in this category are those which are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time and which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or in response to changes in market conditions.

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial investments are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealised gains or losses recognised as other comprehensive income in the available-for-sale investments revaluation reserve until the investment is derecognised, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss as other income, or until the investment is determined to be impaired, when the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from the available-for-sale investments revaluation reserve to the statement of profit or loss in other gains or losses. Interest and dividends earned whilst holding the available-for-sale financial investments are reported as interest income and dividend income, respectively and are recognised in the statement of profit or loss as other income in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

#### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### 貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項指具有固定或可確定收回金額但無活躍市場報價的非衍生性金融資產。初步計量後,該等資產其後以實際利率法計算的攤銷成本減去任何減值撥備計量。計量攤銷成本時已考慮到收取時產生的任何折價或溢價,包括構成實際利率一部分的費用或成本。實際利率攤銷計入收益表中的其他收入及收益內。減值產生之虧損在損益表中確認為貸款的融資成本及應收款項的其他開支。

#### 可供出售金融投資

可供出售金融投資指上市及非上市的權益投資及 債權證券的非衍生金融資產。分類為可供出售的 權益投資即未被分類為持作買賣亦非被指定為公 平值計入損益的金融資產。該分類中的債權證券 乃以並無具體到期日持有為意圖且根據流動性需 要和市場行情變化而出售。

於首次確認後,可供出售金融投資按公平值計量,而有關盈虧確認為其他全面收益中的可供出售投資重估儲備,直至投資終止確認為止,屆時過往在權益入賬的累計盈虧均計入損益表作其他收入,或者直至該投資被確定減值為止,屆時該等投資的累計盈虧將由可供出售投資重估儲備轉撥至損益表作其他收入或虧損。所賺取的利息及股息分別列報為利息收入及股息收入,並根據下文「收入確認」一段所載的政策於綜合收益表中確認為其他收入。

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## **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### (Continued)

# Investments and other financial assets (Continued) Available-for-sale financial investments (Continued)

When the fair value of unlisted equity investments cannot be reliably measured because (a) the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant for that investment or (b) the probabilities of the various estimates within the range cannot be reasonably assessed and used in estimating fair value, such investments are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

The Group evaluates whether the ability and intention to sell its available-for-sale financial assets in the near term are still appropriate. When, in rare circumstances, the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets if management has the ability and intention to hold the assets for the foreseeable future or until maturity.

For a financial asset reclassified from the available-for-sale category, the fair value carrying amount at the date of reclassification becomes its new amortised cost and any previous gain or loss on that asset that has been recognised in equity is amortised to the statement of profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the effective interest rate. Any difference between the new amortised cost and the maturity amount is also amortised over the remaining life of the asset using the effective interest rate. If the asset is subsequently determined to be impaired, then the amount recorded in equity is reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

#### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### 可供出售金融投資(續)

倘基於(a)該項投資的合理公平值估計範圍廣闊或(b)於估計公平值時無法合理評估並使用該範圍內不同估計的可能性而未能可靠衡量非上市權益投資的公平值,則該等投資均按成本減任何減值虧損入賬。

本集團評估可供出售的金融資產以判斷其於短期內出售的能力和意圖是否恰當。當本集團由於市場喪失活躍性而無法交易該金融資產本集團將重分類這些金融資產(極少情況),僅當實體有能力和意圖在可見將來或到期日持有該金融資產。

當金融資產被分類出可供出售金融資產類別,該 等資產任何原計入權益的盈虧須在該投資的剩餘 年限內按實際利率法攤銷入損益。任何新攤銷成 本與原預期現金流的差異亦須在資產的剩餘年限 內按實際利率法予以攤銷。若該資產於其後被確 定減值,原計入權益的金額被分類至損益表。

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## **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### (Continued)

### **Derecognition of financial assets**

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

#### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 終止確認金融資產

金融資產(或(如適用)金融資產的一部分或同類 金融資產組別的一部分)在下列情況下終止確認 (從本集團綜合財務狀況表移除):

- 從資產收取現金流量的權利屆滿時;或
- 本集團已轉讓其收取該項資產所得現金流量的權利,或須根據一項「轉付」安排,有責任在無重大延誤情況下將所收取現金流量悉數付予第三方;及(a)本集團已轉讓該項資產的絕大部分風險及回報,或(b)本集團並無轉讓或保留該項資產的絕大部分風險及回報,但已轉讓該項資產的控制權。

當本集團已轉讓其收取該項資產所得現金流量的權利或已訂立一項轉付安排,會評估其是否保留該項資產所有權的風險及回報以及其程度。倘並無轉讓或保留該項資產的絕大部分風險及回報,且並無轉讓該項資產的控制權,該項資產將按本集團於資產的持續參與而確認入賬。在此情況下,本集團亦確認相關負債。已轉讓的資產及相關負債按反映本集團已保留的權利及責任的基準計量。

持續涉及指本集團就已轉讓資產作出之保證,已 轉讓資產乃以該項資產之原賬面值及本集團或須 償還之代價數額上限(以較低者為準)計算。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. An impairment exists if one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

#### Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses whether impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

The amount of any impairment loss identified is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition).

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Group.

#### 金融資產減值

本集團於各報告期末時對資產進行評估,以判斷 是否存在客觀證據表明某項金融資產或某組金融 資產可能已減值。倘於初步確認資產後發生一個 或多個事件,而該事件對該項或該組金融資產的 估計未來現金流量所造成的影響乃能夠可靠地估 計,即存在減值。減值證據可能包括債務人或一 組債務人出現重大財政困難、違約或拖欠利息或 本金付款,有面臨破產或進行其他財務重組之可 能以及有公開資料表明其預計未來現金流量已出 現可計量之減幅,如債務人支付能力或所處經濟 環境惡化。

#### 按攤銷成本入賬的金融資產

對於按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產,本集團首先對 個別金額屬重大的金融資產單獨評估是否有客觀 減值證據,或對個別金額屬不重大的金融資產共 同進行評估。倘本集團認定單獨評估的金融資產 並不存在客觀減值證據,無論其金額是否重大, 亦應當包括具有類似信貸風險特性的金融資產組 合內的資產進行集體減值評估。已個別進行減值 測試及已確認減值虧損或繼續確認減值虧損的資 產不應進行集體減值評估。

已發生減值虧損的金額按該資產的賬面值與所估 計未來現金流量(不包括尚未發生的未來信貸虧 損)的現值之差額計算。估計未來現金流量的現 值按該金融資產的原實際利率(即初始確認時使 用的實際利率)折現。

該資產的賬面值乃透過使用撥備賬扣減,而虧損 金額則於收益表確認。利息收入應繼續按照計量 減值虧損時對未來現金流量進行折現採用的折現 率為基準按扣減後的賬面值計算。當未來收回並 無實質展望時,則撇銷貸款及應收款項及任何有 關撥備,且所有抵押品已變現或轉讓予本集團。

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### **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

#### Financial assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to other expenses in the statement of profit or loss.

#### Available-for-sale financial investments

For available-for-sale financial investments, the Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that an investment or a group of investments is impaired.

If an available-for-sale asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortisation) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in the statement of profit or loss, is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

In the case of equity investments classified as available for sale, objective evidence would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment below its cost. "Significant" is evaluated against the original cost of the investment and "prolonged" against the period in which the fair value has been below its original cost. Where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss – measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognised in the statement of profit or loss – is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Impairment losses on equity instruments classified as available for sale are not reversed through the statement of profit or loss. Increases in their fair value after impairment are recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

#### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 金融資產減值(續)

#### 按攤銷成本入賬的金融資產(續)

倘在後續期間,確認減值後發生致使估計減值虧 損金額增加或減少的事件,則調整撥備賬以增加 或減少先前確認的減值虧損。倘撇銷款項其後收 回,則收回金額於損益表以其他開支入賬。

#### 可供出售金融投資

對於可供出售金融投資,本集團於各報告期末進 行評估,確定是否存在單項投資或一組投資減值 的客觀證據。

如果可供出售的資產發生減值,則將按其成本 (減去已償還的本金和攤銷額)與當前公平值之間 的差額,減去任何以前在損益中確認的減值損 失,從其他全面收入轉出並於損益表中確認。

對於分類為可供出售的權益投資,若一項投資的公平值大幅或長期下跌至低於其成本價,即屬客觀減值證據。「大幅」乃相對於投資的成本原值而評估,「長期」相對於公平值低於成本原值的期間。如出現減值證據,累計損失(購入成本與目前公平值的差額,減該項投資先前在損益表中確認的任何減值損失)將從其他全面收入轉出並於損益表中確認。分類為可供出售的權益工具的減值損失,不會在損益表中撥回,減值後公平值如有增加,則直接在其他全面收入確認。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

#### Available-for-sale financial investments (Continued)

The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the duration or extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than its cost.

#### Financial liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, or loans and borrowings.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, short-term notes, senior notes, medium-term notes, corporate bonds and domestic company bonds.

#### Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

#### Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, short-term notes, senior notes, medium-term notes, corporate bonds and domestic company bonds are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

#### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 金融資產減值(續)

#### 可供出售金融投資(續)

何謂「大幅」或「長期」則需運用判斷決定。在作出 此項判斷時,本集團評估某項投資的公平價值低 於其成本的持續時間或程度,及其他因素。

#### 金融負債

#### 初始確認及計量

金融負債於初始確認時分類為以公平值列值計入 損益表的金融負債、或貸款及借貸。

所有金融負債乃按公平值初步確認,而倘為貸款 及借貸,則扣除直接計入應佔交易成本。

本集團的金融負債包括貿易及其他應付款項、計息銀行及其他借貸、短期融資券、優先票據、中期票據、企業債券及境內公司債券。

#### 其後計量

金融負債的其後計量視其以下分類而定:

#### 貸款及借貸

於初步確認後,計息銀行及其他借貸、短期融資券、優先票據、中期票據、企業債券及境內公司債券其後用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量,惟倘貼現影響並不重大,則於該情況下,金融負債按成本列賬。損益乃於負債終止確認時及於實際利率法攤銷過程中於損益表中確認。

攤銷成本乃計算自收購的任何折扣或溢價及屬於 實際利率構成部分的費用或成本。實際利率攤銷 乃計入損益表中的融資成本內。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(Continued)

Financial liabilities (Continued)

#### **Financial guarantee contracts**

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognised initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation.

#### **Derecognition of financial liabilities**

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

#### Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 金融負債(續)

#### 財務擔保合同

本集團發行的財務擔保合同乃規定於特定債務人未能按照債務票據條款於到期時支付款項時須支付款項以補償持有人所蒙受損失。財務擔保合同初步以公平值確認為負債,並按與發出財務擔保合同有直接關係的交易成本予以調整。在初步確認後,本集團對財務擔保合同的計量以(i)於報告期末時履行有關責任的最佳估計開支金額;及(ii)按初步確認金額減(如適用)累計攤銷,兩者之較高者計算。

#### 終止確認金融負債

當負債項下的責任已解除、取消或期滿,則終止確認金融負債。

如現有金融負債被同一貸款人按條款大部分不同 的另一項金融負債取代,或現有負債的條款被大 幅修改,有關置換或修改會被視作終止確認原有 負債並確認新負債,而其各自賬面值間的差額於 損益表確認。

#### 金融工具的抵銷

當目前有可執行法定權利以抵銷已確認金額並擬 按淨額基準結算,或將資產變現及償還負債時, 金融資產及金融負債會互相抵銷,並在財務狀況 表內以淨額列示。

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# 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (Continued

# Properties held for sale and held for finance lease

Properties held for sale and held for finance lease include completed properties held for sale and held for finance lease and properties under development expected to be completed within the normal operating cycle. Properties held for sale and held for finance lease are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes land costs, all development expenditure, applicable borrowing costs and other direct costs attributable to such properties. Net realisable value is determined by reference to the prevailing market prices, on an individual property basis.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

#### **Provisions**

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

#### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 持作銷售及持作融資租賃物業

持作銷售及持作融資租賃物業包括持作銷售及持作融資租賃已落成物業及建築期間預計在正常經營週期內的發展中物業。持作銷售及持作融資租賃物業按成本值及可變現淨值兩者的較低者列賬。成本包括土地成本、所有發展開支、適用的借貸成本及該等物業應佔的其他直接成本。可變現淨值乃參考當前市價按個別物業基準釐定。

#### 存貨

存貨按成本或可變現淨值兩者較低者列賬。成本 以先入先出方法釐定,就在製品和製成品而言, 成本包括直接材料、直接勞工及適當分攤的經常 性費用。可變現淨值按估計售價減任何尚需投入 的完成生產及出售的估計成本計算。

#### 現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價物包括 手頭現金及活期存款,以及可隨時轉換為已知金 額現金的短期高流動性投資,該筆現金承受價值 轉變的較低風險,一般於收購起計三個月內到 期,並已減去須應要求償還的銀行透支,而成為 本集團現金管理的一部分。

就綜合財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等價物包括 手頭現金及銀行存款,當中包括定期存款及性質 與現金相類的資產,該等存款用途不受限制。

#### 撥備

撥備乃於本集團因以往的事件導致現行的責任 (不論法定或推定)產生,並將有可能需要於日後 作出資源流出以履行責任時確認,惟須可靠地估 計有關責任的金額。

倘折現的影響重大,確認為撥備的金額則為預期 須用作履行責任的日後開支於報告期末的現值。 折現的現值因時間流逝而產生的升幅,乃於損益 表中列作融資成本。

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#### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (Continued)

#### Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition
  of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not
  a business combination and, at the time of the transaction,
  affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss;
  and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

 when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and

#### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 所得税

所得税包括即期及遞延税項。於損益以外確認項 目相關的所得稅於損益以外之其他全面收入或直 接於權益確認。

即期税項資產和負債按預期可自稅務機關收回或 須支付予稅務機關的金額,基於報告期末時已頒 布或實際已頒布的稅率(和稅法),計及本集團營 運所在國家現行詮釋及慣例計量。

在報告期末時,資產與負債的税基與作為財務報告用途的資產與負債賬面值之間的全部暫時性差異,須按負債法計提遞延税項撥備。

所有應課税暫時性差異均確認為遞延税項負債, 惟下列各項除外:

- 倘若遞延税項負債的起因,是由於商譽而產生,或在一宗非屬業務合併的交易中初步確認資產或負債,而於進行交易時,對會計利潤或應課稅利潤或虧損均無影響;及
- 對於與於附屬公司及聯營公司的投資的權益有關的應課稅暫時性差異而言,倘若撥回暫時性差異的時間可以控制,而暫時性差異不甚可能在可見將來撥回。

對於所有可扣減暫時性差異、結轉未動用税項抵 免及任何未動用税項虧損,若日後有可能出現應 課税利潤,可用以抵銷該等可扣減暫時性差異、 結轉未動用税項抵免及未動用税項虧損,則遞延 税項資產確認入賬,惟下列各項除外:

倘若有關可扣減暫時性差異的遞延税項資產的起因,是由於在一宗非屬業務合併的交易中初步確認資產或負債,而於進行交易時,對會計利潤或應課税利潤或虧損均無影響;及

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# **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### (Continued)

#### Income tax (Continued)

 in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

#### **Government grants**

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to the statement of profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments or deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and released to the statement of profit or loss by way of a reduced depreciation charge or over the benefits received by the Group related to such assets.

#### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 所得税(續)

對於與於附屬公司及聯營公司的投資的權益有關的可扣減暫時性差異而言,只有在暫時性差異有可能在可見將來撥回,而且日後有可能出現應課稅利潤,可用以抵銷該等暫時性差異時,方會確認遞延稅項資產。

遞延稅項資產的賬面值,在各報告期末時予以審閱,若不再可能有足夠應課稅利潤可用以抵扣全部或部分遞延稅項資產,則扣減遞延稅項資產賬面值。過往未予確認的遞延稅項資產於各報告期末時重新評估,而在可能有足夠應課稅利潤可用以抵扣全部或部分遞延稅項資產,則確認過往未予確認的遞延稅項資產。

變現資產或清償負債的期間預期適用的稅率,會 用作計量遞延稅項資產及負債,並以報告期末時 已經頒布或實際已經頒布的稅率(及稅法)為基 淮。

倘存在可依法執行的權利將即期稅項資產與即期 稅項負債抵銷,而遞延稅項與相同應課稅實體及 相同稅務機關有關,則遞延稅項資產及遞延稅項 負債互相抵銷。

#### 政府補助

政府補助於合理地確保本集團將取得該補助並將 可符合所有隨附條件時按公平值確認。與開支項 目有關的補助,則有系統地於擬作成本開銷期間 確認為收入。

當該補助與資產有關時,則以其公平值記錄於遞延收入中,再於有關資產之預計可使用年期內, 分期每年分攤計入損益表,或在資產之賬面值扣 除,並以扣減折舊費用方式或本集團從該資產得 到的得益之攤分方式計入損益表。

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#### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### (Continued)

#### Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) from the sale of properties, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the properties sold;
- rental income, on a time proportion basis over the lease terms; (b)
- (c) finance lease income, when the significant risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the properties have been transferred to the lessee:
- property management service and other revenue, when the services have been rendered:
- interest income, on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset; and
- (f) income from E-commerce and the provision of logistics and warehousing services, when the services have been rendered.

#### **Share-based payments**

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including Directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants after 7 November 2002 is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using an appropriate pricing model, further details of which are given in note 37 to the financial statements.

#### 收入確認

收入乃於經濟利益有可能流入本集團,並能夠可 靠地計量收入之時,按下列基準確認:

- (a) 來自銷售物業的收入,於所有權的重大風 險及回報已轉移予買家,而本集團並不保 留通常與所有權有關的管理權或對已售物 業的有效控制;
- 租金收入,在租賃期內按時間比例基準; (b)
- (c) 融資租賃收入,當物業擁有權相關的主要 風險及回報已轉移予承租人;
- 物業管理服務及其他收入,於提供服務時;
- (e) 利息收入,以計提基準,於金融工具的預 期年期或較短期間(如適用)內採用實際利 息法按估計未來現金收入準確折現至金融 資產賬面淨額的折現率; 及
- 電子商貿及提供物流倉儲服務收入,於提 供服務時。

#### 以股份形式付款

本公司營運購股權計劃,向為本集團業務成就作 出貢獻的合資格參與者提供獎勵及報酬。本集團 僱員(包括董事)按以股份形式付款方式收取薪 酬,僱員以提供服務作為權益工具的代價(「以權 益結算的交易」)。

與僱員之間於2002年11月7日後的以權益結算的 交易成本乃參考授出日期的公平值計量。公平值 乃由外聘估值師採用適當定價模式釐定,進一步 詳情載於財務報表附註37。

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## **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### (Continued)

#### **Share-based payments** (Continued)

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefit expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the statement of profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 以股份形式付款(續)

權益結算交易之成本在績效及/或服務條件達成之期間,連同權益之相應升幅一併確認。就權益結算交易於各告期間結束時至歸屬日期確認之累計開支,反映歸屬期屆滿之程度以及本集團就最終歸屬之權益工具數目之最佳估計。期內在損益表扣除或計入之金額,指於該期間期初及期終所確認之累計開支變動。

當一項以權益結算的獎勵註銷,會被視作猶如於 註銷當日歸屬,及並未就獎勵確認的任何開支將 即時確認。此乃包括受本集團或僱員控制的非歸 屬條件未能達成的任何獎勵。然而,如一項新獎 勵取代一項註銷獎勵,並於授出當日界定為取替 的獎勵,如上段所述,註銷及新獎勵兩者會被視 為原有獎勵的改動。

尚未行使購股權的攤薄影響用於計算每股盈利時 反映為額外股份攤薄。

釐定獎勵獲授當日之公平值時,並不計及服務及 非市場績效條件,惟在有可能符合條件的情況 下,則評估為本集團對最終將會歸屬權益工具數 目最佳估計之一部分。市場績效條件反映於獎 勵獲授當日之公平值。獎勵之任何其他附帶條件 (但不帶有服務要求)視作非歸屬條件。非歸屬條 件反映於獎勵之公平值,除非同時具服務及/或 績效條件,否則獎勵即時支銷。

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## **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**(Continued)

#### **Share-based payments** (Continued)

For awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met, no expense is recognised. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vesting irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

#### Other employee benefits

#### **Pension schemes**

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all of its employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their respective payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

#### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 以股份形式付款(續)

因非市場績效及/或服務條件未能達成而最終無歸屬之獎勵並不確認為支出。凡獎勵包含市場或非歸屬條件,無論市場條件或非歸屬條件獲履行與否,而所有其他績效及/或服務條件均獲履行,則交易仍被視為一項歸屬。

當以權益結算的獎勵的條款經修改,倘符合獎勵的原有條款,則會確認最低額度的開支,猶如條款未經修改。此外,就引致以股份形式付款的總公平值上升或以其他方式對僱員有利的任何改動(以改動當日的計量為準)確認開支。

#### 其他僱員福利

#### 退休金計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例為其所有香港僱員參與強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)營運一項定額供款強積金計劃。供款按僱員基本薪金的若干百分比作出,並於根據強積金計劃規則的規定於應付時自收益表扣除。強積金計劃的資產乃與本集團資產分開以獨立管理基金持有。本集團對強積金計劃作出的僱主供款,在供款作出時全數歸屬僱員。

本集團旗下在中國大陸營運的附屬公司的僱員, 須參與由地方市政府營運的中央公積金計劃。該 等附屬公司須按彼等各自的支薪成本的若干百分 比向中央公積金計劃作出供款。供款須按照中央 公積金計劃規則的規定於應付時在損益表內扣 除。

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## 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (Continued)

#### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

#### **Dividends**

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting.

#### Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measures at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

#### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 借貸成本

因收購、建設或生產合資格資產(即須頗長期間準備方可用作其擬定用途或銷售的資產)直接產生的借貸成本,乃作為該等資產的部分成本予以資本化。當資產大致達到擬定用途或銷售時,該等借貸成本則不再予以資本化。待作出合資格資產開支的特定借貸臨時投資所賺取的投資收入於借貸成本資本化時扣除。所有其他借貸成本會於發生當期支銷。借貸成本包括利息及其他由公司借貸資金而產生之費用。

#### 股息

當末期股息於股東大會上獲股東批准,該等股息則被確認為負債。

#### 外幣

此等財務報表按港元呈列,而港元為本公司的功能貨幣。本集團內各實體決定其本身的功能貨幣,而各實體的財務報表內各項目均使用該功能貨幣計量。本集團實體所入賬的外幣交易初步普遍按交易日期其各自的功能貨幣匯率入賬。以外幣為單位的貨幣資產及負債,乃按報告期末的功能貨幣匯率換算。因結算或換算貨幣項目產生的一切差額乃於損益表入賬。

按外幣的歷史成本計量的非貨幣項目按最初交易當日的匯率換算。按外幣公平值計量的非貨幣項目按釐定公平值當日的匯率換算。換算非貨幣項目產生的收益或虧損乃按與確認該項目的公平值變動產生按公平值的收益或虧損一致的方法處理(即公平值收益或虧損於其他全面收入或損益確認)。

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## **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### (Continued)

#### Foreign currencies (Continued)

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries and associates are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

## 3. Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

#### **Judgements**

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

#### Operating lease commitments – Group as lessor

The Group has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties which are leased out on operating leases.

#### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 外幣(續)

若干海外附屬公司及聯營公司的功能貨幣為港元 以外的貨幣。於報告期末時,該等實體的資產及 負債按報告期末時的匯率換算為港元,而該等公 司的損益表按該年度普遍的平均匯率換算為港 元。

所產生的匯兑差額確認為其他全面收入,並累計 於匯兑波動儲備。出售海外實體時,在其他全面 收入有關該特定海外業務的金額在損益表確認。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司的現金流量按現金流量日期的匯率換算為港元。海外附屬公司於年內經常產生的現金流量則按該年度的加權平均匯率換算為港元。

#### 3. 重大會計判斷及估計

編製本集團財務報表時需管理層作出影響於報告期末的收入、費用、資產及負債及其隨附披露事項以及或然負債之呈報金額的判斷、估計及假設。然而,此等假設及估計的不明朗因素將引致受影響之資產或負債賬面值於將來或作出重大調整。

#### 判斷

在應用本集團的會計政策的過程中,除該等涉及 估計者外,管理層已作出下列對財務報表確認的 金額有最重大影響的判斷:

#### 經營租賃承擔一本集團作為出租人

本集團已就其投資物業組合訂立商業物業租賃。 本集團已根據對該等安排的條款及條件作出的評 估來釐定,本集團仍保留該等按照經營租賃出租 的物業之所有權的所有重大風險及回報。

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# 3. Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates (Continued)

Judgements (Continued)

## Transfer from properties under development to investment properties

Properties under development are transferred to investment properties when there is a change in use with sufficient evidence. The Group determines whether a change in use has occurred based on an assessment of all relevant facts and circumstances, which include but are not limited to: (a) a business plan that reflects the future rental income generated by the property; (b) the resources to hold and manage an investment property; (c) legal permissibility for the change in use; and (d) the commencement of development if the property requires further development for the change in use. Any excess of fair value over the original carrying amount of such properties at the date of transfer was recognised as current year profit or loss.

#### Classification between investment properties and owneroccupied properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property, and has developed criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group considers whether a property generates cash flows largely independent of the other assets held by the Group. Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately or leased out separately under a finance lease, the Group accounts for the portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property.

#### **Estimation uncertainty**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below

### 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

判斷(續)

#### 發展中物業轉移至投資物業

當有充足證明用途轉變時,發展中物業轉移至投資物業。本集團乃基於所有相關事實及情況的評估釐定用途有否轉變,其中包括但不限於:(a)反映此物業將來產生租金收入的商業計劃:(b)持有及經營投資物業所需的資源:(c)容許改變有關用途的法律許可:及(d)如物業改變用途需其他開發,有關開發需開始進行。於轉移日期該等物業的公平值超出原賬面值的任何金額確認為本年度損益。

#### 投資物業與業主自用物業之間的分類

本集團釐定物業是否符合投資物業的條件,並已 制定出一套判斷準則。投資物業是持作賺取租金 或資本增值或兩者俱備的物業。因此,本集團考 慮物業產生現金流量時是否大體獨立於本集團持 有的其他資產。某些物業的部分是為賺取租金或 資本增值而持有,而另一部分是為用於生產或供 應貨品或服務或作行政用途而持有。倘若此,本 方可以分開出售或根據融資租賃分開出租,本 法 關將把有關部分分開入賬。倘若該等部分無 以分開出售,則僅在非主要部分持作生產或供應貨品 或服務或作行政用途時,有關物業方會列作投入 , 可以分開出售,則僅在非主要部分持作生產或供應貨品 或服務或作行政用途時,有關物業方會列作投入 , 可以分開出售。 以致物業不符合作為投資 物業的條件。

#### 估計的不確定因素

有關未來的主要假設以及於報告期末時存在重大 風險導致於下一個財政年度對資產及負債的賬面 值作出重大調整的其他主要估計不確定因素來源 在下文論述。

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## 3. Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates (Continued)

#### **Estimation uncertainty** (Continued)

#### Impairment of goodwill

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating units and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The carrying amount of goodwill at 31 March 2017 was HK\$34,128,000 (2016: HK\$34,128,000). Further details are given in note 17.

#### Estimation of fair value of investment properties

The Group engaged Savills Valuation and Professional Services Limited ("Savills"), an independent professional qualified valuer, to perform the valuation of the Group's investment properties at the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of investment properties at 31 March 2017 was HK\$42,191,542,000 (2016: HK\$34,814,188,000). Further details are given in note 14.

## Impairment allowances for trade receivables and other receivables

The Group estimates the impairment allowances for trade receivables and other receivables by assessing the recoverability based on historical recovery of the overdue trade receivables of respective ages and related prevailing market conditions. This requires the use of significant estimates and judgements. Allowances are applied to trade receivables and other receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, the difference will affect the carrying amounts of trade receivables and other receivables and thus the impairment loss in the period in which the estimate is changed. The Group reassesses the impairment allowance at the end of each reporting period. At 31 March 2017, the aggregate carrying amounts of trade receivables and other receivables were HK\$1,897,459,000 (2016: HK\$1,594,912,000).

#### Land appreciation tax

Under the Provisional Regulations on Land Appreciation Tax ("LAT") implemented upon the issuance of the Provisional Regulations of the PRC on 27 January 1995, all gains arising from the transfer of real estate properties in Mainland China with effect from 1 January 1994 are subject to LAT at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds from sales of properties less deductible expenditures including land use rights, borrowing costs and all property development expenditures.

### 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

### 估計的不確定因素(續)

#### 商譽減值

本集團至少每年釐定商譽是否減值。這需要對獲分配商譽的現金產生單位的使用價值作出估計。估計使用價值時,本集團須對現金產生單位的預期未來現金流量作出估計,亦須選擇適當的折現率以計算該等現金流量的現值。於2017年3月31日,商譽的賬面值為34,128,000港元(2016年:34,128,000港元)。詳情載於附註17。

#### 投資物業公平值估計

本集團委聘獨立專業合資格估值師第一太平戴維斯估值及專業顧問有限公司(「第一太平戴維斯」)進行本集團投資物業於報告期末時的估值。於2017年3月31日,投資物業的賬面值為42,191,542,000港元(2016年:34,814,188,000港元)。詳情載於附註14。

#### 應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項的減值撥備

本集團估計應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項的減值 撥備,方法是透過基於不同賬齡的逾期賬款之歷 史回收紀錄及相關的現行市況來評估可收回性。 此舉需要使用重大估計及判斷。倘事件或情況變 動顯示結餘不可收回,則須就應收貿易賬款及其 他應收款項作出撥備。倘預計數額與原先估計有 所不同,則此差額將影響有關估計變動期間的應 收貿易賬款及其他應收款項的賬面值以及減值虧 損。本集團於各報告期末時重新評估減值撥備。 於2017年3月31日,應收貿易賬款及其他應收款 項的賬面總值為1,897,459,000港元(2016年: 1,594,912,000港元)。

#### 土地增值税

根據於1995年1月27日頒布實施的中華人民共和國土地增值稅(「土地增值稅」)暫行條例實施細則,於中國大陸轉讓房地產物業產生的所有收益自1994年1月1日起須按介乎土地增值的30%至60%之累進稅率繳納土地增值稅。土地增值指出售物業所得款項減應課稅開支,包括土地使用權、借貸成本及所有物業開發開支。

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## 3. Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates (Continued)

#### **Estimation uncertainty** (Continued)

#### Land appreciation tax (Continued)

The subsidiaries of the Group engaging in the property development business in Mainland China are subject to LAT, which has been included in income tax. However, the implementation of these taxes varies amongst various Mainland China cities and the Group has not finalised its LAT returns with various tax authorities. Accordingly, significant judgement is required in determining the amount of land appreciation and its related taxes. The ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises these liabilities based on management's best estimates. When the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, the differences will impact the income tax and provisions for land appreciation taxes in the period in which the determination is made.

#### Withholding tax arising from the distribution of dividends

Withholding tax arising from the distribution of dividends pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate is 5%. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008. Further details are given in note 35.

### 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

### 估計的不確定因素(續)

#### 土地增值税(續)

本集團附屬公司於中國大陸從事物業開發業務, 須繳納土地增值税(計入所得税)。然而,中國大 陸的不同城市對土地增值稅的實施不盡相同,故 本集團並未完成向不同稅務機關申報土地增值 税。因此,有關釐定土地增值及相關稅項須作出 重大判斷。於日常業務中釐定的最終稅項金額並 不確定。本集團基於管理層之最佳估計確認該等 負債。當該等事宜之最終稅項支出與初步列賬之 數額出現差異時,該等差額將影響釐定稅項期間 之所得稅及土地增值稅撥備。

#### 股息分派產生的預扣税

股息分派產生的預扣税乃據中國企業所得稅法,在中國內地成立之外資企業向外國投資者宣派之股息需徵收10%預扣稅。該規定由2008年1月1日起生效,且適用於2007年12月31日後之盈利。倘中國內地與外國投資者司法管轄區內訂立稅務條約,則採用較低之預扣稅率。本集團適用的稅率為5%。因此,本集團須為於中國內地成立的附屬公司就2008年1月1日起產生之盈利分派股息而繳納預扣稅。進一步詳情載於附註35。

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## 3. Significant Accounting Judgements and 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續) **Estimates** (Continued)

**Estimation uncertainty** (Continued)

#### **Deferred tax assets**

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. The carrying value of deferred tax assets relating to recognised tax losses at 31 March 2017 was HK\$425,650,000 (2016: HK\$355,795,000). The amount of unrecognised tax losses at 31 March 2017 was HK\$772,673,000 (2016: HK\$652,542,000). Further details are contained in note 35 to the financial statements.

#### 4. Operating Segment Information

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has five reportable operating segments as follows:

- the property development segment engages in the development of integrated logistics and trade centers and residential and commercial ancillary facilities;
- (b) the property investment segment invests in integrated logistics and trade centers and residential and commercial ancillary facilities;
- (c) the property management segment engages in the management of the Group's developed properties;
- (d) the E-commerce segment engages in the development, operations and maintenance of an E-commerce platform; and
- (e) the "others" segment comprises, principally, the provision of advertising, exhibition, logistics and warehousing services, outlet operations, micro-credit services and other services.

### 估計的不確定因素(續)

#### 遞延税項資產

僅在可能取得應課税利潤作扣減虧損的情況下, 方確認由所有未動用税項虧損產生的遞延税項資 產。在釐定可予確認的遞延税項資產款項時, 管理層須根據可能的時間、未來應課税利潤的 水平連同未來税項計劃策略,作出重大的判斷。 於2017年3月31日,有關因税項虧損而確認的遞 延税項資產的賬面值為425,650,000港元(2016 年:355,795,000港元)。於2017年3月31日,未 確認的税項虧損為772,673,000港元(2016年: 652,542,000港元)。詳情載於財務報表附註35。

#### 4. 經營分部資料

就管理而言,本集團按其產品及服務劃分為不同 的業務單位,並具備以下五個可申報營運分部:

- (a) 物業發展分部從事發展綜合物流及商品交 易中心及住宅及商業配套設施;
- (b) 物業投資分部投資綜合物流及商品交易中 心及住宅及商業配套設施;
- 物業管理分部從事管理本集團的已建成物 業;
- (d) 電子商貿分部從事發展、經營及維持電子 商貿平台;及
- (e) 「其他」分部基本上包括提供廣告、展覽、 物流及倉儲服務、奧特萊斯經營、小額貸 款服務及其他服務。

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## 4. Operating Segment Information (Continued)

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit/(loss), which is a measure of adjusted profit/(loss) before tax. The adjusted profit/(loss) before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that interest income, finance costs, fair value gains from the Group's financial instruments, head office and corporate expenses are excluded from this measurement.

Segment assets exclude cash and cash equivalents and other unallocated head office and corporate assets as these assets are managed on a group basis.

Segment liabilities exclude interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, senior notes, medium-term notes, corporate bonds, domestic company bonds, short-term notes, tax payables and other unallocated head office and corporate liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

No geographical segment analysis is presented as the majority of the assets and operations of the Group are located in the PRC, which is considered as one geographical location in an economic environment with similar risks and returns.

There were no sale to a single customer which amounted to 10% or more of the Group's revenue during the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: Nil).

#### 4. 經營分部資料(續)

管理層會獨立監察營運分部之業績而作出資源分配決定及評定其表現。分部表現乃根據可呈報分部利潤/(虧損)(即經調整稅前利潤/(虧損))來評估。經調整稅前利潤/(虧損)與本集團稅前利潤計量方式一致,惟利息收入、融資成本、本集團金融工具公平值收益以及總辦事處及公司開支均無計算在內。

分部資產不包括現金及現金等價物及其他未分配 總辦事處及公司資產,原因為該等資產按集團整 體管理。

分部負債不包括計息銀行及其他借貸、優先票據、中期票據、企業債券、境內公司債券、短期融資券、應付稅項及其他未分配總辦事處及公司負債,原因為該等負債按集團整體管理。

分部間銷售及轉讓乃參考當時向第三方按市價作 出銷售的售價進行。

由於本集團的大部分資產及經營均位於中國(被 視為處於具類似風險及回報的經濟環境的一個地 理位置),本集團並無呈列地理分部分析。

截至2017年3月31日止年度,並無單一客戶的銷售為本集團收入貢獻10%或以上(2016年:無)。

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## 4. Operating Segment Information (Continued)

## 4. 經營分部資料(續)

Year ended 31 March 2017 截至2017年3月31日止年度		Property development 物業發展 HK\$'000 千港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Property management 物業管理 HK\$'000 千港元	E-commerce 電子商貿 HK\$'000 千港元	Others 其他 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue: Sales to external customers Intersegment sales	<b>分部收入</b> : 對外部客戶銷售 分部間銷售	6,240,553 –	699,716 92,965	288,822 59,450	213,674 268,469	395,745 71,556	7,838,510 492,440
		6,240,553	792,681	348,272	482,143	467,301	8,330,950
Elimination of intersegment sales	分部間銷售對銷					-	(492,440)
Revenue	收入						7,838,510
Segment results before increase in fair value of investment properties Increase in fair value of investment properties	投資物業公平值增加前 分部業績 投資物業公平值增加	2,925,144 –	484,560 4,549,509	15,622 -	213,276 -	228,499 -	3,867,101 4,549,509
Segment results after increase in fair value of investment properties	投資物業公平值增加後 分部業績	2,925,144	5,034,069	15,622	213,276	228,499	8,416,610
Unallocated cost of sales Interest income Gain on held-for-trading investments at fair value through profit or loss Unallocated income and gains Unallocated expenses Finance costs	未分配銷售成本 利息收入 透過損益以公平值列賬之 持作買賣投資的收益 未分配收入及收益 未分配開支 融資成本						(356,956) 71,603 3,770 650,654 (1,917,949) (275,478)
Profit before tax	税前利潤					-	6,592,254
Segment assets Reconciliation: Investments in associates Unallocated assets	分部資產 對賬: 於聯營公司的投資 未分配資產	31,976,084	43,001,921	71,402	80,726	1,479,843	76,609,976 82,497 12,283,360
Total assets	資產總值					-	88,975,833
Segment liabilities Reconciliation: Unallocated liabilities	<b>分部負債</b> <i>對賬:</i> 未分配負債	10,158,100	4,945,321	68,785	310,860	382,242	15,865,308 44,631,134
Total liabilities	負債總額					-	60,496,442
Other segment information: Depreciation Corporate and other unallocated amounts	<b>其他分部資料:</b> 折舊 公司及其他未分配金額	98,238	1,529	376	5,243	17,651 -	123,037 14,280
Increase in fair value of investment properties Capital expenditure*	投資物業公平值增加 資本開支*	_ 10,715,927	4,549,509 1,745	- 527	- 7,853	- 19,912	4,549,509 10,745,964

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## 4. Operating Segment Information (Continued)

## 4. 經營分部資料(續)

Year ended 31 March 2016 截至2016年3月31日止年度		Property development 物業發展 HK\$'000 千港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Property management 物業管理 HK\$'000 千港元	E-commerce 電子商貿 HK\$'000 千港元	Others 其他 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue: Sales to external customers Intersegment sales	<b>分部收入</b> : 對外部客戶銷售 分部間銷售	4,715,703 -	681,314 30,058	247,721 -	202,184 146,228	289,340 14,051	6,136,262 190,337
		4,715,703	711,372	247,721	348,412	303,391	6,326,599
Elimination of intersegment sales	分部間銷售對銷					_	(190,337)
Revenue	收入					_	6,136,262
Segment results before increase in fair value of investment properties Increase in fair value of investment properties	投資物業公平值增加前 分部業績 投資物業公平值增加	2,488,203 –	493,656 3,232,699	(44,460) -	202,169 -	181,566 -	3,321,134 3,232,699
Segment results after increase in fair value of investment properties	投資物業公平值增加後 分部業績	2,488,203	3,726,355	(44,460)	202,169	181,566	6,553,833
Unallocated cost of sales Interest income Loss on held-for-trading investments at fair value through profit or loss, net Unallocated income and gains	未分配銷售成本 利息收入 透過損益以公平值列賬之持作 買賣投資虧損,淨額 未分配以及收益						(362,081) 85,947 (5,525) 985,820
Unallocated expenses Finance costs	未分配開支 融資成本					-	(2,194,375) (159,386)
Profit before tax	税前利潤					_	4,904,233
Segment assets Reconciliation: Investments in associates Unallocated assets	<b>分部資產</b> <i>對賬:</i> 於聯營公司的投資 未分配資產	36,370,396	32,286,528	45,800	100,455	1,338,433	70,141,612 60,310 13,183,409
Total assets	資產總值					_	83,385,331
Segment liabilities	分部負債	5,610,040	5,164,724	56,657	544,419	288,382	11,664,222
Reconciliation: Unallocated liabilities	<i>對賬:</i> 未分配負債						45,352,644
Total liabilities	負債總額					_	57,016,866
Other segment information: Depreciation Corporate and other unallocated amounts	<b>其他分部資料</b> : 折舊 公司及其他未分配金額	98,266	1,495	403	3,242	14,445 _	117,851 33,034
							150,885
Increase in fair value of investment properties Capital expenditure*	投資物業公平值增加 資本開支*	- 8,973,136	3,232,699 18,032	- 345	- 6,181	- 9,676	3,232,699 9,007,370

<sup>\*</sup> Capital expenditure consists of additions to property, plant and equipment, prepaid land lease payments, properties under development and investment properties.

<sup>\*</sup> 資本開支包括物業、廠房及設備、預付土地出租 金、發展中物業及投資物業添置。

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## 5. Revenue, Other Income and Gains/(Losses), and Fair value gains on Investment Properties

Revenue represents the net sales of completed properties, finance lease income, rental income, income from the provision of property management services, E-commerce income and other revenue, net of sales tax and other sales related tax.

An analysis of revenue, other income and gains/(losses) is as follows:

### 5. 收入、其他收入及收益/(虧損),及 投資物業公平值收益

收入指扣除營業稅後竣工物業銷售淨額、融資租賃收入、租金收入、提供物業管理服務收入、電子商貿收入及其他收入(扣除銷售稅及其他銷售相關稅項)。

收入、其他收入及收益/(虧損)分析如下:

		Notes 附註	2017 HK\$′000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Sales of properties Finance lease income Rental income Property management service income E-commerce income Other revenue*	收入 物業銷售 融資租賃收入 租金收入 物等管理服務收入 電子商貿收入 其他收入*		5,794,215 446,338 699,716 288,822 213,674 395,745	4,164,135 551,568 681,314 247,721 202,184 289,340
			7,838,510	6,136,262
Other income Bank interest income Government grants** Others	<b>其他收入</b> 銀行利息收入 政府補貼** 其他		71,603 841,427 50,978	85,947 1,001,128 56,122
			964,008	1,143,197
Gains/(losses) Fair value gains/(losses) on held-for-trading investments at fair value through profit or loss, net Loss on redemption of the 2012 Notes and 2014 Notes Gain on purchase of the 2014 Notes Exchange losses, net	收益/(虧損) 透過損益以公平值列賬之 持作買賣投資收益/ (虧損),淨額 贖回2012年票據及 2014年票據之虧損 購買2014年票據之收益 滙兑虧損,淨額	31 31	3,770 (178,317) 597 (64,031)	(5,525) - - (71,430)
Exchange losses, het	/E/元准]]只 " / 伊 [识			
			(237,981)	(76,955)
			726,027	1,066,242
Fair value gains on investment properties	投資物業公平值收益	14	4,549,509	3,232,699

- \* Other revenue includes amounts of HK\$200,829,000 (2016: HK\$136,944,000) related to income from outlet operations and HK\$161,984,000 (2016: HK\$143,433,000) related to income from logistics and warehousing services.
- \*\* Various government grants have been received from the relevant government authorities to foster and support the development of the relevant projects of the Group in Mainland China. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these grants.
- \* 其他收入已包括奥特萊斯運營收入200,829,000 港元(2016年:136,944,000港元)及物流及 倉儲服務收入161,984,000港元(2016年: 143,433,000港元)。
- \*\* 若干政府補貼為相關政府部門給予本集團,以培育及扶持本集團於中國大陸項目的發展。該等補 貼沒有未履行之條件或或然事件。

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### 6. Profit Before Tax

#### The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

### 6. 税前利潤

本集團的税前利潤已扣除/(計入)下列各項:

		Notes 附註	2017 HK\$′000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of properties sold Cost of properties held for finance lease	已售物業成本 融資租賃物業成本		3,107,738 207,671	1,984,613 242,887
Depreciation Less: Depreciation capitalised in respect of	折舊 減:就發展中物業的	13	138,630	152,182
properties under development	資本化折舊		(1,313)	(1,297)
			137,317	150,885
Amortisation of prepaid land lease payments Minimum lease payments under operating leases in respect of land and buildings and	預付土地出租金攤銷 土地及樓宇及汽車於經營 租賃下的最低租金	16	27,020	23,618
vehicles Auditor's remuneration	+ <del>&gt;: 申</del> 5 台西 李芝杰以		10,008	9,239
Employee benefit expense (including directors' remuneration):	核數師薪酬 僱員福利開支(包括 董事薪酬):		4,100	4,080
Wages and salaries*	工資及薪金*		685,070	718,348
Equity-settled share option expense Pension scheme contributions	以權益結算的購股權開支 退休金計劃供款		30,612 100,761	29,341 107,938
			816,443	855,627
Provision for impairment of trade receivables**	應收貿易賬款減值撥備**	24	73,885	96,660
Loss on disposal of a joint venture**	處置一家合營公司虧損**	24	73,863	4,959
Loss on disposal of a joint venture  Loss on disposal of subsidiaries**  Loss on disposal of items of property,	處置附屬公司虧損** 出售物業、廠房及		-	444
plant and equipment**	設備項目虧損**		1,708	61

<sup>\*</sup> Included amounts of HK\$89,885,000 for the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$176,313,000), which were capitalised under properties under development.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Included in "Other expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss

<sup>\*</sup> 包括截至2017年3月31日止年度的金額 89,885,000港元(2016年:176,313,000港元), 已予以資本化計入發展中物業。

<sup>\*\*</sup> 計入綜合損益表「其他開支」項內。

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#### 7. Finance Costs

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

### 7. 融資成本

融資成本之分析如下:

#### For the year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度

		2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
		<u>千港元</u>	千港元
senior notes, medium-term notes, corporate bonds, domestic company bonds and short-term notes)	银行及其他借貸利息(包括優先票據、中期票據、企業債券、境內公司債券及短期融資券) 咸:資本化利息	2,061,894 (1,786,416)	2,049,155 (1,889,769)
Less. Interest capitalised	吸,其个10円心 	(1,700,410)	(1,005,705)
Total	總計	275,478	159,386

#### 8. Directors' Emoluments

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

#### 8. 董事酬金

根據香港聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)、香港公司條例第383(1)(a), (b), (c)及(f)條及公司(披露董事利益資料)規例第2部,於本年度的董事酬金披露如下:

		2017	2016
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Fees	袍金	4,640	4,640
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:		
Salaries, allowances, and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物福利	18,150	17,678
Performance-related bonuses*	與表現掛鈎的花紅*	32,576	34,957
Equity-settled share option expense	以權益結算的購股權開支	12,102	28,181
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	54	54
		67,522	85,510

- \* Certain executive directors of the Company are entitled to performance based bonus payments which are determined as a percentage of the Group's consolidated net profit attributable to owners of the parent excluding fair value gains on investment properties and related tax effects and loss on redemption of senior notes (in addition to any discretionary bonus (if any)) of the financial year.
- \* 本公司若干執行董事有權收取按該財政年度的未 計投資物業公平值收益及相關稅務影響和贖回優 先票據的虧損的母公司擁有人應佔淨利潤百分比 釐定基於表現之花紅(除任何酌情花紅(如有))。

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## **8. Directors' Emoluments** (Continued)

## (a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

## 8. 董事酬金(續)

## (a) 獨立非執行董事

年內付予獨立非執行董事的袍金如下:

			Equity-settled	
			share option	
		Fees	expense	Total
			以權益結算的	
		袍金	購股權開支	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
2017	2017年			
Leung Kwan Yuen Andrew	梁君彥	380	-	380
Li Wai Keung	李偉強	380	-	380
Hui Chiu Chung	許照中	380	-	380
Yung Wing Ki Samuel	容永祺	380	-	380
		1,520	_	1,520
			e 2	
			Equity-settled	
			share option	
		Fees		Total
		Fees	share option	Total
		Fees 袍金	share option expense	Total總計
			share option expense 以權益結算的	
		袍金	share option expense 以權益結算的 購股權開支	總計
2016	2016年	袍金 HK\$'000	share option expense 以權益結算的 購股權開支 HK\$'000	總計 HK\$′000
2016 Leung Kwan Yuen Andrew	2016年 梁君彥	袍金 HK\$'000	share option expense 以權益結算的 購股權開支 HK\$'000	總計 HK\$′000
		袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	share option expense 以權益結算的 購股權開支 HK\$'000	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Leung Kwan Yuen Andrew	梁君彥	袍金 HK\$'000 千港元 380	share option expense 以權益結算的 購股權開支 HK\$'000	總計 HK\$'000 千港元 380
Leung Kwan Yuen Andrew Li Wai Keung	梁君彥 李偉強	袍金 HK\$'000 千港元 380 380	share option expense 以權益結算的 購股權開支 HK\$'000	總計 HK\$'000 千港元 380 380
Leung Kwan Yuen Andrew Li Wai Keung Hui Chiu Chung	梁君彥 李偉強 許照中	袍金 HK\$'000 千港元 380 380 380	share option expense 以權益結算的 購股權開支 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元 380 380 380

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### **8. Directors' Emoluments** (Continued)

## Directors' Emoluments (Continued) (b) Executive directors and non-executive 8. 董事酬金(續) (b) 執行董事及非執行董事 directors

		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries, allowances, and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及 實物福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Performance- related bonuses 與表現掛鈎 的花紅 HK\$'000 千港元	Equity- settled share option expense 以權益結算的 購股權開支 HK\$'000 千港元	Pension scheme contributions 退休金計劃 供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
2017	2017年						
Executive directors: Cheng Chung Hing Leung Moon Lam* Fung Sing Hong Stephen	執行董事: 鄭松興 梁滿林* 馮星航		5,850 5,500 6,800	14,478 7,239 10,859	- - 12,102	18 18 18	20,346 12,757 29,779
		-	18,150	32,576	12,102	54	62,882
Non-executive directors:  Ma Kai Cheung  Sun Kai Lit Cliff  Ma Wai Mo  Cheng Tai Po  Lin Ching Hua**	非執行董事: 馬介璋 孫啟烈 馬偉武 鄭大報 林璟驊**	1,080 680 680 -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	1,080 680 680 -
		3,120	-	-	-	-	3,120
		3,120	18,150	32,576	12,102	54	66,002

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#### **8. Directors' Emoluments** (Continued)

# (b) Executive directors and non-executive directors (Continued)

### 8. 董事酬金(續)

## (b) 執行董事及非執行董事(續)

			Salaries,		Equity-		
			allowances,	Performance-	settled	Pension	
			and benefits	related	share option	scheme	
		Fees	in kind	bonuses	expense	contributions	Total
			薪金、津貼及	與表現掛鈎	以權益結算的	退休金計劃	
		袍金	實物福利	的花紅	購股權開支	供款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2016	2016年						
Executive directors:	執行董事:						
Cheng Chung Hing	鄭松興	-	5,850	13,167	-	18	19,035
Leung Moon Lam*	梁滿林*	-	5,763	10,582	7,222	18	23,585
Fung Sing Hong Stephen	馮星航		6,065	11,208	20,569	18	37,860
			17,678	34,957	27,791	54	80,480
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事:						
Ma Kai Cheung	馬介璋	1,080	-	-	-	-	1,080
Sun Kai Lit Cliff	孫啟烈	680	-	-	-	-	680
Ma Wai Mo	馬偉武	680	-	-	-	-	680
Cheng Tai Po	鄭大報	680	-	-	-	-	680
Lin Ching Hua**	林璟驊**		-	-	-	-	_
		3,120	_			_	3,120
		3,120	17,678	34,957	27,791	54	83,600

<sup>\*</sup> On 4 May 2017, Mr. Leung Moon Lam was re-designated from an executive director to a non-executive director of the Company, and Mr. Song Chuan and Ms. Cheng Ka Man Carman have been appointed as executive directors of the Company.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Mr. Lin Ching Hua, a non-executive director of the Company, has voluntarily decided not to receive any director's emolument in the future from the Company since his appointment on 28 June 2014, including a director's fee of HK\$380,000 per annum. Apart from this, there was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

<sup>\*</sup> 於2017年5月4日,梁滿林先生由本公司之 執行董事調任為非執行董事,而宋川先生 及鄭嘉汶女士獲委任為本公司之執行董事。

<sup>\*\*</sup> 本公司之非執行董事林璟驊先生自願不收取自2014年6月28日上任以後的任何本公司之董事酬金,包括董事酬金380,000港元。除此之外,於本年內無董事放棄或同意放棄酬金的安排。

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#### 9. Five Highest Paid Employees

The five highest paid employees during the year included three (2016: three) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration of the five highest paid employees for the year are as follows:

#### 9. 五位最高薪人士

年內,五位最高薪僱員分別包括三名董事(2016年:三名),其酬金已載於上文附註8。年內五名最高薪僱員酬金的詳情如下:

#### For the year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度

		<b>2017</b> HK\$′000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Performance-related bonuses Equity-settled share option expense Pension scheme contributions	薪金、津貼及實物福利 與表現掛鈎的花紅 以權益結算的購股權開支 退休金計劃供款	23,762 37,172 15,099 54	23,838 34,957 27,791 54
		76,087	86,640

The number of the five highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

介乎以下範圍的五名最高薪僱員人數如下:

## Number of employees 僱員人數

		2017	2016
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$5,000,000	3,000,001港元至5,000,000港元	_	2
HK\$5,000,001 to HK\$10,000,000	5,000,001港元至10,000,000港元	2	_
HK\$10,000,001 to HK\$20,000,000	10,000,001港元至20,000,000港元	1	1
HK\$20,000,001 to HK\$30,000,000	20,000,001港元至30,000,000港元	2	1
HK\$30,000,001 to HK\$40,000,000	30,000,001港元至40,000,000港元	-	1
		5	5

During the year and in prior years, share options were granted to non-director, highest paid employees in respect of their services to the Group, further details of which are included in the disclosure in note 37 to the financial statements. The fair value of those options, which is recognised in the statement of profit or loss over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above five highest paid employees' remuneration disclosures.

年內及以前年度,非董事最高薪僱員就其向本集團提供之服務而獲授購股權,其進一步詳情載於財務報表附註37。該等購權股的公平值(已於歸屬期間於損益表確認)乃於授出日期釐定,而載於本年度財務報表的金額已包括於上文五名最高薪僱員酬金的披露資料。

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#### 10. Income Tax

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2016: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group had no assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year (2016: Nil).

Taxes on profits assessable in Mainland China are calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the provinces in which the Group operates.

Under the relevant income tax law, the PRC subsidiaries are subject to corporate income tax ("CIT") at the statutory rate of 25% (2016: 25%) on their respective taxable income during the year.

The PRC LAT is levied at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds from the sale of properties less deductible expenditures including land costs, borrowing costs and all property development expenditures.

The major components of income tax expenses for the year are as follows:

### 10. 所得税

年內,於香港產生的估計應課税溢利乃按16.5% (2016年:16.5%)的税率計提。年內,由於本 集團概無源自香港的應課税利潤,故並無計提香 港利得税撥備(2016年:無)。

中國大陸的應課税溢利税項乃按本集團營運所在省份的現行税率計提。

根據相關所得税法,年內,中國附屬公司須就各 自應課税收入按法定税率25%(2016年:25%) 繳納企業所得税。

中國土地增值税按30%至60%不等的累進税率就土地價值(即物業銷售所得款項減包括土地成本、借貸成本及所有物業發展開支在內的可扣減開支)增值徵收。

年內,所得税開支主要部分如下:

			2017	2016
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元_
Current — Mainland China	即期-中國大陸		535,734	1,011,480
LAT in Mainland China	中國大陸土地增值税		499,504	(23,865)
Deferred Mainland China corporate income tax	遞延中國大陸企業所得税	35	1,234,054	382,842
Total tax charge for the year	年度税項支出總額		2,269,292	1,370,457

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### **10. Income Tax** (Continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rate to the tax expense at the Group's effective income tax rate is as follows:

### 10. 所得税(續)

按法定税率計算適用於税前利潤的税項開支與按 本集團本年度實際税率計算的税項開支的對賬如 下:

		2017	2016
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit before tax	税前利潤	6,592,254	4,904,233
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 16.5%	按16.5%法定税率計算的税項	1,087,722	809,198
Higher tax rates enacted by local authorities	地方機關制定的較高税率	561,293	416,656
Income not subject to tax	毋須繳税收入	(4,146)	(37,664)
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣税開支	150,390	51,975
Tax losses utilised from previous years	動用過往年度的税項虧損	(1,875)	_
Tax losses not recognised	未確認的税項虧損	52,360	80,078
LAT	土地增值税	499,504	(23,865)
Tax effect of LAT	土地增值税的税務影響	(124,875)	5,966
Adjustments in respect of current tax of	過往年度税項調整		
previous years		2,600	23,363
Effect of withholding tax on the distributable	按本集團的中國附屬公司的		
profits of the Group's PRC subsidiaries	可分配利潤而計算預扣		
	所得税的影響	46,319	44,750
Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	按本集團實際税率計算的		
Tax charge at the Group's effective fate	税項支出	2,269,292	1,370,457

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#### 11. Dividend

#### 11. 股息

#### For the year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度

		2017 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
Proposed final dividend — HK5.0 cents per ordinary share (2016: HK5.0 cents per ordinary share)	建議末期股息-每股普通股 5.0港仙(2016年:每股 普通股5.0港仙)	400,316	399,966

The proposed final dividend is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

12. Earnings Per Share Attributable to Ordinary 12. 歸屬於母沒 Equity Holders of the Parent 股盈利

The calculation of the basic earnings per share is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 8,006,206,931 (2016: 7,999,399,905) in issue during the year.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent. The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, as used in the basic earnings per share calculation, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise or conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

擬派末期股息須待本公司股東於應屆股東周年大 會批准後,方可作實。

### **12.** 歸屬於母公司普通股權益持有人之每 股盈利

每股基本盈利乃根據母公司普通股權益持有人應佔年內利潤及年內已發行8,006,206,931股(2016年:7,999,399,905股)普通股的加權平均數計算。

每股攤薄盈利乃根據母公司普通股權益持有人應 佔年內利潤計算。計算所用的普通股加權平均數 乃為計算每股基本盈利所用的年內已發行普通股 股數,而加權平均普通股數目乃假設行使或轉換 所有具潛在攤薄性的普通股為普通股按無償發 行。

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# 12. Earnings Per Share Attributable to Ordinary Equity Holders of the Parent (Continued)

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are based on:

## **12.** 歸屬於母公司普通股權益持有人之每 股盈利(續)

每股基本及攤薄盈利的計算乃基於:

### For the year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度

		2017	2016
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
<u>Earnings</u>	盈利		
Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the	用於計算每股基本及攤薄盈利		
parent, used in the basic and diluted earnings per	之母公司普通股權益持有人		
share calculation	應佔利潤	4,322,626	3,537,012

#### Number of shares 股數

		2017	2016
Shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year used in the basic earnings per share calculation  Effect of dilution — weighted average number of	股份 用於計算每股基本盈利之 年內已發行普通股的 加權平均數 攤薄影響一普通股加權平均數:	8,006,206,931	7,999,399,905
ordinary shares: Share options	購股權	4,562,237	29,764,395
		8,010,769,168	8,029,164,300

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## 13. Property, Plant and Equipment

## 13. 物業、廠房及設備

				Furniture, fixtures and		
			Buildings	equipment 傢俬、	Motor vehicles	Total
			樓宇	裝置及設備	汽車	總計
31 March 2017	2017年3月31日	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2016:	於2016年4月1日:					
Cost	成本		1,648,029	191,041	95,342	1,934,412
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊		(257,837)	(116,222)	(53,198)	(427,257)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨額		1,390,192	74,819	42,144	1,507,155
At 1 April 2016, net of accumulated depreciation	於2016年4月1日,已扣除累計折舊		1,390,192	74,819	42,144	1,507,155
Additions	添置		9,392	25,920	3,972	39,284
Transfer from properties under development	轉撥自發展中物業	15	153,687	_	_	153,687
Disposals	出售		(869)	(2,159)	(10,506)	(13,534)
Depreciation provided during the year	年度折舊撥備	6	(99,583)	(32,785)	(6,262)	(138,630)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整		(86,313)	(4,569)	(2,171)	(93,053)
At 31 March 2017, net of accumulated depreciation	於2017年3月31日,已扣除累計折舊		1,366,506	61,226	27,177	1,454,909
At 31 March 2017:	於2017年3月31日:					
Cost	成本		1,706,052	202,401	83,597	1,992,050
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊		(339,546)	(141,175)	(56,420)	(537,141)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨額		1,366,506	61,226	27,177	1,454,909

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## 13. Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

## 13. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

				Furniture, fixtures and		
			Buildings	equipment 傢俬、	Motor vehicles	Total
			樓宇	裝置及設備	汽車	總計
31 March 2016	2016年3月31日	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2015:	於2015年4月1日:					
Cost	成本		1,348,702	181,634	85,896	1,616,232
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	_	(160,597)	(89,394)	(38,010)	(288,001)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨額	_	1,188,105	92,240	47,886	1,328,231
At 1 April 2015, net of accumulated depreciation	於2015年4月1日,已扣除累計折舊		1,188,105	92,240	47,886	1,328,231
Additions	添置		3,854	21,316	13,220	38,390
Transfer from properties under development	轉撥自發展中物業	15	353,081	-	-	353,081
Disposals	出售		(1,095)	(4,712)	(646)	(6,453)
Depreciation provided during the year	年度折舊撥備	6	(104,867)	(30,615)	(16,700)	(152,182)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	_	(48,886)	(3,410)	(1,616)	(53,912)
At 31 March 2016, net of accumulated depreciation	於2016年3月31日,已扣除累計折舊	_	1,390,192	74,819	42,144	1,507,155
At 24 March 201C.	₩2046/#21/24/17 •					
At 31 March 2016: Cost	於2016年3月31日: 成本		1,648,029	191,041	95,342	1,934,412
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊		(257,837)	(116,222)	(53,198)	(427,257)
		_				
Net carrying amount	賬面淨額		1,390,192	74,819	42,144	1,507,155

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### 13. Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

Certain of the Group's buildings with aggregate carrying values of approximately HK\$416,046,000 as at 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$469,182,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 29).

At 31 March 2017, certificates of ownership in respect of certain buildings of the Group in the PRC with an aggregate net book value of approximately HK\$1,091,174,000 (2016: HK\$1,045,731,000) had not been issued by the relevant PRC authorities. The Group is in the process of obtaining the relevant certificates of ownership.

#### 14. Investment Properties

#### 13. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

於 2017 年 3 月 31 日 · 本 集 團 賬 面 總 值 約 416,046,000港元(2016年: 469,182,000港元) 的若干樓宇已抵押作為本集團獲授一般銀行融資的擔保(附註29)。

於2017年3月31日,本集團於中國賬面淨值合共約1,091,174,000港元(2016年:1,045,731,000港元)的若干樓宇未獲相關中國機關發出所有權證。本集團正在領取相關所有權證。

## 14. 投資物業

			2017	2016
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元_	千港元
Carrying amount at beginning of year	年初的賬面值		34,814,188	30,217,792
Additions	添置		263,180	928,586
Transfer from properties under	轉撥自發展中物業			
development		15	2,591,775	424,934
Transfer from completed properties	轉撥自竣工持作			
held for sale	銷售物業		2,495,481	1,843,953
Transfer to completed properties held for sale	轉撥至竣工持作銷售物業		(254,860)	(632,773)
Net gain from a fair value adjustment	公平值調整淨收益	5	4,549,509	3,232,699
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整		(2,267,731)	(1,201,003)
Carrying amount at end of year	年終的賬面值		42,191,542	34,814,188

The Group's investment properties were revalued on 31 March 2017 by Savills at RMB37,413,800,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$42,191,542,000) (2016: RMB28,949,100,000 (equivalent to HK\$34,814,188,000)), on an open market, existing use basis.

The Group's investment properties with aggregate carrying values of approximately HK\$21,221,695,000 as at 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$21,237,246,000), were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 29).

The Group's investment properties with aggregate carrying values of approximately HK\$35,866,724,000 as at 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$30,598,954,000), are subject to sales restriction (note 1(iv)).

第一太平戴維斯於2017年3月31日重估本集團的投資物業,按公開市場現有用途基準的價值為人民幣37,413,800,000元(相等於約42,191,542,000港元(2016年:人民幣28,949,100,000元(相等於約34,814,188,000港元))。

於 2017 年 3 月 31 日 · 本 集 團 賬 面 總 值 約 21,221,695,000港元(2016年: 21,237,246,000 港元)的投資物業已抵押作為本集團獲授一般銀行融資的擔保(附註29)。

於 2017 年 3 月 31 日 · 本 集 團 賬 面 總 值 約 35,866,724,000港元(2016年:30,598,954,000 港元)的投資物業受到銷售限制(附註1(iv))。

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#### 14. Investment Properties (Continued)

The Group's investment properties consist of trade centers, commercial and other ancillary facilities in Mainland China. The Group's investment properties were revalued on 31 March 2017 based on valuations performed by Savills, an independent professional qualified valuer, at HK\$42,191,542,000 on an open market, existing use basis. Each year, the Group's management decides to appoint which external valuer to be responsible for the external valuations of the Group's properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. The Group's finance department has discussions with the valuer on the valuation assumptions and valuation results twice a year when the valuation is performed for interim and annual financial reporting.

#### Fair value hierarchy

The following table illustrates the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's investment properties:

#### 14. 投資物業(續)

本集團的投資物業包括在中國的交易中心、商業及其他配套設施。根據一家獨立專業合資格估值師第一太平戴維斯進行的估值,本集團的投資物業於2017年3月31日的按公開市場現有用途基準重估價值達42,191,542,000港元。本集團的管理層每年決定委任負責對本集團物業進行外部估值的外聘估值師人選。篩選準則包括市場知識、聲、獨立性,以及是否維持專業水平。就中期及年度財務報告進行估值時,本集團的財務部與估值師每年就估值假設及估值結果進行兩次討論。

#### 公平值層級

本集團投資物業的公平值計量層級載於下表:

Fair value measurement as at 31 March 2017 using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) 於2017年3月31日 使用重大不可觀察元素 的公平值計量 (第3級)HK\$'000 千港元

Recurring fair value measurement for: Trade centers, commercial and other ancillary facilities 就以下各項的經常性公平值計量: 交易中心、商業及 其他配套設施

42.191.542

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# **14. Investment Properties** (Continued) Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

# **14.** 投資物業(續) 公平值層級(續)

Fair value measurement as at 31 March 2016 using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) 於2016年3月31日 使用重大不可觀察元素 的公平值計量 (第3級) HK\$'000 千港元

Recurring fair value measurement for: Trade centers, commercial and other ancillary facilities 就以下各項的經常性公平值計量: 交易中心、商業及 其他配套設施

34,814,188

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 (2016: Nil).

Below is a summary of the valuation technique used and the key inputs to the valuation of investment properties:

年內,第1級與第2級之間概無發生公平值計量的轉移,第3級亦無公平值計量轉入或轉出(2016年:無)。

以下為投資物業估值所用的估值技術及主要元素 的概要:

#### Significant

	Valuation technique 估值技術	unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察元素	Range 範圍		
			As at 31 March 2017 於2017年3月31日	As at 31 March 2016 於2016年3月31日	
Trade centers, commercial and other ancillary facilities 交易中心、商業及 其他配套設施	Income capitalisation method 收入資本化法	Market unit rental rate (RMB/sq. m./month) 市場單位租金 (人民幣/平方米/月)	27–149	41–144	
		Capitalisation rate 資本化率	3.00%-8.25%	3.00%-8.25%	

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## **14. Investment Properties** (Continued)

Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

The fair values of investment properties are determined principally using the income capitalisation method by capitalising the rental income derived from the existing tenancies with due provisions for the reversionary income potential of the properties. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the market unit rental rate and negatively correlated to the capitalisation rate. For the portions which were under construction, the expended construction costs and the costs that are expected to be expended to complete the properties have also been taken into account in arriving at their fair values.

#### 14. 投資物業(續) 公平值層級(續)

投資物業公平值主要按收入資本化法釐定,方法 是將現有租賃所得的租金收入資本化,並就物業 的潛在可復歸收入計提適當撥備。公平值計量與 市場租金成正比且與資本化率成反比。就正在建 造之部分,在確定公平值時,已支銷的建築成本 及完成開發項目預計將支銷的成本亦已被考慮在 內。

## 15. Properties Under Development

#### 15. 發展中物業

			2017	2016
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Carrying amount at beginning of year	年初的賬面值		4,252,854	3,697,166
Additions	添置		10,232,858	7,957,375
Transfer to property, plant and	轉撥至物業、			
equipment	廠房及設備	13	(153,687)	(353,081)
Transfer to investment properties	轉撥至投資物業	14	(2,591,775)	(424,934)
Transfer to prepaid land lease payments	轉撥至預付土地出租金	16	(31,564)	(182,681)
Transfer to completed properties held for sale	轉撥至已竣工持作			
and properties under development	銷售物業及發展中持作			
held for sale	銷售物業		(6,694,359)	(6,171,387)
Transfer to properties held for finance lease	轉撥至融資租賃物業		(282,736)	(115,950)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整		(237,781)	(153,654)
Carrying amount at end of year	年終的賬面值		4,493,810	4,252,854

Certain of the Group's properties under development with aggregate carrying values of approximately HK\$614,012,000 as at 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$779,665,000), were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 29).

During the current year, the Group had received government grants with a total amount of approximately RMB1,468,946,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,693,548,000), which were provided by the local government authorities to support infrastructure construction and development activities in connection with the Group's property development projects. The amount was deducted from the additions of properties under development for the year. An aggregate amount of approximately RMB1,043,679,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,203,258,000) (2016: RMB458,259,000 (equivalent to HK\$559,030,000)) which related to properties sold, has been credited to the cost of properties sold during the year.

於2017年3月31日,本集團賬面總值約 614,012,000港元(2016年:779,665,000港元) 的若干發展中物業已抵押作為本集團獲授一般銀 行融資的擔保(附註29)。

本年內,本集團取得總數為約人民幣 1,468,946,000元(相等於1,693,548,000港元) 由地方政府機關提供,旨在為集團物業發展項 目中有關於基礎建設工程及發展活動提供支持 的政府補貼。此金額已在添置發展中物業中 扣除。其中關於已售出物業累計金額約人民 幣 1,043,679,000 元 (相等於 1,203,258,000港 元)(2016年:人民幣458,259,000元(相等於 559,030,000港元))在年內於已售物業成本扣 除。

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## **16. Prepaid Land Lease Payments**

## 16. 預付土地出租金

		Notes 附註	<b>2017</b> HK\$'000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at beginning of year Additions Transfer from properties under development	年初的賬面值 添置 轉撥自發展中物業	15	1,019,969 210,642 31,564	802,642 83,019 182,681
Recognised during the year  Exchange realignment	年內確認 匯兑調整	6	(27,020) (62,027)	(23,618) (24,755)
Carrying amount at end of year Current portion included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables	年終的賬面值 計入預付款項、按金及 其他應收款項的即期部分		1,173,128	1,019,969
Non-current portion	非即期部分		1,146,108	966,351

## 17. Goodwill 17. 商譽

		HK\$'000 ——————————————————————————————————
At 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2017:	於2016年3月31日及2017年3月31日:	
Cost	成本	54,194
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	(20,066)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨額	34,128

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#### 17. Goodwill (Continued)

#### Impairment testing of goodwill

Goodwill acquired through business combinations have been allocated to the hotel cash-generating unit and the property leasing operation cash-generating unit for impairment testing.

- Hotel cash-generating unit
- Property leasing operation cash-generating unit

The carrying amount of goodwill allocated to each of the cashgenerating units is as follows:

#### 17. 商譽(續)

#### 商譽減值測試

透過業務合併收購的商譽已分配至酒店的現金產 生單位及物業租賃經營的現金產生單位作減值測 試。

- 酒店的現金產生單位
- 物業租賃經營的現金產生單位

分配於各現金產生單位的商譽賬面值如下:

	Hotel 酒店		Property leasing operation 物業租賃經營		Total 總額	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Carrying amount of goodwill   商譽賬面值	-	-	34,128	34,128	34,128	34,128

The Group has leased its hotel properties to an independent party. Full impairment loss of HK\$20,066,000 was provided on the goodwill related to the hotel operation of the Group in the previous year.

The recoverable amount of the property leasing operation cash-generating unit is determined based on a value-in-use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by senior management covering a five-year period.

The key assumptions adopted on the growth rate and discount rate used in the value-in-use calculation are based on management's best estimates. The growth rate of 5% is determined by considering both internal and external factors relating to the property leasing segment. The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections is 15%.

Management believes that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amounts of goodwill are based would not cause the carrying amounts of goodwill to exceed their recoverable amounts.

本集團已出租其酒店物業予一個獨立第三方。有關本集團的酒店營運的商譽在以前年度已計提了全部的減值虧損,金額為20,066,000港元。

物業租賃經營的現金產生單位的可收回金額使用 價值計算法確定。該計算法使用以高級管理層批 准為期五年的財務預算為基準的現金流量預測。

價值計算法中的增長率及貼現率採用的主要假設 是以管理層的最佳預測為基準。5%的增長率是 考慮有關物業租賃分部的內部及外部因素而確 定。現金流量預測的貼現率為15%。

管理層相信商譽可收回金額的主要假設,如有任何合理性的可能改變,都不會引致商譽賬面值大於其可收回金額。

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#### 18. Investments in Associates

#### 18. 於聯營公司的投資

		<b>2017</b> HK\$′000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
Due from associates Due to associates	應收聯營公司款項 應付聯營公司款項	82,497 –	63,626 (3,316)
		82,497	60,310

The amounts due from/(to) associates included in investments in associates above are unsecured, interest-free and are not expected to be repaid in one year.

Particulars of the associates are as follows:

計入上述於聯營公司的投資的應收/(應付)聯營公司款項為無抵押、免息及預期不會在一年內償還。

#### 聯營公司詳情如下:

Name	Place of registration and business	up registered capital	Date of registration	to ti as at :	ributable ne Group 81 March 83月31日	Principal activities
名稱	註冊及經營地點	已發行及繳足 註冊資本面值	註冊日期		集團應佔 益百分比 2016 %	主要業務
China South Intimex Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. 華南泰美科技(深圳)有限公司	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元	18 January 2004 18-01-2004	30	30	Website and software development 網站及軟件開發
Harbin Huayilong Fur Market Co., Ltd. 哈爾濱華億龍皮草城有限公司	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB21,000,000 人民幣21,000,000元	17 January 2014 17-01-2014	25	25	Property leasing 物業租賃

The associates have a financial year end of 31 December. The consolidated financial statements are adjusted for the material transactions between the associates and the group companies between 1 January and 31 March annually.

The associates have been accounted for using the equity method in these financial statements.

The Group has discontinued the recognition of its share of losses of the aforesaid associates because the share of losses of these associates exceeded the Group's interest in the associates and the Group has no obligation to take up further losses. The amounts of the Group's unrecognised share of losses of these associates for the current year and cumulatively were HK\$7,280,000 (2016: HK\$8,656,000) and HK\$31,374,000 (2016: HK\$24,094,000), respectively.

聯營公司的財政年度乃截至12月31日止。綜合 財務報表就每年1月1日至3月31日期間聯營公司 與集團成員公司之間的重大交易作出調整。

聯營公司乃以權益法於此等財務報表入賬。

因應佔聯營公司之虧損之超過本集團於聯營公司的投資及本集團並無義務承擔其他虧損,所以本集團已停止確認其對於以上聯營公司的應佔之虧損。本集團於本年度及累計並無確認之應佔聯營公司之虧損金額分別為7,280,000港元(2016年:8,656,000港元)及31,374,000港元(2016年:24,094,000港元)。

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#### 18. Investments in Associates (Continued)

The following table illustrates the aggregate financial information of the Group's associates:

### 18. 於聯營公司的投資(續)

下表列示摘錄本集團聯營公司的財務資料概要:

		2017	2016
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Assets	資產	9,270	11,934
Liabilities	負債	94,646	72,606
Revenue	收入	12,941	4,178
Loss	虧損	(29,119)	(34,515)

#### 19. Available-for-sale Investments

#### 19. 可供出售金融投資

		2017	2016
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Unlisted equity investments, at cost	按成本計算的非上市權益投資	175,512	175,512

As at 31 March 2017, certain unlisted equity investments with a total carrying amount of HK\$175,512,000 (2016: HK\$175,512,000) were stated at cost less impairment because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors are of the opinion that their fair value cannot be measured reliably. The Group does not intend to dispose of them in the near future.

由於賬面總值為175,512,000港元(2016年: 175,512,000港元)的可供出售金融投資的合理公平值估計範圍頗大,致使董事認為其公平值不能可靠地計量,故於2017年3月31日按成本減去減值計量。本集團並無意向於不久將來出售此等投資。

### 20. Other Long-term Receivables

#### 20. 其他長期應收款項

		2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Finance lease receivables* Other long-term receivables	融資租賃應收款項* 其他長期應收款項	1,105 4,821	1,758 2,421
		5,926	4,179

- \* The balance represents entrusted loans provided by the Group to lessees through Shanghai Pudong Development Bank in connection with the finance lease of its properties. The finance lease receivables, which bear interest at rates ranging from 6.534% to 8.613% per annum, are repayable by monthly instalments within 10 years. The carrying amounts of the finance lease receivables approximate to their fair values. The amounts of the current portion of the finance lease receivables as at 31 March 2017 was HK\$3,438,000 (2016: HK\$7,910,000) which was included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables (note 25).
- \* 結餘指本集團就其物業的融資租賃,透過上海浦東發展銀行向承租人提供的委託貸款。融資租賃應收款項按年利率介乎6.534%至8.613%計息,並須於10年內每月分期償還。融資租賃應收款項的賬面值與其公平值相若。於2017年3月31日,融資租賃應收款項的即期部分金額為3,438,000港元(2016年:7,910,000港元)並已計入預付款項、按金及其他應收款項(附註25)。

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## 21. Deposits Paid for Purchase of Land Use Rights

The balance represents deposits paid for acquisitions of land use rights for parcels of land in Mainland China. The carrying amounts of the deposits paid for the purchase of land use rights approximate to their fair values.

## 21. 購買土地使用權支付的按金

該結餘指在中國大陸收購地塊的土地使用權所支付的按金。購買土地使用權支付的按金的賬面值 與其公平值相若。

### 22. Properties Held for Sale

## 22. 持作銷售物業

		2017 HK\$′000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
Completed properties held for sale	持作銷售竣工物業	11,861,981	12,283,168
Properties under development expected to be	預期於正常營運週期內		
completed within the normal operating cycle	竣工的發展中物業	11,985,452	12,895,878
		23,847,433	25,179,046
Properties under development expected to be	發展中物業預期竣工及		
completed and ready for sale	可作銷售		
Within one year	一年內	5,452,105	8,055,546
Beyond one year	一年後	6,533,347	4,840,332
Total	總值	11,985,452	12,895,878

Certain of the Group's properties held for sale with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$2,922,085,000 (2016: HK\$3,644,590,000) at the end of the reporting period were pledged to secure the bank loans granted to the Group (note 29).

於報告期末時,賬面值合共2,922,085,000港元 (2016年:3,644,590,000港元)的本集團若干持作銷售物業已抵押作為本集團獲授銀行貸款的擔保(附註29)。

#### 23. Inventories

#### 23. 存貨

		2017	2016
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Finished goods	成品	137,555	53,535

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#### 24. Trade Receivables

#### 24. 應收貿易賬款

		2017 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables Impairment	應收貿易賬款 減值	1,534,478 (296,250)	1,388,129 (238,856)
		1,238,228	1,149,273

Trade receivables represent sales income, rentals receivable and service income receivables from customers which are payable on issuance of invoices or in accordance with the terms of the related sale and purchase agreements. The Group generally allows a credit period of not exceeding 60 days to its customers. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. In view of this and the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing. The carrying amounts of the trade receivables approximate to their fair values.

應收貿易賬款指於出具發票時應收或根據相關買賣協議條款應收客戶的銷售收入、應收租金及服務收入。本集團一般提供不超過60天信貸期予客戶。高級管理層定期審閱逾期結餘。有鑑於此及本集團的應收貿易賬款與大量不同客戶有關,故並無重大集中信貸風險。應收貿易賬款為免息。應收貿易賬款賬面值與其公平值相若。

An aged analysis of the trade receivables based on the payment due date as at the end of the reporting period, net of provision, is as follows:

於報告期末時,根據付款到期日,應收貿易賬款 扣除撥備後的賬齡分析如下:

		2017	2016
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元 	千港元
Within 1 month	1個月以內	799,741	550,292
1 to 2 months	1至2個月	36,535	108,926
2 to 3 months	2至3個月	38,633	39,340
Over 3 months	逾3個月	363,319	450,715
		1,238,228	1,149,273

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### 24. Trade Receivables (Continued)

The movements in provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

### 24. 應收貿易賬款(續)

應收貿易賬款的減值撥備變動如下:

			2017	2016
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Carrying amount at beginning of year	年初的賬面值		238,856	141,788
Provision for impairment of trade receivables	應收貿易賬款減值撥備	6	73,885	96,660
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整		(16,491)	408
Carrying amount at end of year	年終的賬面值		296,250	238,856

The aged analysis of the trade receivables that are not individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

個別或合計均不被視為減值的應收貿易賬款的賬 齡分析如下:

		2017	2016
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Neither past due nor impaired	未逾期及未減值	719,415	297,010
Less than 1 month past due	逾期少於1個月	80,326	253,282
1 to 3 months past due	逾期1至3個月	75,168	148,266
Over 3 months past due	逾期3個月以上	363,319	450,715
		1,238,228	1,149,273

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired and past due but not impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default. The Group would not release the property ownership certificates to the buyers before the buyers fully settle the payment.

未逾期及未減值以及已逾期但未減值的應收款項 與大量不同客戶有關,彼等最近並無欠款記錄。 在買家全數清償付款前,本集團不會向其發出房 產證。

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## 25. Prepayments, Deposits and Other Receivables

### 25. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

		Note 附註	<b>2017</b> HK\$'000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
Prepayments  Deposits and other receivables  Current portion of finance lease receivables	預付款項 按金及其他應收款項 融資租賃應收款項之		413,497 649,867	286,265 433,550
	即期部分	20	3,438	7,910
			1,066,802	727,725

The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

於上述結餘入賬的金融資產最近並無欠款記錄。

# 26. Held-for-Trading Investments at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

# 26. 透過損益以公平值列賬之持作買賣投資

	2017	2016
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
Listed investment funds at market value 按市值計算的上市投資基金	<u> </u>	27,365

The above listed investment funds at 31 March 2016 were classified as held-for-trading upon initial recognition, and designated by the Group as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss since they were acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. The investment funds have been fully disposed of in March 2017.

於2016年3月31日,上述上市投資基金初步確認時分類為持作買賣,由於收購或產生主要為於短期內銷售或購回,故本集團將其指定為透過損益以公平值列賬的金融資產。此投資基金已於2017年3月全數出售。

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#### 27. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

#### 27. 現金及現金等價物及受限制現金

		<b>2017</b> HK\$'000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash and bank balances Less: Restricted cash*	現金及銀行結餘 減:受限制現金*	10,490,909 (2,468,889)	11,686,695 (2,358,888)
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	8,022,020	9,327,807

- \* Restricted cash mainly comprises: (i) guarantee deposits for the mortgage loan facilities granted by the banks to purchasers of the Group's properties; (ii) guarantee funds of construction projects to meet local authorities' requirements; (iii) certain amounts of presale proceeds from properties placed as guarantee deposits for the construction of related properties; and (iv) certain amounts of proceeds from lease of properties which have been placed as guarantee deposits for the borrowings.
- \* 受限制現金主要包括:(i)就購買本集團物業之買家獲銀行授予的按揭貸款融資的保證按金:(ii)建設項目的保證金,以符合當地機關的要求:(iii)物業預售的若干所得款項金額,以作為相關物業建設的保證按金;及(iv)租賃物業的若干出租所得款項金額以作為借貸保證的保證按金。

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and cash equivalents of the Group denominated in RMB amounted to HK\$4,628,388,000 (2016: HK\$7,709,882,000). RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

於報告期末,本集團以人民幣為單位的現金及現金等價物達4,628,388,000港元(2016年:7,709,882,000港元)。人民幣並不可自由兑換為其他貨幣,然而,根據中國大陸的外匯管制條例及結匯、付匯及售匯規定,本集團可以透過獲准進行外匯業務的銀行將人民幣兑換為其他貨幣。

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances and restricted cash are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

存於銀行之現金根據每日銀行存款利率之浮動利率賺取利息。短期定期存款的存款期各異,由一天至三個月不等,視乎本集團即時的現金需求而定,而利息則按各個短期定期存款利率賺取。銀行結餘及受限制現金乃存放於信譽良好且近期並無欠款記錄的銀行。

Certain of the Group's bank deposits with a carrying amount of HK\$450,801,000 as at 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$245,330,000), were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 29).

於 2017 年 3 月 31 日 , 本 集 團 賬 面 總 值 為 450,801,000港元(2016年: 245,330,000港元) 的若干存款已抵押作為本集團獲授一般銀行融資的擔保(附註29)。

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#### 28. Trade and Other Payables

#### 28. 貿易及其他應付款項

		Notes 附註	<b>2017</b> HK\$′000 千港元	2016 HK\$′000 千港元
Other payables and accruals  Notes payable  Deposits and receipts in advance	其他應付款項及應計項目 應付票據 按金及預收款項	(i)	2,069,844 604,917 8,099,540	2,514,025 203,708 4,184,827
Construction fee and retention payables	應付建築費用及保留金	(ii)	5,988,917	6,367,164 13,269,724

- (i) An aged analysis of the Group's notes payable presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period is as follows:
- (i) 於報告期末本集團基於發票日之應付票據 的賬齡分析如下:

		<b>2017</b> HK\$'000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
1 to 3 months Over 3 months	1至3個月 超過3個月	50,264 554,653	72,625 131,083
		604,917	203,708

- (ii) An aged analysis of the construction fee and retention payables as at the end of the reporting period is as follows:
- (ii) 於報告期末建築費用及保留金應付款項的 賬齡分析如下:

		<b>2017</b> <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 1 year Over 1 year	1年內 超過1年	5,595,795 393,122	6,152,501 214,663
		5,988,917	6,367,164

The construction fee and retention payables are non-interestbearing and repayable within the normal operating cycle or on demand.

The other payables are non-interest-bearing.

應付建築費用及保留金為免息及須於一般業務週期或應要求償還。

其他應付款項為免息。

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### 29. Interest-Bearing Bank and Other Borrowings 29. 計息銀行及其他借貸

			2017			2016	
		Effective interest rate (%)			Effective interest rate (%)		
		實際利率 (%)	Maturity 到期	HK\$'000 千港元	實際利率 (%)	Maturity 到期	HK\$'000 千港元
Current	即期						
Bank loans – unsecured	銀行貸款-無抵押	4.35%-5.66%	2017–2018	1,930,622	3.30%-6.00%	2016–2017	1,712,502
Bank loans – secured	銀行貸款-有抵押	4.79%-5.22%	2017–2018	806,306	3.97%-5.34%	2016–2017	1,691,277
Current portion of long term	長期銀行及其他借貸的						
bank and other borrowings:	即期部分:						
Bank loans – unsecured	銀行貸款-無抵押	4.55%-5.70%	2017–2018	592,043	5.15%-7.50% HIBOR+2.65%	2016–2017	654,767
Bank loans – secured	銀行貸款-有抵押	4.41%-6.18%	2017–2018	3,713,654	4.41%-7.48%	2016–2017	3,598,332
						-	
				7,042,625		-	7,656,878
Non-current	非即期						
Bank loans – unsecured	銀行貸款-無抵押	4.55%-5.70%	2018–2020	310,118	5.15%-5.46%	2017–2020	601,300
Bank loans – secured	銀行貸款-有抵押	4.41%-6.18%	2018–2025	6,059,719	4.41%-7.48%	2017–2022	8,364,563
						-	
				6,369,837		-	8,965,863
				13,412,462			16,622,741

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#### 29. Interest-Bearing Bank and Other Borrowings 29. 計息銀行及其他借貸(續)

(Continued)

		2017 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
Analysed into: Bank loans repayable:	分析列為: 須於以下期間償還的 銀行貸款:		
Within one year or on demand In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive	一年內或應要求 第二年 第三至第五年 (包括首尾兩年在內)	7,042,625 3,571,816 2,545,191	7,656,878 4,368,426 4,291,375
Beyond five years	五年後	252,830 13,412,462	306,062 16,622,741

Bank loans with a total amount of HK\$10,579,679,000 (2016: HK\$13,654,172,000) are secured by:

- (i) Certain of the Group's buildings with aggregate carrying values of approximately HK\$416,046,000 as at 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$469,182,000) (note 13);
- (ii) Certain of the Group's investment properties situated in Mainland China with aggregate carrying values of approximately HK\$21,221,695,000 as at 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$21,237,246,000) (note 14);
- (iii) Certain of the Group's properties under development situated in Mainland China with aggregate carrying values of approximately HK\$614,012,000 as at 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$779,665,000) (note 15);
- (iv) Certain of the Group's properties held for sale with aggregate carrying values of approximately HK\$2,922,085,000 as at 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$3,644,590,000) (note 22); and
- (v) Certain of Group's bank deposits with a carrying amount of HK\$450,801,000 as at 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$245,330,000) (note 27).

All interest-bearing borrowings of the Group are denominated in RMB and bear interest at floating rates ranging from 4.35% to 6.18% per annum (2016: 3.30% to 7.50% per annum), except for bank loan equivalent to HK\$300,000,000 at 31 March 2016 was denominated in Hong Kong dollars and bore interest at floating rate of HIBOR+ 2.65%.

總共10,579,679,000港元(2016年:13,654,172,000港元)的銀行貸款以下列各項抵押:

- (i) 於2017年3月31日賬面總值約416,046,000 港元的本集團若干樓宇(2016年: 469,182,000港元)(附註13);
- (ii) 於 2017 年 3 月 31 日 賬 面 總 值 約 21,221,695,000 港 元 的 本 集 團 位 於 中國大陸的若干投資物業(2016年: 21,237,246,000港元)(附註14):
- (iii) 於2017年3月31日賬面總值約614,012,000 港元的本集團位於中國大陸的若干發展中 物業(2016年:779,665,000港元)(附註 15):
- (iv) 於 2017 年 3 月 31 日 賬 面 總 值 約 2,922,085,000港元的本集團若干持作銷售 物業(2016年:3,644,590,000港元)(附註 22):及
- (v) 於2017年3月31日賬面總值達450,801,000 港元的本集團若干銀行存款(2016年: 245,330,000港元)(附註27)。

除於2016年3月31日一筆300,000,000港元銀行貸款以港元為單位及按香港銀行同業拆息加2.65%之浮動利率計息外,本集團所有計息借貸均以人民幣為單位,並按每年4.35%至6.18%的浮動利率計息(2016年:每年3.30%至7.50%的浮動利率)。

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### 29. Interest-Bearing Bank and Other Borrowings

#### (Continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's bank and other borrowings approximate to their fair values, which have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows at the prevailing interest rates.

#### 30. Short-Term Notes

The Group issued the following short-term notes in the current and prior years:

- (i) On 9 September 2015, China South International completed the issuance of the first tranche of short-term notes of 2015 (the "2015 First tranche STN") with a total principal amount of RMB2,100,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$2,559,480,000) in the national inter-bank market of the PRC. The 2015 First tranche STN carry interest at the rate of 4.3% per annum, payable on 9 September in arrears, and would mature on 9 September 2016. The amount was fully settled in September 2016.
- (ii) On 13 September 2016, China South International completed the issuance of the first tranche of short-term notes of 2016 (the "2016 First tranche STN") with a total principal amount of RMB1,200,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,395,187,000) in the national inter-bank market of the PRC. The 2016 First tranche STN carry interest at the rate of 4.9% per annum, payable on 13 September in arrears and will mature on 13 September 2017.

The fair value of the short-term notes at 31 March 2017 amounted to HK\$1,385,038,000 (2016: HK\$2,588,000,000). The fair value is calculated using the market price of the short-term notes on 31 March 2017.

#### 29. 計息銀行及其他借貸(續)

本集團計息銀行及其他借貸的賬面值與其公平值相若,乃按預期日後現金流量以當時利率貼現計算。

#### 30. 短期融資券

本集團於本年及以前年度發行以下短期融資券:

- (i) 華南國際於2015年9月9日完成在中國銀行間市場發行2015年第一期短期融資券,本金總額為人民幣2,100,000,000元(相等於為2,559,480,000港元)。2015年第一期短期融資券年利率為4.3%,每年於9月9日後支付,並將於2016年9月9日到期。其金額已於2016年9月全數支付。
- (ii) 華南國際於2016年9月13日完成在中國銀行間市場發行2016年第一期短期融資券,本金總額為人民幣1,200,000,000元(相等於1,395,187,000港元)。2016年第一期短期融資券年利率為4.9%,每年於9月13日後支付,並將於2017年9月13日到期。

於2017年3月31日,短期融資券的公平值達 1,385,038,000港元(2016年:2,588,000,000港元)。公平值乃使用短期融資券於2017年3月31 日的市場價格計算。

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#### 31. Senior Notes

The Group issued the following senior notes in the current and prior years:

On 17 October 2012, the Company issued senior notes with (i) an aggregate principal amount of US\$125,000,000 (the "2012 Notes"). The 2012 Notes are listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited. The 2012 Notes carry interest at 13.5% per annum, payable semi-annually on 17 April and 17 October in arrears, and will mature on 17 October 2017, unless redeemed earlier. The offering price was at 97.381% of the principal amount of the 2012 Notes.

At any time on or after 17 October 2015, the Company may redeem the 2012 Notes, in whole or in part, at a redemption price equal to the percentage of the principal amount set forth below plus accrued and unpaid interest as of (but not including) the redemption date if redeemed during the twelvemonth period beginning on 17 October of each of the years indicated below:

Period	Redemption price
2015	106.750%
2016 and thereafter	103.375%

At any time prior to 17 October 2015, the Company may at its option redeem the 2012 Notes, in whole but not in part, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2012 Notes plus the applicable premium and accrued and unpaid interest, if any, as of (but not including) the redemption date.

At any time prior to 17 October 2015, the Company may redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the 2012 Notes with net cash proceeds of one or more sales of common stock of the Company in an equity offering at a redemption price of 113.5% of the principal amount of the 2012 Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to (but not including) the redemption date, provided that at least 65% of the aggregate principal amount of the 2012 Notes originally issued remains outstanding after each such redemption and any such redemption takes place within 60 days after the closing of the related sale of the Company's capital stock and is subject to certain conditions.

#### 31. 優先票據

本集團於本年及以前年度發行以下優先票據:

於2012年10月17日,本公司發行本金總額 125.000.000美元的優先票據(「2012年票 據」)。2012年票據於新加坡證券交易所有 限公司上市。2012年票據按年利率13.5% 計息,每半年於4月17日及10月17日期後 支付,並將於2017年10月17日到期(除非 提早贖回)。發售價為2012年票據本金額 的97.381%。

於2015年10月17日或之後任何時候,本 公司可按相等於下述本金額百分比的贖回 價,另加截至贖回日期(但不包括該日)的 累計及未付利息,贖回全部或部分2012年 票據(倘於下文所示各年度10月17日開始 的12個月期間內贖回):

期間	贖回價
2015年	106.750%
2016年及之後	103.375%

於2015年10月17日前任何時間,本公司 可按相等於2012年票據本金額100%的贖 回價,另加截至贖回日期(但不包括該日) 2012年票據的適用溢價以及累計及未付利 息(如有),贖回全部但非部分2012年票 據。

於2015年10月17日前任何時間,本公司可 以在股份發售中進行一次或多次銷售本公 司普通股所得的現金款項淨額,按2012年 票據本金額113.5%的贖回價,另加截至贖 回日期(但不包括該日)的累計及未付利息 (如有),贖回最多2012年票據本金總額的 35%,惟每次贖回後2012年票據原發行本 金總額最少65%須仍未贖回,且任何有關 贖回須於相關本公司股本銷售結束後60日 內進行及受限於若干條件。

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Period

#### **31. Senior Notes** (Continued)

On 29 January 2014, the Company issued senior notes with an aggregate principal amount of US\$400,000,000 (the "2014 Notes"). The 2014 Notes are listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited. The 2014 Notes carry interest at the rate of 8.25% per annum, payable semi-annually on 29 January and 29 July in arrears, and will mature on 29 January 2019, unless redeemed earlier. The offering price was at 98.999% of the principal amount of the 2014 Notes.

At any time and from time to time on or after 29 January 2017, the Company may redeem the 2014 Notes, in whole or in part, at a redemption price equal to the percentage of the principal amount set forth below plus accrued and unpaid interest as of (but not including) the redemption date if redeemed during the twelve-month period beginning on 29 January of each of the years indicated below:

2017	104.1250%
2018 and thereafter	102.0625%

**Redemption price** 

At any time prior to 29 January 2017, the Company may at its option redeem the 2014 Notes, in whole but not in part, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2014 Notes plus the applicable premium and accrued and unpaid interest, if any, as of (but not including) the redemption date.

At any time and from time to time prior to 29 January 2017, the Company may redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the 2014 Notes with net cash proceeds of one or more sales of common stock of the Company in an equity offering at a redemption price of 108.25% of the principal amount of the 2014 Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to (but not including) the redemption date, provided that at least 65% of the aggregate principal amount of the 2014 Notes originally issued remains outstanding after each such redemption and any such redemption takes place within 60 days after the closing of the related sale of the Company's capital stock and is subject to certain conditions.

#### 31. 優先票據(續)

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(ii) 於2014年1月29日,本公司發行本金總額 400,000,000美元的優先票據(「2014年票 據」)。2014年票據於新加坡證券交易所有 限公司上市。2014年票據按年利率8.25% 計息,每半年於1月29日及7月29日期後支 付,並將於2019年1月29日到期(除非提 早贖回)。發售價為2014年票據本金額的 98.999%。

> 於2017年1月29日或之後任何時候,本公 司可按相等於下述本金額百分比的贖回 價,另加截至贖回日期(但不包括該日)的 累計及未付利息,贖回全部或部分2014年 票據(倘於下文所示各年度1月29日開始的 12個月期間內贖回):

期間	贖回價
2017年	104.1250%
2018年及之後	102 0625%

於2017年1月29日前任何時間,本公司可 按相等於2014年票據本金額100%的贖回 價,另加截至贖回日期(但不包括該日) 2014年票據的適用溢價以及累計及未付利 息(如有),贖回全部但非部分2014年票 據。

於2017年1月29日前任何時間,本公司可 以在股份發售中進行一次或多次銷售本公 司普通股所得的現金款項淨額,按2014年 票據本金額108.25%的贖回價,另加截至 贖回日期(但不包括該日)的累計及未付利 息(如有),贖回最多2014年票據本金總額 的35%,惟每次贖回後2014年票據原發行 本金總額最少65%須仍未贖回,且任何有 關贖回須於相關本公司股本銷售結束後60 日內進行及受限於若干條件。

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#### **31. Senior Notes** (Continued)

(iii) On 13 September 2016 and 3 October 2016, the Company issued senior notes with the aggregate principal amounts of US\$200,000,000 and US\$150,000,000 respectively (collectively known as, the "2016 Notes"). The 2016 Notes are listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited. The 2016 Notes carry interest at the rate of 6.75% per annum, payable semi-annually on 13 September and 13 March in arrears, and will mature on 13 September 2021, unless redeemed earlier. The offering price was at 98.960% and 98.964% of the principal amount of the 2016 Notes, respectively.

At any time and from time to time on or after 13 September 2019, the Company may redeem the 2016 Notes, in whole or in part, at a redemption price equal to the percentage of the principal amount set forth below plus accrued and unpaid interest as of (but not including) the redemption date if redeemed during the twelve-month period beginning on 13 September of each of the years indicated below:

Period	Redemption price
2019	103.3750%
2020 and thereafter	101.6875%

At any time prior to 13 September 2019, the Company may at its option redeem the 2016 Notes, in whole but not in part, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2016 Notes plus the applicable premium and accrued and unpaid interest, if any, as of (but not including) the redemption date.

At any time and from time to time prior to 13 September 2019, the Company may redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the 2016 Notes with the net cash proceeds of one or more sales of common stock of the Company in an equity offering at a redemption price of 106.75% of the principal amount of the 2016 Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to (but not including) the redemption date, provided that at least 65% of the aggregate principal amount of the 2016 Notes originally issued remains outstanding after each such redemption and any such redemption takes place within 60 days after the closing of the related sales of the Company's capital stock and is subject to certain conditions.

#### 31. 優先票據(續)

(iii) 於2016年9月13日及2016年10月3日,本公司分別發行本金總額200,000,000美元及150,000,000美元的優先票據(統稱為「2016年票據」)。2016年票據於新加坡證券交易所有限公司上市。2016年票據按年利率6.75%計息,每半年於9月13日及3月13日期後支付,並將於2021年9月13日到期(除非提早贖回)。發售價分別為2016年票據本金總額的98.960%及98.964%。

於2019年9月13日或之後任何時候,本公司可按相等於下述本金額百分比的贖回價,另加截至贖回日期(但不包括該日)的累計及未付利息,贖回全部或部分2016年票據(倘於下文所示各年度9月13日開始的12個月期間內贖回):

期間	贖回價
2019	103.3750%
2020及之後	101.6875%

於2019年9月13日前任何時間,本公司可按相等於2016年票據本金總額100%的贖回價,另加截至贖回日期(但不包括該日)2016年票據的適用溢價以及累計及未付利息(如有),贖回全部但非部分2016年票據。

於2019年9月13日前任何時間,本公司可以在股份發售中進行一次或多次銷售本公司普通股所得的現金款項淨額,按2016年票據本金額106.75%的贖回價,另加截至贖回日期(但不包括該日)的累計及未付利息(如有),贖回最多2016年票據本金總額的35%,惟每次贖回後2016年票據原發行本金總額最少65%須仍未贖回,且任何有關贖回須於相關本公司股本銷售結束後60日內進行及受限於若干條件。

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#### **31. Senior Notes** (Continued)

(iv) On 9 March 2017, the Company issued senior notes with the aggregate principal amount of US\$300,000,000 (the "2017 Notes"). The 2017 Notes are listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited. The 2017 Notes carry interest at the rate of 5.75% per annum, payable semi-annually on 9 March and 9 September in arrears, and will mature on 9 March 2020. The offering price was at 98.986% of the principal amount of the 2017 Notes.

At any time prior to 9 March 2020, the Company may at its option redeem the 2017 Notes, in whole but not in part, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2017 Notes plus the applicable premium and accrued and unpaid interest, if any, as of (but not including) the redemption date.

At any time and from time to time prior to 9 March 2020, the Company may redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Notes at a redemption price of 105.75% of the principal amount of the 2017 Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, as of (but not including) the redemption date, with the proceeds from sales of certain kinds of capital stock of the Company.

#### 31. 優先票據(續)

(iv) 於2017年3月9日,本公司發行本金總額 300,000,000美元的優先票據(「2017年票據」)。2017年票據於新加坡證券交易所有 限公司上市。2017年票據按年利率5.75% 計息,每半年於3月9日及9月9日期後支 付,並將於2020年3月9日到期(除非提早 贖回)。發售價為2017年票據本金總額的 98.986%。

於2020年3月9日前任何時間,本公司可按相等於2017年票據本金總額100%的贖回價,另加截至贖回日期(但不包括該日)2017年票據的適用溢價以及累計及未付利息(如有),贖回全部但非部分2017年票據。

於2020年3月9日前任何時間,本公司可以 以在銷售本公司任何股份中所得的款項, 按2017年票據本金額105.75%的贖回價, 另加截至贖回日期(但不包括該日)的累計 及未付利息(如有),贖回最多2017年票據 本金總額的35%。

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#### **31. Senior Notes** (Continued)

On 3 May 2016, a subsidiary of the Company purchased part of the 2014 Notes with principal amount of US\$20,000,000 from the open market. The total consideration of the purchase was US\$19,760,000 (equivalent to HK\$154,128,000), which includes purchase price at 96.55% of principal amount and pro-rata accrued and unpaid interest. The carrying amount of the 2014 Notes purchased was US\$19,869,000 (equivalent to HK\$154,725,000), resulting in a gain on purchase of the 2014 Notes amounting to HK\$597,000 in the current year.

On 15 April 2016, the Company fully redeemed the outstanding 2012 Notes with a principal amount of US\$125,000,000 from the open market. The total consideration of the redemption was US\$141,781,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,105,894,000), which includes redemption price at 106.750% of the principal amount and pro-rata accrued and unpaid interest. The carrying amount of the redeemed 2012 Notes was US\$130,621,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,018,845,000), resulting in a loss on redemption of the 2012 Notes amounting to HK\$87,049,000 in the current year.

On 9 February 2017, the Company redeemed the partial outstanding 2014 Notes with a principal amount of US\$200,000,000 from the open market, including the principal amount of US\$10,000,000 purchased by a subsidiary of the Company in May 2016 mentioned above. The total consideration of the redemption was US\$198,273,600 (equivalent to HK\$1,546,526,000), which includes redemption price at 104.125% of the principal amount and pro-rata accrued and unpaid interest. The carrying amount of the redeemed 2014 Notes was US\$186,572,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,455,258,000), resulting in a loss on redemption of the 2014 Notes amounting to HK\$91,268,000 in the current year.

#### 31. 優先票據(續)

於2016年5月3日,本公司之附屬公司於市場購買部分本金金額為20,000,000美元之2014年票據。總購買代價為19,760,000美元(相等於154,128,000港元),包括以本金金額96.55%計算的購買價及按比例計算的累計及未付利息。所購買2014年票據的賬面為19,869,000美元(相等於154,725,000港元),導致於本年度錄得597,000港元收益。

於2016年4月15日,本公司已於市場全數贖回未償還本金總額為125,000,000美元之2012年票據。總贖回代價為141,781,000美元(相等於1,105,894,000港元),包括以本金金額106.750%計算的贖回價及按比例計算的累計及未付利息。所贖回之2012年票據的賬面值為130,621,000美元(相等於1,018,845,000港元),導致於本年度錄得87,049,000港元虧損。

於2017年2月9日,本公司於市場贖回部分未償還本金總額為200,000,000美元之2014年票據,包括以上所提及的由一間本公司之附屬公司於2016年5月購買的本金10,000,000美元。總贖回代價為198,273,600美元(相等於1,546,526,000港元),包括以本金金額104.125%計算的贖回價及按比例計算的累計及未付利息。所贖回之2014年票據的賬面值為186,572,000美元(相等於1,455,258,000港元),導致於本年度錄得91,268,000港元虧損。

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#### **31. Senior Notes** (Continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the 2014 Notes, 2016 Notes and 2017 Notes (the "Senior Notes") contain liability components and early redemption options as follow:

(i) The liability component represents the present value of the contractually determined stream of future cash flows discounted at the prevailing market interest rate at that time applicable to instruments with comparable credit status that provided substantially the same cash flows, on the same terms, but without the embedded derivatives.

The interest charged for the period is calculated by applying effective interest rates of approximately 9.20%, 7.46% and 6.76% per annum to the liability components of the 2014 Notes, 2016 Notes and 2017 Notes, respectively, since they were issued.

(ii) Early redemption options are regarded as embedded derivatives not closely related to the host contract. The directors consider that the fair value of the above early redemption options is insignificant on initial recognition and at 31 March 2017.

The Senior Notes recognised in the statement of financial position were calculated as follows:

#### 31. 優先票據(續)

於報告期末,2014年票據、2016年票據及2017年票據(「優先票據」)含有下列負債部分及上述提早贖回權:

(i) 負債部分指合約所釐定未來現金流量按具有可資比較信貸評級並按相同條款提供大致相同現金流量但無嵌入衍生工具的工具當時適用的現行市場利率折現的現值。

期內收取的利息乃按2014年票據、2016年票據及2017年票據發行以來的負債部分分別使用實際年利率約9.20%、7.46%及6.76%計算。

(ii) 提早贖回權被視為並非與主合約有密切關係的嵌入衍生工具。董事認為於初始確認及在2017年3月31日,上述提早贖回權的公平值不大。

已於財務狀況表確認的優先票據計算如下:

		2017 HK\$′000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at the beginning of year	於年初的賬面值	4,113,363	4,082,811
Additions	新增	4,930,000	_
Interest expenses	利息開支	371,317	419,576
Payment for interests	支付利息	(336,667)	(389,024)
Redemption of the 2012 Notes and 2014 Notes	贖回2012年票據及2014年票據	(2,474,103)	_
Purchase of the 2014 Notes	購買2014年票據	(154,725)	_
Consent fee for the 2014 Notes	2014年票據同意費	(23,193)	_
Carrying amount at the end of year	於年終的賬面值	6,425,992	4,113,363

The fair value of the Senior Notes at 31 March 2017 amounted to HK\$6,587,532,000 (2016: HK\$4,155,497,000). The fair value is calculated using the market price of the Senior Notes on 31 March 2017.

於 2017 年 3 月 31 日 , 優先 票據的 公平 值達 6,587,532,000港元(2016年:4,155,497,000港元)。公平值乃使用優先票據於2017年3月31日的市場價格計算。

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#### 32. Medium-Term Notes

The Group has the following medium-term notes remain in issue at the end of the reporting period:

- (i) On 9 May 2014, China South International completed the issuance of the first tranche of medium-term notes of 2014 (the "2014 First tranche MTN") with a total principal amount of RMB1,000,000,000 in the national inter-bank market of the PRC. The 2014 First tranche MTN carry interest at the rate of 7.5% per annum, payable annually on 9 May in arrears, and will mature on 9 May 2019.
- (ii) On 12 September 2014, China South International completed the issuance of the second tranche of medium-term notes of 2014 (the "2014 Second tranche MTN") with a total principal amount of RMB1,000,000,000 in the national interbank market of the PRC. The 2014 Second tranche MTN carry interest at the rate of 8.4% per annum, payable annually on 12 September in arrears, and will mature on 12 September 2019.
- (iii) On 13 July 2015, China South International completed the issuance of the first tranche of medium-term notes of 2015 (the "2015 First tranche MTN") with a total principal amount of RMB2,000,000,000 in the national inter-bank market of the PRC. The 2015 First tranche MTN carry interest at the rate of 7.0% per annum, payable annually on 13 July in arrears, and will mature on 13 July 2018.

The medium-term notes recognised in the statement of financial position were calculated as follows:

#### 32. 中期票據

本集團於報告期末尚有以下中期票據在發行:

- (i) 華南國際於2014年5月9日完成在中國銀行 間市場發行2014年第一期中期票據,本金 總額為人民幣1,000,000,000元。2014年第 一期票據年利率為7.5%,每年於5月9日後 支付,並將於2019年5月9日到期。
- (ii) 華南國際於2014年9月12日完成在中國銀行間市場發行2014年第二期中期票據,本金總額為人民幣1,000,000,000元。2014年第二期票據年利率為8.4%,每年於9月12日後支付,並將於2019年9月12日到期。
- (iii) 華南國際於2015年7月13日完成在中國銀行間市場發行2015年第一期中期票據,本金總額為人民幣2,000,000,000元。2015年第一期中期票據年利率為7.0%,每年於7月13日後支付,並將於2018年7月13日到期。

已於財務狀況表確認的中期票據計算如下:

		2017 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at the beginning of year Additions Interest expenses Payment for interests Exchange realignment	於年初的賬面值 新增 利息開支 支付利息 匯兑調整	5,026,696 - 358,056 (350,637) (311,115)	2,704,226 2,415,662 327,161 (196,953) (223,400)
Carrying amount at the end of year	於年終的賬面值	4,723,000	5,026,696

The fair value of the medium-term notes at 31 March 2017 amounted to HK\$4,856,191,000 (2016: HK\$5,273,563,000). The fair value is calculated using the market price of the medium-term notes on 31 March 2017.

於 2017 年 3 月 31 日 · 中期票據的公平值為 4,856,191,000港元(2016年:5,273,563,000港元)。公平值乃使用中期票據於2017年3月31日 的市場價格計算。

31 March 2017 2017年3月31日

#### 33. Corporate Bonds

On 13 April 2015, China South International completed the issuance of the corporate bonds with a total principal amount of RMB1,500,000,000 on the Shanghai Stock Exchange of the PRC. The corporate bonds carry interest at the rate of 7.0% per annum, payable annually on 13 April in arrears, and have a term of up to 6 years at maximum.

The corporate bonds recognised in the statement of financial position was calculated as follows:

#### 33. 企業債券

華南國際於2015年4月13日完成於中國上海證券交易所發行本金總額為人民幣1,500,000,000元的企業債券。企業債券年利率為7.0%,每年於4月13日後支付,期限最長為6年。

已於財務狀況表確認的企業債券計算如下:

		2017	2016
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Carrying amount at the beginning of year	於年初的賬面值	1,891,219	-
Additions	新增	-	1,787,980
Interest expenses	利息開支	126,486	128,832
Payment of interests	支付利息	(123,134)	-
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(115,827)	(25,593)
Carrying amount at the end of year	於年終的賬面值	1,778,744	1,891,219

The fair value of the corporate bonds as at 31 March 2017 amounted to HK\$1,743,988,000 (2016: HK\$1,867,037,000). The fair value is calculated using the market price of the corporate bonds on 31 March 2017.

#### 34. Domestic Company Bonds

The Group issued the following domestic company bonds in the current and prior years:

- (i) On 14 January 2016, China South International completed the issuance of the first tranche of domestic company bonds of 2016 (the "2016 First Tranche DCB") with a total principal amount of RMB3,000,000,000 on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange of the PRC. The 2016 First Tranche DCB carry interest at the rate of 5.98% per annum, payable annually on 13 January in arrears, and will mature on 13 January 2019.
- (ii) On 4 May 2016, China South International completed the issuance of the second tranche of domestic company bonds of 2016 (the "2016 Second tranche DCB") with a total principal amount of RMB1,400,000,000 on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange of the PRC. The 2016 Second tranche DCB carry interest at the rate of 6.85% per annum, payable annually on 3 May in arrears, and will mature on 3 May 2019.

於 2017 年 3 月 31 日 , 企業債券的公平值達 1,743,988,000港元(2016年:1,867,037,000港元)。公平值乃使用企業債券於2017年3月31日的市場價格計算。

#### 34. 境內公司債券

本集團於本年及以前年度發行以下境內公司債 券:

- (i) 華南國際於2016年1月14日完成於深圳證券交易所發行本金總額為人民幣3,000,000,000元的2016年第一期境內公司債券。2016年第一期境內公司債券年利率為5.98%,每年於1月13日後支付,並將於2019年1月13日到期。
- (ii) 華南國際於2016年5月4日完成於深圳證券交易所發行本金總額為人民幣1,400,000,000元的2016年第二期境內公司債券。2016年第二期境內公司債券年利率為6.85%,每年於5月3日後支付,並將於2019年5月3日到期。

31 March 2017 2017年3月31日

#### **34. Domestic Company Bonds** (Continued)

The domestic company bonds recognised in the statement of financial position were calculated as follows:

#### 34. 境內公司債券(續)

已於財務狀況表確認的境內公司債券計算如下:

		2017 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at the beginning of year	於年初的賬面值	3,629,086	_
Additions	新增	1,615,390	3,582,545
Interest expenses	利息開支	317,783	47,210
Payment for interests	支付利息	(206,830)	_
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(276,000)	(669)
Carrying amount at the end of year	於年終的賬面值	5,079,429	3,629,086

The fair value of the domestic company bonds as at 31 March 2017 amounted to HK\$4,991,584,000 (2016: HK\$3,662,374,000). The fair value is calculated using the market price of the domestic company bonds on 31 March 2017.

於2017 年3 月31 日,境內公司債券的公平值達 4,991,584,000港元(2016 年:3,662,374,000 港元)。公平值乃使用境內公司債券於2017年3 月31日的市場價格計算。

#### 35. Deferred Tax

The movements in deferred tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows:

#### 35. 遞延税項

年內遞延税項負債及資產之變動如下:

#### **Deferred tax liabilities**

#### 遞延税項負債

		Nete	Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税項折舊	Revaluation of investment properties 投資物業重估	Withholding tax 預扣税	Revaluation of property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及 設備重估	Capitalised interest expense 資本化利息	Total 總計
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元 ————	千港元 ————	千港元 ————	千港元 	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2016  Deferred tax charged to the statement	於2016年4月1日 年內於損益表內扣除的		338,378	4,400,729	341,355	91,871	197,133	5,369,466
of profit or loss during the year	遞延税項	10	142,154	1,256,181	46,319	-	73,903	1,518,557
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整		(24,181)	(301,541)	(22,274)	(7,873)	(13,893)	(369,762)
At 31 March 2017	於2017年3月31日		456,351	5,355,369	365,400	83,998	257,143	6,518,261

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## 35. Deferred Tax (Continued) Deferred tax assets

# **35.** 遞延税項(續) 遞延税項資產

			Tax effect of LAT	Losses available for offsetting against future taxable profits 可供抵銷未來	Provision for impairment of trade receivables	Tax effect of government grants relating to assets 有關資產之	
			土地增值税的	應課税利潤的	應收賬款	政府補助的	Total
			税務影響	虧損	減值撥備	税務影響	總計
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2016  Deferred tax credited to the statement of	於2016年4月1日 年內於損益表內計入的		971,154	355,795	61,358	757,040	2,145,347
profit or loss during the year	遞延税項	10	124,875	94,071	18,471	47,086	284,503
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整		(63,230)	(24,216)	(4,224)	(48,181)	(139,851)
At 31 March 2017	於2017年3月31日		1,032,799	425,650	75,605	755,945	2,289,999

#### **Deferred tax liabilities**

#### 遞延税項負債

						Revaluation of property,		
			Accelerated	Revaluation	146-11-12	plant and	Capitalised	
			tax	of investment	Withholding	equipment	interest	
			depreciation	properties	tax	物業、廠房及	expense	Total
			加速税項折舊	投資物業重估	預扣税	設備重估	資本化利息	總計
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2015	於2015年4月1日		268,531	3,747,265	332,949	95,523	14,828	4,459,096
Deferred tax charged to the statement of profit or	年內於損益表內扣除的 遞延税項							
loss during the year		10	81,266	808,175	44,750	-	185,503	1,119,694
Deferred tax transferred out in respect of withholding	由一家國內附屬公司繳付的 預扣所得税所轉出的							
tax paid by a PRC subsidiary	遞延税項		-	-	(21,681)	-	-	(21,681)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整		(11,419)	(154,711)	(14,663)	(3,652)	(3,198)	(187,643)
At 31 March 2016	於2016年3月31日		338,378	4,400,729	341,355	91,871	197,133	5,369,466

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### 35. Deferred Tax (Continued) Deferred tax assets

### 35. 遞延税項(續) 遞延税項資產

				Losses available		Tax effect of	
				for offsetting	Provision for	government	
				against future	impairment	grants relating	
			Tax effect	taxable profits	of trade	to assets	
			of LAT	可供抵銷未來	receivables	有關資產之	
			土地增值税的	應課税利潤的	應收賬款	政府補助的	Total
			税務影響	虧損	減值撥備	税務影響	總計
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2015  Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the statement of	於2015年4月1日 年內於損益表內計入/(扣除)的		1,015,870	152,803	39,136	267,514	1,475,323
profit or loss during the year	遞延税項	10	(5,966)	211,838	24,039	506,941	736,852
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整		(38,750)	(8,846)	(1,817)	(17,415)	(66,828)
	W 5.5.5						
At 31 March 2016	於2016年3月31日		971,154	355,795	61,358	757,040	2,145,347

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$211,112,000 (2016: HK\$258,183,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose.

The Group also has tax losses in Mainland China of HK\$561,561,000 (2016: HK\$394,359,000) that will expire in one to five years for offsetting against future taxable profits.

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate is 5%. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008. In the current year, the Group accrued withholding tax of HK\$46,319,000 (2016: HK\$44,750,000) for those subsidiaries established in Mainland China.

本集團於香港產生的税項虧損為211,112,000港元(2016年:258,183,000港元),可無限期結轉,以抵銷產生虧損的公司未來應課稅溢利。

本 集 團 亦 於 中 國 大 陸 產 生 税 項 虧 損 為 561,561,000 港 元 (2016 年 : 394,359,000 港 元),將於一至五年內屆滿,可用以抵銷未來應 課税溢利。

由於該等虧損由已出現虧損一段時期的附屬公司 產生,且被認為並不可能有充足應課稅溢利以抵 銷該等可動用的稅項虧損,故並無就該等虧損確 認遞延稅項資產。

根據中國企業所得税法,凡於中國內地成立的外商投資企業向海外投資者宣派的股息須繳納10%預扣所得税。該規定自2008年1月1日起生效,並適用於2007年12月31日後之盈利。倘中國與海外投資者所處司法權區訂有稅務條約,則可採用較低預扣所得稅率。本集團的適用稅率為5%。因此,本集團須就於中國內地成立的附屬公司分派2008年1月1日後所賺取盈利的股息而繳納預扣所得稅。於本年度,本集團就其於中國內地成立的附屬公司作出之預扣所得稅為46,319,000港元(2016年:44,750,000港元)。

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### **36. Share Capital Shares**

### **36.** 股本 股份

		2017 HK\$′000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
Issued and fully paid: 8,006,321,999 (31 March 2016: 7,999,321,999) ordinary shares	已發行及繳足: 8,006,321,999股 (2016年3月31日: 7,999,321,999股)普通股	7,054,362	7,043,784

A summary of the movements in the Company's share capital is as follows:

本公司的股本變動摘要如下:

		Notes 附註	Number of shares in issue 已發行股份數目	Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2015	於2015年4月1日		8,000,671,999	7,034,761
Exercise of share options Shares repurchased	行使購股權 股份回購	(a) (b)	4,650,000 (6,000,000)	9,023 –
At 31 March 2016	於2016年3月31日		7,999,321,999	7,043,784
At 1 April 2016	於2016年4月1日		7,999,321,999	7,043,784
Exercise of share options	行使購股權	(a)	7,000,000	10,578
At 31 March 2017	於2017年3月31日		8,006,321,999	7,054,362

#### Notes:

- (a) The subscription rights attaching to 7,000,000 (2016: 4,650,000) share options were exercised at the average subscription price of approximately HK\$1.2900 (2016: HK\$1.6900) per share (note 37), resulting in issue of 7,000,000 shares at a total cash consideration, before expenses, of HK\$9,030,000 (2016: HK\$7,859,000). An amount of approximately HK\$1,548,000 (2016: HK\$1,164,000) was transferred from the share option reserve to share capital upon the exercise of the share options.
- (b) The Company repurchased a total of 6,000,000 shares at prices ranging from HK\$1.80 to HK\$2.00 per share on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on 8 July 2015 and 9 July 2015. The amount of HK\$11,602,000 in connection with the share repurchase was paid from the distributable profits of the Company. All 6,000,000 shares repurchased were cancelled on 9 October 2015.

#### 附註:

- (a) 附於7,000,000(2016年:4,650,000)份購股權之 認購權益於年內以每股平均行使價約1.2900港 元(2016年:1.6900港元)(附註37)被行使,導 致本公司發行7,000,000股(扣除發行開支前價值 9,030,000港元(2016年:7,859,000港元))的股 本。當購股權行使,約1,548,000港元(2016年: 1,164,000港元)由購股權儲備轉撥到發行股本。
- (b) 於2015年7月8日及2015年7月9日,本公司以每股1.80港元至2.00港元的價格於香港聯交所購回本公司6,000,000股股份。與股份回購有關的金額共11,602,000港元從本公司的可分配利潤中支付。全數6,000,000股購回股份已於2015年10月9日被註銷。

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### **36. Share Capital** (Continued)

#### **Share options**

Details of the Company's share option scheme and the share options issued under the scheme are included in note 37 to the financial statements.

#### 37. Share Options

The Company has adopted a share option scheme on 4 September 2009 (the "Share Option Scheme") to provide incentives and reward to selected eligible persons which include directors, employees, officers, agents, consultants or representatives of the Group for their contribution or potential contribution to the Company or its subsidiaries. The Share Option Scheme became effective on 30 September 2009 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date. Further details of the Share Option Scheme are set out in the "Report of the Directors" in the Company's annual report.

On 27 June 2013, a total of 186,300,000 share options under the Share Option Scheme were granted. These share options have an exercise price of HK\$1.69 per share and an exercise period ranging from 27 June 2013 to 26 June 2018. Of the total 186,300,000 share options, 70,800,000 share options were granted to certain executive directors of the Company, and 115,500,000 share options were granted to certain employees of the Group.

The fair value of the 186,300,000 share options granted was HK\$44,470,000, of which no share option expense was recognised during the current year (2016: HK\$202,000).

On 17 February 2014, a total of 48,000,000 share options under the Share Option Scheme were granted. These share options have an exercise price of HK\$4.14 per share and an exercise period ranging from 17 February 2014 to 16 February 2019. Of the total 48,000,000 share options, 8,000,000 share options were granted to certain independent non-executive directors of the Company, and 40,000,000 share options were granted to certain employees of the Group.

The fair value of the 48,000,000 share options granted was HK\$36,470,000, of which no share option expense was recognised during the current year (2016: HK\$749,000).

#### 36. 股本(續)

#### 購股權

關於本公司的購股權計劃及於計劃下已發行的購 股權已詳載於財務報表的附註37。

#### 37. 購股權

本公司已於2009年9月4日採納購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),向對本公司或其附屬公司作出貢獻或潛在貢獻的經甄選合資格人士(包括本集團董事、僱員、高級職員、代理、顧問或代表)提供獎勵及回報,購股權計劃自2009年9月30日起生效,並由當日起持續十年(除非取消或作出修訂)。購股權計劃的進一步詳情載於公司年報中的「董事會報告」。

於2013年6月27日,根據購股權計劃授出合共186,300,000份購股權。該等購股權的行使價為每股1.69港元,行使期為2013年6月27日至2018年6月26日。於合共186,300,000份購股權中,70,800,000份購股權已授予本公司執行董事,另115,500,000份購股權則授予本集團若干僱員。

於本年度,所授出的186,300,000份購股權之公平值為44,470,000港元,本集團於本年度並無確認購股權開支(2016年:202,000港元)。

於2014年2月17日,根據購股權計劃授出合共48,000,000份購股權。該等購股權的行使價為每股4.14港元,行使期為2014年2月17日至2019年2月16日。於合共48,000,000份購股權中,8,000,000份購股權已授予本公司獨立非執行董事,另40,000,000份購股權則授予本集團若干僱員。

所 授 出 的 48,000,000 份 購 股 權 的 公 平 值 為 36,470,000港元,本集團於本年度並無確認購股 權開支(2016年:749,000港元)。

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#### **37. Share Options** (Continued)

On 30 June 2014, a total of 103,300,000 share options under the Share Option Scheme were granted to certain directors, senior management and certain other employees of the Company and its subsidiaries in respect of their services to the Group. These share options have an exercise price of HK\$4.07 per share and an exercise period ranging from 30 June 2014 to 29 June 2019.

The fair value of the 103,300,000 share options granted was HK\$83,552,000, of which the Group recognised a share option expense of HK\$100,000 during the current year (2016: HK\$10,689,000).

On 13 January 2016, a total of 79,990,000 share options under the Share Option Scheme were granted to a director of the Company in respect of his services to the Group. These share options have an exercise price of HK\$1.528 per share and an exercise period ranging from 13 January 2016 to 12 January 2022.

The fair value of the 79,990,000 share options granted was HK\$29,802,000, of which the Group recognised a share option expense of HK\$12,102,000 during the current year (2016: HK\$17,701,000).

On 22 August 2016, a total of 70,500,000 share options under the Share Option Scheme were granted to certain senior management and other employees of the Company and its subsidiaries in respect of their services to the Group. These share options have an exercise price of HK\$1.75 per share and an exercise period ranging from 22 August 2016 to 21 August 2023.

The fair value of the 70,500,000 share options granted was HK\$27,739,000, of which the Group recognized a share option expense of HK\$18,410,000 during the current year.

The fair value of the share options granted on 22 August 2016 was estimated as at the date of grant by Vigers Appraisal and Consulting Limited, using a binomial model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the inputs to the model:

Share price at the date of grant (HK\$)	1.75
Exercise price (HK\$)	1.75
Dividend yield (%)	4.60
Expected volatility (%)	38.7–40.5
Risk-free interest rate (%)	0.72-0.82
Exercise multiple	2.25-2.32

#### 37. 購股權(續)

於2014年6月30日,根據購股權計劃向本公司若干本公司之董事、高級管理層及本公司及其附屬公司若干僱員就彼等向本集團所提供的服務授出合共103,300,000份購股權。該等購股權的行使價為每股4.07港元,行使期為2014年6月30日至2019年6月29日。

所授出的103,300,000份購股權之公平值為83,552,000港元,其中本集團已於本年度內確認購股權開支合共100,000港元(2016年:10,689,000港元)。

於2016年1月13日,根據購股權計劃向本公司一名董事就彼等向本集團所提供的服務授出合共79,990,000份購股權。該等購股權的行使價為每股1.528港元,行使期為2016年1月13日至2022年1月12日。

所 授 出 79,990,000 份 購 股 權 之 公 平 值 為 29,802,000港元·其中本集團已於本年度內確 認購股權開支合共12,102,000港元(2016年: 17,701,000港元)。

於2016年8月22日,根據購股權計劃向本公司若 干本公司之高級管理層及本公司及其附屬公司若 干僱員就彼等向本集團所提供的服務授出合共 70,500,000份購股權。該等購股權的行使價為每 股1.75港元,行使期為2016年8月22日至2023 年8月21日。

所 授 出 70,500,000 份 購 股 權 之 公 平 值 為 27,739,000港元,其中本集團於本年度內確認購 股權開支合共18,410,000港元。

於2016年8月22日授出的購股權的公平值,威格斯資產評估有限公司於授出日期採用二項式模式對該等購股權進行估計,當中已考慮購股權獲授出時的條款及條件。下表列示所用模式的主要元素:

於授出日之股價(港元)	1.75
行使價(港元)	1.75
股息率(%)	4.60
預期波動性(%)	38.7–40.5
無風險利率(%)	0.72-0.82
行使倍數	2.25-2.32

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#### **37. Share Options** (Continued)

The expected life of the options is based on historical data and is not necessarily indicative of the exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility was determined based on the movement of the share price of the Company since its listing, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome. No other feature of the options granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

The following share options were outstanding under the Share Option Scheme during the year:

#### 37. 購股權(續)

購股權的預期年期乃按歷史數據得出,及未必顯示可能發生的行使情況。預期波動性乃按自上市日期起本公司股價之變動而釐定,未必是實際結果。計量公平值時,並無考慮所授出的購股權的其他特性。

於年內根據購股權計劃尚未行使之購股權如下:

#### Year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度

		截至3月31日止年度			
		<b>2017</b> 2016		16	
		Weighted		Weighted	
		average		average	
		exercise price		exercise price	
		per share	Number of	per share	Number of
		每股加權	options	每股加權	options
		平均行使價	購股權數目	平均行使價	購股權數目
		HK\$	′000	HK\$	′000
		港元	千份	港元	千份
At beginning of year	於年初	3.0604	250,240	3.7190	175,400
Granted during the year	年內授出	1.7500	70,500	1.5280	79,990
Lapsed during the year	年內失效	1.7285	(1,950)	1.6900	(500)
Exercised during the year	年內行使	1.2900	(7,000)	1.6900	(4,650)
Forfeited during the year	年內沒收	1.7500	(1,250)	-	_
		_		-	
At end of year	於年終	2.8165	310,540	3.0604	250,240

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#### **37. Share Options** (Continued)

The exercise prices and exercise periods of the share options outstanding as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

#### 37. 購股權(續)

於報告期末,未行使購股權的行使價及行使期如 下:

2017年

Number of options
'000     HK\$ per share       千股     每股港元       1,500     1.69     27-06-2013 to 26-06-2018       10,500     1.69     27-06-2014 to 26-06-2018       2014年6月27日至2018年6月26日     2014年6月27日至2018年6月26日       1,250     1.69     27-06-2015 to 26-06-2018       2015年6月27日至2018年6月26日       22,000     4.14     17-02-2014 to 16-02-2019       2014年2月17日至2019年2月16日       24,000     4.14     17-02-2015 to 16-02-2019
1,500 1.69 27-06-2013 to 26-06-2018 2013年6月27日至2018年6月26日 10,500 1.69 27-06-2014 to 26-06-2018 2014年6月27日至2018年6月26日 1,250 1.69 27-06-2015 to 26-06-2018 2015年6月27日至2018年6月26日 22,000 4.14 17-02-2014 to 16-02-2019 2014年2月17日至2019年2月16日 24,000 4.14 17-02-2015 to 16-02-2019
1,500
2013年6月27日至2018年6月26日 10,500 1.69 27-06-2014 to 26-06-2018 2014年6月27日至2018年6月26日 1,250 1.69 27-06-2015 to 26-06-2018 2015年6月27日至2018年6月26日  22,000 4.14 17-02-2014 to 16-02-2019 2014年2月17日至2019年2月16日 24,000 4.14 17-02-2015 to 16-02-2019
10,500
1,2501.692014年6月27日至2018年6月26日27-06-2015 to 26-06-2018 2015年6月27日至2018年6月26日22,0004.1417-02-2014 to 16-02-2019 2014年2月17日至2019年2月16日24,0004.1417-02-2015 to 16-02-2019
1,250       1.69       27-06-2015 to 26-06-2018         2015年6月27日至2018年6月26日         22,000       4.14       17-02-2014 to 16-02-2019         2014年2月17日至2019年2月16日       24,000       4.14       17-02-2015 to 16-02-2019
2015年6月27日至2018年6月26日 22,000 4.14 17-02-2014 to 16-02-2019 2014年2月17日至2019年2月16日 24,000 4.14 17-02-2015 to 16-02-2019
22,000 4.14 17-02-2014 to 16-02-2019 2014年2月17日至2019年2月16日 24,000 4.14 17-02-2015 to 16-02-2019
2014年2月17日至2019年2月16日 24,000 4.14 17-02-2015 to 16-02-2019
24,000 4.14 17-02-2015 to 16-02-2019
2015年2月17日至2019年2月16日
2,000 4.14 17-02-2016 to 16-02-2019
2016年2月17日至2019年2月16日
49,650 4.07 30-06-2014 to 29-06-2019
2014年6月30日至2019年6月29日
50,650 4.07 30-06-2015 to 29-06-2019
2015年6月30日至2019年6月29日
1,000 4.07 30-06-2016 to 29-06-2019
2016年6月30日至2019年6月29日 
39,995 1.528 13-01-2016 to 12-01-2021
2016年1月13日至2021年1月12日
39,995 1.528 13-01-2017 to 12-01-2022
2017年1月13日至2022年1月12日
22,250 1.75 22-08-2016 to 21-08-2021
2016年8月22日至2021年8月21日
34,000 1.75 22-08-2017 to 21-08-2022
2017年8月22日至2022年8月21日
11,750 1.75 22-08-2018 to 21-08-2023
2018年8月22日至2023年8月21日
310,540

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#### **37. Share Options** (Continued)

#### 37. 購股權(續)

2016年

Number of options 購股權數目 ′000 千股	Exercise price 行使價 HK\$ per share 每股港元	Exercise period 行使期
7,000	1.29	11-04-2011 to 10-04-2016 2011年4月11日至2016年4月10日
1,500	1.69	27-06-2013 to 26-06-2018 2013年6月27日至2018年6月26日
10,500	1.69	27-06-2014 to 26-06-2018 2014年6月27日至2018年6月26日
1,950	1.69	27-06-2015 to 26-06-2018 2015年6月27日至2018年6月26日
22,000	4.14	17-02-2014 to 16-02-2019 2014年2月17日至2019年2月16日
24,000	4.14	17-02-2015 to 16-02-2019 2015年2月17日至2019年2月16日
2,000	4.14	17-02-2016 to 16-02-2019 2016年2月17日至2019年2月16日
49,650	4.07	30-06-2014 to 29-06-2019 2014年6月30日至2019年6月29日
50,650	4.07	30-06-2015 to 29-06-2019 2015年6月30日至2019年6月29日
1,000	4.07	30-06-2016 to 29-06-2019 2016年6月30日至2019年6月29日
39,995	1.528	13-01-2016 to 12-01-2021 2016年1月13日至2021年1月12日
39,995	1.528	13-01-2017 to 12-01-2022 2017年1月13日至2022年1月12日
250,240		

At the end of the reporting period, the Company had 310,540,000 share options outstanding under the Share Option Scheme, which represented approximately 3.88% of the Company's shares in issue as at that date. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 310,540,000 additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional share capital of HK\$1,043,870,000 (before issue expenses).

於報告期末時,根據購股權計劃,本公司有310,540,000份未行使購股權,相當於本公司當日已發行股份約3.88%。根據本公司現時的資本結構而言,全數行使未行使購股權將會導致本公司發行310,540,000股額外普通股及額外股本1,043,870,000港元(扣除發行開支前)。

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#### **37. Share Options** (Continued)

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the Company had 310,540,000 share options outstanding under the Share Option Scheme, which represented approximately 3.88% of the Company's shares in issue as at that date.

#### 38. Other Reserves

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current year and the prior year are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 140 and 141 of the financial statements.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations for Sino-foreign joint venture enterprises, a portion of the profits of the Group's subsidiaries which are established in the PRC has been transferred to the statutory reserve which is restricted as to use.

#### 39. Pledge of Assets

Details of the Group's bank and other borrowings, which are secured by the assets of the Group, are included in notes 13, 14, 15, 22, 27 and 29 to the financial statements.

#### **40. Contingent Liabilities**

At the end of each reporting period, contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

#### 37. 購股權(續)

於該等財務報表批准當日,根據購股權計劃,本公司有310,540,000份未行使購股權,相當於本公司當日已發行股份約3.88%。

#### 38. 其他儲備

有關本集團於本年度及過往年度的儲備及其變動已呈列於財務報表第140及141頁的綜合權益變動表內。

根據中外合營企業相關法律及法規,本集團旗下 在中國成立的附屬公司的部分利潤已轉撥至用途 受限制的法定儲備金。

#### 39. 資產抵押

以本集團的資產作抵押的銀行及其他借貸詳情載 於財務報表附註13、14、15、22、27及29。

#### 40. 或然負債

於各報告期末,財務報表內未有撥備的或然負債 如下:

		2017 HK\$′000 千港元	2016 HK\$′000 千港元
Guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities granted to: Third parties	就以下各方獲授的融資而向銀行 提供的擔保: 第三方	9,396,341	5,805,356

The Group has provided guarantees in respect of banking facilities granted by certain banks to the purchasers of the Group's properties held for sale and held for finance lease. Pursuant to the terms of the guarantees, if there is default of the loan payments by the purchasers and lessees, the Group is responsible to repay the outstanding loans together with accrued interest thereon and any penalty owed by the defaulted purchasers and lessees to banks. The Group is then entitled to take over the legal titles and usage rights of the related properties. For trade center units and residential properties sold, the guarantee period commences from the dates of grant of the relevant loans and ends when the purchasers obtain the building ownership certificates which will then be pledged with the banks. For residential and commercial properties under finance leases, the guarantees will be released along with the full repayment of loan principals by the lessees.

本集團就若干銀行授予持作銷售物業及融資租賃物業的買家的銀行信貸提供擔保。根據該等擔保條款,倘該等買家及承租人拖欠貸款還款,本集團負責償還未付貸款,連同應計利息,以及欠款買家及承租人結欠銀行的任何罰金。其後,本集團有權接管相關物業的法律業權及使用權。已售交易中心商舖及住宅物業方面,擔保期由相關貸款授出日期起至買家取得其後抵押予銀行的房地產權證日期止。就融資租賃下的住宅及商業物業而言,擔保將隨承租人償還貸款本金解除。

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#### 40. Contingent Liabilities (Continued)

The Group did not incur any material losses during the financial year in respect of the guarantees provided for mortgage facilities granted to the purchasers and lessees of the Group's properties. The directors consider that in case of default on payments, the net realisable value of the related properties can cover the repayment of the outstanding mortgage loans together with any accrued interest and penalty, and therefore the fair value of the guarantees is not significant.

#### 41. Operating Lease Arrangements

#### (a) As lessor

The Group leases its investment properties (note 14) and properties sold with cooperation and leasing arrangements with the purchasers under operating lease arrangements negotiated for terms ranging from one to twenty years. The terms of the leases also require the tenants to pay security deposits.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants falling due as follows:

#### 40. 或然負債(續)

本集團於財政年度內並無因向本集團物業的買家 及承租人於獲授按揭融資時所提供擔保而錄得任 何重大虧損。董事認為,倘出現拖欠款項的情 況,相關物業的可變現淨值足以支付未償還按揭 貸款連同任何應計利息及罰款,故擔保之公平值 並不重大。

#### 41. 經營租賃安排

#### (a) 作為出租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排租賃其投資物業 (附註14)及與買家的合作及租賃安排的已 出售物業,並磋商1至20年的租賃期。租賃 條款亦規定租戶需支付押金。

於各報告期末,本集團根據與租戶訂立的 不可註銷經營租賃按下列年度到期之未來 最低應收租金總額如下:

		2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
			千港元
Within one year In the second to fifth years, inclusive After five years	一年內 第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年) 五年後	760,049 1,537,821 416,518	660,523 1,214,536 630,801
Total	總計	2,714,388	2,505,860

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#### **41. Operating Lease Arrangements** (Continued)

#### (b) As lessee

The Group leases certain of its land and buildings and vehicles under operating lease arrangements. Leases are negotiated for terms ranging from one to twenty years.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

#### 41. 經營租賃安排(續)

#### (b) 作為承租人

本集團以經營租賃安排租用若干土地及房 屋及汽車,並磋商一至二十年的租賃期。

於各報告期末,本集團根據不可註銷經營 租賃按下列年度到期之未來最低租金總額 如下:

		2017 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year In the second to fifth years, inclusive After five years	一年內 第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年) 五年後	268,729 396,533 40,906	304,328 552,167 141,398
Total	總計	706,168	997,893

#### 42. Commitments

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 41(b) above, the Group had the following commitments at the end of each reporting period:

#### 42. 承擔

除上文附註41(b)詳述的經營租賃承擔外,於各報告期末,本集團有下列承擔:

		2017	2016
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Contracted, but not provided for: Properties under development	已訂約但未撥備: 發展中物業	8,787,653	7,350,506

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#### **43. Related Party Transactions**

# (a) In addition to the transactions disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the year:

#### 43. 關連人士交易

(a) 除財務報表其他部分另有披露的交易 外,於年內,本集團與關連人士進行下 列重大交易:

		Notes 附註	2017 HK\$′000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
Rental expense and related service fees for an office property paid to: A company of which a director of the Company was a controlling shareholder	辨公樓的租金開支及相關服務 費用支付予: 本公司董事擔任控股 股東的一間公司	(i)	1,959	2,814
Rental income for certain office units received from:  A company of which a director of the Company was a controlling	若干辦公樓的 租金收入收取自: 本公司董事擔任 控股股東的公司			
shareholder		(ii)	-	1,071

#### Notes

- (i) The Group leased the office property from a company of which a director of the Company was a controlling shareholder. The rental and related service fees were based on terms mutually agreed between both parties.
- (ii) During the prior year, the Group leased certain office units to a related party of which a director of the Company was a controlling shareholder. The rental was based on the rental charged to the other tenants of the Group.

#### 附註:

- (i) 本集團向本公司董事擔任控股股東一間公司租入辦公樓。租金及有關費用根據雙方協定條款計算。
- (ii) 本集團於以前年度向本公司董事任控股股 東的關聯公司出租若干辦公樓。租金根據 本集團與其他方的租金確定。

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#### 43. Related Party Transactions (Continued)

# **(b) Outstanding balances with related parties**Details of the Group's amounts due from/to its associates as at the end of each reporting period are disclosed in note 18.

### (c) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

#### 43. 關連人士交易(續)

- (b) 與關連人士之間的未結付結餘 本集團於各報告期末的應收/應付一家聯營 企業之款項詳情於附註18披露。
- (c) 本集團主要管理人員薪酬

		2017 HK\$′000 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 千港元
Short term employee benefits Post-employment benefits Share-based payments	短期僱員福利 離職後福利 以權益結算的購股權開支	55,366 54 12,102	57,275 54 28,181
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	支付予主要管理人員 的薪酬總額	67,522	85,510

Further details of directors' emoluments are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

The rental expense and rental income for office properties paid to or received from the related parties above also constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

#### 44. Financial Instruments by Category

Other than the held-for-trading investments at fair value through profit or loss as disclosed in note 26 which are stated at fair value and the available-for-sale investments in note 19 which are stated at historical cost, all financial assets and liabilities of the Group as at 31 March 2017 and 2016 are loans and receivables and financial liabilities stated at amortised cost, respectively.

董事酬金的進一步詳情載於財務報表附 註8。

上述有關支付辦公樓的租金開支及辦公樓的租金 收入的關連人士交易亦構成上市規則第14A章定 義的關連交易或持續關連交易。

#### 44. 金融工具分類

除附註26所披露的透過損益以公平值列賬之持 作買賣投資及附註19所披露的以歷史成本列賬 之可供出售金融投資外,於2017年及2016年3月 31日,本集團的所有金融資產和負債分別為貸 款與應收款項及按攤銷成本入賬的金融負債。

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#### 45. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial 45. 金融工具之公平值及公平值等級架構 **Instruments**

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that reasonably approximate to fair values, are as follows:

本集團之金融工具之賬面值及公平值(賬面值與 公平值極其相近者除外)如下:

		Carrying amounts 賬面值		Fair values 公平值	
		2017	2016	2017	2016
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Short-term notes	短期融資券	1,353,240	2,525,460	1,385,038	2,588,000
Senior notes	優先票據	6,425,992	4,113,363	6,587,532	4,155,497
Medium-term notes	中期票據	4,723,000	5,026,696	4,856,191	5,273,563
Corporate bonds	企業債券	1,778,744	1,891,219	1,743,988	1,867,037
Domestic company bonds	境內公司債券	5,079,429	3,629,086	4,991,584	3,662,374
		19,360,405	17,185,824	19,564,333	17,546,471

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables, financial labilities included in trade and other payables, current portion of interestbearing bank and other borrowings and amounts due from associates, approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The Group's management is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. The management reports directly to the directors and the audit committee. At each reporting date, the management analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The valuation is reviewed and approved by the directors. The valuation process and results are discussed with the audit committee twice a year for interim and annual financial reporting.

管理層已評估現金及現金等價物、應收賬款、金 融資產包括預付款,訂金及其他應收款項、金融 負債包括貿易及其他應付款項、計息銀行及其他 借貸的即期部分及應收聯營公司款項之公平值與 其各自之賬面值相若,主要因為該等工具於短期 內到期。

本集團管理層負責釐定金融工具公平值計量之政 策及程序。管理層直接向董事及審核委員會報 告。於各報告日期,管理層分析金融工具之價值 變動並釐定估值中適用的主要元素。估值由董事 審核及批准。估值過程及結果由審核委員會每年 討論兩次,以便呈列於中期及年度財務報告。

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### **45. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments** (Continued)

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of the non-current portion of other long-term receivables and interest-bearing bank and other borrowings have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The Group's own non-performance risk in interest-bearing bank and other borrowings as at 31 March 2017 was assessed to be insignificant. The fair values of the non-current portion of other long-term receivables and interest-bearing bank and other borrowings are not materially different from their carrying amounts.

The fair values of short-term notes, senior notes, medium-term notes, corporate bonds and domestic company bonds are calculated using the market prices on 31 March 2017.

### **45.** 金融工具之公平值及公平值等級架構

金融資產及負債的公平值按可在自願雙方(強迫 或清盤銷售除外)在現有交易中進行交換的工具 之金額入賬。估計公平值時所用之方法及假設載 述如下:

其他長期應收款項、計息銀行及其他借貸之非即期部分的公平值乃透過使用當前可供金融工具使用之現行利率按類似條款、信用風險及餘下到期日,折讓預期未來現金流量而計算。於2017年3月31日,本集團自身於計息銀行及其他借貸之不履約風險被評定為並不重大。其他長期應收款項及計息銀行及其他借貸非即期部分的公平值與賬面值相差不大。

短期融資券、優先票據、中期票據、企業債券及境內公司債券之公平值乃根據2017年3月31日的市場報價釐定。

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### **45.** Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments (Continued)

Fair value hierarchy

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

Assets measured at fair value:

As at 31 March 2017

As at 31 March 2016

### **45.** 金融工具之公平值及公平值等級架構 (續)

公平值等級

下表列示本集團金融工具之公平值計量層級:

按公平值計量之資產:

於2017年3月31日

Fair value measurement using quoted prices in active markets

(Level 1)

使用於活躍市場之報價

的公平值計量

(第1級)

HK\$'000

千港元

透過損益以公平值列賬之 持作買賣投資

於2016年3月31日

Fair value measurement using quoted prices in active markets

(Level 1)

使用於活躍市場之報價

的公平值計量

(第1級)

HK\$'000

千港元

Held-for-trading investments at fair value through profit or loss

透過損益以公平值列賬之 持作買賣投資

27,365

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### **45. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments** (Continued)

Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfer into or out of Level 3 (2016: Nil).

Liabilities for which fair values are disclosed:

As at 31 March 2017

### 45. 金融工具之公平值及公平值等級架構

公平值等級(續)

本年內,公平值計量於第1級別與第2級別之間 並無轉換及無轉入或轉出至第3級別(2016年: 無)。

已披露公平值之金融負債:

#### 於2017年3月31日

Fair value measurement using quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) 使用於活躍市場之報價的公平值計量(第一級)HK\$'000

Short-term notes	短期融資券	1,385,038
Senior notes	優先票據	6,587,532
Medium-term notes	中期票據	4,856,191
Corporate bonds	企業債券	1,743,988
Domestic company bonds	境內公司債券	4,991,584
		19.564.333

Fair value measurement using 使用以下各項維行公平值計量

		使用	以下各項進行公平值計量	
		Quoted prices in	Significant	
		active markets	observable inputs	
		(Level 1)	(Level 2)	Total
		於活躍市場之報價	重大可觀察元素	
		(第一級)	(第二級)	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Short-term notes	短期融資券	2,588,000	-	2,588,000
Senior notes	優先票據	4,155,497	-	4,155,497
Medium-term notes	中期票據	5,273,563	-	5,273,563
Corporate bonds	企業債券	1,867,037	-	1,867,037
Domestic company bonds	境內公司債券		3,662,374	3,662,374
		13,884,097	3,662,374	17,546,471

31 March 2017 2017年3月31日

### 46. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise bank and other borrowings, short-term notes, senior notes, medium-term notes, corporate bonds, domestic company bonds and cash and short-term deposits. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets such as trade receivables, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and foreign exchange risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

#### Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to the Group's borrowings. The interest rates and terms of repayment of the Group's borrowings are disclosed in notes 29, 30, 31, 32, 33 and 34 to the financial statements. The Group's policy is to obtain the most favourable interest rates available for its borrowings.

The Group will constantly assess the interest rate risk it encounters to decide whether it is required to hedge against the possible interest rate risk that may arise.

On 31 March 2017, if the interest rate of bank borrowings had increased/decreased by 0.5% and all other factors remained unchanged, the profit after tax for the year of the Group would have decreased/increased by approximately HK\$50,297,000 (2016: HK\$58,140,000).

#### 46. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團主要金融工具包括銀行及其他借貸、短期融資券、優先票據、中期票據、企業債券、境內公司債券及現金及短期存款。該等金融工具主要為本集團業務籌集資金。本集團亦擁有多項其他金融資產,例如直接從業務營運產生的應收貿易賬款。

本集團金融工具所產生的主要風險包括利率風險、信貸風險、流動資金風險及外匯風險。董事會對管理上述各項風險的政策進行檢討及協定,該等風險概述如下。

#### 利率風險

本集團面臨的利率風險主要與本集團的借貸相關。本集團借貸的利率及還款期於財務報表附註29、30、31、32、33及34中披露。本集團的政策是為其借貸取得最有利的利率。

本集團將持續評估所遇到的利率風險以決定是否 需要對沖可能產生的利率風險。

於2017年3月31日,倘銀行借貸的利率上升/下降0.5%及所有其他因素保持不變,則本集團本年度税後利潤將會減少/增加約50,297,000港元(2016年:58,140,000港元)。

31 March 2017 2017年3月31日

### 46. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (Continued)

#### Credit risk

The credit risk of the Group's financial assets, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments. The Group is also exposed to credit risk through the granting of financial guarantees, further details of which are disclosed in note 40 to the financial statements.

To manage the risk, deposits are mainly placed with banks with high credit quality. The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. For the sales of properties, the Group has policies in place to ensure that sales are made to buyers with appropriate financial strength and appropriate percentage of down payments. The Group would not release the property ownership certificates to the buyers before the buyers fully settle the payment. It also has other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews regularly the recoverable amount of each individual trade receivable to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. With exposure spread over a number of counterparties and customers, the Group has no significant concentration of credit risk.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are disclosed in note 24 to the financial statements.

#### Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank and other borrowings, short-term notes, senior notes, medium-term notes, corporate bonds and domestic company bonds.

#### 46. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險

本集團金融資產包括現金及現金等價物、應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項的信貸風險來自對方拖欠付款,而可能拖欠的最高金額等於此等工具的賬面值。本集團亦因提供財務擔保而面對信貸風險,有關詳情於財務報表附註40中披露。

為管理風險,本集團主要將存款存入高信貸質素的銀行。本集團僅與知名及具信譽的第三方進行交易。就出售物業方面,本集團已實行政策確保向具有適當財務實力及支付適當百分比首期付款的買家作出銷售。在買家全數清償付款前,本集團不會向其發出房產證。本集團亦擁有其他監控程序以確保採取跟進措施收回逾期款項。此外,本集團定期審閱每名個人的貿易應收賬款的可收回金額,以確保就不可收回金額作出足夠的減值虧損列賬。本集團並無任何重大集中信貸風險,而所面對的風險分散到多名交易對手及客戶。

有關本集團就貿易應收賬款的信貸風險所承擔的 風險的進一步量化數據於財務報表附註24中披露。

#### 流動資金風險

本集團的目標是透過使用銀行及其他借貸、短期 融資券、優先票據、中期票據、企業債券及境內 公司債券,維持資金持續性與靈活性之間的平 衡。

31 March 2017 2017年3月31日

#### 46. Financial Risk Management Objectives and 46. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續) **Policies** (Continued)

### Liquidity risk (Continued)

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, was as follows:

#### 流動資金風險(續)

本集團於報告期末時的金融負債的到期狀況(按 照合同未折現付款)如下:

				20	17		
		On	Within	One to	Two to	Beyond	
		demand	one year	two years	five years	five years	Total
		應要求	一年內	第一至二年	第二至五年	五年後	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Interest-bearing bank and	計息銀行及						
other borrowings	其他借貸	_	7,554,399	3,795,546	2,726,861	273,223	14,350,029
Short-term notes	短期融資券	_	1,419,549	_	_	_	1,419,549
Senior notes	優先票據	_	649,809	359,539	6,388,688	_	7,398,036
Medium-term notes	中期票據	_	337,182	2,592,582	2,434,704	_	5,364,468
Corporate bonds	企業債券	_	118,409	118,409	2,046,776	_	2,283,594
Domestic company bonds	境內公司債券	_	310,456	3,693,556	1,686,926	_	5,690,938
Financial liabilities included in	計入應付貿易及其他						
trade and other payables	應付款項的金融負債	_	8,663,678	_	_	_	8,663,678
Financial guarantees granted	對第三方授予		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
to third parties	財務擔保	9,396,341	_	_	_	_	9,396,341
'	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<u> </u>					<u> </u>
Total	總計	9,396,341	19,053,482	10,559,632	15,283,955	273,223	54,566,633
				20	16		
		On	Within	One to	Two to	Beyond	
		demand	one year	two years	five years	five years	T . 1
		應要求	,			live years	Total
			一年內	第一至二年	第二至五年	五年後	IOTAI 總計
			一年內 HK\$'000	第一至二年 HK\$'000	第二至五年 HK\$'000	,	
		應女尔 HK\$'000 千港元				五年後	總計
Interest hearing hank and	<b>計</b> 自 銀 分 元	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	五年後 HK\$'000	總計 HK\$'000
Interest-bearing bank and	計息銀行及  甘州供贷	HK\$'000	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	五年後 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
other borrowings	其他借貸	HK\$'000 千港元 -	HK\$'000 千港元 7,751,526	HK\$'000 千港元 4,750,969	HK\$'000	五年後 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元 17,424,175
other borrowings Short-term notes	其他借貸 短期融資券	HK\$'000	HK\$'000 千港元 7,751,526 2,634,055	HK\$'000 千港元 4,750,969 -	HK\$'000 千港元 4,581,380	五年後 HK\$'000 千港元 340,300	總計 HK\$'000 千港元 17,424,175 2,634,055
other borrowings Short-term notes Senior notes	其他借貸 短期融資券 優先票據	HK\$'000 千港元 -	HK\$'000 千港元 7,751,526 2,634,055 389,000	HK\$'000 干港元 4,750,969 - 1,364,000	HK\$'000 千港元 4,581,380 - 3,377,000	五年後 HK\$'000 干港元 340,300 - -	總計 HK\$'000 千港元 17,424,175 2,634,055 5,130,000
other borrowings Short-term notes Senior notes Medium-term notes	其他借貸 短期融資券 優先票據 中期票據	HK\$'000 千港元 - - -	HK\$'000 千港元 7,751,526 2,634,055 389,000 359,577	HK\$'000 千港元 4,750,969 - 1,364,000 359,577	HK\$'000 千港元 4,581,380 - 3,377,000 5,361,191	五年後 HK\$'000 千港元 340,300 - -	總計 HK\$'000 千港元 17,424,175 2,634,055 5,130,000 6,080,345
other borrowings Short-term notes Senior notes Medium-term notes Corporate bonds	其他借貸 短期融資券 優先票據 中期票據 企業債券	HK\$'000 千港元 - - - -	HK\$'000 千港元 7,751,526 2,634,055 389,000 359,577 126,273	HK\$'000 千港元 4,750,969 - 1,364,000 359,577 126,273	HK\$'000 千港元 4,581,380 - 3,377,000 5,361,191 2,308,992	五年後 HK\$'000 干港元 340,300 - - -	總計 HK\$'000 千港元 17,424,175 2,634,055 5,130,000 6,080,345 2,561,538
other borrowings Short-term notes Senior notes Medium-term notes Corporate bonds Domestic company bonds	其他借貸 短期融資券 優先票據 中期票據 企業債券 境內公司債券	HK\$'000 千港元 - - -	HK\$'000 千港元 7,751,526 2,634,055 389,000 359,577	HK\$'000 千港元 4,750,969 - 1,364,000 359,577	HK\$'000 千港元 4,581,380 - 3,377,000 5,361,191	五年後 HK\$'000 千港元 340,300 - -	總計 HK\$'000 千港元 17,424,175 2,634,055 5,130,000 6,080,345
other borrowings Short-term notes Senior notes Medium-term notes Corporate bonds Domestic company bonds Financial liabilities included in	其他借貸 短期融資券 優先票據 中期票據 企業債券 境內公司債券 計入應付貿易及其他	HK\$'000 千港元 - - - -	HK\$'000 千港元 7,751,526 2,634,055 389,000 359,577 126,273 215,746	HK\$'000 千港元 4,750,969 - 1,364,000 359,577 126,273	HK\$'000 千港元 4,581,380 - 3,377,000 5,361,191 2,308,992	五年後 HK\$'000 干港元 340,300 - - -	總計 HK\$'000 千港元 17,424,175 2,634,055 5,130,000 6,080,345 2,561,538 4,255,038
other borrowings Short-term notes Senior notes Medium-term notes Corporate bonds Domestic company bonds Financial liabilities included in trade and other payables	其他借貸 短期融資券 優先票據 中期票據 企業債券 境內公司債券 計入應付貿易及其他 應付款項的金融負債	HK\$'000 千港元 - - - -	HK\$'000 千港元 7,751,526 2,634,055 389,000 359,577 126,273	HK\$'000 千港元 4,750,969 - 1,364,000 359,577 126,273	HK\$'000 千港元 4,581,380 - 3,377,000 5,361,191 2,308,992	五年後 HK\$'000 千港元 340,300 - - - -	總計 HK\$'000 千港元 17,424,175 2,634,055 5,130,000 6,080,345 2,561,538 4,255,038
other borrowings Short-term notes Senior notes Medium-term notes Corporate bonds Domestic company bonds Financial liabilities included in trade and other payables Amounts due to associates	其他借貸 短期融據 優先票據 中期責券 企業內內 企業 境內入應付賣 所 應付款 度付款 度付 應付聯營公司 該項	HK\$'000 千港元 - - - -	HK\$'000 千港元 7,751,526 2,634,055 389,000 359,577 126,273 215,746	HK\$'000 千港元 4,750,969 - 1,364,000 359,577 126,273	HK\$'000 千港元 4,581,380 - 3,377,000 5,361,191 2,308,992	五年後 HK\$'000 干港元 340,300 - - -	總計 HK\$'000 千港元 17,424,175 2,634,055 5,130,000 6,080,345 2,561,538 4,255,038
other borrowings Short-term notes Senior notes Medium-term notes Corporate bonds Domestic company bonds Financial liabilities included in trade and other payables Amounts due to associates Financial guarantees granted	其他借貸 短期無據 使先票據 中期養養 中期養養 中期養養 一類 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次	HK\$'000 千港元 - - - - - 3,316	HK\$'000 千港元 7,751,526 2,634,055 389,000 359,577 126,273 215,746	HK\$'000 千港元 4,750,969 - 1,364,000 359,577 126,273	HK\$'000 千港元 4,581,380 - 3,377,000 5,361,191 2,308,992	五年後 HK\$'000 千港元 340,300 - - - -	總計 HK\$'000 千港元 17,424,175 2,634,055 5,130,000 6,080,345 2,561,538 4,255,038 9,084,897 3,316
other borrowings Short-term notes Senior notes Medium-term notes Corporate bonds Domestic company bonds Financial liabilities included in trade and other payables Amounts due to associates	其他借貸 短期融據 優先票據 中期責券 企業內內 企業 境內入應付賣 所 應付款 度付款 度付 應付聯營公司 該項	HK\$'000 千港元 - - - -	HK\$'000 千港元 7,751,526 2,634,055 389,000 359,577 126,273 215,746	HK\$'000 千港元 4,750,969 - 1,364,000 359,577 126,273	HK\$'000 千港元 4,581,380 - 3,377,000 5,361,191 2,308,992	五年後 HK\$'000 千港元 340,300 - - - -	總計 HK\$'000 千港元 17,424,175 2,634,055 5,130,000 6,080,345 2,561,538 4,255,038
other borrowings Short-term notes Senior notes Medium-term notes Corporate bonds Domestic company bonds Financial liabilities included in trade and other payables Amounts due to associates Financial guarantees granted	其他借貸 短期無據 使先票據 中期養養 中期養養 中期養養 一類 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次 一次	HK\$'000 千港元 - - - - - 3,316	HK\$'000 千港元 7,751,526 2,634,055 389,000 359,577 126,273 215,746	HK\$'000 千港元 4,750,969 - 1,364,000 359,577 126,273	HK\$'000 千港元 4,581,380 - 3,377,000 5,361,191 2,308,992	五年後 HK\$'000 千港元 340,300 - - - -	總計 HK\$'000 千港元 17,424,175 2,634,055 5,130,000 6,080,345 2,561,538 4,255,038 9,084,897 3,316

31 March 2017 2017年3月31日

### **46. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies** (Continued)

#### Foreign exchange risk

The Group only conducts business within Mainland China. Except for interest payables, repayment of foreign currency loans obtained to finance the Group's operations and any potential future dividends of its subsidiaries that might be declared to their shareholders, the bulk of the Group's revenue, capital investment and expenses are denominated in RMB. At the date of approval of the financial statements, the Group has not experienced any difficulties in obtaining government approval for its necessary foreign exchange purchases. During the year, the Group did not issue any financial instruments for hedging purposes.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in the RMB exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities).

#### 46. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 外匯風險

本集團僅在中國大陸經營業務。除應付利息、本 集團撥資營運所需而取得的外幣貸款的還款以及 其附屬公司可能向其股東宣派的任何潛在股息 外,本集團大部分收入、資本投資及開支均以人 民幣為單位。於財務報表批准日期,本集團在申 領政府批文以購買所需外匯方面,從未遇上任何 困難。年內,本集團並無為對沖目的而發行任何 金融工具。

下表顯示在所有其他變量維持不變的情況下,本 集團稅前利潤於報告期末對人民幣匯率的可能合 理變動的敏感度,有關稅前利潤的變動乃因貨幣 資產及負債的公平值出現變動所致。

Increase/ (decrease) in Changes in profit before tax **RMB** rate 税前利潤增加/ 人民幣匯率變動 (減少) % HK\$'000 千港元 2017 2017年 If Hong Kong dollar weakens against RMB 5 倘港元兑人民幣轉弱 53.316 If Hong Kong dollar strengthens against RMB 倘港元兑人民幣轉強 5 (53,316)2016 2016年 If Hong Kong dollar weakens against RMB 倘港元兑人民幣轉弱 5 41.035 If Hong Kong dollar strengthens against RMB 倘港元兑人民幣轉強 5 (41,035)

#### Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

#### 資本管理

本集團資本管理的首要目標是為了確保本集團持 續發展及穩健資本比率的能力,以支持其業務運 作及實現最大股東價值。

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### **46. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies** (Continued)

#### Capital management (Continued)

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by the total equity. Net debt includes interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, short-term notes, senior notes, medium-term notes, corporate bonds and domestic company bonds, less cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

#### 46. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 資本管理(續)

本集團根據經濟情況的變動及相關資產的風險特點,管理其資本結構並對其作出調整。為維持或調整資本結構,本集團可能會調整向股東派發的股息付款、向股東返還資本或發行新股。本集團毋須遵守任何外界施加的資本規定。截至2017年3月31日及2016年3月31日止年度,並無更改資本管理的目標、政策或程序。

本集團採用資本負債比率(債務淨額除以權益總額)監控資本情況。債務淨額包括計息銀行及其他借貸、短期融資券、優先票據、中期票據、企業債券及境內公司債券減現金及現金等價物及受限制現金。於報告期末,資本負債比率如下:

			2017	2016
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借貸	29	13,412,462	16,622,741
Short-term notes	短期融資券	30	1,353,240	2,525,460
Senior notes	優先票據	31	6,425,992	4,113,363
Medium-term notes	中期票據	32	4,723,000	5,026,696
Corporate bonds	企業債券	33	1,778,744	1,891,219
Domestic company bonds	境內公司債券	34	5,079,429	3,629,086
Less: Cash and cash equivalents and restricted	減:現金及現金等價物及			
cash	受限制現金	27	(10,490,909)	(11,686,695)
Net debt	債務淨額		22,281,958	22,121,870
Total equity	權益總額		28,479,391	26,368,465
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率		78%	84%

#### 47. Event After the Reporting Period

On 13 April 2017, the Company redeemed the full outstanding remaining principal amount of the 2014 Notes in the aggregate amount of US\$200,000,000 at a redemption price equal to 104.125% of the principal amount thereon, plus accrued and unpaid interest.

#### 47. 報告期間結束後事項

於2017年4月13日,本公司以贖回價相等於本金金額的104.125%加上累計及未支付之利息,贖回2014年票據之餘下全部未償還本金金額合共200,000,000美元。

31 March 2017 2017年3月31日

### 48. Statement of Financial Position of the Company 48. 公司財務狀況表

		31 March 2017 2017年 3月31日 HK\$'000 千港元	31 March 2016 2016年 3月31日 HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Investments in subsidiaries	<b>非流動資產</b> 物業、廠房及設備 於附屬公司的投資	909 3,246,958	1,170 3,246,958
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額	3,247,867	3,248,128
CURRENT ASSETS Due from subsidiaries Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 應收附屬公司款項 預付款項、按金及 其他應收款項 現金及現金等價物	8,767,553 514 2,429,336	7,366,541 513 1,691,193
Total current assets	流動資產總額	11,197,403	9,058,247
CURRENT LIABILITIES Other payables, accruals and deposits received	<b>流動負債</b> 其他應付款項、應計項目及 已收按金	133,337	120,198
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	133,337	120,198
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值	11,064,066	8,938,049
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總額減流動負債	14,311,933	12,186,177
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Senior notes	<b>非流動負債</b> 優先票據	6,503,653	4,113,363
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額	6,503,653	4,113,363
Net assets	資產淨值	7,808,280	8,072,814
<b>EQUITY</b> Share capital Reserves (note)	<b>權益</b> 股本 其他儲備(附註)	7,054,362 753,918	7,043,784 1,029,030
Total equity	權益總額	7,808,280	8,072,814

CHENG CHUNG HING 鄭松興

Director 董事

FUNG SING HONG STEPHEN 馮星航

Director 董事

31 March 2017 2017年3月31日

#### 48. Statement of Financial Position of the Company 48. 公司財務狀況表(續)

(Continued)

Note:

附註:

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

公司之儲備變動詳情如下:

At 1 April 2015	於2015年4月1日	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 112,767	Retained profits 保留利潤 HK\$'000 千港元 2,213,875	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 2,326,642
Loss for the year	年內虧損	-	(193,512)	(193,512)
Shares repurchased	股份回購	-	(11,602)	(11,602)
Equity-settled share option arrangement	以權益結算的購股權安排	29,341	_	29,341
Exercise of share options	行使購股權	(1,164)	_	(1,164)
Lapse of share options	購股權失效	(126)	126	_
Final 2015 dividend paid	已付2015末期股息		(1,120,675)	(1,120,675)
At 31 March 2016	於2016年3月31日	140,818	888,212	1,029,030
At 31 March 2016	於2016年3月31日	140,818  Share option	888,212  Retained	1,029,030
At 31 March 2016	於2016年3月31日			1,029,030
At 31 March 2016	於2016年3月31日	Share option	Retained	
At 31 March 2016	於2016年3月31日	Share option reserve	Retained profits	Total
At 31 March 2016	於2016年3月31日	Share option reserve 購股權儲備	Retained profits 保留利潤	Total 總計
	於2016年3月31日 於2016年4月1日	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000	Retained profits 保留利潤 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$'000
At 31 March 2016  At 1 April 2016  Profit for the year		Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits 保留利潤 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2016	於2016年4月1日	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits 保留利潤 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 1,029,030
At 1 April 2016 Profit for the year Equity-settled share option arrangement Exercise of share options	於2016年4月1日 年內利潤 以權益結算的購股權安排 行使購股權	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 140,818	Retained profits 保留利潤 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 1,029,030 96,140
At 1 April 2016 Profit for the year Equity-settled share option arrangement Exercise of share options Lapse of share options	於2016年4月1日 年內利潤 以權益結算的購股權安排 行使購股權 購股權失效	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 140,818 - 30,612	Retained profits 保留利潤 HK\$'000 千港元 888,212 96,140 - - 637	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 1,029,030 96,140 30,612 (1,548)
At 1 April 2016 Profit for the year Equity-settled share option arrangement Exercise of share options	於2016年4月1日 年內利潤 以權益結算的購股權安排 行使購股權	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 140,818 - 30,612 (1,548)	Retained profits 保留利潤 HK\$'000 千港元 888,212 96,140	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 1,029,030 96,140 30,612

The share option reserve comprises the fair value of share options granted which are yet to be exercised, as further explained in the accounting policy for share-based payments in note 2.4 to the financial statements. The amount will either be transferred to the share capital when the related options are exercised, or be transferred to retained profits should the related options expire.

購股權儲備包含已授出但未行使之購股權的公平值, 其會計政策已詳載於財務報表附註2.4內,當有關購股 權被行使,此金額會轉入股本,或者當有關購股權失 效,此金額會轉至保留利潤。

#### 49. Approval of the Financial Statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 30 June 2017.

#### 49. 批核財務報表

董事會於2017年6月30日批准及授權刊發財務報 表。



