

China Modern Dairy Holdings Ltd.

中國現代牧業控股有限公司 Stock Code 股份代號: 1117

2022 **INTERIM RESULTS**







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企業文化全景圖 **Corporate Culture Panorama**



Mission

牧育健康牛 Raise healthy cows,

守護每一滴好奶

safeguard each and every drop of milk



佈局產業鏈 數智創新
Deploy the whole industry chain, innovate with digital intelligence,

做全球牧業引領者

and be a global dairy farming leader

3

安全健康第

敬畏生命 棄漠視風險 健康防疫 棄麻痺大意 質量優先 絕不妥協 節能減碳 棄跑冒滴漏

高效執行 高標準

Respect science and lead innovation. Be proactive and responsible, and be true to our words.

Make concrete steps and be proactive. Respond quickly and be attentive to details.

尊重科學 創新領先 主動擔當 説到做到 棄放空炮 等靠要 快速反應 注意細節

敢用牛人 不論資排輩 4 重獎牛人 棄平均主義 善於賦能 彼此成就 、綻放 棄只挑毛病 相互拆台

正誠宜分 本事

堅持原則幹實事 棄逐利盲從搞投機 公平公正 棄暗箱操作 用事實和資料説話



天生要強 與自己較勁

Born to be strong and go beyond ourselves

Value talents from all walks of life. Reward talents based on merits. Good at empowering and be successful together.

Say no to bias and backstabbing.

Uphold principles and be pragmatic. Stop speculation and opportunism. Be fair and open.

Speak with truth and substance.



Respect life and never neglect risks.

Quality comes first, never be

compromised.

waste.

Fight the virus, be healthy, be cautious.

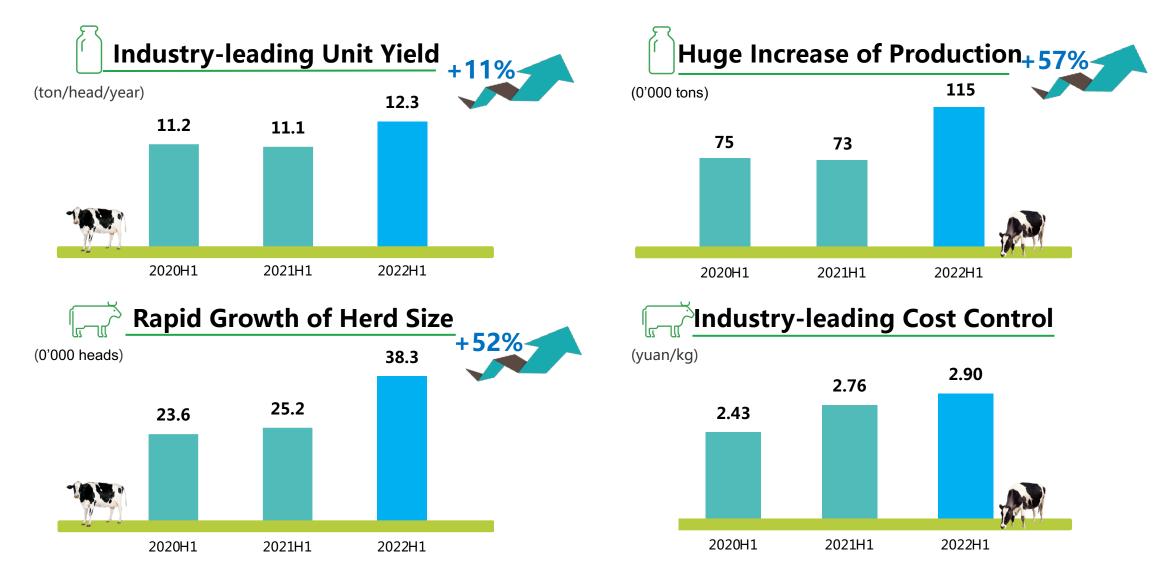
Save energy, reduce carbon footprint and





Highlights of 2022H1

Deploy the whole industry chain, innovate with digital intelligence, and be a global dairy farming leader.





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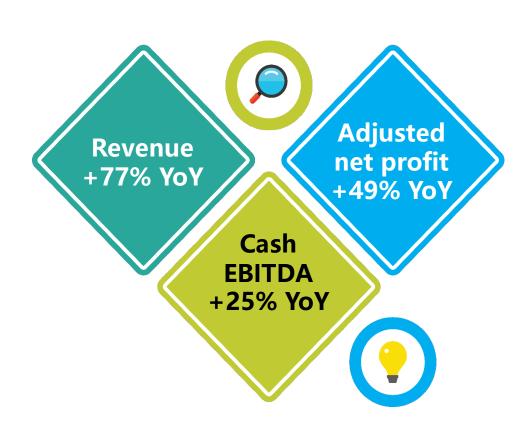






2022 Interim Results Review

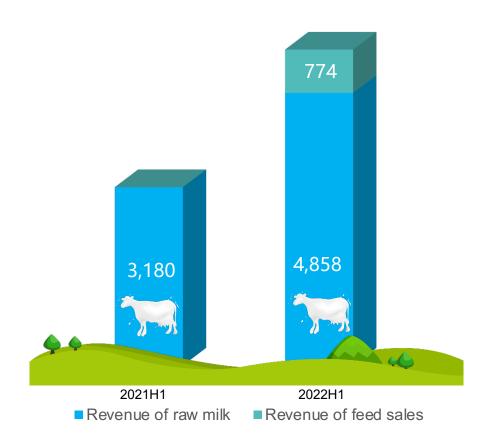
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RMB Million	2022H1	2021H1	Change
Revenue	5,632	3,180	+77%
Revenue of raw milk	4,858	3,180	+53%
Revenue of feed sales	774	N/A	N/A
Gross Profit	1,655	1,182	+40%
Gross Profit Margin (%)			
Raw milk business	32.2	37.2	-5.0 ppt
Feed business	11.7	N/A	N/A
Cash EBITDA (1)	1,441	1,153	+25%
Net Profit	531	506	+5%
Adjusted net profit ⁽²⁾	729	490	+49%
Earnings per share (RMB cents)	6.46	7.13	-9%
Adjusted profit per share (RMB cents)	8.98	6.90	+30%



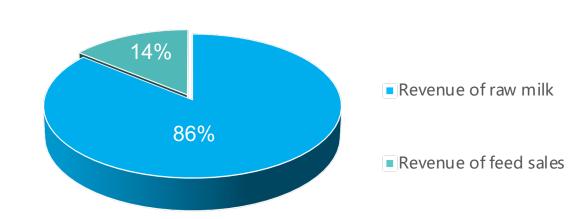
Note: (1) Cash EBITDA is defined as profit/(loss) before finance costs and tax having added back: i) depreciation for property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets charged to profit or loss, ii) amortization, iii) impairment losses, net of reversal, iv) other gains and losses, net, v) loss arising from changes in fair value less costs to sell of dairy cows. (2) The adjusted net profit is defined as net profit after excluding the gains and losses arising from foreign exchanges and derivative financial instruments.

Rapid Growth in Both Raw Milk Sales and Feed Business



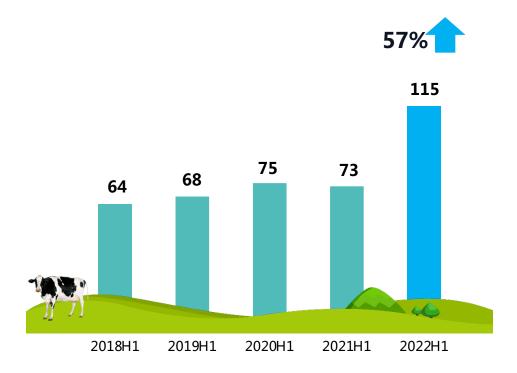


Proportion of sales revenue

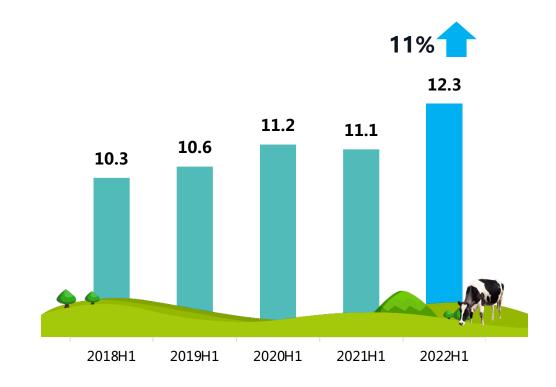


Substantial Increase of Production Volume





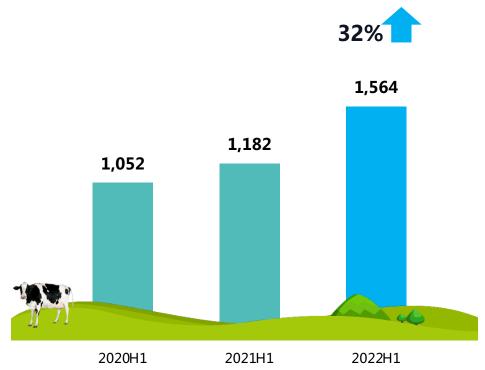
Unit Yield per Milkable Cow (tons/head/year)



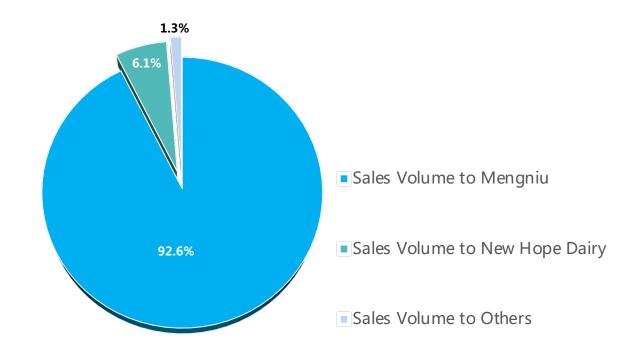
Gross Profit and Sales Volume Breakdown of Raw Milk



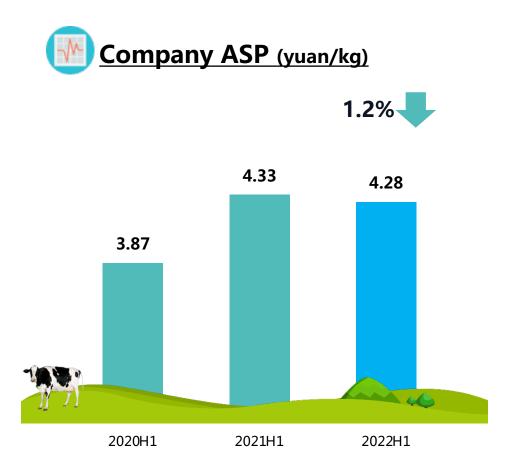
Gross Profit of Raw Milk (RMB million)

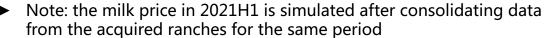


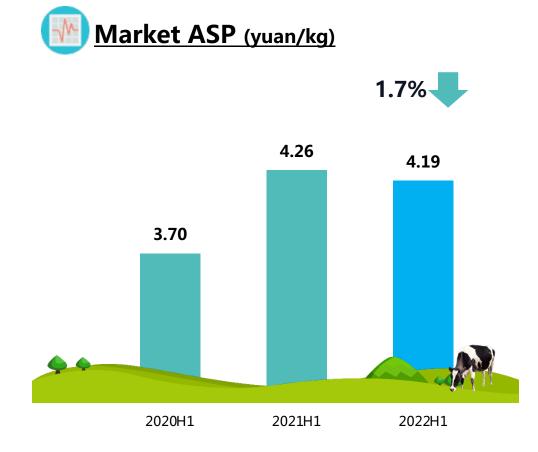




Average Selling Price (ASP) of Raw Milk

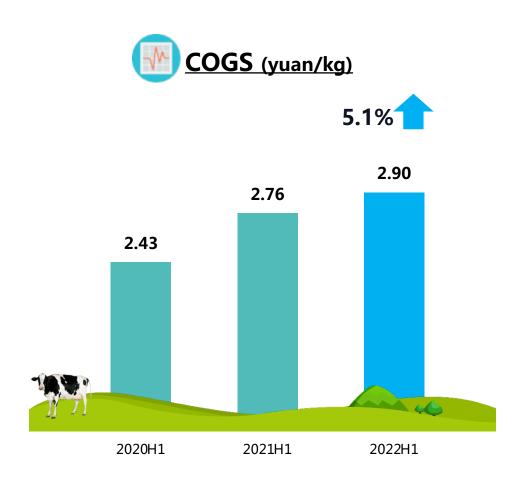




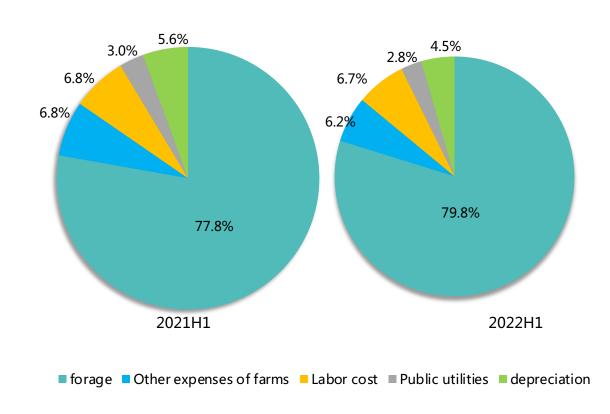


► Data source: Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs

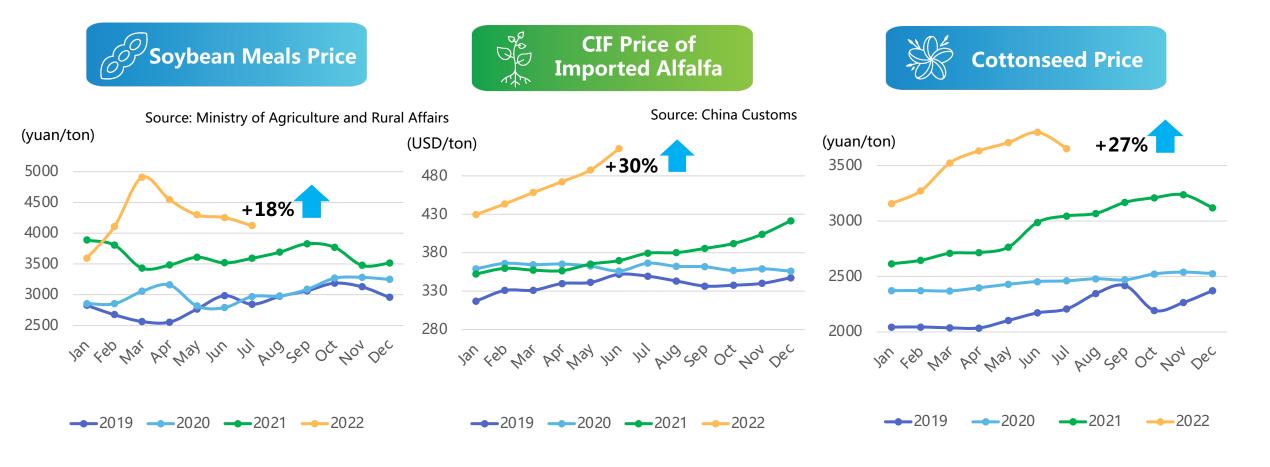
COGS per Kilogram



COGS Breakdown (%)

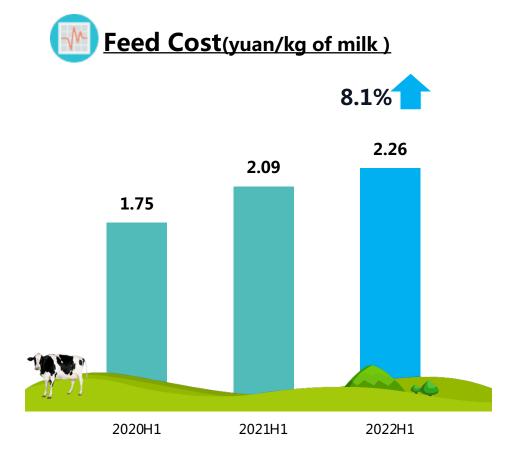


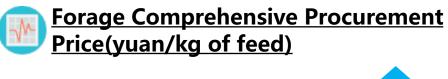
Feed Cost Remains at High Level

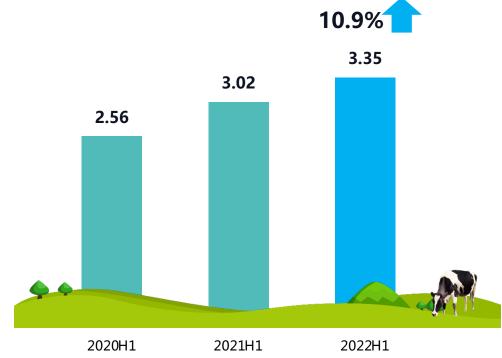


- ► **Soybean meals:** From January to July this year, the price of soybean meals increased by 18% YoY and reached a peak in the March.
- ▶ Alfalfa: The price of Alfalfa increased month by month and increased by 30% YoY in the first half of 2022;
- ► Cottonseed: From January to July this year, the price of cottonseed increased by 27% YoY.

Feed Cost per Kilogram of Milk







Balance Sheet Overview

RMB Million	2022H1	2021FY	Change
Biological Assets	10,260	9,405	+9.1%
Fixed Assets	5,313	5,313	-
Total Assets	25,344	23,674	+7.1%
Total Liabilities	13,815	12,559	+10.0%
Total Equity	11,529	11,115	+3.7%
Net Asset Value per Share(1) (RMB yuan)	1.41	1.37	+2.9%
Total Interest-bearing Borrowings	10,497	8,495	+23.6%
Net Interest-bearing Borrowings	7,655	6,236	+22.8%
Interest bearing debt ratio ⁽²⁾ (%)	47.7	43.3	+4.4 ppt
Net Interest-bearing Debt Ratio ⁽³⁾ (%)	39.9	35.9	+4.0 ppt
Debt-to-asset Ratio ⁽⁴⁾ (%)	54.5	53.1	+1.4 ppt

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Net Asset Value per Share = Equity Attributable to Owners of the Company/ Year-end Number of Shares Outstanding;

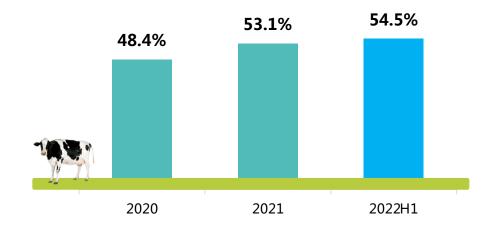
⁽²⁾ Interest-bearing Debt Ratio = Interest-bearing Debts/ (Interest-bearing Debts + Equity)

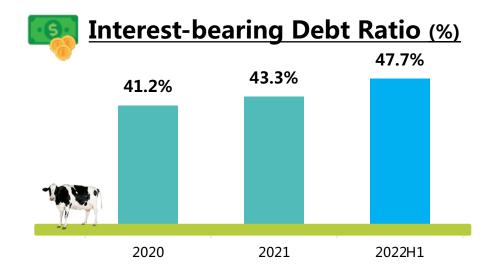
⁽³⁾ Net Interest-bearing Debt Ratio = Net Interest-bearing Borrowings / (Net Interest-bearing Borrowings + Equity)

⁽⁴⁾ Debt-to-asset Ratio = Total Liabilities/Total Assets

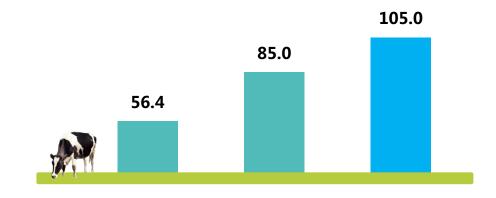
Financial Leverage

Debt-to-asset Ratio (%)

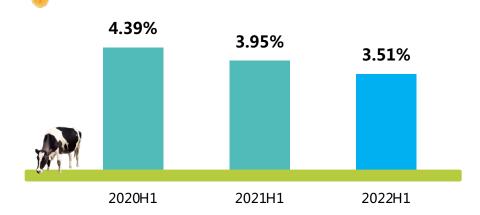




Interest-bearing Debts (00 million yuan)



Finance Rate (%)



16

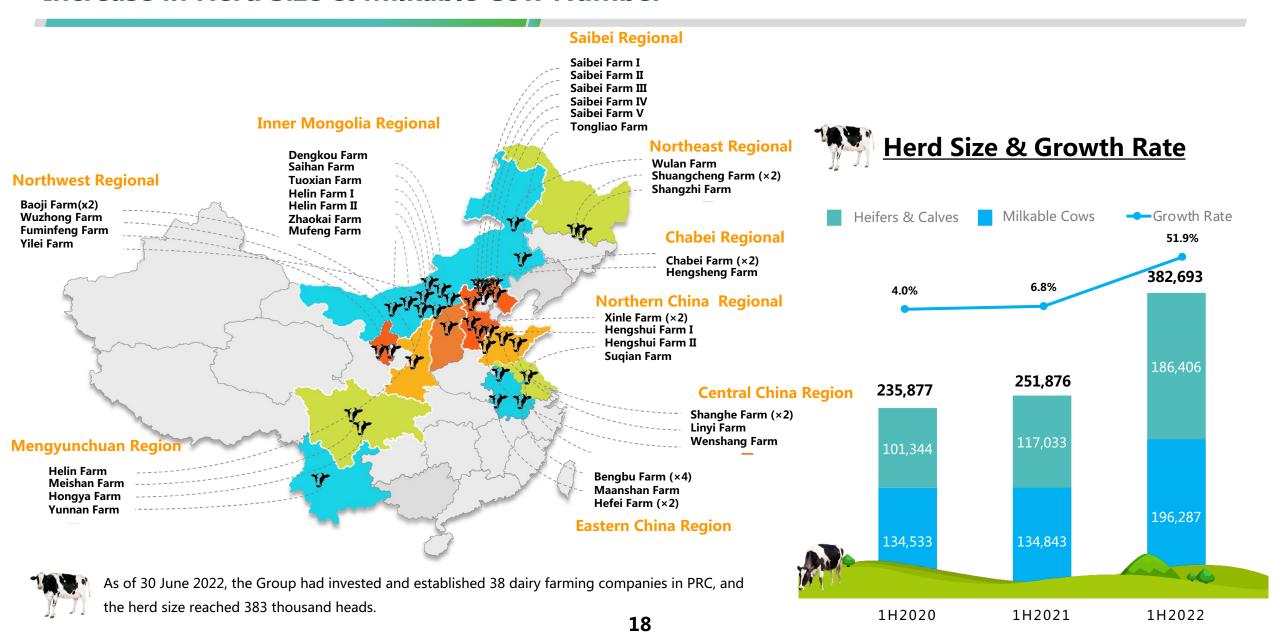




Q02 Business Updates



Increase in Herd Size & Milkable Cow Number



ESG efforts are recognized

2022.01

Inspected Carbon Footprint

The company completed the carbon footprint inspection and found out its carbon emission intensity is far lower than the industry average and is leading domestically. Compared with most systems, it reduces carbon emissions by more than 40% in manure management and energy utilization.

2022.04

Joined UNGC

In 2022, we successfully joined the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) and promised the international community to be a green enterprise with sustainable development.

2022.05

2022.04

High-quality Milk Sources

We were awarded

the Gold Award at Monde Selection for nine consecutive years. It is the first company in China that passed the "Quality Milk Project" for both its pasteurized milk and UHT milk.

Improved CSA Score

According to the rating results of 341 companies in the same industry around the world, the score of Modern Dairy in the S&P CSA has been greatly improved, which is higher than the average level of the food industry.

2022.06

The Best ESG Award

The Company won the best ESG award of American Institutional Investors magazine in 2022, which shows that the continuously improved corporate governance was recognized by the industry.

Modern Dairy

2022.06

BBB Rating by S&P Global

was assigned the BBB investment grade rating by S&P. 2022.06 becoming the first dairy farming company in the world to be assigned an international credit rating of investment grade.

Completed CDP questionnaire

Completed CDP climate change questionnaire for the first time.

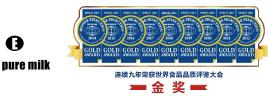
Branded Milk: New Benchmark of Functional Milk



New Benchmark of Functional Milk









DNA pure milk



a be

30 minute before sleep



Selection







Brand Upgrade The brand was renewed and upgraded, and the DTC brand of Three Calves was launched, featuring functional milk new benchmark. The deep cooperation with "Dingxiang Doctor" was carried out to strengthen the functional attributes of the product;

Client Cultivation

109 customers were newly added, and the number of franchise partners and sales they brought accounted for over 65%;

Channel Expansion

21,000 outlets were newly explored, the six core channels were cultivated intensively and the performance foundation was consolidated;

New Product Breakthrough DNA milk sales reached 105% of target, becoming a new benchmark of functional milk in the industry;

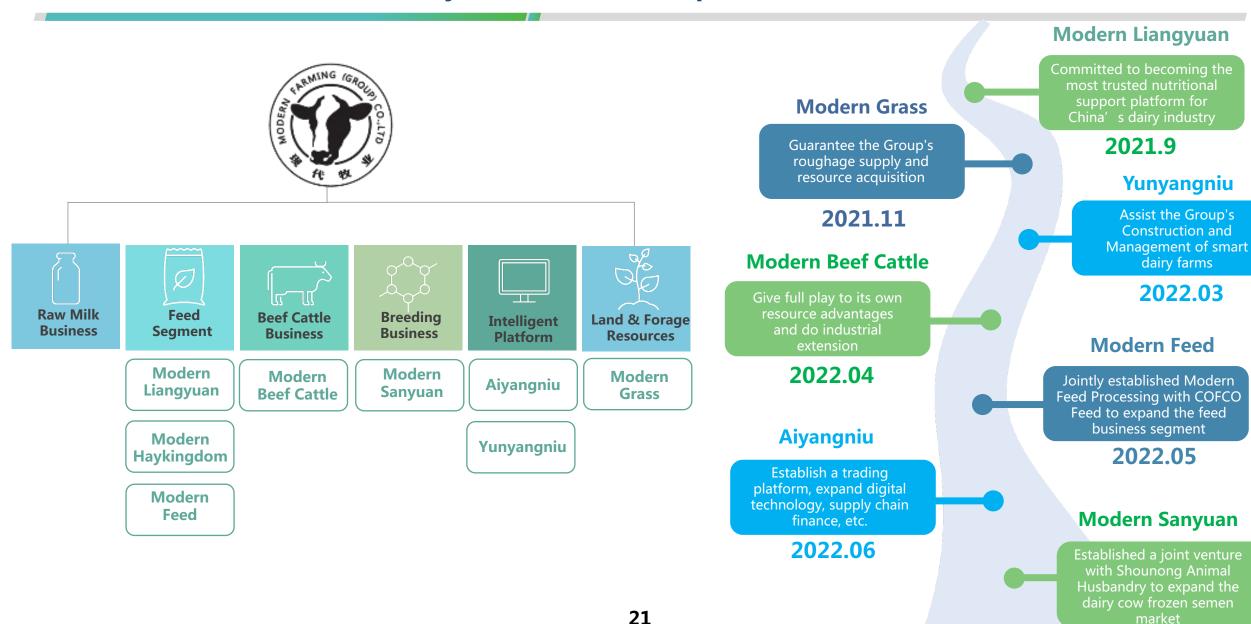
Digital Innovation

Intensively cultivated JD in the public domain, and GMV increased by 88.45% from the prior month

Quickly attracted new customers in the private domain and accumulated 450K users with sales in a single month exceeding one million yuan, establishing top-selling product model

Three Calves NFT were successfully launched. Three Calves metaverse stores were opened and the first milk brand of metaverse were produced

The Whole Industrial Chain Layout Has Been Shaped



2022.07

market





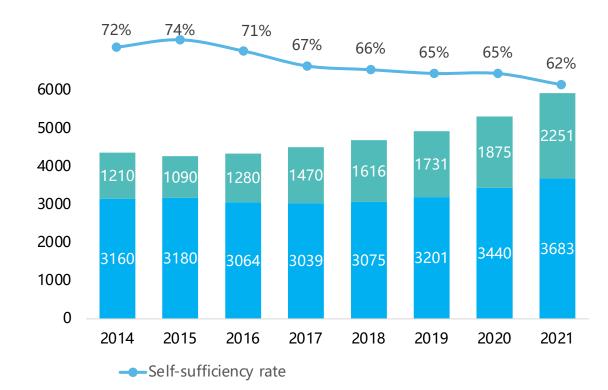
Dairy Industry Revitalization Promotion in the State level

Macro Policy

- In June 2017, it was clearly stipulated that the domestic raw milk self-sufficiency should be kept above 70% by 2020. According to industry statistics, the actual self-sufficiency rate of domestic milk in 2021 was only 62%.
- In February 2021, the State Council's notice on the *Opinions on Comprehensively Promoting Rural Revitalization and Accelerating Agricultural and Rural Modernization*. Actively develop the cattle and sheep industry and continue to **implement the Dairy Industry Revitalization Action**.
- In February 2022, the State Council's notice on printing and distributing the 14th Five-Year Plan for Promoting Agricultural and Rural Modernization. Implement the five-year action plan for the development of cattle and sheep, and vigorously develop herbivorous animal husbandry. Strengthen the construction of milk source bases and optimize the structure of dairy products. Build a modern forage industry system and promote the specialized production of forage.
- In February 2022, the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs issued a notice on the "14th Five-Year Plan for Improving the Competitiveness of Dairy Industry", stating that by 2025, the national milk production should reach approximately 41 million tons, and the proportion of farms with a herd size of more than one hundred cows should reach approximately 75%.

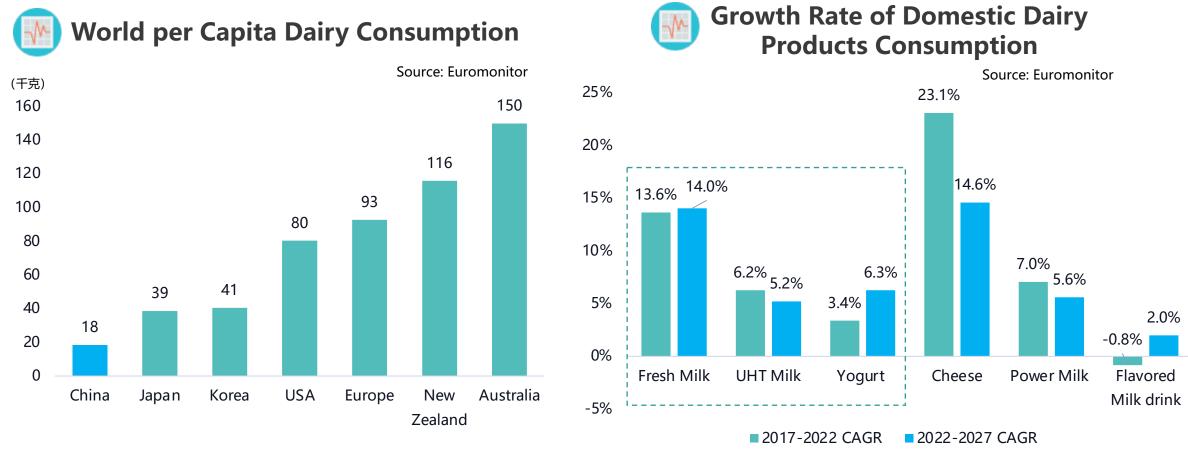
Domestic Milk Self-sufficiency Rate

Source: National Bureau of Statistics, China Customs



- Imported dairy products converted to liquid milk(0'000 tons)
- Domestic Milk Production (0'000 tons)

Huge Demand for Raw Milk



- According to Euromonitor data, China's per capita dairy consumption is only 18 kilograms, half that of Japan and South Korea, far below the 80 to 90 kg consumption level in Europe and the United States
- In the future, the growth of liquid milk will be more driven by high-end products that made from raw milk, including low-temperature fresh milk, UHT milk and high-end yogurt. In order to improve the quality of dairy products, dairy companies may also consider using raw milk to produce infant formula and cheese.

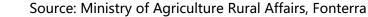
The Price of Volume of Milk Power Has Supported the Domestic Milk Price



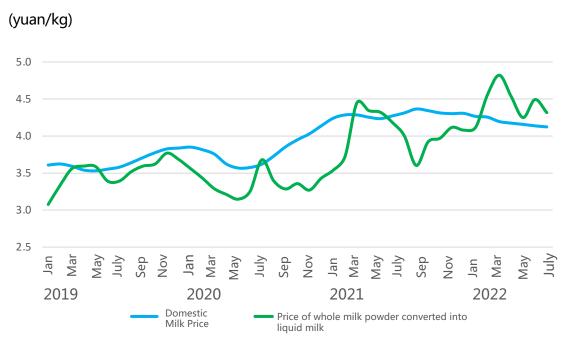
Import Volume of Milk Power and WMP Price from Jan to June



The Price Trend of Domestic Raw Milk and Milk Power Converted into Liquid Milk







- In the first quarter of 2022, the production of raw milk in New Zealand declined. With strong demand and insufficient supply, and international milk powder prices soared. In the second quarter, demand was curbed, so prices fell month-on-month;
- In the first half of 2022, domestic fresh milk was stable and at a high level. The price of whole milk powder converted into liquid milk was higher than the price of domestic fresh milk. Recently, the prices of the two have gradually approached.



